

**Capital World Bond Fund®**

Part B  
Statement of Additional Information

March 1, 2026

This document is not a prospectus but should be read in conjunction with the current prospectus of Capital World Bond Fund (the "fund") dated March 1, 2026. You may obtain a prospectus from your financial professional, by calling American Funds Service Company® at (800) 421-4225 or by writing to the fund at the following address:

Capital World Bond Fund  
Attention: Secretary

333 South Hope Street  
Los Angeles, California 90071

Certain privileges and/or services described below may not be available to all shareholders (including shareholders who purchase shares at net asset value through eligible retirement plans) depending on the shareholder's investment dealer or retirement plan recordkeeper. Please see your financial professional, investment dealer, plan recordkeeper or employer for more information.

Class A	CWBFX	Class 529-A	CCWAX	Class R-1	RCWAX
Class C	CWBCX	Class 529-C	CCWCX	Class R-2	RCWBX
Class T	TWCWX	Class 529-E	CCWEX	Class R-2E	RCEBX
Class F-1	WBFFX	Class 529-T	TWCBX	Class R-3	RCWCX
Class F-2	BFWFX	Class 529-F-1	CCWFX	Class R-4	RCWEX
Class F-3	WFBFX	Class 529-F-2	FCWBX	Class R-5E	RCWHX
		Class 529-F-3	FWBCX	Class R-5	RCWFX
				Class R-6	RCWGX

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### **Certain investment limitations and guidelines**

The following limitations and guidelines are considered at the time of purchase, under normal circumstances, and are based on a percentage of the fund's net assets unless otherwise noted. This summary is not intended to reflect all of the fund's investment limitations.

#### **Debt instruments**

- The fund invests at least 80% of its assets in bonds and other debt instruments, including cash equivalents and certain preferred securities. For purposes of this investment guideline, investments may be represented by derivative instruments, such as futures contracts and swaps.
- Normally, the fund invests substantially in debt securities rated Baa3 or better or BBB- or better (by Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations designated by the fund's investment adviser) or unrated but determined by the fund's investment adviser to be of equivalent quality.
- The fund may invest up to 25% of its assets in debt securities rated Ba1 or below and BB+ or below (by Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations designated by the fund's investment adviser) or unrated but determined by the fund's investment adviser to be of equivalent quality.
- The fund currently intends to consider the ratings from Moody's Investors Service, S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings. If agency ratings of a security differ, the security will be considered to have received the highest of these ratings, consistent with the fund's investment policies.

#### **Investing outside the United States**

- For purposes of determining whether an investment is made in a particular country or geographic region, the fund's investment adviser will generally look to the domicile of the issuer in the case of equity securities or to the country to which the security is tied economically in the case of debt securities. In doing so, the fund's investment adviser will generally look to the determination of MSCI Inc. (MSCI) for equity securities and Bloomberg for debt securities. In certain limited circumstances (including when relevant data is unavailable or the nature of a holding warrants special considerations), the adviser may also take into account additional factors, as applicable, including where the issuer's securities are listed; where the issuer is legally organized, maintains principal corporate offices, conducts its principal operations, generates revenues and/or has credit risk exposure; and the source of guarantees, if any, of such securities.

\* \* \* \* \*

The fund may experience difficulty liquidating certain portfolio securities during significant market declines or periods of heavy redemptions.

### **Description of certain securities, investment techniques and risks**

The descriptions below are intended to supplement the material in the prospectus under “Investment objective, strategies and risks.”

**Market conditions** – The value of, and the income generated by, the securities in which the fund invests may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to factors affecting certain issuers, particular industries or sectors, or the overall markets. Rapid or unexpected changes in market conditions could cause the fund to liquidate holdings at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value. The value of a particular holding may decrease due to developments related to that issuer, but also due to general market conditions, including real or perceived economic developments such as changes in interest rates, credit quality, inflation, or currency rates or generally adverse investor sentiment. The value of a holding may also decline due to factors that negatively affect a particular industry or sector, such as labor shortages, increased production costs, or competitive conditions.

Global economies and financial markets are highly interconnected, and conditions and events in one country, region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Furthermore, local, regional and global events such as war, acts of terrorism, trading and tariff arrangements, social unrest, natural disasters, the spread of infectious illness or other public health threats, or bank failures could also adversely impact issuers, markets and economies, including in ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen. The fund could be negatively impacted if the value of a portfolio holding were harmed by such conditions or events.

Significant market disruptions, such as those caused by pandemics, natural or environmental disasters, war, acts of terrorism, bank failures or other events, can adversely affect local and global markets and normal market operations. Market disruptions may exacerbate political, social, and economic risks. Additionally, market disruptions may result in increased market volatility; regulatory trading halts; closure of domestic or foreign exchanges, markets, or governments; or market participants operating pursuant to business continuity plans for indeterminate periods of time. Such events can be highly disruptive to economies and markets and significantly impact individual companies, sectors, industries, markets, currencies, interest and inflation rates, credit ratings, investor sentiment, and other factors affecting the value of the fund's investments and operation of the fund. These events could disrupt businesses that are integral to the fund's operations or impair the ability of employees of fund service providers to perform essential tasks on behalf of the fund.

Governmental and quasi-governmental authorities may take a number of actions designed to support local and global economies and the financial markets in response to economic disruptions. Such actions may include a variety of significant fiscal and monetary policy changes, including, for example, direct capital infusions into companies, new monetary programs and significantly lower interest rates. These actions have resulted in significant expansion of public debt and may result in greater market risk. Additionally, an unexpected or quick reversal of these policies, or the ineffectiveness of these policies, could negatively impact overall investor sentiment and further increase volatility in securities markets.

**Debt instruments** — Debt securities, also known as “fixed income securities,” are used by issuers to borrow money. Bonds, notes, debentures, asset-backed securities (including those backed by mortgages), and loan participations and assignments are common types of debt securities. Generally, issuers pay investors periodic interest and repay the amount borrowed either periodically during the life of the security and/or at maturity. Some debt securities, such as zero coupon bonds, do not pay current interest, but are purchased at a discount from their face values and their values accrete over time to face value at maturity. Some debt securities bear interest at rates that are not fixed, but that vary with changes in specified market rates or indices. The market prices of debt securities fluctuate depending on such factors as interest rates, credit quality and maturity. In general, market prices of

debt securities decline when interest rates rise and increase when interest rates fall. These fluctuations will generally be greater for longer-term debt securities than for shorter-term debt securities. Prices of these securities can also be affected by financial contracts held by the issuer or third parties (such as derivatives) relating to the security or other assets or indices. Borrowers that are in bankruptcy or restructuring may never pay off their indebtedness, or they may pay only a small fraction of the amount owed. Direct indebtedness of countries, particularly emerging markets, also involves a risk that the governmental entities responsible for the repayment of the debt may be unable, or unwilling, to pay interest and repay principal when due.

Lower rated debt securities, rated Ba1/BB+ or below by Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations, are described by the rating agencies as speculative and involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the issuer's creditworthiness than higher rated debt securities, or they may already be in default. Such securities are sometimes referred to as "junk bonds" or high yield bonds. The market prices of these securities may fluctuate more than higher quality securities and may decline significantly in periods of general economic difficulty. It may be more difficult to dispose of, and to determine the value of, lower rated debt securities. Investment grade bonds in the ratings categories A or Baa/BBB also may be more susceptible to changes in market or economic conditions than bonds rated in the highest rating categories.

Certain additional risk factors relating to debt securities are discussed below:

**Sensitivity to interest rate and economic changes** — Debt securities may be sensitive to economic changes, political and corporate developments, and interest rate changes. In addition, during an economic downturn or a period of rising interest rates, issuers that are highly leveraged may experience increased financial stress that could adversely affect their ability to meet projected business goals, to obtain additional financing and to service their principal and interest payment obligations. Periods of economic change and uncertainty also can be expected to result in increased volatility of market prices and yields of certain debt securities and derivative instruments. As discussed under "Market conditions" above in this statement of additional information, governments and quasi-governmental authorities may take actions to support local and global economies and financial markets during periods of economic crisis, including direct capital infusions into companies, new monetary programs and significantly lower interest rates. Such actions may expose fixed income markets to heightened volatility and may reduce liquidity for certain investments, which could cause the value of the fund's portfolio to decline.

**Payment expectations** — Debt securities may contain redemption or call provisions. If an issuer exercises these provisions in a lower interest rate market, the fund may have to replace the security with a lower yielding security, resulting in decreased income to investors. If the issuer of a debt security defaults on its obligations to pay interest or principal or is the subject of bankruptcy proceedings, the fund may incur losses or expenses in seeking recovery of amounts owed to it.

**Liquidity and valuation** — There may be little trading in the secondary market for particular debt securities, which may affect adversely the fund's ability to value accurately or dispose of such debt securities. Adverse publicity and investor perceptions, whether or not based on fundamental analysis, may decrease the value and/or liquidity of debt securities.

Credit ratings for debt securities provided by rating agencies reflect an evaluation of the safety of principal and interest payments, not market value risk. The rating of an issuer is a rating agency's view of past and future potential developments related to the issuer and may not necessarily reflect actual outcomes. There can be a lag between the time of developments relating to an issuer and the time a

rating is assigned and updated. The investment adviser considers these ratings of securities as one of many criteria in making its investment decisions.

Bond rating agencies may assign modifiers (such as +/-) to ratings categories to signify the relative position of a credit within the rating category. Investment policies that are based on ratings categories should be read to include any security within that category, without giving consideration to the modifier except where otherwise provided. See the appendix to this statement of additional information for more information about credit ratings.

**Securities with equity and debt characteristics** — Certain securities have a combination of equity and debt characteristics. Such securities may at times behave more like equity than debt or vice versa.

**Preferred stock** — Preferred stock represents an equity interest in an issuer that generally entitles the holder to receive, in preference to common stockholders and the holders of certain other stocks, dividends and a fixed share of the proceeds resulting from a liquidation of the issuer. Preferred stocks may pay fixed or adjustable rates of return, and preferred stock dividends may be cumulative or non-cumulative and participating or non-participating. Cumulative dividend provisions require all or a portion of prior unpaid dividends to be paid before dividends can be paid to the issuer's common stockholders, while prior unpaid dividends on non-cumulative preferred stock are forfeited. Participating preferred stock may be entitled to a dividend exceeding the issuer's declared dividend in certain cases, while non-participating preferred stock is entitled only to the stipulated dividend. Preferred stock is subject to issuer-specific and market risks applicable generally to equity securities. As with debt securities, the prices and yields of preferred stocks often move with changes in interest rates and the issuer's credit quality. Additionally, a company's preferred stock typically pays dividends only after the company makes required payments to holders of its bonds and other debt. Accordingly, the price of preferred stock will usually react more strongly than bonds and other debt to actual or perceived changes in the issuing company's financial condition or prospects. Preferred stock of smaller companies may be more vulnerable to adverse developments than preferred stock of larger companies.

**Convertible securities** — A convertible security is a debt obligation, preferred stock or other security that may be converted, within a specified period of time and at a stated conversion rate, into common stock or other equity securities of the same or a different issuer. The conversion may occur automatically upon the occurrence of a predetermined event or at the option of either the issuer or the security holder. Under certain circumstances, a convertible security may also be called for redemption or conversion by the issuer after a particular date and at predetermined price specified upon issue. If a convertible security held by the fund is called for redemption or conversion, the fund could be required to tender the security for redemption, convert it into the underlying common stock, or sell it to a third party.

The holder of a convertible security is generally entitled to participate in the capital appreciation resulting from a market price increase in the issuer's common stock and to receive interest paid or accrued until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion, convertible securities have characteristics similar to non-convertible debt or preferred securities, as applicable. Convertible securities rank senior to common stock in an issuer's capital structure and, therefore, normally entail less risk than the issuer's common stock. However, convertible securities may also be subordinate to any senior debt obligations of the issuer, and, therefore, an issuer's convertible securities may entail more risk than such senior debt obligations. Convertible securities usually offer lower interest or dividend yields than non-convertible debt securities of similar credit quality because of the potential for capital appreciation. In addition, convertible securities are often lower-rated securities.

Because of the conversion feature, the price of a convertible security will normally fluctuate in some proportion to changes in the price of the underlying asset, and, accordingly, convertible securities are subject to risks relating to the activities of the issuer and/or general market and economic conditions. The income component of a convertible security may cushion the security against declines in the price of the underlying asset but may also cause the price of the security to fluctuate based upon changes in interest rates and the credit quality of the issuer. As with a straight fixed income security, the price of a convertible security tends to increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. Like the price of a common stock, the price of a convertible security also tends to increase as the price of the underlying stock rises and to decrease as the price of the underlying stock declines.

**Hybrid securities** — A hybrid security is a type of security that also has equity and debt characteristics. Like equities, which have no final maturity, a hybrid security may be perpetual. On the other hand, like debt securities, a hybrid security may be callable at the option of the issuer on a date specified at issue. Additionally, like common equities, which may stop paying dividends at virtually any time without violating any contractual terms or conditions, hybrids typically allow for issuers to withhold payment of interest until a later date or to suspend coupon payments entirely without triggering an event of default. Hybrid securities are normally at the bottom of an issuer's debt capital structure because holders of an issuer's hybrid securities are structurally subordinated to the issuer's senior creditors. In bankruptcy, hybrid security holders should only get paid after all senior creditors of the issuer have been paid but before any disbursements are made to the issuer's equity holders. Accordingly, hybrid securities may be more sensitive to economic changes than more senior debt securities. Such securities may also be viewed as more equity-like by the market when the issuer or its parent company experiences financial difficulties.

Contingent convertible securities, which are also known as contingent capital securities, are a form of hybrid security that are intended to either convert into equity or have their principal written down upon the occurrence of certain trigger events. One type of contingent convertible security has characteristics designed to absorb losses, by providing that the liquidation value of the security may be adjusted downward to below the original par value or written off entirely under certain circumstances. For instance, if losses have eroded the issuer's capital level below a specified threshold, the liquidation value of the security may be reduced in whole or in part. The write-down of the security's par value may occur automatically and would not entitle holders to institute bankruptcy proceedings against the issuer. In addition, an automatic write-down could result in a reduced income rate if the dividend or interest payment associated with the security is based on the security's par value. Such securities may, but are not required to, provide for circumstances under which the liquidation value of the security may be adjusted back up to par, such as an improvement in capitalization or earnings. Another type of contingent convertible security provides for mandatory conversion of the security into common shares of the issuer under certain circumstances. The mandatory conversion might relate, for example, to the issuer's failure to maintain a capital minimum. Since the common stock of the issuer may not pay a dividend, investors in such instruments could experience reduced yields (or no yields at all) and conversion would deepen the subordination of the investor, effectively worsening the investor's standing in the case of the issuer's insolvency. An automatic write-down or conversion event with respect to a contingent convertible security will typically be triggered by a reduction in the issuer's capital level, but may also be triggered by regulatory actions, such as a change in regulatory capital requirements, or by other factors.

**Inflation-linked bonds** — The fund may invest in inflation-linked bonds issued by governments, their agencies or instrumentalities and corporations.

The principal amount of an inflation-linked bond is adjusted in response to changes in the level of an inflation index, such as the Consumer Price Index for Urban Consumers ("CPURNSA"). If the index

measuring inflation falls, the principal value or coupon of these securities will be adjusted downward. Consequently, the interest payable on these securities will be reduced. Also, if the principal value of these securities is adjusted according to the rate of inflation, the adjusted principal value repaid at maturity may be less than the original principal. In the case of U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities ("TIPS"), currently the only inflation-linked security that is issued by the U.S. Treasury, the principal amounts are adjusted daily based upon changes in the rate of inflation (as currently represented by the non-seasonally adjusted CPURNSA, calculated with a three-month lag). TIPS may pay interest semi-annually, equal to a fixed percentage of the inflation-adjusted principal amount. The interest rate on these bonds is fixed at issuance, but over the life of the bond this interest may be paid on an increasing or decreasing principal amount that has been adjusted for inflation. The current market value of TIPS is not guaranteed and will fluctuate. However, the U.S. government guarantees that, at maturity, principal will be repaid at the higher of the original face value of the security (in the event of deflation) or the inflation adjusted value.

Other non-U.S. sovereign governments also issue inflation-linked securities that are tied to their own local consumer price indexes and that offer similar deflationary protection. In certain of these non-U.S. jurisdictions, the repayment of the original bond principal upon the maturity of an inflation-linked bond is not guaranteed, allowing for the amount of the bond repaid at maturity to be less than par. Corporations also periodically issue inflation-linked securities tied to CPURNSA or similar inflationary indexes. While TIPS and non-U.S. sovereign inflation-linked securities are currently the largest part of the inflation-linked market, the fund may invest in corporate inflation-linked securities.

The value of inflation-linked securities is expected to change in response to the changes in real interest rates. Real interest rates, in turn, are tied to the relationship between nominal interest rates and the rate of inflation. If inflation were to rise at a faster rate than nominal interest rates, real interest rates would decline, leading to an increase in value of the inflation-linked securities. In contrast, if nominal interest rates were to increase at a faster rate than inflation, real interest rates might rise, leading to a decrease in value of inflation-linked securities. There can be no assurance, however, that the value of inflation-linked securities will be directly correlated to the changes in interest rates. If interest rates rise due to reasons other than inflation, investors in these securities may not be protected to the extent that the increase is not reflected in the security's inflation measure.

The interest rate for inflation-linked bonds is fixed at issuance as a percentage of this adjustable principal. Accordingly, the actual interest income may both rise and fall as the principal amount of the bonds adjusts in response to movements of the consumer price index. For example, typically interest income would rise during a period of inflation and fall during a period of deflation.

The market for inflation-linked securities may be less developed or liquid, and more volatile, than certain other securities markets. There is a limited number of inflation-linked securities currently available for the fund to purchase, making the market less liquid and more volatile than the U.S. Treasury and agency markets.

**Municipal bonds** — Municipal bonds are debt obligations that are exempt from federal, state and/or local income taxes. Opinions relating to the validity of municipal bonds, exclusion of municipal bond interest from an investor's gross income for federal income tax purposes and, where applicable, state and local income tax, are rendered by bond counsel to the issuing authorities at the time of issuance.

The two principal classifications of municipal bonds are general obligation bonds and limited obligation or revenue bonds. General obligation bonds are secured by the issuer's pledge of its full faith and credit including, if available, its taxing power for the payment of principal and interest. Issuers of general obligation bonds include states, counties, cities, towns and various regional or special districts. The proceeds of these obligations are used to fund a wide range of public facilities, such as the construction or improvement of schools, highways and roads, water and sewer systems and

facilities for a variety of other public purposes. Lease revenue bonds or certificates of participation in leases are payable from annual lease rental payments from a state or locality. Annual rental payments are payable to the extent such rental payments are appropriated annually.

Typically, the only security for a limited obligation or revenue bond is the net revenue derived from a particular facility or class of facilities financed thereby or, in some cases, from the proceeds of a special tax or other special revenues. Revenue bonds have been issued to fund a wide variety of revenue-producing public capital projects including: electric, gas, water and sewer systems; highways, bridges and tunnels; port and airport facilities; colleges and universities; hospitals; and convention, recreational, tribal gaming and housing facilities. Although the security behind these bonds varies widely, many provide additional security in the form of a debt service reserve fund which may also be used to make principal and interest payments on the issuer's obligations. In addition, some revenue obligations (as well as general obligations) are insured by a bond insurance company or backed by a letter of credit issued by a banking institution.

Revenue bonds also include, for example, pollution control, health care and housing bonds, which, although nominally issued by municipal authorities, are generally not secured by the taxing power of the municipality but by the revenues of the authority derived from payments by the private entity which owns or operates the facility financed with the proceeds of the bonds. Obligations of housing finance authorities have a wide range of security features, including reserve funds and insured or subsidized mortgages, as well as the net revenues from housing or other public projects. Many of these bonds do not generally constitute the pledge of the credit of the issuer of such bonds. The credit quality of such revenue bonds is usually directly related to the credit standing of the user of the facility being financed or of an institution which provides a guarantee, letter of credit or other credit enhancement for the bond issue.

**Insured municipal bonds** — The fund may invest in municipal bonds that are insured generally as to the timely payment of interest and repayment of principal. The insurance for such bonds may be purchased by the bond issuer, the fund or any other party, and is usually purchased from private, non-governmental insurance companies. Insurance that covers a municipal bond is expected to protect the fund against losses caused by a bond issuer's failure to make interest or principal payments. However, insurance does not guarantee the market value of the bond or the prices of the fund's shares. Also, the investment adviser cannot be certain that the insurance company will make payments it guarantees. The market value of the bond could drop if a bond's insurer fails to fulfill its obligations. Market conditions or changes to ratings criteria could adversely impact the ratings of municipal bond insurers. When rating agencies lower or withdraw the credit rating of the insurer, the insurance may be providing little or no enhancement of credit or resale value to the municipal bond.

**Investing outside the United States** — Securities of issuers domiciled outside the United States or with significant operations or revenues outside the United States, and securities tied economically to countries outside the United States, may lose value because of adverse political, social, economic or market developments (including social instability, regional conflicts, terrorism and war) in the countries or regions in which the issuers are domiciled, operate or generate revenue or to which the securities are tied economically. These issuers may also be more susceptible to actions of foreign governments such as the imposition of price controls, sanctions, or punitive taxes that could adversely impact the value of these securities. To the extent the fund invests in securities that are denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, these securities may also lose value due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates against the U.S. dollar and/or currencies of other countries. Securities markets in certain countries may be more volatile or less liquid than those in the United States. Investments outside the United States may also be subject to different accounting practices and different regulatory, legal, auditing, financial reporting and recordkeeping standards and practices, and may be more difficult to value, than those in the United States. In addition, the value of investments outside the United States may be reduced by foreign taxes, including foreign withholding taxes on interest and dividends. Further, there may be increased risks of delayed settlement of securities purchased or sold by the fund, which could impact the liquidity of the fund's portfolio. The risks of investing outside the United States may be heightened in connection with investments in emerging markets.

Additional costs could be incurred in connection with the fund's investment activities outside the United States. Brokerage commissions may be higher outside the United States, and the fund will bear certain expenses in connection with its currency transactions. Furthermore, increased custodian costs may be associated with maintaining assets in certain jurisdictions.

**Investing in emerging markets** — Investing in emerging markets may involve risks in addition to and greater than those generally associated with investing in the securities markets of developed countries. For instance, emerging market countries tend to have less developed political, economic and legal systems than those in developed countries. Accordingly, the governments of these countries may be less stable and more likely to intervene in the market economy, for example, by imposing capital controls, nationalizing a company or industry, placing restrictions on foreign ownership and on withdrawing sale proceeds of securities from the country, and/or imposing punitive taxes that could adversely affect the prices of securities. Information regarding issuers in emerging markets may be limited, incomplete or inaccurate, and such issuers may not be subject to regulatory, accounting, auditing, and financial reporting and recordkeeping standards comparable to those to which issuers in more developed markets are subject. The fund's rights with respect to its investments in emerging markets, if any, will generally be governed by local law, which may make it difficult or impossible for the fund to pursue legal remedies or to obtain and enforce judgments in local courts. In addition, the economies of these countries may be dependent on relatively few industries, may have limited access to capital and may be more susceptible to changes in local and global trade conditions and downturns in the world economy. Securities markets in these countries can also be relatively small and have substantially lower trading volumes. As a result, securities issued in these countries may be more volatile and less liquid, more vulnerable to market manipulation, and more difficult to value, than securities issued in countries with more developed economies and/or markets. Less certainty with respect to security valuations may lead to additional challenges and risks in calculating the fund's net asset value. Additionally, emerging markets are more likely to experience problems with the clearing and settling of trades and the holding of securities by banks, agents and depositories that are less established than those in developed countries.

In countries where direct foreign investment is limited or prohibited, the fund may invest in operating companies based in such countries through an offshore intermediary entity that, based on contractual agreements, seeks to replicate the rights and obligations of direct equity ownership in such operating company. Because the contractual arrangements do not in fact bestow the fund with actual equity ownership in the operating company, these investment structures may limit the fund's rights as an investor and create significant additional risks. For example, local government authorities may

determine that such structures do not comply with applicable laws and regulations, including those relating to restrictions on foreign ownership. In such event, the intermediary entity and/or the operating company may be subject to penalties, revocation of business and operating licenses or forfeiture of foreign ownership interests, and the fund's economic interests in the underlying operating company and its rights as an investor may not be recognized, resulting in a loss to the fund and its shareholders. In addition, exerting control through contractual arrangements may be less effective than direct equity ownership, and a company may incur substantial costs to enforce the terms of such arrangements, including those relating to the distribution of the funds among the entities. These special investment structures may also be disregarded for tax purposes by local tax authorities, resulting in increased tax liabilities, and the fund's control over – and distributions due from – such structures may be jeopardized if the individuals who hold the equity interest in such structures breach the terms of the agreements. While these structures may be widely used to circumvent limits on foreign ownership in certain jurisdictions, there is no assurance that they will be upheld by local regulatory authorities or that disputes regarding the same will be resolved consistently.

Although there is no universally accepted definition, the investment adviser generally considers an emerging market to be a market that is in the earlier stages of its industrialization cycle with a low per capita gross domestic product ("GDP") and a low market capitalization to GDP ratio relative to those in the United States and the European Union, and would include markets commonly referred to as "frontier markets." For example, the investment adviser currently expects that most countries not designated as developed markets by MSCI Inc. ("MSCI") will be treated as emerging markets for equity securities, and that most countries designated as emerging markets by J.P. Morgan or, if not available, Bloomberg will be treated as emerging markets for debt securities.

#### **Certain risk factors related to emerging markets**

**Currency fluctuations** — Certain emerging markets' currencies have experienced and in the future may experience significant declines against the U.S. dollar. For example, if the U.S. dollar appreciates against foreign currencies, the value of the fund's emerging markets securities holdings would generally depreciate and vice versa. Further, the fund may lose money due to losses and other expenses incurred in converting various currencies to purchase and sell securities valued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, as well as from currency restrictions, exchange control regulation, governmental restrictions that limit or otherwise delay the fund's ability to convert or repatriate currencies and currency devaluations.

**Government regulation** — Certain emerging markets lack uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting and disclosure standards, have less governmental supervision of financial markets than in the United States, and may not honor legal rights or protections enjoyed by investors in the United States. Certain governments may be more unstable and present greater risks of nationalization or restrictions on foreign ownership of local companies. Repatriation of investment income, capital and the proceeds of sales by foreign investors may require governmental registration and/or approval in some emerging markets. While the fund will only invest in markets where these restrictions are considered acceptable by the investment adviser, a country could impose new or additional repatriation restrictions after the fund's investment. If this happened, the fund's response might include, among other things, applying to the appropriate authorities for a waiver of the restrictions or engaging in transactions in other markets designed to offset the risks of decline in that country. Such restrictions will be considered in relation to the fund's liquidity needs and other factors. Further, some attractive equity securities may not be available to the fund if foreign shareholders already hold the maximum amount legally permissible.

While government involvement in the private sector varies in degree among emerging markets, such involvement may in some cases include government ownership of companies in certain sectors, wage and price controls or imposition of trade barriers and other protectionist

measures. With respect to any emerging market, there is no guarantee that some future economic or political crisis will not lead to price controls, forced mergers of companies, expropriation, or creation of government monopolies to the possible detriment of the fund's investments.

**Fluctuations in inflation rates** — Rapid fluctuations in inflation rates may have negative impacts on the economies and securities markets of certain emerging market countries.

**Less developed securities markets** — Emerging markets may be less well-developed and regulated than other markets. These markets have lower trading volumes than the securities markets of more developed countries and may be unable to respond effectively to increases in trading volume. Consequently, these markets may be substantially less liquid than those of more developed countries, and the securities of issuers located in these markets may have limited marketability. These factors may make prompt liquidation of substantial portfolio holdings difficult or impossible at times.

**Settlement risks** — Settlement systems in emerging markets are generally less well organized than those of developed markets. Supervisory authorities may also be unable to apply standards comparable to those in developed markets. Thus, there may be risks that settlement may be delayed and that cash or securities belonging to the fund may be in jeopardy because of failures of or defects in the systems. In particular, market practice may require that payment be made before receipt of the security being purchased or that delivery of a security be made before payment is received. In such cases, default by a broker or bank (the "counterparty") through which the transaction is effected might cause the fund to suffer a loss. The fund will seek, where possible, to use counterparties whose financial status is such that this risk is reduced. However, there can be no certainty that the fund will be successful in eliminating this risk, particularly as counterparties operating in emerging markets frequently lack the standing or financial resources of those in developed countries. There may also be a danger that, because of uncertainties in the operation of settlement systems in individual markets, competing claims may arise with respect to securities held by or to be transferred to the fund.

**Limited market information** — The fund may encounter problems assessing investment opportunities in certain emerging markets in light of limitations on available information and different accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards. For example, due to jurisdictional limitations, the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB"), which regulates auditors of U.S. reporting companies, may be unable to inspect the audit work and practices of PCAOB-registered auditing firms in certain emerging markets. As a result, there is greater risk that financial records and information relating to an issuer's operations in emerging markets will be incomplete or misleading, which may negatively impact the fund's investments in such company. When faced with limited market information, the fund's investment adviser will seek alternative sources of information, and to the extent the investment adviser is not satisfied with the sufficiency or accuracy of the information obtained with respect to a particular market or security, the fund will not invest in such market or security.

**Taxation** — Taxation of dividends, interest and capital gains received by the fund varies among emerging markets and, in some cases, is comparatively high. In addition, emerging markets typically have less well-defined tax laws and procedures and such laws may permit retroactive taxation so that the fund could become subject in the future to local tax liability that it had not reasonably anticipated in conducting its investment activities or valuing its assets.

**Fraudulent securities** — Securities purchased by the fund may subsequently be found to be fraudulent or counterfeit, resulting in a loss to the fund.

**Remedies** — Emerging markets may offer less protection to investors than U.S. markets and, in the event of investor harm, there may be substantially less recourse available to the fund and its shareholders. In addition, as a matter of law or practicality, the fund and its shareholders - as well as U.S. regulators - may encounter substantial difficulties in obtaining and enforcing judgments and other actions against non-U.S. individuals and companies.

**Investing through Bond Connect** — The fund may invest in onshore China bonds via Bond Connect, the opening up of China's Interbank Bond Market (CIBM) to global investors through the China-Hong Kong mutual access program. The program allows foreign and mainland China investors the ability to trade in each other's bond market through a connection between the mainland and Hong Kong based financial infrastructure institutions. Bond Connect aims to enhance the efficiency and flexibility of investing in the CIBM. This is accomplished by easing the access requirements to enter the market and using the Hong Kong trading infrastructure to connect to China Foreign Exchange Trading System (CFETS). Market volatility and potential lack of liquidity due to low trading volume of certain debt securities in CIBM may result in prices of certain debt securities traded on such market fluctuating significantly. The bid and offer spreads of the prices of such securities may be large, and the fund may therefore incur significant trading, settlement and realization costs and may face counterparty default, liquidity, and volatility risks, resulting in significant losses for the funds and their investors. Bond Connect is a novel concept and, as such, the current regulations are untested and there is no certainty as to how they will be applied. In addition, the current regulations are subject to change which may have potential retrospective effects and there can be no assurance that Bond Connect will not be abolished. New regulations may be issued from time to time by the regulators in the PRC and Hong Kong in connection with operations, legal enforcement and cross-border trades under Bond Connect. The fund may be adversely affected as a result of such changes.

**Real estate investment trusts** — Real estate investment trusts ("REITs"), which primarily invest in real estate or real estate-related loans, may issue equity or debt securities. Equity REITs own real estate properties, while mortgage REITs hold construction, development and/or long-term mortgage loans. The values of REITs may be affected by changes in the value of the underlying property of the trusts, the creditworthiness of the issuer, property taxes, interest rates, tax laws and regulatory requirements, such as those relating to the environment. Both types of REITs are dependent upon management skill and the cash flows generated by their holdings, the real estate market in general and the possibility of failing to qualify for any applicable pass-through tax treatment or failing to maintain any applicable exemptive status afforded under relevant laws.

**Currency transactions** — The fund may enter into currency transactions on a spot (i.e., cash) basis at the prevailing rate in the currency exchange market to provide for the purchase or sale of a currency needed to purchase a security denominated in such currency. In addition, the fund may enter into forward currency contracts and may purchase and sell options on currencies to protect against changes in currency exchange rates, to increase exposure to a particular foreign currency, to shift exposure to currency fluctuations from one currency to another or to seek to increase returns. A forward currency contract is an obligation to purchase or sell a specific currency at a future date, which may be any fixed number of days from the date of the contract agreed upon by the parties, at a price set at the time of the contract. Some forward currency contracts, called non-deliverable forwards or NDFs, do not call for physical delivery of the currency and are instead settled through cash payments. Forward currency contracts are typically privately negotiated and traded in the interbank market between large commercial banks (or other currency traders) and their customers. Although forward contracts entered into by the fund will typically involve the purchase or sale of a currency against the U.S. dollar, the fund also may purchase or sell a non-U.S. currency against another non-U.S. currency.

The fund may also purchase or write put and call options on foreign currencies on exchanges or in the over-the-counter ("OTC") market. A put option on a foreign currency gives the purchaser of the option the right to sell a foreign currency at the exercise price until the option expires. A call option on a foreign currency gives the purchaser of the option the right to purchase the currency at the exercise

price until the option expires. Currency options, to the extent not exercised, will expire and the fund, as the purchaser, would experience a loss to the extent of the premium paid for the option. Instead of purchasing a call option to hedge against an anticipated increase in the dollar cost of securities to be acquired, the fund could write a put option on the relevant currency, which, if exchange rates move in the manner projected, will expire unexercised and allow the fund to hedge such increased cost up to the amount of the premium. As in the case of other types of options, however, writing a currency option will provide a hedge only up to the amount of the premium, and only if exchange rates move in the expected direction. If this does not occur, the option may be exercised and the fund would be required to purchase or sell the underlying currency at a loss that may not be offset by the amount of the premium. Through the writing of options on foreign currencies, the fund also may be required to forego all or a portion of the benefit that might otherwise have been obtained from favorable movements in exchange rates. OTC options are bilateral contracts that are individually negotiated and they are generally less liquid than exchange-traded options. Although this type of arrangement allows the purchaser or writer greater flexibility to tailor an option to its needs, OTC options generally involve credit risk to the counterparty, whereas for exchange-traded options, credit risk is mutualized through the involvement of the applicable clearing house. Currency options traded on exchanges may be subject to position limits, which may limit the ability of the fund to reduce currency risk using such options. To the extent that the U.S. options markets are closed while the markets for the underlying currencies remain open, substantial price and rate movements may take place in the currency markets that cannot be reflected in the U.S. options markets. See also "Options" for a general description of investment techniques and risks relating to options.

Currency exchange rates generally are determined by forces of supply and demand in the foreign exchange markets and the relative merits of investment in different countries as viewed from an international perspective. Currency exchange rates, as well as foreign currency transactions, can also be affected unpredictably by intervention by U.S. or foreign governments or central banks or by currency controls or political developments in the United States or abroad. Such intervention or other events could prevent the fund from entering into foreign currency transactions, force the fund to exit such transactions at an unfavorable time or price or result in penalties to the fund, any of which may result in losses to the fund.

Generally, the fund will not attempt to protect against all potential changes in exchange rates and the use of forward contracts does not eliminate the risk of fluctuations in the prices of the underlying securities. If the value of the underlying securities declines or the amount of the fund's commitment increases because of changes in exchange rates, the fund may need to provide additional cash or securities to satisfy its commitment under the forward contract. The fund is also subject to the risk that it may be delayed or prevented from obtaining payments owed to it under the forward contract as a result of the insolvency or bankruptcy of the counterparty with which it entered into the forward contract or the failure of the counterparty to comply with the terms of the contract.

The realization of gains or losses on foreign currency transactions will usually be a function of the investment adviser's ability to accurately estimate currency market movements. Entering into forward currency transactions may change the fund's exposure to currency exchange rates and could result in losses to the fund if currencies do not perform as expected by the fund's investment adviser. For example, if the fund's investment adviser increases the fund's exposure to a foreign currency using forward contracts and that foreign currency's value declines, the fund may incur a loss. In addition, while entering into forward currency transactions could minimize the risk of loss due to a decline in the value of the hedged currency, it could also limit any potential gain that may result from an increase in the value of the currency. See also the "Derivatives" section under "Description of certain securities, investment techniques and risks" for a general description of investment techniques and risks relating to derivatives, including certain currency forwards and currency options.

Forward currency contracts may give rise to leverage, or exposure to potential gains and losses in excess of the initial amount invested. Leverage magnifies gains and losses and could cause the fund to

be subject to more volatility than if it had not been leveraged, thereby resulting in a heightened risk of loss. Forward currency contracts are considered derivatives. Accordingly, under the SEC's rule applicable to the fund's use of derivatives, a fund's obligations with respect to these instruments will depend on the fund's aggregate usage of and exposure to derivatives, and the fund's usage of forward currency contracts is subject to written policies and procedures reasonably designed to manage the fund's derivatives risk.

Forward currency transactions also may affect the character and timing of income, gain, or loss recognized by the fund for U.S. tax purposes. The use of forward currency contracts could result in the application of the mark-to-market provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended (the "Code") and may cause an increase (or decrease) in the amount of taxable dividends paid by the fund.

**Indirect exposure to cryptocurrencies** – Cryptocurrencies are digital assets which may act as a store of wealth, a medium of exchange or an investment asset. There are thousands of cryptocurrencies, such as bitcoin. Although the fund has no current intention of directly investing in cryptocurrencies, some issuers accept cryptocurrency for payment of services, use cryptocurrencies as reserve assets and/or invest in cryptocurrencies, and the fund may have exposure to cryptocurrencies through investments in securities of such issuers. The fund may also invest in securities of issuers which provide cryptocurrency-related services.

Cryptocurrencies are subject to fluctuations in value. Cryptocurrencies are not backed by any government, corporation or other identified body. Rather, the value of a cryptocurrency is determined by other factors, such as the perceived future prospects or the supply and demand for such cryptocurrency in the global market for the trading of cryptocurrency. Cryptocurrencies may trade on platforms which are largely unregulated and may be more exposed to operational or technical issues as well as fraud or manipulation in comparison to established, regulated exchanges for securities, derivatives and traditional currencies. The values of cryptocurrencies have been, and may in the future continue to be, highly volatile and subject to sudden and significant increases and declines. The value of a cryptocurrency may decline precipitously (including to zero) for a variety of reasons, including, but not limited to, regulatory changes, a loss of confidence in its network or a change in user preference to other cryptocurrencies. The value of securities of issuers with significant holdings of cryptocurrencies may be subject to, among other things, fluctuations in the value of such cryptocurrencies, and such issuers may experience custody issues and/or lose their cryptocurrency holdings through theft, hacking, or technical glitches in the applicable blockchain. The fund may experience losses as a result of the decline in value of its securities of issuers that own cryptocurrencies or which provide cryptocurrency-related services. If an issuer that owns cryptocurrencies intends to pay a dividend using such holdings or to otherwise make a distribution of such holdings to its stockholders, such dividends or distributions may face regulatory, operational and technical issues.

Factors affecting the further development, use, and exchange of cryptocurrency include, but are not limited to: continued worldwide growth of, or possible cessation of or reversal in, the adoption and use of cryptocurrencies and other digital assets; the developing regulatory environment relating to cryptocurrencies, including the characterization of cryptocurrencies as currencies, commodities, or securities, the tax treatment of cryptocurrencies, and government and quasi-government regulation or restrictions on, or regulation of access to and operation of, cryptocurrency networks and the exchanges on which cryptocurrencies trade, including anti-money laundering regulations and requirements; perceptions regarding the environmental impact of a cryptocurrency; changes in consumer demographics and public preferences; general economic conditions; maintenance and development of open-source software protocols; the availability and popularity of other forms or methods of buying and selling goods and services; the use of the networks supporting digital assets, such as those for developing smart contracts and distributed applications; and general risks tied to the use of information technologies, including cyber risks. A hack or failure of one cryptocurrency may lead to a loss in confidence in, and thus decreased usage and/or value of, other cryptocurrencies.

**Obligations backed by the “full faith and credit” of the U.S. government** — U.S. government obligations include the following types of securities:

**U.S. Treasury securities** — U.S. Treasury securities include direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, such as Treasury bills, notes and bonds. For these securities, the payment of principal and interest is unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. government, and thus they are of high credit quality.

**Federal agency securities** — The securities of certain U.S. government agencies and government-sponsored entities are guaranteed as to the timely payment of principal and interest by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. Such agencies and entities include, but are not limited to, the Federal Financing Bank (“FFB”), the Government National Mortgage Association (“Ginnie Mae”), the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (“VA”), the Federal Housing Administration (“FHA”), the Export-Import Bank of the United States (“Exim Bank”), the U.S. International Development Finance Corporation (“DFC”), the Commodity Credit Corporation (“CCC”) and the U.S. Small Business Administration (“SBA”).

Such securities are subject to variations in market value due to fluctuations in interest rates and in government policies, among other things, but, if held to maturity, are expected to be paid in full (either at maturity or thereafter). However, from time to time, a high national debt level, and uncertainty regarding negotiations to increase the U.S. government’s debt ceiling and periodic legislation to fund the government, could increase the risk that the U.S. government may default on its obligations and/or lead to a downgrade of the credit rating of the U.S. government. Such an event could adversely affect the value of investments in securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, cause the fund to suffer losses and lead to significant disruptions in U.S. and global markets. Regulatory or market changes or conditions could increase demand for U.S. government securities and affect the availability of such instruments for investment and the fund’s ability to pursue its investment strategies.

**Other federal agency obligations** — Additional federal agency securities are neither direct obligations of, nor guaranteed by, the U.S. government. These obligations include securities issued by certain U.S. government agencies and government-sponsored entities. However, they generally involve some form of federal sponsorship: some operate under a congressional charter; some are backed by collateral consisting of “full faith and credit” obligations as described above; some are supported by the issuer’s right to borrow from the Treasury; and others are supported only by the credit of the issuing government agency or entity. These agencies and entities include, but are not limited to: the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (“Freddie Mac”), the Federal National Mortgage Association (“Fannie Mae”), the Tennessee Valley Authority and the Federal Farm Credit Bank System.

In 2008, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae were placed into conservatorship by their new regulator, the Federal Housing Finance Agency (“FHFA”). Simultaneously, the U.S. Treasury made a commitment of indefinite duration to maintain the positive net worth of both firms. As conservator, the FHFA has the authority to repudiate any contract either firm has entered into prior to the FHFA’s appointment as conservator (or receiver should either firm go into default) if the FHFA, in its sole discretion determines that performance of the contract is burdensome and repudiation would promote the orderly administration of Fannie Mae’s or Freddie Mac’s affairs. While the FHFA has indicated that it does not intend to repudiate the guaranty obligations of either entity, doing so could adversely affect holders of their mortgage-backed securities. For example, if a contract were repudiated, the liability for any direct compensatory damages would accrue to the entity’s conservatorship estate and could only be satisfied to the extent the estate had available assets. As a result, if interest payments on Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac mortgage-backed securities held by the fund were reduced because underlying borrowers failed to make payments or such payments were not advanced by a loan servicer, the fund’s only recourse might be against the conservatorship estate, which might not have sufficient assets to offset any shortfalls.

The FHFA, in its capacity as conservator, has the power to transfer or sell any asset or liability of Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. The FHFA has indicated it has no current intention to do this; however, should it do so a holder of a Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac mortgage-backed security would have to rely on another party for satisfaction of the guaranty obligations and would be exposed to the credit risk of that party.

Certain rights provided to holders of mortgage-backed securities issued by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac under their operative documents may not be enforceable against the FHFA, or enforcement may be delayed during the course of the conservatorship or any future receivership. For example, the operative documents may provide that upon the occurrence of an event of default by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, holders of a requisite percentage of the mortgage-backed security may replace the entity as trustee. However, under the Federal Housing Finance Regulatory Reform Act of 2008, holders may not enforce this right if the event of default arises solely because a conservator or receiver has been appointed.

**Securities issued by sovereign, quasi-sovereign and supranational entities** — Investments in debt securities issued by sovereign, quasi-sovereign and supranational entities are subject to certain additional risks aside from those associated with investments in debt instruments generally or securities issued by the U.S. government or federal agency securities.

A governmental or quasi-governmental entity may be unwilling or unable to pay interest and repay principal on its sovereign or quasi-sovereign debt, or otherwise meet its obligations when due, including for reasons such as the government's policy towards principal international lenders such as the International Monetary Fund or the World Bank, the political considerations to which the government may be subject, dependencies on expected payments from other foreign governments or multinational agencies, the extent of its non-U.S. reserves, the availability of sufficient non-U.S. exchange on the date a payment is due, and/or the relative size of the debt service burden compared to the country's economy as a whole. If such issuers default (or threaten to default), the indebtedness may be restructured and/or a moratorium on the payments of such indebtedness may be declared, in each case, without the approval of some or all debt holders. Additionally, unlike corporate debt restructurings generally, the fees and expenses of the financial and legal advisers to the creditors in connection with a restructuring may be borne by the holders of the sovereign or quasi-sovereign debt securities instead of the sovereign or quasi-sovereign entity itself. In the event of a default on sovereign or quasi-sovereign debt, the fund may also have limited legal recourse against the defaulting government entity. Sovereign and quasi-sovereign entities may assert sovereign immunity in legal proceedings relating to the failure to pay obligations when due. There may be international treaties with such entities that limit the fund's legal recourse against such entities. Additionally, remedies may need to be pursued in the courts located in the country of the defaulting sovereign or quasi-sovereign entity itself, which may limit the fund's ability to obtain recourse.

A "supranational entity" is an entity established or financially supported by the governments of several countries to promote reconstruction, economic development or trade. The World Bank, the European Investment Bank, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank and the European Coal and Steel Community are some examples of supranational entities. Generally, the governmental members of these entities make initial capital contributions to and may also commit to making additional contributions if the supranational entity is unable to repay its borrowings. There is no guarantee that one or more governmental members of a supranational entity will continue to make any necessary additional capital contributions, and if such contributions are not made, the entity may be unable to pay interest or repay principal on its debt securities. Additionally, the securities of a supranational entity may be denominated in a foreign currency, in which case, the obligations of the entity bear the risks of foreign currency investments.

**Pass-through securities** — The fund may invest in various debt obligations backed by pools of mortgages, corporate loans or other assets including, but not limited to, residential mortgage loans, home equity loans, mortgages on commercial buildings, consumer loans and equipment leases. Principal and interest payments made on the underlying asset pools backing these obligations are typically passed through to investors, net of any fees paid to any insurer or any guarantor of the securities. Pass-through securities may have either fixed or adjustable coupons. The risks of an investment in these obligations depend in part on the type of the collateral securing the obligations and the class of the instrument in which the fund invests. These securities include:

**Mortgage-backed securities** — These securities may be issued by U.S. government agencies and government-sponsored entities, such as Ginnie Mae, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, and by private entities. The payment of interest and principal on mortgage-backed obligations issued by U.S. government agencies may be guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government (in the case of Ginnie Mae), or may be guaranteed by the issuer (in the case of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac). However, these guarantees do not apply to the market prices and yields of these securities, which vary with changes in interest rates.

Mortgage-backed securities issued by private entities are structured similarly to those issued by U.S. government agencies. However, these securities and the underlying mortgages are not guaranteed by any government agencies and the underlying mortgages are not subject to the same underwriting requirements. These securities generally are structured with one or more types of credit enhancements such as insurance or letters of credit issued by private companies. Borrowers on the underlying mortgages are usually permitted to prepay their underlying mortgages. Prepayments can alter the effective maturity of these instruments. In addition, delinquencies, losses or defaults by borrowers can adversely affect the prices and volatility of these securities. Such delinquencies and losses can be exacerbated by declining or flattening housing and property values. This, along with other outside pressures, such as bankruptcies and financial difficulties experienced by mortgage loan originators, decreased investor demand for mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities and increased investor demand for yield, can adversely affect the value and liquidity of mortgage-backed securities.

**Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs)** — CMOs are also backed by a pool of mortgages or mortgage loans, which are divided into two or more separate bond issues. CMOs issued by U.S. government agencies are backed by agency mortgages, while privately issued CMOs may be backed by either government agency mortgages or private mortgages. Payments of principal and interest are passed through to each bond issue at varying schedules resulting in bonds with different coupons, effective maturities and sensitivities to interest rates. Some CMOs may be structured in a way that when interest rates change, the impact of changing prepayment rates on the effective maturities of certain issues of these securities is magnified. CMOs may be less liquid or may exhibit greater price volatility than other types of mortgage or asset-backed securities.

**Commercial mortgage-backed securities** — These securities are backed by mortgages on commercial property, such as hotels, office buildings, retail stores, hospitals and other commercial buildings. These securities may have a lower prepayment uncertainty than other mortgage-related securities because commercial mortgage loans generally prohibit or impose penalties on prepayments of principal. In addition, commercial mortgage-related securities often are structured with some form of credit enhancement to protect against potential losses on the underlying mortgage loans. Many of the risks of investing in commercial mortgage-backed securities reflect the risks of investing in the real estate securing the underlying mortgage loans, including the effects of local and other economic conditions on real estate markets, the ability of tenants to make rental payments and the ability of a property to attract and retain tenants. Commercial mortgage-backed securities may be less liquid or exhibit

greater price volatility than other types of mortgage or asset-backed securities and may be more difficult to value.

**Asset-backed securities** — These securities are backed by other assets such as credit card, automobile or consumer loan receivables, retail installment loans or participations in pools of leases. Credit support for these securities may be based on the underlying assets and/or provided through credit enhancements by a third party. The values of these securities are sensitive to changes in the credit quality of the underlying collateral, the credit strength of the credit enhancement, changes in interest rates and at times the financial condition of the issuer. Obligor of the underlying assets also may make prepayments that can change effective maturities of the asset-backed securities. These securities may be less liquid and more difficult to value than other securities.

**Collateralized bond obligations (CBOs) and collateralized loan obligations (CLOs)** — A CBO is a trust typically backed by a diversified pool of fixed-income securities, which may include high risk, lower rated securities. A CLO is a trust typically collateralized by a pool of loans, which may include, among others, senior secured loans, senior unsecured loans, and subordinate corporate loans, including lower rated loans. CBOs and CLOs may charge management fees and administrative expenses.

For both CBOs and CLOs, the cash flows from the trust are split into two or more portions, called tranches, varying in risk and yield. The riskiest and highest yielding portion is the "equity" tranche which bears the bulk of any default by the bonds or loans in the trust and is constructed to protect the other, more senior tranches from default. Since they are partially protected from defaults, the more senior tranches typically have higher ratings and lower yields than the underlying securities in the trust and can be rated investment grade. Despite the protection from the equity tranche, the more senior tranches can still experience substantial losses due to actual defaults of the underlying assets, increased sensitivity to defaults due to impairment of the collateral or the more junior tranches, market anticipation of defaults, as well as potential general aversions to CBO or CLO securities as a class. Normally, these securities are privately offered and sold, and thus, are not registered under the securities laws. CBOs and CLOs may be less liquid, may exhibit greater price volatility and may be more difficult to value than other securities.

"IOs" and "POs" are issued in portions or tranches with varying maturities and characteristics. Some tranches may only receive the interest paid on the underlying mortgages (IOs) and others may only receive the principal payments (POs). The values of IOs and POs are extremely sensitive to interest rate fluctuations and prepayment rates, and IOs are also subject to the risk of early repayment of the underlying mortgages that will substantially reduce or eliminate interest payments.

**Derivatives** — In pursuing its investment objective(s), the fund may invest in derivative instruments. A derivative is a financial instrument, the value of which depends on, or is otherwise derived from, another underlying variable. Most often, the variable underlying a derivative is the price of a traded asset, such as a traditional cash security (e.g., a stock or bond), a currency or a commodity; however, the value of a derivative can be dependent on almost any variable, from the level of an index or a specified rate to the occurrence (or non-occurrence) of a credit event with respect to a specified reference asset. In addition to investing in forward currency contracts and currency options, as described under "Currency transactions," the fund may take positions in futures contracts and options on futures contracts and swaps, each of which is a derivative instrument described in greater detail below.

Derivative instruments may be distinguished by the manner in which they trade: some are standardized instruments that trade on an organized exchange while others are individually

negotiated and traded in the over-the-counter ("OTC") market. Derivatives also range broadly in complexity, from simple derivatives to more complex instruments. As a general matter, however, all derivatives — regardless of the manner in which they trade or their relative complexities — entail certain risks, some of which are different from, and potentially greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in traditional cash securities.

As is the case with traditional cash securities, derivative instruments are generally subject to counterparty credit risk; however, in some cases, derivatives may pose counterparty risks greater than those posed by cash securities. The use of derivatives involves the risk that a loss may be sustained by the fund as a result of the failure of the fund's counterparty to make required payments or otherwise to comply with its contractual obligations. For some derivatives, though, the value of — and, in effect, the return on — the instrument may be dependent on both the individual credit of the fund's counterparty and on the credit of one or more issuers of any underlying assets. If the fund does not correctly evaluate the creditworthiness of its counterparty and, where applicable, of issuers of any underlying reference assets, the fund's investment in a derivative instrument may result in losses. Further, if a fund's counterparty were to default on its obligations, the fund's contractual remedies against such counterparty may be subject to applicable bankruptcy and insolvency laws, which could affect the fund's rights as a creditor and delay or impede the fund's ability to receive the net amount of payments that it is contractually entitled to receive. Derivative instruments are subject to additional risks, including operational risk (such as documentation issues, settlement issues and systems failures) and legal risk (such as insufficient documentation, insufficient capacity or authority of a counterparty, and issues with the legality or enforceability of a contract).

The value of some derivative instruments in which the fund invests may be particularly sensitive to changes in prevailing interest rates, currency exchange rates or other market conditions. Like the fund's other investments, the ability of the fund to successfully utilize such derivative instruments may depend in part upon the ability of the fund's investment adviser to accurately forecast interest rates and other economic factors. The success of the fund's derivative investment strategy will also depend on the investment adviser's ability to assess and predict the impact of market or economic developments on the derivative instruments in which the fund invests, in some cases without having had the benefit of observing the performance of a derivative under all possible market conditions. If the investment adviser incorrectly forecasts such factors and has taken positions in derivative instruments contrary to prevailing market trends, or if the investment adviser incorrectly predicts the impact of developments on a derivative instrument, the fund could suffer losses.

Certain derivatives may also be subject to liquidity and valuation risks. The potential lack of a liquid secondary market for a derivative (and, particularly, for an OTC derivative, including swaps and OTC options) may cause difficulty in valuing or selling the instrument. If a derivative transaction is particularly large or if the relevant market is illiquid, as is often the case with many privately-negotiated OTC derivatives, the fund may not be able to initiate a transaction or to liquidate a position at an advantageous time or price. Particularly when there is no liquid secondary market for the fund's derivative positions, the fund may encounter difficulty in valuing such illiquid positions. The value of a derivative instrument does not always correlate perfectly with its underlying asset, rate or index, and many derivatives, and OTC derivatives in particular, are complex and often valued subjectively. Improper valuations can result in increased cash payment requirements to counterparties or a loss of value to the fund.

Because certain derivative instruments may obligate the fund to make one or more potential future payments, which could significantly exceed the value of the fund's initial investments in such instruments, derivative instruments may also have a leveraging effect on the fund's portfolio. Certain derivatives have the potential for unlimited loss, irrespective of the size of the fund's investment in the instrument. When a fund leverages its portfolio, investments in that fund will tend to be more volatile, resulting in larger gains or losses in response to market changes.

The fund's compliance with the SEC's rule applicable to the fund's use of derivatives may limit the ability of the fund to use derivatives as part of its investment strategy. The rule requires that a fund that uses derivatives in more than a limited manner, which is currently the case for the fund, adopt a derivatives risk management program, appoint a derivatives risk manager and comply with an outer limit on leverage based on value at risk, or "VaR". VaR is an estimate of an instrument's or portfolio's potential losses over a given time horizon (i.e., 20 trading days) and at a specified confidence level (i.e., 99%). VaR will not provide, and is not intended to provide, an estimate of an instrument's or portfolio's maximum potential loss amount. For example, a VaR of 5% with a specified confidence level of 99% would mean that a VaR model estimates that 99% of the time a fund would not be expected to lose more than 5% of its total assets over the given time period. However, 1% of the time, the fund would be expected to lose more than 5% of its total assets, and in such a scenario the VaR model does not provide an estimate of the extent of this potential loss. The derivatives rule may not be effective in limiting the fund's risk of loss, as measurements of VaR rely on historical data and may not accurately measure the degree of risk reflected in the fund's derivatives or other investments. A fund is generally required to satisfy the rule's outer limit on leverage by limiting the fund's VaR to 200% of the VaR of a designated reference portfolio that does not utilize derivatives each business day. If a fund does not have an appropriate designated reference portfolio in light of the fund's investments, investment objectives and strategy, a fund must satisfy the rule's outer limit on leverage by limiting the fund's VaR to 20% of the value of the fund's net assets each business day.

**Options** — The fund may invest in option contracts, including options on futures and options on currencies, as described in more detail under "Futures and Options on Futures" and "Currency Transactions," respectively. An option contract is a contract that gives the holder of the option, in return for a premium payment, the right to buy from (in the case of a call) or sell to (in the case of a put) the writer of the option the reference instrument underlying the option (or the cash value of the instrument underlying the option) at a specified exercise price. The writer of an option on a security has the obligation, upon exercise of the option, to cash settle or deliver the underlying currency or instrument upon payment of the exercise price (in the case of a call) or to cash settle or take delivery of the underlying currency or instrument and pay the exercise price (in the case of a put).

By purchasing a put option, the fund obtains the right (but not the obligation) to sell the currency or instrument underlying the option (or to deliver the cash value of the instrument underlying the option) at a specified exercise price, which is also referred to as the strike price. In return for this right, the fund pays the current market price, or the option premium, for the option. The fund may terminate its position in a put option by allowing the option to expire or by exercising the option. If the option is allowed to expire, the fund will lose the entire amount of the option premium paid. If the option is exercised, the fund completes the sale of the underlying instrument (or cash settles) at the strike price. The fund may also terminate a put option position by entering into opposing close-out transactions in advance of the option expiration date.

As a buyer of a put option, the fund can expect to realize a gain if the price of the underlying currency or instrument falls substantially. However, if the price of the underlying currency or instrument does not fall enough to offset the cost of purchasing the option, the fund can expect to suffer a loss, albeit a loss limited to the amount of the option premium plus any applicable transaction costs.

The features of call options are essentially the same as those of put options, except that the purchaser of a call option obtains the right (but not the obligation) to purchase, rather than sell, the underlying currency or instrument (or cash settle) at the specified strike price. The buyer of a call option typically attempts to participate in potential price increases of the underlying currency or instrument with risk limited to the cost of the option if the price of the underlying currency or instrument falls. At the same time, the call option buyer can expect to

suffer a loss if the price of the underlying currency or instrument does not rise sufficiently to offset the cost of the option.

The writer of a put or call option takes the opposite side of the transaction from the option purchaser. In return for receipt of the option premium, the writer assumes the obligation to pay or receive the strike price for the option's underlying currency or instrument if the other party to the option chooses to exercise it. The writer may seek to terminate a position in a put option before exercise by entering into opposing close-out transactions in advance of the option expiration date. If the market for the relevant put option is not liquid, however, the writer must be prepared to pay the strike price while the option is outstanding, regardless of price changes.

If the price of the underlying currency or instrument rises, a put writer would generally expect to profit, although its gain would be limited to the amount of the premium it received. If the price of the underlying currency or instrument remains the same over time, it is likely that the writer would also profit because it should be able to close out the option at a lower price. This is because an option's value decreases with time as the currency or instrument approaches its expiration date. If the price of the underlying currency or instrument falls, the put writer would expect to suffer a loss. This loss should be less than the loss from purchasing the underlying currency or instrument directly, however, because the premium received for writing the option should mitigate the effects of the decline.

Writing a call option obligates the writer to, upon exercise of the option, deliver the option's underlying currency or instrument in return for the strike price or to make a net cash settlement payment, as applicable. The characteristics of writing call options are similar to those of writing put options, except that writing call options is generally a profitable strategy if prices remain the same or fall. The potential gain for the option seller in such a transaction would be capped at the premium received.

Several risks are associated with transactions in options on currencies, securities and other instruments (referred to as the "underlying instruments"). For example, there may be significant differences between the underlying instruments and options markets that could result in an imperfect correlation between these markets, which could cause a given transaction not to achieve its objectives. When a put or call option on a particular underlying instrument is purchased to hedge against price movements in a related underlying instrument, for example, the price to close out the put or call option may move more or less than the price of the related underlying instrument.

Options prices can diverge from the prices of their underlying instruments for a number of reasons. Options prices are affected by such factors as current and anticipated short-term interest rates, changes in the volatility of the underlying instrument, and the time remaining until expiration of the contract, which may not affect security prices in the same way. Imperfect correlation may also result from differing levels of demand in the options markets and the markets for the underlying instruments, from structural differences in how options and underlying instruments are traded, or from imposition of daily price fluctuation limits or trading halts. The fund may purchase or sell options contracts with a greater or lesser value than the underlying instruments it wishes to hedge or intends to purchase in order to attempt to compensate for differences in volatility between the contract and the underlying instruments, although this may not be successful. If price changes in the fund's options positions are less correlated with its other investments, the positions may fail to produce anticipated gains or result in losses that are not offset by gains in other investments.

There is no assurance that a liquid market will exist for any particular options contract at any particular time. Options may have relatively low trading volumes and liquidity if their strike prices are not close to the current prices of the underlying instruments. In addition, exchanges may establish daily price fluctuation limits for exchange-traded options contracts and may halt trading if a contract's price moves upward or downward more than the limit in a given day. On volatile trading days when the price fluctuation limit is reached or a trading halt is imposed, it may be impossible to enter into new positions or to close out existing positions. If the market for a contract is not liquid because of price fluctuation limits or otherwise, it could prevent prompt liquidation of unfavorable positions and could potentially require the fund to hold a position until delivery or expiration regardless of changes in its value.

Combined positions involve purchasing and writing options in combination with each other, or in combination with futures or forward contracts, in order to adjust the risk and return profile of the fund's overall position. For example, purchasing a put option and writing a call option on the same underlying instrument could construct a combined position with risk and return characteristics similar to selling a futures contract (but with leverage embedded). Another possible combined position would involve writing a call option at one strike price and buying a call option at a lower strike price to reduce the risk of the written call option in the event of a substantial price increase. Because such combined options positions involve multiple trades, they result in higher transaction costs and may be more difficult to open and close out.

**Futures and options on futures** — The fund may enter into futures contracts and options on futures contracts to seek to manage the fund's interest rate sensitivity by increasing or decreasing the duration of the fund or a portion of the fund's portfolio. A futures contract is an agreement to buy or sell a security or other financial instrument (the "reference asset") for a set price on a future date. An option on a futures contract gives the holder of the option the right to buy or sell a position in a futures contract from or to the writer of the option, at a specified price on or before the specified expiration date. Futures contracts and options on futures contracts are standardized, exchange-traded contracts, and, when such contracts are bought or sold, the fund will incur brokerage fees and will be required to maintain margin deposits.

Unlike when the fund purchases or sells a security, such as a stock or bond, no price is paid or received by the fund upon the purchase or sale of a futures contract. When the fund enters into a futures contract, the fund is required to deposit with its futures broker, known as a futures commission merchant ("FCM"), a specified amount of liquid assets in a segregated account in the name of the FCM at the applicable derivatives clearinghouse or exchange. This amount, known as initial margin, is set by the futures exchange on which the contract is traded and may be significantly modified during the term of the contract. The initial margin is in the nature of a performance bond or good faith deposit on the futures contract, which is returned to the fund upon termination of the contract, assuming all contractual obligations have been satisfied. Additionally, on a daily basis, the fund pays or receives cash, or variation margin, equal to the daily change in value of the futures contract. Variation margin does not represent a borrowing or loan by the fund but is instead a settlement between the fund and the FCM of the amount one party would owe the other if the futures contract expired. In computing daily net asset value, the fund will mark-to-market its open futures positions. A fund is also required to deposit and maintain margin with an FCM with respect to put and call options on futures contracts written by the fund. Such margin deposits will vary depending on the nature of the underlying futures contract (and related initial margin requirements), the current market value of the option, and other futures positions held by the fund. In the event of the bankruptcy or insolvency of an FCM that holds margin on behalf of the fund, the fund may be entitled to return of margin owed to it only in proportion to the amount received by the FCM's other customers, potentially resulting in losses to the fund. An event of bankruptcy or insolvency at a clearinghouse or exchange holding initial margin could also result in losses for the fund.

When the fund invests in futures contracts and options on futures contracts and deposits margin with an FCM, the fund becomes subject to so-called "fellow customer" risk – that is, the risk that one or more customers of the FCM will default on their obligations and that the resulting losses will be so great that the FCM will default on its obligations and margin posted by one customer, such as the fund, will be used to cover a loss caused by a different defaulting customer. Applicable Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") rules generally prohibit the use of one customer's funds to meet the obligations of another customer and limit the ability of an FCM to use margin posed by non-defaulting customers to satisfy losses caused by defaulting customers. As a general matter, an FCM is required to use its own funds to meet a defaulting customer's obligations. While a customer's loss would likely need to be substantial before non-defaulting customers would be exposed to loss on account of fellow customer risk, applicable CFTC rules nevertheless permit the commingling of margin and do not limit the mutualization of customer losses from investment losses, custodial failures, fraud or other causes. If the loss is so great that, notwithstanding the application of an FCM's own funds, there is a shortfall in the amount of customer funds required to be held in segregation, the FCM could default and be placed into bankruptcy. Under these circumstances, bankruptcy law provides that non-defaulting customers will share pro rata in any shortfall. A shortfall in customer segregated funds may also make the transfer of the accounts of non-defaulting customers to another FCM more difficult.

Although certain futures contracts, by their terms, require actual future delivery of and payment for the reference asset, in practice, most futures contracts are usually closed out before the delivery date by offsetting purchases or sales of matching futures contracts. Closing out an open futures contract purchase or sale is effected by entering into an offsetting futures contract sale or purchase, respectively, for the same aggregate amount of the identical reference asset and the same delivery date. If the offsetting purchase price is less than the original sale price (in each case taking into account transaction costs, including brokerage fees), the fund realizes a gain; if it is more, the fund realizes a loss. Conversely, if the offsetting sale price is more than the original purchase price (in each case taking into account transaction costs, including brokerage fees), the fund realizes a gain; if it is less, the fund realizes a loss.

The fund may purchase and write call and put options on futures. A futures option gives the holder the right, in return for the premium paid, to assume a long position (call) or short position (put) in a futures contract at a specified exercise price at any time during the period of the option. Upon exercise of a call option, the holder acquires a long position in the futures contract, and the writer is assigned the opposite short position. The opposite is true in the case of a put option. A call option is "in the money" if the value of the futures contract that is the subject of the option exceeds the exercise price. A put option is "in the money" if the exercise price exceeds the value of the futures contract that is the subject of the option. See also "Options" above for a general description of investment techniques and risks relating to options.

The value of a futures contract tends to increase and decrease in tandem with the value of its underlying reference asset. Purchasing futures contracts will, therefore, tend to increase the fund's exposure to positive and negative price fluctuations in the reference asset, much as if the fund had purchased the reference asset directly. When the fund sells a futures contract, by contrast, the value of its futures position will tend to move in a direction contrary to the market for the reference asset. Accordingly, selling futures contracts will tend to offset both positive and negative market price changes, much as if the reference asset had been sold.

There is no assurance that a liquid market will exist for any particular futures or futures options contract at any particular time. Futures exchanges may establish daily price fluctuation limits for futures contracts and may halt trading if a contract's price moves upward or downward more than the limit in a given day. On volatile trading days, when the price fluctuation limit is

reached and a trading halt is imposed, it may be impossible to enter into new positions or close out existing positions. If the market for a futures contract is not liquid because of price fluctuation limits or other market conditions, the fund may be prevented from promptly liquidating unfavorable futures positions and the fund could be required to continue to hold a position until delivery or expiration regardless of changes in its value, potentially subjecting the fund to substantial losses. Additionally, the fund may not be able to take other actions or enter into other transactions to limit or reduce its exposure to the position. Under such circumstances, the fund would remain obligated to meet margin requirements until the position is cleared. As a result, the fund's access to other assets posted as margin for its futures positions could also be impaired.

Although futures exchanges generally operate similarly in the United States and abroad, foreign futures exchanges may follow trading, settlement and margin procedures that are different than those followed by futures exchanges in the United States. Futures and futures options contracts traded outside the United States may not involve a clearing mechanism or related guarantees and may involve greater risk of loss than U.S.-traded contracts, including potentially greater risk of losses due to insolvency of a futures broker, exchange member, or other party that may owe initial or variation margin to the fund. Margin requirements on foreign futures exchanges may be different than those of futures exchanges in the United States, and, because initial and variation margin payments may be measured in foreign currency, a futures or futures options contract traded outside the United States may also involve the risk of foreign currency fluctuations.

**Swaps** — The fund may enter into swaps, which are two-party contracts entered into primarily by institutional investors for a specified time period. In a typical swap, two parties agree to exchange the returns earned or realized from one or more underlying assets or rates of return.

Swaps can be traded on a swap execution facility ("SEF") and cleared through a central clearinghouse (cleared), traded OTC and cleared, or traded bilaterally and not cleared. For example, standardized interest rate swaps and standardized credit default swap indices are traded on SEFs and cleared. Other forms of swaps, such as total return swaps and certain types of interest rate swaps and credit default swap indices are entered into on a bilateral basis. Because clearing interposes a central clearinghouse as the ultimate counterparty to each participant's swap, and margin is required to be exchanged under the rules of the clearinghouse, central clearing is intended to decrease (but not eliminate) counterparty risk relative to uncleared bilateral swaps. To the extent the fund enters into bilaterally negotiated swaps, the fund will enter into swaps only with counterparties that meet certain credit standards and have agreed to specific collateralization procedures; however, if the counterparty's creditworthiness deteriorates rapidly and the counterparty defaults on its obligations under the swap or declares bankruptcy, the fund may lose any amount it expected to receive from the counterparty. In addition, bilateral swaps are subject to certain regulatory margin requirements that mandate the posting and collection of minimum margin amounts, which may result in the fund and its counterparties posting higher margin amounts for bilateral swaps than would otherwise be the case.

