

Capital Group Private Client Services Funds

Part B
Statement of Additional Information

January 1, 2025

This document is not a prospectus but should be read in conjunction with the current prospectus of Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund and Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund (each a “fund” and collectively the “funds”) dated January 1, 2025. Except where the context indicates otherwise, all references herein to the “fund” apply to each of the funds listed below. The prospectus may be obtained from your Capital Group Private Client Services® investment counselor, by calling American Funds Service Company® at (800) 421-4996 or by writing to the fund at the following address:

Capital Group Private Client Services Funds
Attention: Secretary
6455 Irvine Center Drive
Irvine, California 92618

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

CCCMX
CCSTX

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Statement of Additional Information Supplement

April 25, 2025



For the following funds with the most recent statements of additional information:

Capital Group Private Client Services Funds
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

1. The second paragraph under the subheading "Swaps" in the "Description of certain securities, investment techniques and risks" section of the statement of additional information is amended to read as follows:

Swaps can be traded on a swap execution facility ("SEF") and cleared through a central clearinghouse (cleared), traded OTC and cleared, or traded bilaterally and not cleared. For example, standardized interest rate swaps and standardized credit default swap indices are traded on SEFs and cleared. Other forms of swaps, such as total return swaps and certain types of interest rate swaps and credit default swap indices are entered into on a bilateral basis. Because clearing interposes a central clearinghouse as the ultimate counterparty to each participant's swap, and margin is required to be exchanged under the rules of the clearinghouse, central clearing is intended to decrease (but not eliminate) counterparty risk relative to uncleared bilateral swaps. To the extent the fund enters into bilaterally negotiated swaps, the fund will enter into swaps only with counterparties that meet certain credit standards and have agreed to specific collateralization procedures; however, if the counterparty's creditworthiness deteriorates rapidly and the counterparty defaults on its obligations under the swap or declares bankruptcy, the fund may lose any amount it expected to receive from the counterparty. In addition, bilateral swaps are subject to certain regulatory margin requirements that mandate the posting and collection of minimum margin amounts, which may result in the fund and its counterparties posting higher margin amounts for bilateral swaps than would otherwise be the case.

2. The paragraphs under the subheadings "Swaps - Credit default swap indices" in the "Description of certain securities, investment techniques and risks" section of the statement of additional information are amended to read as follows:

Credit default swap indices – In order to assume exposure to a diversified portfolio of credits or to hedge against existing credit risks, the fund may invest in credit default swap indices, including CDX and iTraxx indices (collectively referred to as "CDSIs"). Additionally, in order to assume exposure to the commercial mortgage-backed security sector or to hedge against existing credit and market risks within such sector, the fund may invest in mortgage-backed security credit default swap indices, including the CMBX index (collectively referred to as "CMBXIs").

A CDSI is based on a portfolio of credit default swaps with similar characteristics, such as credit default swaps on high-yield bonds. A CMBXI is a tradeable index referencing a basket of commercial mortgage-backed securities. In a typical CDSI or CMBXI transaction, one party – the protection buyer – is obligated to pay the other party – the protection seller – a stream of periodic payments over the term of the contract. If a credit event, such as a default or restructuring, occurs with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations, the protection seller must pay the protection buyer the loss on those credits. Also, if a restructuring credit event occurs in an iTraxx index, the fund as protection buyer may receive a single name credit default swap ("CDS") representing the relevant constituent.

The fund may enter into a CDSI or CMBXI transaction as either protection buyer or protection seller. If the fund is a protection buyer, it would pay the counterparty a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract and would not recover any of those payments if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. However, if a credit event did occur, the fund, as a protection buyer, would have the right to deliver the referenced debt obligations or a specified amount of cash, depending on the terms of the applicable agreement, and to receive the par value of such debt obligations from the counterparty protection seller. As a protection seller, the fund would receive fixed payments throughout the term of the contract if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. If a credit event were to occur, however, the value of any deliverable obligation received by the fund, coupled with the periodic payments previously received by the fund, may be less than the full notional value that the fund, as a protection seller, pays to the counterparty protection buyer, effectively resulting in a loss of value to the fund. Furthermore, as a protection seller, the fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because it would have investment exposure to the notional amount of the swap.

The use of CDSI or CMBXI, like all other swaps, is subject to certain risks, including the risk that the fund's counterparty will default on its obligations. If such a default were to occur, any contractual remedies that the fund might have may be subject to applicable

bankruptcy laws, which could delay or limit the fund's recovery. Thus, if the fund's counterparty to a CDSI or CMBXI transaction defaults on its obligation to make payments thereunder, the fund may lose such payments altogether or collect only a portion thereof, which collection could involve substantial costs or delays.

Additionally, when the fund invests in a CDSI or CMBXI as a protection seller, the fund will be indirectly exposed to the creditworthiness of issuers of the underlying reference obligations in the index. If the investment adviser to the fund does not correctly evaluate the creditworthiness of issuers of the underlying instruments on which the CDSI or CMBXI is based, the investment could result in losses to the fund.

Keep this supplement with your statement of information.

Certain investment limitations and guidelines

The following limitations and guidelines are considered at the time of purchase, under normal circumstances, and are based on a percentage of the fund's net assets unless otherwise noted. This summary is not intended to reflect all of the fund's investment limitations.

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

- Under normal circumstances, the fund will invest at least 80% of its assets in, or derive at least 80% of its income from, securities that are exempt from federal and California income taxes. The fund will not invest in securities that subject you to the federal alternative minimum tax.
- The fund invests primarily in municipal bonds with quality ratings of A- or A3 or better by NRSROs designated by the fund's investment adviser or unrated but determined by the fund's investment adviser to be of equivalent quality, including money market instruments or cash equivalents.
- The fund may invest up to 20% of its assets in municipal bonds in the rating categories of BBB or Baa by NRSROs designated by the fund's investment adviser or unrated but determined by the fund's investment adviser to be of equivalent quality.
- Under normal circumstances, the dollar-weighted average effective maturity of the fund's portfolio will be between one and 10 years. In calculating the effective maturity or average life of a particular debt security, a put, call, sinking fund or other feature will be considered to the extent it results in a security whose market characteristics indicate an effective maturity or average life that is shorter than its nominal or stated maturity. The investment adviser will consider the impact on effective maturity of potential changes in the financial condition of issuers and in market interest rates in making investment selections for the fund.

Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

- Under normal circumstances, the fund will invest at least 80% of its assets in, or derive at least 80% of its income from, securities that are exempt from both federal and California income taxes. The fund will not invest in securities that subject you to the federal alternative minimum tax.
- The fund invests primarily in municipal bonds with quality ratings of A- or A3 or better by NRSROs designated by the fund's investment adviser or unrated but determined by the fund's investment adviser to be of equivalent quality, including money market instruments or cash equivalents.
- The fund may also invest a portion of its assets in municipal bonds with quality ratings below A- or A3 by NRSROs designated by the fund's investment adviser or unrated but determined by the fund's investment adviser to be of equivalent quality.
- Under normal circumstances, the dollar-weighted average effective maturity of the fund's portfolio will be no greater than three years. In calculating the effective maturity or average life of a particular debt security, a put, call, sinking fund or other feature will be considered to the extent it results in a security whose market characteristics indicate an effective maturity or average life that is shorter than its nominal or stated maturity. The investment adviser will consider the impact on effective maturity of potential changes in the financial condition of issuers and in market interest rates in making investment selections for the fund.

The funds

- In determining the quality rating of a particular bond, the fund currently intends to consider the ratings from Moody's Investors Service, S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings. If agency ratings of a bond differ, the bond will be considered to have received the highest of those ratings.
- The funds may invest more than 25% of their assets in industrial development bonds.

* * * * *

The funds may experience difficulty liquidating certain portfolio securities during significant market declines or periods of heavy redemptions.

Description of certain securities, investment techniques and risks

The descriptions below are intended to supplement the material in the prospectus under “Investment objectives, strategies and risks.”

Market conditions — The value of, and the income generated by, the securities in which the fund invests may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to factors affecting certain issuers, particular industries or sectors, or the overall markets. Rapid or unexpected changes in market conditions could cause the fund to liquidate holdings at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value. The value of a particular holding may decrease due to developments related to that issuer, but also due to general market conditions, including real or perceived economic developments such as changes in interest rates, credit quality, inflation, or currency rates, or generally adverse investor sentiment. The value of a holding may also decline due to factors that negatively affect a particular industry or sector, such as labor shortages, increased production costs, or competitive conditions.

Global economies and financial markets are highly interconnected, and conditions and events in one country, region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Furthermore, local, regional and global events such as war, acts of terrorism, social unrest, natural disasters, the spread of infectious illness or other public health threats, or bank failures could also adversely impact issuers, markets and economies, including in ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen. The fund could be negatively impacted if the value of a portfolio holding were harmed by such conditions or events.

Significant market disruptions, such as those caused by pandemics, natural or environmental disasters, war, acts of terrorism, bank failures or other events, can adversely affect local and global markets and normal market operations. Market disruptions may exacerbate political, social, and economic risks. Additionally, market disruptions may result in increased market volatility; regulatory trading halts; closure of domestic or foreign exchanges, markets, or governments; or market participants operating pursuant to business continuity plans for indeterminate periods of time. Such events can be highly disruptive to economies and markets and significantly impact individual companies, sectors, industries, markets, currencies, interest and inflation rates, credit ratings, investor sentiment, and other factors affecting the value of the fund's investments and operation of the fund. These events could disrupt businesses that are integral to the fund's operations or impair the ability of employees of fund service providers to perform essential tasks on behalf of the fund.

Governmental and quasi-governmental authorities may take a number of actions designed to support local and global economies and the financial markets in response to economic disruptions. Such actions may include a variety of significant fiscal and monetary policy changes, including, for example, direct capital infusions into companies, new monetary programs and significantly lower interest rates. These actions have resulted in significant expansion of public debt and may result in greater market risk. Additionally, an unexpected or quick reversal of these policies, or the ineffectiveness of these policies, could negatively impact overall investor sentiment and further increase volatility in securities markets.

Debt instruments — Debt securities, also known as “fixed income securities,” are used by issuers to borrow money. Bonds, notes, debentures, asset-backed securities (including those backed by mortgages), and loan participations and assignments are common types of debt securities. Generally, issuers pay investors periodic interest and repay the amount borrowed either periodically during the life of the security and/or at maturity. Some debt securities, such as zero coupon bonds, do not pay current interest, but are purchased at a discount from their face values and their values accrete over time to face value at maturity. Some debt securities bear interest at rates that are not fixed, but that vary with changes in specified market rates or indices. The market prices of debt securities fluctuate depending on such factors as interest rates, credit quality and maturity. In general, market prices of

debt securities decline when interest rates rise and increase when interest rates fall. These fluctuations will generally be greater for longer-term debt securities than for shorter-term debt securities. Prices of these securities can also be affected by financial contracts held by the issuer or third parties (such as derivatives) relating to the security or other assets or indices. Borrowers that are in bankruptcy or restructuring may never pay off their indebtedness, or they may pay only a small fraction of the amount owed. Direct indebtedness of countries, particularly emerging markets, also involves a risk that the governmental entities responsible for the repayment of the debt may be unable, or unwilling, to pay interest and repay principal when due.

Lower rated debt securities, rated Ba1/BB+ or below by Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations, are described by the rating agencies as speculative and involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the issuer's creditworthiness than higher rated debt securities, or they may already be in default. Such securities are sometimes referred to as "junk bonds" or high yield bonds. The market prices of these securities may fluctuate more than higher quality securities and may decline significantly in periods of general economic difficulty. It may be more difficult to dispose of, and to determine the value of, lower rated debt securities. Investment grade bonds in the ratings categories A or Baa/BBB also may be more susceptible to changes in market or economic conditions than bonds rated in the highest rating categories.

Certain additional risk factors relating to debt securities are discussed below:

Sensitivity to interest rate and economic changes — Debt securities may be sensitive to economic changes, political and corporate developments, and interest rate changes. In addition, during an economic downturn or a period of rising interest rates, issuers that are highly leveraged may experience increased financial stress that could adversely affect their ability to meet projected business goals, to obtain additional financing and to service their principal and interest payment obligations. Periods of economic change and uncertainty also can be expected to result in increased volatility of market prices and yields of certain debt securities and derivative instruments. As discussed under "Market conditions" above in this statement of additional information, governments and quasi-governmental authorities may take actions to support local and global economies and financial markets during periods of economic crisis, including direct capital infusions into companies, new monetary programs and significantly lower interest rates. Such actions may expose fixed income markets to heightened volatility and may reduce liquidity for certain investments, which could cause the value of the fund's portfolio to decline.

Payment expectations — Debt securities may contain redemption or call provisions. If an issuer exercises these provisions in a lower interest rate market, the fund may have to replace the security with a lower yielding security, resulting in decreased income to investors. If the issuer of a debt security defaults on its obligations to pay interest or principal or is the subject of bankruptcy proceedings, the fund may incur losses or expenses in seeking recovery of amounts owed to it.

Liquidity and valuation — There may be little trading in the secondary market for particular debt securities, which may affect adversely the fund's ability to value accurately or dispose of such debt securities. Adverse publicity and investor perceptions, whether or not based on fundamental analysis, may decrease the value and/or liquidity of debt securities.

Credit ratings for debt securities provided by rating agencies reflect an evaluation of the safety of principal and interest payments, not market value risk. The rating of an issuer is a rating agency's view of past and future potential developments related to the issuer and may not necessarily reflect actual outcomes. There can be a lag between the time of developments relating to an issuer and the time a

rating is assigned and updated. The investment adviser considers these ratings of securities as one of many criteria in making its investment decisions.

Bond rating agencies may assign modifiers (such as +/-) to ratings categories to signify the relative position of a credit within the rating category. Investment policies that are based on ratings categories should be read to include any security within that category, without giving consideration to the modifier except where otherwise provided. See the appendix to this statement of additional information for more information about credit ratings.

Municipal bonds — Municipal bonds are debt obligations that are exempt from federal, state and/or local income taxes. Opinions relating to the validity of municipal bonds, exclusion of municipal bond interest from an investor's gross income for federal income tax purposes and, where applicable, state and local income tax, are rendered by bond counsel to the issuing authorities at the time of issuance.

The two principal classifications of municipal bonds are general obligation bonds and limited obligation or revenue bonds. General obligation bonds are secured by the issuer's pledge of its full faith and credit including, if available, its taxing power for the payment of principal and interest. Issuers of general obligation bonds include states, counties, cities, towns and various regional or special districts. The proceeds of these obligations are used to fund a wide range of public facilities, such as the construction or improvement of schools, highways and roads, water and sewer systems and facilities for a variety of other public purposes. Lease revenue bonds or certificates of participation in leases are payable from annual lease rental payments from a state or locality. Annual rental payments are payable to the extent such rental payments are appropriated annually.

Typically, the only security for a limited obligation or revenue bond is the net revenue derived from a particular facility or class of facilities financed thereby or, in some cases, from the proceeds of a special tax or other special revenues. Revenue bonds have been issued to fund a wide variety of revenue-producing public capital projects including: electric, gas, water and sewer systems; highways, bridges and tunnels; port and airport facilities; colleges and universities; hospitals; and convention, recreational, tribal gaming and housing facilities. Although the security behind these bonds varies widely, many provide additional security in the form of a debt service reserve fund which may also be used to make principal and interest payments on the issuer's obligations. In addition, some revenue obligations (as well as general obligations) are insured by a bond insurance company or backed by a letter of credit issued by a banking institution.

Revenue bonds also include, for example, pollution control, health care and housing bonds, which, although nominally issued by municipal authorities, are generally not secured by the taxing power of the municipality but by the revenues of the authority derived from payments by the private entity which owns or operates the facility financed with the proceeds of the bonds. Obligations of housing finance authorities have a wide range of security features, including reserve funds and insured or subsidized mortgages, as well as the net revenues from housing or other public projects. Many of these bonds do not generally constitute the pledge of the credit of the issuer of such bonds. The credit quality of such revenue bonds is usually directly related to the credit standing of the user of the facility being financed or of an institution which provides a guarantee, letter of credit or other credit enhancement for the bond issue.

Insured municipal bonds — The fund may invest in municipal bonds that are insured generally as to the timely payment of interest and repayment of principal. The insurance for such bonds may be purchased by the bond issuer, the fund or any other party, and is usually purchased from private, non-governmental insurance companies. Insurance that covers a municipal bond is expected to protect the fund against losses caused by a bond issuer's failure to make interest or principal payments. However, insurance does not guarantee the market value of the bond or the prices of the fund's shares. Also, the investment adviser cannot be certain that the insurance company will make payments it guarantees.

The market value of the bond could drop if a bond's insurer fails to fulfill its obligations. Market conditions or changes to ratings criteria could adversely impact the ratings of municipal bond insurers. When rating agencies lower or withdraw the credit rating of the insurer, the insurance may be providing little or no enhancement of credit or resale value to the municipal bond.

Variable and floating rate obligations — The interest rates payable on certain securities and other instruments in which the fund may invest may not be fixed but may fluctuate based upon changes in market interest rates or credit ratings. Variable and floating rate obligations bear coupon rates that are adjusted at designated intervals, based on the then current market interest rates or credit ratings. The rate adjustment features tend to limit the extent to which the market value of the obligations will fluctuate. When the fund holds variable or floating rate securities, a decrease in market interest rates will adversely affect the income received from such securities and the net asset value of the fund's shares.

Adjustment of maturities — The investment adviser seeks to anticipate movements in interest rates and may adjust the maturity distribution of a portfolio accordingly, keeping in mind the fund's objectives.

Derivatives — In pursuing its investment objective, the fund may invest in derivative instruments. A derivative is a financial instrument, the value of which depends on, or is otherwise derived from, another underlying variable. Most often, the variable underlying a derivative is the price of a traded asset, such as a traditional cash security (e.g., a stock or bond), a currency or a commodity; however, the value of a derivative can be dependent on almost any variable, from the level of an index or a specified rate to the occurrence (or non-occurrence) of a credit event with respect to a specified reference asset. The fund may take positions in futures contracts and options on futures contracts and swaps, each of which is a derivative instrument described in greater detail below.

Derivative instruments may be distinguished by the manner in which they trade: some are standardized instruments that trade on an organized exchange while others are individually negotiated and traded in the over-the-counter ("OTC") market. Derivatives also range broadly in complexity, from simple derivatives to more complex instruments. As a general matter, however, all derivatives — regardless of the manner in which they trade or their relative complexities — entail certain risks, some of which are different from, and potentially greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in traditional cash securities.

As is the case with traditional cash securities, derivative instruments are generally subject to counterparty credit risk; however, in some cases, derivatives may pose counterparty risks greater than those posed by cash securities. The use of derivatives involves the risk that a loss may be sustained by the fund as a result of the failure of the fund's counterparty to make required payments or otherwise to comply with its contractual obligations. For some derivatives, though, the value of — and, in effect, the return on — the instrument may be dependent on both the individual credit of the fund's counterparty and on the credit of one or more issuers of any underlying assets. If the fund does not correctly evaluate the creditworthiness of its counterparty and, where applicable, of issuers of any underlying reference assets, the fund's investment in a derivative instrument may result in losses. Further, if a fund's counterparty were to default on its obligations, the fund's contractual remedies against such counterparty may be subject to applicable bankruptcy and insolvency laws, which could affect the fund's rights as a creditor and delay or impede the fund's ability to receive the net amount of payments that it is contractually entitled to receive. Derivative instruments are subject to additional risks, including operational risk (such as documentation issues, settlement issues and systems failures) and legal risk (such as insufficient documentation, insufficient capacity or authority of a counterparty, and issues with the legality or enforceability of a contract).

The value of some derivative instruments in which the fund invests may be particularly sensitive to changes in prevailing interest rates, currency exchange rates or other market conditions. Like the

fund's other investments, the ability of the fund to successfully utilize such derivative instruments may depend in part upon the ability of the fund's investment adviser to accurately forecast interest rates and other economic factors. The success of the fund's derivative investment strategy will also depend on the investment adviser's ability to assess and predict the impact of market or economic developments on the derivative instruments in which the fund invests, in some cases without having had the benefit of observing the performance of a derivative under all possible market conditions. If the investment adviser incorrectly forecasts such factors and has taken positions in derivative instruments contrary to prevailing market trends, or if the investment adviser incorrectly predicts the impact of developments on a derivative instrument, the fund could suffer losses.

Certain derivatives may also be subject to liquidity and valuation risks. The potential lack of a liquid secondary market for a derivative (and, particularly, for an OTC derivative, including swaps and OTC options) may cause difficulty in valuing or selling the instrument. If a derivative transaction is particularly large or if the relevant market is illiquid, as is often the case with many privately-negotiated OTC derivatives, the fund may not be able to initiate a transaction or to liquidate a position at an advantageous time or price. Particularly when there is no liquid secondary market for the fund's derivative positions, the fund may encounter difficulty in valuing such illiquid positions. The value of a derivative instrument does not always correlate perfectly with its underlying asset, rate or index, and many derivatives, and OTC derivatives in particular, are complex and often valued subjectively. Improper valuations can result in increased cash payment requirements to counterparties or a loss of value to the fund.

Because certain derivative instruments may obligate the fund to make one or more potential future payments, which could significantly exceed the value of the fund's initial investments in such instruments, derivative instruments may also have a leveraging effect on the fund's portfolio. Certain derivatives have the potential for unlimited loss, irrespective of the size of the fund's investment in the instrument. When a fund leverages its portfolio, investments in that fund will tend to be more volatile, resulting in larger gains or losses in response to market changes.

The fund's compliance with the SEC's rule applicable to the fund's use of derivatives may limit the ability of the fund to use derivatives as part of its investment strategy. The rule requires that a fund that uses derivatives in more than a limited manner, which is currently the case for the fund, adopt a derivatives risk management program, appoint a derivatives risk manager and comply with an outer limit on leverage based on value at risk, or "VaR". VaR is an estimate of an instrument's or portfolio's potential losses over a given time horizon (i.e., 20 trading days) and at a specified confidence level (i.e., 99%). VaR will not provide, and is not intended to provide, an estimate of an instrument's or portfolio's maximum potential loss amount. For example, a VaR of 5% with a specified confidence level of 99% would mean that a VaR model estimates that 99% of the time a fund would not be expected to lose more than 5% of its total assets over the given time period. However, 1% of the time, the fund would be expected to lose more than 5% of its total assets, and in such a scenario the VaR model does not provide an estimate of the extent of this potential loss. The derivatives rule may not be effective in limiting the fund's risk of loss, as measurements of VaR rely on historical data and may not accurately measure the degree of risk reflected in the fund's derivatives or other investments. A fund is generally required to satisfy the rule's outer limit on leverage by limiting the fund's VaR to 200% of the VaR of a designated reference portfolio that does not utilize derivatives each business day. If a fund does not have an appropriate designated reference portfolio in light of the fund's investments, investment objectives and strategy, a fund must satisfy the rule's outer limit on leverage by limiting the fund's VaR to 20% of the value of the fund's net assets each business day.

Options — The fund may invest in option contracts, including options on futures and options on currencies, as described in more detail under "Futures and Options on Futures" and "Currency Transactions," respectively. An option contract is a contract that gives the holder of the option, in return for a premium payment, the right to buy from (in the case of a call) or sell to (in the case of a put) the writer of the option the reference instrument underlying the option (or the

cash value of the instrument underlying the option) at a specified exercise price. The writer of an option on a security has the obligation, upon exercise of the option, to cash settle or deliver the underlying currency or instrument upon payment of the exercise price (in the case of a call) or to cash settle or take delivery of the underlying currency or instrument and pay the exercise price (in the case of a put).

By purchasing a put option, the fund obtains the right (but not the obligation) to sell the currency or instrument underlying the option (or to deliver the cash value of the instrument underlying the option) at a specified exercise price, which is also referred to as the strike price. In return for this right, the fund pays the current market price, or the option premium, for the option. The fund may terminate its position in a put option by allowing the option to expire or by exercising the option. If the option is allowed to expire, the fund will lose the entire amount of the option premium paid. If the option is exercised, the fund completes the sale of the underlying instrument (or cash settles) at the strike price. The fund may also terminate a put option position by entering into opposing close-out transactions in advance of the option expiration date.

As a buyer of a put option, the fund can expect to realize a gain if the price of the underlying currency or instrument falls substantially. However, if the price of the underlying currency or instrument does not fall enough to offset the cost of purchasing the option, the fund can expect to suffer a loss, albeit a loss limited to the amount of the option premium plus any applicable transaction costs.

The features of call options are essentially the same as those of put options, except that the purchaser of a call option obtains the right (but not the obligation) to purchase, rather than sell, the underlying currency or instrument (or cash settle) at the specified strike price. The buyer of a call option typically attempts to participate in potential price increases of the underlying currency or instrument with risk limited to the cost of the option if the price of the underlying currency or instrument falls. At the same time, the call option buyer can expect to suffer a loss if the price of the underlying currency or instrument does not rise sufficiently to offset the cost of the option.

The writer of a put or call option takes the opposite side of the transaction from the option purchaser. In return for receipt of the option premium, the writer assumes the obligation to pay or receive the strike price for the option's underlying currency or instrument if the other party to the option chooses to exercise it. The writer may seek to terminate a position in a put option before exercise by entering into opposing close-out transactions in advance of the option expiration date. If the market for the relevant put option is not liquid, however, the writer must be prepared to pay the strike price while the option is outstanding, regardless of price changes.

If the price of the underlying currency or instrument rises, a put writer would generally expect to profit, although its gain would be limited to the amount of the premium it received. If the price of the underlying currency or instrument remains the same over time, it is likely that the writer would also profit because it should be able to close out the option at a lower price. This is because an option's value decreases with time as the currency or instrument approaches its expiration date. If the price of the underlying currency or instrument falls, the put writer would expect to suffer a loss. This loss should be less than the loss from purchasing the underlying currency or instrument directly, however, because the premium received for writing the option should mitigate the effects of the decline.

Writing a call option obligates the writer to, upon exercise of the option, deliver the option's underlying currency or instrument in return for the strike price or to make a net cash settlement

payment, as applicable. The characteristics of writing call options are similar to those of writing put options, except that writing call options is generally a profitable strategy if prices remain the same or fall. The potential gain for the option seller in such a transaction would be capped at the premium received.

Several risks are associated with transactions in options on currencies, securities and other instruments (referred to as the "underlying instruments"). For example, there may be significant differences between the underlying instruments and options markets that could result in an imperfect correlation between these markets, which could cause a given transaction not to achieve its objectives. When a put or call option on a particular underlying instrument is purchased to hedge against price movements in a related underlying instrument, for example, the price to close out the put or call option may move more or less than the price of the related underlying instrument.

Options prices can diverge from the prices of their underlying instruments for a number of reasons. Options prices are affected by such factors as current and anticipated short-term interest rates, changes in the volatility of the underlying instrument, and the time remaining until expiration of the contract, which may not affect security prices in the same way. Imperfect correlation may also result from differing levels of demand in the options markets and the markets for the underlying instruments, from structural differences in how options and underlying instruments are traded, or from imposition of daily price fluctuation limits or trading halts. The fund may purchase or sell options contracts with a greater or lesser value than the underlying instruments it wishes to hedge or intends to purchase in order to attempt to compensate for differences in volatility between the contract and the underlying instruments, although this may not be successful. If price changes in the fund's options positions are less correlated with its other investments, the positions may fail to produce anticipated gains or result in losses that are not offset by gains in other investments.

There is no assurance that a liquid market will exist for any particular options contract at any particular time. Options may have relatively low trading volumes and liquidity if their strike prices are not close to the current prices of the underlying instruments. In addition, exchanges may establish daily price fluctuation limits for exchange-traded options contracts and may halt trading if a contract's price moves upward or downward more than the limit in a given day. On volatile trading days when the price fluctuation limit is reached or a trading halt is imposed, it may be impossible to enter into new positions or to close out existing positions. If the market for a contract is not liquid because of price fluctuation limits or otherwise, it could prevent prompt liquidation of unfavorable positions and could potentially require the fund to hold a position until delivery or expiration regardless of changes in its value.

Combined positions involve purchasing and writing options in combination with each other, or in combination with futures or forward contracts, in order to adjust the risk and return profile of the fund's overall position. For example, purchasing a put option and writing a call option on the same underlying instrument could construct a combined position with risk and return characteristics similar to selling a futures contract (but with leverage embedded). Another possible combined position would involve writing a call option at one strike price and buying a call option at a lower strike price to reduce the risk of the written call option in the event of a substantial price increase. Because such combined options positions involve multiple trades, they result in higher transaction costs and may be more difficult to open and close out.

Futures and options on futures — The fund may enter into futures contracts and options on futures contracts to seek to manage the fund's interest rate sensitivity by increasing or decreasing the duration of the fund or a portion of the fund's portfolio. A futures contract is an agreement to buy or sell a security or other financial instrument (the "reference asset") for a set price on a future date. An option on a futures contract gives the holder of the option the right

to buy or sell a position in a futures contract from or to the writer of the option, at a specified price on or before the specified expiration date. Futures contracts and options on futures contracts are standardized, exchange-traded contracts, and, when such contracts are bought or sold, the fund will incur brokerage fees and will be required to maintain margin deposits.

Unlike when the fund purchases or sells a security, such as a stock or bond, no price is paid or received by the fund upon the purchase or sale of a futures contract. When the fund enters into a futures contract, the fund is required to deposit with its futures broker, known as a futures commission merchant ("FCM"), a specified amount of liquid assets in a segregated account in the name of the FCM at the applicable derivatives clearinghouse or exchange. This amount, known as initial margin, is set by the futures exchange on which the contract is traded and may be significantly modified during the term of the contract. The initial margin is in the nature of a performance bond or good faith deposit on the futures contract, which is returned to the fund upon termination of the contract, assuming all contractual obligations have been satisfied. Additionally, on a daily basis, the fund pays or receives cash, or variation margin, equal to the daily change in value of the futures contract. Variation margin does not represent a borrowing or loan by the fund but is instead a settlement between the fund and the FCM of the amount one party would owe the other if the futures contract expired. In computing daily net asset value, the fund will mark-to-market its open futures positions. A fund is also required to deposit and maintain margin with an FCM with respect to put and call options on futures contracts written by the fund. Such margin deposits will vary depending on the nature of the underlying futures contract (and related initial margin requirements), the current market value of the option, and other futures positions held by the fund. In the event of the bankruptcy or insolvency of an FCM that holds margin on behalf of the fund, the fund may be entitled to return of margin owed to it only in proportion to the amount received by the FCM's other customers, potentially resulting in losses to the fund. An event of bankruptcy or insolvency at a clearinghouse or exchange holding initial margin could also result in losses for the fund.

When the fund invests in futures contracts and options on futures contracts and deposits margin with an FCM, the fund becomes subject to so-called "fellow customer" risk – that is, the risk that one or more customers of the FCM will default on their obligations and that the resulting losses will be so great that the FCM will default on its obligations and margin posted by one customer, such as the fund, will be used to cover a loss caused by a different defaulting customer. Applicable Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") rules generally prohibit the use of one customer's funds to meet the obligations of another customer and limit the ability of an FCM to use margin posed by non-defaulting customers to satisfy losses caused by defaulting customers. As a general matter, an FCM is required to use its own funds to meet a defaulting customer's obligations. While a customer's loss would likely need to be substantial before non-defaulting customers would be exposed to loss on account of fellow customer risk, applicable CFTC rules nevertheless permit the commingling of margin and do not limit the mutualization of customer losses from investment losses, custodial failures, fraud or other causes. If the loss is so great that, notwithstanding the application of an FCM's own funds, there is a shortfall in the amount of customer funds required to be held in segregation, the FCM could default and be placed into bankruptcy. Under these circumstances, bankruptcy law provides that non-defaulting customers will share pro rata in any shortfall. A shortfall in customer segregated funds may also make the transfer of the accounts of non-defaulting customers to another FCM more difficult.

Although certain futures contracts, by their terms, require actual future delivery of and payment for the reference asset, in practice, most futures contracts are usually closed out before the delivery date by offsetting purchases or sales of matching futures contracts. Closing out an open futures contract purchase or sale is effected by entering into an offsetting futures contract sale or purchase, respectively, for the same aggregate amount of the identical reference asset and the same delivery date. If the offsetting purchase price is less than the

original sale price (in each case taking into account transaction costs, including brokerage fees), the fund realizes a gain; if it is more, the fund realizes a loss. Conversely, if the offsetting sale price is more than the original purchase price (in each case taking into account transaction costs, including brokerage fees), the fund realizes a gain; if it is less, the fund realizes a loss.

The fund may purchase and write call and put options on futures. A futures option gives the holder the right, in return for the premium paid, to assume a long position (call) or short position (put) in a futures contract at a specified exercise price at any time during the period of the option. Upon exercise of a call option, the holder acquires a long position in the futures contract, and the writer is assigned the opposite short position. The opposite is true in the case of a put option. A call option is "in the money" if the value of the futures contract that is the subject of the option exceeds the exercise price. A put option is "in the money" if the exercise price exceeds the value of the futures contract that is the subject of the option. See also "Options" above for a general description of investment techniques and risks relating to options.

The value of a futures contract tends to increase and decrease in tandem with the value of its underlying reference asset. Purchasing futures contracts will, therefore, tend to increase the fund's exposure to positive and negative price fluctuations in the reference asset, much as if the fund had purchased the reference asset directly. When the fund sells a futures contract, by contrast, the value of its futures position will tend to move in a direction contrary to the market for the reference asset. Accordingly, selling futures contracts will tend to offset both positive and negative market price changes, much as if the reference asset had been sold.

There is no assurance that a liquid market will exist for any particular futures or futures options contract at any particular time. Futures exchanges may establish daily price fluctuation limits for futures contracts and may halt trading if a contract's price moves upward or downward more than the limit in a given day. On volatile trading days, when the price fluctuation limit is reached and a trading halt is imposed, it may be impossible to enter into new positions or close out existing positions. If the market for a futures contract is not liquid because of price fluctuation limits or other market conditions, the fund may be prevented from promptly liquidating unfavorable futures positions and the fund could be required to continue to hold a position until delivery or expiration regardless of changes in its value, potentially subjecting the fund to substantial losses. Additionally, the fund may not be able to take other actions or enter into other transactions to limit or reduce its exposure to the position. Under such circumstances, the fund would remain obligated to meet margin requirements until the position is cleared. As a result, the fund's access to other assets posted as margin for its futures positions could also be impaired.

Although futures exchanges generally operate similarly in the United States and abroad, foreign futures exchanges may follow trading, settlement and margin procedures that are different than those followed by futures exchanges in the United States. Futures and futures options contracts traded outside the United States may not involve a clearing mechanism or related guarantees and may involve greater risk of loss than U.S.-traded contracts, including potentially greater risk of losses due to insolvency of a futures broker, exchange member, or other party that may owe initial or variation margin to the fund. Margin requirements on foreign futures exchanges may be different than those of futures exchanges in the United States, and, because initial and variation margin payments may be measured in foreign currency, a futures or futures options contract traded outside the United States may also involve the risk of foreign currency fluctuations.

Swaps — The fund may enter into swaps, which are two-party contracts entered into primarily by institutional investors for a specified time period. In a typical swap, two parties agree to exchange the returns earned or realized from one or more underlying assets or rates of return.

Swaps can be traded on a swap execution facility ("SEF") and cleared through a central clearinghouse (cleared), traded OTC and cleared, or traded bilaterally and not cleared. For example, standardized interest rate swaps and credit default swap indices are traded on SEFs and cleared. Other forms of swaps, such as total return swaps, are entered into on a bilateral basis. Because clearing interposes a central clearinghouse as the ultimate counterparty to each participant's swap, and margin is required to be exchanged under the rules of the clearinghouse, central clearing is intended to decrease (but not eliminate) counterparty risk relative to uncleared bilateral swaps. To the extent the fund enters into bilaterally negotiated swaps, the fund will enter into swaps only with counterparties that meet certain credit standards and have agreed to specific collateralization procedures; however, if the counterparty's creditworthiness deteriorates rapidly and the counterparty defaults on its obligations under the swap or declares bankruptcy, the fund may lose any amount it expected to receive from the counterparty. In addition, bilateral swaps are subject to certain regulatory margin requirements that mandate the posting and collection of minimum margin amounts, which may result in the fund and its counterparties posting higher margin amounts for bilateral swaps than would otherwise be the case.

The term of a swap can be days, months or years and certain swaps may be less liquid than others. If a swap is particularly large or if the relevant market is illiquid, it may not be possible to initiate a transaction or liquidate a position at an advantageous time or price, which may result in significant losses.

Swaps can take different forms. The fund may enter into the following types of swaps:

Interest rate swaps — The fund may enter into interest rate swaps to seek to manage the interest rate sensitivity of the fund by increasing or decreasing the duration of the fund or a portion of the fund's portfolio. An interest rate swap is an agreement between two parties to exchange or swap payments based on changes in an interest rate or rates. Typically, one interest rate is fixed and the other is variable based on a designated short-term interest rate such as the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"), prime rate or other benchmark, or on an inflation index such as the U.S. Consumer Price Index (which is a measure that examines the weighted average of prices of a basket of consumer goods and services and measures changes in the purchasing power of the U.S. dollar and the rate of inflation). In other types of interest rate swaps, known as basis swaps, the parties agree to swap variable interest rates based on different designated short-term interest rates. Interest rate swaps generally do not involve the delivery of securities or other principal amounts. Rather, cash payments are exchanged by the parties based on the application of the designated interest rates to a notional amount, which is the predetermined dollar principal of the trade upon which payment obligations are computed. Accordingly, the fund's current obligation or right under the swap is generally equal to the net amount to be paid or received under the swap based on the relative value of the position held by each party.

In addition to the risks of entering into swaps discussed above, the use of interest rate swaps involves the risk of losses if interest rates change.

Total return swaps — The fund may enter into total return swaps in order to gain exposure to a market or security without owning or taking physical custody of such security or investing directly in such market. A total return swap is an agreement in which one party agrees to make periodic payments to the other party based on the change in market value of the assets underlying the contract during the specified term in exchange for periodic payments based on a fixed or variable interest rate or the total return from other underlying assets. The asset underlying the contract may be a single security, a basket of securities or a securities index. Like other swaps, the use of

total return swaps involves certain risks, including potential losses if a counterparty defaults on its payment obligations to the fund or the underlying assets do not perform as anticipated. There is no guarantee that entering into a total return swap will deliver returns in excess of the interest costs involved and, accordingly, the fund's performance may be lower than would have been achieved by investing directly in the underlying assets.

Credit default swap indices — In order to assume exposure to a diversified portfolio of credits or to hedge against existing credit risks, the fund may invest in credit default swap indices, including CDX and iTraxx indices (collectively referred to as "CDSIs"). A CDSI is based on a portfolio of credit default swaps with similar characteristics, such as credit default swaps on high-yield bonds. In a typical CDSI transaction, one party — the protection buyer — is obligated to pay the other party — the protection seller — a stream of periodic payments over the term of the contract. If a credit event, such as a default or restructuring, occurs with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations, the protection seller must pay the protection buyer the loss on those credits. Also, if a restructuring credit event occurs in an iTraxx index, the fund as protection buyer may receive a single name credit default swap ("CDS") representing the relevant constituent.

The fund may enter into a CDSI transaction as either protection buyer or protection seller. If the fund is a protection buyer, it would pay the counterparty a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract and would not recover any of those payments if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. However, if a credit event did occur, the fund, as a protection buyer, would have the right to deliver the referenced debt obligations or a specified amount of cash, depending on the terms of the applicable agreement, and to receive the par value of such debt obligations from the counterparty protection seller. As a protection seller, the fund would receive fixed payments throughout the term of the contract if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. If a credit event were to occur, however, the value of any deliverable obligation received by the fund, coupled with the periodic payments previously received by the fund, may be less than the full notional value that the fund, as a protection seller, pays to the counterparty protection buyer, effectively resulting in a loss of value to the fund. Furthermore, as a protection seller, the fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because it would have investment exposure to the notional amount of the swap.

The use of CDSI, like all other swaps, is subject to certain risks, including the risk that the fund's counterparty will default on its obligations. If such a default were to occur, any contractual remedies that the fund might have may be subject to applicable bankruptcy laws, which could delay or limit the fund's recovery. Thus, if the fund's counterparty to a CDSI transaction defaults on its obligation to make payments thereunder, the fund may lose such payments altogether or collect only a portion thereof, which collection could involve substantial costs or delays.

Additionally, when the fund invests in a CDSI as a protection seller, the fund will be indirectly exposed to the creditworthiness of issuers of the underlying reference obligations in the index. If the investment adviser to the fund does not correctly evaluate the creditworthiness of issuers of the underlying instruments on which the CDSI is based, the investment could result in losses to the fund.

Securities with equity and debt characteristics — Certain securities have a combination of equity and debt characteristics. Such securities may at times behave more like equity than debt or vice versa.

Preferred stock — Preferred stock represents an equity interest in an issuer that generally entitles the holder to receive, in preference to common stockholders and the holders of certain other stocks, dividends and a fixed share of the proceeds resulting from a liquidation of the issuer. Preferred stocks may pay fixed or adjustable rates of return, and preferred stock dividends may be cumulative or non-cumulative and participating or non-participating. Cumulative dividend provisions require all or a portion of prior unpaid dividends to be paid before dividends can be paid to the issuer's common stockholders, while prior unpaid dividends on non-cumulative preferred stock are forfeited. Participating preferred stock may be entitled to a dividend exceeding the issuer's declared dividend in certain cases, while non-participating preferred stock is entitled only to the stipulated dividend. Preferred stock is subject to issuer-specific and market risks applicable generally to equity securities. As with debt securities, the prices and yields of preferred stocks often move with changes in interest rates and the issuer's credit quality. Additionally, a company's preferred stock typically pays dividends only after the company makes required payments to holders of its bonds and other debt. Accordingly, the price of preferred stock will usually react more strongly than bonds and other debt to actual or perceived changes in the issuing company's financial condition or prospects. Preferred stock of smaller companies may be more vulnerable to adverse developments than preferred stock of larger companies.

Convertible securities — A convertible security is a debt obligation, preferred stock or other security that may be converted, within a specified period of time and at a stated conversion rate, into common stock or other equity securities of the same or a different issuer. The conversion may occur automatically upon the occurrence of a predetermined event or at the option of either the issuer or the security holder. Under certain circumstances, a convertible security may also be called for redemption or conversion by the issuer after a particular date and at predetermined price specified upon issue. If a convertible security held by the fund is called for redemption or conversion, the fund could be required to tender the security for redemption, convert it into the underlying common stock, or sell it to a third party.

The holder of a convertible security is generally entitled to participate in the capital appreciation resulting from a market price increase in the issuer's common stock and to receive interest paid or accrued until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion, convertible securities have characteristics similar to non-convertible debt or preferred securities, as applicable. Convertible securities rank senior to common stock in an issuer's capital structure and, therefore, normally entail less risk than the issuer's common stock. However, convertible securities may also be subordinate to any senior debt obligations of the issuer, and, therefore, an issuer's convertible securities may entail more risk than such senior debt obligations. Convertible securities usually offer lower interest or dividend yields than non-convertible debt securities of similar credit quality because of the potential for capital appreciation. In addition, convertible securities are often lower-rated securities.

Because of the conversion feature, the price of a convertible security will normally fluctuate in some proportion to changes in the price of the underlying asset, and, accordingly, convertible securities are subject to risks relating to the activities of the issuer and/or general market and economic conditions. The income component of a convertible security may cushion the security against declines in the price of the underlying asset but may also cause the price of the security to fluctuate based upon changes in interest rates and the credit quality of the issuer. As with a straight fixed income security, the price of a convertible security tends to increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. Like the price of a common stock, the price of a convertible security also tends to increase as the price of the underlying stock rises and to decrease as the price of the underlying stock declines.

Hybrid securities — A hybrid security is a type of security that also has equity and debt characteristics. Like equities, which have no final maturity, a hybrid security may be perpetual. On the other hand, like debt securities, a hybrid security may be callable at the option of the issuer on a date specified at issue. Additionally, like common equities, which may stop paying dividends at virtually any time without violating any contractual terms or conditions, hybrids typically allow for issuers to withhold payment of interest until a later date or to suspend coupon payments entirely without triggering an event of default. Hybrid securities are normally at the bottom of an issuer's debt capital structure because holders of an issuer's hybrid securities are structurally subordinated to the issuer's senior creditors. In bankruptcy, hybrid security holders should only get paid after all senior creditors of the issuer have been paid but before any disbursements are made to the issuer's equity holders. Accordingly, hybrid securities may be more sensitive to economic changes than more senior debt securities. Such securities may also be viewed as more equity-like by the market when the issuer or its parent company experiences financial difficulties.

Contingent convertible securities, which are also known as contingent capital securities, are a form of hybrid security that are intended to either convert into equity or have their principal written down upon the occurrence of certain trigger events. One type of contingent convertible security has characteristics designed to absorb losses, by providing that the liquidation value of the security may be adjusted downward to below the original par value or written off entirely under certain circumstances. For instance, if losses have eroded the issuer's capital level below a specified threshold, the liquidation value of the security may be reduced in whole or in part. The write-down of the security's par value may occur automatically and would not entitle holders to institute bankruptcy proceedings against the issuer. In addition, an automatic write-down could result in a reduced income rate if the dividend or interest payment associated with the security is based on the security's par value. Such securities may, but are not required to, provide for circumstances under which the liquidation value of the security may be adjusted back up to par, such as an improvement in capitalization or earnings. Another type of contingent convertible security provides for mandatory conversion of the security into common shares of the issuer under certain circumstances. The mandatory conversion might relate, for example, to the issuer's failure to maintain a capital minimum. Since the common stock of the issuer may not pay a dividend, investors in such instruments could experience reduced yields (or no yields at all) and conversion would deepen the subordination of the investor, effectively worsening the investor's standing in the case of the issuer's insolvency. An automatic write-down or conversion event with respect to a contingent convertible security will typically be triggered by a reduction in the issuer's capital level, but may also be triggered by regulatory actions, such as a change in regulatory capital requirements, or by other factors.

Restricted or illiquid securities — The fund may purchase securities subject to restrictions on resale. Difficulty in selling such securities may result in a loss or be costly to the fund. Some fund holdings (including some restricted securities) may be deemed illiquid if the fund expects that a reasonable portion of the holding cannot be sold in seven calendar days or less without the sale significantly changing the market value of the investment. The determination of whether a holding is considered illiquid is made by the fund's adviser under a liquidity risk management program adopted by the fund's board and administered by the fund's adviser. The fund may incur significant additional costs in disposing of illiquid securities.

Repurchase agreements — The fund may enter into repurchase agreements, or "repos", under which the fund buys a security and obtains a simultaneous commitment from the seller to repurchase the security at a specified time and price. Because the security purchased constitutes collateral for the repurchase obligation, a repo may be considered a loan by the fund that is collateralized by the security purchased. Repos permit the fund to maintain liquidity and earn income over periods of time as short as overnight.

The seller must maintain with a custodian collateral equal to at least the repurchase price, including accrued interest. In tri-party repos and centrally cleared or “sponsored” repos, a third-party custodian, either a clearing bank in the case of tri-party repos or a central clearing counterparty in the case of centrally cleared repos, facilitates repo clearing and settlement, including by providing collateral management services. In bilateral repos, the parties themselves are responsible for settling transactions.

The fund will only enter into repos involving securities of the type in which it could otherwise invest. If the seller under the repo defaults, the fund may incur a loss if the value of the collateral securing the repo has declined and may incur disposition costs and delays in connection with liquidating the collateral. If bankruptcy proceedings are commenced with respect to the seller, realization of the collateral by the fund may be delayed or limited.

Indirect exposure to cryptocurrencies – Cryptocurrencies are currencies which exist in a digital form and may act as a store of wealth, a medium of exchange or an investment asset. There are thousands of cryptocurrencies, such as bitcoin. Although the fund has no current intention of directly investing in cryptocurrencies, some issuers have begun to accept cryptocurrency for payment of services, use cryptocurrencies as reserve assets or invest in cryptocurrencies, and the fund may invest in securities of such issuers. The fund may also invest in securities of issuers which provide cryptocurrency-related services.

Cryptocurrencies are subject to fluctuations in value. Cryptocurrencies are not backed by any government, corporation or other identified body. Rather, the value of a cryptocurrency is determined by other factors, such as the perceived future prospects or the supply and demand for such cryptocurrency in the global market for the trading of cryptocurrency. Such trading markets are unregulated and may be more exposed to operational or technical issues as well as fraud or manipulation in comparison to established, regulated exchanges for securities, derivatives and traditional currencies. The value of a cryptocurrency may decline precipitously (including to zero) for a variety of reasons, including, but not limited to, regulatory changes, a loss of confidence in its network or a change in user preference to other cryptocurrencies. An issuer that owns cryptocurrencies may experience custody issues, and may lose its cryptocurrency holdings through theft, hacking, or technical glitches in the applicable blockchain. The fund may experience losses as a result of the decline in value of its securities of issuers that own cryptocurrencies or which provide cryptocurrency-related services. If an issuer that owns cryptocurrencies intends to pay a dividend using such holdings or to otherwise make a distribution of such holdings to its stockholders, such dividends or distributions may face regulatory, operational and technical issues.

Factors affecting the further development of cryptocurrency include, but are not limited to: continued worldwide growth of, or possible cessation of or reversal in, the adoption and use of cryptocurrencies and other digital assets; the developing regulatory environment relating to cryptocurrencies, including the characterization of cryptocurrencies as currencies, commodities, or securities, the tax treatment of cryptocurrencies, and government and quasi-government regulation or restrictions on, or regulation of access to and operation of, cryptocurrency networks and the exchanges on which cryptocurrencies trade, including anti-money laundering regulations and requirements; perceptions regarding the environmental impact of a cryptocurrency; changes in consumer demographics and public preferences; general economic conditions; maintenance and development of open-source software protocols; the availability and popularity of other forms or methods of buying and selling goods and services; the use of the networks supporting digital assets, such as those for developing smart contracts and distributed applications; and general risks tied to the use of information technologies, including cyber risks. A hack or failure of one cryptocurrency may lead to a loss in confidence in, and thus decreased usage and/or value of, other cryptocurrencies.

Cash and cash equivalents — The fund may hold cash or invest in cash equivalents. For the funds, cash equivalents include, but are not limited to: (a) shares of money market or similar funds managed by the

investment adviser or its affiliates; (b) shares of other money market funds; (c) tax-exempt commercial paper (e.g., short-term notes obligations issued by municipalities that mature, or that may be redeemed in 270 days or less); (d) municipal notes (e.g., bond anticipation notes, revenue anticipation notes, and tax anticipation notes issued by municipalities that mature, or that may be redeemed in one year or less); (e) municipal obligations backed by letters of credit issued by banks or other financial institutions or government agencies that mature, or that may be redeemed in one year or less; (f) tax-exempt variable rate debt issued by municipal conduits for corporate obligors; and (g) securities of the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities that mature, or that may be redeemed in one year or less.

Commercial paper — The fund may purchase commercial paper. Commercial paper refers to short-term promissory notes issued by a corporation to finance its current operations. Such securities normally have maturities of thirteen months or less and, though commercial paper is often unsecured, commercial paper may be supported by letters of credit, surety bonds or other forms of collateral. Maturing commercial paper issuances are usually repaid by the issuer from the proceeds of new commercial paper issuances. As a result, investment in commercial paper is subject to rollover risk, or the risk that the issuer cannot issue enough new commercial paper to satisfy its outstanding commercial paper. Like all fixed income securities, commercial paper prices are susceptible to fluctuations in interest rates. If interest rates rise, commercial paper prices will decline and vice versa. However, the short-term nature of a commercial paper investment makes it less susceptible to volatility than many other fixed income securities because interest rate risk typically increases as maturity lengths increase. Commercial paper tends to yield smaller returns than longer-term corporate debt because securities with shorter maturities typically have lower effective yields than those with longer maturities. As with all fixed income securities, there is a chance that the issuer will default on its commercial paper obligations and commercial paper may become illiquid or suffer from reduced liquidity in these or other situations.

Commercial paper in which the fund may invest includes commercial paper issued in reliance on the exemption from registration afforded by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"). Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper has substantially the same price and liquidity characteristics as commercial paper generally, except that the resale of Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper is limited to institutional investors who agree that they are purchasing the paper for investment purposes and not with a view to public distribution. Technically, such a restriction on resale renders Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper a restricted security under the 1933 Act. In practice, however, Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper typically can be resold as easily as any other unrestricted security held by the fund. Accordingly, Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper has been generally determined to be liquid under procedures adopted by the fund's board of trustees.

Forward commitment, when issued and delayed delivery transactions — The fund may enter into commitments to purchase or sell securities at a future date. When the fund agrees to purchase such securities, it assumes the risk of any decline in value of the security from the date of the agreement. If the other party to such a transaction fails to deliver or pay for the securities, the fund could miss a favorable price or yield opportunity, or could experience a loss.

The fund may enter into roll transactions, such as a mortgage dollar roll where the fund sells mortgage-backed securities for delivery in the current month and simultaneously contracts to repurchase substantially similar (same type, coupon, and maturity) securities on a specified future date, at a pre-determined price. During the period between the sale and repurchase (the "roll period"), the fund forgoes principal and interest paid on the mortgage-backed securities. The fund is compensated by the difference between the current sales price and the lower forward price for the future purchase (often referred to as the "drop"), if any, as well as by the interest earned on the cash proceeds of the initial sale. The fund could suffer a loss if the contracting party fails to perform the future transaction and the fund is therefore unable to buy back the mortgage-backed securities it initially sold. The fund also takes the risk that the mortgage-backed securities that it repurchases at a later date will have less

favorable market characteristics than the securities originally sold (e.g., greater prepayment risk). These transactions are accounted for as purchase and sale transactions, which contribute to the fund's portfolio turnover rate.

With to be announced ("TBA") transactions, the particular securities (i.e., specified mortgage pools) to be delivered or received are not identified at the trade date, but are "to be announced" at a later settlement date. However, securities to be delivered must meet specified criteria, including face value, coupon rate and maturity, and be within industry-accepted "good delivery" standards.

The fund will not use these transactions for the purpose of leveraging. Although these transactions will not be entered into for leveraging purposes, the fund temporarily could be in a leveraged position (because it may have an amount greater than its net assets subject to market risk). Should market values of the fund's portfolio securities decline while the fund is in a leveraged position, greater depreciation of its net assets would likely occur than if it were not in such a position. After a transaction is entered into, the fund may still dispose of or renegotiate the transaction. Additionally, prior to receiving delivery of securities as part of a transaction, the fund may sell such securities.

Under the SEC's rule applicable to the fund's use of derivatives, when issued, forward-settling and nonstandard settlement cycle securities, as well as TBAs and roll transactions, will be treated as derivatives unless the fund intends to physically settle these transactions and the transactions will settle within 35 days of their respective trade dates.

Unfunded commitment agreements — The fund may enter into unfunded commitment agreements to make certain investments, including unsettled bank loan purchase transactions. Under the SEC's rule applicable to the fund's use of derivatives, unfunded commitment agreements are not derivatives transactions. The fund will only enter into such unfunded commitment agreements if the fund reasonably believes, at the time it enters into such agreement, that it will have sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its obligations with respect to all of its unfunded commitment agreements as they come due.

Cybersecurity risks — With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the fund has become potentially more susceptible to operational and information security risks through breaches in cybersecurity. In general, a breach in cybersecurity can result from either a deliberate attack or an unintentional event. Cybersecurity breaches may involve, among other things, "ransomware" attacks, injection of computer viruses or malicious software code, or the use of vulnerabilities in code to gain unauthorized access to digital information systems, networks or devices that are used directly or indirectly by the fund or its service providers through "hacking" or other means. Cybersecurity risks also include the risk of losses of service resulting from external attacks that do not require unauthorized access to the fund's systems, networks or devices. For example, denial-of-service attacks on the investment adviser's or an affiliate's website could effectively render the fund's network services unavailable to fund shareholders and other intended end-users. Any such cybersecurity breaches or losses of service may, among other things, cause the fund to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption or lose operational capacity, or may result in the misappropriation, unauthorized release or other misuse of the fund's assets or sensitive information (including shareholder personal information or other confidential information), the inability of fund shareholders to transact business, or the destruction of the fund's physical infrastructure, equipment or operating systems. These, in turn, could cause the fund to violate applicable privacy and other laws and incur or suffer regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional costs (including compliance costs) associated with corrective measures and/or financial loss. While the fund and its investment adviser have established business continuity plans and risk management systems designed to prevent or reduce the impact of cybersecurity attacks, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems due in part to the ever-changing nature of technology and cybersecurity attack tactics, and there is a possibility that certain risks have not been adequately identified or prepared for.

In addition, cybersecurity failures by or breaches of the fund's third-party service providers (including, but not limited to, the fund's investment adviser, transfer agent, custodian, administrators and other financial intermediaries) may disrupt the business operations of the service providers and of the fund, potentially resulting in financial losses, the inability of fund shareholders to transact business with the fund and of the fund to process transactions, the inability of the fund to calculate its net asset value, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, rules and regulations, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensatory costs and/or additional compliance costs associated with implementation of any corrective measures. The fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result of any such cybersecurity breaches, and there can be no assurance that the fund will not suffer losses relating to cybersecurity attacks or other informational security breaches affecting the fund's third-party service providers in the future, particularly as the fund cannot control any cybersecurity plans or systems implemented by such service providers.

Cybersecurity risks may also impact issuers of securities in which the fund invests, which may cause the fund's investments in such issuers to lose value.

Inflation/Deflation risk — The fund may be subject to inflation and deflation risk. Inflation risk is the risk that the present value of assets or income from investments will be less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the present value of the fund's assets can decline. Deflation risk is the risk that prices throughout the economy decline over time. Deflation or inflation may have an adverse effect on the creditworthiness of issuers and may make issuer default more likely, which may result in a decline in the value of the fund's assets.

Interfund borrowing and lending — Pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the fund may lend money to, and borrow money from, other funds advised by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates. The fund will borrow through the program only when the costs are equal to or lower than the costs of bank loans. The fund will lend through the program only when the returns are higher than those available from an investment in repurchase agreements. Interfund loans and borrowings normally extend overnight, but can have a maximum duration of seven days. Loans may be called on one day's notice. The fund may have to borrow from a bank at a higher interest rate if an interfund loan is called or not renewed. Any delay in repayment to a lending fund could result in a lost investment opportunity or additional borrowing costs.

Affiliated investment companies — The fund may purchase shares of certain other investment companies managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates ("Central Funds"). The risks of owning another investment company are similar to the risks of investing directly in the securities in which that investment company invests. Investments in other investment companies could allow the fund to obtain the benefits of a more diversified portfolio than might otherwise be available through direct investments in a particular asset class, and will subject the fund to the risks associated with the particular asset class or asset classes in which an underlying fund invests. However, an investment company may not achieve its investment objective or execute its investment strategy effectively, which may adversely affect the fund's performance. Any investment in another investment company will be consistent with the fund's objective(s) and applicable regulatory limitations. Central Funds do not charge management fees. As a result, the fund does not bear additional management fees when investing in Central Funds, but the fund does bear its proportionate share of Central Fund expenses.

U.S. Territories and Commonwealth obligations — The fund may invest in obligations of the territories and Commonwealths of the United States, such as Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam and their agencies and authorities ("territories and Commonwealth"), to the extent such obligations are exempt from federal income taxes. Adverse political and economic conditions and developments affecting any territory or Commonwealth may, in turn, negatively affect the value of the fund's holdings in such obligations. Territories and Commonwealths face significant fiscal challenges, including persistent government deficits, underfunded retirement systems, sizable debt service obligations and a high

unemployment rate. A restructuring of some or all of the debt or a decline in market prices of the territories' and Commonwealths' debt obligations, may affect the fund's investment in these securities. If the economic situation in the territories and Commonwealths persists or worsens, the volatility, credit quality and performance of the fund could be adversely affected.

Zero coupon bonds — Municipalities may issue zero coupon securities which are debt obligations that do not entitle the holder to any periodic payments of interest prior to maturity or a specified date when the securities begin paying current interest. They are issued and traded at a discount from their face amount or par value, which discount varies depending on the time remaining until cash payments begin, prevailing interest rates, liquidity of the security, and the perceived credit quality of the issuer.

Pre-refunded/Escrowed to maturity bonds — From time to time, a municipality may refund a bond that it has already issued prior to, or in the case of escrowed to maturity bonds on, the original bond's call or maturity date by issuing a second bond, the proceeds of which are typically used to purchase securities of the U.S. government (including its agencies and instrumentalities). The U.S. government securities are placed in an escrow account. The original bonds then become "pre-refunded" or "escrowed to maturity" and while the security is still tax-exempt, the proceeds of the escrow account act as collateral and the original bonds are considered high-quality in nature as a result. The principal and interest payments on the escrowed securities are then used to pay off the original bondholders on the call or maturity date. The escrow account securities do not guarantee the price movement of the bond before maturity. Investment in pre-refunded and escrowed to maturity bonds held by the fund may subject the fund to interest rate risk, market risk and credit risk. For purposes of diversification, pre-refunded and escrowed to maturity bonds will be treated as U.S. governmental issues.

Temporary investments — The fund may invest in short-term municipal obligations of up to one year in maturity when temporary defensive strategies are used as a result of abnormal market conditions, or when such investments are considered advisable for liquidity. Generally, the income from such short-term municipal obligations is exempt from federal income tax. Further, a portion of a fund's assets may be held in cash or invested in high-quality taxable short-term securities of up to one year in maturity. Such investments may include: (a) obligations of the U.S. Treasury; (b) obligations of agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S. government; (c) money market instruments, such as certificates of deposit issued by domestic banks, corporate commercial paper, and bankers' acceptances; and (d) repurchase agreements.

Issue classification — Securities with the same general quality rating and maturity characteristics, but which vary according to the purpose for which they were issued, often tend to trade at different yields. Correspondingly, securities issued for similar purposes and with the same general maturity characteristics, but which vary according to the creditworthiness of their respective issuers, tend to trade at different yields. These yield differentials tend to fluctuate in response to political and economic developments, as well as temporary imbalances in normal supply/demand relationships. The investment adviser monitors these fluctuations closely, and will attempt to adjust portfolio concentrations in various issue classifications according to the value disparities brought about by these yield relationship fluctuations.

The investment adviser believes that, in general, the market for municipal bonds is less liquid than that for taxable fixed income securities. Accordingly, the ability of the fund to make purchases and sales of securities in the foregoing manner may, at any particular time and with respect to any particular securities, be limited or non-existent.

Private placements — Generally, municipal securities acquired in private placements are subject to contractual restrictions on resale. Accordingly, all private placements will be considered illiquid unless they have been specifically determined to be liquid, taking into account factors such as the frequency

and volume of trading and the commitment of dealers to make markets under procedures adopted by the fund's board of trustees.

Concentration of investments — Certain economic, business or political developments might adversely affect all municipal bonds of a similar category or type, or adversely affect all municipal bonds issued by issuers within a particular geographical area or jurisdiction.