The term of a swap can be days, months or years and certain swaps may be less liquid than others. If a swap is particularly large or if the relevant market is illiquid, it may not be possible to initiate a transaction or liquidate a position at an advantageous time or price, which may result in significant losses.

Swaps can take different forms. The fund may enter into the following types of swaps:

**Interest rate swaps** — The fund may enter into interest rate swaps to seek to manage the interest rate sensitivity of the fund by increasing or decreasing the duration of the fund or a portion of the fund's portfolio. An interest rate swap is an agreement between two parties to exchange or swap payments based on changes in an interest rate or rates. Typically, one interest rate is fixed and the other is variable based on a designated short-term interest rate such as the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"), prime rate or other benchmark, or on an inflation index such as the U.S. Consumer Price Index (which is a measure that examines the weighted average of prices of a basket of consumer goods and services and measures changes in the purchasing power of the U.S. dollar and the rate of inflation). In other types of interest rate swaps, known as basis swaps, the parties agree to swap variable interest rates based on different designated short-term interest rates. Interest rate swaps generally do not involve the delivery of securities or other principal amounts. Rather, cash payments are exchanged by the parties based on the application of the designated interest rates to a notional amount, which is the predetermined dollar principal of the trade upon which payment obligations are computed. Accordingly, the fund's current obligation or right under the swap is generally equal to the net amount to be paid or received under the swap based on the relative value of the position held by each party.

In addition to the risks of entering into swaps discussed above, the use of interest rate swaps involves the risk of losses if interest rates change.

**Total return swaps** — The fund may enter into total return swaps in order to gain exposure to a market or security without owning or taking physical custody of such security or investing directly in such market. A total return swap is an agreement in which one party agrees to make periodic payments to the other party based on the change in market value of the assets underlying the contract during the specified term in exchange for periodic payments based on a fixed or variable interest rate or the total return from other underlying assets. The asset underlying the contract may be a single security, a basket of securities or a securities index. Like other swaps, the use of total return swaps involves certain risks, including potential losses if a counterparty defaults on its payment obligations to the fund or the underlying assets do not perform as anticipated. There is no guarantee that entering into a total return swap will deliver returns in excess of the interest costs involved and, accordingly, the fund's performance may be lower than would have been achieved by investing directly in the underlying assets.

**Credit default swap indices** — In order to assume exposure to a diversified portfolio of credits or to hedge against existing credit risks, the fund may invest in credit default swap indices, including CDX and iTraxx indices (collectively referred to as "CDSIs"). Additionally, in order to assume exposure to the commercial mortgage-backed security sector or to hedge against existing credit and market risks within such sector, the fund may invest in mortgage-backed security credit default swap indices, including the CMBX index (collectively referred to as "CMBXIs").

A CDSI is based on a portfolio of credit default swaps with similar characteristics, such as credit default swaps on high-yield bonds. A CMBXI is a tradeable index referencing a basket of commercial mortgage-backed securities. In a typical CDSI or CMBXI transaction, one party — the protection buyer — is obligated to pay the other party — the protection seller — a stream of periodic payments over the term of the contract. If a credit event, such as a default or restructuring, occurs with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations, the protection seller must pay the protection buyer the loss on those credits. Also, if a restructuring credit event occurs in an iTraxx index,

the fund as protection buyer may receive a single name credit default swap (“CDS”) representing the relevant constituent.

The fund may enter into a CDSI or CMBXI transaction as either protection buyer or protection seller. If the fund is a protection buyer, it would pay the counterparty a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract and would not recover any of those payments if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. However, if a credit event did occur, the fund, as a protection buyer, would have the right to deliver the referenced debt obligations or a specified amount of cash, depending on the terms of the applicable agreement, and to receive the par value of such debt obligations from the counterparty protection seller. As a protection seller, the fund would receive fixed payments throughout the term of the contract if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. If a credit event were to occur, however, the value of any deliverable obligation received by the fund, coupled with the periodic payments previously received by the fund, may be less than the full notional value that the fund, as a protection seller, pays to the counterparty protection buyer, effectively resulting in a loss of value to the fund. Furthermore, as a protection seller, the fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because it would have investment exposure to the notional amount of the swap.

The use of CDSI or CMBXI, like all other swaps, is subject to certain risks, including the risk that the fund’s counterparty will default on its obligations. If such a default were to occur, any contractual remedies that the fund might have may be subject to applicable bankruptcy laws, which could delay or limit the fund’s recovery. Thus, if the fund’s counterparty to a CDSI or CMBXI transaction defaults on its obligation to make payments thereunder, the fund may lose such payments altogether or collect only a portion thereof, which collection could involve substantial costs or delays.

Additionally, when the fund invests in a CDSI or CMBXI as a protection seller, the fund will be indirectly exposed to the creditworthiness of issuers of the underlying reference obligations in the index. If the investment adviser to the fund does not correctly evaluate the creditworthiness of issuers of the underlying instruments on which the CDSI or CMBXI is based, the investment could result in losses to the fund.

**Restricted or illiquid securities** — The fund may purchase securities subject to restrictions on resale. Restricted securities may only be sold pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “1933 Act”), or in a registered public offering. Restricted securities held by the fund are often eligible for resale under Rule 144A, an exemption under the 1933 Act allowing for resales to “Qualified Institutional Buyers.” Where registration is required, the holder of a registered security may be obligated to pay all or part of the registration expense and a considerable period may elapse between the time it decides to seek registration and the time it may be permitted to sell a security under an effective registration statement. Difficulty in selling such securities may result in a loss to the fund or cause it to incur additional administrative costs.

Some fund holdings (including some restricted securities) may be deemed illiquid if the fund expects that a reasonable portion of the holding cannot be sold in seven calendar days or less without the sale significantly changing the market value of the investment. The determination of whether a holding is considered illiquid is made by the fund’s adviser under a liquidity risk management program adopted by the fund’s board and administered by the fund’s adviser. The fund may incur significant additional costs in disposing of illiquid securities.

**Forward commitment, when issued and delayed delivery transactions** — The fund may enter into commitments to purchase or sell securities at a future date. When the fund agrees to purchase such securities, it assumes the risk of any decline in value of the security from the date of the agreement, and when the fund agrees to sell such securities, it assumes the risk of any increase in value of the security. If the other party to such a transaction fails to deliver or pay for the securities, the fund could miss a favorable price or yield opportunity, or could experience a loss.

The fund may roll such transactions in lieu of taking physical delivery of the contract's underlying assets on the settlement date. When rolling the purchase of these types of transactions, the fund sells mortgage-backed securities for delivery in the current month and simultaneously contracts to repurchase substantially similar (same type, coupon, and maturity) securities on a specified future date, at a pre-determined price. When rolling the sale of these types of transactions, the fund purchases mortgage-backed securities for delivery in the current month and simultaneously contracts to sell substantially similar (same type, coupon, and maturity) securities on a specified future date, at a pre-determined price.

When rolling these types of transactions, during the period between the initial sale (or purchase) and subsequent repurchase (or sale) (the "roll period"), the fund forgoes principal and interest paid on the mortgage-backed securities. The fund is compensated by the price differential between the original and new contracts (often referred to as the "drop"), if any, as well as by the interest earned on the cash proceeds of any sales. The fund also takes the risk that market prices or characteristics of the underlying mortgage-backed securities may move unfavorably between the original and new contracts. The fund could suffer a loss if the contracting party fails to perform the future transaction and the fund is therefore unable to buy or sell back the mortgage-backed securities it initially either sold or purchased, respectively. These transactions are accounted for as purchase and sale transactions, which contribute to the fund's portfolio turnover rate.

With to be announced ("TBA") transactions, the particular securities (i.e., specified mortgage pools) to be delivered or received are not identified at the trade date, but are "to be announced" at a later settlement date. However, securities to be delivered must meet specified criteria, including face value, coupon rate and maturity, and be within industry-accepted "good delivery" standards. The fund will not use these transactions for the purpose of leveraging. Although these transactions will not be entered into for leveraging purposes, the fund temporarily could be in a leveraged position (because it may have an amount greater than its net assets subject to market risk). Should market values of the fund's portfolio securities decline while the fund is in a leveraged position, greater depreciation of its net assets would likely occur than if it were not in such a position. After a transaction is entered into, the fund may still dispose of or renegotiate the transaction. Additionally, prior to receiving delivery of securities as part of a transaction, the fund may sell such securities.

When the fund enters into a TBA commitment for the sale of mortgage-backed securities for a fixed price, with payment and delivery on an agreed upon future settlement date (which may be referred to as having a short position in such TBA securities), the fund may or may not hold the types of mortgage-backed securities required to be delivered. To the extent the fund has sold such a security on a when-issued, delayed delivery, or forward commitment basis, the fund would not participate in future gains or losses with respect to the security if the fund holds such security. If the other party to a transaction fails to pay for the securities, the fund could suffer a loss. Additionally, when selling a security on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis without owning the security, the fund will incur a loss if the security's price appreciates in value such that the security's price is above the agreed-upon price on the settlement date.

Under the SEC's rule applicable to the fund's use of derivatives, when issued, forward-settling and nonstandard settlement cycle securities, as well as TBAs and roll transactions, will be treated as derivatives unless the fund intends to physically settle these transactions and the transactions will settle within 35 days of their respective trade dates.

**Repurchase agreements** — The fund may enter into repurchase agreements, or “repos”, under which the fund buys a security and obtains a simultaneous commitment from the seller to repurchase the security at a specified time and price. Because the security purchased constitutes collateral for the repurchase obligation, a repo may be considered a loan by the fund that is collateralized by the security purchased. Repos permit the fund to maintain liquidity and earn income over periods of time as short as overnight.

The seller must maintain with a custodian collateral equal to at least the repurchase price, including accrued interest. In tri-party repos and centrally cleared or “sponsored” repos, a third-party custodian, either a clearing bank in the case of tri-party repos or a central clearing counterparty in the case of centrally cleared repos, facilitates repo clearing and settlement, including by providing collateral management services. In bilateral repos, the parties themselves are responsible for settling transactions.

The fund will only enter into repos involving securities of the type in which it could otherwise invest. If the seller under the repo defaults, the fund may incur a loss if the value of the collateral securing the repo has declined and may incur disposition costs and delays in connection with liquidating the collateral. If bankruptcy proceedings are commenced with respect to the seller, realization of the collateral by the fund may be delayed or limited.

**Cash and cash equivalents** — The fund may hold cash or invest in cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include, but are not limited to: (a) shares of money market or similar funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates; (b) shares of other money market funds; (c) commercial paper; (d) short-term bank obligations (for example, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances (time drafts on a commercial bank where the bank accepts an irrevocable obligation to pay at maturity)) or bank notes; (e) savings association and savings bank obligations (for example, bank notes and certificates of deposit issued by savings banks or savings associations); (f) securities of the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities that mature, or that may be redeemed, in one year or less; and (g) higher quality corporate bonds and notes that mature, or that may be redeemed, in one year or less.

Cash and cash equivalents may be denominated in U.S. dollars, non-U.S. currencies or multinational currency units.

**Commercial paper** — The fund may purchase commercial paper. Commercial paper refers to short-term promissory notes issued by a corporation to finance its current operations. Such securities normally have maturities of thirteen months or less and, though commercial paper is often unsecured, commercial paper may be supported by letters of credit, surety bonds or other forms of collateral. Maturing commercial paper issuances are usually repaid by the issuer from the proceeds of new commercial paper issuances. As a result, investment in commercial paper is subject to rollover risk, or the risk that the issuer cannot issue enough new commercial paper to satisfy its outstanding commercial paper. Like all fixed income securities, commercial paper prices are susceptible to fluctuations in interest rates. If interest rates rise, commercial paper prices will decline and vice versa. However, the short-term nature of a commercial paper investment makes it less susceptible to volatility than many other fixed income securities because interest rate risk typically increases as maturity lengths increase. Commercial paper tends to yield smaller returns than longer-term corporate debt because securities with shorter maturities typically have lower effective yields than those with longer maturities. As with all fixed income securities, there is a chance that the issuer will default on its commercial paper obligations and commercial paper may become illiquid or suffer from reduced liquidity in these or other situations.

Commercial paper in which the fund may invest includes commercial paper issued in reliance on the exemption from registration afforded by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “1933 Act”). Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper has substantially the same price and liquidity

characteristics as commercial paper generally, except that the resale of Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper is limited to institutional investors who agree that they are purchasing the paper for investment purposes and not with a view to public distribution. Technically, such a restriction on resale renders Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper a restricted security under the 1933 Act. In practice, however, Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper typically can be resold as easily as any other unrestricted security held by the fund. Accordingly, Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper has been generally determined to be liquid under procedures adopted by the fund's board of trustees.

**Variable and floating rate obligations** — The interest rates payable on certain securities and other instruments in which the fund may invest may not be fixed but may fluctuate based upon changes in market interest rates or credit ratings. Variable and floating rate obligations bear coupon rates that are adjusted at designated intervals, based on the then current market interest rates or credit ratings. The rate adjustment features tend to limit the extent to which the market value of the obligations will fluctuate. When the fund holds variable or floating rate securities, a decrease in market interest rates will adversely affect the income received from such securities and the net asset value of the fund's shares.

**Warrants and rights** — Warrants and rights may be acquired by the fund in connection with other securities or separately. Warrants generally entitle, but do not obligate, their holder to purchase other equity or fixed income securities at a specified price at a later date. Rights are similar to warrants but typically have a shorter duration and are issued by a company to existing holders of its stock to provide those holders the right to purchase additional shares of stock at a later date. Warrants and rights do not carry with them the right to dividends or voting rights with respect to the securities that they entitle their holder to purchase, and they do not represent any rights in the assets of the issuing company. Additionally, a warrant or right ceases to have value if it is not exercised prior to its expiration date. As a result, warrants and rights may be considered more speculative than certain other types of investments. Changes in the value of a warrant or right do not necessarily correspond to changes in the value of its underlying security. The price of a warrant or right may be more volatile than the price of its underlying security, and they therefore present greater potential for capital appreciation and capital loss. The effective price paid for warrants or rights added to the subscription price of the related security may exceed the value of the subscribed security's market price, such as when there is no movement in the price of the underlying security. The market for warrants or rights may be very limited and it may be difficult to sell them promptly at an acceptable price.

**Loan assignments and participations** — The fund may invest in loans or other forms of indebtedness that represent interests in amounts owed by corporations or other borrowers (collectively "borrowers"). The investment adviser defines debt securities to include investments in loans, such as loan assignments and participations. Loans may be originated by the borrower in order to address its working capital needs, as a result of a reorganization of the borrower's assets and liabilities (recapitalizations), to merge with or acquire another company (mergers and acquisitions), to take control of another company (leveraged buy-outs), to provide temporary financing (bridge loans), or for other corporate purposes. Most corporate loans are variable or floating rate obligations.

Some loans may be secured in whole or in part by assets or other collateral. In other cases, loans may be unsecured or may become undersecured by declines in the value of assets or other collateral securing such loan. The greater the value of the assets securing the loan the more the lender is protected against loss in the case of nonpayment of principal or interest. Loans made to highly leveraged borrowers may be especially vulnerable to adverse changes in economic or market conditions and may involve a greater risk of default.

Some loans may represent revolving credit facilities or delayed funding loans, in which a lender agrees to make loans up to a maximum amount upon demand by the borrower during a specified term. These commitments may have the effect of requiring the fund to increase its investment in a company at a

time when it might not otherwise decide to do so (including at a time when the company's financial condition makes it unlikely that such amounts will be repaid).

Some loans may represent debtor-in-possession financings (commonly known as "DIP financings"). DIP financings are arranged when an entity seeks the protections of the bankruptcy court under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. These financings allow the entity to continue its business operations while reorganizing under Chapter 11. Such financings constitute senior liens on unencumbered collateral (i.e., collateral not subject to other creditors' claims). There is a risk that the entity will not emerge from Chapter 11 and will be forced to liquidate its assets under Chapter 7 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. In the event of liquidation, the fund's only recourse will be against the collateral securing the DIP financing.

The investment adviser generally makes investment decisions based on publicly available information, but may rely on non-public information if necessary. Borrowers may offer to provide lenders with material, non-public information regarding a specific loan or the borrower in general. The investment adviser generally chooses not to receive this information. As a result, the investment adviser may be at a disadvantage compared to other investors that may receive such information. The investment adviser's decision not to receive material, non-public information may impact the investment adviser's ability to assess a borrower's requests for amendments or waivers of provisions in the loan agreement. However, the investment adviser may on a case-by-case basis decide to receive such information when it deems prudent. In these situations the investment adviser may be restricted from trading the loan or buying or selling other debt and equity securities of the borrower while it is in possession of such material, non-public information, even if such loan or other security is declining in value.

The fund normally acquires loan obligations through an assignment from another lender, but also may acquire loan obligations by purchasing participation interests from lenders or other holders of the interests. When the fund purchases assignments, it acquires direct contractual rights against the borrower on the loan. The fund acquires the right to receive principal and interest payments directly from the borrower and to enforce its rights as a lender directly against the borrower. However, because assignments are arranged through private negotiations between potential assignees and potential assignors, the rights and obligations acquired by a fund as the purchaser of an assignment may differ from, and be more limited than, those held by the assigning lender. Loan assignments are often administered by a financial institution that acts as agent for the holders of the loan, and the fund may be required to receive approval from the agent and/or borrower prior to the purchase of a loan. Risks may also arise due to the inability of the agent to meet its obligations under the loan agreement.

Loan participations are loans or other direct debt instruments that are interests in amounts owed by the borrower to another party. They may represent amounts owed to lenders or lending syndicates, to suppliers of goods or services, or to other parties. The fund will have the right to receive payments of principal, interest and any fees to which it is entitled only from the lender selling the participation and only upon receipt by the lender of the payments from the borrower. In connection with purchasing participations, the fund generally will have no right to enforce compliance by the borrower with the terms of the loan agreement relating to the loan, nor any rights of set-off against the borrower. In addition, the fund may not directly benefit from any collateral supporting the loan in which it has purchased the participation and the fund will have to rely on the agent bank or other financial intermediary to apply appropriate credit remedies. As a result, the fund will be subject to the credit risk of both the borrower and the lender that is selling the participation. In the event of the insolvency of the lender selling a participation, a fund may be treated as a general creditor of the lender and may not benefit from any set-off between the lender and the borrower.

Loan assignments and participations are generally subject to legal or contractual restrictions on resale and are not currently listed on any securities exchange or automatic quotation system. Risks may arise due to delayed settlements of loan assignments and participations. The investment adviser expects that most loan assignments and participations purchased for the fund will trade on a secondary

market. However, although secondary markets for investments in loans are growing among institutional investors, a limited number of investors may be interested in a specific loan. It is possible that loan participations, in particular, could be sold only to a limited number of institutional investors. If there is no active secondary market for a particular loan, it may be difficult for the investment adviser to sell the fund's interest in such loan at a price that is acceptable to it and to obtain pricing information on such loan.

Investments in loan participations and assignments present the possibility that the fund could be held liable as a co-lender under emerging legal theories of lender liability. In addition, if the loan is foreclosed, the fund could be part owner of any collateral and could bear the costs and liabilities of owning and disposing of the collateral. In addition, some loan participations and assignments may not be rated by major rating agencies and may not be protected by securities laws.

**Unfunded commitment agreements** — The fund may enter into unfunded commitment agreements to make certain investments, including unsettled bank loan purchase transactions. Under the SEC's rule applicable to the fund's use of derivatives, unfunded commitment agreements are not derivatives transactions. The fund will only enter into such unfunded commitment agreements if the fund reasonably believes, at the time it enters into such agreement, that it will have sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its obligations with respect to all of its unfunded commitment agreements as they come due.

**Investing in smaller capitalization stocks** — The fund may invest in the stocks of smaller capitalization companies. Investing in smaller capitalization stocks can involve greater risk than is customarily associated with investing in stocks of larger, more established companies. For example, smaller companies often have limited product lines, limited operating histories, limited markets or financial resources, may be dependent on one or a few key persons for management and can be more susceptible to losses. Also, their securities may be less liquid or illiquid (and therefore have to be sold at a discount from current prices or sold in small lots over an extended period of time), may be followed by fewer investment research analysts and may be subject to wider price swings, thus creating a greater chance of loss than securities of larger capitalization companies.

**Equity securities** — Equity securities represent an ownership position in a company. Equity securities held by the fund typically consist of common stocks. The prices of equity securities fluctuate based on, among other things, events specific to their issuers and market, economic and other conditions. For example, prices of these securities can be affected by financial contracts held by the issuer or third parties (such as derivatives) relating to the security or other assets or indices. Holders of equity securities are not creditors of the issuer. If an issuer liquidates, holders of equity securities are entitled to their pro rata share of the issuer's assets, if any, after creditors (including the holders of fixed income securities and senior equity securities) are paid.

There may be little trading in the secondary market for particular equity securities, which may adversely affect the fund's ability to value accurately or dispose of such equity securities. Adverse publicity and investor perceptions, whether or not based on fundamental analysis, may decrease the value and/or liquidity of equity securities.

**Cybersecurity risks** — With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the fund has become potentially more susceptible to operational and information security risks through breaches in cybersecurity. In general, a breach in cybersecurity can result from either a deliberate attack or an unintentional event. Cybersecurity breaches may involve, among other things, "ransomware" attacks, injection of computer viruses or malicious software code, or the use of vulnerabilities in code to gain unauthorized access to digital information systems, networks or devices that are used directly or indirectly by the fund or its service providers through "hacking" or other means. Cybersecurity risks also include the risk of losses of service resulting from external attacks that

do not require unauthorized access to the fund's systems, networks or devices. For example, denial-of-service attacks on the investment adviser's or an affiliate's website could effectively render the fund's network services unavailable to fund shareholders and other intended end-users. Any such cybersecurity breaches or losses of service may, among other things, cause the fund to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption or lose operational capacity, or may result in the misappropriation, unauthorized release or other misuse of the fund's assets or sensitive information (including shareholder personal information or other confidential information), the inability of fund shareholders to transact business, or the destruction of the fund's physical infrastructure, equipment or operating systems. These, in turn, could cause the fund to violate applicable privacy and other laws and incur or suffer regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional costs (including compliance costs) associated with corrective measures and/or financial loss. While the fund and its investment adviser have established business continuity plans and risk management systems designed to prevent or reduce the impact of cybersecurity attacks, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems due in part to the ever-changing nature of technology and cybersecurity attack tactics, and there is a possibility that certain risks have not been adequately identified or prepared for.

In addition, cybersecurity failures by or breaches of the fund's third-party service providers (including, but not limited to, the fund's investment adviser, transfer agent, custodian, administrators and other financial intermediaries) may disrupt the business operations of the service providers and of the fund, potentially resulting in financial losses, the inability of fund shareholders to transact business with the fund and of the fund to process transactions, the inability of the fund to calculate its net asset value, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, rules and regulations, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensatory costs and/or additional compliance costs associated with implementation of any corrective measures. The fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result of any such cybersecurity breaches, and there can be no assurance that the fund will not suffer losses relating to cybersecurity attacks or other informational security breaches affecting the fund's third-party service providers in the future, particularly as the fund cannot control any cybersecurity plans or systems implemented by such service providers.

Cybersecurity risks may also impact issuers of securities in which the fund invests, which may cause the fund's investments in such issuers to lose value.

**Inflation/Deflation risk** — The fund may be subject to inflation and deflation risk. Inflation risk is the risk that the present value of assets or income from investments will be less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the present value of the fund's assets can decline. Deflation risk is the risk that prices throughout the economy decline over time. Deflation or inflation may have an adverse effect on the creditworthiness of issuers and may make issuer default more likely, which may result in a decline in the value of the fund's assets.

**Interfund borrowing and lending** — Pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the fund may lend money to, and borrow money from, other funds advised by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates. The fund will borrow through the program only when the costs are equal to or lower than the costs of bank loans. The fund will lend through the program only when the returns are higher than those available from an investment in repurchase agreements. Interfund loans and borrowings normally extend overnight, but can have a maximum duration of seven days. Loans may be called on one day's notice. The fund may have to borrow from a bank at a higher interest rate if an interfund loan is called or not renewed. Any delay in repayment to a lending fund could result in a lost investment opportunity or additional borrowing costs.

**Affiliated investment companies** — The fund may purchase shares of certain other investment companies managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates ("Central Funds"). The risks of owning another investment company are similar to the risks of investing directly in the securities in which that investment company invests. Investments in other investment companies could allow the fund to obtain the benefits of a more diversified portfolio than might otherwise be available through direct investments in a particular asset class, and will subject the fund to the risks associated with the particular asset class or asset classes in which an underlying fund invests. However, an investment company may not achieve its investment objective or execute its investment strategy effectively, which may adversely affect the fund's performance. Any investment in another investment company will be consistent with the fund's objective(s) and applicable regulatory limitations. Central Funds do not charge management fees. As a result, the fund does not bear additional management fees when investing in Central Funds, but the fund does bear its proportionate share of Central Fund expenses.

\* \* \* \* \*

**Portfolio turnover** — The fund will attempt to take prompt advantage of market conditions and as a result may at times have a high rate of portfolio turnover relative to many other mutual funds. The fund may dispose of any security at any time, and it is the fund's intention to take either short- or long-term profits or losses consistent with its objective and sound investment practice, and when such action would not impair the fund's tax status. Portfolio changes will be made without regard to the length of time particular investments may have been held. Higher portfolio turnover (100% or more) may involve correspondingly greater transaction costs in the form of dealer spreads or brokerage commissions. It may also result in the realization of net capital gains, which are taxable when distributed to shareholders, unless the shareholder is exempt from taxation or his or her account is tax-favored.

Fixed income securities are generally traded on a net basis and usually neither brokerage commissions nor transfer taxes are involved. Transaction costs are usually reflected in the spread between the bid and asked price.

The fund's portfolio turnover rates for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 were 122% and 251%, respectively. The fund's portfolio turnover rates excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 were 74% and 60%, respectively. See "Forward commitment, when issued and delayed delivery transactions" above for more information on mortgage dollar rolls. Variations in turnover rates are due to changes in trading activity during the period. The portfolio turnover rate would equal 100% if each security in a fund's portfolio were replaced once per year.

## Fund policies

All percentage limitations in the following fund policies are considered at the time securities are purchased and are based on the fund's net assets unless otherwise indicated. None of the following policies involving a maximum percentage of assets will be considered violated unless the excess occurs immediately after, and is caused by, an acquisition by the fund. In managing the fund, the fund's investment adviser may apply more restrictive policies than those listed below.

**Fundamental policies** — The fund has adopted the following policies, which may not be changed without approval by holders of a majority of its outstanding shares. Such majority is currently defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), as the vote of the lesser of (a) 67% or more of the voting securities present at a shareholder meeting, if the holders of more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities are present in person or by proxy, or (b) more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities.

1. Except as permitted by (i) the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, or other successor law governing the regulation of registered investment companies, or interpretations or modifications thereof by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), SEC staff or other authority of competent jurisdiction, or (ii) exemptive or other relief or permission from the SEC, SEC staff or other authority of competent jurisdiction, the fund may not:

- a. Borrow money;
- b. Issue senior securities;
- c. Underwrite the securities of other issuers;
- d. Purchase or sell real estate or commodities;
- e. Make loans; or
- f. Purchase the securities of any issuer if, as a result of such purchase, the fund's investments would be concentrated in any particular industry.

2. The fund may not invest in companies for the purpose of exercising control or management.

**Nonfundamental policies** — The following policy may be changed without shareholder approval:

The fund may not acquire securities of open-end investment companies or unit investment trusts registered under the 1940 Act in reliance on Sections 12(d)(1)(F) or 12(d)(1)(G) of the 1940 Act.

**Additional information about the fund's policies** — The information below is not part of the fund's fundamental or nonfundamental policies. This information is intended to provide a summary of what is currently required or permitted by the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, or by the interpretive guidance thereof by the SEC or SEC staff, for particular fundamental policies of the fund. Information is also provided regarding the fund's current intention with respect to certain investment practices permitted by the 1940 Act.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1a, the fund may borrow money in amounts of up to 33-1/3% of its total assets from banks for any purpose. Additionally, the fund may borrow up to 5% of its total assets from banks or other lenders for temporary purposes (a loan is presumed to be for temporary purposes if it is repaid within 60 days and is not extended or renewed). The percentage limitations in this policy are considered at the time of borrowing and thereafter.

For purposes of fundamental policies 1a and 1e, the fund may borrow money from, or loan money to, other funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates to the extent permitted by applicable law and an exemptive order issued by the SEC.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1b, a senior security does not include any promissory note or evidence of indebtedness if such loan is for temporary purposes only and in an amount not exceeding 5% of the value of the total assets of the fund at the time the loan is made (a loan is presumed to be for temporary purposes if it is repaid within 60 days and is not extended or renewed). Further, the fund is permitted to enter into derivatives and certain other transactions, notwithstanding the prohibitions and restrictions on the issuance of senior securities under the 1940 Act, in accordance with current SEC rules and interpretations.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1c, the policy will not apply to the fund to the extent the fund may be deemed an underwriter within the meaning of the 1933 Act in connection with the purchase and sale of fund portfolio securities in the ordinary course of pursuing its investment objective(s) and strategies.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1e, the fund may not lend more than 33-1/3% of its total assets, provided that this limitation shall not apply to the fund's purchase of debt obligations.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1f, the fund may not invest more than 25% of its total assets in the securities of issuers in a particular industry. This policy does not apply to investments in securities of the U.S. government, its agencies or U.S. government sponsored enterprises or repurchase agreements with respect thereto. For purposes of this policy, with respect to a private activity municipal bond the principal and interest payments of which are derived primarily from the assets and revenues of a non-governmental entity, the fund will look to such non-governmental entity to determine the industry to which the investment should be allocated.

## **Management of the fund**

### **Board of trustees and officers**

#### **Independent trustees<sup>1</sup>**

The fund's nominating and governance committee and board select independent trustees with a view toward constituting a board that, as a body, possesses the qualifications, skills, attributes and experience to appropriately oversee the actions of the fund's service providers, decide upon matters of general policy and represent the long-term interests of fund shareholders. In doing so, they consider the qualifications, skills, attributes and experience of the current board members, with a view toward maintaining a board that is diverse in viewpoint, experience, education and skills.

The fund seeks independent trustees who have high ethical standards and the highest levels of integrity and commitment, who have inquiring and independent minds, mature judgment, good communication skills, and other complementary personal qualifications and skills that enable them to function effectively in the context of the fund's board and committee structure and who have the ability and willingness to dedicate sufficient time to effectively fulfill their duties and responsibilities.

Each independent trustee has a significant record of accomplishments in governance, business, not-for-profit organizations, government service, academia, law, accounting or other professions. Although no single list could identify all experience upon which the fund's independent trustees draw in connection with their service, the following table summarizes key experience for each independent trustee. These references to the qualifications, attributes and skills of the trustees are pursuant to the disclosure requirements of the SEC, and shall not be deemed to impose any greater responsibility or liability on any trustee or the board as a whole. Notwithstanding the accomplishments listed below, none of the independent trustees is considered an "expert" within the meaning of the federal securities laws with respect to information in the fund's registration statement.

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee <sup>2</sup> )	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years	Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee	Other directorships <sup>3</sup> held by trustee during the past five years	Other relevant experience
Gina F. Adams, 1958 Trustee (2026)	Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary, FedEx Corporation (transportation/logistics company)	53	Entergy Corporation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Board service for educational, arts and other nonprofit organizations</li> <li>· LLM, JD</li> </ul>
Francisco G. Cigarroa, MD, 1957 Trustee (2021)	Professor of Surgery, University of Texas Health San Antonio; Trustee, Ford Foundation; Clayton Research Scholar, Clayton Foundation for Biomedical Research	114	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Corporate board experience</li> <li>· Service on boards of community and nonprofit organizations</li> <li>· MD</li> </ul>
Nariman Farvardin, 1956 Trustee (2018)	President, Stevens Institute of Technology	114	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Senior management experience, educational institution</li> <li>· Corporate board experience</li> <li>· Professor, electrical and computer engineering</li> <li>· Service on advisory boards and councils for educational, nonprofit and governmental organizations</li> <li>· MS, PhD, electrical engineering</li> </ul>
Jennifer C. Feikin, 1968 Trustee (2022)	Independent corporate board member; previously held positions at Google, AOL, 20th Century Fox and McKinsey & Company	114	Hertz Global Holdings, Inc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Senior corporate management experience</li> <li>· Corporate board experience</li> <li>· Business consulting experience</li> <li>· Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable and nonprofit organizations</li> <li>· JD</li> </ul>

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee <sup>2</sup> )	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years	Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee	Other directorships <sup>3</sup> held by trustee during the past five years	Other relevant experience
Leslie Stone Heisz, 1961 Trustee (2022)	Former Managing Director, Lazard (retired, 2010); Director, Kaiser Permanente (California public benefit corporation); former Lecturer, UCLA Anderson School of Management	114	Edwards Lifesciences; Ingram Micro Holding Corporation (information technology products and services)  Former director of Public Storage, Inc. (until 2024)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Senior corporate management experience, investment banking</li> <li>· Business consulting experience</li> <li>· Corporate board experience</li> <li>· Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable and nonprofit organizations</li> <li>· MBA</li> </ul>
Merit E. Janow, 1958 Trustee (2010)	Dean Emerita and Professor of Practice, International Economic Law & International Affairs, Columbia University, School of International and Public Affairs	56	Aptiv (autonomous and green vehicle technology); Mastercard Incorporated  Former director of Trimble Inc. (software, hardware and services technology) (until 2021)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Service with Office of the U.S. Trade Representative and U.S. Department of Justice</li> <li>· Corporate board experience</li> <li>· Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable, educational and nonprofit organizations</li> <li>· Experience as corporate lawyer</li> <li>· JD</li> </ul>
Martin E. Koehler, 1957 Trustee (2026)	Independent management consultant	53	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Senior management experience</li> <li>· Corporate board experience</li> <li>· Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable and nonprofit organizations</li> <li>· MBA</li> <li>· MS, industrial engineering</li> </ul>

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee <sup>2</sup> )	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years	Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee	Other directorships <sup>3</sup> held by trustee during the past five years	Other relevant experience
Benjamin R. Miller, 1967 Trustee (2026)	Co-Founder, Agio Ratings Ltd. (fintech advisory); former Director and adviser, Dalpha Capital and Dalpha Capital (UK) Ltd. (digital assets manager) (2020-2022)	37	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Senior corporate management experience, investment management</li> <li>· Investment management experience</li> <li>· Experience as corporate lawyer</li> <li>· JD</li> </ul>
Josette Sheeran, 1954 Trustee (2026)	Founder and CEO, Firefly Global Group (geopolitical and business consulting); former President, Canoo, Inc.; former President and CEO, Asia Society	53	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Service as chief executive officer</li> <li>· Senior management experience</li> <li>· Government service</li> <li>· Service on advisory councils and commissions for international and governmental organizations</li> <li>· Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable and nonprofit organizations</li> <li>· Service as trustee for public and private entities</li> </ul>
Margaret Spellings, 1957 Trustee (2010)	President and CEO, Bipartisan Policy Center; former President and CEO, Texas 2036	114	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Former U.S. Secretary of Education, U.S. Department of Education</li> <li>· Former Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, The White House</li> <li>· Former senior advisor to the Governor of Texas</li> <li>· Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable and nonprofit organizations</li> </ul>

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee <sup>2</sup> )	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years	Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee	Other directorships <sup>3</sup> held by trustee during the past five years	Other relevant experience
Alexandra Trower, 1964 Trustee (2019)	Former Executive Vice President, Global Communications and Corporate Officer, The Estée Lauder Companies	114	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Service on trustee boards for charitable and nonprofit organizations</li> <li>· Senior corporate management experience</li> <li>· Branding</li> </ul>
Paul S. Williams, 1959 Chair of the Board (Independent and Non-Executive) (2020)	Former Partner/Managing Director, Major, Lindsey & Africa (executive recruiting firm) (2005-2018)	114	Public Storage, Inc.  Former director of Romeo Power, Inc. (manufacturer of batteries for electric vehicles) (until 2022); Compass Minerals, Inc. (producer of salt and specialty fertilizers) (until 2023); Air Transport Services Group, Inc. (aircraft leasing and air cargo transportation) (until 2025)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Senior corporate management experience</li> <li>· Corporate board experience</li> <li>· Corporate governance experience</li> <li>· Service on trustee boards for charitable and educational nonprofit organizations</li> <li>· Securities law expertise</li> <li>· JD</li> </ul>

**Interested trustee(s)<sup>4,5</sup>**

Interested trustees have similar qualifications, skills and attributes as the independent trustees. Interested trustees are senior executive officers and/or directors of Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates. Such management roles with the fund's service providers also permit the interested trustees to make a significant contribution to the fund's board.

<b>Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee/officer<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>Principal occupation(s) during the past five years and positions held with affiliated entities or the Principal Underwriter of the fund</b>	<b>Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee</b>	<b>Other directorships<sup>3</sup> held by trustee during the past five years</b>
Pramod Atluri, 1976 Trustee (2026)	Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Research and Management Company; Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Bank and Trust Company*; Director, Capital Research and Management Company	37	None
Courtney K. Wolf, 1982 Trustee (2026)	Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Research and Management Company; Director, The Capital Group Companies, Inc.*	37	None

Other officers<sup>5</sup>

<b>Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as an officer<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>Principal occupation(s) during the past five years and positions held with affiliated entities or the Principal Underwriter of the fund</b>
Philip Chitty, 1969 President (2021)	Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Research Company*; Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Bank and Trust Company*
Kristine M. Nishiyama, 1970 Principal Executive Officer (2003)	Senior Vice President – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company; Chair, Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Director, Capital Bank and Trust Company*
Michael W. Stockton, 1967 Executive Vice President (2021)	Senior Vice President – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company
Courtney R. Taylor, 1975 Secretary (2006-2014; 2023)	Assistant Vice President – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company
Becky L. Park, 1979 Treasurer (2021)	Vice President – Investment Operations, Capital Research and Management Company
Jane Y. Chung, 1974 Assistant Secretary (2014)	Associate – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company
Sandra Chuon, 1972 Assistant Treasurer (2019)	Vice President – Investment Operations, Capital Research and Management Company
Brian C. Janssen, 1972 Assistant Treasurer (2012)	Senior Vice President – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company

\* Company affiliated with Capital Research and Management Company.

<sup>1</sup> The term independent trustee refers to a trustee who is not an “interested person” of the fund within the meaning of the 1940 Act.

<sup>2</sup> Trustees and officers of the fund serve until their resignation, removal or retirement.

<sup>3</sup> This includes all directorships/trusteeships (other than those in the American Funds or other funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates) that are held by each trustee as a director/trustee of a public company or a registered investment company. Unless otherwise noted, all directorships/trusteeships are current.

<sup>4</sup> The term interested trustee refers to a trustee who is an “interested person” of the fund within the meaning of the 1940 Act, on the basis of his or her affiliation with the fund’s investment adviser, Capital Research and Management Company, or affiliated entities (including the fund’s principal underwriter).

<sup>5</sup> All of the trustees and/or officers listed, with the exception of Philip Chitty, are officers and/or directors/trusteeships of one or more of the other funds for which Capital Research and Management Company serves as investment adviser.

**The address for all trustees and officers of the fund is 333 South Hope Street, 55th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90071, Attention: Secretary.**

Fund shares owned by trustees as of December 31, 2025:

Name	Dollar range <sup>1</sup> of fund shares owned	Aggregate dollar range <sup>1</sup> of shares owned in all funds overseen by trustee in same family of investment companies as the fund	Dollar range <sup>1,2</sup> of independent trustees deferred compensation <sup>3</sup> allocated to fund	Aggregate dollar range <sup>1,2</sup> of independent trustees deferred compensation <sup>3</sup> allocated to all funds overseen by trustee in same family of investment companies as the fund
<b>Independent trustees</b>				
Gina F. Adams	None	Over \$100,000	N/A	Over \$100,000
Francisco G. Cigarroa	None	None	N/A	Over \$100,000
Nariman Farvardin	None	Over \$100,000	N/A	Over \$100,000
Jennifer C. Feikin	None	Over \$100,000	N/A	Over \$100,000
Leslie Stone Heisz	None	Over \$100,000	N/A	N/A
Merit E. Janow	None	Over \$100,000	N/A	Over \$100,000
Martin E. Koehler	None	Over \$100,000	N/A	Over \$100,000
Benjamin R. Miller	None	None	N/A	N/A
Josette Sheeran	None	Over \$100,000	N/A	Over \$100,000
Margaret Spellings	None	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
Alexandra Trower	None	Over \$100,000	N/A	Over \$100,000
Paul S. Williams	None	Over \$100,000	N/A	Over \$100,000

Name	Dollar range <sup>1</sup> of fund shares owned	Aggregate dollar range <sup>1</sup> of shares owned in all funds overseen by trustee in same family of investment companies as the fund
<b>Interested trustees</b>		
Pramod Atluri	None	Over \$100,000
Courtney K. Wolf	None	Over \$100,000

<sup>1</sup> Ownership disclosure is made using the following ranges: None; \$1 – \$10,000; \$10,001 – \$50,000; \$50,001 – \$100,000; and Over \$100,000. The amounts listed for interested trustees include shares owned through The Capital Group Companies, Inc. retirement plan and/or 401(k) plan, as applicable.

<sup>2</sup> N/A indicates that the listed individual, as of December 31, 2025, was not a trustee of the fund (or, as applicable, other funds in the same family of investment companies as the fund), did not allocate deferred compensation to the fund, or did not participate in the deferred compensation plan.

<sup>3</sup> Eligible trustees may defer their compensation under a nonqualified deferred compensation plan. Amounts deferred by the trustee accumulate at an earnings rate determined by the total return of one or more American Funds as designated by the trustee.

**Trustee compensation** — No compensation is paid by the fund to any officer or trustee who is a director, officer or employee of the investment adviser or its affiliates. Except for the independent trustees listed in the “Board of trustees and officers — Independent trustees” table under the “Management of the fund” section in this statement of additional information, all other officers and trustees of the fund are directors, officers or employees of the investment adviser or its affiliates. The board typically meets either individually or jointly with the boards of one or more other such funds with substantially overlapping board membership (in each case referred to as a “board cluster”). The fund typically pays each independent trustee an annual retainer fee based primarily on the total number of board clusters which that independent trustee serves. Board and committee chairs receive additional fees for their services.

The fund and the other funds served by each independent trustee each pay a portion of these fees.

No pension or retirement benefits are accrued as part of fund expenses. Generally, independent trustees may elect, on a voluntary basis, to defer all or a portion of their fees through a deferred compensation plan in effect for the fund. The fund also reimburses certain expenses of the independent trustees.

Trustee compensation earned during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025:

Name	Aggregate compensation (including voluntarily deferred compensation <sup>1</sup> ) from the fund	Total compensation (including voluntarily deferred compensation <sup>1</sup> ) from all funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates
Gina F. Adams (elected January 1, 2026)	None	\$346,000
Francisco G. Cigarroa <sup>2</sup>	\$4,851	362,000
Nariman Farvardin <sup>2</sup>	3,082	552,000
Jennifer C. Feikin <sup>2</sup>	4,851	474,500
Leslie Stone Heisz	4,851	474,500
Mary Davis Holt (retired December 31, 2025)	3,725	432,000
Merit E. Janow <sup>2</sup>	3,127	580,000
Martin E. Koehler (elected January 1, 2026)	None	340,000
Benjamin R. Miller (elected January 1, 2026)	None	None
Josette Sheeran (elected January 1, 2026)	None	406,000
Margaret Spellings <sup>2</sup>	3,618	542,000
Alexandra Trower <sup>2</sup>	4,985	372,000
Paul S. Williams <sup>2</sup>	4,985	372,000

<sup>1</sup> Amounts may be deferred by eligible trustees under a nonqualified deferred compensation plan adopted by the fund in 1993. Deferred amounts accumulate at an earnings rate determined by the total return of one or more American Funds as designated by the trustees. Compensation shown in this table for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025 does not include earnings on amounts deferred in previous fiscal years. See footnote 2 to this table for more information.

<sup>2</sup> Since the deferred compensation plan's adoption, the total amount of deferred compensation accrued by the fund (plus earnings thereon) through the end of the 2025 fiscal year for participating trustees is as follows: Francisco G. Cigarroa (\$17,685), Nariman Farvardin (\$75,684), Jennifer C. Feikin (\$19,700), Merit E. Janow (\$5,164), Margaret Spellings (\$55,167), Alexandra Trower (\$45,050) and Paul S. Williams (\$14,185). Amounts deferred and accumulated earnings thereon are not funded and are general unsecured liabilities of the fund until paid to the trustees.

**Fund organization and the board of trustees** — The fund, an open-end, diversified management investment company, was organized as a Maryland corporation on June 8, 1987, and reorganized as a Delaware statutory trust on December 1, 2010. All fund operations are supervised by the fund's board of trustees which meets periodically and performs duties required by applicable state and federal laws.

Delaware law charges trustees with the duty of managing the business affairs of the trust. Trustees are considered to be fiduciaries of the trust and owe duties of care and loyalty to the trust and its shareholders.

The fund has several different classes of shares. Shares of each class represent an interest in the same investment portfolio. Each class has pro rata rights as to voting, redemption, dividends and liquidation, except that each class bears different distribution expenses and may bear different transfer agent fees and other expenses properly attributable to the particular class as approved by the board of trustees and set forth in the fund's rule 18f-3 Plan. Each class' shareholders have exclusive voting rights with respect to the respective class' rule 12b-1 plans adopted in connection with the distribution of shares and on other matters in which the interests of one class are different from interests in another class. Shares of all classes of the fund vote together on matters that affect all classes in substantially the same manner. Each class votes as a class on matters that affect that class alone. Note that 529 college savings plan account owners invested in Class 529 shares are not shareholders of the fund and, accordingly, do not have the rights of a shareholder, such as the right to vote proxies relating to fund shares. As the legal owner of the fund's Class 529 shares, Commonwealth Savers Plan<sup>SM</sup> (formerly, Virginia529) will vote any proxies relating to the fund's Class 529 shares. In addition, the trustees have the authority to establish new series and classes of shares, and to split or combine outstanding shares into a greater or lesser number, without shareholder approval.

The fund does not hold annual meetings of shareholders. However, significant matters that require shareholder approval, such as certain elections of board members or a change in a fundamental investment policy, will be presented to shareholders at a meeting called for such purpose. Shareholders have one vote per share owned.

The fund's agreement and declaration of trust and by-laws, as well as separate indemnification agreements with independent trustees, provide in effect that, subject to certain conditions, the fund will indemnify its officers and trustees against liabilities or expenses actually and reasonably incurred by them relating to their service to the fund. However, trustees are not protected from liability by reason of their willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of their office.

**Removal of trustees by shareholders** — At any meeting of shareholders, duly called and at which a quorum is present, shareholders may, by the affirmative vote of the holders of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast, remove any trustee from office and may elect a successor or successors to fill any resulting vacancies for the unexpired terms of removed trustees. In addition, the trustees of the fund will promptly call a meeting of shareholders for the purpose of voting upon the removal of any trustees when requested in writing to do so by the record holders of at least 10% of the outstanding shares.

**Leadership structure** — The board's chair is currently an independent trustee who is not an "interested person" of the fund within the meaning of the 1940 Act. The board has determined that an independent chair facilitates oversight and enhances the effectiveness of the board. The independent chair's duties include, without limitation, generally presiding at meetings of the board, approving board meeting schedules and agendas, leading meetings of the independent trustees in executive session, facilitating communication with committee chairs, and serving as the principal independent trustee contact for fund management and counsel to the independent trustees and the fund.

**Risk oversight** — Day-to-day management of the fund, including risk management, is the responsibility of the fund's contractual service providers, including the fund's investment adviser, principal underwriter/distributor and transfer agent. Each of these entities is responsible for specific portions of the fund's operations, including the processes and associated risks relating to the fund's investments, integrity of cash movements, financial reporting, operations and compliance. The board of trustees oversees the service providers' discharge of their responsibilities, including the processes they use to manage relevant risks. In that regard, the board receives reports regarding the operations of the fund's service providers, including risks. For example, the board receives reports from investment professionals regarding risks related to the fund's investments and trading. The board also receives compliance reports from the fund's and the investment adviser's chief compliance officers addressing certain areas of risk.

Committees of the fund's board, which are comprised of independent board members, none of whom is an "interested person" of the fund within the meaning of the 1940 Act, as well as joint committees of independent board members of funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company, also explore risk management procedures in particular areas and then report back to the full board. For example, the fund's audit committee oversees the processes and certain attendant risks relating to financial reporting, valuation of fund assets, and related controls. Similarly, a joint review and advisory committee oversees certain risk controls relating to the fund's transfer agency services.

Not all risks that may affect the fund can be identified or processes and controls developed to eliminate or mitigate their effect. Moreover, it is necessary to bear certain risks (such as investment-related risks) to achieve the fund's objectives. As a result of the foregoing and other factors, the ability of the fund's service providers to eliminate or mitigate risks is subject to limitations.

**Committees of the board of trustees** — The fund has an audit committee comprised of Gina F. Adams, Francisco G. Cigarroa, Leslie Stone Heisz, Martin E. Koehler, Benjamin R. Miller, Josette Sheeran and Paul S. Williams. The committee provides oversight regarding the fund's accounting and financial reporting policies and practices, its internal controls and the internal controls of the fund's principal service providers. The committee acts as a liaison between the fund's independent registered public accounting firm and the full board of trustees. The audit committee held five meetings during the 2025 fiscal year.

The fund has a contracts committee comprised of all of its independent board members. The committee's principal function is to request, review and consider the information deemed necessary to evaluate the terms of certain agreements between the fund and its investment adviser or the investment adviser's affiliates, such as the Investment Advisory and Service Agreement, Principal Underwriting Agreement, Administrative Services Agreement and Plans of Distribution adopted pursuant to rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act, that the fund may enter into, renew or continue, and to make its recommendations to the full board of trustees on these matters. The contracts committee held one meeting during the 2025 fiscal year.

The fund has a nominating and governance committee comprised of Nariman Farvardin, Jennifer C. Feikin, Merit E. Janow, Margaret Spellings and Alexandra Trower. The committee periodically reviews such issues as the board's composition, responsibilities, committees, compensation and other relevant issues, and recommends any appropriate changes to the full board of trustees. The committee also coordinates annual self-assessments of the board and evaluates, selects and nominates independent trustee candidates to the full board of trustees. While the committee normally is able to identify from its own and other resources an ample number of qualified candidates, it will consider shareholder suggestions of persons to be considered as nominees to fill future vacancies on the board. Such suggestions must be sent in writing to the nominating and governance committee of the fund, addressed to the fund's secretary, and must be accompanied by complete biographical and occupational data on the prospective nominee, along with a written consent of the prospective

nominee for consideration of his or her name by the committee. The nominating and governance committee held two meetings during the 2025 fiscal year.

**Proxy voting procedures and principles** — The fund's investment adviser, in consultation with the fund's board, has adopted Proxy Voting Procedures and Principles (the "Principles") with respect to voting proxies of securities held by the fund and other funds advised by the investment adviser or its affiliates. The Principles are reasonably designed to ensure that proxies are voted solely in accordance with the financial interest of the clients of the investment adviser or its affiliates and the shareholders of the funds advised or managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates. The complete text of the Principles is available at [capitalgroup.com](http://capitalgroup.com). Final voting authority is held by a committee of the appropriate equity investment division of the investment adviser under authority delegated by the funds' boards. The boards of funds advised by Capital Research and Management Company and its affiliates have established a Joint Proxy Committee ("JPC") composed of independent board members who serve as representatives from each applicable fund board. The JPC's role is to facilitate appropriate oversight of the proxy voting process and provide valuable input on corporate governance and related matters.

The Principles provide an important framework for analysis and decision-making by all funds. However, they are not exhaustive and do not address all potential issues. The Principles provide a certain amount of flexibility so that all relevant facts and circumstances can be considered in connection with every vote. As a result, each proxy received is voted on a case-by-case basis considering the specific circumstances of each proposal. The voting process reflects the funds' understanding of the company's business, its management and its relationship with shareholders over time. In all cases, long-term value creation and the investment objectives and policies of the funds managed by the investment adviser remain the focus.

The investment adviser seeks to vote all U.S. proxies. Proxies for companies outside the United States are also voted where there is sufficient time and information available, taking into account distinct market practices, regulations and laws, and types of proposals presented in each country. Where there is insufficient proxy and meeting agenda information available, the investment adviser will generally vote against such proposals in the interest of encouraging improved disclosure for investors. The investment adviser may not exercise its voting authority if voting would impose costs on clients, including opportunity costs. For example, certain regulators have granted investment limit relief to the investment adviser and its affiliates, conditioned upon limiting voting power to specific voting ceilings. To comply with these voting ceilings, the investment adviser will scale back its votes across all funds and accounts it manages on a pro rata basis based on assets. In addition, certain countries impose restrictions on the ability of shareholders to sell shares during the proxy solicitation period. The investment adviser may choose, due to liquidity issues, not to expose the funds and accounts it manages to such restrictions and may not vote some (or all) shares. Finally, the investment adviser may determine not to recall securities on loan to exercise its voting rights when it determines that the cost of doing so would exceed the benefits to clients or that the vote would not have a material impact on the investment. Proxies with respect to securities on loan through client-directed lending programs are not available to vote and therefore are not voted.

After a proxy statement is received, the investment adviser's stewardship and engagement team prepares a summary of the proposals contained in the proxy statement.

Investment analysts are generally responsible for making voting recommendations for their investment division on significant votes that relate to companies in their coverage areas. Analysts also have the opportunity to review initial recommendations made by the investment adviser's stewardship and engagement team. Depending on the vote recommendation, a second opinion may be made by a proxy coordinator (an investment professional with experience in corporate governance and proxy voting matters) within the appropriate investment division, based on knowledge of the Principles and familiarity with proxy-related issues. Each of the investment adviser's equity investment divisions has its

own proxy voting committee, which is made up of investment professionals within each division. Each division's proxy voting committee retains final authority for voting decisions made by such division. In cases where a fund is co-managed and a security is held by more than one of the investment adviser's equity investment divisions, the divisions may develop different voting recommendations for individual ballot proposals. If this occurs, and if permitted by local market conventions, the fund's position will generally be voted proportionally by divisional holding, according to their respective decisions. Otherwise, the outcome will be determined by the equity investment division or divisions with the larger position in the security as of the record date for the shareholder meeting.

In addition to its proprietary proxy voting, governance and executive compensation research, Capital Research and Management Company may utilize research provided by third-party advisory firms on a case-by-case basis. It does not, as a policy, follow the voting recommendations provided by these firms. It periodically assesses the information provided by the advisory firms and reports to the applicable governance committees that provide oversight of the application of the Principles.

From time to time, the investment adviser may vote proxies issued by, or on proposals sponsored or publicly supported by, (a) a client with substantial assets managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates, (b) an entity with a significant business relationship with The Capital Group Companies, Inc. or its affiliates, or (c) a company with a director of an American Fund on its board (each referred to as an "Interested Party"). Other persons or entities may also be deemed an Interested Party if facts or circumstances appear to give rise to a potential conflict.

The investment adviser has developed procedures to identify and address instances when a vote could appear to be influenced by such a relationship. Each equity investment division of the investment adviser has established a Special Review Committee ("SRC") of senior investment professionals and legal and compliance professionals with oversight of potentially conflicted matters.

If a potential conflict is identified according to the procedure above, the SRC will take appropriate steps to address the conflict of interest. These steps may include engaging an independent third party to review the proxy and using the Principles to provide an independent voting recommendation to the investment adviser for vote execution. The investment adviser will generally follow the third party's recommendation, except when it believes the recommendation is inconsistent with the investment adviser's fiduciary duty to its clients. Occasionally, it may not be feasible to engage the third party to review the matter due to compressed timeframes or other operational issues. In this case, the SRC will take appropriate steps to address the conflict of interest, including reviewing the proxy after being provided with a summary of any relevant communications with the Interested Party, the rationale for the voting decision, information on the organization's relationship with the Interested Party and any other pertinent information.

Information regarding how the fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the 12-month period ended June 30 of each year will be available on or about September 1 of such year (a) without charge, upon request by calling American Funds Service Company at (800) 421-4225, (b) on the Capital Group website and (c) on the SEC's website at [sec.gov](http://sec.gov).

The following summary sets forth the general positions of the investment adviser on various proposals. A copy of the full Principles is available upon request, free of charge, by calling American Funds Service Company or visiting the Capital Group website.

**Director matters** — The election of a company's slate of nominees for director generally is supported. Votes may be withheld for some or all of the nominees if this is determined to be in the best interest of shareholders or if, in the opinion of the investment adviser, such nominee has not fulfilled his or her fiduciary duty. In making this determination, the investment adviser considers, among other things, a nominee's potential conflicts of interest, track record

(whether in the current board seat or in previous executive or director roles) with respect to shareholder protection and value creation as well as their capacity for full engagement on board matters. The investment adviser generally supports a breadth of experience and perspectives among board members, and the separation of the chairman and CEO positions.

**Governance provisions** — Proposals to declassify a board (elect all directors annually) generally are supported based on the belief that this increases the directors' sense of accountability to shareholders. Proposals for cumulative voting generally are supported in order to promote management and board accountability and an opportunity for leadership change. Proposals designed to make director elections more meaningful, either by requiring a majority vote or by requiring any director receiving more withhold votes than affirmative votes to tender his or her resignation, generally are supported.

**Shareholder rights** — Proposals to repeal an existing poison pill generally are supported. (There may be certain circumstances, however, when a proxy voting committee of a fund or an investment division of the investment adviser believes that a company needs to maintain anti-takeover protection.) Proposals to eliminate the right of shareholders to act by written consent or to take away a shareholder's right to call a special meeting typically are not supported.

**Compensation and benefit plans** — Equity incentive plans are complicated, and many factors are considered in evaluating a plan. Each plan is evaluated based on protecting shareholder interests and a knowledge of the company and its management. Considerations include the pricing (or repricing) of options awarded under the plan and the impact of dilution on existing shareholders from past and future equity awards. Compensation packages should be structured to attract, motivate and retain existing employees and qualified directors; in addition, they should be aligned with the long-term success of the company and the enhancement of shareholder value.

**Routine matters** — The ratification of auditors, procedural matters relating to the annual meeting and changes to company name are examples of items considered routine. Such items generally are voted in favor of management's recommendations unless circumstances indicate otherwise.

**Shareholder proposals on environmental and social issues** — The investment adviser believes environmental and social issues present investment risks and opportunities that can shape a company's long-term financial sustainability. Shareholder proposals, including those relating to social and environmental issues, are evaluated in terms of their materiality to the company and its ability to generate long-term value in light of the company's business model specific operating context. The investment adviser generally supports transparency and standardized disclosure, particularly that which leverages existing regulatory reporting or industry best practices. With respect to environmental matters, this includes disclosures aligned with industry standards and reporting on sustainability issues that are material to investment analysis. With respect to social matters, the investment adviser encourages companies to disclose the composition of the workforce in a regionally appropriate manner. The investment adviser supports relevant reporting and disclosure that is consistent with broadly applicable standards.

**Principal fund shareholders** — The following table identifies those investors who own of record, or are known by the fund to own beneficially, 5% or more of any class of its shares as of the opening of business on February 1, 2026. Unless otherwise indicated, the ownership percentages below represent ownership of record rather than beneficial ownership.

Name and address	Ownership	Ownership percentage	
Edward D Jones & Co For the Benefit of Customers St Louis, MO	Record	Class A	52.57%
		Class F-3	65.11%
		Class 529-A	12.15%
		Class 529-C	11.72%
Pershing, LLC Jersey City, NJ	Record	Class A	6.46%
		Class C	11.60%
		Class F-1	8.45%
		Class F-2	33.34%
		Class F-3	7.98%
National Financial Services, LLC For the exclusive benefit of our customers Omnibus account Jersey City, NJ	Record	Class C	13.85%
		Class F-1	9.45%
		Class F-2	25.46%
		Class F-3	17.10%
Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. Special custody account for exclusive benefit of customers Account 1 San Francisco, CA	Record	Class F-1	22.73%
LPL Financial Omnibus customer account San Diego, CA	Record	Class F-1	5.35%
UBS WM USA Weehawken, NJ	Record	Class F-2	6.11%
Raymond James Omnibus For Mutual Funds St. Petersburg, FL	Record	Class F-2	5.68%
		Class 529-F-2	7.07%
Wells Fargo Clearing Services, LLC Special custody account for the exclusive benefit of customers St. Louis, MO	Record	Class F-2	5.29%
		Class 529-C	7.28%
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC For the benefit of its customers Omnibus account New York, NY	Record	Class 529-A	10.84%
		Class 529-C	26.58%
		Class 529-E	12.63%

Name and address	Ownership	Ownership percentage	
Capital Research & Management Co Corporate Account Irvine, CA	Record	Class 529-F-1	100.00%
		Class 529-F-3	100.00%
Matrix Trust Company as agent for Advisor Trust, Inc. Aspire-Investlink Denver, CO	Record	Class R-1	71.41%
Empower Trust Company LLC FBO Planpremier Retirement Plans Omnibus Greenwood Village, CO	Record Beneficial	Class R-2	9.62%
		Class R-2E	90.62%
		Class R-3	18.48%
		Class R-4	22.68%
		Class R-5E	30.50%
		Class R-5	23.85%
State Street Bank and Trust as Trustee and/or Custodian FBO ADP Access Product 401k Plan Boston, MA	Record Beneficial	Class R-2E	9.19%
DCGT Trustee & or Custodian FBO PLIC Various Retirement Plans Omnibus Des Moines, IA	Record	Class R-4	5.93%
Voya Institutional Trust Company Windsor, CT	Record Beneficial	Class R-5	11.97%
American Funds 2035 Target Date Retirement Fund Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	22.56%
American Funds 2030 Target Date Retirement Fund Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	21.57%
American Funds 2040 Target Date Retirement Fund Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	21.30%

Name and address	Ownership	Ownership percentage	
American Funds 2025 Target Date Retirement Fund Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	13.25%
American Funds 2020 Target Date Retirement Fund Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	6.03%

Because Class T and Class 529-T shares are not currently offered to the public, Capital Research and Management Company, the fund's investment adviser, owns 100% of the fund's outstanding Class T and Class 529-T shares.

As of February 1, 2026, the officers and trustees of the fund, as a group, owned beneficially or of record less than 1% of the outstanding shares of the fund.

**Unless otherwise noted, references in this statement of additional information to Class F shares, Class R shares or Class 529 shares refer to all F share classes, all R share classes or all 529 share classes, respectively.**

**Investment adviser** — Capital Research and Management Company, the fund's investment adviser, founded in 1931, maintains research facilities in the United States and abroad (Geneva, Hong Kong, London, Los Angeles, Mumbai, New York, San Francisco, Singapore, Tokyo, Toronto and Washington, D.C.). These facilities are staffed with experienced investment professionals. The investment adviser is located at 333 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, CA 90071. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Capital Group Companies, Inc., a holding company for several investment management subsidiaries. Capital Research and Management Company manages equity assets through three equity investment divisions and fixed income assets through its fixed income investment division, Capital Fixed Income Investors. The three equity investment divisions — Capital World Investors, Capital Research Global Investors and Capital International Investors — make investment decisions independently of one another. Portfolio managers in Capital International Investors rely on a research team that also provides investment services to institutional clients and other accounts advised by affiliates of Capital Research and Management Company. The investment adviser, which is deemed under the Commodity Exchange Act (the "CEA") to be the operator of the fund, has claimed an exclusion from the definition of the term commodity pool operator under the CEA with respect to the fund and, therefore, is not subject to registration or regulation as such under the CEA with respect to the fund.

The investment adviser has adopted policies and procedures that address issues that may arise as a result of an investment professional's management of the fund and other funds and accounts. Potential issues could involve allocation of investment opportunities and trades among funds and accounts, use of information regarding the timing of fund trades, investment professional compensation and voting relating to portfolio securities. The investment adviser believes that its policies and procedures are reasonably designed to address these issues.

**Compensation of investment professionals** — As described in the prospectus, the investment adviser uses a system of multiple portfolio managers in managing fund assets. In addition, Capital Research and Management Company's investment analysts may make investment decisions with respect to a portion of a fund's portfolio within their research coverage.

Portfolio managers and investment analysts are paid competitive salaries by Capital Research and Management Company. In addition, they may receive bonuses based on their individual portfolio results. Investment professionals also may participate in profit-sharing plans. The relative mix of compensation represented by bonuses, salary and profit-sharing plans will vary depending on the individual's portfolio results, contributions to the organization and other factors.

To encourage a long-term focus, bonuses based on investment results are calculated by comparing total investment returns to relevant benchmarks over the most recent one-, three-, five- and eight-year periods, with increasing weight placed on each succeeding measurement period. For portfolio managers, benchmarks may include measures of the marketplaces in which the fund invests and measures of the results of comparable mutual funds. For investment analysts, benchmarks may include relevant market measures and appropriate industry or sector indexes reflecting their areas of expertise. Capital Research and Management Company makes periodic subjective assessments of analysts' contributions to the investment process and this is an element of their overall compensation. The investment results of each of the fund's portfolio managers may be measured against one or more benchmarks, depending on his or her investment focus, such as Bloomberg Global Aggregate Index and a peer group average consisting of funds that disclose investment objectives and strategies comparable to those of the fund. From time to time, Capital Research and Management Company may adjust or customize these benchmarks to better reflect the investment objective(s) of the fund and/or the universe of comparably managed funds of competitive investment management firms.

**Portfolio manager fund holdings and other managed accounts** — As described below, portfolio managers may personally own shares of the fund. In addition, portfolio managers may manage portions of other registered investment companies or accounts advised by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates.

The following table reflects information as of December 31, 2025:

<b>Portfolio manager</b>	<b>Dollar range of fund shares owned<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Number of other registered investment companies (RICs) for which portfolio manager is a manager (assets of RICs in billions)<sup>2</sup></b>		<b>Number of other pooled investment vehicles (PIVs) for which portfolio manager is a manager (assets of PIVs in billions)<sup>2</sup></b>		<b>Number of other accounts for which portfolio manager is a manager (assets of other accounts in billions)<sup>2,3</sup></b>	
Philip Chitty	\$500,001 – \$1,000,000	4	\$32.6	8	\$3.31	1	\$1.06
Andrew A. Cormack	\$100,001 – \$500,000	4	\$32.6	6	\$3.09	1	\$1.06
Thomas Reithinger	\$100,001 – \$500,000	2	\$1.6	5	\$2.27		None

<sup>1</sup> Ownership disclosure is made using the following ranges: None; \$1 – \$10,000; \$10,001 – \$50,000; \$50,001 – \$100,000; \$100,001 – \$500,000; \$500,001 – \$1,000,000; and Over \$1,000,000.

<sup>2</sup> Indicates other RIC(s), PIV(s) or other accounts managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates for which the portfolio manager also has significant day to day management responsibilities. Assets noted are the total net assets of the RIC(s), PIV(s) or other accounts and are not the total assets managed by the individual, which is a substantially lower amount. No RIC, PIV or other account has an advisory fee that is based on the performance of the RIC, PIV or other account, unless otherwise noted.

<sup>3</sup> Personal brokerage accounts of portfolio managers and their families are not reflected.

The fund's investment adviser has adopted policies and procedures to mitigate material conflicts of interest that may arise in connection with a portfolio manager's management of the fund, on the one hand, and investments in the other pooled investment vehicles and other accounts, on the other hand, such as material conflicts relating to the allocation of investment opportunities that may be suitable for both the fund and such other accounts.

**Investment Advisory and Service Agreement** — The Investment Advisory and Service Agreement (the “Agreement”) between the fund and the investment adviser will continue in effect until April 30, 2026, unless sooner terminated, and may be renewed from year to year thereafter, provided that any such renewal has been specifically approved at least annually by (a) the board of trustees, or by the vote of a majority (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the outstanding voting securities of the fund, and (b) the vote of a majority of trustees who are not parties to the Agreement or interested persons (as defined in the 1940 Act) of any such party, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The Agreement provides that the investment adviser has no liability to the fund for its acts or omissions in the performance of its obligations to the fund not involving willful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of its obligations under the Agreement. The Agreement also provides that either party has the right to terminate it, without penalty, upon 60 days’ written notice to the other party, and that the Agreement automatically terminates in the event of its assignment (as defined in the 1940 Act). In addition, the Agreement provides that the investment adviser may delegate all, or a portion of, its investment management responsibilities to one or more subsidiary advisers approved by the fund’s board, pursuant to an agreement between the investment adviser and such subsidiary. Any such subsidiary adviser will be paid solely by the investment adviser out of its fees.

In addition to providing investment advisory services, the investment adviser furnishes the services and pays the compensation and travel expenses of persons to perform the fund’s executive, administrative, clerical and bookkeeping functions, and provides suitable office space, necessary small office equipment and utilities, general purpose accounting forms, supplies and postage used at the fund’s offices. The fund pays all expenses not assumed by the investment adviser, including, but not limited to: custodian, stock transfer and dividend disbursing fees and expenses; shareholder recordkeeping and administrative expenses; costs of the designing, printing and mailing of reports, prospectuses, proxy statements and notices to its shareholders; taxes; expenses of the issuance and redemption of fund shares (including stock certificates, registration and qualification fees and expenses); expenses pursuant to the fund’s plans of distribution (described below); legal and auditing expenses; compensation, fees and expenses paid to independent trustees; association dues; costs of stationery and forms prepared exclusively for the fund; and costs of assembling and storing shareholder account data.