Tax-exempt securities — While the fund seeks to purchase securities which bear interest that is exempt from federal income taxes – and in the case of Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund and Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund, also seeks to purchase securities which bear interest that is exempt from California income taxes – there are risks that such interest may be reclassified as taxable by the Internal Revenue Service, or a state tax authority. Actions by the issuer or future legislative, administrative or court actions also could adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest paid by such securities. Such reclassifications or actions could cause interest from a security to become includable in the gross income of the holder of the security, possibly retroactively, subjecting fund shareholders to increased tax liability. In addition, such reclassifications or actions could cause the value of a security, and therefore the value of the fund's shares, to decline.

Risk factors relating to California debt obligations — Because the fund invests in securities issued by the State of California, its agencies and municipalities, the fund is more susceptible to developments adversely affecting issuers of California securities than a municipal bond fund that does not concentrate its investments in a single state. The information below constitutes only a brief summary and does not purport to be a complete description of risk factors relating to California debt obligations. Certain information is drawn from official statements relating to securities offerings of the State of California and various local agencies in California available as of the date of this statement of additional information.

Many factors including both state and national economic, political, regulatory, social and environmental policies and conditions, which are not within the control of the issuers of state related bonds, could have an adverse impact on the financial condition of the state, its various agencies and political subdivisions, as well as other municipal issuers in California. A variety of events, such as, tax base erosion, state constitutional limits on tax increases, budget deficits and other financial difficulties, and changes in the credit ratings assigned to California's municipal issuers may have an adverse impact on the fund. In addition, natural disasters, such as earthquakes and droughts, may have an adverse effect on the state's economy.

California's economy and general financial condition affect the ability of state and local governments to raise revenues to make timely payments on their obligations. Events such as budgetary problems at the state level, fiscal weakness or an overall slowdown in the California economy could adversely impact the fund. Such events can negatively impact the state's credit rating, make it more expensive for the state to borrow money, and impact municipal issuers' ability to pay their obligations. Such events could also heighten the risk that prices of debt obligations purchased by the fund, and the fund's net asset value, will experience greater volatility.

California is the most populous state in the nation and has a diverse economy. Major employers include the agriculture, manufacturing, high technology, services, trade, entertainment and construction sectors. However, certain of California's significant industries are sensitive to economic disruptions in their export markets. The state's rate of economic growth, therefore, could be adversely affected by any such disruption. A significant downturn in the housing market or U.S. stock market prices could adversely affect California's economy by reducing household spending and business investment, particularly in the high technology sector. Moreover, a large and increasing share of the State of California's General Fund revenue in the form of income and capital gains taxes is directly

related to, and would be adversely affected by a significant downturn in the performance of, the stock markets.

Future California constitutional amendments, legislative measures, executive orders, administrative regulations, court decisions and voter initiatives could have an adverse effect on the debt obligations of California issuers. The initiative process is used quite often in California, resulting in numerous initiative items on the ballot for most state and many local elections, any of which could affect the ability of municipal issuers to pay their obligations. For example, revenue and expenditure limitations adopted by California voters, such as Propositions 13 (limiting ad valorem taxes on real property and restricting local taxing entities' ability to raise real property taxes) and 218 (limiting local governments' ability to impose "property related" fees, assessments and taxes) have constrained local governments' ability to raise revenue, consequently raising concerns about whether municipalities have sufficient revenue to pay their debt obligations.

While the fund's portfolio managers try to reduce risks by investing in a diversified portfolio of securities, including state related bonds, it is not possible to predict the extent to which any or all of the factors described above will affect the ability of the state or other municipal issuers to pay interest or principal on their bonds or the ability of such bonds to maintain market value or marketability.

* * * * *

Portfolio turnover — Portfolio changes will be made without regard to the length of time particular investments may have been held. Short-term trading profits are not the fund's objective, and changes in its investments are generally accomplished gradually, though short-term transactions may occasionally be made. Higher portfolio turnover may involve correspondingly greater transaction costs in the form of dealer spreads or brokerage commissions. It may also result in the realization of net capital gains, which are taxable when distributed to shareholders, unless the shareholder is exempt from taxation or his or her account is tax-favored.

Fixed income securities are generally traded on a net basis and usually neither brokerage commissions nor transfer taxes are involved. Transaction costs are usually reflected in the spread between the bid and asked price.

The fund's portfolio turnover rates for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

Fund	Fiscal year	Portfolio turnover rate*
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	2024	26%
	2023	25
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	2024	35
	2023	45

* Variations in turnover rates were due to changes in trading activity during the period.

A fund's portfolio turnover rate would equal 100% if each security in the fund's portfolio were replaced once per year.

Fund policies

All percentage limitations in the following fund policies are considered at the time securities are purchased and are based on the fund's net assets unless otherwise indicated. None of the following policies involving a maximum percentage of assets will be considered violated unless the excess occurs immediately after, and is caused by, an acquisition by the fund. In managing the fund, the fund's investment adviser may apply more restrictive policies than those listed below.

Fundamental policies — The fund has adopted the following policies, which may not be changed without approval by holders of a majority of its outstanding shares. Such majority is currently defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), as the vote of the lesser of (a) 67% or more of the voting securities present at a shareholder meeting, if the holders of more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities are present in person or by proxy, or (b) more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities.

1. Except as permitted by (i) the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, or other successor law governing the regulation of registered investment companies, or interpretations or modifications thereof by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), SEC staff or other authority of competent jurisdiction, or (ii) exemptive or other relief or permission from the SEC, SEC staff or other authority of competent jurisdiction, the fund may not:

- a. Borrow money;
- b. Issue senior securities;
- c. Underwrite the securities of other issuers;
- d. Purchase or sell real estate or commodities;
- e. Make loans; or
- f. Purchase the securities of any issuer if, as a result of such purchase, the fund's investments would be concentrated in any particular industry.

2. The funds will maintain their status as tax-exempt funds consistent with (i) the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, or other successor law governing the regulation of registered investment companies, or interpretations or modifications thereof by the SEC, SEC staff or other authority of competent jurisdiction, or (ii) exemptive or other relief or permission from the SEC, SEC staff or other authority of competent jurisdiction.

3. The fund may not invest in companies for the purpose of exercising control or management.

Additional information about the fund's policies — The information below is not part of the fund's fundamental or nonfundamental policies. This information is intended to provide a summary of what is currently required or permitted by the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, or by the interpretive guidance thereof by the SEC or SEC staff, for particular fundamental policies of the fund. Information is also provided regarding the fund's current intention with respect to certain investment practices permitted by the 1940 Act.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1a, the fund may borrow money in amounts of up to 33-1/3% of its total assets from banks for any purpose. Additionally, the fund may borrow up to 5% of its total assets from banks or other lenders for temporary purposes (a loan is presumed to be for temporary purposes if it is repaid within 60 days and is not extended or renewed). The percentage limitations in this policy are considered at the time of borrowing and thereafter.

For purposes of fundamental policies 1a and 1e, the fund may borrow money from, or loan money to, other funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates to the extent permitted by applicable law and an exemptive order issued by the SEC.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1b, a senior security does not include any promissory note or evidence of indebtedness if such loan is for temporary purposes only and in an amount not exceeding 5% of the value of the total assets of the fund at the time the loan is made (a loan is presumed to be for temporary purposes if it is repaid within 60 days and is not extended or renewed). Further, the fund is permitted to enter into derivatives and certain other transactions, notwithstanding the prohibitions and restrictions on the issuance of senior securities under the 1940 Act, in accordance with current SEC rules and interpretations.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1c, the policy will not apply to the fund to the extent the fund may be deemed an underwriter within the meaning of the 1933 Act in connection with the purchase and sale of fund portfolio securities in the ordinary course of pursuing its investment objective and strategies.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1e, the fund may not lend more than 33-1/3% of its total assets, provided that this limitation shall not apply to the fund's purchase of debt obligations.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1f, the fund may not invest more than 25% of its total assets in the securities of issuers in a particular industry. This policy does not apply to investments in securities of the U.S. government, its agencies or government sponsored enterprises or repurchase agreements with respect thereto.

For purposes of fundamental policy 2, each fund will, under normal circumstances, invest at least 80% of its assets in, or derive at least 80% of its income from securities that are exempt from regular federal income tax.

Management of the fund

Board of trustees and officers

Independent trustees¹

The fund's nominating and governance committee and board select independent trustees with a view toward constituting a board that, as a body, possesses the qualifications, skills, attributes and experience to appropriately oversee the actions of the fund's service providers, decide upon matters of general policy and represent the long-term interests of fund shareholders. In doing so, they consider the qualifications, skills, attributes and experience of the current board members, with a view toward maintaining a board that is diverse in viewpoint, experience, education and skills.

The fund seeks independent trustees who have high ethical standards and the highest levels of integrity and commitment, who have inquiring and independent minds, mature judgment, good communication skills, and other complementary personal qualifications and skills that enable them to function effectively in the context of the fund's board and committee structure and who have the ability and willingness to dedicate sufficient time to effectively fulfill their duties and responsibilities.

Each independent trustee has a significant record of accomplishments in governance, business, not-for-profit organizations, government service, academia, law, accounting or other professions. Although no single list could identify all experience upon which the fund's independent trustees draw in connection with their service, the following table summarizes key experience for each independent trustee. These references to the qualifications, attributes and skills of the trustees are pursuant to the disclosure requirements of the SEC, and shall not be deemed to impose any greater responsibility or liability on any trustee or the board as a whole. Notwithstanding the accomplishments listed below, none of the independent trustees is considered an "expert" within the meaning of the federal securities laws with respect to information in the fund's registration statement.

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee²)	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years	Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee³	Other directorships held by trustee during the past five years⁴	Other relevant experience
Francisco G. Cigarroa, MD, 1957 Trustee (2023)	Professor of Surgery, University of Texas Health San Antonio; Trustee, Ford Foundation; Clayton Research Scholar, Clayton Foundation for Biomedical Research	98	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Corporate board experience · Service on boards of community and nonprofit organizations · MD
Nariman Farvardin, 1956 Trustee (2023)	President, Stevens Institute of Technology	103	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Senior management experience, educational institution · Corporate board experience · Professor, electrical and computer engineering · Service on advisory boards and councils for educational, non-profit and governmental organizations · MS, PhD, electrical engineering
Jennifer C. Feikin, 1968 Trustee (2019)	Independent corporate board member; previously held positions at Google, AOL, 20th Century Fox and McKinsey & Company	120	Hertz Global Holdings, Inc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Senior corporate management experience · Corporate board experience · Business consulting experience · Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable and nonprofit organizations · JD

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee²)	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years	Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee³	Other directorships held by trustee during the past five years⁴	Other relevant experience
Leslie Stone Heisz, 1961 Trustee (2019)	Former Managing Director, Lazard (retired, 2010); Director, Kaiser Permanente (California public benefit corporation); former Lecturer, UCLA Anderson School of Management	120	Edwards Lifesciences; Ingram Micro Holding Corporation (information technology products and services) Former director of Public Storage, Inc. (until 2024)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Senior corporate management experience, investment banking · Business consulting experience · Corporate board experience · Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable and nonprofit organizations · MBA
Mary Davis Holt, 1950 Trustee (2023)	Principal, Mary Davis Holt Enterprises, LLC (leadership development consulting); former COO, Time Life Inc. (1993-2003)	99	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Service as chief operations officer, global media company · Senior corporate management experience · Corporate board experience · Service on advisory and trustee boards for educational, business and non-profit organizations · MBA
Merit E. Janow, 1958 Trustee (2023)	Dean Emerita and Professor of Practice, International Economic Law & International Affairs, Columbia University, School of International and Public Affairs	110	Aptiv (autonomous and green vehicle technology); Mastercard Incorporated Former director of Trimble Inc. (software, hardware and services technology) (until 2021)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Service with Office of the U.S. Trade Representative and U.S. Department of Justice · Corporate board experience · Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable, educational and nonprofit organizations · Experience as corporate lawyer · JD

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee²)	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years	Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee³	Other directorships held by trustee during the past five years⁴	Other relevant experience
Margaret Spellings, 1957 Chair of the Board (Independent and Non-Executive) (2023)	President and CEO, Bipartisan Policy Center; former President and CEO, Texas 2036	103	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Former U.S. Secretary of Education, U.S. Department of Education · Former Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, The White House · Former senior advisor to the Governor of Texas · Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable and nonprofit organizations
Alexandra Trower, 1964 Trustee (2023)	Former Executive Vice President, Global Communications and Corporate Officer, The Estée Lauder Companies	98	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Service on trustee boards for charitable and nonprofit organizations · Senior corporate management experience · Branding
Paul S. Williams, 1959 Trustee (2023)	Former Partner/Managing Director, Major, Lindsey & Africa (executive recruiting firm) (2005-2018)	98	<p>Air Transport Services Group, Inc. (aircraft leasing and air cargo transportation); Public Storage, Inc.</p> <p>Former director of Romeo Power, Inc. (manufacturer of batteries for electric vehicles) (until 2022); Compass Minerals, Inc. (producer of salt and specialty fertilizers) (until 2023)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Senior corporate management experience · Corporate board experience · Corporate governance experience · Service on trustee boards for charitable and educational nonprofit organizations · Securities law expertise · JD

Interested trustees⁵

Interested trustees have similar qualifications, skills and attributes as the independent trustees. Interested trustees are senior executive officers of Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates. This management role also permits them to make a significant contribution to the fund's board.

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee/officer²)	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years and positions held with affiliated entities or the Principal Underwriter of the fund	Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee³	Other directorships⁴ held by trustee during the past five years
Michael C. Gitlin, 1970 Trustee (2023)	Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Research and Management Company; President, Chief Executive Officer and Director, The Capital Group Companies, Inc.*; Director, Capital Research and Management Company	98	None
Karl J. Zeile, 1966 Trustee (2023)	Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Research and Management Company	24	None

Other officers⁶

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as an officer²)	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years and positions held with affiliated entities or the Principal Underwriter of the fund
Mark Marinella, 1958 President (2016)	Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Research and Management Company
Kristine M. Nishiyama, 1970 Principal Executive Officer (2023)	Senior Vice President and Senior Counsel – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company; Chair, Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Director, Capital Bank and Trust Company*
Michael Stockton, 1967 Executive Vice President (2021)	Senior Vice President – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company
Courtney R. Taylor, 1975 Secretary (2009-2022; 2023)	Assistant Vice President – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company
Brian C. Janssen, 1972 Treasurer (2023)	Senior Vice President – Investment Operations, Capital Research and Management Company
Jane Y. Chung, 1974 Assistant Secretary (2023)	Associate – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as an officer ²)	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years and positions held with affiliated entities or the Principal Underwriter of the fund
Sandra Chuon, 1972 Assistant Treasurer (2019)	Vice President – Investment Operations, Capital Research and Management Company
Becky L. Park, 1979 Assistant Treasurer (2023)	Vice President – Investment Operations, Capital Research and Management Company

* Company affiliated with Capital Research and Management Company.

¹ The term independent trustee refers to a trustee who is not an “interested person” of the fund within the meaning of the 1940 Act.

² Trustees and officers of the fund serve until their resignation, removal or retirement.

³ Funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company or an affiliate or its affiliates.

⁴ This includes all directorships/trusteeships (other than those in the fund or other funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates) that are held by each trustee as a director/trustee of a public company or a registered investment company. Unless otherwise noted, all directorships/trusteeships are current.

⁵ The term interested trustee refers to a trustee who is an “interested person” of the fund within the meaning of the 1940 Act, on the basis of his or her affiliation with the fund’s investment adviser, Capital Research and Management Company, or affiliated entities (including the fund’s principal underwriter).

⁶ All of the trustees and/or officers listed are officers of one or more of the other funds for which Capital Research and Management Company or an affiliate serves as investment adviser.

The address for all trustees and officers of the fund is 333 South Hope Street, 55th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90071, Attention: Secretary.

Fund shares owned by trustees as of December 31, 2023:

Name	Dollar range of fund shares owned*	Aggregate dollar range* of shares owned in all funds overseen by trustee in same family of investment companies as the fund			
Independent trustees					
Francisco G. Cigarroa	None	None			
Nariman Farvardin	None	Over \$100,000			
Jennifer C. Feikin	None	Over \$100,000			
Leslie Stone Heisz	None	Over \$100,000			
Mary Davis Holt	None	Over \$100,000			
Merit E. Janow	None	Over \$100,000			
Margaret Spellings	None	Over \$100,000			
Alexandra Trower	None	Over \$100,000			
Paul S. Williams	None	Over \$100,000			
<table> <tr> <th data-bbox="87 674 526 831">Name</th><th data-bbox="526 674 982 831">Dollar range of fund shares owned*</th><th data-bbox="982 674 1539 831">Aggregate dollar range* of shares owned in all funds overseen by trustee in same family of investment companies as the fund</th></tr> </table>			Name	Dollar range of fund shares owned*	Aggregate dollar range* of shares owned in all funds overseen by trustee in same family of investment companies as the fund
Name	Dollar range of fund shares owned*	Aggregate dollar range* of shares owned in all funds overseen by trustee in same family of investment companies as the fund			
Interested trustees					
Michael C. Gitlin	\$1-\$10,000	Over \$100,000			
Karl J. Zeile	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000			

* Ownership disclosure is made using the following ranges: None; \$1 – \$10,000; \$10,001 – \$50,000; \$50,001 – \$100,000; and Over \$100,000.

Trustee compensation — No compensation is paid by the fund to any officer or trustee who is a director, officer or employee of the investment adviser or its affiliates. Except for the independent trustees listed in the “Board of trustees and officers — Independent trustees” table under the “Management of the fund” section in this statement of additional information, all other officers and trustees of the fund are directors, officers or employees of the investment adviser or its affiliates. The board typically meets either individually or jointly with the boards of one or more other such funds with substantially overlapping board membership (in each case referred to as a “board cluster”). The fund typically pays each independent trustee an annual retainer fee based primarily on the total number of board clusters which that independent trustee serves. Board and committee chairs receive additional fees for their services.

The fund and the other funds served by each independent trustee each pay a portion of these fees.

No pension or retirement benefits are accrued as part of fund expenses. Generally, independent trustees may elect, on a voluntary basis, to defer all or a portion of their fees through a deferred compensation plan in effect for the fund. The fund also reimburses certain expenses of the independent trustees.

Trustee compensation earned during the fiscal year ended October 31, 2024:

Name	Aggregate compensation from the series	Total compensation from all funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates
Francisco G. Cigarroa	\$490	\$349,875
Nariman Farvardin	314	538,119
Jennifer C. Feikin	490	444,875
Leslie Stone Heisz	490	444,875
Mary Davis Holt	379	419,125
Merit E. Janow	319	564,444
Margaret Spellings	370	528,119
Alexandra Trower	504	359,875
Paul S. Williams	504	359,875

Series organization and the board of trustees — The series, an open-end, diversified management investment company, was organized as a Delaware statutory trust on October 22, 2009. Although the board of trustees has delegated day-to-day oversight to the investment adviser, all fund operations are supervised by the series' board of trustees which meets periodically and performs duties required by applicable state and federal laws.

Delaware law charges trustees with the duty of managing the business affairs of the trust. Trustees are considered to be fiduciaries of the trust and owe duties of care and loyalty to the trust and its shareholders.

The series has five funds and one class of shares. Fund shares have pro rata rights as to voting, redemption, dividends and liquidation. In addition, the trustees have the authority to establish new funds and classes of shares, and to split or combine outstanding shares into a greater or lesser number, without shareholder approval.

The series does not hold annual meetings of shareholders. However, significant matters that require shareholder approval, such as certain elections of board members or a change in a fundamental investment policy, will be presented to shareholders at a meeting called for such purpose. Shareholders have one vote per share owned. At the request of the holders of at least 10% of the shares, the series will hold a meeting at which any member of the board could be removed by a majority vote.

The series' declaration of trust and by-laws that the trust has entered into provide in effect that, subject to certain conditions, the series will indemnify its officers and trustees against liabilities or expenses actually and reasonably incurred by them relating to their service to the series. However, trustees are not protected from liability by reason of their willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of their office.

Leadership structure — The board's chair is currently an independent trustee who is not an "interested person" of the series within the meaning of the 1940 Act. The board has determined that an independent chair facilitates oversight and enhances the effectiveness of the board. The independent chair's duties include, without limitation, generally presiding at meetings of the board, approving board meeting schedules and agendas, leading meetings of the independent trustees in executive session, facilitating communication with committee chairs, and serving as the principal independent trustee contact for series management and counsel to the independent trustees and the series.

Risk oversight — Day-to-day management of the series, including risk management, is the responsibility of the series' contractual service providers, including the series' investment adviser, principal underwriter/distributor and transfer agent. Each of these entities is responsible for specific portions of the series' operations, including the processes and associated risks relating to the series' investments, integrity of cash movements, financial reporting, operations and compliance. The board of trustees oversees the service providers' discharge of their responsibilities, including the processes they use to manage relevant risks. In that regard, the board receives reports regarding the operations of the series' service providers, including risks. For example, the board receives reports from investment professionals regarding risks related to the series' investments and trading. The board also receives compliance reports from the series' and the investment adviser's chief compliance officers addressing certain areas of risk.

Committees of the series' board, which are comprised of independent board members, none of whom is an "interested person" of the fund within the meaning of the 1940 Act, also explore risk management procedures in particular areas and then report back to the full board. For example, the series' audit committee oversees the processes and certain attendant risks relating to financial reporting, valuation of series assets, and related controls.

Not all risks that may affect the series can be identified or processes and controls developed to eliminate or mitigate their effect. Moreover, it is necessary to bear certain risks (such as investment-related risks) to achieve the series' objectives. As a result of the foregoing and other factors, the ability of the series' service providers to eliminate or mitigate risks is subject to limitations.

Committees of the board of trustees — The series has an audit committee comprised of Francisco G. Cigarroa, Leslie Stone Heisz, Mary Davis Holt and Paul S. Williams. The committee provides oversight regarding the series' accounting and financial reporting policies and practices, its internal controls and the internal controls of the series' principal service providers. The committee acts as a liaison between the series' independent registered public accounting firm and the full board of trustees. The audit committee held five meetings during the 2024 fiscal year.

The series has a contracts committee comprised of all of the independent trustees. The committee's principal function is to request, review and consider the information deemed necessary to evaluate the terms of certain agreements between the series and its investment adviser or the investment adviser's affiliates, such as the Investment Advisory and Service Agreement, Principal Underwriting Agreement, and Shareholder Services Agreement, that the fund may enter into, renew or continue, and to make its recommendations to the full board of trustees on these matters. The contracts committee held one meeting during the 2024 fiscal year.

The series has a nominating and governance committee comprised of Nariman Farvardin, Jennifer C. Feikin, Merit E. Janow, Margaret Spellings and Alexandra Trower. The committee periodically reviews such issues as the board's composition, responsibilities, committees, compensation and other relevant issues, and recommends any appropriate changes to the full board of trustees. The committee also coordinates annual self-assessments of the board and evaluates, selects and nominates independent trustee candidates to the full board of trustees. While the committee normally is able to identify from its own and other resources an ample number of qualified candidates, it will consider shareholder suggestions of persons to be considered as nominees to fill future vacancies on the board. Such suggestions must be sent in writing to the nominating and governance committee of the series, addressed to the series' secretary, and must be accompanied by complete biographical and occupational data on the prospective nominee, along with a written consent of the prospective nominee for consideration of his or her name by the committee. The nominating and governance committee held three meetings during the 2024 fiscal year.

Proxy voting procedures and principles — The fund's investment adviser, in consultation with the fund's board, has adopted Proxy Voting Procedures and Principles (the "Principles") with respect to voting proxies of securities held by the fund and other funds advised by the investment adviser or its affiliates. The complete text of these principles is available at capitalgroup.com. Proxies are voted by a committee of the appropriate equity investment division of the investment adviser under authority delegated by the funds' boards. The Boards of the funds and funds advised by Capital Research and Management Company and its affiliates, including American Funds and Capital Group exchange-traded funds, have established a Joint Proxy Committee ("JPC") composed of independent board members from each fund and each applicable fund board. The JPC's role is to facilitate appropriate oversight of the proxy voting process and provide valuable input on corporate governance and related matters.

The Principles provide an important framework for analysis and decision-making by all funds. However, they are not exhaustive and do not address all potential issues. The Principles provide a certain amount of flexibility so that all relevant facts and circumstances can be considered in connection with every vote. As a result, each proxy received is voted on a case-by-case basis considering the specific circumstances of each proposal. The voting process reflects the funds' understanding of the company's business, its management and its relationship with shareholders over time. In all cases, the investment objectives and policies of the funds managed by the investment adviser remain the focus.

The investment adviser seeks to vote all U.S. proxies; however, in certain circumstances it may be impracticable or impossible to do so, including when securities are out on loan as part of a securities lending program. Proxies for companies outside the United States are also voted, subject to local market conditions and provided there is sufficient time and information available. Certain regulators have granted investment limit relief to the investment adviser and its affiliates, conditioned upon limiting its voting power to specific voting ceilings. To comply with these voting ceilings, the investment adviser will scale back its votes across all funds and clients on a pro-rata basis based on assets.

After a proxy statement is received, the investment adviser's stewardship and engagement team prepares a summary of the proposals contained in the proxy statement.

For proxies of securities managed by a particular equity investment division of the investment adviser, the initial voting recommendation is made either by one or more of the division's investment analysts familiar with the company and industry or, for routine matters, by a member of the investment adviser's stewardship and engagement team and reviewed by the applicable analyst(s). Depending on the vote, a second recommendation may be made by a proxy coordinator (an investment analyst or other individual with experience in corporate governance and proxy voting matters) within the appropriate investment division, based on knowledge of these Principles and familiarity with proxy-related issues. The proxy summary and voting recommendations are made available to the proxy voting committee of the applicable investment division for a final voting decision. In cases where a fund is co-managed and a security is held by more than one of the investment adviser's equity investment divisions, the divisions may develop different voting recommendations for individual ballot proposals. If this occurs, and if permitted by local market conventions, the fund's position will generally be voted proportionally by divisional holding, according to their respective decisions. Otherwise, the outcome will be determined by the equity investment division or divisions with the larger position in the security as of the record date for the shareholder meeting.

In addition to its proprietary proxy voting, governance and executive compensation research, Capital Research and Management Company may utilize research provided by Institutional Shareholder Services, Glass-Lewis & Co. or other third-party advisory firms on a case-by-case basis. It does not, as a policy, follow the voting recommendations provided by these firms. It periodically assesses the information provided by the advisory firms and reports to the JPC, as appropriate.

From time to time the investment adviser may vote proxies issued by, or on proposals sponsored or publicly supported by (a) a client with substantial assets managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates, (b) an entity with a significant business relationship with The Capital Group Companies, Inc. or its affiliates, or (c) a company with a director of the fund or an American Fund on its board (each referred to as an "Interested Party"). Other persons or entities may also be deemed an Interested Party if facts or circumstances appear to give rise to a potential conflict.

The investment adviser has developed procedures to identify and address instances when a vote could appear to be influenced by such a relationship. Each equity investment division of the investment adviser has established a Special Review Committee ("SRC") of senior investment professionals and legal and compliance professionals with oversight of potentially conflicted matters.

If a potential conflict is identified according to the procedure above, the SRC will take appropriate steps to address the conflict of interest, which may include engaging an independent third party to review the proxy, using Capital Group's Principles, and provide an independent voting recommendation to the investment adviser for vote execution. The investment adviser will generally follow the third party's recommendation, except when it believes the recommendation is inconsistent with the investment adviser's fiduciary duty to its clients. Occasionally, it may not be feasible to engage the third party to review the matter due to compressed timeframes or other operational issues. In this

case, the SRC will take appropriate steps to address the conflict of interest, including reviewing the proxy after being provided with a summary of any relevant communications with the Interested Party, the rationale for the voting decision, information on the organization's relationship with the Interested Party and any other pertinent information.

Information regarding how the fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the 12-month period ended June 30 of each year will be available on or about September 1 of such year (a) without charge, upon request by calling American Funds Service Company at (800) 421-4225, and (b) on the SEC's website at sec.gov.

The following summary sets forth the general positions of the investment adviser on various proposals. A copy of the full Principles is available upon request, free of charge, by calling American Funds Service Company.

Director matters — The election of a company's slate of nominees for director generally is supported. Votes may be withheld for some or all of the nominees if this is determined to be in the best interest of shareholders or if, in the opinion of the investment adviser, such nominee has not fulfilled his or her fiduciary duty. In making this determination, the investment adviser considers, among other things, a nominee's potential conflicts of interest, track record in shareholder protection and value creation as well as their capacity for full engagement on board matters. The investment adviser generally supports diversity of experience among board members, and the separation of the chairman and CEO positions.

Governance provisions — Proposals to declassify a board (elect all directors annually) are supported based on the belief that this increases the directors' sense of accountability to shareholders. Proposals for cumulative voting generally are supported in order to promote management and board accountability and an opportunity for leadership change. Proposals designed to make director elections more meaningful, either by requiring a majority vote or by requiring any director receiving more withhold votes than affirmative votes to tender his or her resignation, generally are supported.

Shareholder rights — Proposals to repeal an existing poison pill generally are supported. (There may be certain circumstances, however, when a proxy voting committee of a fund or an investment division of the investment adviser believes that a company needs to maintain anti-takeover protection.) Proposals to eliminate the right of shareholders to act by written consent or to take away a shareholder's right to call a special meeting typically are not supported.

Compensation and benefit plans — Option plans are complicated, and many factors are considered in evaluating a plan. Each plan is evaluated based on protecting shareholder interests and a knowledge of the company and its management. Considerations include the pricing (or repricing) of options awarded under the plan and the impact of dilution on existing shareholders from past and future equity awards. Compensation packages should be structured to attract, motivate and retain existing employees and qualified directors; in addition, they should be aligned with the long-term success of the company and the enhancement of shareholder value.

Routine matters — The ratification of auditors, procedural matters relating to the annual meeting and changes to company name are examples of items considered routine. Such items generally are voted in favor of management's recommendations unless circumstances indicate otherwise.

"ESG" shareholder proposals — The investment adviser believes environmental and social issues present investment risks and opportunities that can shape a company's long-term

financial sustainability. Shareholder proposals, including those relating to social and environmental issues, are evaluated in terms of their materiality to the company and its ability to generate long-term value in light of the company's specific operating context. The investment adviser generally supports transparency and standardized disclosure, particularly that which leverages existing regulatory reporting or industry standard practices. With respect to environmental matters, this includes disclosures aligned with industry standards and sustainability reports more generally. With respect to social matters, the investment adviser expects companies to be able to articulate a strategy or plan to advance diversity and equity within the workforce, including the company's management and board, subject to local norms and expectations. To that end, disclosure of data relating to workforce diversity and equity that is consistent with broadly applicable standards is generally supported.

Principal fund shareholders — The following table identifies those investors who own of record, or are known by the fund to own beneficially, 5% or more of any class of its shares as of the opening of business on December 1, 2024. Unless otherwise indicated, the ownership percentages below represent ownership of record rather than beneficial ownership.

Name and Address	Fund	Ownership Percentage	
Capital Group Private Client Services Omnibus Account #1 Irvine, CA	Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	Record	80.09%
Capital Group Private Client Services Omnibus Account #2 Irvine, CA	Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	Record	19.59%
Capital Group Private Client Services Omnibus Account #3 Irvine, CA	Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	Record	88.73%
Capital Group Private Client Services Omnibus Account #4 Irvine, CA	Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	Record	9.30%

As of December 1, 2024, the officers and trustees of the fund, as a group, owned beneficially or of record less than 1% of the outstanding shares of the fund.

Investment adviser — Capital Research and Management Company, the fund's investment adviser, founded in 1931, maintains research facilities in the United States and abroad (Geneva, Hong Kong, London, Los Angeles, Mumbai, New York, San Francisco, Singapore, Tokyo, Toronto and Washington, D.C.). These facilities are staffed with experienced investment professionals. The investment adviser is located at 333 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, CA 90071. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Capital Group Companies, Inc., a holding company for several investment management subsidiaries. Capital Research and Management Company manages equity assets through three equity investment divisions and fixed income assets through its fixed income investment division, Capital Fixed Income Investors. The three equity investment divisions — Capital World Investors, Capital Research Global Investors and Capital International Investors — make investment decisions independently of one another. Portfolio managers in Capital International Investors rely on a research team that also provides investment services to institutional clients and other accounts advised by affiliates of Capital Research and Management Company. The investment adviser, which is deemed under the Commodity Exchange Act (the "CEA") to be the operator of the funds, has claimed an exclusion from the definition of the term commodity pool operator under the CEA with respect to the funds and, therefore, is not subject to registration or regulation as such under the CEA with respect to the funds.

The investment adviser has adopted policies and procedures that address issues that may arise as a result of an investment professional's management of the fund and other funds and accounts. Potential issues could involve allocation of investment opportunities and trades among funds and accounts, use of information regarding the timing of fund trades, investment professional compensation and voting relating to portfolio securities. The investment adviser believes that its policies and procedures are reasonably designed to address these issues.

On July 1, 2019, the investment adviser of the funds changed from Capital Guardian Trust Company ("CGTC") to Capital Research and Management Company ("CRMC"), an affiliate of CGTC. Accordingly, CRMC has assumed CGTC's duties and obligations as investment adviser. Importantly, there has not been a change in the actual control or management of the fund's investment adviser, and this change did not require shareholder approval.

Compensation of investment professionals — As described in the prospectus, the investment adviser uses a system of multiple portfolio managers in managing fund assets. In addition, a portion of a fund's portfolio may include the investment decisions of Capital Research and Management Company's investment analysts. Notwithstanding this system, certain of the funds are currently managed by one portfolio manager.

Portfolio managers and investment analysts are paid competitive salaries by Capital Research and Management Company. In addition, they may receive bonuses based on their individual portfolio results. Investment professionals also may participate in profit-sharing plans. The relative mix of compensation represented by bonuses, salary and profit-sharing plans will vary depending on the individual's portfolio results, contributions to the organization and other factors.

To encourage a long-term focus, bonuses based on investment results are calculated by comparing pretax total investment returns to relevant benchmarks over the most recent one-, three-, five- and eight-year periods, with increasing weight placed on each succeeding measurement period. For portfolio managers, benchmarks may include measures of the marketplaces in which the fund invests and measures of the results of comparable mutual funds. For investment analysts, benchmarks may include relevant market measures and appropriate industry or sector indexes reflecting their areas of expertise. Capital Research and Management Company makes periodic subjective assessments of analysts' contributions to the investment process and this is an element of their overall compensation. The investment results of each of the fund's portfolio managers may be measured against one or more benchmarks, depending on his or her investment focus, such as:

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund – Bloomberg California Short-Intermediate Municipal Index and a custom average consisting of funds that disclose investment objectives and strategies comparable to those of the fund; and

Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund – Bloomberg California Short Municipal Index and a custom average consisting of funds that disclose investment objectives and strategies comparable to those of the fund.

From time to time, Capital Research and Management Company may adjust or customize these benchmarks to better reflect the investment objective of the fund and/or the universe of comparably managed funds of competitive investment management firms.

Portfolio manager fund holdings and other managed accounts — As described below, portfolio managers may personally own shares of the fund. In addition, portfolio managers may manage portions of other mutual funds or accounts advised by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates.

The following table reflects information as of October 31, 2024:

Portfolio manager	Dollar range of fund shares owned ¹	Number of other registered investment companies (RICs) for which portfolio manager is a manager (assets of RICs in billions) ²	Number of other pooled investment vehicles (PIVs) for which portfolio manager is a manager (assets of PIVs in billions) ²	Number of other accounts for which portfolio manager is a manager (assets of other accounts in billions) ^{2,3}		
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund						
Mark Marinella	\$100,001 – \$500,000	6	\$13.8	None	2,066	\$7.51
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund						
Mark Marinella	\$1 – \$10,000	6	\$14.3	None	2,066	\$7.51

¹ Ownership disclosure is made using the following ranges: None; \$1 – \$10,000; \$10,001 – \$50,000; \$50,001 – \$100,000; \$100,001 – \$500,000; \$500,001 – \$1,000,000; and Over \$1,000,000.

² Indicates other RIC(s), PIV(s) or other accounts managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates for which the portfolio manager also has significant day to day management responsibilities. Assets noted are the total net assets of the RIC(s), PIV(s) or other accounts and are not the total assets managed by the individual, which is a substantially lower amount. No RIC, PIV or other account has an advisory fee that is based on the performance of the RIC, PIV or other account.

³ Personal brokerage accounts of portfolio managers and their families are not reflected.

The fund's investment adviser has adopted policies and procedures to mitigate material conflicts of interest that may arise in connection with a portfolio manager's management of the fund, on the one hand, and investments in the other pooled investment vehicles and other accounts, on the other hand, such as material conflicts relating to the allocation of investment opportunities that may be suitable for both the fund and such other accounts.

Investment Advisory and Service Agreement — The Investment Advisory and Service Agreement (the "Agreement") between the series and the investment adviser will continue in effect until April 30, 2025, unless sooner terminated, and may be renewed from year to year thereafter, provided that any such renewal has been specifically approved at least annually by (a) the board of trustees, or by the vote of a majority (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the outstanding voting securities of the applicable fund in the series, and (b) the vote of a majority of trustees who are not parties to the Agreement or interested persons (as defined in the 1940 Act) of any such party, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The Agreement provides that the investment adviser has no liability to the series for its acts or omissions in the performance of its obligations to the series not involving willful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of its obligations under the Agreement. The Agreement also provides that either party has the right to terminate it, without penalty, upon 60 days' written notice to the other party, and that the Agreement automatically terminates in the event of its assignment (as defined in the 1940 Act). In addition, the Agreement provides that the investment adviser may delegate all, or a portion of, its investment management responsibilities to one or more subsidiary advisers approved by the series' board, pursuant to an agreement between the investment adviser and such subsidiary. Any such subsidiary adviser will be paid solely by the investment adviser out of its fees.

In addition to providing investment advisory services, the investment adviser furnishes the services and pays the compensation and travel expenses of persons to perform the series' executive, administrative, clerical and bookkeeping functions, and provides suitable office space, necessary small office equipment and utilities, supplies and postage used at the series' offices.

The series will pay all expenses not assumed by the investment adviser, including, but not limited to: custodian, stock transfer and dividend disbursing fees and expenses; shareholder recordkeeping and administrative expenses; costs of the designing, printing and mailing of reports, prospectuses, proxy statements and notices to shareholders; taxes; expenses of the issuance and redemption of fund shares (including registration and qualification fees and expenses); legal, accounting and auditing expenses; compensation, fees and expenses paid to independent trustees (including legal counsel fees); association dues; costs of stationery and forms prepared exclusively for the funds; and costs of assembling and storing shareholder account data.

The investment adviser is currently reimbursing a portion of the expenses for Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund. This reimbursement will be in effect through at least January 1, 2026. The adviser may elect at its discretion to extend, modify or terminate the reimbursement at that time. For the fiscal year ended October 31, 2024, the total expenses reimbursed by the investment adviser were \$8,000.

Under the Agreement, the investment adviser receives a management fee based on the following annualized rates:

Fund	Rate
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	0.250%
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	0.250

Management fees are paid monthly and accrued daily based on the average net assets of each fund.

For the fiscal years ended October 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the investment adviser earned from the funds the following management fees:

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	2024	\$1,633,000
	2023	1,581,000
	2022	1,601,000
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	2024	256,000
	2023	299,000
	2022	345,000

Principal Underwriter — Capital Client Group, Inc. (the “Principal Underwriter”) is the principal underwriter of each fund’s shares. The Principal Underwriter is located at 333 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, CA 90071; 6455 Irvine Center Drive, Irvine, CA 92618; 3500 Wiseman Boulevard, San Antonio, TX 78251; and 12811 North Meridian Street, Carmel, IN 46032.

The Principal Underwriter does not receive any compensation related to the sale of shares of the fund.

Execution of portfolio transactions

The investment adviser places orders with broker-dealers for the fund's portfolio transactions. Purchases and sales of equity securities on a securities exchange or an over-the-counter market are effected through broker-dealers who receive commissions for their services. Generally, commissions relating to securities traded on foreign exchanges will be higher than commissions relating to securities traded on U.S. exchanges and may not be subject to negotiation. Equity securities may also be purchased from underwriters at prices that include underwriting fees. Purchases and sales of fixed income securities are generally made with an issuer or a primary market maker acting as principal with no stated brokerage commission. The price paid to an underwriter for fixed income securities includes underwriting fees. Prices for fixed income securities in secondary trades usually include undisclosed compensation to the market maker reflecting the spread between the bid and ask prices for the securities.

In selecting broker-dealers, the investment adviser strives to obtain "best execution" (the most favorable total price reasonably attainable under the circumstances) for the fund's portfolio transactions, taking into account a variety of factors. These factors include the size and type of transaction, the nature and character of the markets for the security to be purchased or sold, the cost, quality, likely speed and reliability of execution and settlement, the broker-dealer's or execution venue's ability to offer liquidity and anonymity and the trade-off between market impact and opportunity costs. The investment adviser considers these factors, which involve qualitative judgments, when selecting broker-dealers and execution venues for fund portfolio transactions. The investment adviser views best execution as a process that should be evaluated over time as part of an overall relationship with particular broker-dealer firms. The investment adviser and its affiliates negotiate commission rates with broker-dealers based on what they believe is reasonably necessary to obtain best execution. They seek, on an ongoing basis, to determine what the reasonable levels of commission rates for execution services are in the marketplace, taking various considerations into account, including the extent to which a broker-dealer has put its own capital at risk, historical commission rates and commission rates that other institutional investors are paying. The fund does not consider the investment adviser as having an obligation to obtain the lowest commission rate available for a portfolio transaction to the exclusion of price, service and qualitative considerations. Brokerage commissions are only a small part of total execution costs and other factors, such as market impact and speed of execution, contribute significantly to overall transaction costs.

The investment adviser may execute portfolio transactions with broker-dealers who provide certain brokerage and/or investment research services to it but only when in the investment adviser's judgment the broker-dealer is capable of providing best execution for that transaction. The investment adviser makes decisions for procurement of research separately and distinctly from decisions on the choice of brokerage and execution services. The receipt of these research services permits the investment adviser to supplement its own research and analysis and makes available the views of, and information from, individuals and the research staffs of other firms. Such views and information may be provided in the form of written reports, telephone contacts and meetings with securities analysts. These services may include, among other things, reports and other communications with respect to individual companies, industries, countries and regions, economic, political and legal developments, as well as scheduling meetings with corporate executives and seminars and conferences related to relevant subject matters. Research services that the investment adviser receives from broker-dealers may be used by the investment adviser in servicing the fund and other funds and accounts that it advises; however, not all such services will necessarily benefit the fund.

The investment adviser bears the cost of all third-party investment research services for all client accounts it advises. However, in order to compensate certain U.S. broker-dealers for research consumed, and valued, by the investment adviser's investment professionals, the investment adviser continues to operate a limited commission sharing arrangement with commissions on equity trades for certain registered investment companies it advises. The investment adviser voluntarily reimburses such

registered investment companies for all amounts collected into the commission sharing arrangement. In order to operate the commission sharing arrangement, the investment adviser may cause such registered investment companies to pay commissions in excess of what other broker-dealers might have charged for certain portfolio transactions in recognition of brokerage and/or investment research services. In this regard, the investment adviser has adopted a brokerage allocation procedure consistent with the requirements of Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Section 28(e) permits the investment adviser and its affiliates to cause an account to pay a higher commission to a broker-dealer to compensate the broker-dealer or another service provider for certain brokerage and/or investment research services provided to the investment adviser and its affiliates, if the investment adviser and each affiliate makes a good faith determination that such commissions are reasonable in relation to the value of the services provided by such broker-dealer to the investment adviser and its affiliates in terms of that particular transaction or the investment adviser's overall responsibility to the fund and other accounts that it advises. Certain brokerage and/or investment research services may not necessarily benefit all accounts paying commissions to each such broker-dealer; therefore, the investment adviser and its affiliates assess the reasonableness of commissions in light of the total brokerage and investment research services provided to the investment adviser and its affiliates. Further, investment research services may be used by all investment associates of the investment adviser and its affiliates, regardless of whether they advise accounts with trading activity that generates eligible commissions.

In accordance with their internal brokerage allocation procedure, the investment adviser and its affiliates periodically assess the brokerage and investment research services provided by each broker-dealer and each other service provider from which they receive such services. As part of its ongoing relationships, the investment adviser and its affiliates routinely meet with firms to discuss the level and quality of the brokerage and research services provided, as well as the value and cost of such services. In valuing the brokerage and investment research services the investment adviser and its affiliates receive from broker-dealers and other research providers in connection with its good faith determination of reasonableness, the investment adviser and its affiliates take various factors into consideration, including the quantity, quality and usefulness of the services to the investment adviser and its affiliates. Based on this information and applying their judgment, the investment adviser and its affiliates set an annual research budget.

Research analysts and portfolio managers periodically participate in a research poll to determine the usefulness and value of the research provided by individual broker-dealers and research providers. Based on the results of this research poll, the investment adviser and its affiliates may, through commission sharing arrangements with certain broker-dealers, direct a portion of commissions paid to a broker-dealer by the fund and other registered investment companies managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates to be used to compensate the broker-dealer and/or other research providers for research services they provide. While the investment adviser and its affiliates may negotiate commission rates and enter into commission sharing arrangements with certain broker-dealers with the expectation that such broker-dealers will be providing brokerage and research services, none of the investment adviser, any of its affiliates or any of their clients incurs any obligation to any broker-dealer to pay for research by generating trading commissions. The investment adviser and its affiliates negotiate prices for certain research that may be paid through commission sharing arrangements or by themselves with cash.

When executing portfolio transactions in the same equity security for the funds and accounts, or portions of funds and accounts, over which the investment adviser, through its equity investment divisions, has investment discretion, each investment division within the adviser and its affiliates normally aggregates its respective purchases or sales and executes them as part of the same transaction or series of transactions. When executing portfolio transactions in the same fixed income security for the fund and the other funds or accounts over which it or one of its affiliated companies has investment discretion, the investment adviser normally aggregates such purchases or sales and executes them as part of the same transaction or series of transactions. The objective of aggregating

purchases and sales of a security is to allocate executions in an equitable manner among the funds and other accounts that have concurrently authorized a transaction in such security. The investment adviser and its affiliates serve as investment adviser for certain accounts that are designed to be substantially similar to another account. This type of account will often generate a large number of relatively small trades when it is rebalanced to its reference fund due to differing cash flows or when the account is initially started up. The investment adviser may not aggregate program trades or electronic list trades executed as part of this process. Non-aggregated trades performed for these accounts will be allocated entirely to that account. This is done only when the investment adviser believes doing so will not have a material impact on the price or quality of other transactions.

The investment adviser currently owns a minority interest in IEX Group and alternative trading systems, Luminex ATS and Level ATS (through a minority interest in their common parent holding company). The investment adviser, or brokers with which the investment adviser places orders, may place orders on these or other exchanges or alternative trading systems in which it, or one of its affiliates, has an ownership interest, provided such ownership interest is less than five percent of the total ownership interests in the entity. The investment adviser is subject to the same best execution obligations when trading on any such exchange or alternative trading systems.

Purchase and sale transactions may be effected directly among and between certain funds or accounts advised by the investment adviser or its affiliates, including the fund. The investment adviser maintains cross-trade policies and procedures and places a cross-trade only when such a trade is in the best interest of all participating clients and is not prohibited by the participating funds' or accounts' investment management agreement or applicable law.

The investment adviser may place orders for the fund's portfolio transactions with broker-dealers who have sold shares of the funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliated companies; however, it does not consider whether a broker-dealer has sold shares of the funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliated companies when placing any such orders for the fund's portfolio transactions.

Purchases and sales of futures contracts for the fund will be effected through executing brokers and FCMs that specialize in the types of futures contracts that the fund expects to hold. The investment adviser will use reasonable efforts to choose executing brokers and FCMs capable of providing the services necessary to obtain the most favorable price and execution available. The full range and quality of services available will be considered in making these determinations. The investment adviser will monitor the executing brokers and FCMs used for purchases and sales of futures contracts for their ability to execute trades based on many factors, such as the sizes of the orders, the difficulty of executions, the operational facilities of the firm involved and other factors.

Forward currency contracts are traded directly between currency traders (usually large commercial banks) and their customers. The cost to the fund of engaging in such contracts varies with factors such as the currency involved, the length of the contract period and the market conditions then prevailing. Because such contracts are entered into on a principal basis, their prices usually include undisclosed compensation to the market maker reflecting the spread between the bid and ask prices for the contracts. The fund may incur additional fees in connection with the purchase or sale of certain contracts.

No brokerage commissions were paid by the fund on portfolio transactions for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

The series is required to disclose information regarding investments in the securities of its "regular" broker-dealers (or parent companies of its regular broker-dealers) that derive more than 15% of their revenue from broker-dealer, underwriter or investment adviser activities. A regular broker-dealer is (a) one of the 10 broker-dealers that received from the series the largest amount of brokerage

commissions by participating, directly or indirectly, in the series' portfolio transactions during the series' most recently completed fiscal year; (b) one of the 10 broker-dealers that engaged as principal in the largest dollar amount of portfolio transactions of the series during the series' most recently completed fiscal year; or (c) one of the 10 broker-dealers that sold the largest amount of securities of the series during the series' most recently completed fiscal year.

At the end of the fund's most recent fiscal year, the fund did not hold securities of any of its regular broker-dealers.

Disclosure of portfolio holdings

The fund's investment adviser, on behalf of the fund, has adopted policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of information about fund portfolio securities. These policies and procedures have been reviewed by the fund's board of trustees and compliance will be periodically assessed by the board in connection with reporting from the fund's Chief Compliance Officer.

Under these policies and procedures, each fund's complete list of portfolio holdings available for public disclosure, dated as of the end of each calendar quarter, is permitted to be posted on the funds' website (capitalgrouppcsfunds.com) no earlier than the 10th day after such calendar quarter. The publicly disclosed portfolio may exclude certain securities when deemed to be in the best interest of the fund as permitted by applicable regulations. In addition, each fund's list of top ten portfolio holdings measured by percentage of net assets invested, dated as of the end of each calendar month, is permitted to be posted on the funds' website no earlier than the 10th day after such month. Such portfolio holdings information may then be disclosed to any person pursuant to an ongoing arrangement to disclose portfolio holdings information to such person no earlier than one day after the day on which the information is posted on the funds' website. The investment adviser may disclose individual holdings more frequently on the fund's website if it determines it is in the best interest of the funds.

Certain intermediaries are provided additional information about the fund's management team, including information on the fund's portfolio securities they have selected. This information is provided to larger intermediaries that require the information to make the fund available for investment on the firm's platform. Intermediaries receiving the information are required to keep it confidential and use it only to analyze the fund.

The fund's custodian, outside counsel, auditor, financial printers, proxy voting and class action claims processing service providers, pricing information vendors, consultants or agents operating under a contract with the investment adviser or its affiliates and co-litigants (such as in connection with a bankruptcy proceeding related to a fund holding), each of which requires portfolio holdings information for legitimate business and fund oversight purposes, may receive fund portfolio holdings information earlier. See the "General information" section in this statement of additional information for further information about the fund's custodian, outside counsel and auditor.

Affiliated persons of the fund, including officers of the fund and employees of the investment adviser and its affiliates, who receive portfolio holdings information are subject to restrictions and limitations on the use and handling of such information pursuant to applicable codes of ethics, including requirements not to trade in securities based on confidential and proprietary investment information, to maintain the confidentiality of such information, and to pre-clear securities trades and report securities transactions activity, as applicable. For more information on these restrictions and limitations, please see the "Code of ethics" section in this statement of additional information and the Code of Ethics. Third-party service providers of the fund, and other entities as described in this statement of additional information, receiving such information are subject to confidentiality obligations and obligations that would prohibit them from trading in securities based on such information. When portfolio holdings information is disclosed other than through the funds' website to persons not affiliated with the fund (which, as described above, would typically occur no earlier than one day after the day on which the information is made available), such persons will be bound by agreements (including confidentiality agreements) or fiduciary or other obligations that restrict and limit their use of the information to legitimate business uses only. None of the fund nor its investment adviser or any of their affiliates receives compensation or other consideration in connection with the disclosure of information about portfolio securities.

Subject to board policies, the authority to disclose a fund's portfolio holdings, and to establish policies with respect to such disclosure, resides with the investment adviser. In exercising its authority, the investment adviser determines whether disclosure of information about a fund's portfolio securities is appropriate and in the best interest of fund shareholders. The investment adviser has implemented policies and procedures to address conflicts of interest that may arise from the disclosure of fund holdings. For example, the investment adviser's code of ethics specifically requires, among other things, the safeguarding of information about fund holdings and contains prohibitions designed to prevent the personal use of confidential, proprietary investment information in a way that would conflict with fund transactions. In addition, the investment adviser believes that its current policy of not selling portfolio holdings information and not disclosing such information to unaffiliated third parties until such holdings have been made public on the funds' website (other than to certain service providers of the fund for legitimate business and fund oversight purposes) helps reduce potential conflicts of interest between fund shareholders and the investment adviser and its affiliates.

The fund's investment adviser and its affiliates provide investment advice to individuals and financial intermediaries that have investment objectives that may be substantially similar to those of the funds. These clients also may have portfolios consisting of holdings substantially similar to those of a fund and generally have access to current portfolio holdings information for their accounts. These clients do not owe the fund's investment adviser or a fund a duty of confidentiality with respect to disclosure of their portfolio holdings.

Price of shares

Shares are purchased at the offering price or sold at the net asset value price next determined after the purchase or sell order is received by the series or the Transfer Agent provided that your request contains all information and legal documentation necessary to process the transaction. The Transfer Agent may accept written orders for the sale of fund shares on a future date. These orders are subject to the Transfer Agent's policies, which generally allow shareholders to provide a written request to sell shares at the net asset value on a specified date no more than five business days after receipt of the order by the Transfer Agent. Any request to sell shares on a future date will be rejected if the request is not in writing, if the requested transaction date is more than five business days after the Transfer Agent receives the request or if the request does not contain all information and legal documentation necessary to process the transaction.

The offering or net asset value price is effective for orders received prior to the time of determination of the net asset value and, in the case of orders placed with dealers or their authorized designees, accepted by the Principal Underwriter, the Transfer Agent, a dealer or any of their designees. In the case of orders sent directly to the fund or the Transfer Agent, an investment dealer should be indicated. The dealer is responsible for promptly transmitting purchase and sell orders to the Principal Underwriter.

Prices listed do not always indicate prices at which you will be purchasing and redeeming shares of the fund, since such prices generally reflect the previous day's closing price, while purchases and redemptions are made at the next calculated price. The price you pay for shares, the offering price, is based on the net asset value per share, which is calculated once daily as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange, normally 4 p.m. New York time, each day the New York Stock Exchange is open. If the New York Stock Exchange makes a scheduled (e.g., the day after Thanksgiving) or an unscheduled close prior to 4 p.m. New York time, the net asset value of the fund will be determined at approximately the time the New York Stock Exchange closes on that day. If on such a day market quotations and prices from third-party pricing services are not based as of the time of the early close of the New York Stock Exchange but are as of a later time (up to approximately 4 p.m. New York time), for example because the market remains open after the close of the New York Stock Exchange, those later market quotations and prices will be used in determining the fund's net asset value.

Orders in good order received after the New York Stock Exchange closes (scheduled or unscheduled) will be processed at the net asset value (plus any applicable sales charge) calculated on the following business day. The New York Stock Exchange is currently closed on weekends and on the following holidays: New Year's Day; Martin Luther King Jr. Day; Presidents' Day; Good Friday; Memorial Day; Juneteenth National Independence Day; Independence Day; Labor Day; Thanksgiving Day; and Christmas Day. Each fund has a separately calculated net asset value (and share price).

Orders received by the investment dealer or authorized designee, the Transfer Agent or the series after the time of the determination of the net asset value will be entered at the next calculated offering price. Note that investment dealers, other intermediaries or Capital Group Private Client Services investment counselors may have their own rules about share transactions and may have earlier cut-off times than those of the series. For more information about how to purchase through your intermediary, contact your intermediary directly. For more information about how to purchase through Capital Group Private Client Services investment counselors, contact your Capital Group Private Client Services investment counselor directly.

All portfolio securities of funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company (other than American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund) are valued, and the net asset values per share

are determined, as indicated below. The fund follows standard industry practice by typically reflecting changes in its holdings of portfolio securities on the first business day following a portfolio trade.

Equity securities, including depositary receipts, exchange-traded funds, and certain convertible preferred stocks that trade on an exchange or market, are generally valued at the official closing price of, or the last reported sale price on, the exchange or market on which such securities are traded, as of the close of business on the day the securities are being valued or, lacking any sales, at the last available bid price. Prices for each security are taken from the principal exchange or market on which the security trades.

Fixed income securities, including short-term securities, are generally valued at evaluated prices obtained from third-party pricing vendors. Vendors value such securities based on one or more inputs that may include, among other things, benchmark yields, transactions, bids, offers, quotations from dealers and trading systems, new issues, underlying equity of the issuer, interest rate volatilities, spreads and other relationships observed in the markets among comparable securities and proprietary pricing models such as yield measures calculated using factors such as cash flows, prepayment information, default rates, delinquency and loss assumptions, financial or collateral characteristics or performance, credit enhancements, liquidation value calculations, specific deal information and other reference data.

Forward currency contracts are valued based on the spot and forward exchange rates obtained from a third-party pricing vendor.

Futures contracts are generally valued at the official settlement price of, or the last reported sale price on, the principal exchange or market on which such instruments are traded, as of the close of business on the day the contracts are being valued or, lacking any sales, at the last available bid price.

Swaps, including interest rate swaps, total return swaps and positions in credit default swap indices, are generally valued using evaluated prices obtained from third-party pricing vendors who calculate these values based on market inputs that may include yields of the indices referenced in the instrument and the relevant curve, dealer quotes, default probabilities and recovery rates, other reference data, and terms of the contract.

Options are valued using market quotations or valuations provided by one or more pricing vendors. Similar to futures, options may also be valued at the official settlement price if listed on an exchange.

Securities and other assets for which representative market quotations are not readily available or are considered unreliable by the investment adviser are fair-valued as determined in good faith under fair value guidelines adopted by the investment adviser and approved by the series' board. Subject to board oversight, the series' board has designated the fund's investment adviser to make fair valuation determinations, which are directed by a valuation committee established by the fund's investment adviser. The board receives regular reports describing fair-valued securities and the valuation methods used.

As a general principle, these guidelines consider relevant company, market and other data and considerations to determine the price that the fund might reasonably expect to receive if such fair valued securities were sold in an orderly transaction. Fair valuations may differ materially from valuations that would have been used had greater market activity occurred. The valuation committee considers relevant indications of value that are reasonably and timely available to it in determining the fair value to be assigned to a particular security, such as the type and cost of the security, restrictions on resale of the security, relevant financial or business developments of the issuer, actively traded similar or related securities, conversion or exchange rights on the security, related corporate actions, significant events occurring after the close of trading in the security and changes in overall market

conditions. The valuation committee employs additional fair value procedures to address issues related to equity securities that trade principally in markets outside the United States. Such securities may trade in markets that open and close at different times, reflecting time zone differences. If significant events occur after the close of a market (and before the fund's net asset values are next determined) which affect the value of equity securities held in the fund's portfolio, appropriate adjustments from closing market prices may be made to reflect these events. Events of this type could include, for example, earthquakes and other natural disasters or significant price changes in other markets (e.g., U.S. stock markets).

Assets and liabilities, including investment securities, denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars are translated into U.S. dollars, prior to the next determination of the net asset value of the fund's shares, at the exchange rates obtained from a third-party pricing vendor.

Taxes and distributions

Disclaimer: Some of the following information may not apply to certain shareholders, including those holding fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as a retirement plan. Shareholders should consult their tax advisers about the application of federal, state and local tax law in light of their particular situation.

Taxation as a regulated investment company — The fund intends to qualify each year as a “regulated investment company” under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”) so that it will not be liable for federal tax on income and capital gains distributed to shareholders. In order to qualify as regulated investment companies, and avoid being subject to federal income taxes, the fund intends to distribute substantially all of its net investment income and realized net capital gains on a fiscal year basis, and intend to comply with other tests applicable to regulated investment companies under Subchapter M.

The Code includes savings provisions allowing the fund to cure inadvertent failures certain qualification tests required under Subchapter M. However, should the fund fail to qualify under Subchapter M, the fund would be subject to federal, and possibly state, corporate taxes on its taxable income and gains.

Amounts not distributed by the fund on a timely basis in accordance with the calendar year distribution requirement may be subject to a nondeductible 4% excise tax. Unless an applicable exception applies, to avoid the tax, the fund must distribute during each calendar year an amount equal to the sum of (a) at least 98% of its ordinary income (not taking into account any capital gains or losses) for the calendar year, (b) at least 98.2% of its capital gains in excess of its capital losses for the twelve-month period ending on October 31, and (c) all ordinary income and capital gains for previous years that were not distributed during such years and on which the fund paid no U.S. federal income tax.

Dividends paid by the fund from ordinary income or from an excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss are taxable to shareholders as ordinary income dividends. Shareholders of the fund that are individuals and meet certain holding period requirements with respect to their fund shares may be eligible for reduced tax rates on “qualified dividend income,” if any, distributed by the fund to such shareholders.

The fund may declare a capital gain distribution consisting of the entire excess of net realized long-term capital gains over net realized short-term capital losses. Net capital gains for a fiscal year are computed by taking into account any capital loss carryforward of the fund.

The fund may retain a portion of net capital gain for reinvestment and may elect to treat such capital gain as having been distributed to shareholders of the fund. Shareholders may receive a credit for the tax that the fund paid on such undistributed net capital gain and could increase the basis of their shares of the fund by the difference between the amount of includible gains and the tax deemed paid by the shareholder.

Distributions of net capital gain that the fund properly reports as a capital gain dividend generally will be taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of the length of time the shares of the fund have been held by a shareholder. Any loss realized upon the redemption of shares held at the time of redemption for six months or less from the date of their purchase will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any net realized long-term capital gains (including any undistributed amounts treated as distributed capital gains, as described above) during such six-month period.

Distributions by the fund result in a reduction in the net asset value of the fund's shares. Investors should consider the tax implications of buying shares just prior to a distribution. The price of shares purchased at that time includes the amount of the forthcoming distribution. Those purchasing just prior to a distribution will subsequently receive a partial return of their investment capital upon payment of the distribution, which will be taxable to them.

Certain distributions reported by the fund as Section 163(j) interest dividends may be treated as interest income by shareholders for purposes of the tax rules applicable to interest expense limitations under Section 163(j) of the Code. Such treatment by the shareholder is generally subject to holding period requirements and other potential limitations, although the holding period requirements are generally not applicable to dividends declared by money market funds and certain other funds that declare dividends daily and pay such dividends on a monthly or more frequent basis. The amount that the fund is eligible to report as a Section 163(j) dividend for a tax year is generally limited to the excess of the fund's business interest income over the sum of the fund's (i) business interest expense and (ii) other deductions properly allocable to the fund's business interest income.