Under the Agreement, the investment adviser receives a management fee based on the following annualized rates and daily net asset levels:

Rate	Net asset level	
	In excess of	Up to
0.431%	\$ 0	\$ 15,000,000,000
0.360	15,000,000,000	

Management fees are paid monthly and accrued daily.

For the fiscal years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, the investment adviser earned from the fund management fees of \$43,350,000, \$43,114,000 and \$40,712,000, respectively.

**Administrative services** — The investment adviser and its affiliates provide certain administrative services for shareholders of the fund's Class A, C, T, F, R and 529 shares. Administrative services are provided by the investment adviser and its affiliates to help assist third parties providing non-distribution services to fund shareholders. These services include providing in-depth information on the fund and market developments that impact fund investments. Administrative services also include, but are not limited to, coordinating, monitoring and overseeing third parties that provide services to fund shareholders.

These services are provided pursuant to an Administrative Services Agreement (the "Administrative Agreement") between the fund and the investment adviser relating to the fund's Class A, C, T, F, R and 529 shares. The Administrative Agreement will continue in effect until April 30, 2026, unless sooner renewed or terminated, and may be renewed from year to year thereafter, provided that any such renewal has been specifically approved by the vote of a majority of the members of the fund's board who are not parties to the Administrative Agreement or interested persons (as defined in the 1940 Act) of any such party. The fund may terminate the Administrative Agreement at any time by vote of a majority of independent board members. The investment adviser has the right to terminate the Administrative Agreement upon 60 days' written notice to the fund. The Administrative Agreement automatically terminates in the event of its assignment (as defined in the 1940 Act).

The Administrative Services Agreement between the fund and the investment adviser provides the fund the ability to charge an administrative services fee of .05% for all share classes. The fund's investment adviser receives an administrative services fee at the annual rate of .03% of the average daily net assets of the fund attributable to each of the share classes (which could be increased as noted above) for its provision of administrative services. Administrative services fees are paid monthly and accrued daily.

During the 2025 fiscal year, administrative services fees were:

	<b>Administrative services fee</b>
<b>Class A</b>	\$952,000
<b>Class C</b>	8,000
<b>Class T</b>	—*
<b>Class F-1</b>	20,000
<b>Class F-2</b>	198,000
<b>Class F-3</b>	324,000
<b>Class 529-A</b>	54,000
<b>Class 529-C</b>	1,000
<b>Class 529-E</b>	2,000
<b>Class 529-T</b>	—*
<b>Class 529-F-1</b>	—*
<b>Class 529-F-2</b>	10,000
<b>Class 529-F-3</b>	—*
<b>Class R-1</b>	2,000
<b>Class R-2</b>	18,000
<b>Class R-2E</b>	2,000
<b>Class R-3</b>	24,000
<b>Class R-4</b>	16,000
<b>Class R-5E</b>	7,000
<b>Class R-5</b>	7,000
<b>Class R-6</b>	1,372,000

\* Amount less than \$1,000.

**Principal Underwriter and plans of distribution** — Capital Client Group, Inc. (the "Principal Underwriter") is the principal underwriter of the fund's shares. The Principal Underwriter is located at 333 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, CA 90071; 6455 Irvine Center Drive, Irvine, CA 92618; 3500 Wiseman Boulevard, San Antonio, TX 78251; 12811 North Meridian Street, Carmel, IN 46032; 399 Park Avenue, 34th Floor, New York, NY 10022; and 444 W. Lake Street, Suite 4600, Chicago, IL 60606.

The Principal Underwriter receives revenues relating to sales of the fund's shares, as follows:

- For Class A and 529-A shares, the Principal Underwriter receives commission revenue consisting of the balance of the Class A and 529-A sales charge remaining after the allowances by the Principal Underwriter to investment dealers.
- For Class C and 529-C shares, the Principal Underwriter receives any contingent deferred sales charges that apply during the first year after purchase.

In addition, the fund reimburses the Principal Underwriter for advancing immediate service fees to qualified dealers and financial professionals upon the sale of Class C and 529-C shares. The fund also reimburses the Principal Underwriter for service fees (and, in the case of Class 529-E shares, commissions) paid on a quarterly basis to intermediaries, such as qualified dealers or financial professionals, in connection with investments in Class T, F-1, 529-E, 529-T, 529-F-1, R-1, R-2, R-2E, R-3 and R-4 shares.

Commissions, revenue or service fees retained by the Principal Underwriter after allowances or compensation to dealers were:

	<b>Fiscal year</b>	<b>Commissions, revenue or fees retained</b>	<b>Allowance or compensation to dealers</b>
<b>Class A</b>	2025	\$235,000	\$901,000
	2024	250,000	927,000
	2023	293,000	1,088,000
<b>Class C</b>	2025	4,000	25,000
	2024	4,000	34,000
	2023	6,000	40,000
<b>Class 529-A</b>	2025	21,000	76,000
	2024	22,000	86,000
	2023	24,000	91,000
<b>Class 529-C</b>	2025	—	9,000
	2024	—*	9,000
	2023	1,000	9,000

\* Amount less than \$1,000.

**Plans of distribution** — The fund has adopted plans of distribution (the "Plans") pursuant to rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. The Plans permit the fund to expend amounts to finance any activity primarily intended to result in the sale of fund shares, provided the fund's board of trustees has approved the category of expenses for which payment is being made.

Each Plan is specific to a particular share class of the fund. As the fund has not adopted a Plan for Class F-2, F-3, 529-F-2, 529-F-3, R-5E, R-5 or R-6, no 12b-1 fees are paid from Class F-2, F-3, 529-F-2, 529-F-3, R-5E, R-5 or R-6 share assets and the following disclosure is not applicable to these share classes.

Payments under the Plans may be made for service-related and/or distribution-related expenses. Service-related expenses include paying service fees to qualified dealers. Distribution-related expenses include commissions paid to qualified dealers. The amounts actually paid under the Plans for the past fiscal year, expressed as a percentage of the fund's average daily net assets attributable to the applicable share class, are disclosed in the prospectus under "Fees and expenses of the fund." Further information regarding the amounts available under each Plan is in the "Plans of Distribution" section of the prospectus.

Following is a brief description of the Plans:

**Class A and 529-A** — For Class A and 529-A shares, up to .25% of the fund's average daily net assets attributable to such shares is reimbursed to the Principal Underwriter for paying service-related expenses, and the balance available under the applicable Plan may be paid to the Principal Underwriter for distribution-related expenses. The fund may annually expend up to .30% for Class A shares and up to .50% for Class 529-A shares under the applicable Plan; however, for Class 529-A shares, the board of trustees has approved payments to the Principal Underwriter of up to .30% of the fund's average daily net assets, in the aggregate, for paying service- and distribution-related expenses.

Distribution-related expenses for Class A and 529-A shares include dealer commissions and wholesaler compensation paid on sales of shares of \$1 million or more purchased without a sales charge. Commissions on these "no load" purchases (which are described in further detail under the "Sales Charges" section of this statement of additional information) in excess of the Class A and 529-A Plan limitations and not reimbursed to the Principal Underwriter during the most recent fiscal quarter are recoverable for 15 months, provided that the reimbursement of such commissions does not cause the fund to exceed the annual expense limit. After 15 months, these commissions are not recoverable.

**Class T and 529-T** — For Class T and 529-T shares, the fund may annually expend up to .50% under the applicable Plan; however, the fund's board of trustees has approved payments to the Principal Underwriter of up to .25% of the fund's average daily net assets attributable to Class T and 529-T shares for paying service-related expenses.

**Other share classes** — The Plans for each of the other share classes that have adopted Plans provide for payments to the Principal Underwriter for paying service-related and distribution-related expenses of up to the following amounts of the fund's average daily net assets attributable to such shares:

Share class	Service related payments <sup>1</sup>	Distribution related payments <sup>1</sup>	Total allowable under the Plans <sup>2</sup>
Class C	0.25%	0.75%	1.00%
Class F-1	0.25	—	0.50
Class 529-C	0.25	0.75	1.00
Class 529-E	0.25	0.25	0.75
Class 529-F-1	0.25	—	0.50
Class R-1	0.25	0.75	1.00
Class R-2	0.25	0.50	1.00
Class R-2E	0.25	0.35	0.85
Class R-3	0.25	0.25	0.75
Class R-4	0.25	—	0.50

1 Amounts in these columns represent the amounts approved by the board of trustees under the applicable Plan.

2 The fund may annually expend the amounts set forth in this column under the current Plans with the approval of the board of trustees.

**Payment of service fees** — For purchases of less than \$1 million, payment of service fees to investment dealers generally begins accruing immediately after establishment of an account in Class A, C, 529-A or 529-C shares. For purchases of \$1 million or more, payment of service fees to investment dealers generally begins accruing 12 months after establishment of an account in Class A or 529-A shares. Service fees are not paid on certain investments made at net asset value including accounts established by registered representatives and their family members as described in the "Sales charges" section of the prospectus.

During the 2025 fiscal year, 12b-1 expenses accrued and paid, and if applicable, unpaid, were:

	12b-1 expenses	12b-1 unpaid liability outstanding
Class A	\$8,104,000	\$616,000
Class C	258,000	36,000
Class T	—	—
Class F-1	167,000	21,000
Class 529-A	413,000	37,000
Class 529-C	34,000	3,000
Class 529-E	32,000	3,000
Class 529-T	—	—
Class 529-F-1	—	—
Class R-1	56,000	5,000
Class R-2	462,000	115,000
Class R-2E	32,000	3,000
Class R-3	395,000	88,000
Class R-4	137,000	23,000

**Approval of the Plans** — As required by rule 12b-1 and the 1940 Act, the Plans (together with the Principal Underwriting Agreement) have been approved by the full board of trustees and separately by a majority of the independent trustees of the fund who have no direct or indirect financial interest in the operation of the Plans or the Principal Underwriting Agreement. In addition, the selection and nomination of independent trustees of the fund are committed to the discretion of the independent trustees during the existence of the Plans.

Potential benefits of the Plans to the fund and its shareholders include enabling shareholders to obtain advice and other services from a financial professional at a reasonable cost, the likelihood that the Plans will stimulate sales of the fund benefiting the investment process through growth or stability of assets and the ability of shareholders to choose among various alternatives in paying for sales and service. The Plans may not be amended to materially increase the amount spent for distribution without shareholder approval. Plan expenses are reviewed quarterly by the board of trustees and the Plans must be renewed annually by the board of trustees.

A portion of the fund's 12b-1 expense is paid to financial professionals to compensate them for providing ongoing services. If you have questions regarding your investment in the fund or need assistance with your account, please contact your financial professional. If you need a financial professional, please call Capital Client Group, Inc. at (800) 421-4120 for assistance.

**Fee to Commonwealth Savers Plan** — Class 529 shares are offered to certain American Funds by Commonwealth Savers Plan through CollegeAmerica and Class ABE shares are offered to certain American Funds by Commonwealth Savers Plan through ABLEAmerica, a tax-advantaged savings program for individuals with disabilities. As compensation for its oversight and administration of the CollegeAmerica and ABLEAmerica savings plans, Commonwealth Savers Plan is entitled to receive a quarterly fee based on the combined net assets invested in Class 529 shares and Class ABE shares across all American Funds. The quarterly fee is accrued daily and calculated at the annual rate of .09% on the first \$20 billion of net assets invested in American Funds Class 529 shares and Class ABE shares, .05% on net assets between \$20 billion and \$75 billion and .03% on net assets over \$75 billion. The fee for any given calendar quarter is accrued and calculated on the basis of average net assets of American Funds Class 529 and Class ABE shares for the last month of the prior calendar quarter. Commonwealth Savers Plan is currently waiving that portion of its fee attributable to Class ABE shares. Such waiver is expected to remain in effect until the earlier of (a) the date on which total net assets invested in Class ABE shares reach \$300 million and (b) June 30, 2028.

**Other compensation to dealers** — As of March 1, 2026, the firms (or their affiliates) that Capital Client Group, Inc. anticipates will receive additional compensation (as described in the prospectus) are listed below.

**Dealers:**

Ameriprise

Atria Wealth Solutions

Avantax Investment Services, Inc  
Cambridge

Cetera Financial Group

Charles Schwab Network

Commonwealth

Edward Jones  
Equitable Advisors

Fidelity

J.P. Morgan Chase Banc One

Janney Montgomery Scott

Kestra

LPL Group

Merrill

MML Investors Services

Morgan Stanley Wealth Management  
Northwestern Mutual (NM)

Osaic (Advisor Group)

Raymond James Group

RBC

Robert W. Baird

Stifel Nicolaus & Co

UBS

Wells Fargo Network

**Recordkeepers:**

Ascensus  
Empower (Great West Life & Annuity Insurance Company)  
John Hancock  
Nationwide  
Principal  
Transamerica  
Voya

### **Execution of portfolio transactions**

The investment adviser places orders with broker-dealers for the fund's portfolio transactions. Purchases and sales of equity securities on a securities exchange or an over-the-counter market are effected through broker-dealers who receive commissions for their services. Generally, commissions relating to securities traded on foreign exchanges will be higher than commissions relating to securities traded on U.S. exchanges and may not be subject to negotiation. Equity securities may also be purchased from underwriters at prices that include underwriting fees. Purchases and sales of fixed income securities are generally made with an issuer or a primary market maker acting as principal with no stated brokerage commission. The price paid to an underwriter for fixed income securities includes underwriting fees. Prices for fixed income securities in secondary trades usually include undisclosed compensation to the market maker reflecting the spread between the bid and ask prices for the securities.

In selecting broker-dealers, the investment adviser strives to obtain "best execution" (the most favorable total price reasonably attainable under the circumstances) for the fund's portfolio transactions, taking into account a variety of factors. These factors include the size and type of transaction, the nature and character of the markets for the security to be purchased or sold, the cost, quality, likely speed and reliability of execution and settlement, the broker-dealer's or execution venue's ability to offer liquidity and anonymity and the trade-off between market impact and opportunity costs. The investment adviser considers these factors, which involve qualitative judgments, when selecting broker-dealers and execution venues for fund portfolio transactions. The investment adviser views best execution as a process that should be evaluated over time as part of an overall relationship with particular broker-dealer firms. The investment adviser and its affiliates negotiate commission rates with broker-dealers based on what they believe is reasonably necessary to obtain best execution. They seek, on an ongoing basis, to determine what the reasonable levels of commission rates for execution services are in the marketplace, taking various considerations into account, including the extent to which a broker-dealer has put its own capital at risk, historical commission rates and commission rates that other institutional investors are paying. The fund does not consider the investment adviser as having an obligation to obtain the lowest commission rate available for a portfolio transaction to the exclusion of price, service and qualitative considerations. Brokerage commissions are only a small part of total execution costs and other factors, such as market impact and speed of execution, contribute significantly to overall transaction costs.

The investment adviser may execute portfolio transactions with broker-dealers who provide certain brokerage and/or investment research services to it but only when in the investment adviser's judgment the broker-dealer is capable of providing best execution for that transaction. The investment adviser makes decisions for procurement of research separately and distinctly from decisions on the choice of brokerage and execution services. The receipt of these research services permits the investment adviser to supplement its own research and analysis and makes available the views of, and information from, individuals and the research staffs of other firms. Such views and information may be provided in the form of written reports, telephone contacts and meetings with securities analysts. These services may include, among other things, reports and other communications with respect to individual companies, industries, countries and regions, economic, political and legal developments, as well as scheduling meetings with corporate executives and seminars and conferences related to relevant subject matters. Research services that the investment adviser receives from broker-dealers may be used by the investment adviser in servicing the fund and other funds and accounts that it advises; however, not all such services will necessarily benefit the fund.

The investment adviser bears the cost of all third-party investment research services for all client accounts it advises. However, in order to compensate certain U.S. broker-dealers for research consumed, and valued, by the investment adviser's investment professionals, the investment adviser continues to operate a limited commission sharing arrangement with commissions on equity trades for certain registered investment companies it advises. The investment adviser voluntarily reimburses such

registered investment companies for all amounts collected into the commission sharing arrangement. In order to operate the commission sharing arrangement, the investment adviser may cause such registered investment companies to pay commissions in excess of what other broker-dealers might have charged for certain portfolio transactions in recognition of brokerage and/or investment research services. In this regard, the investment adviser has adopted a brokerage allocation procedure consistent with the requirements of Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Section 28(e) permits the investment adviser and its affiliates to cause an account to pay a higher commission to a broker-dealer to compensate the broker-dealer or another service provider for certain brokerage and/or investment research services provided to the investment adviser and its affiliates, if the investment adviser and each affiliate makes a good faith determination that such commissions are reasonable in relation to the value of the services provided by such broker-dealer to the investment adviser and its affiliates in terms of that particular transaction or the investment adviser's overall responsibility to the fund and other accounts that it advises. Certain brokerage and/or investment research services may not necessarily benefit all accounts paying commissions to each such broker-dealer; therefore, the investment adviser and its affiliates assess the reasonableness of commissions in light of the total brokerage and investment research services provided to the investment adviser and its affiliates. Further, investment research services may be used by all investment associates of the investment adviser and its affiliates, regardless of whether they advise accounts with trading activity that generates eligible commissions.

In accordance with their internal brokerage allocation procedure, the investment adviser and its affiliates periodically assess the brokerage and investment research services provided by each broker-dealer and each other service provider from which they receive such services. As part of its ongoing relationships, the investment adviser and its affiliates routinely meet with firms to discuss the level and quality of the brokerage and research services provided, as well as the value and cost of such services. In valuing the brokerage and investment research services the investment adviser and its affiliates receive from broker-dealers and other research providers in connection with its good faith determination of reasonableness, the investment adviser and its affiliates take various factors into consideration, including the quantity, quality and usefulness of the services to the investment adviser and its affiliates. Based on this information and applying their judgment, the investment adviser and its affiliates set an annual research budget.

Research analysts and portfolio managers periodically participate in a research poll to determine the usefulness and value of the research provided by individual broker-dealers and research providers. Based on the results of this research poll, the investment adviser and its affiliates may, through commission sharing arrangements with certain broker-dealers, direct a portion of commissions paid to a broker-dealer by the fund and other registered investment companies managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates to be used to compensate the broker-dealer and/or other research providers for research services they provide. While the investment adviser and its affiliates may negotiate commission rates and enter into commission sharing arrangements with certain broker-dealers with the expectation that such broker-dealers will be providing brokerage and research services, none of the investment adviser, any of its affiliates or any of their clients incurs any obligation to any broker-dealer to pay for research by generating trading commissions. The investment adviser and its affiliates negotiate prices for certain research that may be paid through commission sharing arrangements or by themselves with cash.

When executing portfolio transactions in the same equity security for the funds and accounts, or portions of funds and accounts, over which the investment adviser, through its equity investment divisions, has investment discretion, each investment division within the adviser and its affiliates normally aggregates its respective purchases or sales and executes them as part of the same transaction or series of transactions. When executing portfolio transactions in the same fixed income security for the fund and the other funds or accounts over which it or one of its affiliated companies has investment discretion, the investment adviser normally aggregates such purchases or sales and executes them as part of the same transaction or series of transactions. The objective of aggregating

purchases and sales of a security is to allocate executions in an equitable manner among the funds and other accounts that have concurrently authorized a transaction in such security. The investment adviser and its affiliates serve as investment adviser for certain accounts that are designed to be substantially similar to another account. This type of account will often generate a large number of relatively small trades when it is rebalanced to its reference fund due to differing cash flows or when the account is initially started up. The investment adviser may not aggregate program trades or electronic list trades executed as part of this process. Non-aggregated trades performed for these accounts will be allocated entirely to that account. This is done only when the investment adviser believes doing so will not have a material impact on the price or quality of other transactions.

The investment adviser currently owns a minority interest in IEX Group and alternative trading systems, Luminex ATS and Level ATS (through a minority interest in their common parent holding company). The investment adviser, or brokers with which the investment adviser places orders, may place orders on these or other exchanges or alternative trading systems in which it, or one of its affiliates, has an ownership interest, provided such ownership interest is less than five percent of the total ownership interests in the entity. The investment adviser is subject to the same best execution obligations when trading on any such exchange or alternative trading systems.

Purchase and sale transactions may be effected directly among and between certain funds or accounts advised by the investment adviser or its affiliates, including the fund. The investment adviser maintains cross-trade policies and procedures and places a cross-trade only when such a trade is in the best interest of all participating clients and is not prohibited by the participating funds' or accounts' investment management agreement or applicable law.

The investment adviser may place orders for the fund's portfolio transactions with broker-dealers who have sold shares of the funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliated companies; however, it does not consider whether a broker-dealer has sold shares of the funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliated companies when placing any such orders for the fund's portfolio transactions.

Purchases and sales of futures contracts for the fund will be effected through executing brokers and FCMs that specialize in the types of futures contracts that the fund expects to hold. The investment adviser will use reasonable efforts to choose executing brokers and FCMs capable of providing the services necessary to obtain the most favorable price and execution available. The full range and quality of services available will be considered in making these determinations. The investment adviser will monitor the executing brokers and FCMs used for purchases and sales of futures contracts for their ability to execute trades based on many factors, such as the sizes of the orders, the difficulty of executions, the operational facilities of the firm involved and other factors.

Forward currency contracts are traded directly between currency traders (usually large commercial banks) and their customers. The cost to the fund of engaging in such contracts varies with factors such as the currency involved, the length of the contract period and the market conditions then prevailing. Because such contracts are entered into on a principal basis, their prices usually include undisclosed compensation to the market maker reflecting the spread between the bid and ask prices for the contracts. The fund may incur additional fees in connection with the purchase or sale of certain contracts.

Brokerage commissions paid on portfolio transactions for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 amounted to \$7,000, less than \$1,000 and \$1,000, respectively. Changes in the dollar amount of brokerage commissions paid by the fund over the last three fiscal years resulted from changes in the volume of trading activity.

The fund is required to disclose information regarding investments in the securities of its "regular" broker-dealers (or parent companies of its regular broker-dealers) that derive more than 15% of their

revenue from broker-dealer, underwriter or investment adviser activities. A regular broker-dealer is (a) one of the 10 broker-dealers that received from the fund the largest amount of brokerage commissions by participating, directly or indirectly, in the fund's portfolio transactions during the fund's most recently completed fiscal year; (b) one of the 10 broker-dealers that engaged as principal in the largest dollar amount of portfolio transactions of the fund during the fund's most recently completed fiscal year; or (c) one of the 10 broker-dealers that sold the largest amount of securities of the fund during the fund's most recently completed fiscal year.

At the end of the fund's most recently completed fiscal year, the fund's regular broker-dealers included Bank of America, N.A., Citigroup Inc., Deutsche Bank A.G., Goldman Sachs Group, Inc., J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, UBS Group AG and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC. At the end of the fund's most recently completed fiscal year, the fund held debt securities of Bank of America, N.A. in the amount of \$8,485,000, Citigroup Inc. in the amount of \$5,610,000, Deutsche Bank A.G. in the amount of \$42,498,000, Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. in the amount of \$7,881,000, J.P. Morgan Securities LLC in the amount of \$47,585,000, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC in the amount of \$22,192,000, UBS Group AG in the amount of \$9,811,000 and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC in the amount of \$2,514,000.

### **Disclosure of portfolio holdings**

The fund's investment adviser, on behalf of the fund, has adopted policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of information about fund portfolio securities. These policies and procedures have been reviewed by the fund's board of trustees, and compliance will be periodically assessed by the board in connection with reporting from the fund's Chief Compliance Officer.

Under these policies and procedures, the fund's complete list of portfolio holdings available for public disclosure, dated as of the end of each calendar quarter, is permitted to be posted on the Capital Group website no earlier than the 10th day after such calendar quarter. In practice, the publicly disclosed portfolio is typically posted on the Capital Group website within 30 days after the end of the calendar quarter. The publicly disclosed portfolio may exclude certain securities when deemed to be in the best interest of the fund as permitted by applicable regulations. In addition, the fund's list of top 10 portfolio holdings measured by percentage of net assets, dated as of the end of each calendar month, is permitted to be posted on the Capital Group website no earlier than the 10th day after such month for equity securities, and no earlier than the 30th day after such month for fixed income securities. The fund's list of top 10 portfolio holdings for equity and fixed income securities is permitted to be posted no earlier than the 10th day after the final month of each calendar quarter. For multi-asset funds, the fund's list of top 10 portfolio holdings for equity and fixed income securities is permitted to be posted each month, no earlier than the 10th day after such month. Such portfolio holdings information may be disclosed to any person pursuant to an ongoing arrangement to disclose portfolio holdings information to such person no earlier than one day after the day on which the information is posted on the Capital Group website. The investment adviser may disclose individual holdings more frequently on the Capital Group website if it determines it is in the best interest of the fund.

Certain intermediaries are provided additional information about the fund's management team, including information on the fund's portfolio securities they have selected. This information is provided to larger intermediaries that require the information to make the fund available for investment on the firm's platform. Intermediaries receiving the information are required to keep it confidential and use it only to analyze the fund.

The fund's custodian, outside counsel, auditor, financial printers, proxy voting and class action claims processing service providers, pricing information vendors, consultants or agents operating under a contract with the investment adviser or its affiliates, co-litigants (such as in connection with a bankruptcy proceeding related to a fund holding) and certain other third parties described below, each of which requires portfolio holdings information for legitimate business and fund oversight purposes, may receive fund portfolio holdings information earlier. See the "General information" section in this statement of additional information for further information about the fund's custodian, outside counsel and auditor.

The fund's portfolio holdings, dated as of the end of each calendar month, are made available to up to 20 key broker-dealer relationships and up to 10 key global consulting firms with research departments to help them evaluate the fund for eligibility on approved lists or in model portfolios. These firms include certain of those listed under the "Other compensation to dealers" section of this statement of additional information and certain broker-dealer firms that offer trading platforms for registered investment advisers. Monthly holdings may be provided to these intermediaries no earlier than the 10th day after the end of the calendar month. In practice, monthly holdings are provided within 30 days after the end of the calendar month. Holdings may also be disclosed more frequently to certain statistical and data collection agencies including Morningstar, Lipper, Inc., Value Line, Vickers Stock Research, Bloomberg and Thomson Financial Research. Intermediaries receiving the information are required to keep it confidential and use it only to analyze the fund.

Affiliated persons of the fund, including officers of the fund and employees of the investment adviser and its affiliates, who receive portfolio holdings information are subject to restrictions and limitations on the use and handling of such information pursuant to applicable codes of ethics, including requirements not to trade in securities based on confidential and proprietary investment information, to maintain the confidentiality of such information, and to pre-clear securities trades and report securities transactions activity, as applicable. For more information on these restrictions and limitations, please see the "Code of ethics" section in this statement of additional information and the Code of Ethics. Third-party service providers of the fund and other entities, as described in this statement of additional information, receiving such information are subject to confidentiality obligations and obligations that would prohibit them from trading in securities based on such information. When portfolio holdings information is disclosed other than through the Capital Group website to persons not affiliated with the fund, such persons will be bound by agreements (including confidentiality agreements) or fiduciary or other obligations that restrict and limit their use of the information to legitimate business uses only. None of the fund, its investment adviser or any of their affiliates receives compensation or other consideration in connection with the disclosure of information about portfolio securities.

Subject to board policies, the authority to disclose a fund's portfolio holdings, and to establish policies with respect to such disclosure, resides with the appropriate investment-related committees of the fund's investment adviser. In exercising their authority, the committees determine whether disclosure of information about the fund's portfolio securities is appropriate and in the best interest of fund shareholders. The investment adviser has implemented policies and procedures to address conflicts of interest that may arise from the disclosure of fund holdings. For example, the investment adviser's code of ethics specifically requires, among other things, the safeguarding of information about fund holdings and contains prohibitions designed to prevent the personal use of confidential, proprietary investment information in a way that would conflict with fund transactions. In addition, the investment adviser believes that its current policy of not selling portfolio holdings information and not disclosing such information to unaffiliated third parties until such holdings have been made public on the Capital Group website (other than to certain fund service providers and other third parties for legitimate business and fund oversight purposes) helps reduce potential conflicts of interest between fund shareholders and the investment adviser and its affiliates.

The fund's investment adviser and its affiliates provide investment advice to individuals and financial intermediaries that have investment objectives that may be substantially similar to those of the fund. These clients also may have portfolios consisting of holdings substantially similar to those of the fund and generally have access to current portfolio holdings information for their accounts. These clients do not owe the fund's investment adviser or the fund a duty of confidentiality with respect to disclosure of their portfolio holdings.

### **Price of shares**

Shares are purchased at the offering price or sold at the net asset value price next determined after the purchase or sell order is received by the fund or the Transfer Agent provided that your request contains all information and legal documentation necessary to process the transaction. The Transfer Agent may accept written orders for the sale of fund shares on a future date. These orders are subject to the Transfer Agent's policies, which generally allow shareholders to provide a written request to sell shares at the net asset value on a specified date no more than five business days after receipt of the order by the Transfer Agent. Any request to sell shares on a future date will be rejected if the request is not in writing, if the requested transaction date is more than five business days after the Transfer Agent receives the request or if the request does not contain all information and legal documentation necessary to process the transaction.

The offering or net asset value price is effective for orders received prior to the time of determination of the net asset value and, in the case of orders placed with dealers or their authorized designees, accepted by the Principal Underwriter, the Transfer Agent, a dealer or any of their designees. In the case of orders sent directly to the fund or the Transfer Agent, an investment dealer should be indicated. The dealer is responsible for promptly transmitting purchase and sell orders to the Principal Underwriter.

Prices that appear in newspapers and websites do not always indicate prices at which you will be purchasing and redeeming shares of the fund, since such prices generally reflect the previous day's closing price, while purchases and redemptions are made at the next calculated price. The price you pay for shares, the offering price, is based on the net asset value per share. Net asset value is computed by adding the value of a fund's investments, cash or other assets, subtracting the fund's liabilities, and dividing the result by the number of shares that are outstanding. Realized investment income and gain is included in the fund's net asset value until the ex-dividend date, when the declared dividend amount is treated as a fund liability. The net asset value is calculated once daily as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange, normally 4 p.m. New York time, each day the New York Stock Exchange is open. If the New York Stock Exchange makes a scheduled (e.g., the day after Thanksgiving) or an unscheduled close prior to 4 p.m. New York time, the net asset value of the fund will be determined at approximately the time the New York Stock Exchange closes on that day. If on such a day market quotations and prices from third-party pricing services are not based as of the time of the early close of the New York Stock Exchange but are as of a later time (up to approximately 4 p.m. New York time), for example because the market remains open after the close of the New York Stock Exchange, those later market quotations and prices will be used in determining the fund's net asset value.

Orders in good order received after the New York Stock Exchange closes (scheduled or unscheduled) will be processed at the net asset value (plus any applicable sales charge) calculated on the following business day. The New York Stock Exchange is currently closed on weekends and on the following holidays: New Year's Day; Martin Luther King Jr. Day; Presidents' Day; Good Friday; Memorial Day; Juneteenth National Independence Day; Independence Day; Labor Day; Thanksgiving Day; and Christmas Day. Each share class of the fund has a separately calculated net asset value (and share price).

Orders received by the investment dealer or authorized designee, the Transfer Agent or the fund after the time of the determination of the net asset value will be entered at the next calculated offering price. Note that investment dealers or other intermediaries may have their own rules about share transactions and may have earlier cut-off times than those of the fund. For more information about how to purchase through your intermediary, contact your intermediary directly.

All portfolio securities of funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company (other than American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund) are valued, and the net asset values per share for each share class are determined, as indicated below. The fund follows standard industry practice by typically reflecting changes in its holdings of portfolio securities on the first business day following a portfolio trade.

Equity securities, including depositary receipts, exchange-traded funds, and certain convertible preferred stocks that trade on an exchange or market, are generally valued at the official closing price of, or the last reported sale price on, the exchange or market on which such securities are traded, as of the close of business on the day the securities are being valued or, lacking any sales, at the last available bid price. Prices for each security are taken from the principal exchange or market on which the security trades.

Exchange-traded options and futures are generally valued at the official closing price for options and official settlement price for futures on the exchange or market on which such instruments are traded, as of the close of business on the day such instruments are being valued.

Fixed income securities, including short-term securities, are generally valued at evaluated prices obtained from third-party pricing vendors. Vendors value such securities based on one or more inputs that may include, among other things, benchmark yields, transactions, bids, offers, quotations from dealers and trading systems, new issues, underlying equity of the issuer, interest rate volatilities, spreads and other relationships observed in the markets among comparable securities and proprietary pricing models such as yield measures calculated using factors such as cash flows, prepayment information, default rates, delinquency and loss assumptions, financial or collateral characteristics or performance, credit enhancements, liquidation value calculations, specific deal information and other reference data.

Forward currency contracts are valued based on the spot and forward exchange rates obtained from a third-party pricing vendor.

Futures contracts are generally valued at the official settlement price of, or the last reported sale price on, the principal exchange or market on which such instruments are traded, as of the close of business on the day the contracts are being valued or, lacking any sales, at the last available bid price.

Swaps, including interest rate swaps, total return swaps and positions in credit default swap indices, are generally valued using evaluated prices obtained from third-party pricing vendors who calculate these values based on market inputs that may include yields of the indices referenced in the instrument and the relevant curve, dealer quotes, default probabilities and recovery rates, other reference data, and terms of the contract.

Options are valued using market quotations or valuations provided by one or more pricing vendors. Similar to futures, options may also be valued at the official settlement price if listed on an exchange.

Securities and other assets for which representative market quotations are not readily available or are considered unreliable by the investment adviser are valued at fair value as determined in good faith under fair value guidelines adopted by the investment adviser and approved by the fund's board. Subject to board oversight, the fund's board has designated the fund's investment adviser to make fair valuation determinations, which are directed by a valuation committee established by the fund's investment adviser. The board receives regular reports describing fair valued securities and the valuation methods used.

As a general principle, these guidelines consider relevant company, market and other data and considerations to determine the price that the fund might reasonably expect to receive if such fair

valued securities were sold in an orderly transaction. Fair valuations may differ materially from valuations that would have been used had greater market activity occurred. The investment adviser's valuation committee considers relevant indications of value that are reasonably and timely available to it in determining the fair value to be assigned to a particular security, such as the type and cost of the security, restrictions on resale of the security, relevant financial or business developments of the issuer, actively traded similar or related securities and transactions, dealer or broker quotes, conversion or exchange rights on the security, related corporate actions, significant events occurring after the close of trading in the security and changes in overall market conditions. The valuation committee employs additional fair value procedures to address issues related to equity securities that trade principally in markets outside the United States. Such securities may trade in markets that open and close at different times, reflecting time zone differences. If significant events occur after the close of a market (and before the fund's net asset values are next determined) which affect the value of equity securities held in the fund's portfolio, appropriate adjustments from closing market prices may be made to reflect these events. Events of this type could include, for example, earthquakes and other natural disasters or significant price changes in other markets (e.g., U.S. stock markets).

Certain short-term securities, such as variable rate demand notes or repurchase agreements involving securities fully collateralized by cash or U.S. government securities, are valued at par.

Assets and liabilities, including investment securities, denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars are translated into U.S. dollars, prior to the next determination of the net asset value of the fund's shares, at the exchange rates obtained from a third-party pricing vendor.

Each class of shares represents interests in the same portfolio of investments and is identical in all respects to each other class, except for differences relating to distribution, service and other charges and expenses, certain voting rights, differences relating to eligible investors, the designation of each class of shares, conversion features and exchange privileges. Expenses attributable to the fund, but not to a particular class of shares, are borne by each class pro rata based on the relative aggregate net assets of the classes. Expenses directly attributable to a class of shares are borne by that class of shares. Liabilities attributable to particular share classes, such as liabilities for repurchase of fund shares, are deducted from total assets attributable to such share classes.

Net assets so obtained for each share class are then divided by the total number of shares outstanding of that share class, and the result, rounded to the nearest cent, is the net asset value per share for that class.

## Taxes and distributions

**Disclaimer:** Some of the following information may not apply to certain shareholders, including those holding fund shares in a tax-favored account, such as a retirement plan or education savings account. Shareholders should consult their tax advisors about the application of federal, state and local tax law in light of their particular situation.

**Taxation as a regulated investment company** — The fund intends to qualify each year as a “regulated investment company” under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), so that it will not be liable for federal tax on income and capital gains distributed to shareholders. In order to qualify as a regulated investment company, and avoid being subject to federal income taxes, the fund intends to distribute substantially all of its net investment income and realized net capital gains on a fiscal year basis, and intends to comply with other tests applicable to regulated investment companies under Subchapter M.

The Code includes savings provisions allowing the fund to cure inadvertent failures of certain qualification tests required under Subchapter M. However, should the fund fail to qualify under Subchapter M, the fund would be subject to federal, and possibly state, corporate taxes on its taxable income and gains.

Amounts not distributed by the fund on a timely basis in accordance with a calendar year distribution requirement may be subject to a nondeductible 4% excise tax. Unless an applicable exception applies, to avoid the tax, the fund must distribute during each calendar year an amount equal to the sum of (a) at least 98% of its ordinary income (not taking into account any capital gains or losses) for the calendar year, (b) at least 98.2% of its capital gains in excess of its capital losses for the twelve month period ending on October 31, and (c) all ordinary income and capital gains for previous years that were not distributed during such years and on which the fund paid no U.S. federal income tax.

Dividends paid by the fund from ordinary income or from an excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss are taxable to shareholders as ordinary income dividends. Shareholders of the fund that are individuals and meet certain holding period requirements with respect to their fund shares may be eligible for reduced tax rates on “qualified dividend income,” if any, distributed by the fund to such shareholders. In the event the fund’s distribution of net investment income exceeds its earnings and profits for tax purposes, a portion of such distribution may be classified as return of capital. Returns of capital distributions decrease your cost basis and are not taxable until your cost basis has been reduced to zero. If your cost basis is zero, returns of capital distributions are treated as capital gains.

The fund may declare a capital gain distribution consisting of the excess of net realized long-term capital gains over net realized short-term capital losses. Net capital gains for a fiscal year are computed by taking into account any capital loss carryforward of the fund.

The fund may retain a portion of net capital gain for reinvestment and may elect to treat such capital gain as having been distributed to shareholders of the fund. Shareholders may receive a credit for the tax that the fund paid on such undistributed net capital gain and would increase the basis in their shares of the fund by the difference between the amount of includible gains and the tax deemed paid by the shareholder.

Distributions of net capital gain that the fund properly reports as a capital gain distribution generally will be taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of the length of time the shares of the fund have been held by a shareholder. Any loss realized upon the redemption of shares held at the time of redemption for six months or less from the date of their purchase will be treated as a long-term capital

loss to the extent of any capital gain distributions (including any undistributed amounts treated as distributed capital gains, as described above) during such six-month period.

Capital gain and income distributions by the fund result in a reduction in the net asset value of the fund's shares. Investors should consider the tax implications of buying shares prior to a distribution. The price of shares purchased at that time may include the amount of a forthcoming distribution. Those purchasing fund shares at a time when the fund has realized but not yet distributed income or capital gains that is reflected in the price of the shares will subsequently receive a partial return of their investment capital upon payment of the distribution, which will be taxable to them as a dividend or other fund distribution, as described above.

Certain distributions reported by the fund as Section 163(j) interest dividends may be treated as interest income by shareholders for purposes of the tax rules applicable to interest expense limitations under Section 163(j) of the Code. Such treatment by the shareholder is generally subject to holding period requirements and other potential limitations, although the holding period requirements are generally not applicable to dividends declared by money market funds and certain other funds that declare dividends daily and pay such dividends on a monthly or more frequent basis. The amount that the fund is eligible to report as a Section 163(j) dividend for a tax year is generally limited to the excess of the fund's business interest income over the sum of the fund's (i) business interest expense and (ii) other deductions properly allocable to the fund's business interest income.

Individuals (and certain other non-corporate entities) are generally eligible for a 20% deduction with respect to taxable ordinary REIT dividends through 2025. Applicable Treasury regulations allow the fund to pass through to its shareholders such taxable ordinary REIT dividends. Accordingly, individual (and certain other non-corporate) shareholders of the fund that have received such taxable ordinary REIT dividends may be able to take advantage of this 20% deduction with respect to any such amounts passed through.

**Redemptions and exchanges of fund shares** — Redemptions of shares, including exchanges for shares of other American Funds, may result in federal, state and local tax consequences (gain or loss) to the shareholder.

Any loss realized on a redemption or exchange of shares of the fund will be disallowed to the extent substantially identical shares are reacquired within the 61-day period beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after the shares are disposed of. Any loss disallowed under this rule will be added to the shareholder's tax basis in the new shares purchased.

If a shareholder exchanges or otherwise disposes of shares of the fund within 90 days of having acquired such shares, and if, as a result of having acquired those shares, the shareholder subsequently pays a reduced or no sales charge for shares of the fund, or of a different fund acquired before January 31<sup>st</sup> of the year following the year the shareholder exchanged or otherwise disposed of the original fund shares, the sales charge previously incurred in acquiring the fund's shares will not be taken into account (to the extent such previous sales charges do not exceed the reduction in sales charges) for the purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss on the exchange, but will be treated as having been incurred in the acquisition of such other fund(s).

**Tax consequences of investing in non-U.S. securities** — Dividend and interest income received by the fund from sources outside the United States may be subject to withholding and other taxes imposed by such foreign jurisdictions. Tax conventions between certain countries and the United States, however, may reduce or eliminate these foreign taxes. Some foreign countries impose taxes on capital gains with respect to investments by foreign investors.

If more than 50% of the value of the total assets of the fund at the close of the taxable year consists of securities of foreign corporations, the fund may elect to pass through to shareholders the foreign taxes paid by the fund. If such an election is made, shareholders may claim a credit or deduction on their federal income tax returns for, and will be required to treat as part of the amounts distributed to them, their pro rata portion of qualified taxes paid by the fund to foreign countries. The application of the foreign tax credit depends upon the particular circumstances of each shareholder.

Foreign currency gains and losses, including the portion of gain or loss on the sale of debt securities attributable to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, are generally taxable as ordinary income or loss. These gains or losses may increase or decrease the amount of dividends payable by the fund to shareholders. A fund may elect to treat gain and loss on certain foreign currency contracts as capital gain and loss instead of ordinary income or loss.

If the fund invests in stock of certain passive foreign investment companies (PFICs), the fund intends to mark-to-market these securities and recognize any gains at the end of its fiscal and excise tax years. Deductions for losses are allowable only to the extent of any previously recognized gains. Both gains and losses will be treated as ordinary income or loss, and the fund is required to distribute any resulting income. If the fund is unable to identify an investment as a PFIC security and thus does not make a timely mark-to-market election, the fund may be subject to adverse tax consequences.

**Tax consequences of investing in derivatives** — The fund may enter into transactions involving derivatives, such as futures, swaps, options and forward contracts. Special tax rules may apply to these types of transactions that could defer losses to the fund, accelerate the fund's income, alter the holding period of certain securities or change the classification of capital gains. These tax rules may therefore impact the amount, timing and character of fund distributions.

**Discount** — Certain bonds acquired by the fund, such as zero coupon bonds, may be treated as bonds that were originally issued at a discount. Original issue discount represents interest for federal income tax purposes and is generally defined as the difference between the price at which a bond was issued (or the price at which it was deemed issued for federal income tax purposes) and its stated redemption price at maturity. Original issue discount is treated for federal income tax purposes as tax exempt income earned by a fund over the term of the bond, and therefore is subject to the distribution requirements of the Code. The annual amount of income earned on such a bond by a fund generally is determined on the basis of a constant yield to maturity which takes into account the semiannual compounding of accrued interest (including original issue discount). Certain bonds acquired by the fund may also provide for contingent interest and/or principal. In such a case, rules similar to those for original issue discount bonds would require the accrual of income based on an assumed yield that may exceed the actual interest payments on the bond.

Some of the bonds may be acquired by a fund on the secondary market at a discount which exceeds the original issue discount, if any, on such bonds. This additional discount constitutes market discount for federal income tax purposes. Any gain recognized on the disposition of any bond having market discount generally will be treated as taxable ordinary income to the extent it does not exceed the accrued market discount on such bond (unless a fund elects to include market discount in income in the taxable years to which it is attributable). Realized accrued market discount on obligations that pay tax-exempt interest is nonetheless taxable. Generally, market discount accrues on a daily basis for each day the bond is held by a fund at a constant rate over the time remaining to the bond's maturity. In the case of any debt instrument having a fixed maturity date of not more than one year from date of issue, the gain realized on disposition will be treated as short-term capital gain. Some of the bonds acquired by a fund with a fixed maturity date of one year or less from the date of their issuance may be treated as having original issue discount or, in certain cases, "acquisition discount" (generally, the excess of a bond's stated redemption price at maturity over its acquisition price). A fund will be required to include any such original issue discount or acquisition discount in taxable ordinary income. The rate at which such acquisition discount and market discount accrues, and is thus included in a fund's

investment company taxable income, will depend upon which of the permitted accrual methods the fund elects.

**Other tax considerations** — After the end of each calendar year, individual shareholders holding fund shares in taxable accounts will receive a statement of the federal income tax status of all distributions. Shareholders of the fund also may be subject to state and local taxes on distributions received from the fund.

For fund shares acquired on or after January 1, 2012, the fund is required to report cost basis information for redemptions, including exchanges, to both shareholders and the IRS.

Shareholders may obtain more information about cost basis online at [capitalgroup.com/costbasis](http://capitalgroup.com/costbasis).

Under the backup withholding provisions of the Code, the fund generally will be required to withhold federal income tax on all payments made to a shareholder if the shareholder either does not furnish the fund with the shareholder's correct taxpayer identification number or fails to certify that the shareholder is not subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding also applies if the IRS notifies the shareholder or the fund that the taxpayer identification number provided by the shareholder is incorrect or that the shareholder has previously failed to properly report interest or dividend income.

The foregoing discussion of U.S. federal income tax law relates solely to the application of that law to U.S. persons (i.e., U.S. citizens and legal residents and U.S. corporations, partnerships, trusts and estates). Each shareholder who is not a U.S. person should consider the U.S. and foreign tax consequences of ownership of shares of the fund, including the possibility that such a shareholder may be subject to U.S. withholding taxes.

Unless otherwise noted, all references in the following pages to Class A, C, T or F shares also refer to the corresponding Class 529-A, 529-C, 529-T or 529-F shares. Class 529 shareholders should also refer to the applicable program description for information on policies and services specifically relating to these accounts. Shareholders holding shares through an eligible retirement plan should contact their plan's administrator or recordkeeper for information regarding purchases, sales and exchanges.

#### **Purchase and exchange of shares**

**Purchases by individuals** — As described in the prospectus, you may generally open an account and purchase fund shares by contacting a financial professional or investment dealer authorized to sell the fund's shares. You may make investments by any of the following means:

**Contacting your financial professional** — Deliver or mail a check to your financial professional.

**By mail** — For initial investments, you may mail a check, made payable to the fund, directly to the address indicated on the account application. Please indicate an investment dealer on the account application. You may make additional investments by filling out the "Account Additions" form at the bottom of a recent transaction confirmation and mailing the form, along with a check made payable to the fund, using the envelope provided with your confirmation.

The amount of time it takes for us to receive regular U.S. postal mail may vary and there is no assurance that we will receive such mail on the day you expect. Mailing addresses for regular U.S. postal mail can be found in the prospectus. To send investments or correspondence to us via overnight mail or courier service, use either of the following addresses:

American Funds  
12711 North Meridian Street  
Carmel, IN 46032-9181  
American Funds  
5300 Robin Hood Road  
Norfolk, VA 23513-2407

**By telephone** — Calling American Funds Service Company. Please see the "Shareholder account services and privileges" section of this statement of additional information for more information regarding this service.

**By Internet** — Using [capitalgroup.com](http://capitalgroup.com). Please see the "Shareholder account services and privileges" section of this statement of additional information for more information regarding this service.

**By wire** — If you are making a wire transfer, instruct your bank to wire funds to:

Wells Fargo Bank  
ABA Routing No. 121000248  
Account No. 4600-076178

Your bank should include the following information when wiring funds:

For credit to the account of:

American Funds Service Company  
(fund's name)

For further credit to:

(shareholder's fund account number)  
(shareholder's name)

You may contact American Funds Service Company at (800) 421-4225 if you have questions about making wire transfers.

**Other purchase information** — Class 529 shares may be purchased only through CollegeAmerica by investors establishing qualified higher education savings accounts. Class 529-E shares may be purchased only by investors participating in CollegeAmerica through an eligible employer plan. American Funds state tax-exempt funds are qualified for sale only in certain jurisdictions, and tax-exempt funds in general should not serve as retirement plan investments. In addition, the fund and the Principal Underwriter reserve the right to reject any purchase order.

Class R-5 and R-6 shares may be made available to certain charitable foundations organized and maintained by The Capital Group Companies, Inc. or its affiliates. Class R-6 shares are also available to corporate investment accounts established by The Capital Group Companies, Inc. and its affiliates.

Class R-5 and R-6 shares may also be made available to Commonwealth Savers Plan for use in the Virginia Education Savings Trust and the Virginia Prepaid Education Program and other registered investment companies approved by the fund's investment adviser or distributor. Class R-6 shares are also available to other post employment benefits plans.

**Purchase minimums and maximums** — All investments are subject to the purchase minimums and maximums described in the prospectus. As noted in the prospectus, purchase minimums may be waived or reduced in certain cases.

In the case of American Funds non-tax-exempt funds, the initial purchase minimum of \$250 may be waived for the following account types:

- Payroll deduction retirement plan accounts (such as, but not limited to, 403(b), 401(k), SIMPLE IRA, SARSEP and deferred compensation plan accounts); and
- Employer-sponsored CollegeAmerica accounts.

The following account types may be established without meeting the initial purchase minimum:

- Retirement accounts that are funded with employer contributions; and
- Accounts that are funded with monies set by court decree.

The following account types may be established without meeting the initial purchase minimum, but shareholders wishing to invest in two or more funds must meet the normal initial purchase minimum of each fund:

- Accounts that are funded with (a) transfers of assets, (b) rollovers from retirement plans, (c) rollovers from 529 college savings plans or (d) required minimum distribution automatic exchanges; and
- American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund accounts registered in the name of clients of Capital Group Private Client Services.

Certain accounts held on the fund's books, known as omnibus accounts, contain multiple underlying accounts that are invested in shares of the fund. These underlying accounts are maintained by entities such as financial intermediaries and are subject to the applicable initial purchase minimums as described in the prospectus and this statement of additional information. However, in the case where the entity maintaining these accounts aggregates the accounts' purchase orders for fund shares, such accounts are not required to meet the fund's minimum amount for subsequent purchases.

**Exchanges** — With the exception of Class T shares, for which rights of exchange are not generally available, you may only exchange shares without a sales charge into other American Funds and Capital Group KKR Public-Private+ Funds (collectively "Capital Group Funds") within the same share class; however, Class A, C, T or F shares may also generally be exchanged without a sales charge for the corresponding 529 share class. Clients of Capital Group Private Client Services may exchange the shares of the fund for those of any other fund(s) managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates.

Notwithstanding the above, exchanges from Class A shares of American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund may be made to Class C shares of other American Funds for dollar cost averaging purposes.

Exchange purchases are subject to the minimum investment requirements of the fund purchased and no sales charge generally applies. However, exchanges of shares from American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund are subject to applicable sales charges, unless the American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund shares were acquired by an exchange from a fund having a sales charge, or by reinvestment or cross-reinvestment of dividends or capital gain distributions.

Exchanges of Class F shares generally may only be made through fee-based programs of investment firms that have special agreements with the fund's distributor and certain registered investment advisors.

You may exchange shares of other classes by contacting your financial professional by calling American Funds Service Company at (800) 421-4225 or using [capitalgroup.com](http://capitalgroup.com), or faxing (see "American Funds Service Company service areas" in the prospectus for the appropriate fax numbers) the Transfer Agent. For more information, see "Shareholder account services and privileges" in this statement of additional information. **These transactions have the same tax consequences as ordinary sales and purchases.**

Shares held in employer-sponsored retirement plans may be exchanged into other Capital Group Funds by contacting your plan administrator or recordkeeper. Exchange redemptions and purchases

are processed simultaneously at the share prices next determined after the exchange order is received (see "Price of shares" in this statement of additional information).

**Conversion** — Class C shares of the fund automatically convert to Class A shares in the month of the 8-year anniversary of the purchase date. Class 529-C shares of the fund automatically convert to Class 529-A shares in the month of the 5-year anniversary of the purchase date. The board of trustees of the fund reserves the right at any time, without shareholder approval, to amend the conversion features of the Class C and Class 529-C shares, including without limitation, providing for conversion into a different share class or for no conversion. In making its decision, the board of trustees will consider, among other things, the effect of any such amendment on shareholders.

**Frequent trading of fund shares** — As noted in the prospectus, certain redemptions may trigger a restriction under the fund's "frequent trading policy." Under this policy, systematic redemptions will not trigger a restriction and systematic purchases will not be prevented if the entity maintaining the shareholder account is able to identify the transaction as a systematic redemption or purchase. For purposes of this policy, systematic redemptions include, for example, regular periodic automatic redemptions and statement of intention escrow share redemptions. Systematic purchases include, for example, regular periodic automatic purchases and automatic reinvestments of dividends and capital gain distributions. Generally, purchases and redemptions will not be considered "systematic" unless the transaction is prescheduled for a specific date.

**Potentially abusive activity** — American Funds Service Company will monitor for the types of activity that could potentially be harmful to the American Funds — for example, short-term trading activity in multiple funds. When identified, American Funds Service Company will request that the shareholder discontinue the activity. If the activity continues, American Funds Service Company will freeze the shareholder account to prevent all activity other than redemptions of fund shares.

#### **Moving between share classes**

If you wish to "move" your investment between share classes (within the same fund or between different funds), we generally will process your request as an exchange of the shares you currently hold for shares in the new class or fund. Below is more information about how sales charges are handled for various scenarios.

**Exchanging Class C shares for Class A or Class T shares** — If you exchange Class C shares for Class A or Class T shares, you are still responsible for paying any Class C contingent deferred sales charges and applicable Class A or Class T sales charges.

**Exchanging Class C shares for Class F shares** — If you are part of a qualified fee-based program or approved self-directed platform and you wish to exchange your Class C shares for Class F shares to be held in the program, you are still responsible for paying any applicable Class C contingent deferred sales charges.

**Exchanging Class F shares for Class A shares** — You can exchange Class F shares held in a qualified fee-based program for Class A shares without paying an initial Class A sales charge if you are leaving or have left the fee-based program. Your financial intermediary can also convert Class F-1 shares to Class A shares without a sales charge if they are held in a brokerage account and they were initially transferred to the account or converted from Class C shares. You can exchange Class F shares received in a conversion from Class C shares for Class A shares at any time without paying an initial Class A sales charge if you notify American Funds Service Company of the conversion when you make your request. If you have already redeemed your Class F shares, the foregoing requirements apply and you must purchase Class

A shares within 90 days after redeeming your Class F shares to receive the Class A shares without paying an initial Class A sales charge.

**Exchanging Class A or Class T shares for Class F shares** — If you are part of a qualified fee-based program or approved self-directed platform and you wish to exchange your Class A or Class T shares for Class F shares to be held in the program, any Class A or Class T sales charges (including contingent deferred sales charges) that you paid or are payable will not be credited back to your account.

**Exchanging Class A shares for Class R shares** — Provided it is eligible to invest in Class R shares, a retirement plan currently invested in Class A shares may exchange its shares for Class R shares. Any Class A sales charges that the retirement plan previously paid will not be credited back to the plan's account. No contingent deferred sales charge will be assessed as part of the share class conversion.

**Moving between Class F shares** — If you are part of a qualified fee-based program that offers Class F shares, you may exchange your Class F shares for any other Class F shares to be held in the program. For example, if you hold Class F-2 shares, you may exchange your shares for Class F-1 or Class F-3 shares to be held in the program.

**Moving between other share classes** — If you desire to move your investment between share classes and the particular scenario is not described in this statement of additional information, please contact American Funds Service Company at (800) 421-4225 for more information.

**Non-reportable transactions** — Automatic conversions described in the prospectus will be non-reportable for tax purposes. In addition, an exchange of shares from one share class of a fund to another share class of the same fund will be treated as a non-reportable exchange for tax purposes, provided that the exchange request is received in writing by American Funds Service Company and processed as a single transaction. However, a movement between a 529 share class and a non-529 share class of the same fund will be reportable.

## Sales charges

### Class A purchases

#### Purchases by certain 403(b) plans

A 403(b) plan may not invest in American Funds Class A or C shares unless such plan was invested in Class A or C shares before January 1, 2009.

Participant accounts of a 403(b) plan that invested in American Funds Class A or C shares and were treated as an individual-type plan for sales charge purposes before January 1, 2009, may continue to be treated as accounts of an individual-type plan for sales charge purposes. Participant accounts of a 403(b) plan that invested in American Funds Class A or C shares and were treated as an employer-sponsored plan for sales charge purposes before January 1, 2009, may continue to be treated as accounts of an employer-sponsored plan for sales charge purposes. Participant accounts of a 403(b) plan that was established on or after January 1, 2009, are treated as accounts of an employer-sponsored plan for sales charge purposes.

#### Purchases by SEP plans and SIMPLE IRA plans

Participant accounts in a Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) plan or a Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees of Small Employers IRA (SIMPLE IRA) will be aggregated at the plan level for Class A sales charge purposes if an employer adopts a prototype plan produced by Capital Client Group, Inc. or (a) the employer or plan sponsor submits all contributions for all participating employees in a single contribution transmittal or the contributions are identified as related to the same plan; (b) each transmittal is accompanied by checks or wire transfers and generally must be submitted through the transfer agent's automated contribution system if held on the fund's books; and (c) if the fund is expected to carry separate accounts in the name of each plan participant and (i) the employer or plan sponsor notifies the fund's transfer agent or the intermediary holding the account that the separate accounts of all plan participants should be linked and (ii) all new participant accounts are established by submitting the appropriate documentation on behalf of each new participant. Participant accounts in a SEP or SIMPLE plan that are eligible to aggregate their assets at the plan level may not also aggregate the assets with their individual accounts.

**Other purchases**

In addition, American Funds Class A and Class 529-A shares may be offered at net asset value to companies exchanging securities with the fund through a merger, acquisition or exchange offer and to certain individuals meeting the criteria described above who invested in Class A and Class 529-A shares before Class F-2 and Class 529-F-2 shares were made available under this privilege.

**Transfers to CollegeAmerica** — A transfer from the Virginia Prepaid Education Program<sup>SM</sup> or the Virginia Education Savings Trust<sup>SM</sup> to a CollegeAmerica account will be made with no sales charge. No commission will be paid to the dealer on such a transfer. Investment dealers will be compensated solely with an annual service fee that begins to accrue immediately.

**Class F-2 and Class 529-F-2 purchases**

If requested, American Funds Class F-2 and Class 529-F-2 shares will be sold to:

- (1) current or retired directors, trustees, officers and advisory board members of, and certain lawyers who provide services to the funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company, current or retired employees of The Capital Group Companies, Inc. and its affiliated companies, certain family members of the above persons, and trusts or plans primarily for such persons; and
- (2) The Capital Group Companies, Inc. and its affiliated companies.

Once an account in Class F-2 or Class 529-F-2 is established under this privilege, additional investments can be made in Class F-2 or Class 529-F-2 for the life of the account. Depending on the financial intermediary holding your account, these privileges may be unavailable. Investors should consult their financial intermediary for further information.

**Moving between accounts** — American Funds investments by certain account types may be moved to other account types without incurring additional Class A sales charges. These transactions include:

- redemption proceeds from a non-retirement account (for example, a joint tenant account) used to purchase fund shares in an IRA or other individual-type retirement account;
- required minimum distributions from an IRA or other individual-type retirement account used to purchase fund shares in a non-retirement account; and
- death distributions paid to a beneficiary's account that are used by the beneficiary to purchase fund shares in a different account.

Investors may not move investments from a Capital Bank & Trust Company SIMPLE IRA Plus to a Capital Bank & Trust Company SIMPLE IRA unless it is part of a plan transfer or to a current employer's Capital Bank & Trust Company SIMPLE IRA plan.

These privileges are generally available only if your account is held directly with the fund's transfer agent or if the financial intermediary holding your account has the systems, policies and procedures to support providing the privileges on its systems. Investors should consult their financial intermediary for further information.

**Loan repayments** — Repayments on loans taken from a retirement plan are not subject to sales charges if American Funds Service Company is notified of the repayment.

**Dealer commissions and compensation** — Commissions (up to .75%) are paid to dealers who initiate and are responsible for certain Class A share purchases not subject to initial sales charges. These purchases consist of *a*) purchases of \$500,000 or more, and *b*) purchases by employer-sponsored defined contribution-type retirement plans investing \$1 million or more or with 100 or more eligible employees. Commissions on such investments (other than IRA rollover assets that roll over at no sales charge under the fund's IRA rollover policy as described in the prospectus) are paid to dealers at the following rates: .75% on amounts of less than \$10 million, .50% on amounts of at least \$10 million but less than \$25 million and .25% on amounts of at least \$25 million. Commissions are based on cumulative investments over the life of the account with no adjustment for redemptions, transfers, or market declines. For example, if a shareholder has accumulated investments in excess of \$10 million (but less than \$25 million) and subsequently redeems all or a portion of the account(s), purchases following the redemption will generate a dealer commission of .50%.

A dealer concession of up to 1% may be paid by the fund under its Class A plan of distribution to reimburse the Principal Underwriter in connection with dealer and wholesaler compensation paid by it with respect to investments made with no initial sales charge.

### Sales charge reductions and waivers

**Reducing your Class A sales charge** — As described in the prospectus, there are various ways to reduce your sales charge when purchasing Class A shares. Additional information about Class A sales charge reductions is provided below.

**Statement of intention** — By establishing a statement of intention (the "Statement"), you enter into a nonbinding commitment to purchase eligible shares of Capital Group Funds (excluding American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund) over a 13-month period and receive the same sales charge (expressed as a percentage of your purchases) as if all shares had been purchased at once, unless the Statement is upgraded as described below.

The Statement period starts on the date on which your first purchase made toward satisfying the Statement is processed. Your accumulated holdings (as described in the paragraph below titled "Rights of accumulation") eligible to be aggregated as of the day immediately before the start of the Statement period may be credited toward satisfying the Statement.

You may revise the commitment you have made in your Statement upward at any time during the Statement period. If your prior commitment has not been met by the time of the revision, the Statement period during which purchases must be made will remain unchanged. Purchases made from the date of the revision will receive the reduced sales charge, if any, resulting from the revised Statement. If your prior commitment has been met by the time of the revision, your original Statement will be considered met and a new Statement will be established.

The Statement will be considered completed if the shareholder dies within the 13-month Statement period. Commissions to dealers will not be adjusted or paid on the difference between the Statement amount and the amount actually invested before the shareholder's death.

When a shareholder elects to use a Statement, shares equal to 5% of the dollar amount specified in the Statement may be held in escrow in the shareholder's account out of the initial purchase (or subsequent purchases, if necessary) by the Transfer Agent. All dividends and any capital gain distributions on shares held in escrow will be credited to the shareholder's account in shares (or paid in cash, if requested). If the intended investment is not completed within the specified Statement period the investments made during the statement period will be adjusted to reflect the difference between the sales charge actually paid and the sales charge which would have been paid if the total of such purchases had been made at a single time. Any dealers assigned to the shareholder's account at the time a purchase was made during the Statement period will receive a corresponding commission adjustment if appropriate.

In addition, if you currently have individual holdings in American Legacy variable annuity contracts or variable life insurance policies that were established on or before March 31, 2007, you may continue to apply purchases under such contracts and policies to a Statement.

Shareholders purchasing shares at a reduced sales charge under a Statement indicate their acceptance of these terms and those in the prospectus with their first purchase.

The Statement period may be extended in cases where the fund's distributor determines it is appropriate to do so; for example in periods when there are extenuating circumstances such as a natural disaster that may limit an individual's ability to meet the investment required under the Statement.

**Aggregation** — Qualifying investments for aggregation include purchases of eligible classes of shares of the Capital Group Funds made by you and your “immediate family” as defined in the prospectus, if all parties are purchasing shares for their own accounts and/or:

- individual-type employee benefit plans, such as an IRA, single-participant Keogh-type plan, or a participant account of a 403(b) plan that is treated as an individual-type plan for sales charge purposes (see “Purchases by certain 403(b) plans” under “Sales charges” in this statement of additional information);
- SEP plans and SIMPLE IRA plans established after November 15, 2004, by an employer adopting any plan document other than a prototype plan produced by Capital Client Group, Inc.;
- business accounts solely controlled by you or your immediate family (for example, you own the entire business);
- trust accounts established by you or your immediate family (for trusts with only one primary beneficiary, upon the trustor’s death the trust account may be aggregated with such beneficiary’s own accounts; for trusts with multiple primary beneficiaries, upon the trustor’s death the trustees of the trust may instruct American Funds Service Company to establish separate trust accounts for each primary beneficiary; each primary beneficiary’s separate trust account may then be aggregated with such beneficiary’s own accounts);
- endowments or foundations established and controlled by you or your immediate family; or
- 529 accounts, which will be aggregated at the account owner level (Class 529-E accounts may only be aggregated with an eligible employer plan).

Individual purchases by a trustee(s) or other fiduciary(ies) may also be aggregated if the investments are:

- for a single trust estate or fiduciary account, including employee benefit plans other than the individual-type employee benefit plans described above;
- made for two or more employee benefit plans of a single employer or of affiliated employers as defined in the 1940 Act, excluding the individual-type employee benefit plans described above;
- for a diversified common trust fund or other diversified pooled account not specifically formed for the purpose of accumulating fund shares;
- for nonprofit, charitable or educational organizations, or any endowments or foundations established and controlled by such organizations, or any employer-sponsored retirement plans established for the benefit of the employees of such organizations, their endowments, or their foundations;
- for participant accounts of a 403(b) plan that is treated as an employer-sponsored plan for sales charge purposes (see “Purchases by certain 403(b) plans” under “Sales charges” in this statement of additional information), or made for participant accounts of two or more such plans, in each case of a single employer or affiliated employers as defined in the 1940 Act; or
- for a SEP or SIMPLE IRA plan established after November 15, 2004, by an employer adopting a prototype plan produced by Capital Client Group, Inc.

Purchases made for nominee or street name accounts (securities held in the name of an investment dealer or another nominee such as a bank trust department instead of the

customer) may not be aggregated with those made for other accounts and may not be aggregated with other nominee or street name accounts unless otherwise qualified as described above.

Joint accounts may be aggregated with other accounts belonging to the primary owner and/or his or her immediate family. The primary owner of a joint account is the individual responsible for taxes on the account.

**Concurrent purchases** — As described in the prospectus, you may reduce your Class A sales charge by combining simultaneous purchases of all eligible classes of shares in Capital Group Funds. Shares of American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund purchased through an exchange, reinvestment or cross-reinvestment from a fund having a sales charge also qualify. However, direct purchases of American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund Class A shares are excluded. If you currently have individual holdings in American Legacy variable annuity contracts or variable life insurance policies that were established on or before March 31, 2007, you may continue to combine purchases made under such contracts and policies to reduce your Class A sales charge.

**Rights of accumulation** — Subject to the limitations described in the aggregation policy, you may take into account your accumulated holdings in all eligible share classes of Capital Group Funds to determine your sales charge on investments in accounts eligible to be aggregated. Direct purchases of American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund Class A shares are excluded. Subject to your investment dealer's or recordkeeper's capabilities, your accumulated holdings will be calculated as the higher of (a) the current value of your existing holdings (the "market value") as of the day prior to your Capital Group Funds investment or (b) the amount you invested (including reinvested dividends and capital gains, but excluding capital appreciation) less any withdrawals (the "cost value"). Depending on the entity on whose books your account is held, the value of your holdings in that account may not be eligible for calculation at cost value. For example, accounts held in nominee or street name may not be eligible for calculation at cost value and instead may be calculated at market value for purposes of rights of accumulation.

The value of all of your holdings in accounts established in calendar year 2005 or earlier will be assigned an initial cost value equal to the market value of those holdings as of the last business day of 2005. Thereafter, the cost value of such accounts will increase or decrease according to actual investments or withdrawals.

You must contact your financial professional or American Funds Service Company if you have additional information that is relevant to the calculation of the value of your holdings.

When determining your Class A sales charge, if your investment is not in an employer-sponsored retirement plan, you may also continue to take into account the market value (as of the day prior to your investment) of your individual holdings in various American Legacy variable annuity contracts and variable life insurance policies that were established on or before March 31, 2007. An employer-sponsored retirement plan may also continue to take into account the market value of its investments in American Legacy Retirement Investment Plans that were established on or before March 31, 2007.

You may not purchase Class C or 529-C shares if such combined holdings cause you to be eligible to purchase Class A or 529-A shares at the \$1 million or more sales charge discount rate (i.e., at net asset value).

If you make a gift of Class A shares, upon your request, you may purchase the shares at the sales charge discount allowed under rights of accumulation of all of your Capital Group Funds and applicable American Legacy accounts.

**Reducing your Class T sales charge** — As described in the prospectus, the initial sales charge you pay each time you buy Class T shares may differ depending upon the amount you invest and may be reduced for larger purchases. Additionally, Class T shares acquired through reinvestment of dividends or capital gain distributions are not subject to an initial sales charge. Sales charges on Class T shares are applied on a transaction-by-transaction basis, and, accordingly, Class T shares are not eligible for any other sales charge waivers or reductions, including through the aggregation of Class T shares concurrently purchased by other related accounts or in other American Funds. The sales charge applicable to Class T shares may not be reduced by establishing a statement of intention, and rights of accumulation are not available for Class T shares.

**CDSC waivers for Class A and C shares** — As noted in the prospectus, a contingent deferred sales charge (“CDSC”) will be waived for redemptions due to death or post-purchase disability of a shareholder (this generally excludes accounts registered in the names of trusts and other entities). In the case of joint tenant accounts, if one joint tenant dies, a surviving joint tenant, at the time he or she notifies the Transfer Agent of the other joint tenant’s death and removes the decedent’s name from the account, may redeem shares from the account without incurring a CDSC. Redemptions made after the Transfer Agent is notified of the death of a joint tenant will be subject to a CDSC.