Individuals (and certain other non-corporate entities) are generally eligible for a 20% deduction with respect to taxable ordinary REIT dividends through 2025. Applicable Treasury regulations allow the fund to pass through to its shareholders such taxable ordinary REIT dividends. Accordingly, individual (and certain other non-corporate) shareholders of the fund that have received such taxable ordinary REIT dividends may be able to take advantage of this 20% deduction with respect to any such amounts passed through.

Redemptions and exchanges of fund shares — Redemptions of shares, including exchanges for shares of other Capital Group Private Client Services Funds, may result in federal, state and local tax consequences (gain or loss) to the shareholder.

Any loss realized on a redemption or exchange of shares of the fund will be disallowed to the extent substantially identical shares are reacquired within the 61-day period beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after the shares are disposed of. Any loss disallowed under this rule will be added to the shareholder's tax basis in the new shares purchased.

Tax consequences applicable to tax-exempt funds — Interest on the municipal securities purchased by the funds are believed to be free from regular federal income tax based on opinions issued by bond counsel. However, there is no guarantee that the opinion is correct or that the IRS will agree with the opinion. If interest on a municipal security is not free from regular federal income tax, then the interest on that security would become taxable. If this were to happen, dividends derived from this interest may be taxable to shareholders.

By meeting certain requirements of the Code, the funds qualify to pay exempt-interest dividends to shareholders. These exempt-interest dividends are derived from interest income exempt from regular federal income tax, and are not subject to regular federal income tax when they are distributed to fund shareholders. In addition, to the extent that exempt-interest dividends are derived from interest on obligations of a state or its political subdivisions, or from interest on qualifying U.S. territorial obligations (including qualifying obligations of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands or Guam), they also may be exempt from that state's personal income taxes.

Distributions paid by a tax-exempt fund that are designated as exempt-interest dividends will not be subject to regular federal income tax. Exempt-interest dividends paid by the fund will be reported to both the IRS and shareholders of the fund.

Private activity bonds are bonds that, although federally tax-exempt, are used for purposes other than those generally performed by governmental units and that benefit non-governmental entities. Interest

on certain private activity bonds, while exempt from regular federal income tax, is a preference item for taxpayers when determining their alternative minimum tax under the Code and under the income tax provisions of several states.

The price of a bond purchased after its original issuance may reflect market discount which, depending on the particular circumstances, may result in the fund recognizing taxable ordinary income. In determining whether a bond is purchased with market discount, certain de minimis rules apply.

Tax consequences of investing in non-U.S. securities — Dividend and interest income received by a fund from sources outside the United States may be subject to withholding and other taxes imposed by such foreign jurisdictions. Tax conventions between certain countries and the United States, however, may reduce or eliminate these foreign taxes. Some foreign countries impose taxes on capital gains with respect to investments by foreign investors.

If more than 50% of the value of the total assets of the fund at the close of the taxable year consists of securities of foreign corporations, the fund may elect to pass through to shareholders the foreign taxes paid by the fund. If such an election is made, shareholders may claim a credit or deduction on their federal income tax returns for, and will be required to treat as part of the amounts distributed to them, their pro rata portion of qualified taxes paid by the fund to foreign countries. The application of the foreign tax credit depends upon the particular circumstances of each shareholder.

Foreign currency gains and losses, including the portion of gain or loss on the sale of debt securities attributable to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, are generally taxable as ordinary income or loss. These gains or losses may increase or decrease the amount of dividends payable by the fund to shareholders. A fund may elect to treat gain and loss on certain foreign currency contracts as capital gain and loss instead of ordinary income or loss.

If the fund invests in stock of certain passive foreign investment companies (PFICs), the fund intends to mark-to-market these securities and recognize any gains at the end of its fiscal and excise tax years. Deductions for losses are allowable only to the extent of any previously recognized gains. Both gains and losses will be treated as ordinary income or loss, and the fund is required to distribute any resulting income. If the fund is unable to identify an investment as a PFIC security and thus does not make a timely mark-to-market election, the fund may be subject to adverse tax consequences.

Discount — Certain bonds acquired by the fund, such as zero coupon bonds, may be treated as bonds that were originally issued at a discount. Original issue discount represents interest for federal income tax purposes and is generally defined as the difference between the price at which a bond was issued (or the price at which it was deemed issued for federal income tax purposes) and its stated redemption price at maturity. Original issue discount is treated for federal income tax purposes as tax exempt income earned by a fund over the term of the bond, and therefore is subject to the distribution requirements of the Code. The annual amount of income earned on such a bond by a fund generally is determined on the basis of a constant yield to maturity which takes into account the semiannual compounding of accrued interest (including original issue discount). Certain bonds acquired by the fund may also provide for contingent interest and/or principal. In such a case, rules similar to those for original issue discount bonds would require the accrual of income based on an assumed yield that may exceed the actual interest payments on the bond.

Some of the bonds may be acquired by a fund on the secondary market at a discount which exceeds the original issue discount, if any, on such bonds. This additional discount constitutes market discount for federal income tax purposes. Any gain recognized on the disposition of any bond having market discount generally will be treated as taxable ordinary income to the extent it does not exceed the accrued market discount on such bond (unless a fund elects to include market discount in income in

the taxable years to which it is attributable). Realized accrued market discount on obligations that pay tax-exempt interest is nonetheless taxable. Generally, market discount accrues on a daily basis for each day the bond is held by a fund at a constant rate over the time remaining to the bond's maturity. In the case of any debt instrument having a fixed maturity date of not more than one year from date of issue, the gain realized on disposition will be treated as short-term capital gain. Some of the bonds acquired by a fund with a fixed maturity date of one year or less from the date of their issuance may be treated as having original issue discount or, in certain cases, "acquisition discount" (generally, the excess of a bond's stated redemption price at maturity over its acquisition price). A fund will be required to include any such original issue discount or acquisition discount in taxable ordinary income. The rate at which such acquisition discount and market discount accrues, and is thus included in a fund's investment company taxable income, will depend upon which of the permitted accrual methods the fund elects.

Other tax considerations — After the end of each calendar year, individual shareholders holding fund shares in taxable accounts will receive a statement of the federal income tax status of all distributions. Shareholders of the fund also may be subject to state and local taxes on distributions received from the fund.

For fund shares acquired on or after January 1, 2012, the fund is required to report cost basis information for redemptions, including exchanges, to both shareholders and the IRS.

Under the backup withholding provisions of the Code, the fund generally will be required to withhold federal income tax on all payments made to a shareholder if the shareholder either does not furnish the fund with the shareholder's correct taxpayer identification number or fails to certify that the shareholder is not subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding also applies if the IRS notifies the shareholder or the fund that the taxpayer identification number provided by the shareholder is incorrect or that the shareholder has previously failed to properly report interest or dividend income.

The foregoing discussion of U.S. federal income tax law relates solely to the application of that law to U.S. persons (i.e., U.S. citizens and legal residents and U.S. corporations, partnerships, trusts and estates). Each shareholder who is not a U.S. person should consider the U.S. and foreign tax consequences of ownership of shares of the fund, including the possibility that such a shareholder may be subject to U.S. withholding taxes.

Tax consequences of investing in derivatives — The fund may enter into transactions involving derivatives, such as futures, swaps, options and forward contracts. Special tax rules may apply to these types of transactions that could defer losses to the fund, accelerate the fund's income, alter the holding period of certain securities or change the classification of capital gains. These tax rules may therefore impact the amount, timing and character of fund distributions.

Purchase and exchange of shares

Shares of the fund are available to clients of Capital Group Private Client Services, Inc. ("CGPCS"), the series' trustees and officers, and the fund's portfolio managers. Shares may be made available to other individuals if the investment adviser determines it is appropriate. Clients of CGPCS may exchange the shares of the fund for those of any other fund(s) managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates. As described in the fund's prospectus, please contact your CGPCS investment counselor or the fund's Transfer Agent to purchase or exchange shares.

Selling shares

The methods for selling (redeeming) shares are described more fully in the prospectus. If you wish to sell your shares, please contact your Capital Group Private Client Services investment counselor or the fund's Transfer Agent.

A signature guarantee may be required for certain redemptions. In such an event, your signature may be guaranteed by a domestic stock exchange or the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, bank, savings association or credit union that is an eligible guarantor institution. The Transfer Agent reserves the right to require a signature guarantee on any redemptions.

Additional documentation may be required for sales of shares held in corporate, partnership or fiduciary accounts.

Redemption proceeds will not be mailed until sufficient time has passed to provide reasonable assurance that checks or drafts (including certified or cashier's checks) for shares purchased have cleared (normally seven business days from the purchase date). Except for delays relating to clearance of checks for share purchases or in extraordinary circumstances (and as permissible under the 1940 Act), the fund typically expects to pay redemption proceeds one business day following receipt and acceptance of a redemption order. Interest will not accrue or be paid on amounts that represent uncashed distribution or redemption checks.

Redemption of shares — The series' declaration of trust permits the series to direct the Transfer Agent to redeem the shares of any shareholder for their then current net asset value per share if at such time the shareholder of record owns shares having an aggregate net asset value of less than the minimum initial investment amount required of new shareholders as set forth in the trust's current registration statement under the 1940 Act, and subject to such further terms and conditions as the board of trustees of the series may from time to time adopt.

While payment of redemptions normally will be in cash, the series' declaration of trust permits payment of the redemption price wholly or partly with portfolio securities or other fund assets under conditions and circumstances determined by the series' board of trustees. For example, redemptions could be made in this manner if the board determined that making payments wholly in cash over a particular period would be unfair and/or harmful to other fund shareholders.

Frequent trading of fund shares — As noted in the prospectus, certain redemptions may trigger a restriction under the fund's "frequent trading policy." Under this policy, systematic redemptions will not trigger a restriction and systematic purchases will not be prevented if the transaction is identified as a systematic redemption or purchase. For purposes of this policy, systematic redemptions include, for example, regular periodic automatic redemptions. Systematic purchases include, for example, regular periodic automatic purchases and automatic reinvestments of dividends and capital gain distributions. Generally, purchases and redemptions will not be considered "systematic" unless the transaction is prescheduled for a specific date.

Potentially abusive activity — American Funds Service Company will monitor for the types of activity that could potentially be harmful to the fund — for example, short-term trading activity in multiple funds. When identified, American Funds Service Company will request that the shareholder discontinue the activity. If the activity continues, American Funds Service Company will freeze the shareholder account to prevent all activity other than redemptions of fund shares.

Account statements — Your account is opened in accordance with your registration instructions. Transactions in the account, such as additional investments, will be reflected on regular confirmation

statements from the Transfer Agent. Dividend and capital gain reinvestments and purchases through certain retirement plans will be confirmed at least quarterly.

Capitalgroup.com — You may check your share balance and the price of your shares using capitalgroup.com.

Telephone purchases, redemptions and exchanges — By using the telephone purchase, redemption and/or exchange options, you agree to hold the fund, the Transfer Agent, any of its affiliates or mutual funds managed by such affiliates, and each of their respective directors, trustees, officers, employees and agents harmless from any losses, expenses, costs or liabilities (including attorney fees) that may be incurred in connection with the exercise of these privileges. Generally, all shareholders are automatically eligible to use these services. However, you may elect to opt out of these services by writing the Transfer Agent (you may also reinstate them at any time by writing the Transfer Agent). If the Transfer Agent does not employ reasonable procedures to confirm that the instructions received from any person with appropriate account information are genuine, it and/or the fund may be liable for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. In the event that shareholders are unable to reach the fund by telephone because of technical difficulties, market conditions or a natural disaster, redemption and exchange requests may be made in writing only.

Share certificates — Shares are credited to your account. The fund does not issue share certificates.

General information

Custodian of assets — Securities and cash owned by the fund, including proceeds from the sale of shares of the fund and of securities in the fund's portfolios, are held by State Street Bank and Trust Company, as custodian. If the fund holds securities of issuers outside the United States, the custodian may hold these securities pursuant to subcustodial arrangements in banks outside the United States or branches of U.S. banks outside the United States. The principal office of State Street Bank and Trust Company is located at One Lincoln Street, Boston, MA 02111.

Transfer agent services — American Funds Service Company, an affiliate of the investment adviser, maintains the records of shareholder accounts, processes purchases and redemptions of the fund's shares, acts as dividend and capital gain distribution disbursing agent, and performs other related shareholder service functions. The principal office of American Funds Service Company is located at 6455 Irvine Center Drive, Irvine, CA 92618. Transfer agent fees are paid according to a fee schedule, based on the number of accounts serviced or a percentage of fund assets, contained in a Shareholder Services Agreement between the fund and American Funds Service Company.

In the case of certain shareholder accounts, third parties who may be unaffiliated with the investment adviser provide transfer agency and shareholder services in place of American Funds Service Company. These services are rendered under agreements with American Funds Service Company or its affiliates and the third parties receive compensation according to such agreements. Compensation for transfer agency and shareholder services, whether paid to American Funds Service Company or such third parties, is ultimately paid from fund assets and is reflected in the expenses of the fund as disclosed in the prospectus.

During the 2024 fiscal year, transfer agent fees, gross of any payments made by American Funds Service Company to third parties, were:

	Transfer agent fee
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	\$13,000
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	2,000

Independent registered public accounting firm — PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 601 South Figueroa Street, Los Angeles, CA 90017, serves as the fund's independent registered public accounting firm, providing audit services, preparation of tax returns and review of certain documents to be filed with the SEC. The financial statements and financial highlights of the fund included in this statement of additional information that are from the fund's Form N-CSR for the most recent fiscal year have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing herein. Such financial statements and financial highlights are included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing. The selection of the fund's independent registered public accounting firm is reviewed and determined annually by the board of trustees.

Independent legal counsel — Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP, One Federal Street, Boston, MA 02110-1726, serves as independent legal counsel ("counsel") for the fund and for independent trustees in their capacities as such. A determination with respect to the independence of the fund's counsel will be made at least annually by the independent trustees of the fund, as prescribed by the 1940 Act and related rules.

Prospectuses, reports to shareholders and proxy statements — The fund's fiscal year ends on October 31. Shareholders are provided updated summary prospectuses annually and at least semi-annually with reports showing the fund's expenses, key statistics, holdings information and investment results (annual report only). Shareholders may request a copy of the fund's current prospectus at no cost by calling (800) 421-4996. Shareholders may also access the fund's current summary prospectus, prospectus, statement of additional information and shareholder reports at capitalgroupcpfunds.com. The fund's annual financial statements are audited by the fund's

independent registered public accounting firm, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLC. In addition, shareholders may also receive proxy statements for the fund. In an effort to reduce the volume of mail shareholders receive from the fund when a household owns more than one account, the Transfer Agent has taken steps to eliminate duplicate mailings of summary prospectuses, shareholder reports and proxy statements. To receive additional copies of a summary prospectus, report or proxy statement, shareholders should contact the Transfer Agent.

Codes of ethics — The series and Capital Research and Management Company and its affiliated companies, including the fund's Principal Underwriter, have adopted codes of ethics that allow for personal investments, including securities in which the fund may invest from time to time. These codes include a ban on acquisitions of securities pursuant to an initial public offering; restrictions on acquisitions of private placement securities; preclearance and reporting requirements; review of duplicate confirmation statements; annual recertification of compliance with codes of ethics; blackout periods on personal investing for certain investment personnel; ban on short-term trading profits for investment personnel; limitations on service as a director of publicly traded companies; disclosure of personal securities transactions; and policies regarding political contributions.

Other information — The trust reserves the right to modify the privileges described in this statement of additional information at any time.

The fund's financial statements, including the investment portfolio and the report of the fund's independent registered public accounting firm contained in the annual report, are included in this statement of additional information.

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Determination of net asset value and redemption price — October 31, 2024

Net asset value and redemption price per share (Net assets divided by shares outstanding)	\$10.23
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Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

Determination of net asset value and redemption price — October 31, 2024

Net asset value and redemption price per share (Net assets divided by shares outstanding)	\$9.99
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Fund numbers — Here are the fund numbers for use when making share transactions:

Fund	Fund numbers
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	40119
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	40120
Capital Group U.S. Equity Fund	40124

Appendix

The following descriptions of debt security ratings are based on information provided by Moody's Investors Service and S&P Global Ratings.

Description of bond ratings

Moody's

Municipal long-term rating definitions

Aaa

Obligations rated Aaa are judged to be of the highest quality, subject to the lowest level of credit risk.

Aa

Obligations rated Aa are judged to be of high quality and are subject to very low credit risk.

A

Obligations rated A are considered upper-medium grade and are subject to low credit risk.

Baa

Obligations rated Baa are judged to be medium grade and subject to moderate credit risk and as such may possess certain speculative characteristics.

Ba

Obligations rated Ba are judged to be speculative and are subject to substantial credit risk.

B

Obligations rated B are considered speculative and are subject to high credit risk.

Caa

Obligations rated Caa are judged to be speculative and of poor standing and are subject to very high credit risk.

Ca

Obligations rated Ca are highly speculative and are likely in, or very near, default, with some prospect of recovery of principal and interest.

C

Obligations rated C are the lowest rated and are typically in default, with little prospect for recovery of principal or interest.

Note: Moody's appends numerical modifiers 1, 2 and 3 to each generic rating classification from Aa through Caa. The modifier 1 indicates that the obligation ranks in the higher end of its generic rating category; the modifier 2 indicates a mid-range ranking; and the modifier 3 indicates a ranking in the lower end of that generic rating category. Additionally, a "(hyb)" indicator is appended to all ratings of hybrid securities issued by banks, insurers, finance companies and securities firms.

S&P Global Ratings
Long-term issue credit ratings

AAA

An obligation rated AAA has the highest rating assigned by S&P Global Ratings. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is extremely strong.

AA

An obligation rated AA differs from the highest-rated obligations only to a small degree. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is very strong.

A

An obligation rated A is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher-rated categories. However, the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is still strong.

BBB

An obligation rated BBB exhibits adequate protection parameters. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to weaken the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

BB, B, CCC, CC, and C

Obligations rated BB, B, CCC, CC, and C are regarded as having significant speculative characteristics. BB indicates the least degree of speculation and C the highest. While such obligations will likely have some quality and protective characteristics, these may be outweighed by large uncertainties or major exposures to adverse conditions.

BB

An obligation rated BB is less vulnerable to nonpayment than other speculative issues. However, it faces major ongoing uncertainties or exposure to adverse business, financial, or economic conditions which could lead to the obligor's inadequate capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

B

An obligation rated B is more vulnerable to nonpayment than obligations rated BB, but the obligor currently has the capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation. Adverse business, financial, or economic conditions will likely impair the obligor's capacity or willingness to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

CCC

An obligation rated CCC is currently vulnerable to nonpayment and is dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions for the obligor to meet its financial commitments on the obligation. In the event of adverse business, financial, or economic conditions, the obligor is not likely to have the capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

CC

An obligation rated CC is currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment. The CC rating is used when a default has not occurred, but S&P Global Ratings expects default to be a virtual certainty, regardless of the anticipated time to default.

C

An obligation rated C is currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment, and the obligation is expected to have lower relative seniority or lower ultimate recovery compared with obligations that are rated higher.

D

An obligation rated D is in default or in breach of an imputed promise. For non-hybrid capital instruments, the D rating category is used when payments on an obligation are not made on the date due, unless S&P Global Ratings believes that such payments will be made within the next five business days in the absence of a stated grace period or within the earlier of the stated grace period or the next 30 calendar days. The D rating also will be used upon the filing of a bankruptcy petition or the taking of similar action and where default on an obligation is a virtual certainty, for example due to automatic stay provisions. A rating on an obligation is lowered to D if it is subject to a distressed debt restructuring.

Plus (+) or minus (–)

The ratings from AA to CCC may be modified by the addition of a plus or minus sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

NR

Indicates that a rating has not been assigned or is no longer assigned.

Description of note ratings

Moody's

Municipal short-term debt ratings

MIG 1

This designation denotes superior credit quality. Excellent protection is afforded by established cash flows, highly reliable liquidity support, or demonstrated broad-based access to the market for refinancing.

MIG 2

This designation denotes strong credit quality. Margins of protection are ample, although not as large as in the preceding group.

MIG 3

This designation denotes acceptable credit quality. Liquidity and cash-flow protection may be narrow, and market access for refinancing is likely to be less well-established.

SG

This designation denotes speculative-grade credit quality. Debt instruments in this category may lack sufficient margins of protection.

S&P Global Ratings**Short-term issue credit ratings****SP-1**

Strong capacity to pay principal and interest. An issue determined to possess a very strong capacity to pay debt service is given a plus (+) designation.

SP-2

Satisfactory capacity to pay principal and interest, with some vulnerability to adverse financial and economic changes over the term of the notes.

SP-3

Speculative capacity to pay principal and interest.

Description of commercial paper ratings

Moody's

Global short-term rating scale

P-1

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-1 have a superior ability to repay short-term debt obligations.

P-2

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-2 have a strong ability to repay short-term debt obligations.

P-3

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-3 have an acceptable ability to repay short-term obligations.

NP

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Not Prime do not fall within any of the Prime rating categories.

S&P Global Ratings

Commercial paper ratings (highest three ratings)

A-1

A short-term obligation rated A-1 is rated in the highest category by S&P Global Ratings. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is strong. Within this category, certain obligations are designated with a plus sign (+). This indicates that the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on these obligations is extremely strong.

A-2

A short-term obligation rated A-2 is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher rating categories. However, the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is satisfactory.

A-3

A short-term obligation rated A-3 exhibits adequate protection parameters. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to weaken an obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

Fitch Ratings, Inc.
Long-term credit ratings

AAA

Highest credit quality. AAA ratings denote the lowest expectation of default risk. They are assigned only in case of exceptionally strong capacity for payment of financial commitments. This capacity is highly unlikely to be adversely affected by foreseeable events.

AA

Very high credit quality. AA ratings denote expectations of very low default risk. They indicate very strong capacity for payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.

A

High credit quality. A ratings denote expectations of low default risk. The capacity for payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be more vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions than is the case for higher ratings.

BBB

Good credit quality. BBB ratings indicate that expectations of default risk are low. The capacity for payment of financial commitments is considered adequate but adverse changes in circumstances and economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.

BB

Speculative. BB ratings indicate an elevated vulnerability to default risk, particularly in the event of adverse changes in business or economic conditions over time; however, business or financial flexibility exists which supports the servicing of financial commitments.

B

Highly speculative. B ratings indicate that material default risk is present, but a limited margin of safety remains. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is vulnerable to deterioration in the business and economic environment.

CCC

Substantial credit risk. Default is a real possibility.

CC

Very high levels of credit risk. Default of some kind appears probable.

C

Exceptionally high levels of credit risk. Default is imminent or inevitable, or the issuer is in standstill. Conditions that are indicative of a C category rating for an issuer include:

- The issuer has entered into a grace or cure period following nonpayment of a material financial obligation;
- The issuer has entered into a temporary negotiated waiver or standstill agreement following a payment default on a material financial obligation; or
- Fitch Ratings otherwise believes a condition of RD or D to be imminent or inevitable, including through the formal announcement of a distressed debt exchange.

RD

Restricted default. RD ratings indicate an issuer that in Fitch Ratings' opinion has experienced an uncured payment default on a bond, loan or other material financial obligation but which has not entered into bankruptcy filings, administration, receivership, liquidation or other formal winding up procedure, and which has not otherwise ceased operating. This would include:

- The selective payment default on a specific class or currency of debt;
- The uncured expiry of any applicable grace period, cure period or default forbearance period following a payment default on a bank loan, capital markets security or other material financial obligation;
- The extension of multiple waivers or forbearance periods upon a payment default on one or more material financial obligations, either in series or in parallel; or
- Execution of a distressed debt exchange on one or more material financial obligations.

D

Default. D ratings indicate an issuer that in Fitch Ratings' opinion has entered into bankruptcy filings, administration, receivership, liquidation or other formal winding up procedure, or which has otherwise ceased business.

Default ratings are not assigned prospectively to entities or their obligations; within this context, nonpayment on an instrument that contains a deferral feature or grace period will generally not be considered a default until after the expiration of the deferral or grace period, unless a default is otherwise driven by bankruptcy or other similar circumstance, or by a distressed debt exchange.

Imminent default typically refers to the occasion where a payment default has been intimated by the issuer, and is all but inevitable. This may, for example, be where an issuer has missed a scheduled payment, but (as is typical) has a grace period during which it may cure the payment default. Another alternative would be where an issuer has formally announced a distressed debt exchange, but the date of the exchange still lies several days or weeks in the immediate future.

In all cases, the assignment of a default rating reflects the agency's opinion as to the most appropriate rating category consistent with the rest of its universe of ratings, and may differ from the definition of default under the terms of an issuer's financial obligations or local commercial practice.

Note: The modifiers "+" or "-" may be appended to a rating to denote relative status within major rating categories. Such suffixes are not added to the AAA long-term rating category, or to categories below B.

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments 96.28%	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Alabama 0.65%		
Black Belt Energy Gas Dist., Gas Project Rev. Bonds, Series 2022-B-1, 4.00% 10/1/2025	USD4,130	\$ 4,140
California 95.28%		
Alameda Corridor Transportation Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016-A, 5.00% 10/1/2025	500	504
City of Alhambra, Insured Rev. Ref. Bonds (Atherton Baptist Homes Project), Series 2016, 5.00% 1/1/2027	630	651
Anaheim Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2002 Election, Series 2003, National insured, 0% 8/1/2028	1,000	897
Antelope Valley Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2022-C, 2016 Election, 0% 8/1/2029	1,000	869
Antelope Valley Community College Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2015, 0% 8/1/2035 (preref. 2/15/2025)	2,300	1,462
Antelope Valley Community College Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2015, 0% 8/1/2036 (preref. 2/15/2025)	2,800	1,702
Assn. of Bay Area Governments, Fin. Auth. for Nonprofit Corps., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Windemere Ranch Infrastructure Fncg. Program), Series 2014-A, 5.00% 9/2/2025	510	511
Bay Area Toll Auth., San Francisco Bay Area Toll Bridge Rev. Bonds, Series 2017-S-7, 4.00% 4/1/2031	2,040	2,076
Bay Area Toll Auth., San Francisco Bay Area Toll Bridge Rev. Bonds, Series 2001-A, (SIFMA Municipal Swap Index + 1.25%) 4.49% 4/1/2036 (put 4/1/2027) ¹	1,000	1,009
Bay Area Toll Auth., San Francisco Bay Area Toll Bridge Rev. Bonds, Series 2021-D, (SIFMA Municipal Swap Index + 0.30%) 3.54% 4/1/2056 (put 4/1/2027) ¹	1,895	1,875
Bay Area Toll Auth., San Francisco Bay Area Toll Bridge Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2024-F-2, 5.00% 4/1/2040	860	959
City of Beaumont, Wastewater Rev. Bonds, Series 2018-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 9/1/2026	500	521
Burbank Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 1997 Election, Series 2002-C, National insured, 0% 7/1/2027	1,500	1,389
California County Tobacco Securitization Agcy., Tobacco Settlement Rev. Bonds (Los Angeles County Securitization Corp.), Series 2020-A, 5.00% 6/1/2026	600	615
Trustees of the California State University, Systemwide Rev. Bonds, Series 2015-A, 5.00% 11/1/2024	500	500
Trustees of the California State University, Systemwide Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-B, 5.00% 11/1/2026	920	966
Trustees of the California State University, Systemwide Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-A, 5.00% 11/1/2027	1,040	1,117
Trustees of the California State University, Systemwide Rev. Bonds, Series 2016-A, 5.00% 11/1/2028	2,705	2,799
Trustees of the California State University, Systemwide Rev. Bonds, Series 2016-B-2, 0.55% 11/1/2049 (put 11/1/2026)	1,980	1,832
Cerritos Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2004 Election, Series 2012-D, 0% 8/1/2027	830	766
Chabot-Las Positas Community College Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016, 4.00% 8/1/2033	1,580	1,601
City of Chino, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2003-3, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2027	465	469
City of Chino, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2003-3, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2028	480	485
City of Chino, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2003-3, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2029	500	506
City of Chino, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2003-3, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2030	520	523
City of Chino, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2003-3, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2031	540	541
City of Chino, Successor Agcy. to the Redev. Agcy., Tax Allocation Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2014-A, BAM insured, 5.00% 9/1/2025	665	666
City of Chino Hills, Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Community Facs. Dist. Bond Program), Series 2019-D, 5.00% 9/1/2026	780	797
City of Chino Hills, Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Community Facs. Dist. Bond Program), Series 2019-D, 5.00% 9/1/2027	430	447
City of Chino Hills, Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Community Facs. Dist. Bond Program), Series 2019-D, 5.00% 9/1/2028	355	373
City of Chino Hills, Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Community Facs. Dist. Bond Program), Series 2019-D, 5.00% 9/1/2029	225	239
City of Chino Hills, Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Community Facs. Dist. Bond Program), Series 2019-D, 5.00% 9/1/2030	60	64
Clovis Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2004 Election, Series 2006-B, National insured, 0% 8/1/2030	1,000	839
Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (John Muir Health), Series 2024-A, 5.00% 12/1/2031	1,250	1,411
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2021-B-1, 4.00% 2/1/2052 (put 8/1/2031)	8,975	9,059
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2021-A, 4.00% 10/1/2052 (put 12/1/2027)	1,600	1,625
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2022-A-1, 4.00% 5/1/2053 (put 8/1/2028)	6,670	6,730

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2023-B-1, 5.00% 7/1/2053 (put 8/1/2029)	USD8,470	\$ 8,959
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2021-B-1, 5.00% 12/1/2053 (put 8/1/2029)	3,945	4,181
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2023-E-1, 5.00% 2/1/2054 (put 3/1/2031)	5,720	6,139
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2024-A, 5.00% 5/1/2054 (put 4/1/2032)	500	540
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2023-D, 5.50% 5/1/2054 (put 8/1/2028)	5,000	5,346
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2023-G, 5.25% 11/1/2054 (put 4/1/2030)	5,465	5,903
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2024-B, 5.00% 1/1/2055 (put 12/1/2032)	3,625	3,896
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2024-C, 5.00% 8/1/2055 (put 10/1/2032)	3,145	3,372
Compton Community College Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2029 (preref. 8/1/2025)	1,000	1,015
Compton Community College Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, 2014 Election, Series 2024-B, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2035	625	738
Compton Community College Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, 2014 Election, Series 2024-B, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2036	795	929
Compton Community College Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, 2014 Election, Series 2024-B, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2037	855	996
Compton Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2015 Election, Series 2019-B, BAM insured, 0% 6/1/2033	1,750	1,280
Corona-Norco Unified School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 05-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2016, 5.00% 9/1/2036	2,010	2,053
Davis Joint Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2018 Election, Series 2020, BAM insured, 3.00% 8/1/2034	750	713
Del Mar Union School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 99-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2019, 4.00% 9/1/2026	400	404
Del Mar Union School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 99-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2019, 5.00% 9/1/2027	880	928
Del Mar Union School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 99-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2019, 5.00% 9/1/2028	925	986
Del Mar Union School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 99-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2019, 5.00% 9/1/2029	675	726
Desert Community College Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016, 5.00% 8/1/2032 (preref. 2/1/2026)	1,885	1,938
City of Dublin, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2015-1 (Dublin Crossing), Improvement Area No. 3, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2021, 3.00% 9/1/2025	265	263
East Bay Municipal Utility Dist., Water System Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015-A, 5.00% 6/1/2027	3,550	3,596
East County Advanced Water Purification JT Powers Auth. Green Bonds, Series 2024-A-2, 5.00% 9/1/2026	4,000	4,129
East Side Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2014 Election, Series 2023-D, 5.00% 8/1/2030	570	643
Eastern Municipal Water Dist., Fin. Auth., Water and Wastewater Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020-A, 2.75% 7/1/2028	535	524
Eastern Municipal Water Dist., Water and Wastewater Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-A, 4.00% 7/1/2029	1,210	1,285
Educational Facs. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Chapman University), Series 2021-A, 5.00% 4/1/2028	1,375	1,475
City of El Centro, Fncg. Auth., Wastewater Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2014-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 10/1/2026	530	530
City of El Centro, Fncg. Auth., Wastewater Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2014-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 10/1/2027	500	500
City of El Centro, Fncg. Auth., Wastewater Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2014-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 10/1/2030	1,000	1,001
El Rancho Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2016 Election, Series 2023-D, BAM insured, 5.50% 8/1/2028	235	260
City of Elk Grove, Fin. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2015, 5.00% 9/1/2025	580	587
Elk Grove Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2016 Election, Series 2021, 2.00% 8/1/2039	500	365
Escondido Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2008 Election, Series 2009-A, 0% 8/1/2027	3,000	2,773
Etiwanda School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2016 Election, Series 2020-A, 4.00% 8/1/2029	570	601
Folsom Cordova Unified School Dist., School Facs. Improvement Dist. No. 1, G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2002 Election, Series 2004-B, National insured, 0% 10/1/2026	1,000	945
City of Fontana, Community Facs. Dist. No. 109 (Narra Hills), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2026	585	604
City of Fontana, Community Facs. Dist. No. 109 (Narra Hills), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2027	615	642
City of Fontana, Community Facs. Dist. No. 86 (Etiwanda Ridge), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2020, 4.00% 9/1/2026	100	101
City of Fontana, Community Facs. Dist. No. 86 (Etiwanda Ridge), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2020, 4.00% 9/1/2027	120	122
City of Fontana, Public Facs. Fin. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-A, 4.00% 9/1/2027	625	631
City of Fontana, Public Facs. Fin. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-A, 4.00% 9/1/2029	390	394

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
Foothill/Eastern Transportation Corridor Agcy., Toll Road Rev. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 1995-A, 0% 1/1/2025 (escrowed to maturity)	USD5,000	\$ 4,972
Foothill/Eastern Transportation Corridor Agcy., Toll Road Rev. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 1995-A, 0% 1/1/2028 (escrowed to maturity)	2,000	1,833
Foothill/Eastern Transportation Corridor Agcy., Toll Road Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-C, 5.00% 1/15/2027	350	363
Foothill/Eastern Transportation Corridor Agcy., Toll Road Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-C, 5.00% 1/15/2028	320	338
Foothill/Eastern Transportation Corridor Agcy., Toll Road Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-C, 5.00% 1/15/2029	360	386
Foothill/Eastern Transportation Corridor Agcy., Toll Road Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-C, 5.00% 1/15/2030	400	434
Foothill/Eastern Transportation Corridor Agcy., Toll Road Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-C, 5.00% 1/15/2031	470	513
Foothill-De Anza Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2006 Election, AMBAC insured, Series 2007-B, 0% 8/1/2032	1,000	786
G.O. Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 10/1/2026	1,000	1,025
G.O. Bonds, Series 2020, 4.00% 3/1/2028	750	780
G.O. Bonds, Series 2022, 5.00% 4/1/2028	1,000	1,075
G.O. Bonds, Series 2021, 5.00% 10/1/2029	2,000	2,206
G.O. Bonds, Series 2018, 5.00% 10/1/2030	1,000	1,078
G.O. Bonds, Series 2019, 5.00% 11/1/2032	1,270	1,362
G.O. Bonds, Series 2023, 5.00% 9/1/2034	7,000	8,018
G.O. Bonds, Series 2023, 5.00% 10/1/2034	2,920	3,326
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2019, 5.00% 4/1/2027	745	785
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020, 5.00% 11/1/2027	2,000	2,135
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022, 5.00% 11/1/2027	5,000	5,337
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2019, 5.00% 4/1/2028	685	736
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020, 5.00% 11/1/2028	3,420	3,716
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2017, 5.00% 11/1/2029	6,000	6,375
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2017, 5.00% 8/1/2030	1,335	1,406
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2018-C, 5.00% 8/1/2030	3,535	3,801
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021, 5.00% 9/1/2030	3,500	3,913
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2019, 5.00% 4/1/2031	3,000	3,379
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2023, 5.00% 9/1/2031	1,000	1,132
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-C, 5.00% 10/1/2031	1,000	1,133
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020, 5.00% 3/1/2032	4,000	4,403
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2007, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.25% 8/1/2032	2,000	2,284
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2035	3,000	3,442
City of Glendale, Successor Agcy. to the Redev. Agcy., Tax Allocation Rev. Ref. Bonds (Central Glendale Redev. Project), Series 2016, BAM insured, 5.00% 12/1/2024	425	425
Glendale Community College Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2016 Election, Series 2020-B, 0% 8/1/2036	1,240	783
Golden State Tobacco Securitization Corp., Enhanced Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2005-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 6/1/2025 (escrowed to maturity)	6,000	5,888
Golden State Tobacco Securitization Corp., Enhanced Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2005-A, AMBAC insured, 0% 6/1/2027 (escrowed to maturity)	1,325	1,226
Greenfield Elementary School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2006 Election, Series 2007-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 8/1/2029	1,270	1,081
City of Grossmont, Healthcare Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2006 Election, Series 2007-A, AMBAC insured, 0% 7/15/2032	1,500	1,159
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Adventist Health System/West), Series 2024-A, 5.00% 12/1/2028	1,000	1,073
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (El Camino Hospital), Series 2017, 5.00% 2/1/2025	1,000	1,004
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Episcopal Communities & Services), Series 2024-A, 3.85% 11/15/2027	1,520	1,523
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (PIH Health), Series 2020-A, 5.00% 6/1/2030	1,900	2,071
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Providence St. Joseph Health), Series 2019-B, 5.00% 10/1/2039 (put 10/1/2027)	3,135	3,264
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Scripps Health), Series 2024-A, 5.00% 11/15/2037	5,000	5,695
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Stanford Health Care), Series 2021-A, 3.00% 8/15/2054 (put 8/15/2025)	5,470	5,448
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Sutter Health), Series 2018-A, 5.00% 11/15/2025	2,620	2,670
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Sutter Health), Series 2016-A, 5.00% 11/15/2026 (preref. 11/15/2025)	300	307
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Sutter Health), Series 2018-A, 5.00% 11/15/2026	2,300	2,405
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Adventist Health System/West), Series 2016-A, 4.00% 3/1/2025	1,270	1,271
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Lucile Salter Packard Children's Hospital at Stanford), Series 2022-A, 5.00% 5/15/2026	830	855
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Stanford Health Care), Series 2017-A, 5.00% 11/15/2024	1,000	1,001
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Stanford Health Care), Series 2017-A, 5.00% 11/15/2026	1,750	1,835

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Stanford Health Care), Series 2017-A, 5.00% 11/15/2032	USD4,575	\$ 4,848
Hemet Unified School Dist., Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2015, 5.00% 9/1/2026	600	603
Housing Fin. Agcy., Affordable Housing Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-A-2, 3.25% 8/1/2064 (put 2/1/2028)	1,920	1,917
Housing Fin. Agcy., Limited Obligation Multi Family Housing Rev. Bonds (Symphony at Del Sur), Series 2023-V, 5.00% 5/1/2054 (put 11/1/2026)	2,565	2,646
Housing Fin. Agcy., Municipal Certs., Series 2021-A-3, 3.25% 8/20/2036	1,203	1,117
Infrastructure and Econ. Dev. Bank, Charter School Rev. Bonds (Equitable School Revolving Fund), Series 2019-B, 5.00% 11/1/2025	100	101
Infrastructure and Econ. Dev. Bank, Charter School Rev. Bonds (Equitable School Revolving Fund), Series 2019-B, 5.00% 11/1/2026	125	130
Infrastructure and Econ. Dev. Bank, Charter School Rev. Bonds (Equitable School Revolving Fund), Series 2019-B, 5.00% 11/1/2027	110	116
Infrastructure and Econ. Dev. Bank, Charter School Rev. Bonds (Equitable School Revolving Fund), Series 2019-B, 5.00% 11/1/2028	375	403
Infrastructure and Econ. Dev. Bank, Charter School Rev. Bonds (Equitable School Revolving Fund), Series 2019-B, 5.00% 11/1/2029	140	150
Infrastructure and Econ. Dev. Bank, Charter School Rev. Bonds (Equitable School Revolving Fund), Series 2019-B, 5.00% 11/1/2030	340	363
Infrastructure and Econ. Dev. Bank, Rev. Ref. Bonds (J. Paul Getty Trust), Series 2020-A-1, 4.00% 4/1/2030	825	880
Infrastructure and Econ. Dev. Bank, Rev. Ref. Bonds (Segerstrom Center for the Arts), Series 2016-B, 5.00% 7/1/2030	3,855	4,252
City of Inglewood, Successor Agcy. to the Redev. Agcy., Tax Allocation Bonds (Merged Redev. Project), Series 2017-A, BAM insured, 5.00% 5/1/2031	500	521
City of Inglewood, Successor Agcy. to the Redev. Agcy., Tax Allocation Rev. Ref. Bonds (Merged Redev. Project), Series 2017-A, BAM insured, 5.00% 5/1/2027	650	686
City of Irvine, Facs. Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Bonds (Irvine Great Park Infrastructure Project), Series 2023-A, 5.00% 9/1/2033	1,200	1,391
City of Irvine, Facs. Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Bonds (Irvine Great Park Infrastructure Project), Series 2023-A, 5.00% 9/1/2034	2,120	2,448
City of Irvine, Reassessment Dist. No. 19-1, Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2019, 5.00% 9/2/2025	250	254
City of Irvine, Reassessment Dist. No. 21-1, Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/2/2025	500	503
City of Irvine, Reassessment Dist. No. 21-1, Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/2/2028	500	518
City of Irvine, Reassessment Dist. No. 21-1, Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2021, BAM insured, 4.00% 9/2/2030	1,265	1,322
Irvine Unified School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 09-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2017-A, 5.00% 9/1/2025	575	582
Irvine Unified School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 09-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2017-A, 5.00% 9/1/2026	385	397
Irvine Unified School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 09-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 9/1/2027	140	147
Irvine Unified School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 09-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 9/1/2028	345	368
Irvine Unified School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 09-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 9/1/2030	210	227
City of Jurupa, Public Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020-A, BAM insured, 4.00% 9/1/2027	1,615	1,671
Jurupa Unified School Dist., Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds (Community Facs. Dists. Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 15), Series 2021-A, BAM insured, 4.00% 9/1/2029	335	348
Jurupa Unified School Dist., Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds (Community Facs. Dists. Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 15), Series 2021-A, BAM insured, 4.00% 9/1/2031	375	390
Kings Canyon Joint Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 8/1/2029	1,600	1,630
La Habra School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2000 Election, Series 2002-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 8/1/2026	1,010	953
Lakeside Union School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016, 5.00% 8/1/2029	1,785	1,863
Long Beach Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2008 Election, Series 2008-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 6/1/2027	3,865	3,587
Los Altos School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2014 Election, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2019-A, 4.00% 8/1/2029	1,000	1,037
City of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 4 (Playa Vista - Phase 1), Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2030	800	895
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Airports, Los Angeles International Airport, Rev. and Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-B, 5.00% 5/15/2031	420	478
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Airports, Los Angeles International Airport, Rev. Bonds, Series 2019-E, 5.00% 5/15/2039	1,130	1,208
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Power System Rev. Bonds, Series 2018-D, 5.00% 7/1/2025	500	506
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Power System Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-D, 5.00% 7/1/2029	760	844
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Power System Rev. Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.00% 7/1/2030	775	874
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Power System Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-D, 5.00% 7/1/2031	1,775	2,035
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Power System Rev. Bonds, Series 2022-B, 5.00% 7/1/2032	870	1,013

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Power System Rev. Bonds, Series 2018-D, 5.00% 7/1/2033	USD685	\$ 734
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Power System Rev. Bonds, Series 2021-C, 5.00% 7/1/2033	1,500	1,706
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Power System Rev. Bonds, Series 2022-B, 5.00% 7/1/2033	1,345	1,555
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Water System Rev. Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 7/1/2028	650	708
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Water System Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-B, 5.00% 7/1/2037	5,000	5,838
City of Los Angeles, Solid Waste Resources Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 2/1/2025	990	995
County of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-01 (Valencia Facs.), Improvement Area No. 1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022, 5.00% 9/1/2027	100	105
County of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-01 (Valencia Facs.), Improvement Area No. 1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022, 5.00% 9/1/2031	225	243
County of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-01 (Valencia Facs.), Improvement Area No. 1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022, 5.00% 9/1/2032	175	188
County of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-01 (Valencia Facs.), Improvement Area No. 1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022, 5.00% 9/1/2033	170	182
County of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-01 (Valencia Facs.), Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2029	180	192
County of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-01 (Valencia Facs.), Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2030	215	231
County of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-01 (Valencia Facs.), Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2031	260	279
County of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-01 (Valencia Facs.), Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2032	305	328
County of Los Angeles, Dev. Auth., Multi Family Housing Mortgage Rev. Bonds (Long Beach Senior Housing), Series 2022, 2.00% 2/1/2026 (put 2/1/2025)	3,350	3,325
County of Los Angeles, Dev. Auth., Multi Family Housing Rev. Bonds (West LA VA - Building 156 & 157 Apartments), Series 2023-C, 3.75% 12/1/2046 (put 12/1/2026)	1,360	1,370
County of Los Angeles, Metropolitan Transportation Auth., Measure R Sales Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2021-A, 4.00% 6/1/2036	3,450	3,638
County of Los Angeles, Metropolitan Transportation Auth., Measure R Sales Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024-A, 5.00% 6/1/2035	2,750	3,247
County of Los Angeles, Metropolitan Transportation Auth., Proposition C Sales Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2021-A, 5.00% 7/1/2034	1,000	1,135
County of Los Angeles, Metropolitan Transportation Auth., Proposition C Sales Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 7/1/2034	1,075	1,258
County of Los Angeles, Public Works Fncg. Auth., Lease Rev. Bonds, Series 2016-D, 5.00% 12/1/2027	1,500	1,536
Los Angeles Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Bonds, Series 2020-RYQ, 4.00% 7/1/2036	3,000	3,105
Los Angeles Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Bonds, 2008 Election, Series 2018-B-1, BAM insured, 5.00% 7/1/2036	1,000	1,056
Los Angeles Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-A, 4.00% 7/1/2032	1,395	1,484
Los Angeles Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 3.00% 1/1/2034	4,780	4,566
Los Rios Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2008 Election, Series 2021-E, 3.00% 8/1/2033	1,750	1,696
Los Rios Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2008 Election, Series 2021-E, 3.00% 8/1/2034	2,750	2,638
Madera Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2002 Election, Series 2006, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 8/1/2029	585	505
City of Manteca, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1, (Villa Ticino West Facs.) Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2026	25	26
City of Manteca, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1, (Villa Ticino West Facs.) Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2027	40	42
City of Manteca, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1, (Villa Ticino West Facs.) Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2028	50	52
City of Manteca, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1, (Villa Ticino West Facs.) Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2029	65	68
City of Manteca, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1, (Villa Ticino West Facs.) Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2030	80	84
City of Manteca, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1, (Villa Ticino West Facs.) Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2031	95	100
City of Manteca, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1, (Villa Ticino West Facs.) Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2032	110	116
City of Manteca, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1, (Villa Ticino West Facs.) Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2033	130	137

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
City of Manteca, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1, (Villa Ticino West Facs.) Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2034	USD150	\$ 159
Manteca Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2004 Election, Series 2006, National Insured, 0% 8/1/2027	560	514
Menifee Union School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 2011-1, Improvement Area No. 5, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2028	275	280
City of Merced Irrigation Dist., Electric System Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 10/1/2028	250	255
Merced Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2008 Election, Series 2011-C, 0% 8/1/2033	615	457
Metropolitan Water Dist. of Southern California, Water Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 7/1/2027	550	587
Metropolitan Water Dist. of Southern California, Water Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022-B, 5.00% 7/1/2033	500	580
Metropolitan Water Dist. of Southern California, Water Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022-B, 5.00% 7/1/2034	500	576
Metropolitan Water Dist. of Southern California, Water Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024-B-3, 5.00% 7/1/2037 (put 7/1/2031)	1,875	2,075
Modesto Irrigation Dist. Fncg. Auth., Electric System Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 10/1/2031	900	1,018
Modesto Irrigation Dist. Fncg. Auth., Electric System Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 10/1/2034	700	803
Montebello Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015, 5.00% 8/1/2028	1,545	1,553
Moreno Valley Unified School Dist., Fin. Auth. Special Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2018-A, 5.00% 9/1/2030	425	442
Moreno Valley Unified School Dist., Fin. Auth. Special Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-A, 5.00% 9/1/2034	1,250	1,430
Moreno Valley Unified School Dist., Fin. Auth. Special Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-A, 5.00% 9/1/2035	500	569
Mountain View - Los Altos Union School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2018 Election, Series 2022-C, 4.00% 8/1/2031	2,465	2,664
Mt. Diablo Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2023, 5.00% 6/1/2031	1,000	1,140
Municipal Fin. Auth., Certs. of Part. (Palomar Health), Series 2022-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 11/1/2028	125	134
Municipal Fin. Auth., Community Facs. Dist. No. 2022-8 (City of Palmdale - Wildflower/Creekside Encore), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 4.00% 9/1/2034	350	341
Municipal Fin. Auth., Community Facs. Dist. No. 2022-8 (City of Palmdale - Wildflower/Creekside Encore), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2039	680	715
Municipal Fin. Auth., Educational Rev. Bonds (American Heritage Education Foundation Project), Series 2016-A, 4.00% 6/1/2026	85	84
Municipal Fin. Auth., Multi Family Housing Rev. Bonds (Gibson Drive Apartments Project), Series 2024-B, 3.75% 6/1/2028 (put 6/1/2027)	595	605
Municipal Fin. Auth., Multi Family Housing Rev. Bonds (Terracina at Westpark Apartments), Series 2024-A, 3.20% 9/1/2045 (put 8/1/2027)	3,365	3,377
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. and Rev. Ref. Bonds (HumanGood California Obligated Group), Series 2019-A, 4.00% 10/1/2030	2,510	2,512
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Bonds (California Institute of the Arts), Series 2021, 4.00% 10/1/2033	250	250
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Bonds (California Lutheran University), Series 2018, 5.00% 10/1/2026	900	927
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Community Health System), Series 2021-A, 5.00% 2/1/2027	955	985
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Community Health System), Series 2021-A, 5.00% 2/1/2028	750	783
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Community Health System), Series 2021-A, 5.00% 2/1/2029	825	871
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Retirement Housing Foundation), Series 2017-A, 5.00% 11/15/2024 (escrowed to maturity)	300	300
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Biola University), Series 2017, 5.00% 10/1/2026	335	345
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Eskaton Properties, Inc. Obligated Group), Series 2024, 5.00% 11/15/2030	1,050	1,156
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Eskaton Properties, Inc. Obligated Group), Series 2024, 5.00% 11/15/2031	1,105	1,227
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Harbor Regional Center Project), Series 2015, 5.00% 11/1/2025	500	508
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (HumanGood Obligated Group), Series 2019-A, 4.00% 10/1/2028	1,600	1,605
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (HumanGood Obligated Group), Series 2019-A, 4.00% 10/1/2029	1,135	1,138
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (HumanGood Obligated Group), Series 2019-A, 4.00% 10/1/2031	550	549
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (HumanGood Obligated Group), Series 2019-A, 4.00% 10/1/2035	1,000	981
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (PRS-California Obligated Group Projects), Series 2024-A, 5.00% 4/1/2029	250	269
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (PRS-California Obligated Group Projects), Series 2024-A, 5.00% 4/1/2030	200	218
Municipal Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (PRS-California Obligated Group Projects), Series 2024-A, 5.00% 4/1/2031	210	231
Municipal Fin. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Bonds (Bold Program), Series 2024-C, 4.00% 9/1/2034	500	488
Murrieta Valley Unified School Dist., Public Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2016-A, 5.00% 9/1/2030	525	538
Napa Valley Community College Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Convertible Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2018, 4.00% 8/1/2033 ²	2,190	2,213
Napa Valley Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2016 Election, Series 2019-C, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 8/1/2034	1,030	1,042
New Haven Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2008-C, Assured Guaranty insured, 0% 8/1/2030	5,075	4,218

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
Newport-Mesa Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2005 Election, Series 2007, National insured, 0% 8/1/2030	USD2,575	\$ 2,160
Newport-Mesa Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2005 Election, Series 2007, National insured, 0% 8/1/2031	1,000	808
Oak Park Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2006 Election, Series 2009-B, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 8/1/2029	605	517
Oakland Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2006 Election, Series 2016-A, 5.00% 8/1/2026	1,325	1,377
Oakland Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2019-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 8/1/2028	1,000	1,059
Oakland Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2019-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 8/1/2034	2,000	2,026
Oakland Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 8/1/2026	1,125	1,142
City of Ontario, Community Facs. Dist. No. 66 (Olive and Oleander Facs.), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2034	245	261
County of Orange, Airport Private Activity Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 7/1/2025 (escrowed to maturity)	1,000	1,013
County of Orange, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2016-1 (Village of Esencia), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2016-A, 5.00% 8/15/2026	570	589
County of Orange, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-1 (Rienda), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.00% 8/15/2031	1,025	1,115
County of Orange, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-1 (Rienda), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.00% 8/15/2032	1,000	1,082
County of Orange, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-1 (Rienda), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.00% 8/15/2033	500	540
County of Orange, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1 (Rienda Phase 2B), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 8/15/2029	280	301
County of Orange, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1 (Rienda Phase 2B), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 8/15/2030	500	543
County of Orange, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1 (Rienda Phase 2B), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 8/15/2031	325	354
County of Orange, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1 (Rienda Phase 2B), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 8/15/2032	495	542
County of Orange, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1 (Rienda Phase 2B), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 8/15/2033	440	481
Palomar Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2006 Election, Series 2015-C, 4.00% 8/1/2036 (preref. 8/1/2025)	550	554
Palomar Health, G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016-A, 5.00% 8/1/2026	630	646
Paramount Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 1998 Election, Series 2001-B, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 9/1/2025	3,000	2,924
Peninsula Corridor Joint Powers Board, Farebox Rev. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 10/1/2026	250	259
Peninsula Corridor Joint Powers Board, Farebox Rev. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 10/1/2027	200	211
Peninsula Corridor Joint Powers Board, Farebox Rev. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 10/1/2028	285	306
Peninsula Corridor Joint Powers Board, Farebox Rev. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 10/1/2029	400	435
Perris Union High School Dist., Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds, Series 2015, 5.00% 9/1/2032	2,675	2,686
Perris Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2021-C, 4.00% 9/1/2028	185	193
Perris Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2021-C, 4.00% 9/1/2029	200	211
Perris Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2021-C, 4.00% 9/1/2030	215	226
Perris Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2021-C, 4.00% 9/1/2031	350	366
Pleasant Valley School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 8/1/2029 Election, Series A, 5.00% 8/1/2029 (preref. 8/1/2026)	645	672
Pollution Control Fncg. Auth., Water Facs. Rev. Bonds (American Water Capital Corp. Project), Series 2020, 3.70% 8/1/2040 (put 9/1/2028)	3,550	3,582
Public Fin. Auth., Reassessment Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2019, 5.00% 9/2/2029	1,000	1,069
Public Fin. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Hoag Memorial Hospital Presbyterian), Series 2022-A, 5.00% 7/15/2028	250	271
Public Fin. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Hoag Memorial Hospital Presbyterian), Series 2022-A, 5.00% 7/15/2030	250	281
Public Fin. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Hoag Memorial Hospital Presbyterian), Series 2022-A, 5.00% 7/15/2033	330	375
Public Fin. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Hoag Memorial Hospital Presbyterian), Series 2022-A, 5.00% 7/15/2034	350	396
Public Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (O'Conner Woods), Series 2022, 4.00% 1/1/2028	450	464
Public Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (O'Conner Woods), Series 2022, 4.00% 1/1/2029	500	518
Public Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (O'Conner Woods), Series 2022, 4.00% 1/1/2031	520	543
Public Works Board, Lease Rev. Ref. Bonds (Various Capital Projects), Series 2016-D, 5.00% 4/1/2028	400	416
Public Works Board, Lease Rev. Ref. Bonds (Various Capital Projects), Series 2024-C, 5.00% 9/1/2031	1,710	1,931
Public Works Board, Lease Rev. Ref. Bonds (Various Capital Projects), Series 2022-C, 5.00% 8/1/2033	350	391
City of Rancho Cucamonga, Successor Agcy. to the Redev. Agcy., Tax Allocation Rev. Ref. Bonds (Rancho Redev. Project Area), Series 2014, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 9/1/2026	600	601

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
City of Rancho Cucamonga, Successor Agcy. to the Redev. Agcy., Tax Allocation Rev. Ref. Bonds (Rancho Redev. Project Area), Series 2014, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 9/1/2028	USD300	\$ 301
Rialto Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2010 Election, Series 2019, 3.00% 8/1/2026	600	600
Rialto Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2010 Election, Series 2019, 3.00% 8/1/2027	750	750
City of Richmond, Successor Agcy. to the Redev. Agcy., Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2014-A, BAM insured, 5.00% 9/1/2025	200	200
Rio Elementary School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2016, BAM insured, 5.00% 9/1/2032	240	249
River Islands Public Fncg. Auth., Community Facs. Dist. No. 2003-1, Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022-A-1, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 9/1/2028	500	540
River Islands Public Fncg. Auth., Community Facs. Dist. No. 2003-1, Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022-A-1, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 9/1/2029	500	549
Riverside Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2004 Election, Series 2019-F, 3.00% 8/1/2034	580	558
Riverside Unified School Dist., Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015, BAM insured, 5.00% 9/1/2025	350	352
Riverside Unified School Dist., Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015, BAM insured, 5.00% 9/1/2026	400	402
Riverside Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2016 Election, Series 2019, 4.00% 8/1/2029	850	877
City of Roseville, Community Facs. Dist. No. 1 (Westpark), Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015, 5.00% 9/1/2032	2,000	2,020
Roseville Joint Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2004 Election, Series 2007-C, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 8/1/2025	700	683
Rowland Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2006 Election, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2009-B, 0% 8/1/2034	2,420	1,652
City of Sacramento, Municipal Utility Dist., Electric Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2023-D, 5.00% 8/15/2049 (put 7/13/2023)	3,150	3,452
County of Sacramento, Airport System Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2018-E, 5.00% 7/1/2027	1,015	1,079
County of Sacramento, Airport System Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2018-E, 5.00% 7/1/2030	200	215
Sacramento Transportation Auth., Sales Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2023, 5.00% 10/1/2036	2,500	2,900
Sacramento Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2019-D, BAM insured, 4.00% 8/1/2027	585	602
Sacramento Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2017-E, 5.00% 8/1/2027	555	588
Sacramento Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2019-D, BAM insured, 4.00% 8/1/2028	610	632
Sacramento Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2019-D, BAM insured, 4.00% 8/1/2029	635	660
Sacramento Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2025	210	213
Sacramento Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2026	220	228
Sacramento Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2027	575	610
Sacramento Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022, BAM insured, 5.00% 7/1/2030	1,050	1,170
Sacramento Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024-B, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2037	855	975
City of San Diego, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2 (Santaluz), Improvement Area No. 1, Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2027	635	651
City of San Diego, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2 (Santaluz), Improvement Area No. 1, Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2028	875	899
City of San Diego, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2 (Santaluz), Improvement Area No. 1, Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2029	430	443
City of San Diego, Housing Auth., Multi Family Housing Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-B, 5.00% 5/1/2057 (put 11/1/2026)	3,575	3,670
City of San Diego, Public Facs. Fncg. Auth., Lease Rev. Bonds (Capital Improvement Projects), Series 2021-A, 5.00% 10/15/2030	200	225
City of San Diego, Public Facs. Fncg. Auth., Lease Rev. Bonds (Capital Improvement Projects), Series 2021-A, 5.00% 10/15/2031	150	168
City of San Diego, Public Facs. Fncg. Auth., Water Rev. Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 8/1/2029	500	556
County of San Diego, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2008-1 (Harmony Grove Village), Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2020-A, 4.00% 9/1/2026	255	256
County of San Diego, Grossmont Healthcare Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-E, 5.00% 7/15/2030	500	559
County of San Diego, Grossmont Healthcare Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-E, 5.00% 7/15/2031	625	705
County of San Diego, Regional Airport Auth., Airport Rev. and Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 7/1/2027	400	425
County of San Diego, Regional Airport Auth., Airport Rev. and Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 7/1/2028	320	347
County of San Diego, Regional Airport Auth., Airport Rev. and Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 5.00% 7/1/2029	585	647
County of San Diego, Regional Airport Auth., Airport Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 7/1/2028	1,000	1,086
County of San Diego, Regional Airport Auth., Airport Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 7/1/2029	1,000	1,106
County of San Diego, Regional Airport Auth., Airport Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020-B, 5.00% 7/1/2031	1,405	1,567
County of San Diego, Regional Transportation Commission, Limited Sales Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2021-B, 5.00% 4/1/2029	320	352

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
County of San Diego, Regional Transportation Commission, Limited Sales Tax Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 4/1/2028	USD850	\$ 921
County of San Diego, Water Auth., Water Rev. Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.00% 5/1/2028	250	272
County of San Diego, Water Auth., Water Rev. Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.00% 5/1/2029	500	554
San Diego Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Bonds, Series 2016-SR-1, 4.00% 7/1/2031	3,000	3,044
San Diego Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Bonds, 2008 Election, Series 2012-E, 0% 7/1/2034	3,000	2,169
San Diego Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Green Bonds, 2022 Election, Series 2024-B-3, 5.00% 7/1/2031	800	921
San Diego Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015-R-4, 5.00% 7/1/2026	1,000	1,015
San Diego Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015-R-4, 5.00% 7/1/2027	3,000	3,042
San Diego Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016-R-5, 5.00% 7/1/2029	1,500	1,556
City and County of San Francisco, Airport Commission, San Francisco International Airport, Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022-B-2, 5.00% 5/1/2027	4,000	4,236
City and County of San Francisco, Public Utilities Commission, Power Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 11/1/2035	525	604
City and County of San Francisco, Public Utilities Commission, Wastewater Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2023-C, 4.00% 10/1/2048 (put 10/1/2029)	4,855	5,079
City and County of San Francisco, Successor Agcy. to the Redev. Agcy., Community Facs. Dist. No. 6 (Mission Bay South Public Improvements), Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2023, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 8/1/2033	1,000	1,142
City of San Francisco, Bay Area Rapid Transit Dist., Sales Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015-A, 5.00% 7/1/2027	475	482
San Francisco Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2016 Election, Series 2020-B, 4.00% 6/15/2029	1,000	1,044
San Francisco Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2016 Election, Series 2020-B, 4.00% 6/15/2034	975	998
San Jacinto Unified School Dist., Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2019, 5.00% 9/1/2025	90	91
San Jacinto Unified School Dist., Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2019, 5.00% 9/1/2026	155	160
San Joaquin Hills Transportation Corridor Agcy., Toll Road Rev. Ref. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 1997-A, National insured, 0% 1/15/2025	285	283
City of San Jose, Airport Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-A, 5.00% 3/1/2029	500	550
City of San Jose, Airport Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-A, 5.00% 3/1/2030	250	279
City of San Jose, Airport Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-B, 5.00% 3/1/2032	1,250	1,408
City of San Jose, G.O. Bonds (Disaster Preparedness, Public Safety and Infrastructure), Series 2021-A, 5.00% 9/1/2030	2,250	2,547
City of San Jose, Multi Family Housing Rev. Bonds (Parkmoor), Series 2023-F-2, 5.00% 6/1/2027 (put 6/1/2026)	1,045	1,072
San Jose Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2002 Election, Series 2006-C, National insured, 0% 8/1/2025	795	777
San Juan Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2019-N, 4.00% 8/1/2031	1,700	1,731
Santa Margarita Water Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 99-1 (Talega), Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2014-B, 5.00% 9/1/2025	375	375
Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2019-E, 3.00% 8/1/2033	1,785	1,726
Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School Dist., School Facs. Improvement Dist. No. 1 (Santa Monica Schools), G.O. Bonds, 2018 Election, Series 2021-B, 4.00% 8/1/2025	405	409
Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School Dist., School Facs. Improvement Dist. No. 2 (Malibu Schools), G.O. Bonds, 2018 Election, Series 2021-B, 4.00% 8/1/2025	345	348
Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School Dist., School Facs. Improvement Dist. No. 2 (Malibu Schools), G.O. Bonds, 2018 Election, Series 2018-B, 3.00% 8/1/2037	1,000	931
City of Santa Rosa, Wastewater Rev. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2002-B, AMBAC insured, 0% 9/1/2025	5,800	5,648
Santa Rosa High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2014 Election, Series 2021-E, BAM insured, 4.00% 8/1/2027	500	517
Santa Rosa High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2014 Election, Series 2021-E, BAM insured, 4.00% 8/1/2029	500	527
Saugus Union School Dist., Saugus/Hart School Facs. Fin. Auth., Community Facs. Dist. No. 2006-1, Special Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2016, 5.00% 9/1/2025	1,110	1,125
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (Granada Hills Charter Obligated Group), Series 2019, 4.00% 7/1/2027 ³	740	746
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (Granada Hills Charter Obligated Group), Series 2019, 4.00% 7/1/2029 ³	805	811
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (Granada Hills Charter Obligated Group), Series 2019, 5.00% 7/1/2031 ³	875	894
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP LA Projects), Series 2015-A, 3.625% 7/1/2025 ³	385	383