In addition, a CDSC will be waived for the following types of transactions, if they do not exceed 12% of the value of an “account” (defined below) annually (the “12% limit”):

- Required minimum distributions taken from retirement accounts in accordance with IRS regulations.
- Redemptions through an automatic withdrawal plan (“AWP”) (see “Automatic withdrawals” under “Shareholder account services and privileges” in this statement of additional information). For each AWP payment, assets that are not subject to a CDSC, such as shares acquired through reinvestment of dividends and/or capital gain distributions, will be redeemed first and will count toward the 12% limit. If there is an insufficient amount of assets not subject to a CDSC to cover a particular AWP payment, shares subject to the lowest CDSC will be redeemed next until the 12% limit is reached. Any dividends and/or capital gain distributions taken in cash by a shareholder who receives payments through an AWP will also count toward the 12% limit. In the case of an AWP, the 12% limit is calculated at the time an automatic redemption is first made, and is recalculated at the time each additional automatic redemption is made. Shareholders who establish an AWP should be aware that the amount of a payment not subject to a CDSC may vary over time depending on fluctuations in the value of their accounts. This privilege may be revised or terminated at any time.

For purposes of this paragraph, “account” means your investment in the applicable class of shares of the particular fund from which you are making the redemption.

The CDSC on American Funds Class A shares may be waived in cases where the fund’s transfer agent determines the benefit to the fund of collecting the CDSC would be outweighed by the cost of applying it.

CDSC waivers are allowed only in the cases listed here and in the prospectus. For example, CDSC waivers will not be allowed on redemptions of Class 529-C shares due to termination of CollegeAmerica; a determination by the Internal Revenue Service that CollegeAmerica does not qualify as a qualified tuition program under the Code; proposal or enactment of law that eliminates or limits the tax-favored status of CollegeAmerica; or elimination of the fund by Commonwealth Savers Plan as an option for additional investment within CollegeAmerica.

### **Selling shares**

The methods for selling (redeeming) shares are described more fully in the prospectus. If you wish to sell your shares by contacting American Funds Service Company directly, any such request must be signed by the registered shareholders. To contact American Funds Service Company via overnight mail or courier service, see "Purchase and exchange of shares."

A signature guarantee may be required for certain redemptions. In such an event, your signature may be guaranteed by a domestic stock exchange or the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, bank, savings association or credit union that is an eligible guarantor institution. The Transfer Agent reserves the right to require a signature guarantee on any redemptions.

Additional documentation may be required for sales of shares held in corporate, partnership or fiduciary accounts. You must include with your written request any shares you wish to sell that are in certificate form.

If you sell Class A or C shares and request a specific dollar amount to be sold, we will sell sufficient shares so that the sale proceeds, after deducting any applicable CDSC, equals the dollar amount requested.

If you hold multiple American Funds and a CDSC applies to the shares you are redeeming, the CDSC will be calculated based on the applicable class of shares of the particular fund from which you are making the redemption.

Redemption proceeds will not be mailed until sufficient time has passed to provide reasonable assurance that checks or drafts (including certified or cashier's checks) for shares purchased have cleared (normally seven business days from the purchase date). Except for delays relating to clearance of checks for share purchases or in extraordinary circumstances (and as permissible under the 1940 Act), the fund typically expects to pay redemption proceeds one business day following receipt and acceptance of a redemption order. Interest will not accrue or be paid on amounts that represent uncashed distribution or redemption checks.

### **Redemptions in-Kind**

Although payment of redemptions normally will be in cash, the fund's governing documents permit payment of the redemption price wholly or partly with portfolio securities or other fund assets under conditions and circumstances determined by the fund's board of directors/trustees. On the same redemption date, some shareholders may be paid in whole or in part in securities (which may differ among those shareholders), while other shareholders may be paid entirely in cash. In general, in-kind redemptions to affiliated shareholders will as closely as practicable represent the affiliated shareholder's pro rata share of the fund's securities, subject to certain exceptions. Securities distributed in-kind to unaffiliated shareholders may be selected by the investment adviser on a non-pro rata basis in a manner the investment adviser deems to be fair and reasonable to the fund's shareholders. The disposal of the securities received in-kind may be subject to brokerage costs and, until sold, such securities remain subject to market risk and liquidity risk, including the risk that such securities are or become difficult to sell. If the fund pays your redemption with illiquid or less liquid securities, you will bear the risk of not being able to sell such securities.

The fund(s) may also effect redemptions in-kind in an effort (a) to manage cash positions, (b) to mitigate certain costs that arise from significant redemption activity or from portfolio turnover in connection with any type of selling activity, including portfolio repositioning and raising cash for redemptions, or (c) other portfolio management purposes. This practice may benefit a fund and its shareholders by reducing the need for a fund to maintain significant cash reserves and/or to sell securities held in the fund to meet redemption requests or other reasons. By doing so, a fund may avoid or reduce cash drag, transaction costs, and capital gain realization that could otherwise arise from reserves maintained or securities sold. There is a risk that this activity could negatively impact the NAV of the fund. With respect to these redemptions in-kind, shareholders will receive either a pro rata basket or a custom basket of securities valued in the same manner as they are valued for purposes of computing a fund's NAV. The custom basket would include only securities that have been disclosed as portfolio holdings in the fund's most recent public holdings disclosure.

### Shareholder account services and privileges

The following services and privileges are generally available to all shareholders. However, certain services and privileges described in the prospectus and this statement of additional information may not be available for Class 529 shareholders or if your account is held with an investment dealer or through an employer-sponsored retirement plan.

**Automatic investment plan** — An automatic investment plan enables you to make monthly or quarterly investments in American Funds through automatic debits from your bank account. To set up a plan, you must fill out an account application and specify the amount that you would like to invest and the date on which you would like your investments to occur. The plan will begin within 30 days after your account application is received. Your bank account will be debited on the day or a few days before your investment is made, depending on the bank's capabilities. The Transfer Agent will then invest your money into the fund you specified on or around the date you specified. If the date you specified falls on a weekend or holiday, your money will be invested on the following business day. However, if the following business day falls in the next month, your money will be invested on the business day immediately preceding the weekend or holiday. If your bank account cannot be debited due to insufficient funds, a stop-payment or the closing of the account, the plan may be terminated and the related investment reversed. You may change the amount of the investment or discontinue the plan at any time by contacting the Transfer Agent.

**Automatic reinvestment** — Dividends and capital gain distributions are reinvested in additional shares of the same class and fund at net asset value unless you indicate otherwise on the account application. You also may elect to have dividends and/or capital gain distributions paid in cash by informing the fund, the Transfer Agent or your investment dealer. Dividends and capital gain distributions paid to retirement plan shareholders or shareholders of the 529 share classes will be automatically reinvested.

If you have elected to receive dividends and/or capital gain distributions in cash, and the postal or other delivery service is unable to deliver checks to your address of record, or you do not respond to mailings from American Funds Service Company with regard to uncashed distribution checks, your distribution option may be automatically converted to having all dividends and other distributions reinvested in additional shares.

**Cross-reinvestment of dividends and distributions** — For all share classes, except Class T shares and the 529 classes of shares, you may cross-reinvest dividends and capital gains (distributions) into other American Funds in the same share class at net asset value, subject to the following conditions:

- (1) the aggregate value of your account(s) in the fund(s) paying distributions equals or exceeds \$5,000 (this is waived if the value of the account in the fund receiving the distributions equals or exceeds that fund's minimum initial investment requirement);
- (2) if the value of the account of the fund receiving distributions is below the minimum initial investment requirement, distributions must be automatically reinvested; and
- (3) if you discontinue the cross-reinvestment of distributions, the value of the account of the fund receiving distributions must equal or exceed the minimum initial investment requirement. If you do not meet this requirement within 90 days of notification, the fund has the right to automatically redeem the account.

Depending on the financial intermediary holding your account, your reinvestment privileges may be unavailable or differ from those described in this statement of additional information. Investors should consult their financial intermediary for further information.

**Automatic exchanges** — For all share classes other than Class T shares, you may automatically exchange shares of the same class in amounts of \$50 or more among any Capital Group Funds on any day (or preceding business day if the day falls on a nonbusiness day) of each month you designate.

**Automatic withdrawals** — Depending on the type of account, for all share classes except R shares, you may automatically withdraw shares from any of the American Funds. You can make automatic withdrawals of \$50 or more. You can designate the day of each period for withdrawals and request that checks be sent to you or someone else. Withdrawals may also be electronically deposited to your bank account. The Transfer Agent will withdraw your money from the fund you specify on or around the date you specify. If the date you specified falls on a weekend or holiday, the redemption will take place on the previous business day. However, if the previous business day falls in the preceding month, the redemption will take place on the following business day after the weekend or holiday. You should consult with your financial professional or intermediary to determine if your account is eligible for automatic withdrawals.

Withdrawal payments are not to be considered as dividends, yield or income. Generally, automatic investments may not be made into a shareholder account from which there are automatic withdrawals. Withdrawals of amounts exceeding reinvested dividends and distributions and increases in share value would reduce the aggregate value of the shareholder's account. The Transfer Agent arranges for the redemption by the fund of sufficient shares, deposited by the shareholder with the Transfer Agent, to provide the withdrawal payment specified.

Redemption proceeds from an automatic withdrawal plan are not eligible for reinvestment without a sales charge.

**Account statements** — Your account is opened in accordance with your registration instructions. Transactions in the account, such as additional investments, will be reflected on regular confirmation statements from the Transfer Agent. Dividend and capital gain reinvestments, purchases through automatic investment plans and certain retirement plans, as well as automatic exchanges and withdrawals, will be confirmed at least quarterly.

**American Funds Service Company and capitalgroup.com** — You may check your share balance, the price of your shares or your most recent account transaction or redeem or exchange shares by calling American Funds Service Company at (800) 421-4225 or using capitalgroup.com. Redemptions and exchanges through American Funds Service Company and capitalgroup.com are subject to the conditions noted above and in "Telephone and Internet purchases, redemptions and exchanges" below. You will need your fund number (see the list of American Funds under the "General information — fund numbers" section in this statement of additional information), personal identification number (generally the last four digits of your Social Security number or other tax identification number associated with your account) and account number.

Generally, all shareholders are automatically eligible to use these services. However, if you are not currently authorized to do so, please contact American Funds Service Company for assistance. Once you establish this privilege, you, your financial professional or any person with your account information may use these services.

**Telephone and Internet purchases, redemptions and exchanges** — By using the telephone or the Internet (including capitalgroup.com), or fax purchase, redemption and/or exchange options, you agree to hold the fund, the Transfer Agent, any of its affiliates or mutual funds managed by such affiliates, and each of their respective directors, trustees, officers, employees and agents harmless from any losses, expenses, costs or liabilities (including attorney fees) that may be incurred in connection with the exercise of these privileges. Generally, all shareholders are automatically eligible to use these services. However, you may elect to opt out of these services by writing the Transfer Agent (you may

also reinstate them at any time by writing the Transfer Agent). If the Transfer Agent does not employ reasonable procedures to confirm that the instructions received from any person with appropriate account information are genuine, it and/or the fund may be liable for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. In the event that shareholders are unable to reach the fund by telephone because of technical difficulties, market conditions or a natural disaster, redemption and exchange requests may be made in writing only.

**Redemption of shares** — The fund's declaration of trust permits the fund to direct the Transfer Agent to redeem the shares of any shareholder for their then current net asset value per share if at such time the shareholder of record owns shares having an aggregate net asset value of less than the minimum initial investment amount required of new shareholders as set forth in the fund's current registration statement under the 1940 Act, and subject to such further terms and conditions as the board of trustees of the fund may from time to time adopt.

While payment of redemptions normally will be in cash, the fund's declaration of trust permits payment of the redemption price wholly or partly with portfolio securities or other fund assets under conditions and circumstances determined by the fund's board of trustees. For example, redemptions could be made in this manner if the board determined that making payments wholly in cash over a particular period would be unfair and/or harmful to other fund shareholders.

**Share certificates** — Shares are credited to your account. The fund does not issue share certificates.

### **General information**

**Custodian of assets** — Securities and cash owned by the fund, including proceeds from the sale of shares of the fund and of securities in the fund's portfolio, are held by JP Morgan Chase Bank N.A., 270 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017-2070, as custodian. If the fund holds securities of issuers outside the United States, the custodian may hold these securities pursuant to subcustodial arrangements in banks outside the United States or branches of U.S. banks outside the United States.

**Transfer agent services** — American Funds Service Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of the investment adviser, maintains the records of shareholder accounts, processes purchases and redemptions of the fund's shares, acts as dividend and capital gain distribution disbursing agent, and performs other related shareholder service functions. The principal office of American Funds Service Company is located at 6455 Irvine Center Drive, Irvine, CA 92618. Transfer agent fees are paid according to a fee schedule, based on the number of accounts serviced or a percentage of fund assets, contained in a Shareholder Services Agreement between the fund and American Funds Service Company.

In the case of certain shareholder accounts, third parties who may be unaffiliated with the investment adviser provide transfer agency and shareholder services in place of American Funds Service Company. These services are rendered under agreements with American Funds Service Company or its affiliates and the third parties receive compensation according to such agreements. Compensation for transfer agency and shareholder services, whether paid to American Funds Service Company or such third parties, is ultimately paid from fund assets and is reflected in the expenses of the fund as disclosed in the prospectus.

During the 2025 fiscal year, transfer agent fees, gross of any payments made by American Funds Service Company to third parties, were:

	<b>Transfer agent fee</b>
<b>Class A</b>	\$7,724,000
<b>Class C</b>	65,000
<b>Class T</b>	—*
<b>Class F-1</b>	211,000
<b>Class F-2</b>	760,000
<b>Class F-3</b>	10,000
<b>Class 529-A</b>	410,000
<b>Class 529-C</b>	8,000
<b>Class 529-E</b>	7,000
<b>Class 529-T</b>	—*
<b>Class 529-F-1</b>	—*
<b>Class 529-F-2</b>	33,000
<b>Class 529-F-3</b>	—*
<b>Class R-1</b>	6,000
<b>Class R-2</b>	216,000
<b>Class R-2E</b>	11,000
<b>Class R-3</b>	121,000
<b>Class R-4</b>	55,000
<b>Class R-5E</b>	39,000
<b>Class R-5</b>	14,000
<b>Class R-6</b>	38,000

\*Amount less than \$1,000.

**Independent registered public accounting firm** — During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, Deloitte & Touche LLP ("D&T"), 695 Town Center Drive, Costa Mesa, CA 92626, served as the fund's independent registered public accounting firm, providing audit services and review of certain documents to be filed with the SEC. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, Deloitte Tax LLP prepared tax returns for the fund. The financial statements and financial highlights of the fund included in this statement of additional information that are from the fund's Form N-CSR for the most recent fiscal year have been audited by D&T, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing herein. Such financial statements and financial highlights are included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing. The selection of the fund's independent registered public accounting firm is reviewed and determined annually by the board of trustees.

On December 10, 2025, D&T was replaced by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC"), which was appointed as the fund's independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year December 31, 2026 audit. The change in the fund's independent registered public accounting firm was approved by the fund's board of trustees, including a majority of the independent trustees, upon recommendation of the audit committee, as part of a broader effort to update board oversight and fund operations. At no point during the fund's fiscal years ended December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2025 and the subsequent interim period through February 11, 2026, were there any disagreements between management and D&T on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure or auditing scope or procedure.

**Independent legal counsel** — Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP, One Federal Street, Boston, MA 02110-1726, serves as independent legal counsel ("counsel") for the fund and for independent trustees in their capacities as such. A determination with respect to the independence of the fund's counsel will be made at least annually by the independent trustees of the fund, as prescribed by applicable 1940 Act rules.

**Prospectuses, reports to shareholders and proxy statements** — The fund's fiscal year ends on December 31. Shareholders are provided updated summary prospectuses annually and at least semi-annually with reports showing the fund's expenses, key statistics, holdings information and investment results (annual report only). Shareholders may request a copy of the fund's current prospectus at no cost by calling (800) 421-4225 or by sending an email request to [prospectus@americanfunds.com](mailto:prospectus@americanfunds.com). Shareholders may also access the fund's current summary prospectus, prospectus, statement of additional information and shareholder reports at [capitalgroup.com/prospectus](http://capitalgroup.com/prospectus). The fund's annual financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025 were audited by the fund's then-independent registered public accounting firm, D&T. As noted above, PwC will serve as the fund's auditor beginning with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2026. In addition, shareholders may also receive proxy statements for the fund. In an effort to reduce the volume of mail shareholders receive from the fund when a household owns more than one account, the Transfer Agent has taken steps to eliminate duplicate mailings of summary prospectuses, shareholder reports and proxy statements. To receive additional copies of a summary prospectus, report or proxy statement, shareholders should contact the Transfer Agent.

Shareholders may also elect to receive updated summary prospectuses, annual reports and semi-annual reports electronically by signing up for electronic delivery on our website, [capitalgroup.com](http://capitalgroup.com). Shareholders who elect to receive documents electronically will receive such documents in electronic form and will not receive documents in paper form by mail. A shareholder who elects electronic delivery is able to cancel this service at any time and return to receiving updated summary prospectuses and other reports in paper form by mail.

Summary prospectuses, prospectuses, annual reports and semi-annual reports that are mailed to shareholders by the Capital Group organization are printed with ink containing soy and/or vegetable oil on paper containing recycled fibers.

**Codes of ethics** — The fund and Capital Research and Management Company and its affiliated companies, including the fund's Principal Underwriter, have adopted codes of ethics that allow for personal investments, including securities in which the fund may invest from time to time. These codes include a ban on acquisitions of securities pursuant to an initial public offering; restrictions on acquisitions of private placement securities; preclearance and reporting requirements; review of duplicate confirmation statements; annual recertification of compliance with codes of ethics; blackout periods on personal investing for certain investment personnel; ban on short-term trading profits for investment personnel; limitations on service as a director of publicly traded companies; disclosure of personal securities transactions; and policies regarding political contributions.

**Determination of net asset value, redemption price and maximum offering price per share for Class A shares — December 31, 2025**

Net asset value and redemption price per share (Net assets divided by shares outstanding)	\$16.40
Maximum offering price per share (100/96.25 of net asset value per share, which takes into account the fund's current maximum sales charge)	\$17.04

**Other information** — The fund reserves the right to modify the privileges described in this statement of additional information at any time.

The fund's financial statements, including the investment portfolio and the report of the fund's independent registered public accounting firm contained in the fund's Form N-CSR, are included in this statement of additional information.

Fund numbers — Here are the fund numbers for use when making share transactions:

Fund	Fund numbers							
	Class A	Class A-2	Class A-3	Class C	Class T	Class F-1	Class F-2	Class F-3
<b>Stock and stock/fixed income funds</b>								
AMCAP Fund®	002	N/A	N/A	302	43002	402	602	702
American Balanced Fund®	011	N/A	N/A	311	43011	411	611	711
American Funds® Developing World Growth and Income Fund	30100	N/A	N/A	33100	43100	34100	36100	37100
American Funds® Global Balanced Fund	037	N/A	N/A	337	43037	437	637	737
American Funds® Global Insight Fund	30122	N/A	N/A	33122	43122	34122	36122	37122
American Funds® International Vantage Fund	30123	N/A	N/A	33123	43123	34123	36123	37123
American Mutual Fund®	003	N/A	N/A	303	43003	403	603	703
Capital Income Builder®	012	N/A	N/A	312	43012	412	612	712
Capital World Growth and Income Fund®	033	N/A	N/A	333	43033	433	633	733
EUPAC Fund™	016	N/A	N/A	316	43016	416	616	716
Fundamental Investors®	010	N/A	N/A	310	43010	410	610	710
The Growth Fund of America®	005	N/A	N/A	305	43005	405	605	705
The Income Fund of America®	006	N/A	N/A	306	43006	406	606	706
International Growth and Income Fund	034	N/A	N/A	334	43034	434	634	734
The Investment Company of America®	004	N/A	N/A	304	43004	404	604	704
The New Economy Fund®	014	N/A	N/A	314	43014	414	614	714
New Perspective Fund®	007	N/A	N/A	307	43007	407	607	707
New World Fund®	036	N/A	N/A	336	43036	436	636	736
SMALLCAP World Fund®	035	N/A	N/A	335	43035	435	635	735
Washington Mutual Investors Fund	001	N/A	N/A	301	43001	401	601	701
<b>Fixed income funds</b>								
American Funds® Core Plus Bond Fund	30410	N/A	N/A	33410	N/A	34410	36410	37410
American Funds Emerging Markets Bond Fund®	30114	N/A	N/A	33114	43114	34114	36114	37114
American Funds Corporate Bond Fund®	032	N/A	N/A	332	43032	432	632	732
American Funds Inflation Linked Bond Fund®	060	N/A	N/A	360	43060	460	660	760
American Funds Mortgage Fund®	042	N/A	N/A	342	43042	442	642	742
American Funds® Multi-Sector Income Fund	30126	N/A	N/A	33126	43126	34126	36126	37126
American Funds Short-Term Tax-Exempt Bond Fund®	039	N/A	N/A	N/A	43039	439	639	739
American Funds® Strategic Bond Fund	30112	N/A	N/A	33112	43112	34112	36112	37112
American Funds Tax-Exempt Fund of New York®	041	N/A	N/A	341	43041	441	641	741
American High-Income Municipal Bond Fund®	040	N/A	N/A	340	43040	440	640	740
American High-Income Trust®	021	N/A	N/A	321	43021	421	621	721
The Bond Fund of America®	008	N/A	N/A	308	43008	408	608	708
Capital Group KKR Core Plus+	30400	39400	61400	N/A	N/A	N/A	36400	37400
Capital Group KKR Multi-Sector+	30401	39401	61401	N/A	N/A	N/A	36401	37401
Capital World Bond Fund®	031	N/A	N/A	331	43031	431	631	731
Intermediate Bond Fund of America®	023	N/A	N/A	323	43023	423	623	723
Limited Term Tax-Exempt Bond Fund of America®	043	N/A	N/A	343	43043	443	643	743
Short-Term Bond Fund of America®	048	N/A	N/A	348	43048	448	648	748
The Tax-Exempt Bond Fund of America®	019	N/A	N/A	319	43019	419	619	719
The Tax-Exempt Fund of California®	020	N/A	N/A	320	43020	420	620	720
U.S. Government Securities Fund®	022	N/A	N/A	322	43022	422	622	722

Fund	Fund numbers							
	Class A	Class A-2	Class A-3	Class C	Class T	Class F-1	Class F-2	Class F-3
<b>Money market fund</b>								
American Funds® U.S. Government Money Market Fund	059	N/A	N/A	359	43059	459	659	759

Fund	Fund numbers								
	Class 529-A	Class 529-C	Class 529-E	Class 529-T	Class 529-F-1	Class 529-F-2	Class 529-F-3	Class ABLE-A	Class ABLE-F-2
<b>Stock and stock/fixed income funds</b>									
AMCAP Fund	1002	1302	1502	46002	1402	1602	1702	N/A	N/A
American Balanced Fund	1011	1311	1511	46011	1411	1611	1711	N/A	N/A
American Funds Developing World Growth and Income Fund	10100	13100	15100	46100	14100	16100	17100	N/A	N/A
American Funds Global Balanced Fund	1037	1337	1537	46037	1437	1637	1737	N/A	N/A
American Funds Global Insight Fund	10122	13122	15122	46122	14122	16122	17122	N/A	N/A
American Funds International Vantage Fund	10123	13123	15123	46123	14123	16123	17123	N/A	N/A
American Mutual Fund	1003	1303	1503	46003	1403	1603	1703	N/A	N/A
Capital Income Builder	1012	1312	1512	46012	1412	1612	1712	N/A	N/A
Capital World Growth and Income Fund	1033	1333	1533	46033	1433	1633	1733	N/A	N/A
EUPAC Fund	1016	1316	1516	46016	1416	1616	1716	N/A	N/A
Fundamental Investors	1010	1310	1510	46010	1410	1610	1710	N/A	N/A
The Growth Fund of America	1005	1305	1505	46005	1405	1605	1705	N/A	N/A
The Income Fund of America	1006	1306	1506	46006	1406	1606	1706	N/A	N/A
International Growth and Income Fund	1034	1334	1534	46034	1434	1634	1734	N/A	N/A
The Investment Company of America	1004	1304	1504	46004	1404	1604	1704	N/A	N/A
The New Economy Fund	1014	1314	1514	46014	1414	1614	1714	N/A	N/A
New Perspective Fund	1007	1307	1507	46007	1407	1607	1707	N/A	N/A
New World Fund	1036	1336	1536	46036	1436	1636	1736	N/A	N/A
SMALLCAP World Fund	1035	1335	1535	46035	1435	1635	1735	N/A	N/A
Washington Mutual Investors Fund	1001	1301	1501	46001	1401	1601	1701	N/A	N/A
<b>Fixed income funds</b>									
American Funds® Core Plus Bond Fund	10410	13410	15410	N/A	14410	16410	17410	N/A	N/A
American Funds Emerging Markets Bond Fund	10114	13114	15114	46114	14114	16114	17114	N/A	N/A
American Funds Corporate Bond Fund	1032	1332	1532	46032	1432	1632	1732	N/A	N/A
American Funds Inflation Linked Bond Fund	1060	1360	1560	46060	1460	1660	1760	N/A	N/A
American Funds Mortgage Fund	1042	1342	1542	46042	1442	1642	1742	N/A	N/A
American Funds Multi-Sector Income Fund	10126	13126	15126	46126	14126	16126	17126	N/A	N/A
American Funds Strategic Bond Fund	10112	13112	15112	46112	14112	16112	17112	N/A	N/A
American High-Income Trust	1021	1321	1521	46021	1421	1621	1721	N/A	N/A
The Bond Fund of America	1008	1308	1508	46008	1408	1608	1708	N/A	N/A
Capital World Bond Fund	1031	1331	1531	46031	1431	1631	1731	N/A	N/A
Intermediate Bond Fund of America	1023	1323	1523	46023	1423	1623	1723	N/A	N/A
Short-Term Bond Fund of America	1048	1348	1548	46048	1448	1648	1748	N/A	N/A
U.S. Government Securities Fund	1022	1322	1522	46022	1422	1622	1722	N/A	N/A
<b>Money market fund</b>									
American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund	1059	1359	1559	46059	1459	1659	1759	48059	60059

Fund	Fund numbers							
	Class R-1	Class R-2	Class R-2E	Class R-3	Class R-4	Class R-5E	Class R-5	Class R-6
<b>Stock and stock/fixed income funds</b>								
AMCAP Fund	2102	2202	4102	2302	2402	2702	2502	2602
American Balanced Fund	2111	2211	4111	2311	2411	2711	2511	2611
American Funds Developing World Growth and Income Fund	21100	22100	41100	23100	24100	27100	25100	26100
American Funds Global Balanced Fund	2137	2237	4137	2337	2437	2737	2537	2637
American Funds Global Insight Fund	21122	22122	41122	23122	24122	27122	25122	26122
American Funds International Vantage Fund	21123	22123	41123	23123	24123	27123	25123	26123
American Mutual Fund	2103	2203	4103	2303	2403	2703	2503	2603
Capital Income Builder	2112	2212	4112	2312	2412	2712	2512	2612
Capital World Growth and Income Fund	2133	2233	4133	2333	2433	2733	2533	2633
EUPAC Fund	2116	2216	4116	2316	2416	2716	2516	2616
Fundamental Investors	2110	2210	4110	2310	2410	2710	2510	2610
The Growth Fund of America	2105	2205	4105	2305	2405	2705	2505	2605
The Income Fund of America	2106	2206	4106	2306	2406	2706	2506	2606
International Growth and Income Fund	2134	2234	41034	2334	2434	27034	2534	2634
The Investment Company of America	2104	2204	4104	2304	2404	2704	2504	2604
The New Economy Fund	2114	2214	4114	2314	2414	2714	2514	2614
New Perspective Fund	2107	2207	4107	2307	2407	2707	2507	2607
New World Fund	2136	2236	4136	2336	2436	2736	2536	2636
SMALLCAP World Fund	2135	2235	4135	2335	2435	2735	2535	2635
Washington Mutual Investors Fund	2101	2201	4101	2301	2401	2701	2501	2601
<b>Fixed income funds</b>								
American Funds® Core Plus Bond Fund	21410	22410	41410	23410	24410	27410	25410	26410
American Funds Emerging Markets Bond Fund	21114	22114	41114	23114	24114	27114	25114	26114
American Funds Corporate Bond Fund	2132	2232	4132	2332	2432	2732	2532	2632
American Funds Inflation Linked Bond Fund	2160	2260	4160	2360	2460	2760	2560	2660
American Funds Mortgage Fund	2142	2242	4142	2342	2442	2742	2542	2642
American Funds Multi-Sector Income Fund	21126	22126	41126	23126	24126	27126	25126	26126
American Funds Strategic Bond Fund	21112	22112	41112	23112	24112	27112	25112	26112
American High-Income Trust	2121	2221	4121	2321	2421	2721	2521	2621
The Bond Fund of America	2108	2208	4108	2308	2408	2708	2508	2608
Capital Group KKR Core Plus+	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	26400
Capital Group KKR Multi-Sector+	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	26401
Capital World Bond Fund	2131	2231	4131	2331	2431	2731	2531	2631
Intermediate Bond Fund of America	2123	2223	4123	2323	2423	2723	2523	2623
Short-Term Bond Fund of America	2148	2248	4148	2348	2448	2748	2548	2648
U.S. Government Securities Fund	2122	2222	4122	2322	2422	2722	2522	2622
<b>Money market fund</b>								
American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund	2159	2259	4159	2359	2459	2759	2559	2659

Fund	Fund numbers					
	Class A	Class C	Class T	Class F-1	Class F-2	Class F-3
<b>American Funds Target Date Retirement Series®</b>						
American Funds® 2070 Target Date Retirement Fund	30187	33187	43187	34187	36187	37187
American Funds® 2065 Target Date Retirement Fund	30185	33185	43185	34185	36185	37185
American Funds 2060 Target Date Retirement Fund®	083	383	43083	483	683	783
American Funds 2055 Target Date Retirement Fund®	082	382	43082	482	682	782
American Funds 2050 Target Date Retirement Fund®	069	369	43069	469	669	769
American Funds 2045 Target Date Retirement Fund®	068	368	43068	468	668	768
American Funds 2040 Target Date Retirement Fund®	067	367	43067	467	667	767
American Funds 2035 Target Date Retirement Fund®	066	366	43066	466	36066	766
American Funds 2030 Target Date Retirement Fund®	065	365	43065	465	665	765
American Funds® 2025 Target Date Retirement Income Fund	064	364	43064	464	664	764
American Funds® 2020 Target Date Retirement Income Fund	063	363	43063	463	663	763
American Funds® 2015 Target Date Retirement Income Fund	062	362	43062	462	662	762
American Funds® 2010 Target Date Retirement Income Fund	061	361	43061	461	661	761

Fund	Fund numbers							
	Class R-1	Class R-2	Class R-2E	Class R-3	Class R-4	Class R-5E	Class R-5	Class R-6
<b>American Funds Target Date Retirement Series®</b>								
American Funds 2070 Target Date Retirement Fund	21187	22187	41187	23187	24187	27187	25187	26187
American Funds 2065 Target Date Retirement Fund	21185	22185	41185	23185	24185	27185	25185	26185
American Funds 2060 Target Date Retirement Fund	2183	2283	4183	2383	2483	2783	2583	2683
American Funds 2055 Target Date Retirement Fund	2182	2282	4182	2382	2482	2782	2582	2682
American Funds 2050 Target Date Retirement Fund	2169	2269	4169	2369	2469	2769	2569	2669
American Funds 2045 Target Date Retirement Fund	2168	2268	4168	2368	2468	2768	2568	2668
American Funds 2040 Target Date Retirement Fund	2167	2267	4167	2367	2467	2767	2567	2667
American Funds 2035 Target Date Retirement Fund	2166	2266	4166	2366	2466	2766	2566	2666
American Funds 2030 Target Date Retirement Fund	2165	2265	4165	2365	2465	2765	2565	2665
American Funds 2025 Target Date Retirement Income Fund	2164	2264	4164	2364	2464	2764	2564	2664
American Funds 2020 Target Date Retirement Income Fund	2163	2263	4163	2363	2463	2763	2563	2663
American Funds 2015 Target Date Retirement Income Fund	2162	2262	4162	2362	2462	2762	2562	2662
American Funds 2010 Target Date Retirement Income Fund	2161	2261	4161	2361	2461	2761	2561	2661

Fund	Fund numbers						
	Class <b>529-A</b>	Class <b>529-C</b>	Class <b>529-E</b>	Class <b>529-T</b>	Class <b>529-F-1</b>	Class <b>529-F-2</b>	Class <b>529-F-3</b>
<b>American Funds College Target Date Series<sup>®</sup></b>							
American Funds <sup>®</sup> College 2042 Fund	10144	13144	15144	46144	14144	16144	17144
American Funds <sup>®</sup> College 2039 Fund	10136	13136	15136	46136	14136	16136	17136
American Funds <sup>®</sup> College 2036 Fund	10125	13125	15125	46125	14125	16125	17125
American Funds College 2033 Fund <sup>®</sup>	10103	13103	15103	46103	14103	16103	17103
American Funds College 2030 Fund <sup>®</sup>	1094	1394	1594	46094	1494	1694	1794
American Funds College 2027 Fund <sup>®</sup>	1093	1393	1593	46093	1493	1693	1793
American Funds College Enrollment Fund <sup>®</sup>	1088	1388	1588	46088	1488	1688	1788

Fund	Fund numbers					
	Class A	Class C	Class T	Class F-1	Class F-2	Class F-3
<b>American Funds® Portfolio Series</b>						
American Funds® Global Growth Portfolio	055	355	43055	455	655	755
American Funds® Growth Portfolio	053	353	43053	453	653	753
American Funds® Growth and Income Portfolio	051	351	43051	451	651	751
American Funds® Moderate Growth and Income Portfolio	050	350	43050	450	650	750
American Funds® Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	047	347	43047	447	647	747
American Funds® Tax-Aware Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	046	346	43046	446	646	746
American Funds® Preservation Portfolio	045	345	43045	445	645	745
American Funds® Tax-Exempt Preservation Portfolio	044	344	43044	444	644	744

Fund	Fund numbers								
	Class 529-A	Class 529-C	Class 529-E	Class 529-T	Class 529-F-1	Class 529-F-2	Class 529-F-3	Class ABLE-A	Class ABLE-F-2
American Funds Global Growth Portfolio	1055	1355	1555	46055	1455	1655	1755	48055	60055
American Funds Growth Portfolio	1053	1353	1553	46053	1453	1653	1753	48053	60053
American Funds Growth and Income Portfolio	1051	1351	1551	46051	1451	1651	1751	48051	60051
American Funds Moderate Growth and Income Portfolio	1050	1350	1550	46050	1450	1650	1750	48050	60050
American Funds Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	1047	1347	1547	46047	1447	1647	1747	48047	60047
American Funds Tax-Aware Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
American Funds Preservation Portfolio	1045	1345	1545	46045	1445	1645	1745	48045	60045
American Funds Tax-Exempt Preservation Portfolio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Fund	Fund numbers								
	Class R-1	Class R-2	Class R-2E	Class R-3	Class R-4	Class R-5E	Class R-5	Class R-6	
American Funds Global Growth Portfolio	2155	2255	4155	2355	2455	2755	2555	2655	
American Funds Growth Portfolio	2153	2253	4153	2353	2453	2753	2553	2653	
American Funds Growth and Income Portfolio	2151	2251	4151	2351	2451	2751	2551	2651	
American Funds Moderate Growth and Income Portfolio	2150	2250	4150	2350	2450	2750	2550	2650	
American Funds Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	2147	2247	4147	2347	2447	2747	2547	2647	
American Funds Tax-Aware Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
American Funds Preservation Portfolio	2145	2245	4145	2345	2445	2745	2545	2645	
American Funds Tax-Exempt Preservation Portfolio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Fund	Fund numbers					
	Class A	Class C	Class T	Class F-1	Class F-2	Class F-3
<b>American Funds® Retirement Income Portfolio Series</b>						
American Funds® Retirement Income Portfolio – Conservative	30109	33109	43109	34109	36109	37109
American Funds® Retirement Income Portfolio – Moderate	30110	33110	43110	34110	36110	37110
American Funds® Retirement Income Portfolio – Enhanced	30111	33111	43111	34111	36111	37111

Fund	Fund numbers							
	Class R-1	Class R-2	Class R-2E	Class R-3	Class R-4	Class R-5E	Class R-5	Class R-6
American Funds Retirement Income Portfolio – Conservative	21109	22109	41109	23109	24109	27109	25109	26109
American Funds Retirement Income Portfolio – Moderate	21110	22110	41110	23110	24110	27110	25110	26110
American Funds Retirement Income Portfolio – Enhanced	21111	22111	41111	23111	24111	27111	25111	26111

## Appendix

The following descriptions of debt security ratings are based on information provided by Moody's Investors Service, S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings, Inc.

### Description of bond ratings

#### Moody's

##### Long-term rating scale

###### Aaa

Obligations rated Aaa are judged to be of the highest quality, subject to the lowest level of credit risk.

###### Aa

Obligations rated Aa are judged to be of high quality and are subject to very low credit risk.

###### A

Obligations rated A are considered upper-medium grade and are subject to low credit risk.

###### Baa

Obligations rated Baa are judged to be medium-grade and subject to moderate credit risk and as such may possess certain speculative characteristics.

###### Ba

Obligations rated Ba are judged to be speculative and are subject to substantial credit risk.

###### B

Obligations rated B are considered speculative and are subject to high credit risk.

###### Caa

Obligations rated Caa are judged to be speculative and of poor standing and are subject to very high credit risk.

###### Ca

Obligations rated Ca are highly speculative and are likely in, or very near, default, with some prospect of recovery of principal and interest.

###### C

Obligations rated C are the lowest rated and are typically in default, with little prospect for recovery of principal or interest.

**Note:** Moody's appends numerical modifiers 1, 2, and 3 to each generic rating classification from Aa through Caa. The modifier 1 indicates that the obligation ranks in the higher end of its generic rating category; the modifier 2 indicates a mid-range ranking; and the modifier 3 indicates a ranking in the lower end of that generic rating category. Additionally, a "(hyb)" indicator is appended to all ratings of hybrid securities issued by banks, insurers, finance companies and securities firms.

## **S&P Global Ratings**

### **Long-term issue credit ratings**

#### **AAA**

An obligation rated AAA has the highest rating assigned by S&P Global Ratings. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is extremely strong.

#### **AA**

An obligation rated AA differs from the highest-rated obligations only to a small degree. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is very strong.

#### **A**

An obligation rated A is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher-rated categories. However, the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is still strong.

#### **BBB**

An obligation rated BBB exhibits adequate protection parameters. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to weaken the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

#### **BB, B, CCC, CC, and C**

Obligations rated BB, B, CCC, CC, and C are regarded as having significant speculative characteristics. BB indicates the least degree of speculation and C the highest. While such obligations will likely have some quality and protective characteristics, these may be outweighed by large uncertainties or major exposures to adverse conditions.

#### **BB**

An obligation rated BB is less vulnerable to nonpayment than other speculative issues. However, it faces major ongoing uncertainties or exposure to adverse business, financial, or economic conditions which could lead to the obligor's inadequate capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

#### **B**

An obligation rated B is more vulnerable to nonpayment than obligations rated BB, but the obligor currently has the capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation. Adverse business, financial, or economic conditions will likely impair the obligor's capacity or willingness to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

#### **CCC**

An obligation rated CCC is currently vulnerable to nonpayment and is dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions for the obligor to meet its financial commitments on the obligation. In the event of adverse business, financial, or economic conditions, the obligor is not likely to have the capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

#### **CC**

An obligation rated CC is currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment. The CC rating is used when a default has not occurred, but S&P Global Ratings expects default to be a virtual certainty, regardless of the anticipated time to default.

**C**

An obligation rated C is currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment, and the obligation is expected to have lower relative seniority or lower ultimate recovery compared with obligations that are rated higher.

**D**

An obligation rated D is in default or in breach of an imputed promise. For non-hybrid capital instruments, the D rating category is used when payments on an obligation are not made on the date due, unless S&P Global Ratings believes that such payments will be made within the next five business days in the absence of a stated grace period or within the earlier of the stated grace period or the next 30 calendar days. The D rating also will be used upon the filing of a bankruptcy petition or the taking of similar action and where default on an obligation is a virtual certainty, for example due to automatic stay provisions. A rating on an obligation is lowered to D if it is subject to a distressed debt restructuring.

**Plus (+) or minus (-)**

The ratings from AA to CCC may be modified by the addition of a plus or minus sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

**NR**

Indicates that a rating has not been assigned or is no longer assigned.

**Fitch Ratings, Inc.**

**Long-term credit ratings**

**AAA**

Highest credit quality. AAA ratings denote the lowest expectation of default risk. They are assigned only in case of exceptionally strong capacity for payment of financial commitments. This capacity is highly unlikely to be adversely affected by foreseeable events.

**AA**

Very high credit quality. AA ratings denote expectations of very low default risk. They indicate very strong capacity for payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.

**A**

High credit quality. A ratings denote expectations of low default risk. The capacity for payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be more vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions than is the case for higher ratings.

**BBB**

Good credit quality. BBB ratings indicate that expectations of default risk are low. The capacity for payment of financial commitments is considered adequate but adverse changes in circumstances and economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.

**BB**

Speculative. BB ratings indicate an elevated vulnerability to default risk, particularly in the event of adverse changes in business or economic conditions over time; however, business or financial flexibility exists which supports the servicing of financial commitments.

**B**

Highly speculative. B ratings indicate that material default risk is present, but a limited margin of safety remains. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is vulnerable to deterioration in the business and economic environment.

**CCC**

Substantial credit risk. Default is a real possibility.

**CC**

Very high levels of credit risk. Default of some kind appears probable.

**C**

Exceptionally high levels of credit risk. Default is imminent or inevitable, or the issuer is in standstill. Conditions that are indicative of a C category rating for an issuer include:

- The issuer has entered into a grace or cure period following nonpayment of a material financial obligation;
- The issuer has entered into a temporary negotiated waiver or standstill agreement following a payment default on a material financial obligation; or
- Fitch Ratings otherwise believes a condition of RD or D to be imminent or inevitable, including through the formal announcement of a distressed debt exchange.

**RD**

Restricted default. RD ratings indicate an issuer that in Fitch Ratings' opinion has experienced an uncured payment default on a bond, loan or other material financial obligation but which has not entered into bankruptcy filings, administration, receivership, liquidation or other formal winding up procedure, and which has not otherwise ceased operating. This would include:

- The selective payment default on a specific class or currency of debt;
- The uncured expiry of any applicable grace period, cure period or default forbearance period following a payment default on a bank loan, capital markets security or other material financial obligation;
- The extension of multiple waivers or forbearance periods upon a payment default on one or more material financial obligations, either in series or in parallel; or
- Execution of a distressed debt exchange on one or more material financial obligations.

**D**

Default. D ratings indicate an issuer that in Fitch Ratings' opinion has entered into bankruptcy filings, administration, receivership, liquidation or other formal winding up procedure, or which has otherwise ceased business.

Default ratings are not assigned prospectively to entities or their obligations; within this context, nonpayment on an instrument that contains a deferral feature or grace period will generally not be considered a default until after the expiration of the deferral or grace period, unless a default is otherwise driven by bankruptcy or other similar circumstance, or by a distressed debt exchange.

Imminent default typically refers to the occasion where a payment default has been intimated by the issuer, and is all but inevitable. This may, for example, be where an issuer has missed a scheduled payment, but (as is typical) has a grace period during which it may cure the payment default. Another alternative would be where an issuer has formally announced a distressed debt exchange, but the date of the exchange still lies several days or weeks in the immediate future.

In all cases, the assignment of a default rating reflects the agency's opinion as to the most appropriate rating category consistent with the rest of its universe of ratings, and may differ from the definition of default under the terms of an issuer's financial obligations or local commercial practice.

**Note:** The modifiers "+" or "-" may be appended to a rating to denote relative status within major rating categories. Such suffixes are not added to the AAA long-term rating category, or to categories below B.

## Description of commercial paper ratings

### Moody's

#### Global short-term rating scale

##### P-1

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-1 have a superior ability to repay short-term debt obligations.

##### P-2

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-2 have a strong ability to repay short-term debt obligations.

##### P-3

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-3 have an acceptable ability to repay short-term obligations.

##### NP

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Not Prime do not fall within any of the Prime rating categories.

### S&P Global Ratings

#### Commercial paper ratings (highest three ratings)

##### A-1

A short-term obligation rated A-1 is rated in the highest category by S&P Global Ratings. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is strong. Within this category, certain obligations are designated with a plus sign (+). This indicates that the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on these obligations is extremely strong.

##### A-2

A short-term obligation rated A-2 is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher rating categories. However, the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is satisfactory.

##### A-3

A short-term obligation rated A-3 exhibits adequate protection parameters. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to weaken an obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

## Investment portfolio December 31, 2025

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments 92.56%	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>Euros 18.96%</b>		
Agence Francaise de Developpement 2.75% 9/30/2030	EUR3,000	\$ 3,481
AIA Group, Ltd. 0.88% 9/9/2033 (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 1.10% on 9/9/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	15,900	17,746
AIB Group PLC 2.875% 5/30/2031 (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 3.30% on 5/30/2026) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,300	2,704
Albania (Republic of) 4.75% 2/14/2035	14,200	16,924
Alpha Bank SA 6.875% 6/27/2029 (1-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 3.793% on 6/27/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,005	2,575
Alpha Bank SA 5.00% 5/12/2030 (1-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 2.432% on 5/12/2029) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,480	1,843
Altria Group, Inc. 2.20% 6/15/2027	4,275	5,002
American Medical Systems Europe BV 1.375% 3/8/2028	940	1,077
American Medical Systems Europe BV 3.25% 3/8/2034	3,020	3,483
American Tower Corp. 0.45% 1/15/2027	125	144
Amprion Gmbh 3.971% 9/22/2032	2,600	3,155
Amprion Gmbh 4.125% 9/7/2034	8,000	9,702
Amprion Gmbh 3.875% 6/5/2036	6,100	7,157
Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV 1.125% 7/1/2027	675	780
Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV 2.875% 4/2/2032	1,561	1,804
AT&T, Inc. 2.05% 5/19/2032	6,250	6,785
AT&T, Inc. 3.60% 6/1/2033	2,350	2,760
AT&T, Inc. 4.30% 11/18/2034	1,450	1,769
AT&T, Inc. 3.15% 9/4/2036	965	1,055
AT&T, Inc. 2.60% 5/19/2038	685	690
Austria (Republic of) 3.45% 10/20/2030	630	769
Austria (Republic of) 0% 2/20/2031	12,975	13,333
Austria (Republic of) 0.90% 2/20/2032	1,238	1,303
Austria (Republic of) 2.90% 2/20/2034	670	782
Austria (Republic of) 2.95% 2/20/2035	1,190	1,382
Austria (Republic of) 0.75% 3/20/2051	80	48
Austria (Republic of) 3.80% 1/26/2062	120	140
Austria (Republic of) 0.70% 4/20/2071	200	81
Austria (Republic of) 1.50% 11/2/2086	30	16
Austria (Republic of) 2.10% 9/20/2117	50	34
Austria (Republic of) 0.85% 6/30/2120	50	18
Banco de Credito Social Cooperativo SA 4.125% 9/3/2030 (1-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 1.70% on 9/3/2029) <sup>(a)</sup>	6,800	8,235
Banco de Sabadell SA 5.25% 2/7/2029 (1-year EUR Mid-Swap + 2.40% on 2/7/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	11,800	14,549
Banco de Sabadell SA 5.50% 9/8/2029 (1-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 2.40% on 9/8/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	5,000	6,263
Banco de Sabadell SA 5.125% 6/27/2034 (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 2.40% on 6/27/2029) <sup>(a)</sup>	7,900	9,763
Bank Gospodarstwa Krajowego 4.25% 9/13/2044	1,120	1,272
Bank Nederlandse Gemeenten NV 2.75% 4/5/2029	340	404
Bank Nederlandse Gemeenten NV 3.00% 4/23/2030	410	489
Bank of America Corp. 0.58% 8/8/2029 (3-month EUR-EURIBOR + 0.73% on 8/8/2028) <sup>(a)(b)</sup>	3,140	3,492
Bank of Ireland Group PLC 1.375% 8/11/2031 (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 1.65% on 8/11/2026) <sup>(a)</sup>	4,000	4,676
Banque Federative du Credit Mutuel 3.875% 6/16/2032 (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 2.20% on 6/16/2027) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,500	1,784
Barclays PLC 4.616% 3/26/2037 (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 2.05% on 3/26/2032) <sup>(a)</sup>	8,990	10,889
Belgium (Kingdom of), Series 89, 0.10% 6/22/2030	585	615
Belgium (Kingdom of) 2.60% 10/22/2030	1,970	2,304
Belgium (Kingdom of), Series 94, 0.35% 6/22/2032	465	465
Belgium (Kingdom of), Series 97, 3.00% 6/22/2033	170	199
Belgium (Kingdom of), Series 103, 3.10% 6/22/2035	1,275	1,469
Belgium (Kingdom of), Series 80, 2.15% 6/22/2066	70	48
Belgium (Kingdom of), Series 93, 0.65% 6/22/2071	60	21
BlackRock, Inc. 3.75% 7/18/2035	1,980	2,357
BMS Ireland Capital Funding DAC 3.857% 11/10/2038	1,920	2,221
BMS Ireland Capital Funding DAC 4.289% 11/10/2045	1,460	1,683
BMS Ireland Capital Funding DAC 4.581% 11/10/2055	3,508	4,029
BNP Paribas SA 2.50% 3/31/2032 (1-year EUR Mid-Swap + 1.60% on 3/31/2027) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,500	1,752
BPCE SA 4.50% 1/13/2033	8,800	10,861
BPCE SA 4.875% 2/26/2036 (5-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 2.30% on 2/26/2031) <sup>(a)</sup>	6,500	8,030
Bulgaria (Republic of) 4.50% 1/27/2033	2,788	3,528
Bulgaria (Republic of) 3.375% 7/18/2035	9,325	10,800
Bulgaria (Republic of) 4.125% 5/7/2038	1,260	1,502
CaixaBank SA 4.375% 8/8/2036 (5-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 1.95% on 8/8/2031) <sup>(a)</sup>	11,300	13,670
Coca-Cola Co. 3.375% 8/15/2037	1,425	1,630
Comcast Corp. 0% 9/14/2026	3,325	3,848
Comcast Corp. 0.25% 5/20/2027	3,350	3,820

**Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)**

**Euros (continued)**

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Comcast Corp. 0.25% 9/14/2029	EUR10,395	\$ 11,091
Commerzbank AG 4.625% 1/17/2031 (3-month EUR-EURIBOR + 2.10% on 1/17/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	6,800	8,403
Cote d'Ivoire (Republic of) 6.875% 10/17/2040	700	806
Croatia (Republic of) 3.25% 2/11/2037	7,080	8,069
Deutsche Bank AG 1.75% 11/19/2030 (3-month EUR-EURIBOR + 2.05% on 11/19/2029) <sup>(a)</sup>	25,900	28,753
Deutsche Telekom AG 3.25% 6/4/2035	11,572	13,403
Dow Chemical Co. (The) 1.125% 3/15/2032	9,000	9,083
Dow Chemical Co. (The) 1.875% 3/15/2040	500	414
E.ON SE 1.625% 3/29/2031	5,260	5,767
Eaton Capital Unlimited Co. 3.625% 5/9/2035	3,000	3,520
Eaton Capital Unlimited Co. 3.802% 5/21/2036	3,000	3,541
Electricite de France SA 4.25% 1/25/2032	9,400	11,582
Electricite de France SA 4.00% 5/7/2037	3,100	3,617
Electricite de France SA 2.625% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 2.86% on 6/1/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	25,800	29,641
Electricite de France SA 2.875% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 3.373% on 3/15/2027) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,600	3,045
Electricite de France SA 3.00% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 3.198% on 12/3/2027) <sup>(a)</sup>	800	931
Electricite de France SA 7.50% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 4.86% on 12/6/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	600	769
Enel Finance International NV 4.00% 2/20/2031	3,270	3,990
Engie SA 3.875% 1/6/2031	6,800	8,261
Equinix Europe 2 Financing Corp., LLC 3.65% 9/3/2033	1,580	1,829
Eurobank SA 5.875% 11/28/2029 (1-year EUR Mid-Swap + 2.83% on 11/28/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,695	2,150
Eurobank SA 4.00% 9/24/2030 (1-year EUR Mid-Swap + 2.127% on 9/24/2029) <sup>(a)</sup>	297	359
Eurobank SA 4.875% 4/30/2031 (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 2.165% on 4/30/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	14,468	18,079
Eurobank SA 4.00% 2/7/2036 (1-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 1.70% on 2/7/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	7,480	8,776
European Investment Bank 0% 1/14/2031	2,020	2,084
European Investment Bank 0.25% 1/20/2032	19,400	19,686
European Investment Bank 1.50% 6/15/2032	6,160	6,700
European Investment Bank 2.875% 1/15/2035	2,810	3,256
European Union 0% 3/4/2026	3,590	4,206
European Union 2.875% 12/6/2027	3,590	4,270
European Union 0% 6/2/2028	19,680	21,937
European Union 2.625% 7/4/2028	8,820	10,446
European Union 0% 10/4/2028	800	883
European Union 2.875% 10/5/2029	1,110	1,323
European Union 2.50% 10/14/2030	9,809	11,463
European Union 0% 7/4/2031	4,680	4,753
European Union 2.75% 12/13/2032	10,057	11,725
European Union 0% 7/4/2035	1,355	1,179
European Union 3.375% 12/12/2035	69,240	82,578
European Union 3.625% 12/12/2040	64,260	75,280
European Union 3.75% 10/12/2045	6,016	6,976
European Union 2.625% 2/4/2048	400	382
European Union 3.375% 10/5/2054	3,440	3,582
European Union 4.00% 10/12/2055	14,755	17,108
Finland (Republic of) 2.50% 4/15/2030	290	341
Finland (Republic of) 3.00% 9/15/2034	360	421
Finland (Republic of) 3.20% 4/15/2045	140	154
Finland (Republic of) 2.95% 4/15/2055	120	119
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 3.622% 7/27/2028	9,850	11,668
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 5.125% 2/20/2029	640	789
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 4.445% 2/14/2030	1,200	1,444
French Republic O.A.T. 0% 2/25/2027	2,000	2,294
French Republic O.A.T. 2.40% 9/24/2028	5,920	6,953
French Republic O.A.T. 2.75% 2/25/2029	6,350	7,519
French Republic O.A.T. 0% 11/25/2030	75,900	77,913
French Republic O.A.T. 0% 11/25/2031	1,140	1,128
French Republic O.A.T. 0% 5/25/2032	320	310
French Republic O.A.T. 2.00% 11/25/2032	14,305	15,643
French Republic O.A.T. 3.00% 5/25/2033	2,845	3,297
French Republic O.A.T. 1.25% 5/25/2034	71,360	71,035
French Republic O.A.T. 3.00% 11/25/2034	32,700	37,194
French Republic O.A.T. 3.20% 5/25/2035	390	448
French Republic O.A.T. 1.25% 5/25/2038	490	431
French Republic O.A.T. 0.50% 5/25/2040	5,600	4,110

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>Euros (continued)</b>		
French Republic O.A.T. 4.50% 4/25/2041	EUR60	\$ 75
French Republic O.A.T. 2.50% 5/25/2043	1,360	1,283
French Republic O.A.T. 0.75% 5/25/2052	1,360	699
French Republic O.A.T. 0.75% 5/25/2053	80	40
French Republic O.A.T. 3.00% 5/25/2054	1,000	905
French Republic O.A.T. 3.25% 5/25/2055	410	388
French Republic O.A.T. 3.75% 5/25/2056	4,010	4,150
French Republic O.A.T. 1.75% 5/25/2066	150	86
French Republic O.A.T. 0.50% 5/25/2072	120	35
General Motors Financial Co., Inc. 4.00% 7/10/2030 <sup>(b)</sup>	2,200	2,664
Germany (Federal Republic of) 0% 10/9/2026	1,500	1,737
Germany (Federal Republic of) 0% 4/16/2027	5	6
Germany (Federal Republic of) 2.20% 4/13/2028	8,141	9,581
Germany (Federal Republic of) 2.10% 11/15/2029	17,701	20,623
Germany (Federal Republic of) 0% 8/15/2031	900	921
Germany (Federal Republic of) 0% 2/15/2032	1,470	1,481
Germany (Federal Republic of) 1.70% 8/15/2032	37,465	41,673
Germany (Federal Republic of) 2.30% 2/15/2033	2,000	2,297
Germany (Federal Republic of) 2.20% 2/15/2034	5,000	5,643
Germany (Federal Republic of) 2.50% 2/15/2035	93,710	107,328
Germany (Federal Republic of) 0% 5/15/2036	830	722
Germany (Federal Republic of) 1.00% 5/15/2038	440	407
Germany (Federal Republic of) 2.60% 5/15/2041	1,150	1,248
Germany (Federal Republic of) 3.25% 7/4/2042	320	375
Germany (Federal Republic of) 2.50% 7/4/2044	840	875
Germany (Federal Republic of) 0% 8/15/2050	25,740	13,059
Germany (Federal Republic of) 1.80% 8/15/2053	2,010	1,671
Germany (Federal Republic of) 2.50% 8/15/2054	20	19
Germany (Federal Republic of) 2.90% 8/15/2056	7,960	8,343
Greece (Hellenic Republic of) 3.875% 6/15/2028	9,760	11,897
Greece (Hellenic Republic of) 1.50% 6/18/2030	4,320	4,843
Greece (Hellenic Republic of) 0.75% 6/18/2031	9,150	9,638
Greece (Hellenic Republic of) 4.25% 6/15/2033	190	239
Greece (Hellenic Republic of) 3.625% 6/15/2035	12,240	14,607
Greece (Hellenic Republic of) 4.375% 7/18/2038	1,250	1,573
Greece (Hellenic Republic of) 4.125% 6/15/2054	5,540	6,356
Heathrow Funding, Ltd. 4.50% 7/11/2035	1,400	1,734
Heineken NV 4.125% 3/23/2035	970	1,182
Honeywell International, Inc. 0.75% 3/10/2032	1,990	2,010
Hungary (Republic of) 5.375% 9/12/2033	600	757
Hungary (Republic of) 4.875% 3/22/2040	1,465	1,718
ING Groep NV 5.25% 11/14/2033 (3-month EUR-EURIBOR + 2.15% on 11/14/2032) <sup>(a)</sup>	6,100	7,918
Intesa Sanpaolo SpA 5.625% 3/8/2033	3,000	3,968
Ireland (Republic of) 0.20% 5/15/2027	30	34
Ireland (Republic of) 2.60% 10/18/2034	3,840	4,373
Ireland (Republic of) 3.00% 10/18/2043	6,740	7,425
Ireland (Republic of) 1.50% 5/15/2050	795	614
Ireland (Republic of) 3.15% 10/18/2055	290	304
Italy (Republic of) 0.25% 3/15/2028	9,370	10,539
Italy (Republic of) 2.65% 6/15/2028	1,140	1,349
Italy (Republic of) 2.80% 12/1/2028	28,044	33,337
Italy (Republic of) 3.35% 7/1/2029	3,080	3,715
Italy (Republic of) 2.95% 7/1/2030	620	736
Italy (Republic of) 2.70% 10/1/2030	10,495	12,299
Italy (Republic of) 3.50% 2/15/2031	650	788
Italy (Republic of) 3.45% 7/15/2031	780	943
Italy (Republic of) 3.15% 11/15/2031	130	154
Italy (Republic of) 3.25% 11/15/2032	22,010	26,077
Italy (Republic of) 2.50% 12/1/2032	90	102
Italy (Republic of) 4.20% 3/1/2034	10,813	13,545
Italy (Republic of) 3.65% 8/1/2035	26,990	32,221
Italy (Republic of) 3.60% 10/1/2035	320	380
Italy (Republic of) 1.45% 3/1/2036	4,680	4,539
Italy (Republic of) 3.85% 10/1/2040	15,030	17,574
Italy (Republic of) 4.45% 9/1/2043	2,040	2,516
Italy (Republic of) 4.10% 4/30/2046	710	832
Italy (Republic of) 4.30% 10/1/2054	34,280	39,987
Italy (Republic of) 4.65% 10/1/2055	380	466

## Bonds, notes &amp; other debt instruments (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>Euros (continued)</b>		
Italy (Republic of) 2.80% 3/1/2067	EUR 90	\$ 75
Italy (Republic of) 2.15% 3/1/2072	60	42
Johnson & Johnson 3.35% 2/26/2037	2,550	2,936
Johnson Controls International PLC 3.125% 12/11/2033	2,000	2,275
Lithuania (Republic of) 3.50% 7/3/2031	4,910	5,900
Lithuania (Republic of) 2.125% 6/1/2032	18,000	19,872
Lithuania (Republic of) 4.25% 9/10/2045	3,325	3,836
Lloyds Banking Group PLC 3.875% 5/14/2032 (1-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 1.18% on 5/14/2031) <sup>(a)</sup>	438	528
Luxembourg (Grand Duchy of) 0% 9/14/2032	271	264
Magyar Export-Import Bank 6.00% 5/16/2029	3,130	3,945
McDonalds Corp. 4.00% 3/7/2030 <sup>(b)</sup>	1,100	1,343
Medtronic Global Holdings SCA 1.00% 7/2/2031	7,720	8,110
Ministeries Van de Vlaamse Gemeenschap 2.375% 11/27/2028	800	937
Morocco (Kingdom of) 4.75% 4/2/2035	900	1,081
Nasdaq, Inc. 4.50% 2/15/2032	2,730	3,398
NatWest Group PLC 0.78% 2/26/2030 (3-month EUR-EURIBOR + 0.949% on 2/26/2029) <sup>(a)</sup>	8,365	9,176
NatWest Group PLC 1.043% 9/14/2032 (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 1.27% on 9/14/2027) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,190	1,359
Netherlands (Kingdom of the) 2.50% 7/15/2035	680	769
Netherlands (Kingdom of the) 3.75% 1/15/2042	150	185
Netherlands (Kingdom of the) 3.25% 1/15/2044	240	276
Netherlands (Kingdom of the) 2.75% 1/15/2047	180	189
Netherlands (Kingdom of the) 2.00% 1/15/2054	260	221
Netherlands (Kingdom of the) 3.50% 1/15/2056	70	81
Ontario (Province of) 3.25% 7/3/2035	12,710	14,788
Orange 2.00% 1/15/2029	400	461
Orange 3.50% 5/19/2035	10,700	12,411
Orange 3.875% 9/11/2035	6,100	7,270
Philip Morris International, Inc. 2.75% 6/6/2029	970	1,133
Philip Morris International, Inc. 3.75% 1/15/2031	1,700	2,044
Philip Morris International, Inc. 0.80% 8/1/2031	4,800	4,922
Philippines (Republic of) 0.70% 2/3/2029	3,480	3,826
Piraeus Bank SA 6.75% 12/5/2029 (1-year EUR Mid-Swap + 3.837% on 12/5/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,460	3,186
Piraeus Bank SA 5.00% 4/16/2030 (1-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 2.245% on 4/16/2029) <sup>(a)</sup>	3,930	4,882
Portugal Republic 1.95% 6/15/2029	60	70
Portugal Republic 3.875% 2/15/2030	320	398
Portugal (Republic of) 0.475% 10/18/2030	2,150	2,301
Portugal Republic 2.875% 10/20/2034	1,280	1,484
Portugal (Republic of) 3.00% 6/15/2035	4,620	5,367
Portugal (Republic of) 3.50% 6/18/2038	5,040	5,962
Portugal (Republic of) 3.375% 6/15/2040	4,310	4,954
Portugal (Republic of) 3.625% 6/12/2054	5,230	5,763
Prologis Euro Finance, LLC 3.875% 1/31/2030	175	212
Prologis Euro Finance, LLC 4.625% 5/23/2033	425	532
Prologis Euro Finance, LLC 4.25% 1/31/2043	1,600	1,814
Prysmian SpA 3.875% 11/28/2031	3,000	3,613
Quebec (Province of) 3.35% 7/23/2039	8,290	9,386
Romania (Republic of) 5.375% 3/22/2031	900	1,102
Romania (Republic of) 5.625% 5/30/2037	1,516	1,741
Romania (Republic of) 5.625% 5/30/2037	735	844
Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of) 3.75% 3/5/2037	2,960	3,425
Senegal (Republic of) 5.375% 6/8/2037	260	167
Severn Trent Utilities Finance PLC 4.00% 3/5/2034	3,340	4,017
Severn Trent Utilities Finance PLC 3.875% 8/4/2035	5,302	6,219
Spain (Kingdom of) 0% 1/31/2027	7,212	8,287
Spain (Kingdom of) 0.80% 7/30/2027	13,890	15,998
Spain (Kingdom of) 0% 1/31/2028	2,370	2,664
Spain (Kingdom of) 2.40% 5/31/2028	710	837
Spain (Kingdom of) 1.40% 7/30/2028	3,575	4,112
Spain (Kingdom of) 1.45% 4/30/2029	10,215	11,652
Spain (Kingdom of) 2.70% 1/31/2030	1,800	2,128
Spain (Kingdom of) 1.25% 10/31/2030	1,381	1,523
Spain (Kingdom of) 0.70% 4/30/2032	2,073	2,138
Spain (Kingdom of) 3.00% 1/31/2033	690	813
Spain (Kingdom of) 3.15% 4/30/2033	8,820	10,476
Spain (Kingdom of) 3.55% 10/31/2033	26,101	31,718
Spain (Kingdom of) 3.25% 4/30/2034	4,410	5,228
Spain (Kingdom of) 3.45% 10/31/2034	1,100	1,319
Spain (Kingdom of) 3.20% 10/31/2035	2,085	2,434

**Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)**

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>Euros (continued)</b>		
Spain (Kingdom of) 3.90% 7/30/2039	EUR 3,942	\$ 4,775
Spain (Kingdom of) 3.50% 1/31/2041	860	985
Spain (Kingdom of) 3.45% 7/30/2043	1,365	1,528
Spain (Kingdom of) 2.70% 10/31/2048	5,875	5,639
Spain (Kingdom of) 1.90% 10/31/2052	2,680	2,057
Spain (Kingdom of) 4.00% 10/31/2054	1,960	2,260
State Grid Overseas Investment (2016), Ltd. 2.125% 5/2/2030	800	915
Stryker Corp. 0.75% 3/1/2029	5,230	5,776
Stryker Corp. 1.00% 12/3/2031	2,410	2,496
Takeda Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. 0.75% 7/9/2027	3,230	3,696
T-Mobile USA, Inc. 3.85% 5/8/2036	1,400	1,644
T-Mobile USA, Inc. 3.50% 2/11/2037	1,180	1,331
T-Mobile USA, Inc. 3.80% 2/11/2045	840	896
Treasury Corp. of Victoria 3.625% 9/29/2040	12,420	14,319
United Mexican States 3.50% 9/19/2029	4,390	5,152
United Mexican States 4.50% 3/19/2034	595	700
Verallia SAS 3.875% 11/4/2032	33,900	38,877
Verizon Communications, Inc. 1.25% 4/8/2030	6,000	6,555
Verizon Communications, Inc. 3.25% 10/29/2032	2,500	2,904
Verizon Communications, Inc. 4.75% 10/31/2034	1,760	2,230
Verizon Communications, Inc. 3.75% 2/28/2036	790	920
Verizon Communications, Inc. 3.75% 8/6/2037	1,700	1,947
Wells Fargo & Co. 3.90% 7/22/2032 (3-month EUR-EURIBOR + 1.22% on 7/22/2031) <sup>(a)(b)</sup>	1,170	1,409
		<u>1,867,170</u>

**Japanese yen 6.41%**

Indonesia (Republic of), Series 20, 0.57% 5/27/2026	JPY700,000	4,457
Indonesia (Republic of), Series 31, 0.99% 5/27/2027	1,900,000	12,038
Indonesia (Republic of), Series 32, 1.33% 5/25/2029	2,000,000	12,459
Japan, Series 346, 0.10% 3/20/2027	2,907,900	18,377
Japan, Series 347, 0.10% 6/20/2027	1,000,000	6,298
Japan, Series 474, 0.70% 7/1/2027	5,293,850	33,621
Japan, Series 352, 0.10% 9/20/2028	19,914,050	123,343
Japan, Series 358, 0.10% 3/20/2030	1,035,600	6,243
Japan, Series 26, 0.005% 3/10/2031 <sup>(c)</sup>	1,342,019	8,807
Japan, Series 362, 0.10% 3/20/2031	902,700	5,341
Japan, Series 363, 0.10% 6/20/2031	500,000	2,944
Japan, Series 374, 0.80% 3/20/2034	500,000	2,929
Japan, Series 30, 0.005% 3/10/2035 <sup>(c)</sup>	4,330,581	26,977
Japan, Series 152, 1.20% 3/20/2035	9,261,650	55,220
Japan, Series 161, 0.60% 6/20/2037	1,581,700	8,447
Japan, Series 162, 0.60% 9/20/2037	2,020,000	10,715
Japan, Series 173, 0.40% 6/20/2040	2,385,650	11,292
Japan, Series 176, 0.50% 3/20/2041	741,900	3,482
Japan, Series 182, 1.10% 9/20/2042	4,065,000	20,303
Japan, Series 185, 1.10% 6/20/2043	942,700	4,624
Japan, Series 186, 1.50% 9/20/2043	6,419,100	33,560
Japan, Series 187, 1.30% 12/20/2043	523,600	2,631
Japan, Series 188, 1.60% 3/20/2044	500,000	2,630
Japan, Series 192, 2.40% 3/20/2045	9,818,200	58,046
Japan, Series 53, 0.60% 12/20/2046	6,486,800	26,026
Japan, Series 37, 0.60% 6/20/2050	5,218,850	18,484
Japan, Series 70, 0.70% 3/20/2051	2,521,150	8,918
Japan, Series 73, 0.70% 12/20/2051	6,513,600	22,501
Japan, Series 74, 1.00% 3/20/2052	1,353,400	5,094
Japan, Series 76, 1.40% 9/20/2052	105,000	438
Japan, Series 77, 1.60% 12/20/2052	1,165,600	5,113
Japan, Series 79, 1.20% 6/20/2053	1,805,700	7,063
Japan, Series 81, 1.60% 12/20/2053	2,352,150	10,209
Japan, Series 84, 2.10% 9/20/2054	9,346,600	45,786
Japan, Series 85, 2.30% 12/20/2054	500,000	2,565
Japan, Series 86, 2.40% 3/20/2055	720,600	3,780
Japan, Series 13, 0.50% 3/20/2060	60,000	166
Japan, Series 18, 3.10% 3/20/2065	33,000	193
		<u>631,120</u>