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP LA Projects), Series 2017-A, 5.00% 7/1/2026 ³	USD505	\$ 512
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP LA Projects), Series 2017-A, 5.00% 7/1/2027 ³	730	756
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP SoCal Projects), Series 2019-A, 5.00% 7/1/2025 ³	150	151
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP SoCal Projects), Series 2020-A, 5.00% 7/1/2025 ³	210	211
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP SoCal Projects), Series 2019-A, 5.00% 7/1/2026 ³	315	319
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP SoCal Projects), Series 2020-A, 5.00% 7/1/2026 ³	220	223
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP SoCal Projects), Series 2019-A, 5.00% 7/1/2027 ³	220	228
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP SoCal Projects), Series 2020-A, 5.00% 7/1/2027 ³	100	104
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP SoCal Projects), Series 2020-A, 5.00% 7/1/2028 ³	200	210
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP SoCal Projects), Series 2020-A, 5.00% 7/1/2029 ³	400	424
School Fin. Auth., School Fac. Rev. Bonds (KIPP SoCal Projects), Series 2020-A, 5.00% 7/1/2030 ³	300	320
City of Seal Beach, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2005-1 (Pacific Gateway Business Center), Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016, 3.00% 9/1/2025	365	361
City of Seal Beach, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2005-1 (Pacific Gateway Business Center), Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016, 3.00% 9/1/2026	150	148
Silicon Valley Clean Water, Wastewater Rev. Notes, Series 2021-B, 0.50% 3/1/2026	5,040	4,773
South Placer Wastewater Auth., Wastewater Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020, 5.00% 11/1/2032	500	571
Southern California Public Power Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-A, 5.00% 4/1/2055 (put 9/1/2030)	2,510	2,669
Southern California Public Power Auth., Rev. Ref. Green Bonds (Milford Wind Corridor Phase II Project), Series 2021-1, 5.00% 7/1/2026	200	208
Southern California Public Power Auth., Rev. Ref. Green Bonds (Milford Wind Corridor Phase II Project), Series 2021-1, 5.00% 7/1/2027	400	427
Southwestern Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2000 Election, Series 2004, National insured, 0% 8/1/2028	750	670
Southwestern Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2008 Election, Series 2015-D, 0% 8/1/2035 (preref. 2/1/2025)	1,170	700
Stanislaus Union School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2019, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2025	500	507
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Adventist Health System/West), Series 2015-A, 5.00% 3/1/2025	750	753
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Adventist Health System/West), Series 2015-A, 5.00% 3/1/2028	2,085	2,127
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Adventist Health System/West), Series 2018-A, 5.00% 3/1/2034	975	1,011
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Cottage Health System Obligated Group), Series 2015, 5.00% 11/1/2043 (preref. 11/1/2024)	5,000	5,003
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Jewish Home of San Francisco), Series 2016, 5.00% 11/1/2026	575	601
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Kaiser Permanente), Series 2004-M, 5.00% 4/1/2038 (put 11/1/2029)	1,500	1,653
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Redlands Community Hospital), Series 2016, 5.00% 10/1/2030	1,100	1,121
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Odd Fellows Home of California Project), Series 2023-A, 5.00% 4/1/2026	275	283
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Odd Fellows Home of California Project), Series 2023-A, 5.00% 4/1/2027	425	448
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Rady Children's Hospital), Series 2016-B, 5.00% 8/15/2028	860	936
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Student Housing Rev. Bonds (CHF-Irvine, LLC - University of California, Irvine East Campus Apartments, Phase I Ref. and Phase IV-B), Series 2021, BAM insured, 5.00% 5/15/2029	1,915	2,075
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Student Housing Rev. Bonds (CHF-Irvine, LLC - University of California, Irvine East Campus Apartments, Phase I Ref. and Phase IV-B), Series 2021, BAM insured, 5.00% 5/15/2031	3,000	3,310
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Student Housing Rev. Bonds (CHF-Irvine, LLC - University of California, Irvine East Campus Apartments, Phase I Ref. and Phase IV-B), Series 2021, BAM insured, 5.00% 5/15/2032	3,500	3,847
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Student Housing Rev. Ref. Bonds (CHF-Irvine, LLC - University of California, Irvine East Campus Apartments), Series 2016, 5.00% 5/15/2029	1,250	1,285
Stockton Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2018-C, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2030	2,145	2,317
Stockton Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2008 Election, Series 2011-D, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 8/1/2033	2,500	1,846
Stockton Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2023-B, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 8/1/2033	1,480	1,742
Sweetwater Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2006 Election, Series 2006, 4.00% 8/1/2026	515	521
Temescal Valley Water Dist., Public Fnog. Auth., Local Agcy. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2032	825	940
Temescal Valley Water Dist., Public Fnog. Auth., Local Agcy. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2033	550	633
Temescal Valley Water Dist., Public Fnog. Auth., Local Agcy. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2034	115	133
Tobacco Securitization Auth. of Southern California, Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Rev. Ref. Bonds (San Diego County Tobacco Asset Securitization Corp.), Series 2019-A, 5.00% 6/1/2025	1,000	1,009
Tobacco Securitization Auth., Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Rev. Ref. Senior Bonds (Sacramento County Tobacco Securitization Corp.), Series 2021-A-1, 5.00% 6/1/2027	1,550	1,617

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
City of Tracy, Successor Agcy. to the Community Dev. Agcy., Tax Allocation Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 8/1/2030	USD545	\$ 553
Transbay Joint Powers Auth., Senior Tax Allocation Green Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 10/1/2027	600	625
Transbay Joint Powers Auth., Senior Tax Allocation Green Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 10/1/2028	700	738
Transbay Joint Powers Auth., Senior Tax Allocation Green Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 10/1/2029	660	701
Transbay Joint Powers Auth., Senior Tax Allocation Green Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 10/1/2030	1,500	1,590
Transbay Joint Powers Auth., Tax Allocation Green Bonds, Series 2020-B, 5.00% 10/1/2031	765	802
City of Turlock, Irrigation Dist., Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020, 5.00% 1/1/2031	1,600	1,788
Regents of the University of California, General Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-BM, 5.00% 5/15/2031	750	851
Regents of the University of California, General Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-BM, 5.00% 5/15/2032	3,000	3,445
Regents of the University of California, General Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-BV, 5.00% 5/15/2038	5,000	5,792
Regents of the University of California, Limited Project Rev. Bonds, Series 2022-S, 5.00% 5/15/2031	1,150	1,304
Various Purpose G.O. Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 8/1/2029	500	550
Various Purpose G.O. Bonds, Series 2023, 5.00% 10/1/2030	475	532
Various Purpose G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 8/1/2029	500	550
City of Vernon, Electric System Rev. Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.00% 4/1/2028	2,305	2,439
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Home Purchase Rev. Bonds, Series 2016-B, 3.50% 12/1/2045	1,035	1,031
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Home Purchase Rev. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 4.00% 12/1/2049	3,025	3,030
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Home Purchase Rev. Bonds, Series 2020-A, 3.00% 12/1/2050	4,715	4,645
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Home Purchase Rev. Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.50% 12/1/2052	2,525	2,657
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Veterans G.O. Bonds, Series 2017-CQ, 4.00% 12/1/2047	540	540
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Veterans G.O. Bonds, Series 2018-CR, 4.00% 12/1/2048	2,100	2,103
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Veterans G.O. Bonds, Series 2019-CS, 4.00% 12/1/2049	1,280	1,282
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Veterans G.O. Bonds, Series 2020-CT, 3.00% 12/1/2050	3,255	3,204
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Veterans G.O. Bonds, Series 2022-CU, 5.50% 12/1/2052	1,795	1,964
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Veterans G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016-CN, 3.50% 12/1/2045	110	110
Victor Valley Union High School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016-B, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 8/1/2026	270	276
City of Vista, Successor Agcy. to the Redev. Agcy., Tax Allocation Rev. Ref. Redev. Bonds, Series 2015-B-1, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 9/1/2025	400	402
Dept. of Water Resources, Water System Rev. Bonds (Central Valley Project), Series 2016-AV, 4.00% 12/1/2033	3,260	3,313
West Basin Municipal Water Dist., Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-A, 5.00% 8/1/2031	745	854
West Contra Costa Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2010 Election, Series 2020-F, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 8/1/2028	600	628
West Contra Costa Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2020-E, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 8/1/2030	900	955
West Contra Costa Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2002 Election, Series 2005-D, National insured, 0% 8/1/2026	2,425	2,294
West Contra Costa Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2002 Election, Series 2005-D, National insured, 0% 8/1/2031	2,585	2,043
West Contra Costa Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, 2005 Election, Series 2008-B, 6.00% 8/1/2027	4,050	4,408
Westside Union School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2002-A, National insured, 0% 8/1/2027	800	732
Whittier City School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016, 4.00% 8/1/2030	825	841
Whittier Union High School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2016, 0% 8/1/2032	1,000	762
City of Woodland, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2004-1 (Spring Lake), Special Tax Capital Projects Bonds, Series 2021, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 9/1/2029	215	222
City of Woodland, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2004-1 (Spring Lake), Special Tax Capital Projects Bonds, Series 2021, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 9/1/2030	235	241
City of Woodland, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2004-1 (Spring Lake), Special Tax Capital Projects Bonds, Series 2021, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 9/1/2031	260	265
Yosemite Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2004 Election, Series 2010-D, 0% 8/1/2031	500	400
		<u>605,004</u>
Guam 0.07%		
A.B. Won Pat International Airport Auth., General Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-B, 5.00% 10/1/2032	400	<u>437</u>
Missouri 0.00%		
Housing Dev. Commission, Single Family Mortgage Rev. Bonds (Special Homeownership Loan Program), Series 2015-A, 3.75% 5/1/2038	20	<u>20</u>

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
United States 0.28%		
Freddie Mac, Multi Family Mortgage Bonds, Series 2019-ML-05, Class ACA, 3.35% 11/25/2033	USD1,842	\$ 1,756
Total bonds, notes & other debt instruments (cost: \$622,572,000)		<u>611,357</u>

Short-term securities 2.94%

Municipals 2.94%		
Bay Area Toll Auth., San Francisco Bay Area Toll Bridge Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-H, 3.25% 4/1/2059 ¹	800	800
Fin. Auth., Recovery Zone Fac. Bonds (Chevron U.S.A., Inc. Project), Series 2010-A, 3.10% 11/1/2035 ¹	8,700	8,700
Fin. Auth., Recovery Zone Fac. Bonds (Chevron U.S.A., Inc. Project), Series 2010-B, 3.10% 11/1/2035 ¹	1,480	1,480
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Power System Demand Rev. Bonds, Series 2002-A-2, 3.10% 7/1/2035 ¹	500	500
City of Manteca, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2023-1, (Villa Ticino West Facs.) Improvement Area No. 2, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2025	85	86
Municipal Fin. Auth., Pollution Control Rev. Ref. Bonds (Chevron U.S.A., Inc. Project), Series 2005, 3.10% 6/1/2025 ¹	7,100	7,100
Total short-term securities (cost: \$18,666,000)		<u>18,666</u>
Total investment securities 99.22% (cost: \$641,238,000)		630,023
Other assets less liabilities 0.78%		<u>4,941</u>
Net assets 100.00%		<u><u>\$ 634,964</u></u>

Futures contracts

Contracts	Type	Number of contracts	Expiration date	Notional amount (000)	Value and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 10/31/2024 (000)
2 Year U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Long	271	1/6/2025	USD55,811	\$ (417)
10 Year Ultra U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Short	15	12/31/2024	(1,706)	30
10 Year U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Short	76	12/31/2024	(8,396)	<u>249</u>
					<u><u>\$ (138)</u></u>

¹Coupon rate may change periodically. Reference rate and spread are as of the most recent information available. Some coupon rates are determined by the issuer or agent based on current market conditions; therefore, the reference rate and spread are not available. For short-term securities, the date of the next scheduled coupon rate change is considered to be the maturity date.

²Step bond; coupon rate may change at a later date.

³Acquired in a transaction exempt from registration under Rule 144A or, for commercial paper, Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933. May be resold in the U.S. in transactions exempt from registration, normally to qualified institutional buyers. The total value of all such securities was \$6,292,000, which represented .99% of the net assets of the fund.

Key to abbreviation(s)

Agcy. = Agency	Fin. = Finance
Assn. = Association	Fncg. = Financing
Auth. = Authority	G.O. = General Obligation
Certs. = Certificates	Part. = Participation
Dept. = Department	Preref. = Prerefunded
Dev. = Development	Redev. = Redevelopment
Dist. = District	Ref. = Refunding
Dists. = Districts	Rev. = Revenue
Econ. = Economic	SIFMA = Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association
Fac. = Facility	USD = U.S. dollars
Facs. = Facilities	

Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

Investment portfolio October 31, 2024

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments 95.01%	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California 95.01%		
Burbank Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 1997 Election, Series 2002-C, National insured, 0% 7/1/2027	USD500	\$ 463
Trustees of the California State University, Systemwide Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-A, 5.00% 11/1/2027	210	225
Chino Basin Regional Fin. Auth., Rev. Notes (Inland Empire Utilities Interim Fncg.), Series 2020-B, 4.00% 11/1/2025	500	504
City of Chino, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2003-3, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2025	430	430
Citrus Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2020 Election, Series 2021-A, 4.00% 8/1/2025	370	373
Coast Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2006-B, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 8/1/2026	1,205	1,145
Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (John Muir Health), Series 2024-A, 5.00% 12/1/2030	1,000	1,115
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2021-B-1, 4.00% 2/1/2052 (put 8/1/2031)	1,000	1,009
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2023-B-1, 5.00% 7/1/2053 (put 8/1/2029)	1,300	1,375
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2021-B-1, 5.00% 12/1/2053 (put 8/1/2029)	1,000	1,060
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2023-E-1, 5.00% 2/1/2054 (put 3/1/2031)	1,000	1,073
Community Choice Fncg. Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2024-C, 5.00% 8/1/2055 (put 10/1/2032)	650	697
Compton Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2015 Election, Series 2019-B, BAM insured, 5.00% 6/1/2025	125	126
Compton Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2015 Election, Series 2019-B, BAM insured, 5.00% 6/1/2027	500	532
Del Mar Union School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 99-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2019, 4.00% 9/1/2025	410	411
East Bay Municipal Utility Dist., Water System Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015-A, 5.00% 6/1/2028	1,000	1,013
East County Advanced Water Purification JT Powers Auth. Green Bonds, Series 2024-A-2, 5.00% 9/1/2026	1,000	1,032
East Side Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2014 Election, Series 2023-D, 5.00% 8/1/2030	190	214
East Side Union High School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2025	845	858
Eastern Municipal Water Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 2017-79 (Eagle Crest), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2025	275	275
Eastern Municipal Water Dist., Fin. Auth., Water and Wastewater Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 7/1/2026	300	312
Educational Facs. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Chapman University), Series 2021-A, 5.00% 4/1/2025	425	428
County of El Dorado, Community Facs. Dist. No. 1992-1 (El Dorado Hills Dev.), Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2012, 5.00% 9/1/2025	1,000	1,002
Escondido Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2008 Election, Series 2009-A, Assured Guaranty insured, 0% 8/1/2028	500	449
Foothill/Eastern Transportation Corridor Agcy., Toll Road Rev. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 1995-A, 0% 1/1/2025 (escrowed to maturity)	500	497
G.O. Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 10/1/2026	560	574
G.O. Bonds, Series 2022, 5.00% 4/1/2028	500	538
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020, 5.00% 11/1/2027	1,000	1,067
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022, 5.00% 11/1/2027	1,100	1,174
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022-B, 4.00% 9/1/2028	700	732
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020, 5.00% 11/1/2028	500	543
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021, 5.00% 12/1/2028	500	544
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022, 4.00% 9/1/2029	750	791
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021, 5.00% 9/1/2029	500	551
G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-C, 5.00% 10/1/2031	1,000	1,133
Golden State Tobacco Securitization Corp., Enhanced Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2015-A, 5.00% 6/1/2033 (preref. 6/1/2025)	720	728
Golden State Tobacco Securitization Corp., Enhanced Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2005-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 6/1/2025 (escrowed to maturity)	1,000	981
Golden State Tobacco Securitization Corp., Enhanced Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2005-A, AMBAC insured, 0% 6/1/2027 (escrowed to maturity)	1,000	925
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth. Rev. Ref. Bonds (Sutter Health), Series 2015-A, 5.00% 8/15/2043 (preref. 8/15/2025)	140	142
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (El Camino Hospital), Series 2017, 5.00% 8/15/2025 (escrowed to maturity)	400	406
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Providence St. Joseph Health), Series 2019-B, 5.00% 10/1/2039 (put 10/1/2027)	565	588
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Stanford Health Care), Series 2021-A, 3.00% 8/15/2054 (put 8/15/2025)	500	498
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Sutter Health), Series 2018-A, 5.00% 11/15/2025	1,000	1,019
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Sutter Health), Series 2016-A, 5.00% 11/15/2026 (preref. 11/15/2025)	275	281
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Sutter Health), Series 2016-A, 5.00% 11/15/2046 (preref. 11/15/2025)	250	256
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Marshall Medical Center), Series 2015, 5.00% 11/1/2028	315	316

Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
Health Facs. Fncg. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Sutter Health), Series 2016-B, 5.00% 11/15/2026	USD700	\$ 732
Housing Fin. Agcy., Affordable Housing Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-A-2, 3.25% 8/1/2064 (put 2/1/2028)	400	399
Imperial Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2022 Election, Series 2023-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 8/1/2025	130	132
Infrastructure and Econ. Dev. Bank, Rev. Ref. Bonds (J. Paul Getty Trust), Series 2021-B-2, 3.00% 10/1/2047 (put 10/1/2026)	1,500	1,495
City of Irvine Facs. Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Bonds (Irvine Great Park Infrastructure Project), Series 2023-A, 5.00% 9/1/2029	300	331
City of Irvine, Reassessment Dist. No. 12-1, Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2015, 5.00% 9/2/2029	1,000	1,014
Irvine Unified School Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 09-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2017-A, 5.00% 9/1/2025	1,000	1,012
Jurupa Unified School Dist., Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds (Community Facs. Dists. Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 15), Series 2021-A, 4.00% 9/1/2027	285	291
Jurupa Unified School Dist., Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds (Community Facs. Dists. Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 15), Series 2021-A, BAM insured, 4.00% 9/1/2028	275	285
Kern Community College Dist., Facs. Improvement Dist. No. 1, G.O. Bonds, 2016 Election, Series 2020-C, 4.00% 8/1/2026	645	660
City of Lake Elsinore, Facs. Fin. Auth., Local Agcy. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-B, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 9/1/2026	195	198
City of Lake Elsinore, Facs. Fin. Auth., Local Agcy. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-B, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 9/1/2027	210	216
Lodi Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Series 2022, 5.00% 8/1/2025	500	507
City of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 4 (Playa Vista - Phase 1), Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2028	675	731
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Airports, Los Angeles International Airport, Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020-B, 5.00% 5/15/2027	685	726
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Airports, Los Angeles International Airport, Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022-E, 5.00% 5/15/2030	250	280
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Power System Rev. Bonds, Series 2017-B, 5.00% 7/1/2033	700	730
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Water System Rev. Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 7/1/2026	300	311
City of Los Angeles, Solid Waste Resources Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 2/1/2025	330	332
County of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-01 (Valencia Facs.), Improvement Area No. 1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022, 5.00% 9/1/2029	150	160
County of Los Angeles, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2021-01 (Valencia Facs.), Improvement Area No. 1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022, 5.00% 9/1/2030	175	189
County of Los Angeles, Dev. Auth., Multi Family Housing Rev. Bonds (West LA VA - Building 156 & 157 Apartments), Series 2023-C, 3.75% 12/1/2046 (put 12/1/2026)	350	353
County of Los Angeles, Metropolitan Transportation Auth., Measure R Sales Tax Rev. Ref. Green Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 6/1/2026	400	414
Los Angeles Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Bonds, Series 2020-RYQ, 5.00% 7/1/2025	750	761
Los Angeles Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Bonds, Series 2016-B, 5.00% 7/1/2027	750	779
Los Angeles Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2017-A, 5.00% 2025	250	254
Los Angeles Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2017-A, 5.00% 7/1/2026	1,235	1,283
Menifee Union School Dist., Public Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2016-A, 5.00% 9/1/2026	755	769
Metropolitan Water Dist. of Southern California, Water Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022-B, 3.00% 7/1/2028	955	969
Metropolitan Water Dist. of Southern California, Water Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024-B-3, 5.00% 7/1/2037 (put 7/1/2031)	650	720
Modesto Irrigation Dist. Fncg. Auth., Electric System Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 10/1/2029	440	487
Modesto Irrigation Dist. Fncg. Auth., Electric System Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2015-B, 5.00% 10/1/2028	595	606
Modesto Irrigation Dist., Electric System Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021, 5.00% 7/1/2026	635	658
Mountain View Whisman School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2016-B, 5.00% 9/1/2025	610	621
Municipal Fin. Auth., Student Housing Rev. Bonds (CHF-Davis II, LLC - Orchard Park Student Housing Project), Series 2021, BAM insured, 5.00% 5/15/2025	400	403
Murrieta Valley Unified School Dist., Public Fncg. Auth., Special Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2016-A, 5.00% 9/1/2029	100	103
North Natomas Community Facs. Dist. No. 4, Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2023-G, 5.00% 9/1/2028	745	801
City of Ontario, Community Facs. Dist. No. 35 (Countryside Phase 2 South - Facs.), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2029	205	219
City of Ontario, Community Facs. Dist. No. 35 (Countryside Phase 2 South - Facs.), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2030	215	231

Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
City of Ontario, Community Facs. Dist. No. 66 (Olive and Oleander Facs.), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2031	USD210	\$ 225
County of Orange, Sanitation Dist., Wastewater Rev. Ref. Obligations, Series 2021-A, 5.00% 2/1/2026	750	771
City of Perris, Joint Powers Auth., Local Agcy. Rev. Ref. Bonds (CFD No. 2001-1 IA No. 4 and No. 5; CFD No. 2005-1 IA No. 4), Series 2017-B, 5.00% 9/1/2025	105	106
Pollution Control Fncg. Auth., Water Facs. Rev. Bonds (American Water Capital Corp. Project), Series 2020, 3.70% 8/1/2040 (put 9/1/2028)	410	414
Public Fin. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (O'Conner Woods), Series 2022, 4.00% 1/1/2026	440	445
Public Works Board, Lease Rev. Bonds (Dept. of Corrections and Rehabilitation), Series 2015-H, 5.00% 12/1/2026	470	478
Public Works Board, Lease Rev. Bonds (Various Capital Projects), Series 2021-B, 5.00% 5/1/2027	750	791
Public Works Board, Lease Rev. Ref. Bonds (Various Capital Projects), Series 2022-A, 5.00% 8/1/2030	500	558
Public Works Board, Lease Rev. Ref. Bonds (Various Capital Projects), Series 2024-C, 5.00% 9/1/2030	665	742
Public Works Board, Lease Rev. Ref. Bonds (Various Capital Projects), Series 2022-C, 5.00% 8/1/2033	1,000	1,117
City of Rancho Cordova, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2018-1 (The Grantline 208 Project), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2021-B, 4.00% 9/1/2026	105	106
City of Rancho Cordova, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2018-1 (The Grantline 208 Project), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2021-B, 4.00% 9/1/2028	120	121
County of Riverside, Public Fncg. Auth., Tax Allocation Rev. Bonds (Redev. Project Area No. 1, Desert Communities Redev. Project Area, Interstate 215 Corridor Redev. Area), Series 2024-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 10/1/2029	315	347
County of Riverside, Public Fncg. Auth., Tax Allocation Rev. Bonds (Redev. Project Area No. 1, Desert Communities Redev. Project Area, Interstate 215 Corridor Redev. Area), Series 2024-A, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 10/1/2032	1,000	1,139
RNR School Fncg. Auth., Community Facs. Dist. No. 92-1, Special Tax Bonds, Series 2017-A, BAM insured, 5.00% 9/1/2028	1,000	1,039
Roseville Joint Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2004 Election, Series 2007-C, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 8/1/2025	510	498
Roseville Joint Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2004 Election, Series 2007-C, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 8/1/2026	870	824
City of Sacramento, Municipal Utility Dist., Electric Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2018-F, 5.00% 8/15/2026	500	521
Sacramento Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2022, BAM insured, 5.00% 7/1/2027	815	863
Sacramento Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024-B, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2029	500	550
City of San Diego, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2 (Santaluz), Improvement Area No. 1, Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2026	485	493
City of San Diego, Housing Auth., Multi Family Housing Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-B, 5.00% 5/1/2057 (put 11/1/2026)	1,000	1,026
City of San Diego, Public Facs. Fncg. Auth., Lease Rev. Bonds (Capital Improvement Projects), Series 2021-A, 5.00% 10/15/2027	255	273
City of San Diego, Public Facs. Fncg. Auth., Sewer Rev. Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.00% 5/15/2027	500	531
County of San Diego, Grossmont Healthcare Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-E, 5.00% 7/15/2028	320	348
County of San Diego, Regional Transportation Commission, Limited Sales Tax Rev. Bonds, Series 2021-B, 5.00% 4/1/2026	140	144
County of San Diego, Water Auth., Water Rev. Ref. Green Bonds, Series 2021-B, 5.00% 5/1/2030	230	259
San Diego Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Green Bonds, 2018 Election, Series 2023-G-2, 5.00% 7/1/2028	600	655
San Diego Unified School Dist., G.O. Dedicated Unlimited Ad Valorem Property Tax Green Bonds, 2022 Election, Series 2024-B-3, 5.00% 7/1/2030	325	368
San Diego Unified School Dist., G.O. Green Bonds, 2018 Election, Series 2022-F-2, 5.00% 7/1/2029	810	902
City and County of San Francisco, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2014-1 (Transbay Transit Center), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.00% 9/1/2028	145	156
City and County of San Francisco, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2014-1 (Transbay Transit Center), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.00% 9/1/2029	195	213
City and County of San Francisco, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2014-1 (Transbay Transit Center), Special Tax Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.00% 9/1/2030	155	171
City and County of San Francisco, G.O. Bonds (Earthquake Safety and Emergency Response), Series 2021-E-1, 5.00% 6/15/2025	815	826
City and County of San Francisco, Public Utilities Commission, San Francisco Water Rev. Bonds, Series 2023-A, 5.00% 11/1/2029	500	559
City and County of San Francisco, Public Utilities Commission, Wastewater Rev. Green Bonds, Series 2023-C, 4.00% 10/1/2048 (put 10/1/2029)	1,040	1,088
City of San Francisco, Bay Area Rapid Transit Dist., G.O. Green Bonds, 2016 Election, Series 2017-A-1, 5.00% 8/1/2028	1,000	1,067

Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
City of San Jacinto, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2002-1 (Rancho San Jacinto Phase 2), Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016, 5.00% 9/1/2027	USD900	\$ 926
City of San Jose, Airport Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2021-A, 5.00% 3/1/2026	440	453
San Mateo Community College Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2001 Election, Series 2005-B, 0% 9/1/2027	1,130	1,042
Cities of San Mateo and Foster City, Public Fin. Auth., Wastewater Rev. Notes, Series 2021-B, 5.00% 8/1/2025 (escrowed to maturity)	415	422
San Ramon Valley Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2015, 4.00% 8/1/2033 (preref. 8/1/2025)	500	504
Santa Margarita Water Dist., Community Facs. Dist. No. 99-1 (Talega), Special Tax Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2014-B, 5.00% 9/1/2029	1,000	1,001
Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School Dist., School Facs. Improvement Dist. No. 1 (Santa Monica Schools), G.O. Bonds, 2018 Election, Series 2021-B, 4.00% 8/1/2025	335	338
City of Santa Rosa, Wastewater Rev. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2002-B, AMBAC insured, 0% 9/1/2025	1,000	974
Silicon Valley Clean Water, Wastewater Rev. Bonds, Series 2018, 5.00% 8/1/2028	500	538
Silicon Valley Clean Water, Wastewater Rev. Notes, Series 2021-B, 0.50% 3/1/2026	1,350	1,279
Southern California Public Power Auth., Clean Energy Project Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-A, 5.00% 4/1/2055 (put 9/1/2030)	650	691
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Multi Family Housing Rev. Bonds (Vintage at Folsom), Series 2024-E-2, 5.00% 10/1/2028 (put 10/1/2027)	345	362
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Adventist Health System/West), Series 2018-A, 5.00% 3/1/2025	415	417
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Huntington Memorial Hospital), Series 2018, 5.00% 7/1/2026	325	337
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Kaiser Permanente), Series 2003-D, 5.00% 5/1/2033 (put 11/1/2029)	1,000	1,102
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Bonds (Kaiser Permanente), Series 2004-M, 5.00% 4/1/2038 (put 11/1/2029)	500	551
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Odd Fellows Home of California Project), Series 2023-A, 5.00% 4/1/2025	485	488
Statewide Communities Dev. Auth., Student Housing Rev. Ref. Bonds (CHF-Irvine, LLC - University of California, Irvine East Campus Apartments, Phase I Ref. and Phase IV-B), Series 2021, BAM insured, 5.00% 5/15/2027	850	893
City of Stockton, Public Fncg. Auth., Wastewater Rev. Ref. Bonds (Wastewater Ref. Project), Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2029	295	325
Sweetwater Union High School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2014, BAM insured, 5.00% 2026	350	350
Temescal Valley Water Dist., Public Fncg. Auth., Local Agcy. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2024, 5.00% 9/1/2028	500	541
Tobacco Securitization Auth., Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Rev. Ref. Senior Bonds (Sacramento County Tobacco Securitization Corp), Series 2021-A-1, 5.00% 6/1/2027	440	459
Transbay Joint Powers Auth., Senior Tax Allocation Green Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 10/1/2025	1,500	1,517
Transbay Joint Powers Auth., Senior Tax Allocation Green Bonds, Series 2020-A, 5.00% 10/1/2026	550	565
Tuolumne Wind Project Auth., Rev. Ref. Bonds (Tuolumne Wind Project), Series 2016-A, 5.00% 1/1/2027	670	704
Twin Rivers Unified School Dist., G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016-B, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 5.00% 8/1/2027	225	235
Regents of the University of California, General Rev. Bonds, Series 2020-BE, 5.00% 5/15/2027	1,100	1,169
Regents of the University of California, General Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-BW, 5.00% 5/15/2029	1,000	1,108
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Home Purchase Rev. Bonds, Series 2016-B, 3.50% 12/1/2045	130	129
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Home Purchase Rev. Bonds, Series 2019-A, 4.00% 12/1/2049	875	877
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Home Purchase Rev. Bonds, Series 2020-A, 3.00% 12/1/2050	925	911
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Home Purchase Rev. Bonds, Series 2022-A, 5.50% 12/1/2052	545	574
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Veterans G.O. Bonds, Series 2017-CQ, 4.00% 12/1/2047	255	255
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Veterans G.O. Bonds, Series 2018-CR, 4.00% 12/1/2048	525	526
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Veterans G.O. Bonds, Series 2020-CT, 3.00% 12/1/2050	1,295	1,275
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Veterans G.O. Bonds, Series 2022-CU, 5.50% 12/1/2052	1,390	1,521
Dept. of Veterans Affairs, Veterans G.O. Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2016-CN, 3.50% 12/1/2045	130	130
Dept. of Water Resources, Water System Rev. Bonds (Central Valley Project), Series 2021-BD, 5.00% 2028	325	357
West Contra Costa Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Series 2023, BAM insured, 5.00% 8/1/2028	1,000	1,083
West Contra Costa Unified School Dist., G.O. Bonds, 2012 Election, Series 2020-E, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 8/1/2026	640	653
Westside Union School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2002-A, National insured, 0% 8/1/2027	1,000	915
William S. Hart Union High School Dist., G.O. Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds, 2001 Election, Series 2005-B, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 0% 9/1/2025	1,000	975

Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
California (continued)		
City of Woodland, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2004-1 (Spring Lake), Special Tax Capital Projects Bonds, Series 2021, 4.00% 9/1/2026	USD160	\$ 162
City of Woodland, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2004-1 (Spring Lake), Special Tax Capital Projects Bonds, Series 2021, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 9/1/2027	180	184
City of Woodland, Community Facs. Dist. No. 2004-1 (Spring Lake), Special Tax Capital Projects Bonds, Series 2021, Assured Guaranty Municipal insured, 4.00% 9/1/2028	200	205
Total bonds, notes & other debt instruments (cost: \$103,090,000)		<u>102,324</u>

Short-term securities 3.99%

Municipals 3.99%		
Bay Area Toll Auth., San Francisco Bay Area Toll Bridge Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-H, 3.25% 4/1/2059 ¹	1,000	1,000
Fin. Auth., Recovery Zone Fac. Bonds (Chevron U.S.A., Inc. Project), Series 2010-A, 3.10% 11/1/2035 ¹	2,700	2,700
City of Los Angeles, Dept. of Water and Power, Water System Bonds, Series 2019-A, 3.13% 7/1/2049 ¹	600	600
Total short-term securities (cost: \$4,300,000)		<u>4,300</u>
Total investment securities 99.00% (cost: \$107,390,000)		106,624
Other assets less liabilities 1.00%		<u>1,072</u>
Net assets 100.00%		<u><u>\$ 107,696</u></u>

Futures contracts

Contracts	Type	Number of contracts	Expiration date	Notional amount (000)	Value and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 10/31/2024 (000)
2 Year U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Long	47	1/6/2025	USD9,679	\$ (70)
5 Year U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Short	10	12/31/2024	(1,072)	24
10 Year Ultra U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Short	3	12/31/2024	(341)	6
10 Year U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Short	8	12/31/2024	(884)	23
					<u><u>\$ (17)</u></u>

¹Coupon rate may change periodically. Reference rate and spread are as of the most recent information available. Some coupon rates are determined by the issuer or agent based on current market conditions; therefore, the reference rate and spread are not available. For short-term securities, the date of the next scheduled coupon rate change is considered to be the maturity date.