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>British pounds 3.40%</b>		
Banco Santander, SA 5.50% 6/11/2029	GBP 7,600	\$ 10,592
Credit Agricole SA 5.375% 1/15/2029 (1-year GBP-GILT + 1.65% on 1/15/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	5,900	8,102
Dexia 4.125% 7/22/2027	2,200	2,969
Electricite de France SA 5.50% 3/27/2037	6,000	7,829
Flutter Treasury DAC 6.125% 6/4/2031	225	306
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 5.625% 10/9/2028	4,280	5,833
Lloyds Banking Group PLC 2.707% 12/3/2035 (5-year GBP-GILT + 2.40% on 12/3/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	7,000	8,468
Oesterreichische Kontrollbank Aktiengesellschaft 4.50% 10/22/2029	600	822
Quebec (Province of) 2.25% 9/15/2026	18,480	24,638
United Kingdom 1.25% 7/22/2027	16,940	22,010
United Kingdom 4.25% 12/7/2027	9,590	13,076
United Kingdom 4.50% 6/7/2028	8,145	11,169
United Kingdom 1.625% 10/22/2028	20,610	26,284
United Kingdom 4.125% 7/22/2029	13,700	18,634
United Kingdom 0.875% 10/22/2029	660	800
United Kingdom 4.375% 3/7/2030	3,150	4,318
United Kingdom 0.25% 7/31/2031	13,940	15,366
United Kingdom 1.00% 1/31/2032	45,590	51,335
United Kingdom 4.25% 6/7/2032	9,100	12,382
United Kingdom 3.25% 1/31/2033	4,230	5,357
United Kingdom 4.50% 3/7/2035	310	419
United Kingdom 0.625% 7/31/2035	1,708	1,619
United Kingdom 4.75% 10/22/2035	1,310	1,794
United Kingdom 3.75% 1/29/2038	2,320	2,842
United Kingdom 1.125% 1/31/2039	1,200	1,048
United Kingdom 4.375% 1/31/2040	780	997
United Kingdom 1.25% 10/22/2041	550	443
United Kingdom 4.75% 10/22/2043	470	609
United Kingdom 1.75% 1/22/2049	610	447
United Kingdom 0.625% 10/22/2050	260	129
United Kingdom 1.25% 7/31/2051	24,790	14,828
United Kingdom 1.50% 7/31/2053	440	273
United Kingdom 3.75% 10/22/2053	390	413
United Kingdom 4.375% 7/31/2054	33,090	39,114
United Kingdom 5.375% 1/31/2056	700	971
United Kingdom 1.75% 7/22/2057	600	381
United Kingdom 0.50% 10/22/2061	1,440	509
United Kingdom 4.00% 10/22/2063	420	456
United Kingdom 2.50% 7/22/2065	22,070	16,619
United Kingdom 3.50% 7/22/2068	170	166
United Kingdom 1.625% 10/22/2071	200	111
United Kingdom 1.125% 10/22/2073	90	39
Volkswagen International Finance NV 3.375% 11/16/2026	700	938
		<u>335,455</u>
<b>Brazilian reais 2.49%</b>		
Brazil (Federative Republic of) 0% 1/1/2026	BRL756,229	137,928
Brazil (Federative Republic of) 10.00% 1/1/2027	2,865	507
Brazil (Federative Republic of) 10.00% 1/1/2029	10,300	1,740
Brazil (Federative Republic of) 0% 1/1/2030	27,800	3,079
Brazil (Federative Republic of) 10.00% 1/1/2031	77,885	12,490
Brazil (Federative Republic of) 10.00% 1/1/2033	20,000	3,076
Brazil (Federative Republic of) 10.00% 1/1/2035	373,700	55,918
Brazil (Federative Republic of) 6.00% 8/15/2040 <sup>(c)</sup>	12,457	2,031
Brazil (Federative Republic of) 6.00% 8/15/2050 <sup>(c)</sup>	168,601	26,798
Brazil (Federative Republic of) 6.00% 8/15/2060 <sup>(c)</sup>	12,457	1,948
		<u>245,515</u>
<b>Chinese yuan renminbi 2.11%</b>		
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 1.49% 12/25/2031	CNY265,000	37,465
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 2.69% 8/12/2026	99,400	14,348
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 2.48% 4/15/2027	420	61
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 2.37% 1/15/2029	12,000	1,766
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 3.13% 11/21/2029	75,090	11,436
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 2.75% 2/17/2032	47,600	7,223

**Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)**

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>Chinese yuan renminbi (continued)</b>		
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 1.57% 5/15/2032	CNY 233,950	\$ 33,146
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 2.88% 2/25/2033	42,140	6,504
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 2.67% 11/25/2033	36,000	5,486
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 2.27% 5/25/2034	269,110	39,830
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 2.33% 8/15/2044	39,000	5,579
China (People's Republic of), Series 1910, 3.86% 7/22/2049	13,170	2,393
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 3.39% 3/16/2050	16,400	2,790
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 3.19% 4/15/2053	57,240	9,558
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 3.00% 10/15/2053	13,010	2,107
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 2.47% 7/25/2054	1,710	250
China (People's Republic of), Series INBK, 1.92% 1/15/2055	198,520	26,229
China Development Bank Corp., Series 2004, 3.43% 1/14/2027	9,380	1,368
		<u>207,539</u>

**Australian dollars 1.85%**

Australia (Commonwealth of), Series 157, 1.50% 6/21/2031	AUD 20,000	11,515
Australia (Commonwealth of), Series 1.25% 5/21/2032	2,800	1,540
Australia (Commonwealth of), Series 166, 3.00% 11/21/2033	4,849	2,899
Australia (Commonwealth of), Series 167, 3.75% 5/21/2034	36,250	22,716
Australia (Commonwealth of), Series 3.50% 12/21/2034	11,350	6,924
Australia (Commonwealth of), Series 1.75% 6/21/2051	884	302
New South Wales Treasury Corp. 4.25% 2/20/2036	44,039	26,914
New South Wales Treasury Corp. 5.25% 2/24/2038	28,089	18,246
Suncorp Group, Ltd. (3-month AUD-BBSW + 2.65%) 6.319% 12/1/2038 <sup>(d)</sup>	450	312
Treasury Corp. of Victoria 5.50% 9/15/2039	139,688	91,013
		<u>182,381</u>

**South Korean won 1.44%**

South Korea (Republic of), Series 2712, 2.375% 12/10/2027	KRW 28,587,150	19,672
South Korea (Republic of), Series 3106, 2.00% 6/10/2031	5,250,000	3,410
South Korea (Republic of), Series 3212, 4.25% 12/10/2032	117,729,040	86,116
South Korea (Republic of), Series 3506, 2.625% 6/10/2035	8,000,000	5,218
South Korea (Republic of), Series 3512, 3.25% 12/10/2035	36,660,440	25,267
South Korea (Republic of), Series 4409, 2.875% 9/10/2044	2,000,000	1,296
South Korea (Republic of), Series 6809, 2.00% 9/10/2068	2,000,000	1,010
		<u>141,989</u>

**Hungarian forints 1.31%**

Hungary (Republic of) 2.00% 5/23/2029	HUF 281,130	752
Hungary (Republic of) 3.00% 8/21/2030	19,100,420	50,717
Hungary (Republic of) 6.75% 7/23/2031	2,014,450	6,253
Hungary (Republic of) 3.25% 10/22/2031	1,901,750	4,948
Hungary (Republic of) 4.50% 5/27/2032	11,705,590	32,069
Hungary (Republic of) 4.75% 11/24/2032	11,570,450	31,879
Hungary (Republic of) 7.00% 10/24/2035	680,240	2,109
		<u>128,727</u>

**Malaysian ringgits 1.29%**

Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0218, 4.369% 10/31/2028	MYR 2,545	648
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0125, 3.336% 5/15/2030	2,000	495
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0122, 3.582% 7/15/2032	9,000	2,244
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0419, 3.828% 7/5/2034	51,373	12,982
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0317, 4.762% 4/7/2037	15,220	4,137
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0124, 4.054% 4/18/2039	43,036	10,923
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0219, 4.467% 9/15/2039	5,000	1,332
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0519, 3.757% 5/22/2040	10,030	2,464
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0221, 4.417% 9/30/2041	18,546	4,906
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0223, 4.291% 8/14/2043	62,296	16,211
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0224, 4.18% 5/16/2044	250,980	64,474
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0417, 4.895% 5/8/2047	8,880	2,509

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>Malaysian ringgits (continued)</b>		
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0120, 4.065% 6/15/2050	MYR 2,750	\$ 691
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 022, 5.357% 5/15/2052	6,000	1,825
Malaysia (Federation of), Series 0123, 4.457% 3/31/2053	3,500	934
		<u>126,775</u>
<b>Indian rupees 1.16%</b>		
Asian Development Bank 6.72% 2/8/2028	INR918,700	10,265
European Bank for Reconstruction and Development 5.25% 1/12/2027	516,700	5,654
European Bank for Reconstruction and Development 6.30% 10/26/2027	215,800	2,404
European Bank for Reconstruction and Development 6.75% 1/13/2032	3,739,700	41,582
European Investment Bank 6.95% 3/1/2029	378,300	4,248
European Investment Bank 7.40% 10/23/2033	1,194,200	13,743
Export-Import Bank of Korea 7.40% 2/5/2030	17,500	197
Export-Import Bank of Korea 8.10% 10/16/2030	33,100	380
India (Republic of) 7.18% 7/24/2037	105,790	1,207
India (Republic of) 7.06% 10/10/2046	231,870	2,537
India (Republic of) 7.30% 6/19/2053	510,030	5,692
Inter-American Development Bank 7.35% 10/6/2030	186,000	2,123
Inter-American Development Bank 7.00% 4/17/2033	702,000	7,947
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development 6.75% 9/8/2027	802,400	8,962
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development 6.85% 4/24/2028	207,000	2,301
Korea Development Bank 6.75% 7/1/2030	465,000	5,128
		<u>114,370</u>
<b>Canadian dollars 0.65%</b>		
Canada (Government) 3.00% 2/1/2027	CAD 3,000	2,199
Canada (Government) 3.50% 3/1/2028	60,003	44,500
Canada (Government) 2.75% 12/1/2048	22,100	13,525
Canada (Government) 2.75% 12/1/2055	1,000	587
Canada Housing Trust 2.85% 6/15/2030	2,980	2,156
Ontario (Province of) 3.95% 12/2/2035	1,500	1,099
		<u>64,066</u>
<b>Danish kroner 0.58%</b>		
Denmark (Kingdom of) 2.25% 11/15/2033	DKK 1,650	254
Denmark (Kingdom of) 4.50% 11/15/2039	830	154
Denmark (Kingdom of) 0.25% 11/15/2052	590	45
Nykredit Realkredit AS, Series 01E, 2.00% 10/1/2037 <sup>(e)</sup>	12,573	1,905
Nykredit Realkredit AS, Series 01E, 1.50% 10/1/2040 <sup>(e)</sup>	80,282	11,499
Nykredit Realkredit AS, Series 01E, 0.50% 10/1/2043 <sup>(e)</sup>	201,212	26,019
Nykredit Realkredit AS, Series 01E, 2.50% 10/1/2047 <sup>(e)</sup>	6,528	954
Nykredit Realkredit AS, Series CCE, 1.00% 10/1/2050 <sup>(e)</sup>	47,587	5,832
Nykredit Realkredit AS, Series 01E, 1.00% 10/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	66,598	8,074
Realkredit Danmark AS 1.00% 10/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	18,193	2,208
		<u>56,944</u>
<b>Indonesian rupiah 0.53%</b>		
Indonesia (Republic of), Series FR64, 6.125% 5/15/2028	IDR2,386,000	146
Indonesia (Republic of), Series FR71, 9.00% 3/15/2029	170,772,000	11,324
Indonesia (Republic of) 6.875% 4/15/2029	40,000,000	2,503
Indonesia (Republic of) 8.25% 5/15/2029	65,342,000	4,254
Indonesia (Republic of) 6.375% 4/15/2032	28,868,000	1,769
Indonesia (Republic of), Series FR96, 7.00% 2/15/2033	258,118,000	16,305
Indonesia (Republic of), Series FR100, 6.625% 2/15/2034	160,502,000	9,962
Indonesia (Republic of), Series FR68, 8.375% 3/15/2034	29,000	2
Indonesia (Republic of), Series 103, 6.75% 7/15/2035	7,869,000	497
Indonesia (Republic of) 7.125% 6/15/2038	20,274,000	1,297
Indonesia (Republic of) 8.375% 4/15/2039	43,000,000	3,013
Indonesia (Republic of) 7.125% 6/15/2042	16,300,000	1,037
		<u>52,109</u>

**Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)**

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>Mexican pesos 0.46%</b>		
America Movil, SAB de CV, 10.125% 1/22/2029	MXN 41,210	\$ 2,363
America Movil, SAB de CV, 9.50% 1/27/2031	299,500	16,944
America Movil, SAB de CV, 10.30% 1/30/2034	141,920	8,328
America Movil, SAB de CV, 8.46% 12/18/2036	15,000	749
United Mexican States, Series M, 7.50% 6/3/2027	1,700	94
United Mexican States, Series M20, 8.50% 5/31/2029	50,880	2,851
United Mexican States, Series M, 7.75% 5/29/2031	36,621	1,961
United Mexican States, Series S, 2.75% 11/27/2031 <sup>(e)</sup>	31,215	1,570
United Mexican States, Series M, 7.50% 5/26/2033	35,570	1,839
United Mexican States, Series M30, 10.00% 11/20/2036	10,705	633
United Mexican States, Series M, 7.75% 11/13/2042	76,290	3,626
United Mexican States, Series M, 8.00% 11/7/2047	17,491	837
United Mexican States, Series M, 8.00% 7/31/2053	69,670	3,304
		<u>45,099</u>
<b>Colombian pesos 0.35%</b>		
Colombia (Republic of), Series B, 7.00% 3/26/2031	COP26,334,400	5,452
Colombia (Republic of), Series B, 7.00% 6/30/2032	643,700	127
Colombia (Republic of), Series B, 13.25% 2/9/2033	2,400,400	641
Colombia (Republic of), Series B, 7.25% 10/18/2034	96,776,000	18,236
Colombia (Republic of), Series B, 11.75% 1/24/2035	41,249,200	10,206
		<u>34,662</u>
<b>Norwegian kroner 0.30%</b>		
Norway (Kingdom of) 3.625% 4/13/2034	NOK222,720	21,396
Norway (Kingdom of) 3.75% 6/12/2035	87,140	8,381
		<u>29,777</u>
<b>Polish zloty 0.24%</b>		
Poland (Republic of), Series 1029, 2.75% 10/25/2029	PLN 26,990	7,128
Poland (Republic of), Series 0432, 1.75% 4/25/2032	6,166	1,448
Poland (Republic of), Series 1033, 6.00% 10/25/2033	44,930	13,391
Poland (Republic of), Series 1034, 5.00% 10/25/2034	5,017	1,393
		<u>23,360</u>
<b>New Zealand dollars 0.19%</b>		
New Zealand 4.50% 5/15/2035	NZD 654	379
New Zealand 4.25% 5/15/2036	22,075	12,446
New Zealand 3.25% 9/20/2050 <sup>(e)</sup>	9,224	5,466
New Zealand 5.00% 5/15/2054	192	108
		<u>18,399</u>
<b>Philippine pesos 0.16%</b>		
Asian Development Bank 5.25% 4/29/2035	PHP312,000	5,225
Philippines (Republic of) 6.75% 9/15/2032	559,970	9,959
Philippines (Republic of) 6.375% 4/28/2035	39,000	680
		<u>15,864</u>
<b>South African rand 0.16%</b>		
South Africa (Republic of), Series R-2030, 8.00% 1/31/2030	ZAR 11,548	713
South Africa (Republic of), Series R-213, 7.00% 2/28/2031	6,000	354
South Africa (Republic of), Series R-2032, 8.25% 3/31/2032	16,952	1,048
South Africa (Republic of), Series R-2035, 8.875% 2/28/2035	68,820	4,330
South Africa (Republic of), Series R-2040, 9.00% 1/31/2040	37,345	2,261
South Africa (Republic of), Series R-214, 6.50% 2/28/2041	15,385	737
South Africa (Republic of), Series R-2048, 8.75% 2/28/2048	107,020	6,216
		<u>15,659</u>

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>Czech korunas 0.12%</b>		
Czech Republic 6.00% 2/26/2026	CZK163,430	\$ 7,984
Czech Republic 0.95% 5/15/2030	16,950	726
Czech Republic 1.20% 3/13/2031	28,560	1,204
Czech Republic 1.75% 6/23/2032	15,900	666
Czech Republic 4.90% 4/14/2034	23,470	1,176
Czech Republic 1.95% 7/30/2037	9,140	337
		<u>12,093</u>
<b>Thai baht 0.12%</b>		
Thailand (Kingdom of) 1.66% 3/17/2030	THB 20,000	647
Thailand (Kingdom of) 3.35% 6/17/2033	26,000	940
Thailand (Kingdom of) 1.585% 12/17/2035	88,000	2,791
Thailand (Kingdom of) 2.00% 6/17/2042	20,009	622
Thailand (Kingdom of) 3.45% 6/17/2043	79,264	2,944
Thailand (Kingdom of) 2.875% 6/17/2046	8,967	311
Thailand (Kingdom of) 4.00% 6/17/2055	81,000	3,419
		<u>11,674</u>
<b>Chilean pesos 0.11%</b>		
Chile (Republic of) 4.70% 9/1/2030	CLP2,480,000	2,707
Chile (Republic of) 6.00% 4/1/2033	7,000,000	8,109
		<u>10,816</u>
<b>Turkish lira 0.07%</b>		
Turkey (Republic of), Series 2Y, 36.00% 8/12/2026	TRY143,370	3,368
Turkey (Republic of) 41.48% 6/16/2027 <sup>(d)</sup>	53,960	1,275
Turkey (Republic of), Series 5Y, 17.30% 7/19/2028	84,460	1,510
Turkey (Republic of), Series 5Y, 31.08% 11/8/2028	25,900	599
		<u>6,752</u>
<b>Egyptian pounds 0.04%</b>		
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 25.318% 8/13/2027	EGP100,903	2,182
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 24.458% 10/1/2027	94,950	2,041
		<u>4,223</u>
<b>Peruvian nuevos soles 0.03%</b>		
Peru (Republic of) 6.85% 8/12/2035	PEN 8,172	2,618
Peru (Republic of) 7.60% 8/12/2039	1,002	326
		<u>2,944</u>
<b>Romanian leu 0.02%</b>		
Romania (Republic of) 7.20% 5/31/2027	RON 6,700	1,564
<b>Kazakhstani tenge 0.01%</b>		
Development Bank of Kazakhstan JSC 10.95% 5/6/2026	KZT500,000	970
Development Bank of Kazakhstan JSC 18.40% 10/16/2028	145,000	296
		<u>1,266</u>
<b>Swedish kronor 0.00%</b>		
Sweden (Kingdom of) 2.25% 5/11/2035	SEK 1,990	207
Sweden (Kingdom of) 1.375% 6/23/2071	540	33
		<u>240</u>

**Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)**

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>Ukrainian hryvnia 0.00%</b>		
Ukraine 15.09% 2/4/2026	UAH1,747	\$ 41
Ukraine 15.20% 4/29/2026	1,770	41
Ukraine 15.10% 6/24/2026	1,298	29
		<u>111</u>
<b>U.S. dollars 48.00%</b>		
1261229 B.C., Ltd. 10.00% 4/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	USD2,107	2,193
AbbVie, Inc. 5.05% 3/15/2034	12,931	13,293
AbbVie, Inc. 5.40% 3/15/2054	3,302	3,213
ACHD Trust, Series 2025-DS1, Class A, 5.978% 1/9/2034 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	2,396	2,403
ACHV ABS Trust, Series 2024-3AL, Class C, 5.68% 12/26/2031 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	372	376
Acushnet Co. 5.625% 12/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	60	61
Adobe, Inc. 2.15% 2/1/2027	6,134	6,034
AECOM 6.00% 8/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	35	36
AEP Transmission Co., LLC 5.375% 6/15/2035	275	284
Aero Capital Solutions, Inc., Term Loan, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 3.00%) 7.61% 11/17/2029 <sup>(d)(f)(g)(h)</sup>	2,799	2,778
Aeropuerto Internacional de Tocumen SA 5.125% 8/11/2061 <sup>(f)</sup>	4,875	3,968
AG Issuer, LLC 6.25% 3/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	762	768
AIB Group PLC 5.871% 3/28/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.91% on 3/28/2034) <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	8,388	8,869
Aimbridge Acquisition Co., Inc., Term Loan, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 5.614%) 9.35% 3/11/2030 <sup>(d)(g)(h)</sup>	36	36
Aimbridge Acquisition Co., Inc., Term Loan, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 7.614%) 6.00% PIK and 5.73% Cash 3/11/2030 <sup>(d)(g)(h)(i)</sup>	34	34
Albertsons Cos., Inc. 3.50% 3/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	645	620
Albertsons Cos., Inc. 5.50% 3/31/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	405	410
Albertsons Cos., Inc. 5.75% 3/31/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	375	377
Albion Financing 1 SARL 7.00% 5/21/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	210
Alera Group Intermediate Holdings, Inc., Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 5.50%) 9.216% 5/30/2033 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	439	448
Alfa Transmisora De Energia SA 4.55% 9/27/2051	9,451	7,640
Alibaba Group Holding, Ltd. 5.25% 5/26/2035	395	412
Alibaba Group Holding, Ltd. 4.00% 12/6/2037	400	368
Alibaba Group Holding, Ltd. 2.70% 2/9/2041	600	441
Alibaba Group Holding, Ltd. 4.20% 12/6/2047	500	415
Alibaba Group Holding, Ltd. 5.625% 11/26/2054	200	203
Allegro CLO, Ltd., Series 2019-1, Class ARR, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.13%) 5.014% 4/20/2032 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	1,842	1,843
Alliance Resource Operating Partners, LP 8.625% 6/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	102	108
Alliant Holdings Intermediate, LLC 5.875% 11/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	588	591
Alliant Holdings Intermediate, LLC 7.00% 1/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	990	1,028
Alliant Holdings Intermediate, LLC 6.50% 10/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	425	439
Alliant Holdings Intermediate, LLC 7.375% 10/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	610	633
Allied Universal Holdco, LLC 4.625% 6/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	550	543
Allied Universal Holdco, LLC 6.00% 6/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	240	238
Allison Transmission, Inc. 5.875% 12/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	70	71
Allwyn Entertainment Financing (UK) PLC 7.875% 4/30/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	208
Altice France 6.50% 4/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	825	791
Amazon.com, Inc. 4.35% 3/20/2033	5,094	5,079
Amazon.com, Inc. 4.65% 11/20/2035	554	552
Amazon.com, Inc. 5.45% 11/20/2055	837	818
Amentum Holdings, Inc. 7.25% 8/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	495	522
American Express Co. 5.532% 4/25/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.09% on 4/25/2029) <sup>(e)</sup>	3,350	3,495
American Express Co. 5.284% 7/26/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.42% on 7/26/2034) <sup>(e)</sup>	675	696
American International Group, Inc. 4.85% 5/7/2030	1,000	1,026
American International Group, Inc. 5.125% 3/27/2033	289	298
American International Group, Inc. 5.45% 5/7/2035	2,749	2,865
American International Group, Inc. 4.375% 6/30/2050	1,773	1,482
AmeriTex HoldCo Intermediate, LLC, 7.625% 8/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	225	238
Amgen, Inc. 2.20% 2/21/2027	1,179	1,157
Amgen, Inc. 2.00% 1/15/2032	5,845	5,094
Amgen, Inc. 4.20% 3/1/2033	2,000	1,956
Amgen, Inc. 5.25% 3/2/2033	13,384	13,859
Amgen, Inc. 5.65% 3/2/2053	10,268	10,061
Amphenol Corp. 4.125% 11/15/2030	3,500	3,483
Amphenol Corp. 4.40% 2/15/2033	2,500	2,474
Amphenol Corp. 4.625% 2/15/2036	2,000	1,960
Amphenol Corp. 5.30% 11/15/2055	727	695
ams-OSRAM AG 12.25% 3/30/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	335	358

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
AMSR Trust, Series 2025-SFR1, Class A, 3.655% 6/17/2042 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	USD3,916	\$ 3,782
Angola (Republic of) 8.25% 5/9/2028	875	881
Angola (Republic of) 8.75% 4/14/2032	780	761
Antero Midstream Partners, LP 5.75% 7/1/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	280	282
Anywhere Real Estate Group, LLC 5.75% 1/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	650	632
Anywhere Real Estate Group, LLC 5.25% 4/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	293	275
Aon Corp. 5.35% 2/28/2033	1,181	1,230
Aon Corp. 3.90% 2/28/2052	1,000	752
Aon North America, Inc. 5.75% 3/1/2054	1,084	1,079
APL Finance, LLC, Series 2025-1A, Class A, 4.81% 3/20/2036 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	301	302
Apollo Aviation Securitization Equity Trust, Series 2025-2A, Class A, 5.522% 2/16/2050 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	5,596	5,641
Apollo Aviation Securitization Equity Trust, Series 2025-1A, Class A, 5.943% 2/16/2050 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	3,056	3,121
Ardonagh Finco, Ltd. 7.75% 2/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	400	420
Ardonagh Group Finance, Ltd. 8.875% 2/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,045	1,090
Aretec Group, Inc. 7.50% 4/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,257	1,268
Aretec Group, Inc. 10.00% 8/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	552	596
Argentine Republic 0.75% 7/9/2030 (1.75% on 7/9/2027) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,589	2,207
Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. 5.00% 2/15/2032	1,500	1,535
Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. 5.15% 2/15/2035	2,500	2,528
Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. 5.55% 2/15/2055	750	720
Ascent Resources Utica Holdings, LLC 5.875% 6/30/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	110	111
Asurion, LLC 8.00% 12/31/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	519
AT&T, Inc. 5.40% 2/15/2034	3,577	3,710
AT&T, Inc. 4.50% 5/15/2035	1,406	1,352
AT&T, Inc. 3.50% 9/15/2053	2,147	1,438
Athene Global Funding 5.543% 8/22/2035 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,361	1,366
Athene Holding, Ltd. 6.625% 5/19/2055	3,000	3,058
ATI, Inc. 7.25% 8/15/2030	810	856
Avantor Funding, Inc. 3.875% 11/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	810	778
Avis Budget Rental Car Funding (AESOP), LLC, Series 2023-2, Class A, 5.20% 10/20/2027 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	11,562	11,640
Avis Budget Rental Car Funding (AESOP), LLC, Series 2023-6, Class A, 5.81% 12/20/2029 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	6,513	6,781
Axon Enterprise, Inc. 6.125% 3/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	355	367
Axon Enterprise, Inc. 6.25% 3/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	775	809
B&G Foods, Inc. 5.25% 9/15/2027	1,150	1,127
B&G Foods, Inc. 8.00% 9/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	615	606
BAE Systems PLC 5.50% 3/26/2054 <sup>(f)</sup>	384	387
Bangkok Bank Public Co., Ltd. 3.733% 9/25/2034 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.90% on 9/25/2029) <sup>(a)</sup>	10,480	9,950
Bangkok Bank Public Co., Ltd. 3.733% 9/25/2034 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.90% on 9/25/2029) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	290	275
Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2023-5YR4, Class AS, 7.274% 12/15/2056 <sup>(d)(e)</sup>	1,412	1,507
Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2025-5YR14, Class AS, 6.072% 4/15/2058 <sup>(d)(e)</sup>	3,141	3,290
Bank Gospodarstwa Krajowego 5.75% 7/9/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,140	2,256
Bank Gospodarstwa Krajowego 6.25% 7/9/2054 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,310	2,404
Bank of America Corp. 1.898% 7/23/2031 (USD-SOFR + 1.53% on 7/23/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	5,557	4,993
Bank of New York Mellon Corp. 4.942% 2/11/2031 (USD-SOFR + 0.887% on 2/11/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	8,228	8,463
BAT Capital Corp. 3.215% 9/6/2026	2	2
BAT Capital Corp. 4.625% 3/22/2033	1,716	1,707
BAT Capital Corp. 6.421% 8/2/2033	1,288	1,423
BAT Capital Corp. 5.625% 8/15/2035	26,699	27,826
BAT Capital Corp. 7.079% 8/2/2043	2,250	2,538
BAT Capital Corp. 5.65% 3/16/2052	600	568
BAT Capital Corp. 6.25% 8/15/2055	211	219
Bath & Body Works, Inc. 6.875% 11/1/2035	83	84
Bath & Body Works, Inc. 6.75% 7/1/2036	115	114
Bausch Health Americas, Inc. 8.50% 1/31/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,240	1,229
Bausch Health Cos., Inc. 4.875% 6/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	134	120
Bausch Health Cos., Inc. 11.00% 9/30/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	204	211
Baxter International, Inc. 2.539% 2/1/2032	7,119	6,205
Baxter International, Inc. 5.65% 12/15/2035	1,485	1,503
BBVA Bancomer SA 8.45% 6/29/2038 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 4.661% on 6/29/2033) <sup>(a)</sup>	20,052	22,190
Beach Acquisition Bidco, LLC 10.75% PIK or 10.00% Cash 7/15/2033 <sup>(f)(i)</sup>	375	414
Belron Finance 2019, LLC, Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.25%) 6.12% 10/16/2031 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	375	378
Benchmark Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-V5, Class AM, 6.417% 1/10/2057 <sup>(d)(e)</sup>	1,244	1,298
Benchmark Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-V5, Class C, 6.972% 1/10/2057 <sup>(d)(e)</sup>	739	760
BHP Billiton Finance (USA), Ltd. 5.30% 2/21/2035	2,320	2,396
BHP Billiton Finance (USA), Ltd. 5.75% 9/5/2055	767	783

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Blackstone Reg Finance Co., LLC 4.95% 2/15/2036	USD1,725	\$ 1,713
Block, Inc. 5.625% 8/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	415	424
Block, Inc. 3.50% 6/1/2031	490	461
Block, Inc. 6.50% 5/15/2032	2,010	2,091
Block, Inc. 6.00% 8/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	95	98
BMO Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-5C8, Class AS, 5.94% 12/15/2057 <sup>(d)(e)</sup>	7,580	7,882
Boeing Co. (The) 2.75% 2/1/2026	9,126	9,116
Boeing Co. (The) 2.196% 2/4/2026	500	499
Boeing Co. (The) 2.70% 2/1/2027	525	518
Boeing Co. (The) 5.04% 5/1/2027	2,099	2,121
Boeing Co. (The) 5.15% 5/1/2030	421	433
Boeing Co. (The) 6.388% 5/1/2031	450	489
Boeing Co. (The) 6.528% 5/1/2034	131	145
Boeing Co. (The) 5.705% 5/1/2040	2,000	2,043
Boeing Co. (The) 5.805% 5/1/2050	1,765	1,739
Boeing Co. (The) 6.858% 5/1/2054	1,144	1,286
Boeing Co. (The) 5.93% 5/1/2060	2,579	2,532
Boeing Co. (The) 7.008% 5/1/2064	1,337	1,525
Borr IHC, Ltd. 10.00% 11/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,016	1,022
Boston Properties, LP 2.90% 3/15/2030	406	381
Boston Properties, LP 3.25% 1/30/2031	173	162
Boston Properties, LP 2.55% 4/1/2032	881	769
Boston Properties, LP 2.45% 10/1/2033	2,737	2,265
Boston Properties, LP 6.50% 1/15/2034	1,276	1,375
Boston Properties, LP 5.75% 1/15/2035	1,555	1,600
Boyd Gaming Corp. 4.75% 6/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	260	254
Boyne USA, Inc. 4.75% 5/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	765	755
BPCE SA 2.045% 10/19/2027 (USD-SOFR + 1.087% on 10/19/2026) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	7,500	7,379
BPCE SA 6.714% 10/19/2029 (USD-SOFR + 2.27% on 10/19/2028) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	3,000	3,184
Braskem Netherlands Finance BV 4.50% 1/10/2028	918	378
Braskem Netherlands Finance BV 4.50% 1/31/2030	21,957	8,599
Braskem Netherlands Finance BV 8.50% 1/12/2031	17,026	6,678
Braskem Netherlands Finance BV 8.50% 1/12/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	3,035	1,190
Braskem Netherlands Finance BV 7.25% 2/13/2033	5,283	2,051
BRAVO Residential Funding Trust, Series 2025-NQM5, Class A1, 5.496% 2/25/2065 (6.496% on 5/1/2027) <sup>(a)(e)(f)</sup>	1,967	1,984
Brazil (Federative Republic of) 5.50% 11/6/2030	2,320	2,360
Bristol-Myers Squibb Co. 5.20% 2/22/2034	19,789	20,578
Bristol-Myers Squibb Co. 5.55% 2/22/2054	1,800	1,769
Broadcom, Inc. 4.00% 4/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	6,163	6,139
Broadcom, Inc. 4.75% 4/15/2029	1,950	1,987
Broadcom, Inc. 5.15% 11/15/2031	2,211	2,295
Broadcom, Inc. 3.469% 4/15/2034	3,875	3,535
Broadcom, Inc. 5.20% 7/15/2035	4,022	4,122
Broadcom, Inc. 4.80% 2/15/2036	974	961
Brown & Brown, Inc. 4.90% 6/23/2030	2,000	2,029
Brown & Brown, Inc. 5.25% 6/23/2032	2,000	2,050
Brown & Brown, Inc. 5.55% 6/23/2035	2,000	2,052
Brown & Brown, Inc. 6.25% 6/23/2055	2,000	2,082
Bulgaria (Republic of) 5.00% 3/5/2037	824	823
BX Trust, Series 2025-BIO3, Class A, 6.138% 2/10/2042 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	5,903	6,066
BX Trust, Series 2025-ARIA, Class A, 5.031% 12/13/2042 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	20,390	20,601
BX Trust, Series 2025-VOLT, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.70%) 5.70% 12/15/2044 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	18,697	18,743
BX Trust, Series 2025-VOLT, Class D, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.75%) 6.75% 12/15/2044 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	10,210	10,239
Caesars Entertainment, Inc. 7.00% 2/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	754	781
Caesars Entertainment, Inc. 6.50% 2/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	315	323
Caesars Entertainment, Inc. 6.00% 10/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	140	136
CaixaBank SA 6.208% 1/18/2029 (USD-SOFR + 2.70% on 1/18/2028) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	7,555	7,857
CaixaBank SA 5.673% 3/15/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.78% on 3/15/2029) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	1,584	1,646
California Resources Corp. 8.25% 6/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	600	628
Calpine Corp. 5.125% 3/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	290	290
Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce 5.245% 1/13/2031 (USD-SOFR + 1.105% on 1/13/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	6,122	6,315
Canadian Pacific Railway Co. 4.80% 3/30/2030	3,557	3,641
Canadian Pacific Railway Co. 5.20% 3/30/2035	546	562
Canadian Pacific Railway Co. 3.00% 12/2/2041	540	405
Canadian Pacific Railway Co. 3.10% 12/2/2051	1,683	1,118
CAN-PACK Spolka Akcyjna 3.875% 11/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	255	244
Capital One Financial Corp. 6.377% 6/8/2034 (USD-SOFR + 2.86% on 6/8/2033) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,040	2,206

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
Capstone Copper Corp. 6.75% 3/31/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	USD 150	\$ 156
Carnival Corp. 5.125% 5/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	80	81
Carnival Corp. 6.125% 2/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	410	424
Carpenter Technology Corp. 5.625% 3/1/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	245	249
Cascade Funding Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-NR1, Class A1, 6.405% 11/25/2029 (9.405% on 11/25/2027) <sup>(a)(e)(f)</sup>	1,105	1,106
Cascade Funding Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-HB15, Class M1, 4.00% 8/25/2034 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	4,092	4,027
Cascade Funding Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-HB15, Class A, 4.00% 8/25/2034 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	598	597
Castlelake Aircraft Securitization Trust, Series 2025-1A, Class A, 5.783% 2/15/2050 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	4,371	4,447
Caturus Energy, LLC 8.50% 2/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	120	125
CCO Holdings, LLC 5.125% 5/1/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	450	450
CCO Holdings, LLC 5.00% 2/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	250	248
CCO Holdings, LLC 4.75% 3/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	495	473
CCO Holdings, LLC 4.50% 8/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	388	366
CCO Holdings, LLC 4.25% 2/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	325	299
CCO Holdings, LLC 4.75% 2/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	816	746
CCO Holdings, LLC 4.50% 5/1/2032	301	270
CCO Holdings, LLC 4.50% 6/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,666	1,460
CCO Holdings, LLC 4.25% 1/15/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,252	1,917
Celanese US Holdings, LLC 7.00% 2/15/2031	100	102
Central Garden & Pet Co. 4.125% 10/15/2030	760	729
Central Garden & Pet Co. 4.125% 4/30/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	300	284
Century Aluminum Co. 6.875% 8/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	175	181
CF Hippolyta, LLC, Series 2020-1, Class A1, 1.69% 7/15/2060 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	3,140	2,668
Charter Communications Operating, LLC 6.65% 2/1/2034	3,257	3,433
Charter Communications Operating, LLC 6.384% 10/23/2035	780	806
Charter Communications Operating, LLC 5.85% 12/1/2035	4,048	4,040
Charter Communications Operating, LLC 4.80% 3/1/2050	2,832	2,129
Charter Communications Operating, LLC 3.70% 4/1/2051	4,203	2,656
Charter Communications Operating, LLC 3.90% 6/1/2052	10,485	6,777
Charter Communications Operating, LLC 5.25% 4/1/2053	4,662	3,693
Charter Communications Operating, LLC 6.70% 12/1/2055	1,143	1,097
Chevron Corp. 3.078% 5/11/2050	2,252	1,530
Chile (Republic of) 4.34% 3/7/2042	715	638
Chile (Republic of) 4.00% 1/31/2052	335	266
China Huaneng Group Co., Ltd. 5.30% perpetual bonds (3-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 3.775% on 7/5/2027) <sup>(e)</sup>	1,925	1,960
China Oil and Gas Group, Ltd. 4.70% 6/30/2026	8,131	8,022
CHS / Community Health Systems, Inc. 6.00% 1/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	300	301
CHS / Community Health Systems, Inc. 10.875% 1/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	324	354
Chubb INA Holdings, LLC 5.00% 3/15/2034	5,902	6,040
Chubb INA Holdings, LLC 4.90% 8/15/2035	2,000	2,010
Cigna Group (The) 5.25% 1/15/2036	3,850	3,922
Cigna Group (The) 6.00% 1/15/2056	575	592
Cikarang Listrindo Tbk PT 5.65% 3/12/2035	200	204
CIM Trust, Series 2025-R1, Class A1, 5.00% 2/25/2099 (8.00% on 3/1/2028) <sup>(e)(e)(f)</sup>	2,657	2,651
Cipher Compute, LLC 7.125% 11/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	250	255
Cisco Systems, Inc. 4.95% 2/26/2031	2,275	2,360
Cisco Systems, Inc. 5.10% 2/24/2035	958	985
Cisco Systems, Inc. 5.30% 2/26/2054	412	395
CITGO Petroleum Corp. 8.375% 1/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	285	297
Citibank, NA 4.914% 5/29/2030	1,375	1,415
Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2023-PRM3, Class A, 6.36% 7/10/2028 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	5,275	5,498
Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2023-SMRT, Class A, 6.015% 10/12/2040 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	8,128	8,381
Citigroup, Inc. 5.174% 9/11/2036 (USD-SOFR + 1.488% on 9/11/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	4,154	4,195
Citizens Financial Group, Inc. 5.718% 7/23/2032 (USD-SOFR + 1.91% on 7/23/2031) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,765	2,900
Citizens Financial Group, Inc. 6.645% 4/25/2035 (USD-SOFR + 2.325% on 4/25/2034) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,187	2,406
Civitas Resources, Inc. 8.625% 11/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	55	58
Civitas Resources, Inc. 8.75% 7/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	765	795
Civitas Resources, Inc. 9.625% 6/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	95	103
CK Hutchison International (23), Ltd. 4.75% 4/21/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	330	335
CK Hutchison International (23), Ltd. 4.875% 4/21/2033	200	203
CK Hutchison International (24), Ltd. 5.50% 4/26/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	400	419
CK Hutchison International (19) II, Ltd. 3.375% 9/6/2049	400	292
CK Hutchison International (20), Ltd. 3.375% 5/8/2050	250	181
CK Hutchison International (21), Ltd. 3.125% 4/15/2041 <sup>(b)</sup>	400	308
Clarivate Science Holdings Corp. 4.875% 7/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	275	260
Clean Harbors, Inc. 5.75% 10/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	151	155

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
Clear Channel Outdoor Holdings, Inc. 7.75% 4/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	USD 325	\$ 325
Clear Channel Outdoor Holdings, Inc. 7.50% 6/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	25	25
Clear Channel Outdoor Holdings, Inc. 7.125% 2/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	380	399
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co. (The) 3.50% 4/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,069	1,052
Cleveland-Cliffs, Inc. 6.875% 11/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,028	1,065
Cleveland-Cliffs, Inc. 6.75% 4/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	38	39
Cleveland-Cliffs, Inc. 4.875% 3/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	443	427
Cleveland-Cliffs, Inc. 7.50% 9/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	250	264
Cleveland-Cliffs, Inc. 7.375% 5/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	134	139
Cleveland-Cliffs, Inc. 7.625% 1/15/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	430	450
Cloud Software Group, Inc. 6.50% 3/31/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	775	786
Cloud Software Group, Inc. 9.00% 9/30/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,985	3,111
CMS Energy Corp., junior subordinated, 6.50% 6/1/2055 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.961% on 6/1/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	450	463
CNX Resources Corp. 7.25% 3/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	895	935
Coca-Cola Co. 4.65% 8/14/2034	2,231	2,278
Coca-Cola Co. 5.20% 1/14/2055	443	427
Coinbase Global, Inc. 3.375% 10/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,200	1,144
Coinbase Global, Inc. 3.625% 10/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	735	656
Colombia (Republic of) 7.375% 4/25/2030	18,270	19,339
Colombia (Republic of) 8.00% 11/14/2035	3,005	3,209
Colombia (Republic of) 7.75% 11/7/2036	1,180	1,232
Comcast Corp. 1.50% 2/15/2031	5,500	4,784
Comcast Corp. 5.65% 6/1/2054	1,710	1,604
Comcast Corp. 6.05% 5/15/2055	1,200	1,187
Commercial Metals Co. 5.75% 11/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	120	123
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, GO Taxable Bonds, Series 2022, 0% 11/1/2043 <sup>(d)</sup>	386	247
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, GO Taxable Bonds, CAB, Series 2022, 0% 11/1/2051	293	192
CommScope Technologies, LLC 5.00% 3/15/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	670	669
CommScope, LLC 8.25% 3/1/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	227	229
CommScope, LLC 7.125% 7/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	575	578
CommScope, LLC 9.50% 12/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	300	303
CommScope, LLC, Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 4.75%) 8.466% 12/17/2029 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	620	622
Compass Group Diversified Holdings, LLC 5.25% 4/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	942	874
Compass Group Diversified Holdings, LLC 5.00% 1/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	293	264
Comstock Resources, Inc. 6.75% 3/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	535	537
Comstock Resources, Inc. 5.875% 1/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	340	331
Connect Finco SARL 9.00% 9/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,930	2,050
Connect Finco SARL, Term Loan B, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 4.50%) 8.216% 9/27/2029 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	580	580
Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2023-R04, Class 1M1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 2.30%) 6.174% 5/25/2043 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	6,603	6,730
Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2023-R04, Class 1M2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 3.55%) 7.424% 5/25/2043 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	5,185	5,441
Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2023-R05, Class 1M1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.90%) 5.774% 6/25/2043 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	3,264	3,290
Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2023-R05, Class 1M2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 3.10%) 6.974% 6/25/2043 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	1,957	2,032
Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2023-R06, Class 1M1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.70%) 5.574% 7/25/2043 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	4,564	4,583
Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2024-R01, Class 1M2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.80%) 5.674% 1/25/2044 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	1,750	1,763
Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2024-R04, Class 1M2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.65%) 5.524% 5/25/2044 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	7,323	7,356
Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2025-R01, Class 1A1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 0.95%) 4.824% 1/25/2045 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	4,072	4,074
Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2025-R02, Class 1A1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.00%) 4.874% 2/25/2045 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	1,507	1,510
Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2025-R02, Class 1M1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.15%) 5.024% 2/25/2045 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	2,612	2,617
Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2025-R04, Class 1M1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.20%) 5.074% 5/25/2045 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	1,705	1,710
ConocoPhillips Co. 5.50% 1/15/2055	975	934
Consolidated Energy Finance SA 12.00% 2/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	800	567
Constellation Brands, Inc. 4.35% 5/9/2027	1,305	1,310
Constellation Brands, Inc. 2.875% 5/1/2030	839	790
Constellation Brands, Inc. 4.80% 5/1/2030	481	489
Constellation Brands, Inc. 2.25% 8/1/2031	1,859	1,650
Constellation Brands, Inc. 4.75% 5/9/2032	813	817

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Constellation Oil Services Holding SA 9.375% 11/7/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	USD 780	\$ 812
Corebridge Financial, Inc. 3.90% 4/5/2032	5,809	5,516
CoreLogic, Inc. 4.50% 5/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,170	1,152
Cote d'Ivoire (Republic of) 7.625% 1/30/2033	800	867
Cote d'Ivoire (Republic of) 8.075% 4/1/2036 <sup>(f)</sup>	690	747
Coty, Inc. 5.60% 1/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,459	2,484
Cougar JV Subsidiary, LLC 8.00% 5/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	210	225
CRC Insurance Group, LLC, Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 4.75%) 8.422% 5/6/2032 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	845	858
Crescent Energy Finance, LLC 9.25% 2/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	671	694
Crescent Energy Finance, LLC 7.625% 4/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,005	975
Crescent Energy Finance, LLC 7.375% 1/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	135	128
Crescent Energy Finance, LLC 8.375% 1/15/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	245	244
Crown Castle, Inc. 5.00% 1/11/2028	2,336	2,374
CSC Holdings, LLC 5.50% 4/15/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	250	215
CSC Holdings, LLC, Term Loan B, (USD Prime Rate + 1.50%) 8.75% 4/15/2027 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	322	282
CSN Inova Ventures 6.75% 1/28/2028 <sup>(b)</sup>	19,830	18,400
CSX Corp. 4.25% 3/15/2029	3,355	3,386
CSX Corp. 5.20% 11/15/2033	2,068	2,154
CSX Corp. 5.05% 6/15/2035	450	458
CSX Corp. 2.50% 5/15/2051	289	172
CVS Health Corp. 3.25% 8/15/2029	1,798	1,736
CVS Health Corp. 5.125% 2/21/2030	1,225	1,259
CVS Health Corp. 5.55% 6/1/2031	3,850	4,031
CVS Health Corp. 5.25% 2/21/2033	1,227	1,264
CVS Health Corp. 5.70% 6/1/2034	1,535	1,609
CVS Health Corp. 5.45% 9/15/2035	2,467	2,526
CVS Health Corp. 6.05% 6/1/2054	2,279	2,267
CVS Health Corp. 6.20% 9/15/2055	2,326	2,363
CVS Health Corp. 6.25% 9/15/2065	425	428
Dai-ichi Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (The) 6.20% perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.515% on 1/16/2035) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	3,000	3,146
Darling Ingredients, Inc. 6.00% 6/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	765	778
DaVita, Inc. 4.625% 6/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	210	204
DaVita, Inc. 3.75% 2/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	375	347
DaVita, Inc. 6.875% 9/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	925	963
DaVita, Inc. 6.75% 7/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	485	503
Denali Intermediate Holdings, Inc., Term Loan, (1-month CME Term SOFR + 5.50%) 9.227% 8/26/2032 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	349	353
Deutsche Bank AG 7.146% 7/13/2027 (USD-SOFR + 2.52% on 7/13/2026) <sup>(a)</sup>	714	725
Deutsche Bank AG 2.311% 11/16/2027 (USD-SOFR + 1.219% on 11/16/2026) <sup>(a)</sup>	10,009	9,849
Deutsche Bank AG 6.819% 11/20/2029 (USD-SOFR + 2.51% on 11/20/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,500	1,601
Deutsche Bank AG 3.547% 9/18/2031 (USD-SOFR + 3.043% on 9/18/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	576	550
Deutsche Bank AG 5.403% 9/11/2035 (USD-SOFR + 2.05% on 9/11/2034) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,000	1,020
Diamond Sports Net, LLC, Term Loan, 15.00% PIK 1/2/2028 <sup>(b)(k)</sup>	35	14
Diebold Nixdorf, Inc. 7.75% 3/31/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,360	1,451
DIRECTV Financing, LLC 5.875% 8/15/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	384	386
DIRECTV Financing, LLC 8.875% 2/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	735	745
DIRECTV Financing, LLC, Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 5.262%) 9.102% 8/2/2027 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	33	33
Discovery Communications, LLC 4.125% 5/15/2029	150	145
DISH Network Corp. 11.75% 11/15/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	3,555	3,702
Dominican Republic (Government of) 5.875% 1/30/2060	670	599
Dow Chemical Co. (The) 4.80% 1/15/2031	500	497
Dow Chemical Co. (The) 5.65% 3/15/2036	380	379
Dow Chemical Co. (The) 5.55% 11/30/2048	132	116
Dow Chemical Co. (The) 4.80% 5/15/2049	495	390
Dow Chemical Co. (The) 3.60% 11/15/2050	485	313
Dow Chemical Co. (The) 6.90% 5/15/2053	57	59
Dow Chemical Co. (The) 5.60% 2/15/2054	729	634
Dow Chemical Co. (The) 5.95% 3/15/2055	750	683
Dua Capital, Ltd. 2.78% 5/11/2031	3,500	3,234
Duke Energy Corp. 4.95% 9/15/2035	859	852
Duke Energy Florida, LLC 4.85% 12/1/2035	2,925	2,914
Durst Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2025-151, Class A, 5.317% 8/10/2042 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	5,241	5,352
Eagle Funding LuxCo SARL 5.50% 8/17/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,090	2,131
EchoStar Corp. 10.75% 11/30/2029	2,174	2,406
EchoStar Corp. 6.75% Cash 11/30/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	276	283
Ecopetrol SA 8.625% 1/19/2029	8,020	8,601
Edison International 5.25% 11/15/2028	675	684
Edison International 5.45% 6/15/2029	150	153

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Edison International 6.95% 11/15/2029	USD1,508	\$ 1,607
Edison International 6.25% 3/15/2030	6,518	6,820
Edison International 5.25% 3/15/2032	5,103	5,109
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 5.80% 9/30/2027	530	538
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 6.588% 2/21/2028	772	795
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 7.60% 3/1/2029	300	321
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 5.875% 2/16/2031	595	597
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 7.053% 1/15/2032	440	459
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 9.45% 2/4/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,435	1,650
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 8.50% 1/31/2047	505	497
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 7.903% 2/21/2048	259	241
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 8.70% 3/1/2049	535	537
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 8.15% 11/20/2059	560	527
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 7.50% 2/16/2061	390	340
Electricite de France SA 9.125% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 5.411% on 6/15/2033) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	3,800	4,434
Electricite de France SA 9.125% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 5.411% on 6/15/2033) <sup>(a)</sup>	3,010	3,512
Elevance Health, Inc. 5.00% 1/15/2036	1,010	1,004
Elevance Health, Inc. 5.70% 2/15/2055	1,733	1,694
Eli Lilly and Co. 5.10% 2/12/2035	3,295	3,408
Eli Lilly and Co. 5.50% 2/12/2055	1,282	1,285
Ellucian Holdings, Inc. 6.50% 12/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	375	383
Embarq, LLC 7.995% 6/1/2036	625	259
Endo Finance Holdings, Inc. 8.50% 4/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,140	1,206
Endo Finance Holdings, Inc., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 3.75%) 7.466% 4/23/2031 <sup>(a)(h)</sup>	558	554
Enel Finance International NV 5.00% 9/30/2035 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,000	996
Energy Transfer, LP 6.50% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 5.694% on 11/15/2026) <sup>(a)</sup>	254	256
Enfragen Energia Sur SA 5.375% 12/30/2030	19,880	18,509
Enfragen Energia Sur SA 8.499% 6/30/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	519
ENN Clean Energy International Investment, Ltd. 3.375% 5/12/2026 <sup>(f)</sup>	800	795
ENN Clean Energy International Investment, Ltd. 3.375% 5/12/2026	500	497
ENN Energy Holdings, Ltd. 2.625% 9/17/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	185
Enterprise Products Operating, LLC 5.20% 1/15/2036	392	399
EOG Resources, Inc. 4.40% 7/15/2028	1,022	1,034
EOG Resources, Inc. 5.35% 1/15/2036	1,526	1,569
Equinix, Inc. 3.00% 7/15/2050	2,889	1,852
EquipmentShare, Series 2025-1M, Class A, 5.48% 9/26/2033 <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	2,888	2,910
EquipmentShare.com, Inc. 9.00% 5/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	675	702
EquipmentShare.com, Inc. 8.625% 5/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	250	264
ERP Operating, LP 4.65% 9/15/2034	778	772
Evergreen Credit Card Trust, Series 2025-CRT5, Class B, 5.24% 5/15/2029 <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	845	856
Eversource Energy 4.45% 12/15/2030	2,025	2,015
Exelon Corp., junior subordinated, 6.50% 3/15/2055 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.975% on 3/15/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	300	312
Exeter Automobile Receivables Trust, Series 2023-5A, Class B, 6.58% 4/17/2028 <sup>(a)</sup>	100	100
Export-Import Bank of India 5.50% 1/18/2033	1,000	1,049
Export-Import Bank of Thailand 5.354% 5/16/2029	8,542	8,857
Exxon Mobil Corp. 3.482% 3/19/2030	3,000	2,935
Fair Isaac Corp. 4.00% 6/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	625	619
Fair Isaac Corp. 6.00% 5/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,030	1,061
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5696 7.00% 3/1/2045 <sup>(e)</sup>	5	5
Fannie Mae Pool #FS9792 4.50% 12/1/2050 <sup>(e)</sup>	97	97
Fannie Mae Pool #FM9530 2.50% 7/1/2051 <sup>(e)</sup>	424	359
Fannie Mae Pool #BU2803 2.50% 11/1/2051 <sup>(e)</sup>	434	367
Fannie Mae Pool #FM9481 2.50% 11/1/2051 <sup>(e)</sup>	428	363
Fannie Mae Pool #BU3083 2.50% 1/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	253	214
Fannie Mae Pool #BT2188 2.50% 3/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	40	34
Fannie Mae Pool #MA4577 2.00% 4/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	8,814	7,152
Fannie Mae Pool #BT8116 2.50% 4/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	26	23
Fannie Mae Pool #FS9189 2.00% 5/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	8,899	7,231
Fannie Mae Pool #CB3528 4.00% 5/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,117	1,065
Fannie Mae Pool #FS1948 4.00% 5/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	849	810
Fannie Mae Pool #FS7879 2.50% 7/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,427	1,210
Fannie Mae Pool #FS5294 2.50% 7/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	661	560
Fannie Mae Pool #FS6631 2.50% 7/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	511	434
Fannie Mae Pool #BV8055 4.50% 9/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	20,190	19,804

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Fannie Mae Pool #BV0952 4.50% 9/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	USD1,282	\$ 1,256
Fannie Mae Pool #CB4852 4.50% 10/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	8,681	8,512
Fannie Mae Pool #BW1215 4.50% 10/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,277	3,213
Fannie Mae Pool #MA4785 5.00% 10/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	48	48
Fannie Mae Pool #MA4805 4.50% 11/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	847	831
Fannie Mae Pool #MA4840 4.50% 12/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	13,562	13,298
Fannie Mae Pool #FS5675 4.50% 1/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	39,674	38,914
Fannie Mae Pool #FS5520 4.50% 1/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	854	837
Fannie Mae Pool #FS4191 5.50% 3/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,517	2,572
Fannie Mae Pool #CB5912 6.00% 3/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,714	2,813
Fannie Mae Pool #MA4978 5.00% 4/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	257	257
Fannie Mae Pool #FS4840 5.50% 5/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	910	924
Fannie Mae Pool #FS4736 6.50% 5/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	38	40
Fannie Mae Pool #BW9637 5.00% 6/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	13,930	13,954
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5038 5.00% 6/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	164	164
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5071 5.00% 7/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,620	2,624
Fannie Mae Pool #CB7104 5.50% 9/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	19,593	19,985
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5139 6.00% 9/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,334	1,373
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5166 6.00% 10/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	10,154	10,454
Fannie Mae Pool #FS6838 5.50% 11/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,622	2,666
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5191 6.00% 11/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	12,164	12,520
Fannie Mae Pool #FS6873 6.50% 1/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,197	2,287
Fannie Mae Pool #FS6767 6.50% 1/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	697	730
Fannie Mae Pool #DA7283 6.50% 1/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	11	11
Fannie Mae Pool #FS6809 5.50% 2/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,346	1,367
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5271 5.50% 2/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	575	584
Fannie Mae Pool #FS7031 6.00% 2/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,158	3,273
Fannie Mae Pool #FS7503 6.00% 2/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,307	1,344
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5296 5.50% 3/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	419	425
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5295 6.00% 3/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,375	1,413
Fannie Mae Pool #CB8536 5.50% 5/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,929	4,022
Fannie Mae Pool #DB2495 6.00% 5/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,377	1,416
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8131 5.50% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	10,088	10,311
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8153 6.00% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	4,253	4,417
Fannie Mae Pool #DB6878 6.00% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,423	2,491
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8223 6.00% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,432	1,476
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8219 6.00% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,245	1,290
Fannie Mae Pool #CB8755 6.00% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	613	632
Fannie Mae Pool #CB8725 6.50% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	909	948
Fannie Mae Pool #DB5480 6.50% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	10	10
Fannie Mae Pool #CB8842 5.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	12,815	13,073
Fannie Mae Pool #BU4699 5.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	6,480	6,611
Fannie Mae Pool #DB5213 5.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	5,414	5,498
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8467 5.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	267	273
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5421 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	8,167	8,390
Fannie Mae Pool #BU4700 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	4,918	5,072
Fannie Mae Pool #DB5214 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,653	3,753
Fannie Mae Pool #BU4707 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,556	3,653
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8318 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,525	2,629
Fannie Mae Pool #DB6901 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,496	1,537
Fannie Mae Pool #CB8858 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,260	1,302
Fannie Mae Pool #DB7039 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,064	1,099
Fannie Mae Pool #CB8872 6.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,383	1,448
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8619 6.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	784	823
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8607 6.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	614	643
Fannie Mae Pool #CB8876 6.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	379	396
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8317 6.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	229	240
Fannie Mae Pool #DB7783 5.50% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	25	25
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5445 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	7,650	7,859
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8757 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,416	3,547
Fannie Mae Pool #DB7792 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,116	2,176
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8758 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,798	1,853
Fannie Mae Pool #BU4916 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,594	1,643
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8756 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,363	1,409
Fannie Mae Pool #DC0299 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,220	1,254
Fannie Mae Pool #DB7692 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,189	1,224
Fannie Mae Pool #BU4968 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	700	719
Fannie Mae Pool #DB7687 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	519	537

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Fannie Mae Pool #DB7690 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	USD 442	\$ 458
Fannie Mae Pool #DC0296 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	411	428
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8795 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	244	251
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5446 6.50% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	13	13
Fannie Mae Pool #CB9146 5.50% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	4,079	4,158
Fannie Mae Pool #BU4946 5.50% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	202	205
Fannie Mae Pool #CB9210 5.50% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	202	205
Fannie Mae Pool #FS8866 6.00% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,464	3,582
Fannie Mae Pool #DC3262 6.00% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	167	172
Fannie Mae Pool #DC3459 6.00% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	83	85
Fannie Mae Pool #DC1873 6.00% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	35	36
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5472 6.50% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	44	46
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5530 5.00% 11/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	11,825	11,807
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5531 5.50% 11/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	776	788
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5550 4.00% 12/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	879	835
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5552 5.00% 12/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	347	346
Fannie Mae Pool #DC6842 5.50% 12/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	188	190
Fannie Mae Pool #DC7823 6.00% 12/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	68	69
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5583 4.00% 1/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	6,267	5,950
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5587 6.00% 1/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	473	486
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5612 4.50% 2/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	90	88
Fannie Mae Pool #FA0608 5.50% 2/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	21,076	21,387
Fannie Mae Pool #DC8674 5.50% 2/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,465	1,487
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5615 6.00% 2/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,588	3,686
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5644 4.50% 3/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	4,103	4,009
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5647 6.00% 3/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,365	2,430
Fannie Mae Pool #190445 6.50% 3/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,742	1,811
Fannie Mae Pool #FA2843 6.50% 3/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	110	114
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5649 7.00% 3/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,139	1,198
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5670 4.00% 4/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,297	1,232
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5671 4.50% 4/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	4,349	4,249
Fannie Mae Pool #DD4459 6.00% 4/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,704	2,779
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5674 6.00% 4/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	494	508
Fannie Mae Pool #FA1162 6.00% 4/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	127	131
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5697 4.00% 5/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,933	1,835
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5699 5.00% 5/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	8,336	8,320
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5701 6.00% 5/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,388	1,426
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5734 5.00% 6/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	4,894	4,883
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5735 5.50% 6/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,534	2,571
Fannie Mae Pool #DE1078 6.50% 6/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	709	737
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5761 6.00% 7/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	5,561	5,715
Fannie Mae Pool #DD9889 6.00% 7/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	136	139
Fannie Mae Pool #BV6163 3.50% 8/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,000	927
Fannie Mae Pool #CC0859 5.50% 8/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	708	724
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5792 5.50% 8/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	579	587
Fannie Mae Pool #CC0879 6.00% 8/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	866	901
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5794 6.50% 8/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,596	1,659
Fannie Mae Pool #MA5822 5.50% 9/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	451	458
Fannie Mae Pool #DF4985 3.50% 11/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	587	544
Farmer Mac Agricultural Real Estate Trust, Series 2024-2, Class B, 5.591% 8/1/2054 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	2,185	1,985
FibraSOMA 4.375% 7/22/2031	2,800	2,470
Fiesta Purchaser, Inc. 7.875% 3/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	267	280
Fiesta Purchaser, Inc. 9.625% 9/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	295	310
Fiesta Purchaser, Inc., Term Loan B, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.75%) 6.466% 2/12/2031 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	357	358
Finastra USA, Inc., Term Loan, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 4.00%) 7.688% 7/30/2032 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	670	657
Finastra USA, Inc., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 7.25%) 10.973% 9/13/2029 <sup>(b)(d)(h)</sup>	149	150
First Citizens BancShares, Inc. 5.231% 3/12/2031 (USD-SOFR + 1.41% on 3/12/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,421	1,445
First Quantum Minerals, Ltd. 9.375% 3/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	850	896
First Student Bidco, Inc. 4.00% 7/31/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	700	683
First Student Bidco, Inc., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.50%) 6.172% 8/15/2030 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	211	212
First Student Bidco, Inc., Term Loan C, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.50%) 6.172% 8/15/2030 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	65	65
FirstEnergy Corp. 2.25% 9/1/2030	5,592	5,067
Florida Power & Light Co. 4.70% 2/15/2036	6,521	6,462
Florida Power & Light Co. 5.70% 3/15/2055	475	482
Florida Power & Light Co. 5.60% 2/15/2066	1,846	1,819
Flutter Treasury DAC 5.875% 6/4/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	874	887
Fontainebleau Miami Beach Trust, Series 2024-FBLU, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.45%) 5.20% 12/15/2039 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	3,404	3,416

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.95% 3/6/2026	USD 400	\$ 401
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.95% 6/10/2026	400	404
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 5.85% 5/17/2027	2,882	2,927
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 4.95% 5/28/2027	995	999
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 4.125% 8/17/2027	400	397
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 7.35% 11/4/2027	400	418
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.80% 5/12/2028	600	626
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.798% 11/7/2028	412	432
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 5.80% 3/8/2029	9,968	10,188
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 5.113% 5/3/2029	1,900	1,904
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 5.875% 11/7/2029	5,200	5,340
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 5.73% 9/5/2030	13,690	13,906
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.05% 3/5/2031	2,100	2,160
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.054% 11/5/2031	2,037	2,089
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.532% 3/19/2032	1,470	1,538
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.125% 3/8/2034	475	483
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.50% 2/7/2035	17,130	17,753
Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 5.869% 10/31/2035	1,395	1,378
Ford Otomotiv Sanayi AS 7.125% 4/25/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,785	1,854
Forestar Group, Inc. 6.50% 3/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	465	475
Freddie Mac, Series K153, Class A2, Multi Family, 3.82% 1/25/2033 <sup>(e)</sup>	12,287	11,938
Freddie Mac Pool #RB5111 2.00% 5/1/2041 <sup>(e)</sup>	17,986	15,700
Freddie Mac Pool #Z40273 4.50% 10/1/2048 <sup>(e)</sup>	152	152
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8029 2.50% 12/1/2049 <sup>(e)</sup>	8	7
Freddie Mac Pool #SI2108 2.50% 4/1/2051 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,193	1,861
Freddie Mac Pool #SD3095 2.50% 7/1/2051 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,221	1,034
Freddie Mac Pool #QD3619 2.50% 12/1/2051 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,109	941
Freddie Mac Pool #RA6114 2.00% 2/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,916	3,171
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8213 3.00% 5/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	4,430	3,935
Freddie Mac Pool #SD1883 4.00% 6/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	43	41
Freddie Mac Pool #SD5368 2.50% 7/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	117	99
Freddie Mac Pool #QE9001 4.00% 8/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	87	83
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8271 2.50% 10/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	456	387
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8258 5.00% 10/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	7,517	7,532
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8266 4.50% 11/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,473	2,425
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8276 5.00% 12/1/2052 <sup>(e)</sup>	5,372	5,382
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8287 4.50% 1/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,406	1,379
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8329 5.00% 6/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	372	373
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8341 5.00% 7/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	138	138
Freddie Mac Pool #SD3432 6.00% 7/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,082	1,128
Freddie Mac Pool #SD3512 6.00% 8/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	375	387
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8362 5.50% 9/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	973	989
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8363 6.00% 9/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,984	4,103
Freddie Mac Pool #SD4977 5.00% 11/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	16,517	16,538
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ0326 6.50% 11/1/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	526	549
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ0854 6.50% 1/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	53	55
Freddie Mac Pool #SD5910 4.00% 2/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,951	1,863
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8401 5.50% 2/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	334	339
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8402 6.00% 2/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	10,641	10,941
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8408 5.50% 3/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	8,482	8,612
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1015 6.50% 3/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	19	20
Freddie Mac Pool #SD5303 6.00% 4/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,353	2,435
Freddie Mac Pool #QI3333 6.00% 4/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	575	598
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1415 5.50% 5/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	12,333	12,627
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1448 5.50% 5/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	8,221	8,356
Freddie Mac Pool #SD5692 6.00% 5/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	794	826
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1855 5.00% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,669	1,675
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1857 5.50% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	30,586	31,238
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1768 5.50% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	4,921	5,030
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1785 6.00% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	12,531	12,964
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1779 6.00% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	9,545	9,922
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1797 6.50% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	266	276
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1725 6.50% 6/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	92	97
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1963 5.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,396	3,463
Freddie Mac Pool #QI8872 5.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,268	3,333
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8447 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	8,181	8,405
Freddie Mac Pool #SD5813 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,427	3,535
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1964 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,088	3,222

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Freddie Mac Pool #QI8874 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	USD2,055	\$ 2,119
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1975 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,943	2,010
Freddie Mac Pool #SD5873 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,263	1,301
Freddie Mac Pool #SD5896 6.00% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,047	1,080
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1986 6.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	856	892
Freddie Mac Pool #SD5905 6.50% 7/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	359	376
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2200 5.50% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	5,779	5,876
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2206 5.50% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,602	3,664
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2243 5.50% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,373	3,434
Freddie Mac Pool #SD6286 5.50% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,113	2,160
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8453 5.50% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,009	1,025
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2203 5.50% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	609	621
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8454 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	8,026	8,245
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2216 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,300	3,402
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2210 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,260	2,326
Freddie Mac Pool #SD6029 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,103	2,175
Freddie Mac Pool #QJ3296 6.00% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	93	96
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2247 6.50% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,041	2,133
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2228 6.50% 8/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,068	1,114
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8480 4.00% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	325	308
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2415 5.50% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,891	2,959
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2408 5.50% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,620	2,668
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2422 5.50% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	606	616
Freddie Mac Pool #QJ3044 5.50% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	417	424
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2314 6.00% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	7,421	7,651
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2312 6.00% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,886	4,019
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2308 6.00% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,707	3,859
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2306 6.00% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,606	3,753
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2309 6.00% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,195	2,262
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2474 6.50% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	275	286
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2411 6.50% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	181	189
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2470 6.50% 9/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	79	83
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8469 5.50% 10/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	130	132
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8484 4.00% 11/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	6,466	6,139
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2851 4.50% 11/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,875	2,809
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8473 4.50% 11/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	— <sup>(i)</sup>	— <sup>(i)</sup>
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8475 5.50% 11/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	6,511	6,608
Freddie Mac Pool #QX0310 5.50% 11/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,798	2,840
Freddie Mac Pool #QX0622 5.50% 11/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	33	34
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8487 4.00% 12/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	3,293	3,126
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8491 5.00% 12/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	6,496	6,485
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8493 5.50% 12/1/2054 <sup>(e)</sup>	86	87
Freddie Mac Pool #SL2928 7.00% 1/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	255	268
Freddie Mac Pool #RJ3264 4.50% 2/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,743	1,703
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8505 5.00% 2/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	414	413
Freddie Mac Pool #SL0326 5.00% 2/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	25	25
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8507 6.00% 2/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,973	2,027
Freddie Mac Pool #SL0799 5.00% 3/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	562	561
Freddie Mac Pool #QX8824 6.00% 3/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	171	176
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8516 6.00% 3/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	65	67
Freddie Mac Pool #SL1094 5.00% 4/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,013	1,013
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8525 6.00% 4/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,912	1,965
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8532 5.00% 5/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,116	2,112
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8533 5.50% 5/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,381	1,401
Freddie Mac Pool #SD8534 6.00% 5/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	522	536
Freddie Mac Pool #RQ0012 5.00% 6/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,249	1,247
Freddie Mac Pool #QY7451 5.50% 6/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	56	57
Freddie Mac Pool #RQ0015 6.50% 6/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	1,198	1,245
Freddie Mac Pool #RQ0024 4.00% 7/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	10,175	9,658
Freddie Mac Pool #RQ0027 5.50% 7/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	416	422
Freddie Mac Pool #RQ0073 4.00% 12/1/2055 <sup>(e)</sup>	9,486	9,003
Freddie Mac Pool #RQ0082 4.00% 1/1/2056 <sup>(e)</sup>	2,420	2,297
Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2022-DNA3, Class M1B, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 2.90%) 6.774% 4/25/2042 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	4,305	4,414
Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2025-DNA1, Class A1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 0.95%) 4.824% 1/25/2045 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	1,416	1,416
Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2025-DNA2, Class A1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.10%) 4.974% 5/25/2045 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	1,502	1,506

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2020-DNA1, Class B2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 5.364%) 9.239% 1/25/2050 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	USD5,000	\$ 5,557
Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2020-DNA2, Class B2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 4.914%) 8.789% 2/25/2050 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	1,000	1,104
Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2020-HQA4, Class B2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 7.714%) 11.589% 3/25/2050 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	1,090	1,323
Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2020-DNA4, Class B2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 10.114%) 13.989% 8/25/2050 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	4,000	5,339
Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2020-HQA4, Class B2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 9.514%) 13.389% 9/25/2050 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	3,648	4,731
Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2020-DNA5, Class B2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 11.50%) 15.702% 10/25/2050 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	8,870	12,301
Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2020-HQA5, Class B2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 7.40%) 11.274% 11/25/2050 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	2,100	2,571
Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2020-DNA6, Class B2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 5.65%) 9.524% 12/25/2050 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	6,455	7,453
Freedom Mortgage Holdings, LLC 6.875% 5/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	501
Frontier Communications Holdings, LLC 6.75% 5/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	483	487
Frontier Communications Holdings, LLC 5.875% 11/1/2029	756	766
Frontier Communications Holdings, LLC 6.00% 1/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	503	512
FS KKR Capital Corp. 6.125% 1/15/2031	375	366
FXI Holdings, Inc. 16.00% PIK 11/15/2029 (14.00% on 11/15/2028) <sup>(a)(e)(f)</sup>	522	298
FXI Holdings, Inc. 11.00% 11/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	893	804
Gabonese (Republic of) 6.625% 2/6/2031	326	254
Gabonese (Republic of) 7.00% 11/24/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	790	605
Garda World Security Corp. 8.375% 11/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	155	158
GC Treasury Center Co., Ltd. 2.98% 3/18/2031	200	182
GCAT Trust, Series 2024-NQM2, Class A1, 6.085% 6/25/2059 (7.359% on 5/1/2028) <sup>(a)(e)(f)</sup>	6,032	6,099
GCI Funding I, LLC, Series 2021-1, Class A, 2.38% 6/18/2046 <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	4,771	4,485
General Electric Co. 4.30% 7/29/2030	1,179	1,189
General Electric Co. 4.90% 1/29/2036	1,388	1,410
General Motors Co. 5.625% 4/15/2030	500	521
General Motors Financial Co., Inc. 2.40% 4/10/2028	6,870	6,620
General Motors Financial Co., Inc. 5.60% 6/18/2031	800	835
General Motors Financial Co., Inc. 5.625% 4/4/2032	194	202
General Motors Financial Co., Inc. 5.45% 9/6/2034	455	462
General Motors Financial Co., Inc. 5.90% 1/7/2035	1,000	1,043
General Motors Financial Co., Inc. 6.15% 7/15/2035	640	675
Genesis Energy, LP 7.75% 2/1/2028	40	40
Genesis Energy, LP 8.25% 1/15/2029	355	372
Genesis Energy, LP 8.875% 4/15/2030	518	547
Genesis Energy, LP 7.875% 5/15/2032	390	407
GENM Capital Labuan, Ltd. 3.882% 4/19/2031	1,400	1,269
Genting New York, LLC 7.25% 10/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	600	616
GeoPark, Ltd. 5.50% 1/17/2027	7,500	7,079
Georgia (Republic of) 2.75% 4/22/2026 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,127	1,115
Gilead Sciences, Inc. 5.25% 10/15/2033	2,801	2,944
Gilead Sciences, Inc. 5.55% 10/15/2053	220	219
Global Partners, LP 8.25% 1/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	105	111
Global SC Finance V SRL, Series 2020-1A, Class A, 2.17% 10/17/2040 <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	3,254	3,128
GOHL Capital, Ltd., 4.25% 1/24/2027	600	595
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 2.64% 2/24/2028 (USD-SOFR + 1.114% on 2/24/2027) <sup>(a)</sup>	625	615
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 5.727% 4/25/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.265% on 4/25/2029) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,320	2,424
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 4.939% 10/21/2036 (USD-SOFR + 1.33% on 10/21/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	4,876	4,842
Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA8947 5.00% 6/20/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	209	209
Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA9240 5.00% 10/20/2053 <sup>(e)</sup>	32,237	32,366
Government National Mortgage Assn., Series 2021-2, Class AH, 1.50% 6/16/2063 <sup>(e)</sup>	4,869	3,634
Gray Media, Inc. 10.50% 7/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	805	867
Gray Media, Inc. 9.625% 7/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	715	743
Gray Television, Inc., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 5.25%) 9.123% 6/4/2029 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	7	7
Great Canadian Gaming Corp. 8.75% 11/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	715	723
Greenko Dutch BV 3.85% 3/29/2026	8,918	8,855
Greenko Wind Projects (Mauritius), Ltd. 7.25% 9/27/2028	860	870
GreenSaif Pipelines Bidco SARL 5.853% 2/23/2036 <sup>(f)</sup>	13,810	14,463
Grifols SA 4.75% 10/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	700	692
Grupo Energia Bogota SA ESP 4.875% 5/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,300	2,280
Harvest Midstream I, LP 7.50% 9/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	587	596
Harvest Midstream I, LP 7.50% 5/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	265	276

## Bonds, notes &amp; other debt instruments (continued)

## U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Hawaii Hotel Trust, Series 2025-MAUI, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.393%) 5.143% 3/15/2042 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	USD6,369	\$ 6,383
Herc Holdings, Inc. 7.00% 6/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	450	474
Herc Holdings, Inc. 7.25% 6/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	205	218
Hertz Vehicle Financing III, LLC, Series 2023-1, Class C, 6.91% 6/25/2027 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	2,000	2,010
Hertz Vehicle Financing, LLC, Series 2024-1A, Class A, 5.44% 1/25/2029 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	1,689	1,726
Hertz Vehicle Financing, LLC, Series 2025-1A, Class A, 4.91% 9/25/2029 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	7,096	7,187
Hightower Holding, LLC 6.75% 4/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	830	828
Hilcorp Energy I, LP 6.00% 4/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	660	644
Hilcorp Energy I, LP 8.375% 11/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	53	54
Hilton Domestic Operating Co., Inc. 4.00% 5/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	885	848
Hilton Domestic Operating Co., Inc. 5.50% 3/31/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	140	141
Home Depot, Inc. 4.85% 6/25/2031	1,625	1,681
Home Depot, Inc. 4.95% 6/25/2034	5,780	5,914
Home Depot, Inc. 5.30% 6/25/2054	1,192	1,141
Honduras (Republic of) 6.25% 1/19/2027	2,882	2,913
Houston Galleria Mall Trust, Series 2025-HGLR, Class A, 5.462% 2/5/2045 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	11,573	12,013
Howard Hughes Corp. (The) 5.375% 8/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	793	797
Howard Hughes Corp. (The) 4.125% 2/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	584	568
Howard Hughes Corp. (The) 4.375% 2/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	930	886
Howden UK Refinance PLC 7.25% 2/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	450	464
HPHT Finance 25, Ltd. 5.00% 2/21/2030 <sup>(b)</sup>	600	611
HSBC Holdings PLC 4.755% 6/9/2028 (USD-SOFR + 2.11% on 6/9/2027) <sup>(a)</sup>	21,000	21,197
HSBC Holdings PLC 7.39% 11/3/2028 (USD-SOFR + 7.39% on 11/3/2027) <sup>(a)</sup>	3,600	3,807
HSBC Holdings PLC 4.95% 3/31/2030	2,300	2,358
HSBC Holdings PLC (USD-SOFR + 1.57%) 3.66% 5/13/2031 <sup>(a)</sup>	2,000	2,042
HSBC Holdings PLC 4.619% 11/6/2031 (USD-SOFR + 1.19% on 11/6/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	6,850	6,873
HSBC Holdings PLC 7.399% 11/13/2034 (USD-SOFR + 3.02% on 11/13/2033) <sup>(a)</sup>	16,134	18,417
HSBC Holdings PLC 5.133% 11/6/2036 (USD-SOFR + 1.43% on 11/6/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	345	346
HTL Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-T53, Class A, 5.876% 5/10/2039 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	2,541	2,573
HUB International, Ltd. 7.25% 6/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	198	208
HUB International, Ltd. 7.375% 1/31/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	650	683
HUB International, Ltd., Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.25%) 6.12% 6/20/2030 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	844	850
Hudson Yards Mortgage Trust, Series 2025-SPRL, Class A, 5.467% 1/13/2040 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	19,089	19,807
Hughes Satellite Systems Corp. 5.25% 8/1/2026	335	320
Hughes Satellite Systems Corp. 6.625% 8/1/2026	779	712
Humana, Inc. 5.375% 4/15/2031	625	646
Humana, Inc. 5.55% 5/1/2035	2,919	2,982
Humana, Inc. 5.75% 4/15/2054	608	575
Humana, Inc. 6.00% 5/1/2055	2,600	2,527
Hungary (Republic of) 5.375% 9/26/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	3,910	4,018
Hungary (Republic of) 6.25% 9/22/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	760	812
Hungary (Republic of) 5.50% 3/26/2036 <sup>(f)</sup>	975	975
Hutchison Whampoa International, Ltd. 7.45% 11/24/2033	200	235
Hyundai Capital America 1.50% 6/15/2026 <sup>(f)</sup>	3,387	3,348
Hyundai Capital America 5.60% 3/30/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,600	1,647
Hyundai Capital America 2.00% 6/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,187	2,076
Hyundai Capital America 5.30% 1/8/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	975	1,001
Hyundai Capital America 6.50% 1/16/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	853	904
Hyundai Capital America 5.40% 1/8/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	234	242
Icahn Enterprises, LP 6.25% 5/15/2026	36	36
Icahn Enterprises, LP 5.25% 5/15/2027	390	385
Icahn Enterprises, LP 4.375% 2/1/2029	175	152
Imperial Brands Finance PLC 5.875% 7/1/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,500	2,615
Imperial Brands Finance PLC 5.625% 7/1/2035 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	514
Imprint Payments Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2025-A, Class A, 4.84% 9/15/2029 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	2,970	2,979
Indofood CBP Sukses Makmur Tbk PT 3.398% 6/9/2031	280	263
Indonesia Asahan Aluminium (Perseero) PT 5.45% 5/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,860	2,954
Ingles Markets, Inc. 4.00% 6/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	865	822
Intel Corp. 3.05% 8/12/2051	5,135	3,160
Intel Corp. 5.60% 2/21/2054	1,309	1,209
Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. 4.20% 3/15/2031	13,950	13,964
International Flavors & Fragrances, Inc. 1.832% 10/15/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	123	118
International Flavors & Fragrances, Inc. 2.30% 11/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	55	50
Interstate Power and Light Co. 2.30% 6/1/2030	1,975	1,816
Intesa Sanpaolo SpA 8.248% 11/21/2033 (1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 4.40% on 11/21/2032) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	1,250	1,477

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Intesa Sanpaolo SpA 7.778% 6/20/2054 (1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 3.90% on 6/20/2053) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	USD10,000	\$ 11,890
INTOWN Mortgage Trust, Series 2025-STAY, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.35%) 5.10% 3/15/2042 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	21,959	22,014
ION Platform Finance US, Inc. 8.75% 5/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,825	1,851
ION Platform Finance US, Inc. 9.50% 5/30/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,694	1,717
ION Platform Finance US, Inc. 9.00% 8/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	494
ION Platform Finance US, Inc. 7.875% 9/30/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	400	380
IQVIA, Inc. 6.50% 5/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	208
IQVIA, Inc. 6.25% 6/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	380	398
IRB Infrastructure Developers, Ltd. 7.11% 3/11/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	4,650	4,805
Iron Mountain Information Management Services, Inc. 5.00% 7/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,330	1,270
Iron Mountain, Inc. 5.25% 7/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	757	748
Iron Mountain, Inc. 6.25% 1/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	110	111
IRV Trust, Series 2025-200P, Class C, 5.73% 3/14/2047 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	935	952
Ithaca Energy (North Sea) PLC 8.125% 10/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	225	233
Jane Street Group, LLC 7.125% 4/30/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	90	95
Jane Street Group, LLC 6.75% 5/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,155	1,206
Jefferson Capital Holdings, LLC 8.25% 5/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	70	74
JH North America Holdings, Inc. 5.875% 1/31/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	300	307
JH North America Holdings, Inc. 6.125% 7/31/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	235	241
JPMorgan Chase & Co. 5.571% 4/22/2028 (USD-SOFR + 0.93% on 4/22/2027) <sup>(a)</sup>	3,417	3,486
JPMorgan Chase & Co. 4.603% 10/22/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.04% on 10/22/2029) <sup>(a)</sup>	5,355	5,431
JPMorgan Chase & Co. 1.953% 2/4/2032 (USD-SOFR + 1.065% on 2/4/2031) <sup>(a)</sup>	10,980	9,796
JPMorgan Chase & Co. 5.572% 4/22/2036 (USD-SOFR + 1.68% on 4/22/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	6,983	7,329
JPMorgan Chase & Co. 4.81% 10/22/2036 (USD-SOFR + 1.19% on 10/22/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	16,904	16,792
JPMorgan Chase & Co. 5.534% 11/29/2045 (USD-SOFR + 1.55% on 11/29/2044) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,909	1,940
JPMorgan Chase & Co. 3.109% 4/22/2051 (USD-SOFR + 2.44% on 4/22/2050) <sup>(a)</sup>	4,126	2,811
Kaseya, Inc., Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 3.00%) 6.716% 3/20/2032 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	571	572
Kaseya, Inc., Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 5.00%) 8.716% 3/20/2033 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	550	539
Kasikornbank PCL (Hong Kong Branch) 3.343% 10/2/2031 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.70% on 10/2/2026) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,100	2,074
Kazakhstan (Republic of) 5.50% 7/1/2037 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,200	2,272
KBC Groep NV 5.796% 1/19/2029 (1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.10% on 1/19/2028) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	525	542
Kennedy-Wilson, Inc. 4.75% 2/1/2030	885	835
Kenya (Republic of) 9.50% 3/5/2036 <sup>(f)</sup>	315	337
Kenya (Republic of) 8.25% 2/28/2048	500	473
Keurig Dr Pepper, Inc. 5.15% 5/15/2035	1,345	1,348
Kodiak Gas Services, LLC 7.25% 2/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	210	219
Korea Electric Power Corp. 4.00% 6/14/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	501
Korea Electric Power Corp. 4.75% 2/13/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	3,705	3,764
Korea Electric Power Corp. 5.125% 4/23/2034	400	414
Korea Gas Corp. 5.00% 7/8/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,253	1,294
Korea National Oil Corp. 4.625% 3/31/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	203
Korea National Oil Corp. 4.875% 4/3/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	204
Korea National Oil Corp. 4.75% 3/31/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	204
KSL Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-HT2, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.542%) 5.293% 12/15/2039 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	8,707	8,716
Kuwait (State of) 4.652% 10/9/2035 <sup>(f)</sup>	455	456
LAD Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2023-4, Class B, 6.39% 10/16/2028 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	1,250	1,272
LAD Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-3A, Class A3, 4.52% 3/15/2029 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	1,493	1,500
Ladder Capital Finance Holdings LLLP 5.50% 8/1/2030	894	915
Lamar Media Corp. 3.625% 1/15/2031	810	763
Lamar Media Corp. 5.375% 11/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	180	179
Lamb Weston Holdings, Inc. 4.125% 1/31/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	290	281
Lamb Weston Holdings, Inc. 4.375% 1/31/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	245	234
LCM Investments Holdings II, LLC 4.875% 5/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,091	1,076
LCM Investments Holdings II, LLC 8.25% 8/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	720	762
Legend Fortune, Ltd., Series EMTN, (USD-SOFR Index + 0.60%) 4.615% 8/26/2028 <sup>(d)</sup>	465	465
Lenovo Group, Ltd. 6.536% 7/27/2032	500	547
Levi Strauss & Co. 3.50% 3/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	570	533
LG Energy Solution, Ltd. 5.25% 4/2/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	204
LG Energy Solution, Ltd. 5.375% 4/2/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	205
LG Energy Solution, Ltd. 5.50% 7/2/2034	200	203
LG Energy Solution, Ltd. 5.875% 4/2/2035	200	207
Light and Wonder International, Inc. 6.25% 10/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	525	532
Lindblad Expeditions, LLC 7.00% 9/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	105	110

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
Lithia Motors, Inc. 3.875% 6/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	USD 320	\$ 310
Lithia Motors, Inc. 5.50% 10/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	225	227
Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. 4.75% 10/15/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	820	822
Long Ridge Energy, LLC 8.75% 2/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	310	330
LYB International Finance III, LLC 5.125% 1/15/2031	163	164
LYB International Finance III, LLC 5.50% 3/1/2034	203	201
LYB International Finance III, LLC 6.15% 5/15/2035	111	114
LYB International Finance III, LLC 5.875% 1/15/2036	1,421	1,415
M&T Bank Corp. 7.413% 10/30/2029 (USD-SOFR + 2.80% on 10/30/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,574	1,710
M&T Bank Corp. 6.082% 3/13/2032 (USD-SOFR + 2.26% on 3/13/2031) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,812	2,988
Magnetite CLO, Ltd., Series 2019-22, Class ARR, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.25%) 5.155% 7/15/2036 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	3,695	3,697
Manappuram Finance, Ltd. 7.375% 5/12/2028	600	613
Mars, Inc. 4.80% 3/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,935	3,000
Mars, Inc. 5.20% 3/1/2035 <sup>(f)</sup>	7,526	7,738
Mars, Inc. 5.70% 5/1/2055 <sup>(f)</sup>	10,737	10,703
Marsh & McLennan Cos., Inc. 4.65% 3/15/2030	500	511
Marsh & McLennan Cos., Inc. 2.25% 11/15/2030	101	92
Marsh & McLennan Cos., Inc. 4.85% 11/15/2031	1,000	1,026
Marsh & McLennan Cos., Inc. 5.00% 3/15/2035	9,000	9,120
Marsh & McLennan Cos., Inc. 5.45% 3/15/2054	1,000	973
Marsh & McLennan Cos., Inc. 5.40% 3/15/2055	1,500	1,445
Mastercard, Inc. 4.35% 1/15/2032	1,459	1,467
Mastercard, Inc. 4.875% 5/9/2034	754	773
Mastercard, Inc. 4.55% 1/15/2035	920	921
Matador Resources Co. 6.25% 4/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	300	302
Medline Borrower, LP 6.25% 4/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	841	870
Medline Borrower, LP 5.25% 10/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	445	448
Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Co. 5.80% 9/11/2054 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 3.033% on 9/11/2034) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	2,000	2,037
Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Co. 6.10% 6/11/2055 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.911% on 6/11/2035) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	2,500	2,595
Meituan 3.05% 10/28/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	315	294
Meituan 4.75% 11/5/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	370	366
Meituan 5.125% 11/5/2035 <sup>(f)</sup>	650	644
Melco Resorts Finance, Ltd. 5.625% 7/17/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,607	2,608
Meta Platforms, Inc. 5.50% 11/15/2045	1,802	1,751
Meta Platforms, Inc. 5.625% 11/15/2055	3,870	3,717
Meta Platforms, Inc. 5.75% 11/15/2065	1,853	1,769
MetLife, Inc. 5.30% 12/15/2034	1,000	1,042
MetLife, Inc. 5.00% 7/15/2052	230	210
Metropolitan Life Global Funding I 3.45% 12/18/2026 <sup>(f)</sup>	810	807
Metropolitan Life Global Funding I 1.875% 1/11/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,500	1,471
Metropolitan Life Global Funding I 5.05% 1/8/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	510
MFRA Trust, Series 2024-NQM3, Class A1, 5.722% 12/25/2069 (6.722% on 12/1/2028) <sup>(a)(e)(f)</sup>	4,141	4,176
MFRA Trust, Series 2025-NQM3, Class A1, 5.261% 8/25/2070 (6.261% on 7/1/2029) <sup>(a)(e)(f)</sup>	878	880
MI Windows and Doors, LLC, Term Loan B3, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.75%) 6.466% 3/28/2031 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	177	178
Microchip Technology, Inc. 5.05% 3/15/2029	4,425	4,517
Microchip Technology, Inc. 5.05% 2/15/2030	4,765	4,864
Minejasa Capital BV 5.625% 8/10/2037 <sup>(f)</sup>	300	298
Minejasa Capital BV 5.625% 8/10/2037	200	198
Minera Mexico, SA de CV, 5.625% 2/12/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	3,805	3,942
Mineral Resources, Ltd. 8.00% 11/1/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	661	676
Mineral Resources, Ltd. 9.25% 10/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,060	1,113
Mineral Resources, Ltd. 8.50% 5/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	100	104
Minerva Luxembourg SA 8.875% 9/13/2033	13,054	14,280
MISC Capital Two (Labuan), Ltd. 3.75% 4/6/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	10,209	10,147
MISC Capital Two (Labuan), Ltd. 3.75% 4/6/2027	500	497
Mission Lane Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2024-A, Class A1, 6.20% 8/15/2029 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	7,007	7,052
Mission Lane Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2024-A, Class B, 6.59% 8/15/2029 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	3,460	3,478
Mission Lane Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2025-C, Class A, 4.78% 12/16/2030 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	2,924	2,940
Mission Lane Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2025-B, Class A, 5.06% 9/15/2031 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	6,618	6,669
Mission Lane Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2025-B, Class D, 5.80% 9/15/2031 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	2,500	2,503
Miter Brands Acquisition Holdco, Inc. 6.75% 4/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	197	202
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. (USD-SOFR + 1.13%) 3.66% 9/12/2031 <sup>(d)</sup>	500	502
Mizuho Financial Group, Inc. 5.594% 7/10/2035 (1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.30% on 7/10/2034) <sup>(a)</sup>	500	525
MMP Capital, Series 2025-A, Class B, 5.72% 12/15/2031 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	1,243	1,271

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
Molina Healthcare, Inc. 4.375% 6/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	USD 490	\$ 482
Molina Healthcare, Inc. 6.25% 1/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	204
Mondelez International, Inc. 4.50% 5/6/2030	2,884	2,920
Mondelez International, Inc. 5.125% 5/6/2035	3,890	3,982
Moog, Inc. 4.25% 12/9/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	770	763
Morgan Stanley 1.593% 5/4/2027 (USD-SOFR + 0.879% on 5/4/2026) <sup>(a)</sup>	5,386	5,340
Morgan Stanley 5.192% 4/17/2031 (USD-SOFR + 1.51% on 4/17/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,890	2,980
Morgan Stanley 4.356% 10/22/2031 (USD-SOFR + 1.074% on 10/22/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	10,000	9,969
Morgan Stanley 4.892% 10/22/2036 (USD-SOFR + 1.314% on 10/22/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	3,936	3,903
Motherson Global Investments BV 5.625% 7/11/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	4,125	4,215
Mozambique (Republic of) 9.00% 9/15/2031	1,980	1,698
MPT Operating Partnership, LP 5.00% 10/15/2027	998	967
MPT Operating Partnership, LP 4.625% 8/1/2029	155	130
MPT Operating Partnership, LP 8.50% 2/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	891	952
MTR Corp. CI, Ltd., 5.625% perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.457% on 12/24/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	5,000	5,273
Multifamily Connecticut Avenue Securities, Series 2023-01, Class M7, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 4.00%) 7.874% 11/25/2053 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	1,366	1,409
Multifamily Connecticut Avenue Securities, Series 2024-01, Class M7, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 2.75%) 6.624% 7/25/2054 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	4,131	4,189
Multifamily Connecticut Avenue Securities, Series 2025-01, Class M1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 2.40%) 6.274% 5/25/2055 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	2,244	2,256
Multifamily Connecticut Avenue Securities, Series 2025-01, Class M2, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 3.10%) 6.974% 5/25/2055 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	2,011	2,020
Murphy Oil Corp. 6.00% 10/1/2032	140	140
Nabors Industries, Inc. 9.125% 1/31/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	285	299
Nabors Industries, Inc. 8.875% 8/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	155	150
Nabors Industries, Inc. 7.625% 11/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	150	148
Navient Corp. 5.00% 3/15/2027	380	381
Navient Corp. 4.875% 3/15/2028	935	925
Navient Corp. 11.50% 3/15/2031	580	650
Navient Corp. 7.875% 6/15/2032	515	539
Navient Corp. 5.625% 8/1/2033	255	233
NCR Atleos Corp. 9.50% 4/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	566	615
New Fortress Energy, Inc. 6.50% 9/30/2026 <sup>(f)</sup>	150	12
New Fortress Energy, Inc., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 5.50%) 0% 10/30/2028 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	409	174
New York Life Global Funding 1.20% 8/7/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	11,090	9,705
New York Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-CP1, Class A1, 3.75% 2/25/2068 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	3,268	3,056
Newell Brands, Inc. 8.50% 6/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	90	94
Newell Brands, Inc. 6.375% 5/15/2030	175	171
Newell Brands, Inc. 6.625% 5/15/2032	110	107
Newell Brands, Inc. 7.375% 4/1/2036	395	371
Newell Brands, Inc. 7.50% 4/1/2046	150	125
Nexstar Media, Inc. 5.625% 7/15/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	605	609
Nexstar Media, Inc. 4.75% 11/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,037	1,030
NFE Financing, LLC 12.00% 11/15/2029 <sup>(f)(k)</sup>	5,407	1,568
Nickel Industries, Ltd. 9.00% 9/30/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	9,315	9,670
Nigeria (Republic of) 10.375% 12/9/2034	550	654
Nigeria (Republic of) 8.631% 1/13/2036 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	215
Nigeria (Republic of) 8.25% 9/28/2051	670	659
Nippon Life Insurance Co. 6.50% 4/30/2055 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 3.189% on 4/30/2035) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	1,184	1,276
Nissan Motor Acceptance Corp. 2.45% 9/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	465
Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. 7.50% 7/17/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	650	683
Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. 7.75% 7/17/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	750	797
Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. 8.125% 7/17/2035 <sup>(f)</sup>	435	463
NMEF Funding, LLC, Series 2025-A, Class A2, 4.72% 7/15/2032 <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	2,990	3,002
Nomura Holdings, Inc. 5.783% 7/3/2034	1,462	1,546
Norfolk Southern Corp. 4.45% 3/1/2033	707	705
Norfolk Southern Corp. 5.10% 5/1/2035	2,154	2,207
Norfolk Southern Corp. 5.35% 8/1/2054	1,257	1,202
Northern Oil and Gas, Inc. 8.75% 6/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	10	10
Northern Oil and Gas, Inc. 7.875% 10/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	755	736
Northern States Power Co. 5.05% 5/15/2035	2,300	2,345
NOVA Chemicals Corp. 5.25% 6/1/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	300	303
NOVA Chemicals Corp. 9.00% 2/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	575	615
NOVA Chemicals Corp. 7.00% 12/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	230	246
NRZ Excess Spread Collateralized Notes, Series 2025-FHT1, Class A, 6.545% 3/25/2032 <sup>(a)(e)(f)</sup>	2,518	2,548

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
NuStar Logistics, LP 5.625% 4/28/2027	USD 630	\$ 639
Occidental Petroleum Corp. 6.60% 3/15/2046	380	394
Occidental Petroleum Corp. 6.05% 10/1/2054	1,095	1,048
OCP SA 3.75% 6/23/2031	3,400	3,187
Oleoducto Central SA 4.00% 7/14/2027	1,598	1,578
OnDeck Asset Securitization Trust, LLC, Series 2024-1, Class A, 6.27% 6/17/2031 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	1,780	1,804
OnDeck Asset Securitization Trust, LLC, Series 2024-1, Class B, 7.15% 6/17/2031 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	3,192	3,242
OneMain Finance Corp. 6.125% 5/15/2030	218	223
OneMain Finance Corp. 7.125% 9/15/2032	385	400
OneMain Finance Corp. 6.50% 3/15/2033	230	233
OneMain Finance Corp. 6.75% 9/15/2033	165	167
OneSky Flight, LLC 8.875% 12/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	15	16
Onslow Bay Financial, LLC, Series 2024-NQM5, Class A1, 5.988% 1/25/2064 (6.988% on 3/1/2028) <sup>(e)(e)(f)</sup>	4,047	4,085
Onslow Bay Financial, LLC, Series 2024-NQM7, Class A1, 6.243% 3/25/2064 (7.243% on 4/1/2028) <sup>(e)(e)(f)</sup>	8,161	8,259
Onslow Bay Financial, LLC, Series 2025-NQM3, Class A1, 5.648% 12/1/2064 (6.648% on 2/1/2029) <sup>(e)(e)(f)</sup>	13,212	13,352
Onslow Bay Financial, LLC, Series 2025-NQM1, Class A1, 5.547% 12/25/2064 (6.547% on 12/1/2028) <sup>(e)(e)(f)</sup>	8,225	8,299
Ontario (Province of) 3.90% 9/4/2030	890	891
Opal Bidco SAS 6.50% 3/31/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	335	343
Oracle Corp. 3.25% 11/15/2027	4	4
Oracle Corp. 4.45% 9/26/2030	3,350	3,278
Oracle Corp. 5.50% 8/3/2035	1,778	1,743
Oracle Corp. 5.20% 9/26/2035	1,925	1,845
Oracle Corp. 6.00% 8/3/2055	4,050	3,575
Oracle Corp. 5.95% 9/26/2055	575	510
Osaic Holdings, Inc. 6.75% 8/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	195	204
Osaic Holdings, Inc. 8.00% 8/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	299	313
Osaic Holdings, Inc., Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 3.00%) 6.595% 7/30/2032 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	375	377
Owens & Minor, Inc. 4.50% 3/31/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	245	167
Owens & Minor, Inc. 6.625% 4/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	748	478
OWN Equipment Fund III, Series 2025-2M, Class C, 8.77% 3/27/2034 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	1,000	1,003
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 3.00% 6/15/2028	7,820	7,586
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 2.50% 2/1/2031	1,228	1,107
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 4.40% 3/1/2032	1,682	1,642
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 6.40% 6/15/2033	600	648
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 5.80% 5/15/2034	925	961
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 6.00% 8/15/2035	9,649	10,148
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 3.30% 8/1/2040	125	95
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 4.95% 7/1/2050	8,527	7,217
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 3.50% 8/1/2050	5,728	3,870
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 5.90% 10/1/2054	200	193
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 6.10% 10/15/2055	240	236
PacifiCorp 4.15% 2/15/2050	125	93
PacifiCorp 2.90% 6/15/2052	375	220
PacifiCorp 5.35% 12/1/2053	1,385	1,218
PacifiCorp 5.50% 5/15/2054	3,549	3,174
PacifiCorp 5.80% 1/15/2055	5,537	5,171
Pagaya US Holding Co., LLC 8.875% 8/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	475	415
Panama (Republic of) 7.50% 3/1/2031	17,620	19,578
Panama (Republic of) 2.252% 9/29/2032	1,480	1,226
Panama (Republic of) 8.00% 3/1/2038	2,420	2,832
Panther Escrow Issuer, LLC 7.125% 6/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	795	824
Park Intermediate Holdings, LLC 5.875% 10/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	380	381
Park Intermediate Holdings, LLC 4.875% 5/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	320	313
Park Intermediate Holdings, LLC 7.00% 2/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	195	201
Parker-Hannifin Corp. 3.25% 6/14/2029	70	68
Party City Holdings, Inc. 0% 8/27/2030 <sup>(g)</sup>	179	4
PEAC Solutions Receivables, LLC, Series 2025-1A, Class A2, 4.94% 10/20/2028 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	3,623	3,647
Pebblebrook Hotel, LP 6.375% 10/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	514
PECO Energy Co. 4.875% 9/15/2035	3,230	3,262
PECO Energy Co. 5.65% 9/15/2055	1,870	1,864
PennyMac Financial Services, Inc. 6.875% 5/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	380	398
Peraton Corp., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 3.85%) 7.69% 2/1/2028 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	334	311
Performance Food Group, Inc. 5.50% 10/15/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	395	396
Performance Food Group, Inc. 4.25% 8/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	491
Performance Food Group, Inc. 6.125% 9/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	225	232
Permian Resources Operating, LLC 8.00% 4/15/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	225	229
Permian Resources Operating, LLC 9.875% 7/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	209	225

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
Permian Resources Operating, LLC 7.00% 1/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	USD 300	\$ 314
Permian Resources Operating, LLC 6.25% 2/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	814	835
Peroton Corp., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 7.85%) 11.672% 2/1/2029 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	310	246
Perrigo Finance Unlimited Co. 6.125% 9/30/2032	260	253
Peru (Republic of) 8.75% 11/21/2033	830	1,048
Peru (Republic of) 5.50% 3/30/2036	1,150	1,174
Peru (Republic of) 3.60% 1/15/2072	1,100	701
Petrobras Global Finance BV 5.125% 9/10/2030	750	736
Petroleos Mexicanos 8.75% 6/2/2029	330	354
Petroleos Mexicanos 6.84% 1/23/2030	124,095	126,096
Petroleos Mexicanos 5.95% 1/28/2031	800	775
Petroleos Mexicanos 6.75% 9/21/2047	26	21
Petroleos Mexicanos 7.69% 1/23/2050	610	547
Petroleos Mexicanos 6.95% 1/28/2060	209	170
PETRONAS Capital, Ltd. 3.50% 4/21/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	365	356
PETRONAS Capital, Ltd. 4.95% 1/3/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,745	2,835
PETRONAS Capital, Ltd. 2.48% 1/28/2032	200	180
PETRONAS Capital, Ltd. 5.34% 4/3/2035 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,450	2,549
PETRONAS Capital, Ltd. 4.55% 4/21/2050 <sup>(f)</sup>	400	353
PETRONAS Capital, Ltd. 5.848% 4/3/2055	300	314
Pfizer Investment Enterprises Pte., Ltd. 4.75% 5/19/2033	9,577	9,681
Pfizer Investment Enterprises Pte., Ltd. 5.30% 5/19/2053	3,436	3,256
PG&E Corp. 5.00% 7/1/2028	660	660
PG&E Corp., junior subordinated, 7.375% 3/15/2055 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 3.883% on 3/15/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	970	1,011
Philip Morris International, Inc. 5.125% 2/13/2031	238	247
Philip Morris International, Inc. 4.75% 11/1/2031	609	622
Philip Morris International, Inc. 5.75% 11/17/2032	9,986	10,690
Philip Morris International, Inc. 5.375% 2/15/2033	9,870	10,327
Philip Morris International, Inc. 5.625% 9/7/2033	1,000	1,062
Philip Morris International, Inc. 5.25% 2/13/2034	1,000	1,034
Philip Morris International, Inc. 4.90% 11/1/2034	7,303	7,365
Philip Morris International, Inc. 4.625% 10/29/2035	947	927
Philippines (Republic of) 6.375% 10/23/2034	2,320	2,609
Piedmont Operating Partnership, LP 5.625% 1/15/2033	649	656
PK ALIFT Loan Funding, Series 2025-2, Class A, 4.75% 3/15/2043 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	244	245
PLDT, Inc. 2.50% 1/23/2031	380	348
PLDT, Inc. 3.45% 6/23/2050	200	144
PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. 6.875% 10/20/2034 (USD-SOFR + 2.284% on 10/20/2033) <sup>(a)</sup>	4,055	4,591
PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. 5.676% 1/22/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.902% on 1/22/2034) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,175	1,239
PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. 5.575% 1/29/2036 (USD-SOFR + 1.394% on 1/29/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	3,582	3,737
POSCO 4.875% 1/23/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,260	2,277
POSCO 5.75% 1/17/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	305	315
POSCO Holdings, Inc. 5.75% 5/7/2035	400	420
Post Holdings, Inc. 4.625% 4/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	535	521
Post Holdings, Inc. 6.25% 2/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	833	857
Post Holdings, Inc. 6.50% 3/15/2036 <sup>(f)</sup>	435	436
Prestige Brands, Inc. 5.125% 1/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	60	60
Prestige Brands, Inc. 3.75% 4/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	800	750
Progress Residential Trust, Series 2025-SFR3, Class A, 3.39% 7/17/2042 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	184	176
Prologis, LP 4.75% 6/15/2033	1,362	1,376
Prologis, LP 5.00% 3/15/2034	185	189
Prologis, LP 5.00% 1/31/2035	1,138	1,154
Prologis, LP 5.25% 6/15/2053	74	71
Prologis, LP 5.25% 3/15/2054	70	67
Province of Ontario 4.45% 11/20/2035	500	498
PRP Advisors, LLC, Series 2025-RPL3, Class A1, 3.25% 4/25/2055 (4.25% on 4/1/2028) <sup>(a)(e)(f)</sup>	1,954	1,894
PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk 4.30% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 3.466% on 3/24/2027) <sup>(a)</sup>	28,770	28,155
PT Freeport Indonesia 4.763% 4/14/2027	200	201
PT Freeport Indonesia 5.315% 4/14/2032	200	204
PT Freeport Indonesia 6.20% 4/14/2052	200	204
PT Krakatau Posco 6.375% 6/11/2027	200	204
PT Krakatau Posco 6.375% 6/11/2029	200	207
PTTEP Treasury Center Co., Ltd. 2.587% 6/10/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	230	225
Public Service Electric and Gas Co. 4.90% 8/15/2035	6,941	7,008
Public Service Electric and Gas Co. 5.50% 3/1/2055	2,569	2,523
Qatar Energy 3.125% 7/12/2041 <sup>(f)</sup>	16,050	12,377

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
Quikrete Holdings, Inc. 6.375% 3/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	USD 115	\$ 120
Quikrete Holdings, Inc. 6.75% 3/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	250	261
Radiology Partners, Inc. 9.781% PIK 2/15/2030 <sup>(f)(i)</sup>	1,300	1,253
Radiology Partners, Inc. 8.50% 7/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	805	842
Raizen Fuels Finance SA 6.45% 3/5/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	7,050	5,755
Raizen Fuels Finance SA 6.95% 3/5/2054 <sup>(f)</sup>	935	714
Range Resources Corp. 4.75% 2/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	465	459
Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 1.75% 9/15/2030	5,949	5,311
Reliance Industries, Ltd. 6.25% 10/19/2040	250	278
Reliance Industries, Ltd. 3.625% 1/12/2052	250	183
Repsol E&P Capital Markets US, LLC 5.204% 9/16/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	4,674	4,742
RHP Hotel Properties, LP 7.25% 7/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	391	403
RHP Hotel Properties, LP 4.50% 2/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	560	555
RHP Hotel Properties, LP 6.50% 6/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	85	89
Rio Tinto Finance (USA) PLC 5.25% 3/14/2035	1,355	1,397
RLJ Lodging Trust, LP 3.75% 7/1/2026 <sup>(f)</sup>	40	40
RLJ Lodging Trust, LP 4.00% 9/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	440	418
Roche Holdings, Inc. 4.592% 9/9/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,500	2,495
Romania (Republic of) 7.625% 1/17/2053 <sup>(f)</sup>	346	381
Roper Technologies, Inc. 4.45% 9/15/2030	2,000	2,010
Roper Technologies, Inc. 4.75% 2/15/2032	1,000	1,011
Roper Technologies, Inc. 4.90% 10/15/2034	2,675	2,670
Roper Technologies, Inc. 5.10% 9/15/2035	8,845	8,916
Royal Bank of Canada 5.153% 2/4/2031 (USD-SOFR + 1.03% on 2/4/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	12,050	12,412
Royal Bank of Canada 4.971% 5/2/2031 (USD-SOFR Index + 1.13% on 5/2/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	4,083	4,177
Royal Bank of Canada 4.696% 8/6/2031 (USD-SOFR + 1.06% on 8/6/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	5,402	5,474
Royal Caribbean Cruises, Ltd. 6.25% 3/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	325	336
Royal Caribbean Cruises, Ltd. 6.00% 2/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	450	463
RTX Corp. 5.00% 2/27/2026	250	250
RTX Corp. 5.75% 1/8/2026	1,000	1,014
RTX Corp. 3.125% 5/4/2027	250	247
RTX Corp. 5.75% 1/15/2029	1,500	1,571
RTX Corp. 6.00% 3/15/2031	708	763
RTX Corp. 1.90% 9/1/2031	722	634
RTX Corp. 6.10% 3/15/2034	1,478	1,618
RTX Corp. 2.82% 9/1/2051	750	468
RTX Corp. 3.03% 3/15/2052	500	326
RTX Corp. 5.375% 2/27/2053	1,000	966
RTX Corp. 6.40% 3/15/2054	602	663
Sabre GBL, Inc. 11.125% 7/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	265	220
Sally Holdings, LLC 6.75% 3/1/2032	560	585
Samarco Mineracao SA 9.00% PIK 6/30/2031 (5.50% PIK and 3.50% Cash on 12/30/2026) <sup>(a)(i)</sup>	24,645	24,993
Samarco Mineracao SA 9.00% PIK 6/30/2031 (5.50% PIK and 3.50% Cash on 12/30/2026) <sup>(a)(i)(f)</sup>	3,137	3,181
San Miguel Global Power Holdings Corp. 5.45% perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 7.155% on 12/9/2026) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,230	1,207
San Miguel Global Power Holdings Corp. 8.75% perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 7.732% on 9/12/2029) <sup>(a)</sup>	5,600	5,761
Sands China, Ltd. 3.80% 1/8/2026	1,000	1,000
Sands China, Ltd. 5.40% 8/8/2028	22,220	22,658
Sands China, Ltd. 4.375% 6/18/2030	200	198
Sands China, Ltd. 3.25% 8/8/2031	1,000	925
Santander Holdings USA, Inc. 3.244% 10/5/2026	7,197	7,154
Saskatchewan (Province of) 3.25% 6/8/2027	1,073	1,066
Sasol Financing USA, LLC 8.75% 5/3/2029 <sup>(b)</sup>	8,350	8,508
Sats Treasury Pte., Ltd. 4.828% 1/23/2029	200	204
Saturn Oil & Gas, Inc. 9.625% 6/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	295	291
Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of) 3.625% 3/4/2028	2,510	2,491
Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of) 4.875% 7/18/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	595	605
Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of) 5.625% 1/13/2035 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,580	1,677
Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of) 4.875% 9/9/2035 <sup>(f)</sup>	3,095	3,109
Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of) 5.75% 1/16/2054	205	203
Saudi Arabian Oil Co. 5.25% 7/17/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,695	1,747
SCF Equipment Trust, LLC, Series 2025-1A, Class A3, 5.11% 11/21/2033 <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	9,743	9,957
Science Applications International Corp. 5.875% 11/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	110	112
Scientific Games Holdings, LP 6.625% 3/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	70	62
SCIH Salt Holdings, Inc. 4.875% 5/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	360	361
SCIH Salt Holdings, Inc. 6.625% 5/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	860	864
Seadrill Finance, Ltd. 8.375% 8/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	550	572

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Sealed Air Corp. 6.50% 7/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	USD 790	\$ 821
Securitized Term Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2025-A, Class B, 5.038% 7/25/2031 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	420	423
Securitized Term Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2025-B, Class B, 4.925% 12/29/2032 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	3,655	3,688
Senegal (Republic of) 6.25% 5/23/2033	570	333
Sensata Technologies BV 4.00% 4/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	620	608
Sensata Technologies, Inc. 3.75% 2/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	160	150
Serbia (Republic of) 6.25% 5/26/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,962	2,037
Serbia (Republic of) 6.50% 9/26/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,378	1,478
Service Corp. International 5.75% 10/15/2032	225	229
Service Properties Trust 4.95% 2/15/2027	254	255
Service Properties Trust 0% 9/30/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	210	190
Service Properties Trust 3.95% 1/15/2028	340	321
Service Properties Trust 8.375% 6/15/2029	827	832
Service Properties Trust 4.95% 10/1/2029	567	495
Service Properties Trust 4.375% 2/15/2030	1,302	1,104
Service Properties Trust 8.625% 11/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,569	1,651
Service Properties Trust 8.875% 6/15/2032	525	518
ServiceNow, Inc. 1.40% 9/1/2030	4,324	3,812
Shell Finance US, Inc. 3.00% 11/26/2051 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,500	1,610
Sherwin-Williams Co. 4.50% 8/15/2030	4,000	4,042
Sherwin-Williams Co. 5.15% 8/15/2035	2,069	2,107
Shift4 Payments, LLC 6.75% 8/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	365	377
Siemens Funding BV 5.80% 5/28/2055 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,752	1,836
Simon Property Group, LP 5.125% 10/1/2035	3,452	3,506
Sirius XM Radio, LLC 3.125% 9/1/2026 <sup>(f)</sup>	250	249
Sirius XM Radio, LLC 5.00% 8/1/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	201
Sirius XM Radio, LLC 4.00% 7/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,000	979
Sirius XM Radio, LLC 4.125% 7/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,019	970
Sirius XM Radio, LLC 3.875% 9/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,106	1,941
SK hynix, Inc. 1.50% 1/19/2026 <sup>(f)</sup>	252	252
SK hynix, Inc. 2.375% 1/19/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	294	267
SK hynix, Inc. 6.50% 1/17/2033	400	441
Snap, Inc. 6.875% 3/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	520	539
Solstice Advanced Materials, Inc. 5.625% 9/30/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	350	353
Sonic Automotive, Inc. 4.625% 11/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	400	393
Sonic Automotive, Inc. 4.875% 11/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	630	611
South Africa (Republic of) 4.30% 10/12/2028	1,034	1,030
South Africa (Republic of) 5.875% 6/22/2030	1,120	1,161
South Africa (Republic of) 5.375% 7/24/2044	800	684
South Africa (Republic of) 7.25% 12/11/2055 <sup>(f)</sup>	290	288
Southern California Edison Co. 5.45% 3/1/2035	3,710	3,764
Southern California Edison Co. 2.95% 2/1/2051	5,801	3,543
Southern California Edison Co. 3.45% 2/1/2052	5,022	3,342
Southern California Edison Co. 5.75% 4/15/2054	3,981	3,750
Southern California Edison Co. 5.90% 3/1/2055	3,000	2,900
Southern California Edison Co. 6.20% 9/15/2055	1,188	1,198
Southern Co. (The) 4.85% 3/15/2035	2,019	1,995
Southwestern Electric Power Co. 3.25% 11/1/2051	675	446
Standard Building Solutions, Inc. 6.25% 8/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	295	302
Standard Chartered PLC 5.244% 5/13/2031 (1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.35% on 5/13/2030) <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	10,040	10,349
Standard Chartered PLC 4.866% 3/15/2033 (5-year USD-ICE Swap + 1.97% on 3/15/2028) <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	3,500	3,518
Standard Chartered PLC 4.866% 3/15/2033 (5-year USD-ICE Swap + 1.97% on 3/15/2028) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,200	1,206
Standard Chartered PLC 5.905% 5/14/2035 (1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.45% on 5/14/2034) <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	6,796	7,178
Standard Chartered PLC 3.265% 2/18/2036 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.30% on 2/18/2031) <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	957	887
Standard Chartered PLC, 5.545% 1/21/2029 (1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.05% on 1/21/2028) <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	3,000	3,081
Starbucks Corp. 4.80% 5/15/2030	4,280	4,370
Starbucks Corp. 5.00% 2/15/2034	540	552
Starbucks Corp. 5.40% 5/15/2035	2,606	2,711
Starwood Mortgage Residential Trust, Series 2025-SFR5, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.45%) 5.201% 2/17/2042 <sup>(e)(e)(f)</sup>	1,334	1,336
Starwood Property Trust, Inc. 5.25% 10/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	625	632
State of Texas, Grand Parkway Transportation Corp., Grand Parkway System Toll Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020-B, 3.236% 10/1/2052	4,760	3,302
State Street Corp. 5.146% 2/28/2036 (USD-SOFR + 1.217% on 2/28/2035) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,124	2,175

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
Station Casinos, LLC 6.625% 3/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	USD 205	\$ 211
Steele Creek CLO, Ltd., Series 2019-2A, Class ARR, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.00%) 4.905% 7/15/2032 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	3,930	3,922
Stillwater Mining Co. 4.00% 11/16/2026 <sup>(b)</sup>	9,642	9,580
Stryker Corp. 4.85% 2/10/2030	3,191	3,278
Stryker Corp. 5.20% 2/10/2035	2,700	2,774
Summit Digital Infrastructure Pvt, Ltd. 2.875% 8/12/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	235	214
Summit Midstream Holdings, LLC 8.625% 10/31/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	370	384
Sunoco, LP 7.00% 5/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	195	203
Sunoco, LP 4.50% 5/15/2029	1,375	1,351
Sunoco, LP 4.50% 4/30/2030	160	156
Sunoco, LP 5.625% 3/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	140	141
Sunoco, LP 6.25% 7/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	275	282
Sunoco, LP 5.875% 3/15/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	145	145
Sunoco, LP 7.875% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 4.23% on 9/18/2030) <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	405	416
Surgery Center Holdings, Inc. 7.25% 4/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	625	633
Surgery Center Holdings, Inc., Term Loan, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.50%) 6.216% 12/19/2030 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	88	89
SWCH Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2025-DATA, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.443%) 5.193% 2/15/2042 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	41,079	40,760
Swiss Re Finance (Luxembourg) SA 5.00% 4/2/2049 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 3.582% on 4/2/2029) <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	1,400	1,412
Synergy Infrastructure Holdings, LLC 7.875% 12/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	150	156
Synopsys, Inc. 4.85% 4/1/2030	6,075	6,207
Synopsys, Inc. 5.00% 4/1/2032	3,050	3,119
Synopsys, Inc. 5.15% 4/1/2035	9,565	9,725
Synopsys, Inc. 5.70% 4/1/2055	4,741	4,708
Takeda U.S. Financing, Inc. 5.20% 7/7/2035	4,510	4,596
Takeda U.S. Financing, Inc. 5.90% 7/7/2055	327	331
Talen Energy Supply, LLC 8.625% 6/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,270	1,345
Talen Energy Supply, LLC, Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.50%) 6.353% 5/17/2030 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	419	421
Talos Production, Inc. 9.00% 2/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	850	886
Talos Production, Inc. 9.375% 2/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	620	648
Tencent Holdings, Ltd. 3.975% 4/11/2029	250	250
Tencent Holdings, Ltd. 2.39% 6/3/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	300	281
Tencent Holdings, Ltd. 3.68% 4/22/2041	300	253
Tencent Holdings, Ltd. 3.84% 4/22/2051	300	238
Tenet Healthcare Corp. 5.125% 11/1/2027	55	55
Tenet Healthcare Corp. 6.75% 5/15/2031	720	750
Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV 3.15% 10/1/2026	6,700	6,638
Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV 5.125% 5/9/2029	1,220	1,235
Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV 6.00% 12/1/2032	200	210
Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV 4.10% 10/1/2046	855	648
Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands IV BV 5.75% 12/1/2030	200	208
Texas Combined Tirz I, LLC 0% 12/7/2062 <sup>(f)(g)</sup>	98	98
Texas Instruments, Inc. 5.10% 5/23/2035	4,700	4,848
TGS ASA 8.50% 1/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	435	456
Thermo Fisher Scientific, Inc. (The) 4.794% 10/7/2035	2,019	2,026
Tierra Mojada Luxembourg II SARL 5.75% 12/1/2040	6,634	6,530
TNB Global Ventures Capital Bhd 3.244% 10/19/2026	500	497
TopBuild Corp. 5.625% 1/31/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	205	207
TotalEnergies Capital International SA 2.829% 1/10/2030	3,500	3,353
Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-3, Class A1A, 5.03% 7/25/2065 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	912	921
TransDigm, Inc. 4.625% 1/15/2029	260	259
TransDigm, Inc. 6.375% 3/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	300	310
TransDigm, Inc. 4.875% 5/1/2029	500	499
TransDigm, Inc. 6.875% 12/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	135	141
TransDigm, Inc. 6.625% 3/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	275	286
TransDigm, Inc. 6.375% 5/31/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	380	390
TransDigm, Inc. 6.25% 1/31/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	535	555
TransDigm, Inc. 6.75% 1/31/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	755	787
Transocean Aquila, Ltd. 8.00% 9/30/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	54	56
Transocean International, Ltd. 8.75% 2/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	277	290
Transocean International, Ltd. 7.875% 10/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	185	194
Transocean Titan Financing, Ltd. 8.375% 2/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	973	994
Transocean, Inc. 8.25% 5/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	185	187
Transocean, Inc. 8.50% 5/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	415	411
Transocean, Inc. 6.80% 3/15/2038	625	538

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
Travelers Cos., Inc. 5.05% 7/24/2035	USD 383	\$ 390
Travelers Cos., Inc. 5.70% 7/24/2055	626	640
TreeHouse Foods, Inc. 4.00% 9/1/2028	430	429
Treehouse Park Improvement Association No.1 9.75% 12/1/2033 <sup>(h)(g)</sup>	600	600
Tricon Residential Trust, Series 2023-SFR1, Class B, 5.10% 7/17/2040 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	1,467	1,472
Tricon Residential Trust, Series 2023-SFR1, Class C, 5.10% 7/17/2040 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	317	318
Tricon Residential Trust, Series 2024-SFR4, Class A, 4.30% 11/17/2041 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	3,209	3,191
Trident TPI Holdings, Inc. 12.75% 12/31/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	513
Trinitas CLO, Ltd., Series 2018-9A, Class ARRR, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.20%) 5.084% 1/20/2032 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	312	312
Truist Financial Corp. 5.071% 5/20/2031 (USD-SOFR + 1.309% on 5/20/2030) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,484	1,525
Turkey (Republic of) 7.125% 7/17/2032	8,960	9,489
Turkey (Republic of), Series 30Y, 6.00% 1/14/2041	2,240	2,026
U.S. Bank National Association, Series 2025-SUP1, Class B, 5.582% 2/25/2032 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	3,359	3,377
U.S. Bank National Association, Series 2025-SUP2, Class B1, 4.818% 9/25/2032 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	593	596
U.S. Treasury 4.25% 1/31/2026	11,091	11,094
U.S. Treasury 0.75% 3/31/2026	2,000	1,987
U.S. Treasury 2.25% 3/31/2026	25	25
U.S. Treasury 0.75% 4/30/2026	1,156	1,145
U.S. Treasury 4.875% 4/30/2026	28,655	28,776
U.S. Treasury 3.625% 5/15/2026	85	85
U.S. Treasury 4.375% 7/31/2026	1,900	1,909
U.S. Treasury 4.625% 9/15/2026	3,840	3,869
U.S. Treasury 1.125% 10/31/2026	1,550	1,519
U.S. Treasury 4.125% 10/31/2026	19,900	19,986
U.S. Treasury 2.00% 11/15/2026	1,500	1,480
U.S. Treasury 4.625% 11/15/2026	3,000	3,027
U.S. Treasury 1.625% 11/30/2026	25	25
U.S. Treasury 4.375% 12/15/2026	3,201	3,227
U.S. Treasury 4.25% 12/31/2026	3,000	3,021
U.S. Treasury 4.00% 1/15/2027	22	22
U.S. Treasury 2.25% 2/15/2027	4,550	4,487
U.S. Treasury 2.50% 3/31/2027	3,852	3,806
U.S. Treasury 4.50% 4/15/2027	1,547	1,566
U.S. Treasury 2.375% 5/15/2027	2,160	2,128
U.S. Treasury 2.625% 5/31/2027	2,170	2,144
U.S. Treasury 3.875% 5/31/2027	5,000	5,026
U.S. Treasury 3.75% 6/30/2027	13,833	13,887
U.S. Treasury 4.375% 7/15/2027	1,096	1,111
U.S. Treasury 2.75% 7/31/2027	3,900	3,856
U.S. Treasury 3.625% 8/31/2027 <sup>(i)</sup>	176,500	176,886
U.S. Treasury 3.375% 9/15/2027	1,500	1,497
U.S. Treasury 3.50% 9/30/2027	4,527	4,528
U.S. Treasury 4.125% 9/30/2027	14,282	14,436
U.S. Treasury 3.375% 11/30/2027	597	596
U.S. Treasury 3.875% 11/30/2027	5,250	5,288
U.S. Treasury 4.00% 12/15/2027	23,326	23,554
U.S. Treasury 3.375% 12/31/2027	11,811	11,788
U.S. Treasury 2.75% 2/15/2028	310	305
U.S. Treasury 1.125% 2/29/2028	8,937	8,502
U.S. Treasury 4.00% 2/29/2028	3,685	3,724
U.S. Treasury 1.25% 3/31/2028	1,244	1,184
U.S. Treasury 3.625% 3/31/2028	— <sup>(j)</sup>	— <sup>(j)</sup>
U.S. Treasury 1.25% 5/31/2028	1,715	1,626
U.S. Treasury 3.625% 5/31/2028	350	351
U.S. Treasury 2.875% 8/15/2028	1,030	1,014
U.S. Treasury 1.125% 8/31/2028	10,000	9,395
U.S. Treasury 4.375% 8/31/2028	7,970	8,139
U.S. Treasury 1.25% 9/30/2028	3,000	2,822
U.S. Treasury 3.50% 11/15/2028	410	410
U.S. Treasury 3.50% 12/15/2028	2,390	2,388
U.S. Treasury 4.625% 4/30/2029	54,662	56,438
U.S. Treasury 4.50% 5/31/2029	1,450	1,492
U.S. Treasury 3.25% 6/30/2029	1,700	1,681
U.S. Treasury 4.25% 6/30/2029	424	433
U.S. Treasury 4.125% 10/31/2029	18,228	18,543
U.S. Treasury 4.125% 11/30/2029	5,919	6,022
U.S. Treasury 3.875% 12/31/2029	2,000	2,017
U.S. Treasury 1.50% 2/15/2030	240	220

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
U.S. Treasury 3.875% 4/30/2030	USD1,144	\$ 1,153
U.S. Treasury 0.625% 5/15/2030	17,634	15,479
U.S. Treasury 3.75% 5/31/2030	11,114	11,143
U.S. Treasury 3.875% 6/30/2030 <sup>(1)</sup>	162,257	163,493
U.S. Treasury 0.625% 8/15/2030	20	17
U.S. Treasury 3.625% 8/31/2030	10,002	9,968
U.S. Treasury 3.625% 9/30/2030	1,752	1,746
U.S. Treasury 4.625% 9/30/2030	2,880	2,994
U.S. Treasury 3.50% 11/30/2030	505	500
U.S. Treasury 4.375% 11/30/2030	7,800	8,027
U.S. Treasury 3.625% 12/31/2030	6,044	6,017
U.S. Treasury 4.25% 2/28/2031	1,900	1,944
U.S. Treasury 4.125% 3/31/2031	1,900	1,933
U.S. Treasury 1.625% 5/15/2031	2,810	2,518
U.S. Treasury 1.25% 8/15/2031	1,114	971
U.S. Treasury 4.125% 10/31/2031	768	780
U.S. Treasury 1.375% 11/15/2031	2,800	2,440
U.S. Treasury 4.125% 11/30/2031	2,270	2,305
U.S. Treasury 2.875% 5/15/2032	4,279	4,036
U.S. Treasury 4.00% 7/31/2032	2,305	2,319
U.S. Treasury 3.875% 9/30/2032	750	748
U.S. Treasury 3.75% 11/30/2032	376	371
U.S. Treasury 3.875% 8/15/2033 <sup>(1)</sup>	38,198	37,906
U.S. Treasury 4.50% 11/15/2033	1,053	1,088
U.S. Treasury 4.375% 5/15/2034 <sup>(1)</sup>	32,438	33,179
U.S. Treasury 3.875% 8/15/2034	3,369	3,320
U.S. Treasury 4.25% 11/15/2034 <sup>(1)</sup>	11,185	11,311
U.S. Treasury 4.25% 8/15/2035	1,070	1,079
U.S. Treasury 4.00% 11/15/2035 <sup>(1)</sup>	68,617	67,684
U.S. Treasury 4.50% 8/15/2039	2,270	2,277
U.S. Treasury 4.375% 11/15/2039	1,000	988
U.S. Treasury 4.625% 2/15/2040	250	253
U.S. Treasury 1.125% 8/15/2040	2,473	1,557
U.S. Treasury 1.875% 2/15/2041	11,036	7,723
U.S. Treasury 2.25% 5/15/2041	7,922	5,838
U.S. Treasury 1.75% 8/15/2041	9,093	6,148
U.S. Treasury 2.00% 11/15/2041	669	468
U.S. Treasury 3.125% 11/15/2041	100	83
U.S. Treasury 2.375% 2/15/2042	1,803	1,330
U.S. Treasury 3.25% 5/15/2042	4,936	4,125
U.S. Treasury 2.75% 8/15/2042	100	77
U.S. Treasury 2.75% 11/15/2042	1,480	1,140
U.S. Treasury 4.00% 11/15/2042	245	225
U.S. Treasury 3.875% 2/15/2043	160	144
U.S. Treasury 2.875% 5/15/2043	3,120	2,426
U.S. Treasury 3.875% 5/15/2043	11,170	10,036
U.S. Treasury 4.375% 8/15/2043	111	106
U.S. Treasury 4.75% 11/15/2043	670	671
U.S. Treasury 4.50% 2/15/2044	2,499	2,421
U.S. Treasury 3.375% 5/15/2044	1,550	1,282
U.S. Treasury 2.50% 2/15/2045	3,150	2,235
U.S. Treasury 4.75% 2/15/2045	1,167	1,162
U.S. Treasury 3.00% 5/15/2045	30	23
U.S. Treasury 4.875% 8/15/2045	359	363
U.S. Treasury 4.625% 11/15/2045	180	176
U.S. Treasury 2.50% 2/15/2046	2,510	1,751
U.S. Treasury 2.75% 8/15/2047	3,455	2,473
U.S. Treasury 3.00% 2/15/2048	673	502
U.S. Treasury 3.125% 5/15/2048	800	609
U.S. Treasury 3.00% 8/15/2048	896	665
U.S. Treasury 2.25% 8/15/2049	256	161
U.S. Treasury 2.375% 11/15/2049	258	166
U.S. Treasury 2.00% 2/15/2050	20,560	12,085
U.S. Treasury 1.25% 5/15/2050	12,110	5,813
U.S. Treasury 1.375% 8/15/2050	1,835	905
U.S. Treasury 1.875% 2/15/2051	1,762	987
U.S. Treasury 2.375% 5/15/2051	2,239	1,415
U.S. Treasury 2.00% 8/15/2051	37,600	21,595

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

U.S. dollars (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
U.S. Treasury 1.875% 11/15/2051	USD2,099	\$ 1,164
U.S. Treasury 2.25% 2/15/2052	45,870	27,904
U.S. Treasury 2.875% 5/15/2052	3,157	2,212
U.S. Treasury 3.00% 8/15/2052	1,843	1,323
U.S. Treasury 4.00% 11/15/2052	5,190	4,511
U.S. Treasury 3.625% 2/15/2053	383	311
U.S. Treasury 3.625% 5/15/2053	5,547	4,497
U.S. Treasury 4.125% 8/15/2053	300	266
U.S. Treasury 4.75% 11/15/2053	2,087	2,052
U.S. Treasury 4.25% 2/15/2054	3,025	2,741
U.S. Treasury 4.625% 5/15/2054	24,131	23,287
U.S. Treasury 4.25% 8/15/2054	626	567
U.S. Treasury 4.50% 11/15/2054	1,367	1,292
U.S. Treasury 4.75% 5/15/2055 <sup>(f)</sup>	12,111	11,928
U.S. Treasury 4.75% 8/15/2055	7,701	7,588
U.S. Treasury 4.625% 11/15/2055	2,026	1,956
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Security 0.125% 2/15/2051 <sup>(c)</sup>	18,333	9,909
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Security 2.125% 2/15/2054 <sup>(c)(f)</sup>	21,647	19,471
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Security 2.375% 2/15/2055 <sup>(c)(f)</sup>	41,979	39,851
Uber Technologies, Inc. 4.50% 8/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	225	225
UBS Group AG 3.869% 1/12/2029 (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.672% on 1/12/2028) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	3,799	3,779
UBS Group AG 5.428% 2/8/2030 (1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.52% on 2/8/2029) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	2,000	2,069
UBS Group AG 4.194% 4/1/2031 (USD-SOFR + 3.73% on 4/1/2030) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	4,000	3,963
UKG, Inc. 6.875% 2/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,282	1,319
UniCredit SpA 5.459% 6/30/2035 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 4.75% on 6/30/2030) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	16,050	16,370
Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 2.00% 1/1/2056 <sup>(e)(m)</sup>	54,040	43,696
Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 3.50% 1/1/2056 <sup>(e)(m)</sup>	342	316
Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 4.00% 1/1/2056 <sup>(e)(m)</sup>	5,645	5,355
Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 4.50% 1/1/2056 <sup>(e)(m)</sup>	21,152	20,652
Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 6.50% 1/1/2056 <sup>(e)(m)</sup>	752	782
Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 3.50% 2/1/2056 <sup>(e)(m)</sup>	24,783	22,836
Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 4.00% 2/1/2056 <sup>(e)(m)</sup>	30,357	28,780
Union Pacific Corp. 5.10% 2/20/2035	4,762	4,916
Union Pacific Corp. 4.30% 3/1/2049	1,550	1,287
Unisys Corp. 10.625% 1/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	431	442
United Mexican States 5.375% 3/22/2033	6,160	6,126
United Mexican States 4.875% 5/19/2033	210	202
United Mexican States 6.00% 5/7/2036	420	427
United Mexican States 6.875% 5/13/2037	3,025	3,235
United Mexican States 6.625% 1/29/2038	640	669
United Mexican States 6.338% 5/4/2053	3,120	2,982
United Mexican States 6.40% 5/7/2054	910	877
United Mexican States 7.375% 5/13/2055	1,110	1,199
United Mexican States 3.771% 5/24/2061	1,300	805
United Mexican States 3.75% 4/19/2071	1,260	747
United Natural Foods, Inc., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 4.75%) 8.466% 5/1/2031 <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	597	601
United Rentals (North America), Inc. 3.875% 2/15/2031	840	802
United Rentals (North America), Inc. 6.125% 3/15/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	100	104
UnitedHealth Group, Inc. 5.15% 7/15/2034	1,917	1,964
UnitedHealth Group, Inc. 5.30% 6/15/2035	12,100	12,533
UnitedHealth Group, Inc. 5.625% 7/15/2054	5,493	5,394
UnitedHealth Group, Inc. 5.95% 6/15/2055	3,725	3,828
Universal Entertainment Corp. 9.875% 8/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	400	393
Univision Communications, Inc. 8.00% 8/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	290	301
Univision Communications, Inc. 4.50% 5/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,775	1,706
Univision Communications, Inc. 7.375% 6/30/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	510	520
Univision Communications, Inc. 9.375% 8/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	750	807
US Foods, Inc. 4.625% 6/1/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	585	578
USA Compression Partners, LP 6.25% 10/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	150	152
USI, Inc. 7.50% 1/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	210
Vail Resorts, Inc. 5.625% 7/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	204
Vail Resorts, Inc. 6.50% 5/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	325	337
Vale Overseas, Ltd. 3.75% 7/8/2030	5	5
Vale Overseas, Ltd. 6.40% 6/28/2054	2,085	2,130
Vale Overseas, Ltd. 6.00% 2/25/2056 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.431% on 2/25/2031) <sup>(a)(f)</sup>	1,240	1,242