Key to abbreviation(s)

Agcy. = Agency	Fin. = Finance
Auth. = Authority	Fnng. = Financing
Dept. = Department	G.O. = General Obligation
Dev. = Development	Preref. = Prerefunded
Dist. = District	Redev. = Redevelopment
Dists. = Districts	Ref. = Refunding
Econ. = Economic	Rev. = Revenue
Fac. = Facility	USD = U.S. dollars
Facs. = Facilities	

Financial statements

Statements of assets and liabilities at October 31, 2024

(dollars and shares in thousands, except per-share amounts)

	Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund
Assets:		
Investment securities in unaffiliated issuers, at value	\$ 630,023	\$ 106,624
Cash	1,578	415
Cash collateral pledged for futures contracts	344	82
Receivables for:		
Sales of fund's shares	417	1
Dividends and interest	6,386	1,127
Variation margin on futures contracts	21	4
Total assets	638,769	108,253
Liabilities:		
Payables for:		
Purchases of investments	2,982	400
Repurchases of fund's shares	667	97
Investment advisory services	137	23
Services provided by related parties	—	34
Variation margin on futures contracts	19	3
Other	—*	—*
Total liabilities	3,805	557
Net assets at October 31, 2024	\$ 634,964	\$ 107,696
Net assets consist of:		
Capital paid in on shares of beneficial interest	\$ 653,711	\$ 110,633
Total distributable earnings (accumulated loss)	(18,747)	(2,937)
Net assets at October 31, 2024	\$ 634,964	\$ 107,696
Investment securities in unaffiliated issuers, at cost	\$ 641,238	\$ 107,390
Shares outstanding	62,061	10,786
Net asset value per share	\$ 10.23	\$ 9.98

* Amount less than one thousand.

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

Financial statements (continued)

Statements of operations for the year ended October 31, 2024

(dollars in thousands)

	Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund
Investment income:		
Income (net of non-U.S. taxes ¹):		
Interest from unaffiliated issuers	\$ 17,157	\$ 2,468
Fees and expenses ¹ :		
Investment advisory services	1,633	256
Transfer agent services	13	2
Reports to shareholders	10	5
Registration statement and prospectus	12	5
Trustees' compensation	3	1
Auditing and legal	52	45
Custodian	10	8
Other	(15) ²	(4) ²
Total fees and expenses	1,718	318
Less reimbursements of fees and expenses:		
Miscellaneous fee reimbursements	—	8
Total reimbursements of fees and expenses	—	8
Total fees and expenses after reimbursements	1,718	310
Net investment income	15,439	2,158
Net realized gain (loss) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation):		
Net realized gain (loss) on:		
Investments in unaffiliated issuers	(638)	(43)
Futures contracts	(177)	(28)
	(815)	(71)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on:		
Investments in unaffiliated issuers	27,507	3,423
Futures contracts	(270)	6
	27,237	3,429
Net realized gain (loss) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	26,422	3,358
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 41,861	\$ 5,516

¹ Additional information related to non-U.S. taxes and fees and expenses is included in the notes to financial statements.

² Amount is due to an adjustment of prior year expenses.

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

Financial statements (continued)

Statements of changes in net assets

(dollars in thousands)

	Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund		Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	
	Year ended October 31,		Year ended October 31,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Operations:				
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 15,439	\$ 12,454	\$ 2,158	\$ 2,065
Net realized gain (loss)	(815)	(3,562)	(71)	(760)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	27,237	(4,371)	3,429	237
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	41,861	4,521	5,516	1,542
Distributions paid to shareholders	(15,222)	(12,269)	(2,140)	(2,061)
Net capital share transactions	(37,227)	67,610	(4,384)	(15,637)
Total increase (decrease) in net assets	(10,588)	59,862	(1,008)	(16,156)
Net assets:				
Beginning of year	645,552	585,690	108,704	124,860
End of year	\$ 634,964	\$ 645,552	\$ 107,696	\$ 108,704

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

Notes to financial statements

1. Organization

Capital Group Private Client Services Funds (the “series”) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), as an open-end, diversified management investment company. The series consists of two funds: Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund and Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund (each a “fund,” collectively the “funds”). The assets of each fund are segregated, with each fund accounted for separately.

Each fund’s investment objectives are as follows:

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund — Seeks to provide current income exempt from federal and California income taxes and to preserve capital.

Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund — Seeks to preserve capital and secondarily to provide current income exempt from federal and California income taxes.

2. Significant accounting policies

Each fund is an investment company that applies the accounting and reporting guidance issued in Topic 946 by the U.S. Financial Accounting Standards Board. Each fund’s financial statements have been prepared to comply with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”). These principles require the funds’ investment adviser to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Subsequent events, if any, have been evaluated through the date of issuance in the preparation of the financial statements. The funds follow the significant accounting policies described in this section, as well as the valuation policies described in the next section on valuation.

Security transactions and related investment income — Security transactions are recorded by the funds as of the date the trades are executed with brokers. Realized gains and losses from security transactions are determined based on the specific identified cost of the securities. In the event a security is purchased with a delayed payment date, the funds will segregate liquid assets sufficient to meet their payment obligations. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date and interest income is recognized on an accrual basis. Market discounts, premiums and original issue discounts on fixed-income securities are amortized daily over the expected life of the security.

Distributions paid to shareholders — Income dividends and capital gain distributions are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

3. Valuation

Capital Research and Management Company (“CRMC”), the funds’ investment adviser, values each fund’s investments at fair value as defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America. The net asset value per share of each fund is calculated once daily as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange, normally 4 p.m. New York time, each day the New York Stock Exchange is open.

Methods and inputs — The funds’ investment adviser uses the following methods and inputs to establish the fair value of each fund’s assets and liabilities. Use of particular methods and inputs may vary over time based on availability and relevance as market and economic conditions evolve.

Fixed-income securities, including short-term securities, are generally valued at evaluated prices obtained from third-party pricing vendors. Vendors value such securities based on one or more of the inputs described in the following table. The table provides examples of inputs that are commonly relevant for valuing particular classes of fixed-income securities in which the funds are authorized to invest. However, these classifications are not exclusive, and any of the inputs may be used to value any other class of fixed-income security.

Fixed-income class	Examples of standard inputs
All	Benchmark yields, transactions, bids, offers, quotations from dealers and trading systems, new issues, spreads and other relationships observed in the markets among comparable securities; and proprietary pricing models such as yield measures calculated using factors such as cash flows, financial or collateral performance and other reference data (collectively referred to as "standard inputs")
Municipal securities	Standard inputs and, for certain distressed securities, cash flows or liquidation values using a net present value calculation based on inputs that include, but are not limited to, financial statements and debt contracts

Exchange-traded futures are generally valued at the official settlement price of the exchange or market on which such instruments are traded, as of the close of business on the day the futures are being valued.

Securities and other assets for which representative market quotations are not readily available or are considered unreliable by the funds' investment adviser are fair valued as determined in good faith under fair valuation guidelines adopted by the funds' investment adviser and approved by the board of trustees as further described. The investment adviser follows fair valuation guidelines, consistent with U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission rules and guidance, to consider relevant principles and factors when making fair value determinations. The investment adviser considers relevant indications of value that are reasonably and timely available to it in determining the fair value to be assigned to a particular security, such as the type and cost of the security, contractual or legal restrictions on resale of the security, relevant financial or business developments of the issuer, actively traded similar or related securities, dealer or broker quotes, conversion or exchange rights on the security, related corporate actions, significant events occurring after the close of trading in the security, and changes in overall market conditions. In addition, the closing prices of equity securities that trade in markets outside U.S. time zones may be adjusted to reflect significant events that occur after the close of local trading but before the net asset value of each of the funds is determined. Fair valuations of investments that are not actively trading involve judgment and may differ materially from valuations that would have been used had greater market activity occurred.

Processes and structure — The funds' board of trustees has designated the fund's investment adviser to make fair value determinations, subject to board oversight. The investment adviser has established a Joint Fair Valuation Committee (the "Committee") to administer, implement and oversee the fair valuation process and to make fair value decisions. The Committee regularly reviews its own fair value decisions, as well as decisions made under its standing instructions to the investment adviser's valuation team. The Committee reviews changes in fair value measurements from period to period, pricing vendor information and market data, and may, as deemed appropriate, update the fair valuation guidelines to better reflect the results of back testing and address new or evolving issues. Pricing decisions, processes and controls over security valuation are also subject to additional internal reviews facilitated by the investment adviser's global risk management group. The Committee reports changes to the fair valuation guidelines to the board of trustees. The funds' board and audit committee also regularly review reports that describe fair value determinations and methods.

Classifications — The funds' investment adviser classifies each fund's assets and liabilities into three levels based on the inputs used to value the assets or liabilities. Level 1 values are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical securities. Level 2 values are based on significant observable market inputs, such as quoted prices for similar securities and quoted prices in inactive markets. Certain securities trading outside the U.S. may transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 due to valuation adjustments resulting from significant market movements following the close of local trading. Level 3 values are based on significant unobservable inputs that reflect the investment adviser's determination of assumptions that market participants might reasonably use in valuing the securities. The valuation levels are not necessarily an indication of the risk or liquidity associated with the underlying investment. For example, U.S. government securities are reflected as Level 2 because the inputs used to determine fair value may not always be quoted prices in an active market. The funds' valuation levels as of October 31, 2024, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

	Investment securities			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Bonds, notes & other debt instruments:				
Municipals	\$—	\$ 611,357	\$—	\$ 611,357
Short-term securities	—	18,666	—	18,666
Total	\$—	\$ 630,023	\$—	\$ 630,023
	Other investments*			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Unrealized appreciation on futures contracts	\$ 279	\$—	\$—	\$ 279
Liabilities:				
Unrealized depreciation on futures contracts	(417)	—	—	(417)
Total	\$ (138)	\$—	\$—	\$ (138)

*Futures contracts are not included in the fund's investment portfolio.

Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

	Investment securities			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Bonds, notes & other debt instruments:				
Municipals	\$—	\$ 102,324	\$—	\$ 102,324
Short-term securities	—	4,300	—	4,300
Total	\$—	\$ 106,624	\$—	\$ 106,624
	Other investments*			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Unrealized appreciation on futures contracts	\$ 53	\$—	\$—	\$ 53
Liabilities:				
Unrealized depreciation on futures contracts	(70)	—	—	(70)
Total	\$ (17)	\$—	\$—	\$ (17)

*Futures contracts are not included in the fund's investment portfolio.

4. Risk factors

Investing in the funds may involve certain risks including, but not limited to, those described below.

Market conditions — The prices of, and the income generated by, the securities held by the fund may decline — sometimes rapidly or unpredictably — due to various factors, including events or conditions affecting the general economy or particular industries or companies; overall market changes; local, regional or global political, social or economic instability; governmental, governmental agency or central bank responses to economic conditions; changes in inflation rates; and currency exchange rate, interest rate and commodity price fluctuations.

Economies and financial markets throughout the world are highly interconnected. Economic, financial or political events, trading and tariff arrangements, wars, terrorism, cybersecurity events, natural disasters, public health emergencies (such as the spread of infectious disease), bank failures and other circumstances in one country or region, including actions taken by governmental or quasi-governmental authorities in response to any of the foregoing, could have impacts on global economies or markets. As a result, whether or not the fund invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries affected, the value and liquidity of the fund's investments may be negatively affected by developments in other countries and regions.

Issuer risks — The prices of, and the income generated by, securities held by the fund may decline in response to various factors directly related to the issuers of such securities, including reduced demand for an issuer's goods or services, poor management performance, major litigation, investigations or other controversies related to the issuer, changes in the issuer's financial condition or credit rating, changes in government regulations affecting the issuer or its competitive environment and strategic initiatives such as mergers, acquisitions or dispositions and the market response to any such initiatives. An individual security may also be affected by factors relating to the industry or sector of the issuer or the securities markets as a whole, and conversely an industry or sector or the securities markets may be affected by a change in financial condition or other event affecting a single issuer. The fund's portfolio managers invest in different issuers based on their level of investment conviction. At times, the fund may invest more significantly in a single issuer, which would increase the risk of loss arising from the factors described above.

Investing in debt instruments — The prices of, and the income generated by, bonds and other debt securities held by the fund may be affected by factors such as the interest rates, maturities and credit quality of these securities.

Rising interest rates will generally cause the prices of bonds and other debt securities to fall. Also, when interest rates rise, issuers of debt securities that may be prepaid at any time, such as mortgage- or other asset-backed securities, are less likely to refinance existing debt securities, causing the average life of such securities to extend. A general change in interest rates may cause investors to sell debt securities on a large scale, which could also adversely affect the price and liquidity of debt securities and could also result in increased redemptions from the fund. Falling interest rates may cause an issuer to redeem, call or refinance a debt security before its stated maturity, which may result in the fund having to reinvest the proceeds in lower yielding securities. Longer maturity debt securities generally have greater sensitivity to changes in interest rates and may be subject to greater price fluctuations than shorter maturity debt securities.

Bonds and other debt securities are also subject to credit risk, which is the possibility that the credit strength of an issuer or guarantor will weaken or be perceived to be weaker, and/or an issuer of a debt security will fail to make timely payments of principal or interest and the security will go into default. Changes in actual or perceived creditworthiness may occur quickly. A downgrade or default affecting any of the fund's securities could cause the value of the fund's shares to decrease. Credit risk is gauged, in part, by the credit ratings of the debt securities in which the fund invests. However, ratings are only the opinions of the rating agencies issuing them and are not guarantees as to credit quality or an evaluation of market risk. The fund's investment adviser relies on its own credit analysts to research issuers and issues in assessing credit and default risks.

Credit and liquidity support — Changes in the credit quality of banks and financial institutions providing credit and liquidity support features with respect to securities held by the fund could cause the values of these securities to decline.

Investing in lower rated debt instruments — Lower rated bonds and other lower rated debt securities generally have higher rates of interest and involve greater risk of default or price declines due to changes in the issuer's creditworthiness than those of higher quality debt securities. The market prices of these securities may fluctuate more than the prices of higher quality debt securities and may decline significantly in periods of general economic difficulty.

Liquidity risk — Certain fund holdings may be or may become difficult or impossible to sell, particularly during times of market turmoil. Liquidity may be impacted by the lack of an active market for a holding, legal or contractual restrictions on resale, or the reduced number and capacity of market participants to make a market in such holding. Market prices for less liquid or illiquid holdings may be volatile or difficult to determine, and reduced liquidity may have an adverse impact on the market price of such holdings. Additionally, the sale of less liquid or illiquid holdings may involve substantial delays (including delays in settlement) and additional costs and the fund may be unable to sell such holdings when necessary to meet its liquidity needs or to try to limit losses, or may be forced to sell at a loss.

Investing in similar municipal bonds — Investing significantly in municipal obligations of multiple issuers in the same state or backed by revenues of similar types of projects or industries may make the fund more susceptible to certain economic, political or regulatory occurrences. As a result, the fund has greater risk of volatility, and greater risk of loss, from these investments.

Investing in municipal bonds of issuers within the state of California — Because the funds invest primarily in securities of issuers within the state of California, the funds are more susceptible to factors adversely affecting issuers of California securities than a comparable municipal bond mutual fund that does not concentrate its investments in a single state. For example, in the past, California voters have passed amendments to the state's constitution and other measures that limit the taxing and spending authority of California governmental entities, and future voter initiatives may adversely affect California municipal bonds.

Management — The investment adviser to the fund actively manages the fund's investments. Consequently, the fund is subject to the risk that the methods and analyses, including models, tools and data, employed by the investment adviser in this process may be flawed or incorrect and may not produce the desired results. This could cause the fund to lose value or its investment results to lag relevant benchmarks or other funds with similar objectives.

5. Certain investment techniques

Futures contracts — Each fund has entered into futures contracts, which provide for the future sale by one party and purchase by another party of a specified amount of a specific financial instrument for a specified price, date, time and place designated at the time the contract is made. Futures contracts are used to strategically manage portfolio volatility and downside equity risk.

Upon entering into futures contracts, and to maintain the fund's open positions in futures contracts, the fund is required to deposit with a futures broker, known as a futures commission merchant ("FCM"), in a segregated account in the name of the FCM an amount of cash, U.S. government securities or other liquid securities, known as initial margin. The margin required for a particular futures contract is set by the exchange on which the contract is traded to serve as collateral, and may be significantly modified from time to time by the exchange during the term of the contract.

On a daily basis, each fund pays or receives variation margin based on the increase or decrease in the value of the futures contracts and records variation margin on futures contracts in each fund's statement of assets and liabilities. In addition, each fund segregates liquid assets equivalent to the fund's outstanding obligations under the contract in excess of the initial margin and variation margin, if any. Futures contracts may involve a risk of loss in excess of the variation margin shown on each fund's statement of assets and liabilities. Each fund records realized gains or losses at the time the futures contract is closed or expires. Net realized gains or losses and net unrealized appreciation or depreciation from futures contracts are recorded in each fund's statement of operations.

The following table presents the average month-end notional amounts of futures contracts while held for each fund (dollars in thousands):

	Futures contracts
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	\$85,424
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	10,887

The following tables identify the location and fair value amounts on the funds' statements of assets and liabilities and/or the effect on the funds' statements of operations resulting from the funds' use of futures contracts as of, or for the year ended, October 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund

Contracts	Risk type	Assets		Liabilities	
		Location on statement of assets and liabilities	Value	Location on statement of assets and liabilities	Value
Futures	Interest	Unrealized appreciation*	\$ 279	Unrealized depreciation*	\$ 417
		Net realized gain (loss)		Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	
Contracts	Risk type	Location on statement of operations	Value	Location on statement of operations	Value
Futures	Interest	Net realized gain (loss) on futures contracts	\$ (177)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on futures contracts	\$ (270)

Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

Contracts	Risk type	Assets		Liabilities	
		Location on statement of assets and liabilities	Value	Location on statement of assets and liabilities	Value
Futures	Interest	Unrealized appreciation*	\$ 53	Unrealized depreciation*	\$ 70
		Net realized gain (loss)		Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	
Contracts	Risk type	Location on statement of operations	Value	Location on statement of operations	Value
Futures	Interest	Net realized gain (loss) on futures contracts	\$ (28)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on futures contracts	\$ 6

*Includes cumulative appreciation/depreciation on futures contracts as reported in the applicable table following each fund's investment portfolio. Only current day's variation margin is reported within each fund's statement of assets and liabilities.

Collateral — Each fund either receives or pledges highly liquid assets, such as cash or U.S. government securities, as collateral due to its use of futures contracts. For futures contracts, the program calls for the fund to pledge collateral for initial and variation margin by contract. The purpose of the collateral is to cover potential losses that could occur in the event that either party cannot meet its contractual obligations. Non-cash collateral pledged by the fund, if any, is disclosed in the fund's investment portfolio, and cash collateral pledged by the fund, if any, is held in a segregated account with the fund's custodian, which is reflected as pledged cash collateral in each fund's statement of assets and liabilities.

6. Taxation and distributions

Federal income taxation — Each fund complies with the requirements under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies and intends to distribute substantially all of its net income and net capital gains each year. The funds are not subject to income taxes to the extent taxable income and net capital gains are distributed. Therefore, no federal income tax provision is required.

As of and during the year ended October 31, 2024, neither of the funds had a liability for any unrecognized tax benefits. Each fund recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense in their respective statements of operations. During the period, neither of the funds incurred any significant interest or penalties.

Each fund's tax returns are generally not subject to examination by federal, state and, if applicable, non-U.S. tax authorities after the expiration of each jurisdiction's statute of limitations, which is typically three years after the date of filing but can be extended in certain jurisdictions.

Distributions — Distributions determined on a tax basis may differ from net investment income and net realized gains for financial reporting purposes. These differences are due primarily to different treatment for items such as short-term capital gains and losses; amortization of premiums and discounts; income on certain investments; net capital losses and cost of investments sold. The fiscal year in which amounts are distributed may differ from the year in which the net investment income and net realized gains are recorded by the funds for financial reporting purposes. The funds may also designate a portion of the amount paid to redeeming shareholders as a distribution for tax purposes.

Additional tax basis disclosures for each fund as of October 31, 2024, were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund
Undistributed tax-exempt income	272	6
Capital loss carryforward*	(7,840)	(2,182)
Gross unrealized appreciation on investments	2,350	459
Gross unrealized depreciation on investments	(13,530)	(1,221)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	(11,180)	(762)
Cost of investments	641,065	107,369
Reclassification from total accumulated loss to capital paid in on shares of beneficial interest	76	8

*Each fund's capital loss carryforward will be used to offset any capital gains realized by the fund in future years. Funds with a capital loss carryforward will not make distributions from capital gains while a capital loss carryforward remains.

Distributions paid by each fund were characterized for tax purposes as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Year ended October 31, 2024			
	Tax-exempt income	Ordinary income	Long-term capital gains	Total distributions paid
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	\$ 15,222	\$—	\$—	\$ 15,222
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	2,140	—	—	2,140

	Year ended October 31, 2023			
	Tax-exempt income	Ordinary income	Long-term capital gains	Total distributions paid
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	\$ 12,269	\$—	\$—	\$ 12,269
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	2,061	—	—	2,061

7. Fees and transactions with related parties

CRMC, the funds' investment adviser, is the parent company of American Funds Service Company® ("AFS"), the funds' transfer agent. CRMC and AFS are considered related parties to each fund.

Investment advisory services — Each fund has an investment advisory and service agreement with CRMC that provides for monthly fees accrued daily. The fee for Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund and Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund is 0.25% of the daily net assets of each fund.

Transfer agent services — Each fund has a shareholder services agreement with AFS under which each fund compensates AFS for providing transfer agent services. These services include recordkeeping, shareholder communications and transaction processing. In addition, each fund reimburses AFS for amounts paid to third parties for performing transfer agent services on behalf of fund shareholders.

Miscellaneous fee reimbursements — CRMC has agreed to reimburse a portion of miscellaneous fees and expenses for Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund to limit the fund's total annual operating expenses to 0.30% (as a percentage of daily net assets). Miscellaneous expenses exclude investment advisory services fees. These reimbursements may be adjusted or discontinued by CRMC, subject to any restrictions in the series' prospectus. For the year ended October 31, 2024, total fees and expenses reimbursed by CRMC were \$8,000 for Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund. CRMC will not recoup all or a portion of these reimbursements. Fees and expenses in each fund's statement of operations are presented gross of any reimbursements from CRMC.

Affiliated officers and trustees — Officers and certain trustees of the series are or may be considered to be affiliated with CRMC. No affiliated officers or trustees received any compensation directly from the series.

Security transactions with related funds — The funds may purchase from, or sell securities to, other CRMC-managed funds (or accounts managed by certain affiliates of CRMC) under procedures adopted by the funds' board of trustees. The funds involved in such transactions are considered related by virtue of having a common investment adviser (or affiliated investment advisers), common trustees and/or common officers. When such transactions occur, each transaction is executed at the current market price of the security and no brokerage commissions or fees are paid in accordance with Rule 17a-7 of the 1940 Act.

The following table presents purchase and sales transactions, if any, between each fund and related funds and the net realized gains from such sales as of October 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

Fund	Purchases	Sales	Net realized gain
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	\$ —	\$4,777	\$14
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	211	—	—

Interfund lending — Pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the SEC, the funds, along with other CRMC-managed funds (or funds managed by certain affiliates of CRMC), may participate in an interfund lending program. The program provides an alternate credit facility that permits the funds to lend or borrow cash for temporary purposes directly to or from one another, subject to the conditions of the exemptive order. The funds did not lend or borrow cash through the interfund lending program at any time during the year ended October 31, 2024.

8. Indemnifications

The series' organizational documents provide board members and officers with indemnification against certain liabilities or expenses in connection with the performance of their duties to the series. In the normal course of business, the series may also enter into contracts that provide general indemnifications. Each fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown since it is dependent on future claims that may be made against the series. The risk of material loss from such claims is considered remote. Insurance policies are also available to the series' board members and officers.

9. Capital share transactions

Capital share transactions in each fund were as follows (dollars and shares in thousands):

Fund	Sales		Reinvestment of distributions		Repurchases		Net increase (decrease)	
	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares
Year ended October 31, 2024								
Capital Group								
California Core Municipal Fund	\$ 144,565	14,131	\$ 15,222	1,490	\$ (197,014)	(19,344)	\$ (37,227)	(3,723)
Capital Group California								
Short-Term Municipal Fund	36,156	3,641	2,139	215	(42,679)	(4,295)	(4,384)	(439)
Year ended October 31, 2023								
Capital Group								
California Core Municipal Fund	\$ 238,450	23,637	\$ 12,269	1,216	\$ (183,109)	(18,183)	\$ 67,610	6,670
Capital Group California								
Short-Term Municipal Fund	55,861	5,658	2,061	209	(73,559)	(7,449)	(15,637)	(1,582)

10. Investment transactions

The funds made purchases and sales of investment securities during the year ended October 31, 2024, as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund
Purchases of investment securities*	\$ 159,360	\$ 34,073
Sales of investment securities*	161,966	35,346

*Excludes short-term securities and U.S. government obligations, if any.

Financial highlights

Year ended	Income (loss) from investment operations ¹				Dividends and distributions				Net asset value, end of year		Total return ²	Net assets, end of year (in millions)	Ratio of expenses to average net assets before reimbursements	Ratio of expenses to average net assets after reimbursements ²	Ratio of net income (loss) to average net assets ²
	Net asset value, beginning of year	Net investment income (loss)	Net gains (losses) on securities (both realized and unrealized)	Total from investment operations	Dividends (from net investment income)	Distributions (from capital gains)	Total dividends and distributions								
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund															
10/31/2024	\$ 9.81	\$.24	\$.42	\$.66	\$ (.24)	\$ —	\$ (.24)	\$ 10.23	6.74%	\$ 635	26%	26%	2.36%		
10/31/2023	9.91	.20	(.10)	.10	(.20)	—	(.20)	9.81	.92	646	.28	.28	1.97		
10/31/2022	10.75	.13	(.77)	(.64)	(.14)	(.06)	(.20)	9.91	(6.02)	586	.27	.27	1.23		
10/31/2021	10.90	.13	(.08)	.05	(.11)	(.09)	(.20)	10.75	.53	664	.27	.27	1.17		
10/31/2020	10.73	.17	.18	.35	(.17)	(.01)	(.18)	10.90	3.29	627	.28	.28	1.55		
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund															
10/31/2024	\$ 9.68	\$.21	\$.30	\$.51	\$ (.21)	\$ —	\$ (.21)	\$ 9.98	5.27%	\$ 108	.31%	.30%	2.11%		
10/31/2023	9.75	.17	(.07)	.10	(.17)	—	(.17)	9.68	1.13	109	.32	.30	1.73		
10/31/2022	10.29	.08	(.51)	(.43)	(.08)	(.03)	(.11)	9.75	(4.17)	125	.30	.30	.79		
10/31/2021	10.39	.08	(.07)	.01	(.08)	(.03)	(.11)	10.29	.12	182	.29	.29	.76		
10/31/2020	10.28	.12	.11	.23	(.12)	—	(.12)	10.39	2.26	199	.30	.30	1.16		

Portfolio turnover rate for all share classes	Year ended October 31,				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund	26%	25%	40%	38%	37%
Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund	35	45	50	43	42

¹Based on average shares outstanding.

²This column reflects the impact, if any, of miscellaneous fee reimbursements from CRMC.

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Trustees of Capital Group Private Client Services Funds and Shareholders of Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund and Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund

Opinions on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of assets and liabilities, including the investment portfolios, of Capital Group California Core Municipal Fund and Capital Group California Short-Term Municipal Fund (constituting Capital Group Private Client Services Funds, hereafter collectively referred to as the "Funds") as of October 31, 2024, the related statements of operations for the year ended October 31, 2024, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period ended October 31, 2024, including the related notes, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended October 31, 2024 (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each of the Funds as of October 31, 2024, the results of each of their operations for the year then ended, the changes in each of their net assets for each of the two years in the period ended October 31, 2024 and each of their financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended October 31, 2024 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Funds' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Funds' financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Funds in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of October 31, 2024 by correspondence with the custodian, transfer agent and brokers; when replies were not received from brokers, we performed other auditing procedures. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Los Angeles, California
December 11, 2024

We have served as the auditor of one or more investment companies in The Capital Group group of investment companies since 1934.