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
Valvoline, Inc. 3.625% 6/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	USD 758	\$ 697
Varanasi Aurangabad Nh-2 Tollway Private, Ltd. 5.90% 2/28/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	208
Venator Material, LLC, Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.00%) 7.00% PIK 7/16/2026 <sup>(d)(g)(h)(i)(k)</sup>	116	37
Venator Material, LLC, Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 8.00%) 7.00% PIK 7/16/2026 <sup>(d)(g)(h)(i)(k)</sup>	117	37
Venator Material, LLC, Term Loan, (USD-SOFR + 10.00%) 7.00% PIK 10/12/2028 <sup>(d)(g)(h)(i)(k)</sup>	192	61
Venture Global Calcasieu Pass, LLC 3.875% 8/15/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	310	291
Venture Global Calcasieu Pass, LLC 6.25% 1/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	189	191
Venture Global Calcasieu Pass, LLC 4.125% 8/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	685	624
Venture Global LNG, Inc. 8.125% 6/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	750	760
Venture Global LNG, Inc. 9.50% 2/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	500	519
Venture Global LNG, Inc. 7.00% 1/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	625	602
Venture Global LNG, Inc. 8.375% 6/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	70	70
Venture Global LNG, Inc. 9.875% 2/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	479	495
Venture Global Plaquemines LNG, LLC 6.125% 12/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	200	204
Venture Global Plaquemines LNG, LLC 7.50% 5/1/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	150	162
Venture Global Plaquemines LNG, LLC 6.50% 1/15/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	750	769
Venture Global Plaquemines LNG, LLC 6.50% 6/15/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	130	133
Venture Global Plaquemines LNG, LLC 7.75% 5/1/2035 <sup>(f)</sup>	150	164
Venture Global Plaquemines LNG, LLC 6.75% 1/15/2036 <sup>(f)</sup>	555	569
Verisk Analytics, Inc. 4.50% 8/15/2030	352	355
Verisk Analytics, Inc. 5.125% 2/15/2036	1,710	1,722
Veritiv Operating Co. 10.50% 11/30/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	235	253
Verizon Communications, Inc. 5.25% 4/2/2035	764	777
Verizon Communications, Inc. 5.00% 1/15/2036	1,100	1,091
Verizon Communications, Inc. 3.40% 3/22/2041	1,800	1,411
Verizon Communications, Inc. 5.75% 11/30/2045	305	303
Verizon Communications, Inc. 3.55% 3/22/2051	794	565
Verizon Communications, Inc. 5.875% 11/30/2055	754	745
Verizon Communications, Inc. 6.00% 11/30/2065	343	339
Versant Media Group, Inc. 7.25% 1/30/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	335	346
Versant Media Group, Inc., Term Loan B, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 3.50%) 7.537% 10/23/2030 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	175	175
Verus Securitization Trust, Series 2024-4, Class A1, 6.218% 6/25/2069 (7.218% on 5/1/2028) <sup>(e)(i)(f)</sup>	3,385	3,431
Verus Securitization Trust, Series 2024-9, Class A1, 5.438% 11/25/2069 <sup>(d)(e)(f)</sup>	4,683	4,718
Verus Securitization Trust, Series 2025-7, Class A1, 5.129% 8/25/2070 (6.129% on 8/1/2029) <sup>(e)(i)(f)</sup>	1,242	1,248
Viasat, Inc. 5.625% 4/15/2027 <sup>(f)</sup>	630	631
Viasat, Inc. 6.50% 7/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	825	803
Viasat, Inc. 7.50% 5/30/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	575	547
Viasat, Inc., Term Loan B, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 4.614%) 8.331% 3/2/2029 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	259	258
Viasat, Inc., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 4.50%) 8.348% 5/30/2030 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	75	74
Viatris, Inc. 4.00% 6/22/2050	1,657	1,104
VICI Properties, LP 4.75% 2/15/2028	581	587
Vistra Operations Co., LLC 4.375% 5/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	130	128
Vital Energy, Inc. 7.875% 4/15/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	265	261
Voyager Parent, LLC 9.25% 7/1/2032 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,380	1,465
Voyager Parent, LLC, Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 4.75%) 8.422% 7/1/2032 <sup>(d)(h)</sup>	623	625
WarnerMedia Holdings, Inc. 3.75% 3/15/2027	250	249
WarnerMedia Holdings, Inc. 4.054% 3/15/2029	435	423
WarnerMedia Holdings, Inc. 4.279% 3/15/2032	1,555	1,367
WarnerMedia Holdings, Inc. 5.05% 3/15/2042	1,687	1,191
WarnerMedia Holdings, Inc. 5.141% 3/15/2052	139	92
Warrior Met Coal, Inc. 7.875% 12/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	152	156
Weatherford International, Ltd. 8.625% 4/30/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	226	232
Weatherford International, Ltd. 6.75% 10/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	405	415
Wells Fargo & Co. 4.611% 4/25/2053 (USD-SOFR + 2.13% on 4/25/2052) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,283	1,105
WESCO Distribution, Inc. 6.375% 3/15/2033 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,005	1,050
Westlake Corp. 5.55% 11/15/2035	1,184	1,184
Westlake Corp. 6.375% 11/15/2055	742	731
Westpac Banking Corp. 2.963% 11/16/2040	400	305
Wingspire Equipment Finance, LLC, Series 2024-1A, Class A2, 4.99% 9/20/2032 <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	655	659
WMG Acquisition Corp. 3.75% 12/1/2029 <sup>(f)</sup>	845	814
WMG Acquisition Corp. 3.875% 7/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	1,010	970
Wolfspeed, Inc. 4.00% PIK and 9.875% Cash 6/23/2030 <sup>(b)(i)</sup>	586	639
WULF Compute, LLC 7.75% 10/15/2030 <sup>(f)</sup>	520	536
Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. 4.375% 8/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	830	822
Wynn Macau, Ltd. 6.75% 2/15/2034 <sup>(f)</sup>	5,945	6,027
Wynn Resorts Finance, LLC 7.125% 2/15/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	277	300
X Corp., Term Loan B3, 9.50% 10/26/2029 <sup>(h)</sup>	350	349

<b>Bonds, notes &amp; other debt instruments (continued)</b>	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>U.S. dollars (continued)</b>		
X Corp., Term Loan B, (USD-SOFR + 6.75%) 10.448% 10/26/2029 <sup>(d)(n)</sup>	USD 243	\$ 239
X.AI Corp. 12.50% 6/30/2030	420	448
Xiaomi Best Time International, Ltd. 4.10% 7/14/2051	200	160
		<u>4,728,157</u>
<b>Total bonds, notes &amp; other debt instruments (cost: \$9,328,134,000)</b>		<u>9,116,820</u>

### Convertible bonds & notes 0.06%

<b>U.S. dollars 0.06%</b>		
Airbnb, Inc., convertible notes, 0% 3/15/2026	543	539
Axon Enterprise, Inc. 0.50% 12/15/2027	90	227
CenterPoint Energy, Inc., convertible notes, 3.00% 8/1/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	362	367
Coinbase Global, Inc., convertible notes, 0.50% 6/1/2026	150	150
Duke Energy Corp., convertible notes, 4.125% 4/15/2026	230	237
EchoStar Corp., convertible notes, 3.875% Cash 11/30/2030 <sup>(i)</sup>	328	1,096
Halozyne Therapeutics, Inc. 1.00% 8/15/2028	236	314
Macom Technology Solutions Holdings, convertible notes, 0.25% 3/15/2026	203	422
Marriott Vacations Worldwide Corp., convertible notes, 3.25% 12/15/2027	236	225
PENN Entertainment, Inc. 2.75% 5/15/2026	87	86
Seagate HDD Cayman, convertible notes, 3.50% 6/1/2028	72	242
Spotify USA, Inc., convertible notes, 0% 3/15/2026	235	267
Terawulf, Inc., convertible notes, 1.00% 9/1/2031 <sup>(f)</sup>	233	276
Ventas Realty, LP 3.75% 6/1/2026	244	345
Welltower OP, LLC 2.75% 5/15/2028 <sup>(f)</sup>	186	365
Western Digital Corp., convertible notes, 3.00% 11/15/2028	56	257
		<u>5,415</u>
<b>Total convertible bonds &amp; notes (cost: \$4,807,000)</b>		<u>5,415</u>

### Preferred securities 0.01%

<b>U.S. dollars 0.01%</b>		
	Shares	
ACR III LSC Holdings, LLC, Series B, preferred shares <sup>(f)(g)(n)</sup>	277	465
<b>Total preferred securities (cost: \$287,000)</b>		<u>465</u>

### Common stocks 0.01%

<b>U.S. dollars 0.01%</b>		
Royal Caribbean Cruises, Ltd.	2,603	726
Carnival Corp.	11,910	364
Aimbridge Topco, LLC <sup>(g)(n)</sup>	3,074	227
New Fortress Energy, Inc., Class A <sup>(n)</sup>	35,169	40
Endo, LP, Class A1 <sup>(f)(n)</sup>	45,666	32
Altera Infrastructure, LP <sup>(g)</sup>	77	3
Venator Materials PLC <sup>(g)(n)</sup>	706	— <sup>(i)</sup>
Mallinckrodt PLC <sup>(n)</sup>	3	— <sup>(i)</sup>
Par Health, Inc. <sup>(f)(n)</sup>	3	— <sup>(i)</sup>
<b>Total common stocks (cost: \$2,578,000)</b>		<u>1,392</u>

### Investment funds 0.00%

Capital Group Central Corporate Bond Fund <sup>(e)</sup>	26,387	224
<b>Total investment funds (cost: \$215,000)</b>		<u>224</u>

### Short-term securities 7.49%

<b>Money market investments 3.90%</b>		
Capital Group Central Cash Fund 3.79% <sup>(e)(f)</sup>	3,846,115	384,650

Short-term securities (continued)	Weighted average yield at acquisition	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
<b>Commercial paper 3.35%</b>			
Mizuho Bank, Ltd. 1/14/2026 <sup>(f)</sup>	3.606%	USD230,000	\$ 229,668
Oversea-Chinese Banking Corp., Ltd. 1/8/2026 <sup>(f)</sup>	3.642	100,000	99,918
			<u>329,586</u>

**Bills & notes of governments & government agencies outside the U.S. 0.24%**

Egypt (Arab Republic of) 1/6/2026	19.531	EGP 24,975	523
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 1/20/2026	20.639	1,625	34
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 3/3/2026	22.762	14,100	284
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 5/5/2026	22.723	38,525	748
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 5/26/2026	19.554	126,775	2,428
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 6/2/2026	19.637	39,525	753
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 6/9/2026	22.252	68,125	1,296
Egypt (Arab Republic of) 12/15/2026	19.228	6,000	103
Italy (Republic of) 1/14/2026	1.900	EUR 190	223
Italy (Republic of) 2/13/2026	1.930	2,540	2,978
Japan 11/20/2026	0.757	JPY2,294,700	14,535
			<u>23,905</u>
<b>Total short-term securities</b> (cost: \$738,036,000)			<u>738,141</u>

**Options purchased (equity style) 0.00%**

Options purchased (equity style) *		155
<b>Total options purchased (equity style)</b> (cost: \$617,000)		<u>155</u>
<b>Total investment securities 100.13%</b> (cost: \$10,074,674,000)		9,862,612
<b>Total options written (equity style)* 0.00%</b> (premium received: \$42,000)		(26)
Other assets less liabilities (0.13)%		(12,388)
<b>Net assets 100.00%</b>		<u>\$ 9,850,198</u>

**\*Options purchased (equity style)**

**Options on futures**

Description	Number of contracts	Expiration date	Exercise price	Notional amount (000)	Value at 12/31/2025 (000)
<b>Call</b>					
3 Month SOFR Futures Option	455	3/13/2026	USD96.63	USD113,750	\$ 46

**Options on foreign currencies**

Description	Counterparty	Expiration date	Exercise price	Notional amount (000)	Value at 12/31/2025 (000)
<b>Put</b>					
USD/JPY Foreign Currency Options	BNP Paribas	2/18/2026	JPY147.00	USD105,392	\$ 109

**\*Options written (equity style)**

**Options on futures**

Description	Number of contracts	Expiration date	Exercise price	Notional amount (000)	Value at 12/31/2025 (000)
<b>Call</b>					
3 Month SOFR Futures Option	455	3/13/2026	USD96.81	USD(113,750)	\$ (26)

**Options purchased (futures style)**

**Options on futures**

Description	Number of contracts	Expiration date	Exercise price	Notional amount (000)	Value and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
<b>Put</b>					
10 Year Euro-Bund Futures Option	1,028	1/23/2026	EUR126.50	EUR102,800	\$ (1)

**Options written (futures style)**

**Options on futures**

Description	Number of contracts	Expiration date	Exercise price	Notional amount (000)	Value and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
<b>Call</b>					
10 Year Euro-Bund Futures Option	(1,028)	1/23/2026	EUR131.50	EUR(102,800)	\$ 229

**Futures contracts**

Contracts	Type	Number of contracts	Expiration date	Notional amount (000)	Value and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
30 Day Federal Funds Futures	Long	18	2/2/2026	USD7,228	\$ 2
30 Day Federal Funds Futures	Long	128	3/2/2026	51,420	(7)
3 Month SOFR Futures	Long	1	3/18/2026	241	— <sup>0</sup>
3 Month CORRA Futures	Long	5,916	6/17/2026	1,052,934	2,580
3 Month SOFR Futures	Long	28	9/16/2026	6,768	(7)
2 Year Italy Government Bond Futures	Long	2,241	3/10/2026	282,667	(496)
2 Year Euro-Schatz Futures	Short	463	3/10/2026	(58,106)	66
2 Year Canadian Government Bond Futures	Long	2,364	3/31/2026	181,888	(492)
2 Year U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Long	8,651	4/6/2026	1,806,234	(417)
3 Year Australian Treasury Bond Futures	Long	2,284	3/17/2026	160,037	112
5 Year Euro-Bobl Futures	Long	1,804	3/10/2026	246,266	(1,250)
5 Year Canadian Government Bond Futures	Long	527	3/31/2026	43,499	(385)
5 Year U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Long	1,611	4/6/2026	176,090	(516)
10 Year Italy Government Bond Futures	Long	360	3/10/2026	50,845	(126)
10 Year French Government Bond Futures	Short	543	3/10/2026	(76,953)	526
10 Year Euro-Bund Futures	Short	2,112	3/10/2026	(316,632)	2,252
10 Year Australian Treasury Bond Futures	Long	362	3/16/2026	26,449	126
10 Year Japanese Government Bond Futures	Short	89	3/23/2026	(75,233)	498
10 Year U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Long	1,231	3/31/2026	138,411	(1,235)

**Futures contracts** (continued)

Contracts	Type	Number of contracts	Expiration date	Notional amount (000)	Value and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
10 Year UK Gilt Futures	Long	451	3/31/2026	USD55,546	\$ 748
10 Year Canadian Government Bond Futures	Short	843	3/31/2026	(74,261)	1,173
10 Year Ultra U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Short	1,433	3/31/2026	(164,817)	555
20 Year U.S. Treasury Bond Futures	Long	1,554	3/31/2026	179,633	(2,475)
30 Year Euro-Buxl Futures	Short	394	3/10/2026	(50,989)	1,122
30 Year Ultra U.S. Treasury Bond Futures	Long	387	3/31/2026	45,666	(630)
					<u>\$ 1,724</u>

**Forward currency contracts**

Contract amount				Settlement date	Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
Currency purchased (000)	Currency sold (000)		Counterparty		
GBP 1,140	USD 1,522		Morgan Stanley	1/5/2026	\$ 15
EUR 3,990	USD 4,679		Bank of America	1/5/2026	11
CNH 6,900	USD 979		BNP Paribas	1/5/2026	10
MYR 2,040	USD 496		Standard Chartered Bank	1/5/2026	7
USD 345	NZD 600		Bank of America	1/5/2026	(0)
NZD 600	USD 347		Goldman Sachs	1/5/2026	(1)
USD 500	MYR 2,040		JPMorgan Chase	1/5/2026	(3)
USD 982	CNH 6,900		Bank of America	1/5/2026	(8)
USD 1,523	GBP 1,140		Bank of America	1/5/2026	(14)
USD 4,655	EUR 3,990		UBS AG	1/5/2026	(35)
TRY 1,036,829	USD 23,767		Citibank	1/7/2026	261
GBP 1,500	USD 1,963		JPMorgan Chase	1/7/2026	59
EUR 990	USD 1,148		HSBC Bank	1/7/2026	15
THB 6,000	USD 188		Bank of America	1/7/2026	2
USD 647	THB 20,671		Citibank	1/7/2026	(9)
USD 1,104	TRY 48,075		Citibank	1/7/2026	(10)
USD 466	GBP 354		Citibank	1/7/2026	(11)
EUR 316,716	USD 368,165		Citibank	1/8/2026	4,181
MYR 110,456	USD 26,776		JPMorgan Chase	1/8/2026	465
USD 1,402	MYR 5,730		HSBC Bank	1/8/2026	(11)
USD 24,127	MYR 99,530		JPMorgan Chase	1/8/2026	(419)
USD 225,597	BRL 1,214,995		Citibank	1/9/2026	4,394
CAD 287,492	USD 206,575		Barclays Bank PLC	1/9/2026	2,971
EUR 119,158	USD 139,152		JPMorgan Chase	1/9/2026	943
GBP 62,730	USD 84,017		Bank of America	1/9/2026	539
USD 34,803	JPY 5,388,500		Bank of America	1/9/2026	373
CLP 7,789,010	USD 8,445		Citibank	1/9/2026	205
USD 6,920	BRL 37,210		Goldman Sachs	1/9/2026	146
CZK 321,921	USD 15,546		JPMorgan Chase	1/9/2026	116
USD 6,687	JPY 1,032,290		Citibank	1/9/2026	92
KRW 6,945,257	USD 4,742		Citibank	1/9/2026	69
CZK 759,200	EUR 31,363		JPMorgan Chase	1/9/2026	62
CZK 115,978	USD 5,592		Bank of New York Mellon	1/9/2026	50
PEN 9,560	USD 2,830		UBS AG	1/9/2026	13
CHF 5,200	USD 6,561		Bank of America	1/9/2026	10
USD 11,097	IDR 185,150,157		Citibank	1/9/2026	6
CHF 2,040	USD 2,574		Bank of America	1/9/2026	4
CZK 8,700	EUR 357		HSBC Bank	1/9/2026	4
KRW 321,000	USD 219		Citibank	1/9/2026	4
COP 636,510	USD 166		Citibank	1/9/2026	2
CHF 840	USD 1,060		Bank of America	1/9/2026	2
MXN 14,851	USD 822		Goldman Sachs	1/9/2026	2
USD 1,534	MXN 27,645		Morgan Stanley	1/9/2026	(0)
USD 781	CHF 623		JPMorgan Chase	1/9/2026	(6)

Forward currency contracts (continued)

Contract amount					Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
Currency purchased (000)	Currency sold (000)	Counterparty	Settlement date		
JPY 87,000	USD 562	Bank of America	1/9/2026	\$	(6)
JPY 66,000	USD 428	Citibank	1/9/2026		(6)
USD 1,341	PEN 4,531	JPMorgan Chase	1/9/2026		(7)
USD 1,086	COP 4,161,647	Citibank	1/9/2026		(10)
USD 1,207	CNH 8,502	Bank of America	1/9/2026		(12)
IDR 105,791,240	USD 6,360	Goldman Sachs	1/9/2026		(23)
USD 5,384	EUR 4,610	JPMorgan Chase	1/9/2026		(36)
USD 2,141	COP 8,270,900	Citibank	1/9/2026		(38)
JPY 462,330	USD 2,995	Citibank	1/9/2026		(41)
USD 3,262	GBP 2,451	UBS AG	1/9/2026		(42)
USD 4,592	MXN 84,008	UBS AG	1/9/2026		(69)
USD 37,589	INR 3,388,570	HSBC Bank	1/9/2026		(75)
USD 5,438	GBP 4,120	Morgan Stanley	1/9/2026		(116)
USD 34,921	GBP 26,140	Bank of America	1/9/2026		(315)
USD 28,503	KRW 41,743,830	Citibank	1/9/2026		(415)
USD 24,621	KRW 36,433,050	Citibank	1/9/2026		(618)
USD 107,420	EUR 92,203	Citibank	1/9/2026		(984)
JPY 25,900,598	USD 167,979	Morgan Stanley	1/9/2026		(2,490)
CNH 2,413,958	USD 342,950	Citibank	1/12/2026		3,364
CNH 1,700,387	USD 240,974	Citibank	1/12/2026		2,968
SEK 265,950	USD 28,292	HSBC Bank	1/12/2026		614
ZAR 217,097	USD 12,709	Citibank	1/12/2026		390
CNH 252,260	USD 35,901	Goldman Sachs	1/12/2026		288
PLN 54,220	USD 14,869	Citibank	1/12/2026		233
EUR 33,350	CAD 53,668	HSBC Bank	1/12/2026		93
CNH 71,760	USD 10,219	UBS AG	1/12/2026		76
SGD 10,020	USD 7,735	Citibank	1/12/2026		66
MXN 88,611	USD 4,881	HSBC Bank	1/12/2026		34
NOK 32,890	USD 3,243	HSBC Bank	1/12/2026		20
AUD 5,397	USD 3,585	HSBC Bank	1/12/2026		17
SEK 10,090	EUR 922	BNP Paribas	1/12/2026		12
PLN 4,946	USD 1,368	Bank of New York Mellon	1/12/2026		9
NOK 5,140	EUR 429	Goldman Sachs	1/12/2026		6
NOK 5,500	EUR 461	Bank of New York Mellon	1/12/2026		4
AUD 760	USD 505	Bank of America	1/12/2026		3
USD 1,673	NZD 2,900	Morgan Stanley	1/12/2026		3
BRL 2,850	USD 517	Citibank	1/12/2026		2
HUF 64,380	USD 195	BNP Paribas	1/12/2026		2
SEK 3,300	USD 356	HSBC Bank	1/12/2026		2
TRY 24,000	USD 552	Bank of America	1/12/2026		2
USD 347	NZD 601	Morgan Stanley	1/12/2026		1
USD 156	NZD 270	Goldman Sachs	1/12/2026		1
PLN 2,586	USD 720	Bank of New York Mellon	1/12/2026		1
USD 577	PLN 2,070	Citibank	1/12/2026		1
SGD 303	USD 235	Bank of America	1/12/2026		1
EUR 180	USD 212	Bank of New York Mellon	1/12/2026		— <sup>0</sup>
EUR 142	PLN 600	BNP Paribas	1/12/2026		— <sup>0</sup>
RON 101	USD 23	Citibank	1/12/2026		— <sup>0</sup>
USD 64	SEK 590	Standard Chartered Bank	1/12/2026		— <sup>0</sup>
EUR 754	RON 3,850	BNP Paribas	1/12/2026		(1)
USD 120	ZAR 2,000	Morgan Stanley	1/12/2026		(1)
NZD 927	USD 537	Goldman Sachs	1/12/2026		(3)
EUR 353	PLN 1,500	Citibank	1/12/2026		(3)
USD 676	HUF 223,771	HSBC Bank	1/12/2026		(8)
EUR 3,120	GBP 2,730	UBS AG	1/12/2026		(11)
EUR 887	NOK 10,640	HSBC Bank	1/12/2026		(13)
EUR 12,069	RON 61,620	Citibank	1/12/2026		(15)
USD 801	SEK 7,530	HSBC Bank	1/12/2026		(17)
USD 637	ZAR 10,882	Citibank	1/12/2026		(20)
USD 2,194	RON 9,620	Citibank	1/12/2026		(24)
USD 6,017	NOK 61,020	HSBC Bank	1/12/2026		(37)
USD 3,688	NOK 37,620	Morgan Stanley	1/12/2026		(45)

Forward currency contracts (continued)

Contract amount				Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025
Currency purchased (000)	Currency sold (000)	Counterparty	Settlement date	(000)
NZD 17,141	USD 9,930	Bank of America	1/12/2026	\$ (55)
USD 8,663	EUR 7,440	Bank of America	1/12/2026	(86)
USD 9,453	HUF 3,123,349	Goldman Sachs	1/12/2026	(89)
USD 7,173	PLN 26,155	Citibank	1/12/2026	(113)
USD 38,508	THB 1,223,795	Citibank	1/12/2026	(365)
USD 61,894	AUD 93,523	Morgan Stanley	1/12/2026	(524)
USD 82,095	HUF 27,212,793	Citibank	1/12/2026	(1,045)
EUR 99,976	USD 116,449	Goldman Sachs	1/13/2026	1,117
USD 94	EUR 80	HSBC Bank	1/14/2026	— <sup>(0)</sup>
EUR 80	USD 94	HSBC Bank	1/14/2026	— <sup>(0)</sup>
THB 4,600	USD 147	UBS AG	1/14/2026	— <sup>(0)</sup>
THB 17,000	USD 542	UBS AG	1/14/2026	(2)
THB 42,656	USD 1,359	UBS AG	1/14/2026	(4)
USD 2,698	EUR 2,310	JPMorgan Chase	1/14/2026	(18)
THB 365,240	USD 11,637	UBS AG	1/14/2026	(34)
THB 436,945	USD 13,922	UBS AG	1/14/2026	(41)
JPY 1,809,194	USD 11,631	Citibank	1/14/2026	(66)
USD 109,065	EUR 93,644	Bank of America	1/14/2026	(1,060)
CNH 857,862	USD 122,062	Standard Chartered Bank	1/15/2026	1,033
USD 34,954	JPY 5,388,510	Citibank	1/15/2026	506
ILS 14,850	USD 4,619	HSBC Bank	1/15/2026	43
USD 888	JPY 137,742	HSBC Bank	1/15/2026	8
CNH 7,000	USD 1,000	UBS AG	1/15/2026	4
DKK 58,510	EUR 7,833	HSBC Bank	1/15/2026	2
USD 1,817	DKK 11,540	HSBC Bank	1/15/2026	— <sup>(0)</sup>
DKK 740	USD 116	HSBC Bank	1/15/2026	— <sup>(0)</sup>
EUR 460	USD 541	Morgan Stanley	1/15/2026	— <sup>(0)</sup>
EUR 29,230	DKK 218,340	HSBC Bank	1/15/2026	(9)
JPY 697,097	EUR 3,821	Citibank	1/15/2026	(37)
JPY 2,737,168	USD 17,654	HSBC Bank	1/15/2026	(156)
JPY 3,116,410	USD 20,172	Bank of America	1/15/2026	(249)
JPY 15,005,780	USD 97,055	Goldman Sachs	1/15/2026	(1,125)
GBP 5,610	USD 7,501	Citibank	1/16/2026	61
EUR 124,184	USD 146,003	Morgan Stanley	1/16/2026	51
USD 80	GBP 60	Standard Chartered Bank	1/16/2026	(1)
EUR 48,447	GBP 42,590	HSBC Bank	1/16/2026	(428)
GBP 27,496	EUR 31,290	HSBC Bank	1/22/2026	251
GBP 12,244	USD 16,426	Morgan Stanley	1/22/2026	78
USD 20,818	EUR 17,696	Morgan Stanley	1/22/2026	(1)
USD 22,308	GBP 16,628	Morgan Stanley	1/22/2026	(106)
USD 65,505	BRL 357,296	Citibank	1/23/2026	703
GBP 16,352	USD 21,863	Citibank	1/23/2026	178
USD 6,937	BRL 37,740	Citibank	1/23/2026	92
USD 508	PHP 30,000	JPMorgan Chase	1/23/2026	— <sup>(0)</sup>
USD 5,977	PHP 352,974	Citibank	1/23/2026	(1)
BRL 3,000	USD 551	Citibank	1/23/2026	(7)
USD 5,132	BRL 28,460	Citibank	1/23/2026	(30)
USD 23,786	GBP 17,790	Citibank	1/23/2026	(193)
BRL 737,920	USD 135,286	Citibank	1/23/2026	(1,452)
USD 72,562	EUR 61,610	HSBC Bank	1/26/2026	66
GBP 420	USD 565	Barclays Bank PLC	1/26/2026	1
USD 1,042	BRL 5,850	Citibank	1/26/2026	(18)
USD 12,475	EUR 10,586	Citibank	1/27/2026	18
USD 305	AUD 470	Citibank	1/27/2026	(9)
EUR 13,022	USD 15,338	HSBC Bank	1/27/2026	(14)
USD 93,454	EUR 79,255	Standard Chartered Bank	1/28/2026	186
USD 448	EUR 380	Citibank	1/28/2026	— <sup>(0)</sup>
EUR 110,710	USD 130,545	Standard Chartered Bank	1/28/2026	(260)
USD 56,902	EUR 48,246	Standard Chartered Bank	1/29/2026	123
PLN 600	USD 167	Barclays Bank PLC	1/29/2026	— <sup>(0)</sup>
EUR 8,630	USD 10,178	Standard Chartered Bank	1/29/2026	(22)
USD 6,225	EUR 5,290	Morgan Stanley	1/30/2026	(1)

Forward currency contracts (continued)

Contract amount						Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
Currency purchased (000)	Currency sold (000)	Counterparty	Settlement date			
GBP	1,140	USD 1,523	Bank of America	2/9/2026		\$ 14
CNH	6,900	USD 984	Bank of America	2/9/2026		8
MYR	2,040	USD 501	JPMorgan Chase	2/9/2026		3
NZD	600	USD 346	Bank of America	2/9/2026		— <sup>(0)</sup>
USD	282	EUR 240	Bank of America	2/9/2026		(1)
USD	4,687	EUR 3,990	Bank of America	2/9/2026		(11)
EUR	49,950	USD 58,779	Morgan Stanley	3/16/2026		129
EUR	86,700	USD 101,451	Barclays Bank PLC	3/18/2026		809
CNH	362,000	USD 51,547	Citibank	3/18/2026		586
CZK	800,000	USD 38,454	Barclays Bank PLC	3/18/2026		508
CAD	36,500	USD 26,484	Citibank	3/18/2026		198
GBP	10,000	USD 13,329	Barclays Bank PLC	3/18/2026		147
SEK	34,000	USD 3,653	Goldman Sachs	3/18/2026		55
CNH	32,500	USD 4,628	Citibank	3/18/2026		53
EUR	4,700	USD 5,504	Bank of New York Mellon	3/18/2026		40
EUR	4,150	USD 4,856	Barclays Bank PLC	3/18/2026		39
USD	5,817	JPY 900,000	HSBC Bank	3/18/2026		33
CAD	2,900	USD 2,104	Citibank	3/18/2026		16
USD	2,262	JPY 350,000	HSBC Bank	3/18/2026		13
USD	1,743	NZD 3,000	Barclays Bank PLC	3/18/2026		11
GBP	800	USD 1,074	HSBC Bank	3/18/2026		4
USD	1,948	EUR 1,650	HSBC Bank	3/18/2026		2
USD	3,037	NOK 30,720	HSBC Bank	3/18/2026		(10)
USD	8,420	PHP 500,000	Morgan Stanley	3/18/2026		(26)
USD	15,201	BRL 85,000	Citibank	3/18/2026		(31)
USD	2,933	GBP 2,200	Barclays Bank PLC	3/18/2026		(32)
USD	6,838	AUD 10,300	Citibank	3/18/2026		(36)
USD	16,806	NOK 170,000	HSBC Bank	3/18/2026		(55)
USD	4,903	CLP 4,500,000	JPMorgan Chase	3/18/2026		(100)
USD	11,839	THB 375,000	UBS AG	3/18/2026		(102)
USD	19,412	SGD 25,000	UBS AG	3/18/2026		(135)
USD	28,656	HUF 9,500,000	HSBC Bank	3/18/2026		(243)
USD	48,201	AUD 72,600	Citibank	3/18/2026		(252)
USD	24,514	COP 96,000,000	Citibank	3/18/2026		(253)
USD	34,098	PLN 124,000	UBS AG	3/18/2026		(428)
CAD	2,090	USD 1,523	Goldman Sachs	3/19/2026		5
INR	92,400	USD 1,032	HSBC Bank	9/24/2026		(24)
						<u>\$ 15,052</u>

Swap contracts

Interest rate swaps

Centrally cleared interest rate swaps

Rate	Receive		Pay		Expiration date	Notional amount (000)	Value at 12/31/2025 (000)	Upfront premium paid (received) (000)	Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
	Payment frequency	Rate	Payment frequency	Rate					
5.298%	Annual	6-month PLN-WIBOR	Semi-annual	—	2/14/2026	PLN29,660	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ 5
6-month CZK-PRIBOR	Semi-annual	3.875%	Annual	—	2/14/2026	CZK170,970	(3)	—	(3)
0.8738%	Annual	SONIA	Annual	—	10/8/2026	GBP4,000	(109)	—	(109)
SOFR	Annual	3.848%	Annual	—	11/15/2026	USD1,460	(5)	—	(5)
SOFR	Annual	3.8045%	Annual	—	12/15/2026	3,095	(10)	—	(10)
U.S. Urban CPI	At maturity	2.12%	At maturity	—	12/22/2026	5,726	8	—	8
SONIA	Annual	1.2822%	Annual	—	1/28/2027	GBP1,150	36	—	36
1.9883%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	—	7/2/2027	EUR11,460	(45)	—	(45)
2.00055655%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	—	7/11/2027	45,080	(165)	(12)	(153)
2.0443%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	—	7/15/2027	11,520	(34)	—	(34)
SOFR	Annual	3.70%	Annual	—	8/1/2027	USD5,100	(28)	—	(28)

Swap contracts (continued)

Interest rate swaps (continued)

Centrally cleared interest rate swaps (continued)

Receive		Pay		Expiration date	Notional amount (000)	Value at 12/31/2025 (000)	Upfront premium paid (received) (000)	Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
Rate	Payment frequency	Rate	Payment frequency					
SOFR	Annual	3.699%	Annual	8/1/2027	USD7,610	\$ (42)	\$ —	\$ (42)
SOFR	Annual	3.479%	Annual	8/6/2027	5,100	(11)	—	(11)
SOFR	Annual	3.497%	Annual	8/12/2027	8,610	(22)	—	(22)
3.5175%	Annual	SOFR	Annual	8/15/2027	139,970	399	—	399
Eurozone HICP Ex.								
3.0825%	At maturity	Tobacco	At maturity	8/15/2027	EUR1,000	19	—	19
SOFR	Annual	3.4925%	Annual	8/19/2027	USD456,680	(1,137)	—	(1,137)
SOFR	Annual	3.493%	Annual	8/24/2027	3,300	(8)	—	(8)
SOFR	Annual	3.4325%	Annual	8/30/2027	8,700	(14)	—	(14)
3.515%	Annual	6-month CZK-PRIBOR	Semi-annual	9/2/2027	CZK2,877,983	(42)	—	(42)
6-month PLN-WIBOR	Semi-annual	4.14%	Annual	9/2/2027	PLN511,117	(1,127)	—	(1,127)
SOFR	Annual	3.2685%	Annual	9/9/2027	USD600,000	595	—	595
SOFR	Annual	3.2465%	Annual	9/15/2027	16,500	19	—	19
SOFR	Annual	3.249%	Annual	9/15/2027	16,570	19	—	19
SOFR	Annual	3.3075%	Annual	9/15/2027	5,100	2	—	2
SOFR	Annual	3.329%	Annual	9/23/2027	11,400	(1)	—	(1)
SOFR	Annual	3.3395%	Annual	9/23/2027	456,805	(105)	—	(105)
1.9308%	Annual	Euro STR	Annual	9/24/2027	EUR220,000	(381)	—	(381)
SOFR	Annual	3.221%	Annual	9/30/2027	USD250,000	399	—	399
SONIA	Annual	5.1013%	Annual	10/7/2027	GBP1,650	(60)	—	(60)
SOFR	Annual	3.265%	Annual	10/15/2027	USD10,500	10	—	10
SOFR	Annual	3.28%	Annual	12/1/2027	30,000	17	—	17
3.5102%	Annual	SONIA	Annual	12/2/2027	GBP18,960	11	—	11
SOFR	Annual	3.281%	Annual	12/24/2027	USD3,300	2	1	1
0.57520783%	Annual	SONIA	Annual	4/9/2028	GBP10,370	(878)	(18)	(860)
4.4785%	Annual	SOFR	Annual	10/4/2028	USD500	15	—	15
8.845%	28-day	Overnight MXN-F-TIE	28-day	11/17/2028	MXN16,677	35	—	35
SOFR	Annual	3.169%	Annual	5/15/2029	USD1,230	7	—	7
5.086%	Annual	6-month PLN-WIBOR	Semi-annual	7/12/2029	PLN9,255	122	—	122
6-month CZK-PRIBOR	Semi-annual	3.635%	Annual	7/12/2029	CZK53,190	8	—	8
SOFR	Annual	3.4705%	Annual	2/10/2030	USD110,460	(269)	—	(269)
6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	2.2562%	Annual	3/5/2030	EUR19,060	209	—	209
6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	2.2577%	Annual	3/5/2030	19,060	208	—	208
6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	2.2592%	Annual	3/5/2030	19,070	206	—	206
3.925%	Annual	6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	3/5/2030	NOK112,734	(68)	—	(68)
3.924%	Annual	6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	3/5/2030	112,738	(68)	—	(68)
3.92%	Annual	6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	3/5/2030	112,750	(70)	—	(70)
6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	2.1912%	Annual	3/6/2030	EUR17,750	249	—	249
3.825%	Annual	6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	3/6/2030	NOK113,217	(111)	—	(111)
4.165%	Annual	6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	3/24/2030	86,241	27	—	27
4.1703%	Annual	6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	3/24/2030	60,360	20	—	20
4.162%	Annual	6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	3/24/2030	60,374	18	—	18
4.165%	Annual	6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	3/25/2030	215,748	69	—	69
3-month SEK-STIBOR	Quarterly	2.6312%	Annual	4/2/2030	SEK129,570	(88)	—	(88)
3-month SEK-STIBOR	Quarterly	2.3527%	Annual	4/22/2030	460,010	266	—	266
3-month SEK-STIBOR	Quarterly	2.3532%	Annual	4/22/2030	459,990	265	—	265
2.2053%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	4/22/2030	EUR43,190	(620)	—	(620)
2.2033%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	4/22/2030	43,210	(624)	—	(624)
3.9208%	Annual	6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	7/29/2030	NOK51,000	(35)	—	(35)
6.2597%	Annual	6-month HUF-BUBOR	Semi-annual	8/1/2030	HUF420,000	10	—	10
3-month SEK-STIBOR	Quarterly	2.2732%	Annual	8/14/2030	SEK410,000	469	—	469
2.3523%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	8/14/2030	EUR38,000	(353)	—	(353)
6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	3.99%	Annual	9/22/2030	NOK215,300	91	—	91
6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	4.08%	Annual	9/23/2030	231,550	9	—	9
6.1177%	Annual	6-month HUF-BUBOR	Semi-annual	9/23/2030	HUF600,000	4	—	4
6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	4.09%	Annual	9/23/2030	NOK117,836	— <sup>0</sup>	—	— <sup>0</sup>
6-month NOK-NIBOR	Semi-annual	4.095%	Annual	9/23/2030	231,540	(6)	—	(6)
SOFR	Annual	3.2905%	Annual	10/30/2030	USD1,230	9	—	9
SOFR	Annual	3.312%	Annual	11/6/2030	1,230	8	—	8

Swap contracts (continued)

Interest rate swaps (continued)

Centrally cleared interest rate swaps (continued)

Receive		Pay			Notional amount (000)	Value at 12/31/2025 (000)	Upfront premium paid (received) (000)	Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
Rate	Payment frequency	Rate	Payment frequency	Expiration date				
SOFR	Annual	3.404%	Annual	11/15/2030	USD600	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 1
3-month SEK-STIBOR	Quarterly	2.4517%	Annual	11/25/2030	SEK21,060	10	—	10
2.4018%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	11/25/2030	EUR1,910	(16)	—	(16)
2.5708%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	12/11/2030	5,750	1	—	1
2.6048%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	12/12/2030	860	2	—	2
3.488%	Annual	SOFR	Annual	6/17/2031	USD6,305	1	—	1
3.43574%	Annual	SOFR	Annual	6/17/2031	7,352	(16)	—	(16)
2.2679%	Annual	SONIA	Annual	7/14/2032	GBP590	(68)	—	(68)
SOFR	Annual	4.1615%	Annual	5/15/2033	USD400	(14)	—	(14)
SOFR	Annual	4.15%	Annual	5/15/2033	740	(25)	—	(25)
4.0135%	Annual	SOFR	Annual	8/21/2033	840	20	—	20
2.7083%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	2/15/2035	EUR50,000	(836)	—	(836)
4.4715%	Annual	6-month PLN-WIBOR	Semi-annual	7/31/2035	PLN5,100	36	—	36
3-month SEK-STIBOR	Quarterly	2.7207%	Annual	9/26/2035	SEK11,190	20	—	20
2.6963%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	9/26/2035	EUR1,010	(21)	—	(21)
2.6303%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	10/15/2035	2,040	(58)	—	(58)
SOFR	Annual	3.5775%	Annual	10/24/2035	USD690	12	—	12
SOFR	Annual	3.563%	Annual	10/29/2035	780	15	—	15
2.6708%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	11/10/2035	EUR510	(13)	—	(13)
SOFR	Annual	3.678%	Annual	11/15/2035	USD420	4	—	4
2.6965%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	11/17/2035	EUR2,060	(47)	—	(47)
2.9208%	Annual	6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	12/22/2035	1,550	— <sup>(0)</sup>	—	— <sup>(0)</sup>
3-month SEK-STIBOR	Quarterly	2.9702%	Annual	12/22/2035	SEK17,010	(7)	—	(7)
SOFR	Annual	3.79168%	Annual	6/17/2036	USD8,060	32	—	32
SOFR	Annual	3.801%	Annual	6/17/2036	6,975	23	—	23
0.9221376%	Annual	SONIA	Annual	4/9/2041	GBP5,500	(2,789)	(48)	(2,741)
2.23%	Annual	SONIA	Annual	7/14/2042	320	(106)	—	(106)
4.6386%	Annual	SONIA	Annual	8/27/2045	190	8	—	8
1.0469%	Annual	SONIA	Annual	3/2/2052	70	(50)	—	(50)
SOFR	Annual	4.057%	Annual	8/24/2055	USD600	12	—	12
6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	2.89009984%	Annual	9/2/2055	EUR480	39	2	37
SOFR	Annual	4.039%	Annual	9/2/2055	USD600	13	—	13
SOFR	Annual	4.0545%	Annual	9/6/2055	393	8	—	8
SOFR	Annual	3.944%	Annual	9/9/2055	20,400	786	—	786
6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	2.8972%	Annual	9/11/2055	EUR11,810	941	—	941
6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	2.9012%	Annual	9/17/2055	420	33	—	33
SOFR	Annual	3.9305%	Annual	9/23/2055	USD50,335	2,054	—	2,054
6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	2.9287%	Annual	9/24/2055	EUR22,000	1,594	—	1,594
6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	2.9837%	Annual	11/17/2055	3,600	216	—	216
6-month EURIBOR	Semi-annual	3.05413983%	Annual	11/21/2055	1,450	64	(3)	67
SONIA	Annual	4.4014%	Annual	11/28/2055	GBP970	12	—	12
4.13862%	Annual	SOFR	Annual	6/17/2056	USD1,953	(12)	—	(12)
4.097%	Annual	SOFR	Annual	6/17/2056	1,699	(23)	—	(23)
						<u>\$ (818)</u>	<u>\$ (78)</u>	<u>\$ (740)</u>

Bilateral interest rate swaps

Receive		Pay			Notional amount (000)	Value at 12/31/2025 (000)	Upfront premium paid (received) (000)	Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)	
Rate	Payment frequency	Rate	Payment frequency	Counterparty					Expiration date
13.87%	At maturity	BZDIOVER	At maturity	Barclays Bank PLC	1/4/2027	BRL200,000	\$ (69)	\$ —	\$ (69)
10.69660495%	At maturity	BZDIOVER	At maturity	Goldman Sachs	1/4/2027	18,589	(274)	—	(274)
12.215%	At maturity	BZDIOVER	At maturity	Bank of America	1/4/2027	300,000	(1,920)	—	(1,920)
11.91%	At maturity	BZDIOVER	At maturity	Barclays Bank PLC	1/4/2027	300,000	(2,255)	—	(2,255)
11.405%	At maturity	BZDIOVER	At maturity	Goldman Sachs	1/4/2027	643,575	(6,130)	—	(6,130)
14.115%	At maturity	BZDIOVER	At maturity	Goldman Sachs	1/2/2029	98,690	452	—	452

**Swap contracts** (continued)

**Interest rate swaps** (continued)

**Bilateral interest rate swaps** (continued)

Receive		Pay		Counterparty	Expiration date	Notional amount (000)	Value at 12/31/2025 (000)	Upfront premium paid (received) (000)	Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
Rate	Payment frequency	Rate	Payment frequency						
14.05%	At maturity	BZDIOVER	At maturity	Goldman Sachs	1/2/2029	BRL43,955	\$ 181	\$—	\$ 181
13.445%	At maturity	BZDIOVER	At maturity	Barclays Bank PLC	1/2/2029	20,400	12	—	12
11.495%	At maturity	BZDIOVER	At maturity	Bank of America	1/2/2029	236,580	(3,370)	—	(3,370)
13.615%	At maturity	BZDIOVER	At maturity	Barclays Bank PLC	1/2/2031	6,000	11	—	11
13.305%	At maturity	BZDIOVER	At maturity	Goldman Sachs	1/2/2035	5,010	(3)	—	(3)
							<u>\$ (13,365)</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$ (13,365)</u>

**Credit default swaps**

**Centrally cleared credit default swaps on credit indices — buy protection**

Reference index	Financing rate paid	Payment frequency	Expiration date	Notional amount (000)	Value at 12/31/2025 (000)	Upfront premium paid (received) (000)	Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
CDX.NA.IG.45	1.00%	Quarterly	12/20/2030	USD271,468	\$ (6,153)	\$ (6,069)	\$ (84)
ITRAXX.EUR.44	1.00%	Quarterly	12/20/2030	EUR193,060	(5,236)	(4,869)	(367)
CDX.NA.HY.45	5.00%	Quarterly	12/20/2030	USD146,780	(11,215)	(10,817)	(398)
CDX.EM.44	1.00%	Quarterly	12/20/2030	115,000	1,238	2,470	(1,232)
					<u>\$ (21,366)</u>	<u>\$ (19,285)</u>	<u>\$ (2,081)</u>

**Centrally cleared credit default swaps on credit indices — sell protection**

Reference index	Financing rate received	Payment frequency	Expiration date	Notional amount <sup>(a)</sup> (000)	Value at 12/31/2025 <sup>(i)</sup> (000)	Upfront premium paid (received) (000)	Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 12/31/2025 (000)
ITRAXX.EUR.XO.44	5.00%	Quarterly	12/20/2030	EUR42,850	\$ 5,570	\$ 5,191	\$ 379

**Investments in affiliates <sup>(a)</sup>**

	Value at 1/1/2025 (000)	Additions (000)	Reductions (000)	Net realized gain (loss) (000)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) (000)	Value at 12/31/2025 (000)	Dividend or interest income (000)
<b>Investment funds 0.00%</b>							
Capital Group Central Corporate Bond Fund	\$ 209	\$ 10	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ 224	\$ 10
<b>Short-term securities 3.90%</b>							
<b>Money market investments 3.90%</b>							
Capital Group Central Cash Fund 3.79% <sup>(p)</sup>	421,730	4,077,427	4,114,522	30	(15)	384,650	29,094
<b>Total 3.90%</b>				<u>\$ 30</u>	<u>\$ (10)</u>	<u>\$ 384,874</u>	<u>\$ 29,104</u>

**Restricted securities <sup>(b)</sup>**

	Acquisition date(s)	Cost (000)	Value (000)	Percent of net assets
Stillwater Mining Co. 4.00% 11/16/2026	1/26/2024-2/20/2024	\$ 9,276	\$ 9,580	0.10%
Sasol Financing USA, LLC 8.75% 5/3/2029	7/18/2023-2/16/2024	8,372	8,508	0.09
Bank of America Corp. 0.58% 8/8/2029 (3-month EUR-EURIBOR + 0.73% on 8/8/2028) <sup>(q)</sup>	2/4/2021	3,789	3,492	0.03

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Restricted securities <sup>(b)</sup> (continued)

	Acquisition date(s)	Cost (000)	Value (000)	Percent of net assets
General Motors Financial Co., Inc. 4.00% 7/10/2030	10/25/2024-10/31/2024	\$ 2,426	\$ 2,664	0.03%
Wells Fargo & Co. 3.90% 7/22/2032 (3-month EUR-EURIBOR + 1.22% on 7/22/2031) <sup>(a)</sup>	10/16/2024-12/04/2024	1,275	1,409	0.01
McDonalds Corp. 4.00% 3/7/2030	11/14/2023	1,184	1,343	0.01
Wolfspeed, Inc. 4.00% PIK and 9.875% Cash 6/23/2030 <sup>(b)</sup>	9/29/2025	583	639	0.01
HPHT Finance 25, Ltd. 5.00% 2/21/2030	4/8/2025-6/16/2025	594	611	0.01
CK Hutchison International (21), Ltd. 3.125% 4/15/2041	5/19/2025-5/22/2025	288	308	0.00 <sup>(c)</sup>
Finastra USA, Inc., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 7.25%) 10.973% 9/13/2029 <sup>(d)(e)</sup>	9/13/2023	147	150	0.00 <sup>(f)</sup>
<b>Total</b>		<u>\$ 27,934</u>	<u>\$ 28,704</u>	<u>0.29%</u>

<sup>(a)</sup> Step bond; coupon rate may change at a later date.

<sup>(b)</sup> Restricted security, other than Rule 144A securities or commercial paper issued pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

<sup>(c)</sup> Index-linked bond whose principal amount moves with a government price index.

<sup>(d)</sup> Coupon rate may change periodically. Reference rate and spread are as of the most recent information available. Some coupon rates are determined by the issuer or agent based on current market conditions; therefore, the reference rate and spread are not available.

<sup>(e)</sup> Principal payments may be made periodically. Therefore, the effective maturity date may be earlier than the stated maturity date.

<sup>(f)</sup> Acquired in a transaction exempt from registration under Rule 144A or, for commercial paper, Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933. May be resold in the U.S. in transactions exempt from registration, normally to qualified institutional buyers. The total value of all such securities was \$1,343,943,000, which represented 13.64% of the net assets of the fund.

<sup>(g)</sup> Value determined using significant unobservable inputs.

<sup>(h)</sup> Loan participations and assignments; may be subject to legal or contractual restrictions on resale. The total value of all such loans was \$14,632,000, which represented 0.15% of the net assets of the fund.

<sup>(i)</sup> Payment in kind; the issuer has the option of paying additional securities in lieu of cash. Payment methods and rates are as of the most recent payment when available.

<sup>(j)</sup> Amount less than one thousand.

<sup>(k)</sup> Scheduled interest and/or principal payment was not received.

<sup>(l)</sup> All or a portion of this security was pledged as collateral. The total value of pledged collateral was \$90,516,000, which represented 0.92% of the net assets of the fund.

<sup>(m)</sup> Represents securities transacted on a TBA basis.

<sup>(n)</sup> Non-income producing.

<sup>(o)</sup> Affiliate of the fund or part of the same "group of investment companies" as the fund, as defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

<sup>(p)</sup> Rate represents the seven-day yield at 12/31/2025.

<sup>(q)</sup> The maximum potential amount the fund may pay as a protection seller should a credit event occur.

<sup>(r)</sup> The prices and resulting values for credit default swap indices serve as an indicator of the current status of the payment/performance risk. As the value of a sell protection credit default swap increases or decreases, when compared to the notional amount of the swap, the payment/performance risk may decrease or increase, respectively.

<sup>(s)</sup> Amount less than 0.01%.

**Key to abbreviation(s)**

Assn. = Association	EGP = Egyptian pounds	PHP = Philippine pesos
AUD = Australian dollars	EUR = Euros	PIK = Payment In Kind
BBSW = Bank Bill Swap Rate	EURIBOR = Euro Interbank Offered Rate	PLN = Polish zloty
BRL = Brazilian reais	F-TIE = Funding Equilibrium Interbank Interest Rate	PRIBOR = Prague Interbank Offered Rate
BUBOR = Budapest Interbank Offered Rate	GBP = British pounds	Ref. = Refunding
BZD/OVER = Overnight Brazilian Interbank Deposit Rate	GO = General Obligation	Rev. = Revenue
CAB = Capital Appreciation Bonds	HICP = Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices	RON = Romanian leu
CAD = Canadian dollars	HUF = Hungarian forints	SEK = Swedish kronor
CHF = Swiss francs	ICE = Intercontinental Exchange, Inc.	SGD = Singapore dollars
CLO = Collateralized Loan Obligations	IDR = Indonesian rupiah	SOFRA = Secured Overnight Financing Rate
CLP = Chilean pesos	ILS = Israeli shekels	SONIA = Sterling Overnight Interbank Average Rate
CME = CME Group	INR = Indian rupees	STIBOR = Stockholm Interbank Offered Rate
CNH = Chinese yuan renminbi	JPY = Japanese yen	STR = Short-Term Rate
CNY = Chinese yuan renminbi	KRW = South Korean won	TBA = To be announced
COP = Colombian pesos	KZT = Kazakhstani tenge	THB = Thai baht
CORRA = Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average	MXN = Mexican pesos	TRY = Turkish lira
CPI = Consumer Price Index	MYR = Malaysian ringgits	UAH = Ukrainian hryvnia
CZK = Czech korunas	NIBOR = Norwegian Interbank Offered Rate	USD = U.S. dollars
DAC = Designated Activity Company	NOK = Norwegian kroner	UST = U.S. Treasury
DKK = Danish kroner	NZD = New Zealand dollars	WIBOR = Warsaw Interbank Offered Rate
	PEN = Peruvian nuevos soles	ZAR = South African rand

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

## Financial statements

Statement of assets and liabilities at December 31, 2025

(dollars in thousands)

**Assets:**

Investment securities, at value:		
Unaffiliated issuers (cost: \$9,689,836)	\$ 9,477,738	
Affiliated issuers (cost: \$384,838)	<u>384,874</u>	\$ 9,862,612
Cash		1,539
Cash denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars (cost: \$1,527)		1,527
Unrealized appreciation on open forward currency contracts		30,440
Bilateral swaps, at value		656
Unrealized appreciation on unfunded commitments*		1
Receivables for:		
Sales of investments	96,602	
Sales of fund's shares	7,070	
Dividends and interest	103,527	
Variation margin on futures contracts	1,550	
Variation margin on centrally cleared swap contracts	2,173	
Variation margin on options (futures style)	60	
Other	<u>546</u>	<u>211,528</u>

10,108,303

**Liabilities:**

Unrealized depreciation on open forward currency contracts		15,388
Bilateral swaps, at value		14,021
Options written, at value (premium received: \$42)		26
Payables for:		
Purchases of investments	212,469	
Repurchases of fund's shares	5,847	
Investment advisory services	3,614	
Services provided by related parties	1,240	
Trustees' deferred compensation	347	
Variation margin on futures contracts	2,012	
Variation margin on centrally cleared swap contracts	1,061	
Other	<u>2,080</u>	<u>228,670</u>

Commitments and contingencies\*

**Net assets at December 31, 2025**

\$ 9,850,198

**Net assets consist of:**

Capital paid in on shares of beneficial interest	\$ 12,266,989
Total distributable earnings (accumulated loss)	<u>(2,416,791)</u>

**Net assets at December 31, 2025**

\$ 9,850,198

\*Refer to Note 5 for further information on unfunded commitments.

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

## Financial statements (continued)

Statement of assets and liabilities at December 31, 2025 (continued)

(dollars and shares in thousands, except per-share amounts)

Shares of beneficial interest issued and outstanding (no stated par value) —  
unlimited shares authorized (600,945 total shares outstanding)

	Net assets	Shares outstanding	Net asset value per share
Class A	\$ 3,146,746	191,878	\$ 16.40
Class C	24,636	1,531	16.09
Class T	9	—*	16.34
Class F-1	65,644	4,013	16.36
Class F-2	686,078	41,924	16.36
Class F-3	807,027	49,267	16.38
Class 529-A	178,547	10,848	16.46
Class 529-C	3,388	208	16.27
Class 529-E	6,248	383	16.33
Class 529-T	11	1	16.35
Class 529-F-1	9	1	16.28
Class 529-F-2	34,109	2,081	16.39
Class 529-F-3	9	1	16.35
Class R-1	5,661	349	16.20
Class R-2	60,841	3,761	16.17
Class R-2E	5,448	333	16.35
Class R-3	76,316	4,662	16.37
Class R-4	54,715	3,339	16.38
Class R-5E	16,999	1,039	16.37
Class R-5	21,942	1,337	16.41
Class R-6	4,655,815	283,989	16.39

\* Amount less than one thousand.

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

## Financial statements (continued)

Statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2025

		(dollars in thousands)
<b>Investment income:</b>		
Income:		
Interest from unaffiliated issuers (net of non-U.S. taxes of \$652)	\$ 449,830	
Dividends (includes \$29,104 from affiliates)	<u>29,184</u>	\$ 479,014
Fees and expenses*:		
Investment advisory services	43,350	
Distribution services	10,090	
Transfer agent services	9,728	
Administrative services	3,017	
529 plan services	117	
Reports to shareholders	510	
Registration statement and prospectus	353	
Trustees' compensation	85	
Auditing and legal	254	
Custodian	649	
Other	<u>35</u>	<u>68,188</u>
Net investment income		<u>410,826</u>
<b>Net realized gain (loss) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation):</b>		
Net realized gain (loss) on:		
Investments (net of non-U.S. taxes of \$2,371):		
Unaffiliated issuers	(83,167)	
Affiliated issuers	30	
Options purchased (futures style)	(3,657)	
Options written	2,969	
Futures contracts	36,163	
Forward currency contracts	(4,091)	
Swap contracts	(10,621)	
Currency transactions	<u>(1,383)</u>	(63,757)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on:		
Investments (net of non-U.S. taxes of \$1,663):		
Unaffiliated issuers	464,559	
Affiliated issuers	(10)	
Options purchased (futures style)	(1)	
Options written	653	
Futures contracts	14,816	
Forward currency contracts	29,523	
Swap contracts	22,860	
Currency translations	<u>3,016</u>	<u>535,416</u>
Net realized gain (loss) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation)		<u>471,659</u>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations</b>		<u>\$ 882,485</u>

\* Additional information related to class-specific fees and expenses is included in the notes to financial statements.

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

## Financial statements (continued)

### Statements of changes in net assets

	(dollars in thousands)	
	Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
<b>Operations:</b>		
Net investment income	\$ 410,826	\$ 422,783
Net realized gain (loss)	(63,757)	(227,454)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	<u>535,416</u>	<u>(480,776)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	882,485	(285,447)
<b>Distributions paid to shareholders:</b>		
Distributions	(275,631)	(321,719)
Return of capital	<u>(116,118)</u>	<u>—</u>
Total distributions paid and return of capital paid to shareholders	<u>(391,749)</u>	<u>(321,719)</u>
<b>Net capital share transactions</b>	<u>(849,805)</u>	<u>1,219,959</u>
<b>Total increase (decrease) in net assets</b>	(359,069)	612,793
<b>Net assets:</b>		
Beginning of year	<u>10,209,267</u>	<u>9,596,474</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 9,850,198</u>	<u>\$ 10,209,267</u>

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

# Notes to financial statements

## 1. Organization

Capital World Bond Fund (the “fund”) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), as an open-end, diversified management investment company. The fund seeks to provide, over the long term, a high level of total return consistent with prudent investment management. Total return comprises the income generated by the fund and the changes in the market value of the fund’s investments.

The fund has 21 share classes consisting of six retail share classes (Classes A, C, T, F-1, F-2 and F-3), seven 529 college savings plan share classes (Classes 529-A, 529-C, 529-E, 529-T, 529-F-1, 529-F-2 and 529-F-3) and eight retirement plan share classes (Classes R-1, R-2, R-2E, R-3, R-4, R-5E, R-5 and R-6). The 529 college savings plan share classes can be used to save for college education. The retirement plan share classes are generally offered only through eligible employer-sponsored retirement plans. The fund’s share classes are described further in the following table:

Share class	Initial sales charge	Contingent deferred sales charge upon redemption	Conversion feature
Class A	Up to 3.75%	None (except 0.75% for certain redemptions within 18 months of purchase without an initial sales charge)	None
Class 529-A	Up to 3.50%	None (except 1.00% for certain redemptions within 18 months of purchase without an initial sales charge)	None
Classes C and 529-C	None	1.00% for redemptions within one year of purchase	Class C converts to Class A after eight years and Class 529-C converts to Class 529-A after five years
Class 529-E	None	None	None
Classes T and 529-T*	Up to 2.50%	None	None
Classes F-1, F-2, F-3, 529-F-1, 529-F-2 and 529-F-3	None	None	None
Classes R-1, R-2, R-2E, R-3, R-4, R-5E, R-5 and R-6	None	None	None

\*Class T and 529-T shares are not available for purchase.

Holders of all share classes have equal pro rata rights to the assets, dividends and liquidation proceeds of the fund. Each share class has identical voting rights, except for the exclusive right to vote on matters affecting only its class. Share classes have different fees and expenses (“class-specific fees and expenses”), primarily due to different arrangements for distribution, transfer agent and administrative services. Differences in class-specific fees and expenses will result in differences in net investment income and, therefore, the payment of different per-share dividends by each share class.

## 2. Significant accounting policies

The fund is an investment company that applies the accounting and reporting guidance issued in Topic 946 by the U.S. Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”). The fund’s financial statements have been prepared to comply with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”). These principles require the fund’s investment adviser to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Subsequent events, if any, have been evaluated through the date of issuance in the preparation of the financial statements. The fund follows the significant accounting policies described in this section, as well as the valuation policies described in the next section on valuation.

**Operating segments** — The fund represents a single operating segment as the operating results of the fund are monitored as a whole and its long-term asset allocation is determined in accordance with the terms of its prospectus, based on defined investment objectives that are executed by the fund’s portfolio management team. A senior executive team comprised of the fund’s Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, serves as the fund’s chief operating decision maker (“CODM”), who act in accordance with Board of Trustee reviews and approvals. The CODM uses financial information, such as changes in net assets from operations, changes in net assets from fund share transactions, and income and expense ratios, consistent with that presented within the accompanying financial statements and financial highlights to assess the fund’s profits and losses and to make resource allocation decisions. Segment assets are reflected in the statement of assets and liabilities as net assets, which consists primarily of investment securities, at value, and significant segment expenses are listed in the accompanying statement of operations.

**Security transactions and related investment income** — Security transactions are recorded by the fund as of the date the trades are executed with brokers. Realized gains and losses from security transactions are determined based on the specific identified cost of the securities. In the event a security is purchased with a delayed payment date, the fund will segregate liquid assets sufficient to meet its payment obligations. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date and interest income is recognized on an accrual basis. Market discounts, premiums and original issue discounts on fixed-income securities are amortized daily over the expected life of the security.

**Class allocations** — Income, fees and expenses (other than class-specific fees and expenses), realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation and depreciation are allocated daily among the various share classes based on their relative net assets. Class-specific fees and expenses, such as distribution, transfer agent and administrative services, are charged directly to the respective share class.

**Distributions paid to shareholders** — Income dividends and capital gain distributions are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The fund may deem a portion of the income dividends and/or capital gain distributions as a return of capital for tax purposes.

**Currency translation** — Assets and liabilities, including investment securities, denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rates supplied by one or more pricing vendors on the valuation date. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expenses are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rates on the dates of such transactions. The effects of changes in exchange rates on investment securities are included with the net realized gain or loss and net unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments in the fund's statement of operations. The realized gain or loss and unrealized appreciation or depreciation resulting from all other transactions denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars are disclosed separately.

### 3. Valuation

Capital Research and Management Company ("CRMC"), the fund's investment adviser, values the fund's investments at fair value as defined by U.S. GAAP. The net asset value per share is calculated once daily as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange, normally 4 p.m. New York time, each day the New York Stock Exchange is open.

**Methods and inputs** — The fund's investment adviser uses the following methods and inputs to establish the fair value of the fund's assets and liabilities. Use of particular methods and inputs may vary over time based on availability and relevance as market and economic conditions evolve.

Equity securities, including depositary receipts, are generally valued at the official closing price of, or the last reported sale price on, the exchange or market on which such securities are traded, as of the close of business on the day the securities are being valued or, lacking any sales, at the last available bid price. Prices for each security are taken from the principal exchange or market on which the security trades.

Fixed-income securities, including short-term securities, are generally valued at evaluated prices obtained from third-party pricing vendors. Vendors value such securities based on one or more of the inputs described in the following table. The table provides examples of inputs that are commonly relevant for valuing particular classes of fixed-income securities in which the fund is authorized to invest. However, these classifications are not exclusive, and any of the inputs may be used to value any other class of fixed-income security.

Fixed-income class	Examples of standard inputs
All	Benchmark yields, transactions, bids, offers, quotations from dealers and trading systems, new issues, spreads and other relationships observed in the markets among comparable securities; and proprietary pricing models such as yield measures calculated using factors such as cash flows, financial or collateral performance and other reference data (collectively referred to as "standard inputs")
Corporate bonds, notes & loans; convertible securities	Standard inputs and underlying equity of the issuer
Bonds & notes of governments & government agencies	Standard inputs and interest rate volatilities
Mortgage-backed; asset-backed obligations	Standard inputs and cash flows, prepayment information, default rates, delinquency and loss assumptions, collateral characteristics, credit enhancements and specific deal information
Municipal securities	Standard inputs and, for certain distressed securities, cash flows or liquidation values using a net present value calculation based on inputs that include, but are not limited to, financial statements and debt contracts

Securities with both fixed-income and equity characteristics, or equity securities traded principally among fixed-income dealers, are generally valued in the manner described for either equity or fixed-income securities, depending on which method is deemed most appropriate by the fund's investment adviser. The Capital Group Central Corporate Bond Fund ("CCBF"), a fund within the Capital Group Central Fund Series II, and Capital Group Central Cash Fund ("CCF"), a fund within the Capital Group Central Fund Series (collectively the "Central Funds"), are each valued based upon a floating net asset value, which fluctuates with changes in the value of each fund's portfolio securities. The underlying securities are valued based on the policies and procedures in the Central Funds' statements of additional information. Exchange-traded options and futures are generally valued at the official closing price for options and official settlement price for futures on the exchange or market on which such instruments are traded, as of the close of business on the day such instruments are being valued. Forward currency contracts are valued based on the spot and forward exchange rates obtained from a third-party pricing vendor. Swaps and over-the-counter (OTC) options are generally valued using evaluated prices obtained from third-party pricing vendors who calculate these values based on market inputs that may include the yields of the indices referenced in the instrument and the relevant curve, dealer quotes, default probabilities and recovery rates, exchange rates, implied option volatilities, and terms of the contract.

Securities and other assets for which representative market quotations are not readily available or are considered unreliable by the fund's investment adviser are fair valued as determined in good faith under fair valuation guidelines adopted by the fund's investment adviser and approved by the board of trustees as further described. The investment adviser follows fair valuation guidelines, consistent with U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission rules and guidance, to consider relevant principles and factors when making fair value determinations. The investment adviser considers relevant indications of value that are reasonably and timely available to it in determining the fair value to be assigned to a particular security, such as the type and cost of the security, restrictions on resale of the security, relevant financial or business developments of the issuer, actively traded similar or related securities, dealer or broker quotes, conversion or exchange rights on the security, related corporate actions, significant events occurring after the close of trading in the security, and changes in overall market conditions. In addition, the closing prices of equity securities that trade in markets outside U.S. time zones may be adjusted to reflect significant events that occur after the close of local trading but before the net asset value of each share class of the fund is determined. Fair valuations of investments that are not actively trading involve judgment and may differ materially from valuations that would have been used had greater market activity occurred.

**Processes and structure** — The fund's board of trustees has designated the fund's investment adviser to make fair value determinations, subject to board oversight. The investment adviser has established a Joint Fair Valuation Committee (the "Committee") to administer, implement and oversee the fair valuation process and to make fair value decisions. The Committee regularly reviews its own fair value decisions, as well as decisions made under its standing instructions to the investment adviser's valuation team. The Committee reviews changes in fair value measurements from period to period, pricing vendor information and market data, and may, as deemed appropriate, update the fair valuation guidelines to better reflect the results of back testing and address new or evolving issues. Pricing decisions, processes and controls over security valuation are also subject to additional internal reviews facilitated by the investment adviser's global risk management group. The Committee reports changes to the fair valuation guidelines to the board of trustees. The fund's board and audit committee also regularly review reports that describe fair value determinations and methods.

**Classifications** — The fund's investment adviser classifies the fund's assets and liabilities into three levels based on the inputs used to value the assets or liabilities. Level 1 values are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical securities. Level 2 values are based on significant observable market inputs, such as quoted prices for similar securities and quoted prices in inactive markets. Certain securities trading outside the U.S. may transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 due to valuation adjustments resulting from significant market movements following the close of local trading. Level 3 values are based on significant unobservable inputs that reflect the investment adviser's determination of assumptions that market participants might reasonably use in valuing the securities. The valuation levels are not necessarily an indication of the risk or liquidity associated with the underlying investment. For example, U.S. government securities are reflected as Level 2 because the inputs used to determine fair value may not always be quoted prices in an active market. The fund's valuation levels as of December 31, 2025, were as follows (dollars in thousands):

Investment securities				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Bonds, notes & other debt instruments:				
Euros	\$ —	\$ 1,867,170	\$ —	\$ 1,867,170
Japanese yen	—	631,120	—	631,120
British pounds	—	335,455	—	335,455
Brazilian reais	—	245,515	—	245,515
Chinese yuan renminbi	—	207,539	—	207,539
Australian dollars	—	182,381	—	182,381
South Korean won	—	141,989	—	141,989
Hungarian forints	—	128,727	—	128,727
Malaysian ringgits	—	126,775	—	126,775
Indian rupees	—	114,370	—	114,370
Canadian dollars	—	64,066	—	64,066
Danish kroner	—	56,944	—	56,944
Indonesian rupiah	—	52,109	—	52,109
Mexican pesos	—	45,099	—	45,099
Colombian pesos	—	34,662	—	34,662
Norwegian kroner	—	29,777	—	29,777
Polish zloty	—	23,360	—	23,360
New Zealand dollars	—	18,399	—	18,399
Philippine pesos	—	15,864	—	15,864
South African rand	—	15,659	—	15,659
Czech korunas	—	12,093	—	12,093
Thai baht	—	11,674	—	11,674
Chilean pesos	—	10,816	—	10,816
Turkish lira	—	6,752	—	6,752
Egyptian pounds	—	4,223	—	4,223
Peruvian nuevos soles	—	2,944	—	2,944
Romanian leu	—	1,564	—	1,564
Kazakhstani tenge	—	1,266	—	1,266
Swedish kronor	—	240	—	240
Ukrainian hryvnia	—	111	—	111
U.S. dollars	—	4,724,472	3,685	4,728,157
Convertible bonds & notes	—	5,415	—	5,415
Preferred securities	—	—	465	465
Common stocks	1,130	32	230	1,392
Investment funds	224	—	—	224
Short-term securities	384,650	353,491	—	738,141
Options purchased on futures (equity style)	46	—	—	46
Options purchased on foreign currencies (equity style)	—	109	—	109
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 386,050</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 9,472,182</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 4,380</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 9,862,612</u></b>

Other investments*				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Unrealized appreciation on options written (futures style)	\$ 229	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 229
Unrealized appreciation on futures contracts	9,760	—	—	9,760
Unrealized appreciation on open forward currency contracts	—	30,440	—	30,440
Unrealized appreciation on centrally cleared interest rate swaps	—	9,822	—	9,822
Unrealized appreciation on bilateral interest rate swaps	—	656	—	656
Unrealized appreciation on centrally cleared credit default swaps	—	379	—	379
Liabilities:				
Value of options written (equity style)	(26)	—	—	(26)
Unrealized depreciation on options purchased (futures style)	(1)	—	—	(1)
Unrealized depreciation on futures contracts	(8,036)	—	—	(8,036)
Unrealized depreciation on open forward currency contracts	—	(15,388)	—	(15,388)
Unrealized depreciation on centrally cleared interest rate swaps	—	(10,562)	—	(10,562)
Unrealized depreciation on bilateral interest rate swaps	—	(14,021)	—	(14,021)
Unrealized depreciation on centrally cleared credit default swaps	—	(2,081)	—	(2,081)
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 1,926</u></b>	<b><u>\$ (755)</u></b>	<b><u>\$ —</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 1,171</u></b>

\*Options written, futures contracts, forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and credit default swaps are not included in the fund's investment portfolio.

#### 4. Risk factors

Investing in the fund may involve certain risks including, but not limited to, those described below.

**Market conditions** — The prices of, and the income generated by, the securities held by the fund may decline — sometimes rapidly or unpredictably — due to various factors, including events or conditions affecting the general economy or particular industries or companies; overall market changes; local, regional or global political, social or economic instability; governmental, governmental agency or central bank responses to economic conditions; levels of public debt and deficits; changes in inflation rates; and currency exchange rate, interest rate and commodity price fluctuations.

Economies and financial markets throughout the world are highly interconnected. Economic, financial or political events, trading and tariff arrangements, wars, terrorism, cybersecurity events, natural disasters, public health emergencies (such as the spread of infectious disease), bank failures and other circumstances in one country or region, including actions taken by governmental or quasi-governmental authorities in response to any of the foregoing, could have impacts on global economies or markets. As a result, whether or not the fund invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries affected, the value and liquidity of the fund's investments may be negatively affected by developments in other countries and regions.

**Issuer risks** — The prices of, and the income generated by, securities held by the fund may decline in response to various factors directly related to the issuers of such securities, including reduced demand for an issuer's goods or services, poor management performance, major litigation, investigations or other controversies related to the issuer, changes in the issuer's financial condition or credit rating, changes in government regulations affecting the issuer or its competitive environment and strategic initiatives such as mergers, acquisitions or dispositions and the market response to any such initiatives. An individual security may also be affected by factors relating to the industry or sector of the issuer or the securities markets as a whole, and conversely an industry or sector or the securities markets may be affected by a change in financial condition or other event affecting a single issuer.

**Investing in debt instruments** — The prices of, and the income generated by, bonds and other debt securities held by the fund may be affected by factors such as the interest rates, maturities and credit quality of these securities.

Rising interest rates will generally cause the prices of bonds and other debt securities to fall. Also, when interest rates rise, issuers of debt securities that may be prepaid at any time, such as mortgage- or other asset-backed securities, are less likely to refinance existing debt securities, causing the average life of such securities to extend. A general change in interest rates may cause investors to sell debt securities on a large scale, which could also adversely affect the price and liquidity of debt securities and could also result in increased redemptions from the fund. Falling interest rates may cause an issuer to redeem, call or refinance a debt security before its stated maturity, which may result in the fund having to reinvest the proceeds in lower yielding securities. Longer maturity debt securities generally have greater sensitivity to changes in interest rates and may be subject to greater price fluctuations than shorter maturity debt securities.

Bonds and other debt securities are also subject to credit risk, which is the possibility that the credit strength of an issuer or guarantor will weaken or be perceived to be weaker, and/or an issuer of a debt security will fail to make timely payments of principal or interest and the security will go into default. Changes in actual or perceived creditworthiness may occur quickly. A downgrade or default affecting any of the fund's securities could cause the value of the fund's shares to decrease. Lower quality debt securities generally have higher rates of interest and may be subject to greater price fluctuations than higher quality debt securities. Credit risk is gauged, in part, by the credit ratings of the debt securities in which the fund invests. However, ratings are only the opinions of the rating agencies issuing them and are not guarantees as to credit quality or an evaluation of market risk. The fund's investment adviser relies on its own credit analysts to research issuers and issues in assessing credit and default risks.

**Liquidity risk** — Certain fund holdings may be or may become difficult or impossible to sell, particularly during times of market turmoil. Liquidity may be impacted by the lack of an active market for a holding, legal or contractual restrictions on resale, or the reduced number and capacity of market participants to make a market in such holding. Market prices for less liquid or illiquid holdings may be volatile or difficult to determine, and reduced liquidity may have an adverse impact on the market price of such holdings. Additionally, the sale of less liquid or illiquid holdings may involve substantial delays (including delays in settlement) and additional costs and the fund may be unable to sell such holdings when necessary to meet its liquidity needs or to try to limit losses, or may be forced to sell at a loss.

**Investing in lower rated debt instruments** — Lower rated bonds and other lower rated debt securities, rated Ba1/BB+ or below by Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations, generally have higher rates of interest and involve greater risk of default or price declines due to changes in the issuer's creditworthiness than those of higher quality debt securities. The market prices of these securities may fluctuate more than the prices of higher quality debt securities and may decline significantly in periods of general economic difficulty. These risks may be increased with respect to investments in junk bonds.

**Currency** — The prices of, and the income generated by, many debt securities held by the fund may also be affected by changes in relative currency values. If the U.S. dollar appreciates against foreign currencies, the value in U.S. dollars of the fund's securities denominated in such currencies would generally fall and vice versa.

**Investing in derivatives** — The use of derivatives involves a variety of risks, which may be different from, or greater than, the risks associated with investing in traditional securities, such as stocks and bonds. Changes in the value of a derivative may not correlate perfectly with, and may be more sensitive to market events than, the underlying asset, rate or index, and a derivative instrument may cause the fund to lose significantly more than its initial investment. Derivatives may be difficult to value, difficult for the fund to buy or sell at an opportune time or price and difficult, or even impossible, to terminate or otherwise offset. The fund's use of derivatives may result in losses to the fund, and investing in derivatives may reduce the fund's returns and increase the fund's price volatility. The fund's counterparty to a derivative transaction (including, if applicable, the fund's clearing broker, the derivatives exchange or the clearinghouse) may be unable or unwilling to honor its financial obligations in respect of the transaction. In certain cases, the fund may be hindered or delayed in exercising remedies against or closing out derivative instruments with a counterparty, which may result in additional losses. Derivatives are also subject to operational risk (such as documentation issues, settlement issues and systems failures) and legal risk (such as insufficient documentation, insufficient capacity or authority of a counterparty, and issues with the legality or enforceability of a contract).

**Investing in mortgage-related and other asset-backed securities** — Mortgage-related securities, such as mortgage-backed securities, and other asset-backed securities, include debt obligations that represent interests in pools of mortgages or other income-bearing assets, such as consumer loans or receivables. While such securities are subject to the risks associated with investments in debt instruments generally (for example, credit, extension and interest rate risks), they are also subject to other and different risks. Mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities are subject to changes in the payment patterns of borrowers of the underlying debt, potentially increasing the volatility of the securities and the fund's net asset value. When interest rates fall, borrowers are more likely to refinance or prepay their debt before its stated maturity. This may result in the fund having to reinvest the proceeds in lower yielding securities, effectively reducing the fund's income. Conversely, if interest rates rise and borrowers repay their debt more slowly than expected, the time in which the mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities are paid off could be extended, reducing the fund's cash available for reinvestment in higher yielding securities. Mortgage-backed securities are also subject to the risk that underlying borrowers will be unable to meet their obligations and the value of property that secures the mortgages may decline in value and be insufficient, upon foreclosure, to repay the associated loans. Investments in asset-backed securities are subject to similar risks.

**Investing in inflation-linked bonds** — The values of inflation-linked bonds generally fluctuate in response to changes in real interest rates — i.e., rates of interest after factoring in inflation. A rise in real interest rates may cause the prices of inflation-linked securities to fall, while a decline in real interest rates may cause the prices to increase. Inflation-linked bonds may experience greater losses than other debt securities with similar durations when real interest rates rise faster than nominal interest rates. There can be no assurance that the value of an inflation-linked security will be directly correlated to changes in interest rates; for example, if interest rates rise for reasons other than inflation, the increase may not be reflected in the security's inflation measure.

Investing in inflation-linked bonds may also reduce the fund's distributable income during periods of deflation. If prices for goods and services decline throughout the economy, the principal and income on inflation-linked securities may decline and result in losses to the fund.

**Investing outside the U.S.** — Securities of issuers domiciled outside the U.S. or with significant operations or revenues outside the U.S., and securities tied economically to countries outside the U.S., may lose value because of adverse political, social, economic or market developments (including social instability, regional conflicts, terrorism and war) in the countries or regions in which the issuers are domiciled, operate or generate revenue or to which the securities are tied economically. These securities may also lose value due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates against the U.S. dollar and/or currencies of other countries. Issuers of these securities may be more susceptible to actions of foreign governments, such as nationalization, currency blockage or the imposition of price controls, sanctions, or punitive taxes, each of which could adversely impact the value of these securities. Securities markets in certain countries may be more volatile and/or less liquid than those in the U.S. Investments outside the U.S. may also be subject to different regulatory, legal, accounting, auditing, financial reporting and recordkeeping requirements, and may be more difficult to value, than those in the U.S. In addition, the value of investments outside the U.S. may be reduced by foreign taxes, including foreign withholding taxes on interest and dividends. Further, there may be increased risks of delayed settlement of securities purchased or sold by the fund, which could impact the liquidity of the fund's portfolio. The risks of investing outside the U.S. may be heightened in connection with investments in emerging markets.

**Investing in emerging markets** — Investing in emerging markets may involve risks in addition to and greater than those generally associated with investing in the securities markets of developed countries. For instance, emerging market countries tend to have less developed political, economic and legal systems than those in developed countries. Accordingly, the governments of these countries may be less stable and more likely to intervene in the market economy, for example, by imposing capital controls, nationalizing a company or industry, placing restrictions on foreign ownership and on withdrawing sale proceeds of securities from the country, and/or imposing punitive taxes that could adversely affect the prices of securities. Information regarding issuers in emerging markets may be limited, incomplete or inaccurate, and such issuers may not be subject to regulatory, accounting, auditing, and financial reporting and recordkeeping standards comparable to those to which issuers in more developed markets are subject. The fund's rights with respect to its investments in emerging markets, if any, will generally be governed by local law, which may make it difficult or impossible for the fund to pursue legal remedies or to obtain and enforce judgments in local courts. In addition, the economies of these countries may be dependent on relatively few industries, may have limited access to capital and may be more susceptible to changes in local and global trade conditions and downturns in the world economy. Securities markets in these countries can also be relatively small and have substantially lower trading volumes. As a result, securities issued in these countries may be more volatile and less liquid, more vulnerable to market manipulation, and more difficult to value, than securities issued in countries with more developed economies and/or markets. Less certainty with respect to security valuations may lead to additional challenges and risks in calculating the fund's net asset value. Additionally, emerging markets are more likely to experience problems with the clearing and settling of trades and the holding of securities by banks, agents and depositories that are less established than those in developed countries.

**Management** — The investment adviser to the fund actively manages the fund's investments. Consequently, the fund is subject to the risk that the methods and analyses, including models, tools and data, employed by the investment adviser in this process may be flawed or incorrect and may not produce the desired results. This could cause the fund to lose value or its investment results to lag relevant benchmarks or other funds with similar objectives.

## 5. Certain investment techniques

**Index-linked bonds** — The fund has invested in index-linked bonds, which are fixed-income securities whose principal value is periodically adjusted to a government price index. Over the life of an index-linked bond, interest is paid on the adjusted principal value. Increases or decreases in the principal value of index-linked bonds are recorded as interest income in the fund's statement of operations.

**Mortgage dollar rolls** — The fund has entered into mortgage dollar roll transactions of TBA securities in which the fund sells a TBA mortgage-backed security to a counterparty and simultaneously enters into an agreement with the same counterparty to buy back a similar TBA security on a specific future date at a predetermined price. Mortgage dollar rolls are accounted for as purchase and sale transactions and may result in an increase to the fund's portfolio turnover rate. Portfolio turnover rates excluding and including mortgage dollar rolls are presented at the end of the fund's financial highlights table.

**Loan transactions** — The fund has entered into loan transactions in which the fund acquires a loan either through an agent, by assignment from another holder, or as a participation interest in another holder's portion of a loan. The loan is often administered by a financial institution that acts as agent for the holders of the loan, and the fund may be required to receive approval from the agent and/or borrower prior to the sale of the investment. The loan's interest rate and maturity date may change based on the terms of the loan, including potential early payments of principal.

**Unfunded commitments** — The fund has participated in transactions that involve unfunded commitments, which may obligate the fund to purchase new or additional bonds if certain contingencies are met. As of December 31, 2025, the fund's maximum exposure of unfunded bond commitments was \$35,000, which would represent less than 0.01% of the net assets of the fund should such commitments become due. Unrealized appreciation of \$1,000 is disclosed as unrealized appreciation on unfunded commitments in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities and is included in net unrealized appreciation on investments in unaffiliated issuers in the fund's statement of operations.

**Option contracts** — The fund has entered into option contracts, which give the purchaser of the option, in return for a premium payment, the right to buy from (in the case of a call) or sell to (in the case of a put) the writer of the option the reference instrument underlying the option (or the cash value of the instrument underlying the option) at a specified exercise price. The writer of an option on a security has the obligation, upon exercise of the option, to cash settle or deliver the underlying currency or instrument upon payment of the exercise price (in the case of a call) or to cash settle or take delivery of the underlying currency or instrument and pay the exercise price (in the case of a put).

By purchasing a put option, the fund obtains the right (but not the obligation) to sell the currency or instrument underlying the option (or to deliver the cash value of the instrument underlying the option) at a specified exercise price. In return for this right, the fund pays the current market price, or the option premium, for the option. The fund may terminate its position in a put option by allowing the option to expire or by exercising the option. If the option is allowed to expire, the fund will lose the entire amount of the premium paid. If the option is exercised, the fund completes the sale of the underlying instrument (or cash settles) at the exercise price. The fund may also terminate a put option position by entering into opposing close-out transactions in advance of the option expiration date.

The features of call options are essentially the same as those of put options, except that the purchaser of a call option obtains the right (but not the obligation) to purchase, rather than sell, the underlying currency or instrument (or cash settle) at the specified exercise price. The buyer of a call option typically attempts to participate in potential price increases of the underlying currency or instrument with risk limited to the cost of the option if the price of the underlying currency or instrument falls. At the same time, the call option buyer can expect to suffer a loss if the price of the underlying currency or instrument does not rise sufficiently to offset the cost of the option.

The writer of a put or call option takes the opposite side of the transaction from the option purchaser. In return for receipt of the option premium, the writer assumes the obligation to pay or receive the exercise price for the option's underlying currency or instrument if the other party to the option chooses to exercise it. The writer may seek to terminate a position in a put option before exercise by entering into opposing close-out transactions in advance of the option expiration date. If the market for the relevant put option is not liquid, however, the writer must be prepared to pay the exercise price while the option is outstanding, regardless of price changes. Writing a call option obligates the writer to, upon exercise of the option, deliver the option's underlying currency or instrument in return for the exercise price or to make a net cash settlement payment, as applicable. The characteristics of writing call options are similar to those of writing put options, except that writing call options is generally a profitable strategy if prices remain the same or fall. The potential gain for the option seller in such a transaction would be capped at the premium received.

Option contracts can be either equity style (premium is paid in full when the option is opened) or futures style (premium moves as part of variation margin over the life of the option, and is paid in full when the option is closed). For equity style options, premiums paid on options purchased, as well as the daily fluctuation in market value, are included in investment securities in the fund's statement of asset and liabilities, and premiums received on options written, as well as the daily fluctuation in market value, are included in options written at value in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities. The net realized gains or losses and net unrealized appreciation or depreciation from equity style options are recorded in investments for purchased options and in options written for written options in the fund's statement of operations.

For futures style options, on a daily basis for both purchased and written options, the fund pays or receives variation margin based on the premium paid and the daily fluctuation in market value, and records variation margin in the statement of assets and liabilities. Realized gains or losses are recorded at the time the option contract is closed or expires. The net realized gains or losses and net unrealized appreciation or depreciation from futures style options are recorded in options purchased (futures style) in the fund's statement of operations.

Option contracts can take different forms. The fund has entered into the following types of option contracts:

**Options on futures** — The fund has entered into options on futures contracts to seek to manage the fund's interest rate sensitivity by increasing or decreasing the duration of the fund or a portion of the fund's portfolio. An option on a futures contract gives the holder of the option the right to buy or sell a position in a futures contract from or to the writer of the option, at a specified price on or before the specified expiration date. The average month-end notional amount of options on futures while held was \$992,099,000.

**Options on foreign currencies** — The fund has entered into options on foreign currencies to seek to protect against changes in currency exchange rates, to increase exposure to a particular foreign currency, to shift exposure to currency fluctuations from one currency to another or to seek to increase returns. An option on a foreign currency gives the holder of the option the right to buy or sell a foreign currency from or to the writer of the option, at a specified price on or before the specified expiration date. The average month-end notional amount of options on foreign currencies while held was \$135,199,000.

**Futures contracts** — The fund has entered into futures contracts, which provide for the future sale by one party and purchase by another party of a specified amount of a specific financial instrument for a specified price, date, time and place designated at the time the contract is made. Futures contracts are used to strategically manage the fund's interest rate sensitivity by increasing or decreasing the duration of the fund or a portion of the fund's portfolio.

Upon entering into futures contracts, and to maintain the fund's open positions in futures contracts, the fund is required to deposit with a futures broker, known as a futures commission merchant ("FCM"), in a segregated account in the name of the FCM an amount of cash, U.S. government securities or other liquid securities, known as initial margin. The margin required for a particular futures contract is set by the exchange on which the contract is traded to serve as collateral, and may be significantly modified from time to time by the exchange during the term of the contract.

On a daily basis, the fund pays or receives variation margin based on the increase or decrease in the value of the futures contracts and records variation margin on futures contracts in the statement of assets and liabilities. Futures contracts may involve a risk of loss in excess of the variation margin shown on the fund's statement of assets and liabilities. The fund records realized gains or losses at the time the futures contract is closed or expires. Net realized gains or losses and net unrealized appreciation or depreciation from futures contracts are recorded in the fund's statement of operations. The average month-end notional amount of futures contracts while held was \$5,458,228,000.

**Forward currency contracts** — The fund has entered into forward currency contracts, which represent agreements to exchange currencies on specific future dates at predetermined rates. The fund's investment adviser uses forward currency contracts to manage the fund's exposure to changes in exchange rates. Upon entering into these contracts, risks may arise from the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts and from possible movements in exchange rates.

On a daily basis, the fund's investment adviser values forward currency contracts and records unrealized appreciation or depreciation for open forward currency contracts in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities. Realized gains or losses are recorded at the time the forward currency contract is closed or offset by another contract with the same broker for the same settlement date and currency.

Closed forward currency contracts that have not reached their settlement date are included in the respective receivables or payables for closed forward currency contracts in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities. Net realized gains or losses from closed forward currency contracts and net unrealized appreciation or depreciation from open forward currency contracts are recorded in the fund's statement of operations. The average month-end notional amount of open forward currency contracts while held was \$4,995,185,000.

**Swap contracts** — The fund has entered into swap agreements, which are two-party contracts entered into primarily by institutional investors for a specified time period. In a typical swap transaction, two parties agree to exchange the returns earned or realized from one or more underlying assets or rates of return. Swap agreements can be traded on a swap execution facility (SEF) and cleared through a central clearinghouse (cleared), traded over-the-counter (OTC) and cleared, or traded bilaterally and not cleared. Because clearing interposes a central clearinghouse as the ultimate counterparty to each participant's swap, and margin is required to be exchanged under the rules of the clearinghouse, central clearing is intended to decrease (but not eliminate) counterparty risk relative to uncleared bilateral swaps. To the extent the fund enters into bilaterally negotiated swap transactions, the fund will enter into swap agreements only with counterparties that meet certain credit standards and subject to agreed collateralized procedures. The term of a swap can be days, months or years and certain swaps may be less liquid than others.

Upon entering into a centrally cleared swap contract, the fund is required to deposit cash, U.S. government securities or other liquid securities, which is known as initial margin. Generally, the initial margin required for a particular swap is set and held as collateral by the clearinghouse on which the contract is cleared. The amount of initial margin required may be significantly modified from time to time by the clearinghouse during the term of the contract.

On a daily basis, interest accruals related to the exchange of future payments are recorded as a receivable and payable in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities for centrally cleared swaps and as unrealized appreciation or depreciation in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities for bilateral swaps. For centrally cleared swaps, the fund also pays or receives a variation margin based on the increase or decrease in the value of the swaps, including accrued interest as applicable, and records variation margin in the statement of assets and liabilities. The fund records realized gains and losses on both the net accrued interest and any gain or loss recognized at the time the swap is closed or expires. Net realized gains or losses, as well as any net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, from swaps are recorded in the fund's statement of operations.

Swap agreements can take different forms. The fund has entered into the following types of swap agreements:

**Interest rate swaps** — The fund has entered into interest rate swaps, which seek to manage the interest rate sensitivity of the fund by increasing or decreasing the duration of the fund or a portion of the fund's portfolio. An interest rate swap is an agreement between two parties to exchange or swap payments based on changes in an interest rate or rates. Typically, one interest rate is fixed and the other is variable based on a designated short-term interest rate such as the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), prime rate or other benchmark, or on an inflation index such as the U.S. Consumer Price Index (which is a measure that examines the weighted average of prices of a basket of consumer goods and services and measures changes in the purchasing power of the U.S. dollar and the rate of inflation). In other types of interest rate swaps, known as basis swaps, the parties agree to swap variable interest rates based on different designated short-term interest rates. Interest rate swaps generally do not involve the delivery of securities or other principal amounts. Rather, cash payments are exchanged by the parties based on the application of the designated interest rates to a notional amount, which is the predetermined dollar principal of the trade upon which payment obligations are computed. Accordingly, the fund's current obligation or right under the swap agreement is generally equal to the net amount to be paid or received under the swap agreement based on the relative value of the position held by each party. The average month-end notional amount of interest rate swaps while held was \$2,619,709,000.

**Credit default swap indices** — The fund has entered into centrally cleared credit default swap indices, including CDX and iTraxx indices (collectively referred to as "CDSI"), in order to assume exposure to a diversified portfolio of credits or to hedge against existing credit risks. A CDSI is based on a portfolio of credit default swaps with similar characteristics, such as credit default swaps on high-yield bonds. In a typical CDSI transaction, one party (the protection buyer) is obligated to pay the other party (the protection seller) a stream of periodic payments over the term of the contract. If a credit event, such as a default or restructuring, occurs with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations, the protection seller must pay the protection buyer the loss on those credits.

The fund may enter into a CDSI transaction as either protection buyer or protection seller. If the fund is a protection buyer, it would pay the counterparty a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract and would not recover any of those payments if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. However, if a credit event did occur, the fund, as a protection buyer, would have the right to deliver the referenced debt obligations or a specified amount of cash, depending on the terms of the applicable agreement, and to receive the par value of such debt obligations from the counterparty protection seller. As a protection seller, the fund would receive fixed payments throughout the term of the contract if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. If a credit event were to occur, however, the value of any deliverable obligation received by the fund, coupled with the periodic payments previously received by the fund, may be less than the full notional value that the fund, as a protection seller, pays to the counterparty protection buyer, effectively resulting in a loss of value to the fund. Furthermore, as a protection seller, the fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because it would have investment exposure to the notional amount of the swap transaction. The average month-end notional amount of credit default swaps while held was \$672,269,000.

The following tables identify the location and fair value amounts on the fund's statement of assets and liabilities and the effect on the fund's statement of operations resulting from the fund's use of option contracts, futures contracts, forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and credit default swaps as of, or for the year ended, December 31, 2025 (dollars in thousands):

Contracts	Risk type	Assets		Liabilities	
		Location on statement of assets and liabilities	Value	Location on statement of assets and liabilities	Value
Options purchased (equity style)	Interest	Investment securities	\$ 46	Investment securities	\$ —
Options purchased (equity style)	Currency	Investment securities	109	Investment securities	—
Options written (equity style)	Interest	Options written, at value	—	Options written, at value	26
Options purchased (futures style)	Interest	Unrealized appreciation*	—	Unrealized depreciation*	1
Options written (futures style)	Interest	Unrealized appreciation*	229	Unrealized depreciation*	—
Futures	Interest	Unrealized appreciation*	9,760	Unrealized depreciation*	8,036
Forward currency	Currency	Unrealized appreciation on open forward currency contracts	30,440	Unrealized depreciation on open forward currency contracts	15,388
Swap (centrally cleared)	Interest	Unrealized appreciation*	9,822	Unrealized depreciation*	10,562
Swap (bilateral)	Interest	Bilateral swaps, at value	656	Bilateral swaps, at value	14,021
Swap (centrally cleared)	Credit	Unrealized appreciation*	379	Unrealized depreciation*	2,081
			<u>\$ 51,441</u>		<u>\$ 50,115</u>

Contracts	Risk type	Net realized gain (loss)		Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	
		Location on statement of operations	Value	Location on statement of operations	Value
Options purchased (equity style)	Interest	Net realized gain (loss) on investments	\$ (1,015)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	\$ 25
Options purchased (equity style)	Currency	Net realized gain (loss) on investments	1,155	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	(320)
Options written (equity style)	Interest	Net realized gain (loss) on options written	35	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on options written	16
Options written (equity style)	Currency	Net realized gain (loss) on options written	437	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on options written	408
Options purchased (futures style)	Interest	Net realized gain (loss) on options purchased (futures style)	(3,657)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on options purchased (futures style)	(1)
Options written (futures style)	Interest	Net realized gain (loss) on options written	2,497	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on options written	229
Futures	Interest	Net realized gain (loss) on futures contracts	36,163	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on futures contracts	14,816
Forward currency	Currency	Net realized gain (loss) on forward currency contracts	(4,091)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on forward currency contracts	29,523
Swap	Interest	Net realized gain (loss) on swap contracts	(1,567)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on swap contracts	23,594
Swap	Credit	Net realized gain (loss) on swap contracts	(9,054)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on swap contracts	(734)
			<u>\$ 20,903</u>		<u>\$ 67,555</u>

\*Includes cumulative appreciation/depreciation on future style options, futures contracts, centrally cleared interest rate swaps and centrally cleared credit default swaps as reported in the applicable tables following the fund's investment portfolio. Only current day's variation margin is reported within the fund's statement of assets and liabilities.

**Collateral** — The fund receives or pledges highly liquid assets, such as cash or U.S. government securities, as collateral due to its use of option contracts, futures contracts, forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps, credit default swaps and future delivery contracts. For options on futures, futures contracts, centrally cleared interest rate swaps and centrally cleared credit default swaps, the fund pledges collateral for initial and variation margin by contract. For options on foreign currencies, forward currency contracts and bilateral interest rate swaps, the fund either receives or pledges collateral based on the net gain or loss on unsettled contracts by counterparty. For future delivery contracts, the fund either receives or pledges collateral based on the net gain or loss on unsettled contracts by certain counterparties. The purpose of the collateral is to cover potential losses that could occur in the event that either party cannot meet its contractual obligation. Non-cash collateral pledged by the fund, if any, is disclosed in the fund's investment portfolio, and cash collateral pledged by the fund, if any, is held in a segregated account with the fund's custodian, which is reflected as pledged cash collateral in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities.

**Rights of offset** — The fund has entered into enforceable master netting agreements with certain counterparties for forward currency contracts, options on foreign currencies and bilateral interest rate swaps, where on any date amounts payable by each party to the other (in the same currency with respect to the same transaction) may be closed or offset by each party's payment obligation. If an early termination date occurs under these agreements following an event of default or termination event, all obligations of each party to its counterparty are settled net through a single payment in a single currency ("close-out netting"). For financial reporting purposes, the fund does not offset financial assets and financial liabilities that are subject to these master netting arrangements in the statement of assets and liabilities.

The following table presents the fund's forward currency contracts, options on foreign currencies and bilateral interest rate swaps by counterparty that are subject to master netting agreements but that are not offset in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities. The net amount column shows the impact of offsetting on the fund's statement of assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2025, if close-out netting was exercised (dollars in thousands):

Counterparty	Gross amounts recognized in the statement of assets and liabilities	Gross amounts not offset in the statement of assets and liabilities and subject to a master netting agreement			Net amount
		Available to offset	Non-cash collateral*	Cash collateral*	
<b>Assets:</b>					
Bank of America	\$ 969	\$ (969)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Bank of New York Mellon	104	—	—	—	104
Barclays Bank PLC	4,509	(2,356)	(2,153)	—	—
BNP Paribas	133	(1)	—	—	132
Citibank	18,649	(6,112)	(4,350)	(6,801)	1,386
Goldman Sachs	2,253	(2,253)	—	—	—
HSBC Bank	1,221	(1,100)	—	(121)	—
JPMorgan Chase	1,648	(589)	(1,059)	—	—
Morgan Stanley	277	(277)	—	—	—
Standard Chartered Bank	1,349	(283)	(671)	—	395
UBS AG	93	(93)	—	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 31,205</b>	<b>\$ (14,033)</b>	<b>\$ (8,233)</b>	<b>\$ (6,922)</b>	<b>\$ 2,017</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>					
Bank of America	\$ 7,107	\$ (969)	\$ (6,138)	\$ —	\$ —
Barclays Bank PLC	2,356	(2,356)	—	—	—
BNP Paribas	1	(1)	—	—	—
Citibank	6,112	(6,112)	—	—	—
Goldman Sachs	7,648	(2,253)	(5,395)	—	—
HSBC Bank	1,100	(1,100)	—	—	—
JPMorgan Chase	589	(589)	—	—	—
Morgan Stanley	3,310	(277)	(3,015)	—	18
Standard Chartered Bank	283	(283)	—	—	—
UBS AG	903	(93)	(810)	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 29,409</b>	<b>\$ (14,033)</b>	<b>\$ (15,358)</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 18</b>

\*Collateral is shown on a settlement basis.

## 6. Taxation and distributions

**Federal income taxation** — The fund complies with the requirements under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies and intends to distribute substantially all of its net taxable income and net capital gains each year. The fund is not subject to income taxes to the extent such distributions are made. Therefore, no federal income tax provision is required.

As of and during the year ended December 31, 2025, the fund did not have a liability for any unrecognized tax benefits. The fund recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense in the statement of operations. During the year, the fund did not incur any significant interest or penalties.

The fund's tax returns are generally not subject to examination by federal, state and, if applicable, non-U.S. tax authorities after the expiration of each jurisdiction's statute of limitations, which is typically three years after the date of filing but can be extended in certain jurisdictions.

**Non-U.S. taxation** — Dividend and interest income are recorded net of non-U.S. taxes paid. The fund may file withholding tax reclaims in certain jurisdictions to recover a portion of amounts previously withheld. These reclaims are recorded when the amount is known and there are no significant uncertainties on collectability. Gains realized by the fund on the sale of securities in certain countries, if any, may be subject to non-U.S. taxes. The fund generally records an estimated deferred tax liability based on unrealized gains to provide for potential non-U.S. taxes payable upon the sale of these securities.

**Distributions** — Distributions determined on a tax basis may differ from net investment income and net realized gains for financial reporting purposes. These differences are due primarily to different treatment for items such as currency gains and losses; short-term capital gains and losses; capital losses related to sales of certain securities within 30 days of purchase; deferred expenses; cost of investments sold; net capital losses; non-U.S. taxes on capital gains; amortization of premiums and discounts and income on certain investments. The fiscal year in which amounts are distributed may differ from the year in which the net investment income and net realized gains are recorded by the fund for financial reporting purposes.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the fund reclassified \$1,000 from total accumulated loss to capital paid in on shares of beneficial interest to align financial reporting with tax reporting.

As of December 31, 2025, the tax basis components of distributable earnings, unrealized appreciation (depreciation) and cost of investments were as follows (dollars in thousands):

Distributions in excess of ordinary income	\$ 116,118
Late year ordinary loss deferral <sup>1</sup>	(48,169)
Capital loss carryforward <sup>2</sup>	(2,115,290)
Gross unrealized appreciation on investments	293,032
Gross unrealized depreciation on investments	(520,446)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	(227,414)
Cost of investments	10,105,429

<sup>1</sup>This deferral is considered incurred in the subsequent year.

<sup>2</sup>Reflects the utilization of capital loss carryforward of \$217,486,000. The capital loss carryforward will be used to offset any capital gains realized by the fund in future years. The fund will not make distributions from capital gains while a capital loss carryforward remains.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the fund's distributions exceeded total taxable income resulting in a return of capital for tax purposes. Distributions paid were characterized for tax purposes as follows (dollars in thousands):

Share class	Year ended December 31, 2025			Year ended December 31, 2024		
	Ordinary income	Return of capital	Total paid	Ordinary income	Return of capital	Total distributions paid
Class A	\$ 80,027	\$ 33,990	\$ 114,017	\$ 97,545	\$—	\$ 97,545
Class C	539	226	765	735	—	735
Class T	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	—	<sup>3</sup>
Class F-1	1,698	719	2,417	2,113	—	2,113
Class F-2	18,483	7,937	26,420	22,509	—	22,509
Class F-3	31,576	12,273	43,849	50,684	—	50,684
Class 529-A	4,485	1,911	6,396	5,324	—	5,324
Class 529-C	68	29	97	89	—	89
Class 529-E	155	66	221	194	—	194
Class 529-T	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	—	<sup>3</sup>
Class 529-F-1	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	—	<sup>3</sup>
Class 529-F-2	908	387	1,295	1,052	—	1,052
Class 529-F-3	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup>	—	<sup>3</sup>
Class R-1	119	50	169	132	—	132
Class R-2	1,329	564	1,893	1,511	—	1,511
Class R-2E	125	54	179	140	—	140
Class R-3	1,907	809	2,716	2,309	—	2,309
Class R-4	1,447	612	2,059	1,778	—	1,778
Class R-5E	600	274	874	898	—	898
Class R-5	673	252	925	839	—	839
Class R-6	131,492	55,965	187,457	133,867	—	133,867
Total	<u>\$ 275,631</u>	<u>\$ 116,118</u>	<u>\$ 391,749</u>	<u>\$ 321,719</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$ 321,719</u>

<sup>3</sup> Amount less than one thousand.

#### 7. Fees and transactions with related parties

CRMC, the fund's investment adviser, is the parent company of Capital Client Group, Inc. ("CCG"), the principal underwriter of the fund's shares, and American Funds Service Company® ("AFS"), the fund's transfer agent. CRMC, CCG and AFS are considered related parties to the fund.

**Investment advisory services** — The fund has an investment advisory and service agreement with CRMC that provides for monthly fees accrued daily. These fees are based on a series of decreasing annual rates beginning with 0.431% on the first \$15 billion of daily net assets and decreasing to 0.360% on such assets in excess of \$15 billion. For the year ended December 31, 2025, the investment advisory services fees were \$43,350,000, which were equivalent to an annualized rate of 0.431% of average daily net assets.

**Class-specific fees and expenses** — Expenses that are specific to individual share classes are accrued directly to the respective share class. The principal class-specific fees and expenses are further described below:

**Distribution services** — The fund has plans of distribution for all share classes, except Class F-2, F-3, 529-F-2, 529-F-3, R-5E, R-5 and R-6 shares. Under the plans, the board of trustees approves certain categories of expenses that are used to finance activities primarily intended to sell fund shares and service existing accounts. The plans provide for payments, based on an annualized percentage of average daily net assets, ranging from 0.30% to 1.00% as noted in this section. In some cases, the board of trustees has limited the amounts that may be paid to less than the maximum allowed by the plans. All share classes with a plan may use up to 0.25% of average daily net assets to pay service fees, or to compensate CCG for paying service fees, to firms that have entered into agreements with CCG to provide certain shareholder services. The remaining amounts available to be paid under each plan are paid to dealers to compensate them for their sales activities.

Share class	Currently approved limits	Plan limits
Class A	0.30%	0.30%
Class 529-A	0.30	0.50
Classes C, 529-C and R-1	1.00	1.00
Class R-2	0.75	1.00
Class R-2E	0.60	0.85
Classes 529-E and R-3	0.50	0.75
Classes T, F-1, 529-T, 529-F-1 and R-4	0.25	0.50

For Class A and 529-A shares, distribution-related expenses include the reimbursement of dealer and wholesaler commissions paid by CCG for certain shares sold without a sales charge. These share classes reimburse CCG for amounts billed within the prior 15 months but only to the extent that the overall annual expense limits are not exceeded. As of December 31, 2025, there were no unreimbursed expenses subject to reimbursement for Class A or 529-A shares.

**Transfer agent services** — The fund has a shareholder services agreement with AFS under which the fund compensates AFS for providing transfer agent services to each of the fund's share classes. These services include recordkeeping, shareholder communications and transaction processing. Under this agreement, the fund also pays sub-transfer agency fees to AFS. These fees are paid by AFS to third parties for performing transfer agent services on behalf of fund shareholders.

**Administrative services** — The fund has an administrative services agreement with CRMC under which the fund compensates CRMC for providing administrative services to all share classes. Administrative services are provided by CRMC and its affiliates to help assist third parties providing non-distribution services to fund shareholders. These services include providing in-depth information on the fund and market developments that impact fund investments. Administrative services also include, but are not limited to, coordinating, monitoring and overseeing third parties that provide services to fund shareholders. The agreement provides the fund the ability to charge an administrative services fee at the annual rate of 0.05% of the average daily net assets attributable to each share class of the fund. Currently the fund pays CRMC an administrative services fee at the annual rate of 0.03% of the average daily net assets attributable to each share class of the fund for CRMC's provision of administrative services.

**529 plan services** — Each 529 share class is subject to service fees to compensate the Commonwealth Savers Plan (formerly, Virginia529) for its oversight and administration of the CollegeAmerica 529 college savings plan. The fees are based on the combined net assets invested in Class 529 and ABLE shares of the American Funds. Class ABLE shares are offered on other American Funds by Commonwealth Savers Plan through ABLEAmerica®, a tax-advantaged savings program for individuals with disabilities. Commonwealth Savers Plan is not considered a related party to the fund.

The quarterly fees are based on a series of decreasing annual rates beginning with 0.09% on the first \$20 billion of the combined net assets invested in the American Funds and decreasing to 0.03% on such assets in excess of \$75 billion. The fees for any given calendar quarter are accrued and calculated on the basis of the average net assets of Class 529 and ABLE shares of the American Funds for the last month of the prior calendar quarter. For the year ended December 31, 2025, the 529 plan services fees were \$117,000, which were equivalent to 0.053% of the average daily net assets of each 529 share class.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, class-specific expenses under the agreements were as follows (dollars in thousands):

Share class	Distribution services	Transfer agent services	Administrative services	529 plan services
Class A	\$ 8,104	\$ 7,724	\$ 952	Not applicable
Class C	258	65	8	Not applicable
Class T	—	—*	—*	Not applicable
Class F-1	167	211	20	Not applicable
Class F-2	Not applicable	760	198	Not applicable
Class F-3	Not applicable	10	324	Not applicable
Class 529-A	413	410	54	\$ 95
Class 529-C	34	8	1	2
Class 529-E	32	7	2	3
Class 529-T	—	—*	—*	—*
Class 529-F-1	—	—*	—*	—*
Class 529-F-2	Not applicable	33	10	17
Class 529-F-3	Not applicable	—*	—*	—*
Class R-1	56	6	2	Not applicable
Class R-2	462	216	18	Not applicable
Class R-2E	32	11	2	Not applicable
Class R-3	395	121	24	Not applicable
Class R-4	137	55	16	Not applicable
Class R-5E	Not applicable	39	7	Not applicable
Class R-5	Not applicable	14	7	Not applicable
Class R-6	Not applicable	38	1,372	Not applicable
Total class-specific expenses	<u>\$ 10,090</u>	<u>\$ 9,728</u>	<u>\$ 3,017</u>	<u>\$ 117</u>

\*Amount less than one thousand.

**Trustees' deferred compensation** — Trustees who are unaffiliated with CRMC may elect to defer the cash payment of part or all of their compensation. These deferred amounts, which remain as liabilities of the fund, are treated as if invested in shares of the fund or other American Funds. These amounts represent general, unsecured liabilities of the fund and vary according to the total returns of the selected funds. Trustees' compensation of \$85,000 in the fund's statement of operations reflects \$38,000 in current fees (either paid in cash or deferred) and a net increase of \$47,000 in the value of the deferred amounts.

**Affiliated officers and trustees** — Officers and certain trustees of the fund are or may be considered to be affiliated with CRMC, CCG and AFS. No affiliated officers or trustees received any compensation directly from the fund.

**Investments in CCBF and CCF** — The fund holds shares of CCBF, a corporate bond fund, and CCF, an institutional prime money market fund, which are both managed by CRMC. CCBF seeks to provide maximum total return consistent with capital preservation and prudent risk management by investing primarily in corporate debt instruments. CCBF is used as an investment vehicle for the fund's corporate bond investments. CCF invests in high-quality, short-term money market instruments. CCF is used as the primary investment vehicle for the fund's short-term instruments. Both CCBF and CCF shares are only available for purchase by CRMC, its affiliates, and other funds managed by CRMC or its affiliates, and are not available to the public. CRMC does not receive an investment advisory services fee from either CCBF or CCF.

**Security transactions with related funds** — The fund may purchase investment securities from, or sell investment securities to, other funds managed by CRMC (or funds managed by certain affiliates of CRMC) under procedures adopted by the fund's board of trustees. The funds involved in such transactions are considered related by virtue of having a common investment adviser (or affiliated investment advisers), common trustees and/or common officers. When such transactions occur, each transaction is executed at the current market price of the security and no brokerage commissions or fees are paid in accordance with Rule 17a-7 of the 1940 Act. During the year ended December 31, 2025, the fund did not engage in any such purchase or sale transactions with any related funds.

**Interfund lending** — Pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the SEC, the fund, along with other CRMC-managed funds (or funds managed by certain affiliates of CRMC), may participate in an interfund lending program. The program provides an alternate credit facility that permits the funds to lend or borrow cash for temporary purposes directly to or from one another, subject to the conditions of the exemptive order. The fund did not lend or borrow cash through the interfund lending program at any time during the year ended December 31, 2025.

## 8. Indemnifications

The fund's organizational documents provide board members and officers with indemnification against certain liabilities or expenses in connection with the performance of their duties to the fund. In the normal course of business, the fund may also enter into contracts that provide general indemnifications. The fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown since it is dependent on future claims that may be made against the fund. The risk of material loss from such claims is considered remote. Insurance policies are also available to the fund's board members and officers.

## 9. Capital share transactions

Capital share transactions in the fund were as follows (dollars and shares in thousands):

Share class	Sales*		Reinvestments of distributions		Repurchases*		Net increase (decrease)	
	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares
<b>Year ended December 31, 2025</b>								
Class A	\$ 277,530	17,009	\$ 112,917	6,927	\$ (558,292)	(34,374)	\$ (167,845)	(10,438)
Class C	3,554	223	764	48	(10,666)	(673)	(6,348)	(402)
Class T	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Class F-1	4,764	296	2,368	146	(12,925)	(798)	(5,793)	(356)
Class F-2	216,703	13,313	26,063	1,602	(222,019)	(13,731)	20,747	1,184
Class F-3	341,463	21,176	43,583	2,687	(1,159,399)	(71,949)	(774,353)	(48,086)
Class 529-A	21,670	1,326	6,394	391	(33,294)	(2,044)	(5,230)	(327)
Class 529-C	1,157	71	97	6	(1,625)	(101)	(371)	(24)
Class 529-E	836	52	220	14	(1,533)	(95)	(477)	(29)
Class 529-T	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>
Class 529-F-1	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>
Class 529-F-2	8,054	493	1,294	80	(8,514)	(523)	834	50
Class 529-F-3	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>
Class R-1	1,068	66	169	10	(1,407)	(87)	(170)	(11)
Class R-2	10,604	661	1,893	117	(15,777)	(983)	(3,280)	(205)
Class R-2E	1,425	88	179	11	(1,338)	(82)	266	17
Class R-3	17,000	1,050	2,713	167	(24,613)	(1,512)	(4,900)	(295)
Class R-4	14,446	888	2,059	126	(19,214)	(1,182)	(2,709)	(168)
Class R-5E	6,093	374	874	54	(18,679)	(1,139)	(11,712)	(711)
Class R-5	5,601	345	925	57	(9,462)	(581)	(2,936)	(179)
Class R-6	450,404	27,861	187,459	11,505	(523,391)	(32,201)	114,472	7,165
Total net increase (decrease)	<u>\$ 1,382,372</u>	<u>85,292</u>	<u>\$ 389,971</u>	<u>23,948</u>	<u>\$ (2,622,148)</u>	<u>(162,055)</u>	<u>\$ (849,805)</u>	<u>(52,815)</u>

Refer to the end of the table(s) for footnote(s).

Share class	Sales*		Reinvestments of distributions		Repurchases*		Net increase (decrease)	
	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares
<b>Year ended December 31, 2024</b>								
Class A	\$ 248,938	15,400	\$ 96,588	5,995	\$ (620,279)	(38,401)	\$ (274,753)	(17,006)
Class C	4,109	259	732	47	(13,584)	(856)	(8,743)	(550)
Class T	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Class F-1	3,545	220	2,068	129	(15,925)	(990)	(10,312)	(641)
Class F-2	140,945	8,734	22,215	1,382	(231,746)	(14,370)	(68,586)	(4,254)
Class F-3	411,153	25,457	50,457	3,137	(265,067)	(16,408)	196,543	12,186
Class 529-A	19,347	1,194	5,317	329	(39,824)	(2,453)	(15,160)	(930)
Class 529-C	1,207	75	89	6	(2,404)	(150)	(1,108)	(69)
Class 529-E	809	51	194	12	(2,040)	(127)	(1,037)	(64)
Class 529-T	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>
Class 529-F-1	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>
Class 529-F-2	6,846	426	1,051	65	(6,796)	(421)	1,101	70
Class 529-F-3	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>	—	—	— <sup>†</sup>	— <sup>†</sup>
Class R-1	1,077	68	132	8	(927)	(58)	282	18
Class R-2	11,406	714	1,510	95	(16,783)	(1,049)	(3,867)	(240)
Class R-2E	1,018	63	140	9	(1,678)	(105)	(520)	(33)
Class R-3	17,668	1,096	2,307	143	(29,108)	(1,809)	(9,133)	(570)
Class R-4	14,572	903	1,778	110	(20,318)	(1,262)	(3,968)	(249)
Class R-5E	6,315	390	898	56	(4,948)	(306)	2,265	140
Class R-5	5,198	321	838	52	(7,899)	(486)	(1,863)	(113)
Class R-6	1,569,370	97,962	133,868	8,318	(284,420)	(17,582)	1,418,818	88,698
Total net increase (decrease)	<u>\$ 2,463,523</u>	<u>153,333</u>	<u>\$ 320,182</u>	<u>19,893</u>	<u>\$ (1,563,746)</u>	<u>(96,833)</u>	<u>\$ 1,219,959</u>	<u>76,393</u>

\*Includes exchanges between share classes of the fund.

<sup>†</sup>Amount less than one thousand.

#### 10. Investment transactions

The fund engaged in purchases and sales of investment securities, excluding in-kind transactions, short-term securities and U.S. government obligations, if any, of \$9,906,557,000 and \$10,948,916,000, respectively, during the year ended December 31, 2025.

#### 11. Ownership concentration

At December 31, 2025, two shareholders held more than 10% of the fund's outstanding shares. The two shareholders were American Funds 2035 Target Date Retirement Fund and American Funds 2030 Target Date Retirement Fund, with aggregate ownership of the fund's outstanding shares of 10% and 10%, respectively. CRMC is the investment adviser to the two target date funds.

## Financial highlights

Year ended	Income (loss) from investment operations <sup>1</sup>				Dividends, distributions and return of capital				Net assets, end of year	Total return <sup>2,3</sup> (in millions)	Net assets, end of year	Ratio of expenses to average net assets before waivers/reimbursements <sup>4</sup>	Ratio of expenses to average net assets after waivers/reimbursements <sup>3,4</sup>	Ratio of net income (loss) to average net assets <sup>5</sup>
	Net asset value, beginning of year	Net investment income (loss)	Net gains (losses) on securities realized and unrealized	Total from investment operations	Dividends (from net investment income)	Distributions (from capital gains)	Return of capital	Total dividends, distributions and return of capital						
<b>Class A:</b>														
12/31/2025	\$ 15.63	\$ .62	\$ .74	\$ 1.36	\$ (.41)	\$ —	\$ (.18)	\$ (.59)	\$ 16.40	8.77%	\$ 3,147	.98%	.98%	3.78%
12/31/2024	16.63	.64	(1.17)	(.53)	(.47)	—	—	(.47)	15.63	(3.24)	3,161	.99	.99	3.93
12/31/2023	16.12	.48	.44	.92	(.02)	—	(.39)	(.41)	16.63	5.81	3,647	.99	.99	2.98
12/31/2022	19.92	.31	(3.79)	(3.48)	(.15)	—	(.17)	(.32)	16.12	(17.51)	3,862	.95	.95	1.83
12/31/2021	21.55	.31	(1.42)	(1.11)	(.40)	(.12)	—	(.52)	19.92	(5.17)	5,586	.92	.92	1.50
<b>Class C:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.34	.49	.73	1.22	(.33)	—	(.14)	(.47)	16.09	8.02	25	1.69	1.69	3.07
12/31/2024	16.33	.51	(1.15)	(.64)	(.35)	—	—	(.35)	15.34	(3.94)	30	1.70	1.70	3.21
12/31/2023	15.83	.35	.44	.79	(.01)	—	(.28)	(.29)	16.33	5.06	40	1.71	1.71	2.24
12/31/2022	19.57	.18	(3.73)	(3.55)	(.09)	—	(.10)	(.19)	15.83	(18.16)	52	1.69	1.69	1.08
12/31/2021	21.17	.16	(1.39)	(1.23)	(.25)	(.12)	—	(.37)	19.57	(5.82)	87	1.65	1.65	.77
<b>Class T:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.58	.65	.74	1.39	(.44)	—	(.19)	(.63)	16.34	9.03 <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.72 <sup>5</sup>	.72 <sup>5</sup>	4.02 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2024	16.59	.67	(1.17)	(.50)	(.51)	—	—	(.51)	15.58	(3.05) <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.72 <sup>5</sup>	.72 <sup>5</sup>	4.14 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2023	16.09	.53	.44	.97	(.02)	—	(.45)	(.47)	16.59	6.12 <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.65 <sup>5</sup>	.65 <sup>5</sup>	3.26 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2022	19.90	.35	(3.80)	(3.45)	(.17)	—	(.19)	(.36)	16.09	(17.35) <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.68 <sup>5</sup>	.68 <sup>5</sup>	2.06 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2021	21.54	.35	(1.42)	(1.07)	(.45)	(.12)	—	(.57)	19.90	(4.98) <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.68 <sup>5</sup>	.68 <sup>5</sup>	1.71 <sup>5</sup>
<b>Class F-1:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.59	.61	.74	1.35	(.41)	—	(.17)	(.58)	16.36	8.74	66	1.03	1.03	3.73
12/31/2024	16.59	.62	(1.16)	(.54)	(.46)	—	—	(.46)	15.59	(3.30)	68	1.04	1.04	3.87
12/31/2023	16.08	.48	.44	.92	(.02)	—	(.39)	(.41)	16.59	5.81	83	1.03	1.00	2.97
12/31/2022	19.87	.31	(3.78)	(3.47)	(.15)	—	(.17)	(.32)	16.08	(17.53)	96	.97	.97	1.80
12/31/2021	21.50	.30	(1.42)	(1.12)	(.39)	(.12)	—	(.51)	19.87	(5.20)	141	.94	.94	1.48
<b>Class F-2:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.59	.68	.74	1.42	(.46)	—	(.19)	(.65)	16.36	9.28	686	.59	.59	4.16
12/31/2024	16.60	.70	(1.18)	(.48)	(.53)	—	—	(.53)	15.59	(2.92)	635	.60	.60	4.31
12/31/2023	16.09	.54	.45	.99	(.02)	—	(.46)	(.48)	16.60	6.24	747	.60	.60	3.37
12/31/2022	19.88	.37	(3.78)	(3.41)	(.18)	—	(.20)	(.38)	16.09	(17.20)	823	.60	.60	2.17
12/31/2021	21.51	.38	(1.42)	(1.04)	(.47)	(.12)	—	(.59)	19.88	(4.85)	1,274	.59	.59	1.84
<b>Class F-3:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.61	.70	.74	1.44	(.47)	—	(.20)	(.67)	16.38	9.33	807	.48	.48	4.31
12/31/2024	16.61	.72	(1.17)	(.45)	(.55)	—	—	(.55)	15.61	(2.75)	1,519	.48	.48	4.44
12/31/2023	16.10	.56	.44	1.00	(.02)	—	(.47)	(.49)	16.61	6.36	1,415	.48	.48	3.50
12/31/2022	19.90	.40	(3.80)	(3.40)	(.19)	—	(.21)	(.40)	16.10	(17.13)	1,363	.48	.48	2.31
12/31/2021	21.53	.40	(1.42)	(1.02)	(.49)	(.12)	—	(.61)	19.90	(4.74)	1,307	.48	.48	1.95
<b>Class 529-A:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.68	.61	.76	1.37	(.41)	—	(.18)	(.59)	16.46	8.80	178	.99	.99	3.77
12/31/2024	16.69	.63	(1.17)	(.54)	(.47)	—	—	(.47)	15.68	(3.31)	175	1.01	1.01	3.91
12/31/2023	16.17	.48	.45	.93	(.02)	—	(.39)	(.41)	16.69	5.83	202	1.01	1.01	2.96
12/31/2022	19.98	.31	(3.80)	(3.49)	(.15)	—	(.17)	(.32)	16.17	(17.53)	216	.98	.98	1.80
12/31/2021	21.61	.31	(1.42)	(1.11)	(.40)	(.12)	—	(.52)	19.98	(5.18)	297	.94	.94	1.48

Refer to the end of the table(s) for footnote(s).

## Financial highlights (continued)

Year ended	Income (loss) from investment operations <sup>1</sup>				Dividends, distributions and return of capital				Net assets of year	Total return <sup>2,3</sup>	Net assets, end of year (in millions)	Ratio of expenses to average net assets before waivers/reimburse-ments <sup>4</sup>	Ratio of expenses to average net assets after waivers/reimburse-ments <sup>3,4</sup>	Ratio of net income (loss) to average net assets <sup>3</sup>
	Net asset value, beginning of year	Net investment income (loss)	Net gains (losses) on securities (both realized and unrealized)	Total from investment operations	Dividends (from net investment income)	Distributions (from capital gains)	Return of capital	Total dividends, distributions and return of capital						
<b>Class 529-C:</b>														
12/31/2025	\$ 15.50	\$ .49	\$ .75	\$ 1.24	\$ (.33)	\$ —	\$ (.14)	\$ (.47)	\$ 16.27	8.01%	\$ 3	1.74%	1.74%	3.02%
12/31/2024	16.50	.51	(1.17)	(.66)	(.34)	—	—	(.34)	15.50	(4.02)	4	1.75	1.75	3.16
12/31/2023	15.98	.35	.45	.80	(.01)	—	(.27)	(.28)	16.50	5.04	5	1.78	1.78	2.17
12/31/2022	19.75	.17	(3.76)	(3.59)	(.08)	—	(.10)	(.18)	15.98	(18.21)	7	1.74	1.74	1.02
12/31/2021	21.36	.15	(1.40)	(1.25)	(.24)	(.12)	—	(.36)	19.75	(5.88)	12	1.69	1.69	.73
<b>Class 529-E:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.56	.59	.75	1.34	(.40)	—	(.17)	(.57)	16.33	8.64	6	1.14	1.14	3.62
12/31/2024	16.56	.61	(1.17)	(.56)	(.44)	—	—	(.44)	15.56	(3.41)	6	1.14	1.14	3.78
12/31/2023	16.05	.45	.44	.89	(.01)	—	(.37)	(.38)	16.56	5.67	8	1.15	1.15	2.82
12/31/2022	19.84	.28	(3.78)	(3.50)	(.14)	—	(.15)	(.29)	16.05	(17.68)	9	1.12	1.12	1.65
12/31/2021	21.47	.27	(1.42)	(1.15)	(.36)	(.12)	—	(.48)	19.84	(5.36)	12	1.10	1.10	1.32
<b>Class 529-T:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.59	.64	.75	1.39	(.44)	—	(.19)	(.63)	16.35	8.97 <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.77 <sup>5</sup>	.77 <sup>5</sup>	3.95 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2024	16.60	.66	(1.17)	(.51)	(.50)	—	—	(.50)	15.59	(3.10) <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.78 <sup>5</sup>	.78 <sup>5</sup>	4.06 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2023	16.10	.51	.44	.95	(.02)	—	(.43)	(.45)	16.60	5.98 <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.78 <sup>5</sup>	.78 <sup>5</sup>	3.15 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2022	19.90	.35	(3.79)	(3.44)	(.17)	—	(.19)	(.36)	16.10	(17.34) <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.74 <sup>5</sup>	.74 <sup>5</sup>	2.02 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2021	21.54	.34	(1.42)	(1.08)	(.44)	(.12)	—	(.56)	19.90	(5.02) <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.72 <sup>5</sup>	.72 <sup>5</sup>	1.67 <sup>5</sup>
<b>Class 529-F-1:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.52	.63	.74	1.37	(.43)	—	(.18)	(.61)	16.28	8.94 <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.83 <sup>5</sup>	.83 <sup>5</sup>	3.91 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2024	16.53	.65	(1.16)	(.51)	(.50)	—	—	(.50)	15.52	(3.16) <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.84 <sup>5</sup>	.83 <sup>5</sup>	4.03 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2023	16.03	.50	.45	.95	(.02)	—	(.43)	(.45)	16.53	5.99 <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.83 <sup>5</sup>	.80 <sup>5</sup>	3.12 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2022	19.82	.34	(3.77)	(3.43)	(.17)	—	(.19)	(.36)	16.03	(17.39) <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.77 <sup>5</sup>	.77 <sup>5</sup>	1.97 <sup>5</sup>
12/31/2021	21.46	.34	(1.42)	(1.08)	(.44)	(.12)	—	(.56)	19.82	(5.06) <sup>5</sup>	— <sup>6</sup>	.75 <sup>5</sup>	.75 <sup>5</sup>	1.64 <sup>5</sup>
<b>Class 529-F-2:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.62	.67	.74	1.41	(.45)	—	(.19)	(.64)	16.39	9.16	34	.63	.63	4.13
12/31/2024	16.62	.69	(1.16)	(.47)	(.53)	—	—	(.53)	15.62	(2.91)	32	.64	.64	4.28
12/31/2023	16.11	.54	.45	.99	(.02)	—	(.46)	(.48)	16.62	6.23	32	.61	.61	3.37
12/31/2022	19.91	.37	(3.79)	(3.42)	(.18)	—	(.20)	(.38)	16.11	(17.28)	33	.62	.62	2.16
12/31/2021	21.55	.37	(1.43)	(1.06)	(.46)	(.12)	—	(.58)	19.91	(4.89)	43	.64	.64	1.78
<b>Class 529-F-3:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.58	.68	.76	1.44	(.47)	—	(.20)	(.67)	16.35	9.30	— <sup>6</sup>	.52	.52	4.22
12/31/2024	16.60	.70	(1.17)	(.47)	(.55)	—	—	(.55)	15.58	(2.91)	— <sup>6</sup>	.53	.53	4.33
12/31/2023	16.10	.55	.44	.99	(.02)	—	(.47)	(.49)	16.60	6.25	— <sup>6</sup>	.53	.53	3.39
12/31/2022	19.90	.38	(3.78)	(3.40)	(.19)	—	(.21)	(.40)	16.10	(17.17)	— <sup>6</sup>	.53	.53	2.22
12/31/2021	21.54	.38	(1.42)	(1.04)	(.48)	(.12)	—	(.60)	19.90	(4.85)	— <sup>6</sup>	.57	.55	1.84
<b>Class R-1:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.44	.51	.75	1.26	(.35)	—	(.15)	(.50)	16.20	8.17	6	1.58	1.58	3.18
12/31/2024	16.44	.54	(1.16)	(.62)	(.38)	—	—	(.38)	15.44	(3.83)	6	1.57	1.57	3.35
12/31/2023	15.94	.38	.44	.82	(.01)	—	(.31)	(.32)	16.44	5.21	6	1.57	1.57	2.41
12/31/2022	19.70	.20	(3.74)	(3.54)	(.10)	—	(.12)	(.22)	15.94	(18.02)	6	1.58	1.58	1.21
12/31/2021	21.32	.17	(1.41)	(1.24)	(.26)	(.12)	—	(.38)	19.70	(5.81)	6	1.58	1.58	.84

Refer to the end of the table(s) for footnote(s).

## Financial highlights (continued)

Year ended	Income (loss) from investment operations <sup>1</sup>		Dividends, distributions and return of capital							Net assets, end of year (in millions)	Total return <sup>2,3</sup>	Ratio of expenses to average net assets before waivers/reimbursements <sup>4</sup>	Ratio of expenses to average net assets after waivers/reimbursements <sup>3,4</sup>	Ratio of net income (loss) to average net assets <sup>3</sup>
	Net asset value, beginning of year	Net investment income (loss)	Net gains (losses) on securities (both realized and unrealized)	Total from investment operations	Dividends (from net investment income)	Distributions (from capital gains)	Return of capital	Total dividends, distributions and return of capital	Net assets, end of year					
<b>Class R-2:</b>														
12/31/2025	\$ 15.42	\$ .51	\$ .74	\$ 1.25	\$ (.35)	\$ —	\$ (.15)	\$ (.50)	\$ 16.17	8.19%	\$ 61	1.58%	1.58%	3.18%
12/31/2024	16.42	.53	(1.15)	(.62)	(.38)	—	—	(.38)	15.42	(3.85)	61	1.58	1.58	3.33
12/31/2023	15.92	.38	.44	.82	(.01)	—	(.31)	(.32)	16.42	5.22	69	1.58	1.58	2.40
12/31/2022	19.68	.20	(3.75)	(3.55)	(.10)	—	(.11)	(.21)	15.92	(18.06)	70	1.60	1.60	1.18
12/31/2021	21.30	.17	(1.40)	(1.23)	(.27)	(.12)	—	(.39)	19.68	(5.81)	94	1.58	1.58	.84
<b>Class R-2E:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.58	.56	.75	1.31	(.38)	—	(.16)	(.54)	16.35	8.47	5	1.28	1.28	3.47
12/31/2024	16.58	.58	(1.16)	(.58)	(.42)	—	—	(.42)	15.58	(3.55)	5	1.29	1.29	3.62
12/31/2023	16.07	.43	.44	.87	(.01)	—	(.35)	(.36)	16.58	5.52	6	1.29	1.29	2.71
12/31/2022	19.86	.25	(3.78)	(3.53)	(.12)	—	(.14)	(.26)	16.07	(17.81)	5	1.30	1.30	1.48
12/31/2021	21.49	.23	(1.41)	(1.18)	(.33)	(.12)	—	(.45)	19.86	(5.52)	7	1.29	1.29	1.13
<b>Class R-3:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.60	.59	.75	1.34	(.40)	—	(.17)	(.57)	16.37	8.62	76	1.13	1.13	3.63
12/31/2024	16.60	.61	(1.16)	(.55)	(.45)	—	—	(.45)	15.60	(3.39)	77	1.13	1.13	3.78
12/31/2023	16.09	.46	.43	.89	(.01)	—	(.37)	(.38)	16.60	5.67	92	1.13	1.13	2.84
12/31/2022	19.88	.28	(3.79)	(3.51)	(.13)	—	(.15)	(.28)	16.09	(17.66)	93	1.14	1.14	1.64
12/31/2021	21.51	.27	(1.42)	(1.15)	(.36)	(.12)	—	(.48)	19.88	(5.38)	128	1.13	1.13	1.29
<b>Class R-4:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.61	.64	.74	1.38	(.43)	—	(.18)	(.61)	16.38	8.95	55	.83	.83	3.93
12/31/2024	16.62	.66	(1.17)	(.51)	(.50)	—	—	(.50)	15.61	(3.15)	55	.83	.83	4.08
12/31/2023	16.10	.50	.46	.96	(.02)	—	(.42)	(.44)	16.62	6.05	62	.83	.83	3.13
12/31/2022	19.90	.33	(3.79)	(3.46)	(.16)	—	(.18)	(.34)	16.10	(17.43)	68	.84	.84	1.94
12/31/2021	21.53	.33	(1.42)	(1.09)	(.42)	(.12)	—	(.54)	19.90	(5.08)	92	.83	.83	1.59
<b>Class R-5E:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.59	.67	.77	1.44	(.46)	—	(.20)	(.66)	16.37	9.20	17	.64	.64	4.13
12/31/2024	16.60	.69	(1.17)	(.48)	(.53)	—	—	(.53)	15.59	(2.96)	27	.64	.64	4.29
12/31/2023	16.09	.54	.44	.98	(.02)	—	(.45)	(.47)	16.60	6.21	27	.64	.64	3.36
12/31/2022	19.88	.37	(3.78)	(3.41)	(.18)	—	(.20)	(.38)	16.09	(17.23)	23	.64	.64	2.15
12/31/2021	21.51	.37	(1.42)	(1.05)	(.46)	(.12)	—	(.58)	19.88	(4.90)	25	.63	.63	1.79
<b>Class R-5:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.63	.69	.73	1.42	(.45)	—	(.19)	(.64)	16.41	9.32	22	.54	.54	4.22
12/31/2024	16.64	.71	(1.18)	(.47)	(.54)	—	—	(.54)	15.63	(2.86)	24	.54	.54	4.37
12/31/2023	16.12	.55	.45	1.00	(.02)	—	(.46)	(.48)	16.64	6.35	27	.54	.54	3.41
12/31/2022	19.93	.38	(3.80)	(3.42)	(.18)	—	(.21)	(.39)	16.12	(17.21)	31	.54	.54	2.23
12/31/2021	21.56	.39	(1.42)	(1.03)	(.48)	(.12)	—	(.60)	19.93	(4.79)	55	.53	.53	1.89
<b>Class R-6:</b>														
12/31/2025	15.62	.70	.74	1.44	(.47)	—	(.20)	(.67)	16.39	9.32	4,656	.48	.48	4.28
12/31/2024	16.63	.72	(1.18)	(.46)	(.55)	—	—	(.55)	15.62	(2.80)	4,324	.49	.49	4.46
12/31/2023	16.11	.56	.45	1.01	(.02)	—	(.47)	(.49)	16.63	6.42	3,128	.48	.48	3.51
12/31/2022	19.92	.39	(3.80)	(3.41)	(.19)	—	(.21)	(.40)	16.11	(17.17)	2,768	.48	.48	2.26
12/31/2021	21.55	.40	(1.42)	(1.02)	(.49)	(.12)	—	(.61)	19.92	(4.74)	6,757	.48	.48	1.95

Refer to the end of the table(s) for footnote(s).

## Financial highlights (continued)

Portfolio turnover rate for all share classes <sup>7,8</sup>	Year ended December 31,				
	2025 <sup>9</sup>	2024	2023	2022	2021
Excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions	74%	60%	66%	73%	65%
Including mortgage dollar roll transactions	122%	251%	242%	150%	89%

<sup>1</sup>Based on average shares outstanding.

<sup>2</sup>Total returns exclude any applicable sales charges, including contingent deferred sales charges.

<sup>3</sup>This column reflects the impact of certain waivers and/or reimbursements from CRMC and/or AFS, if any.

<sup>4</sup>Ratios do not include expenses of any Central Funds. The fund indirectly bears its proportionate share of the expenses of any Central Funds.

<sup>5</sup>All or a significant portion of assets in this class consisted of seed capital invested by CRMC and/or its affiliates. Fees for distribution services are not charged or accrued on these seed capital assets. If such fees were paid by the fund on seed capital assets, fund expenses would have been higher and net income and total return would have been lower.

<sup>6</sup>Amount less than \$1 million.

<sup>7</sup>Rates do not include the fund's portfolio activity with respect to any Central Funds.

<sup>8</sup>Refer to Note 5 for more information on mortgage dollar rolls.

<sup>9</sup>Rates exclude in-kind transactions, if any.

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

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## Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the shareholders and the Board of Trustees of Capital World Bond Fund:

### Opinion on the Financial Statements and Financial Highlights

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities of Capital World Bond Fund (the "Fund"), including the investment portfolio, as of December 31, 2025, the related statement of operations for the year then ended, statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements and financial highlights"). In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of December 31, 2025, and the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Basis for Opinion

These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Fund's financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Fund in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Fund is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and financial highlights, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements and financial highlights. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2025, by correspondence with the custodian, brokers, and agent banks; when replies were not received from brokers, we performed other auditing procedures. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Costa Mesa, California  
February 11, 2026

We have served as the auditor of one or more American Funds investment companies since 1956.

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