

Capital Income Builder®

Part B Statement of Additional Information

January 1, 2025

This document is not a prospectus but should be read in conjunction with the current prospectus of Capital Income Builder (the “fund”) dated January 1, 2025. You may obtain a prospectus from your financial professional, by calling American Funds Service Company® at (800) 421-4225 or by writing to the fund at the following address:

Capital Income Builder
Attention: Secretary

333 South Hope Street
Los Angeles, California 90071

Certain privileges and/or services described below may not be available to all shareholders (including shareholders who purchase shares at net asset value through eligible retirement plans) depending on the shareholder’s investment dealer or retirement plan recordkeeper. Please see your financial professional, investment dealer, plan recordkeeper or employer for more information.

Class A	CAIBX	Class 529-A	CIRAX	Class R-1	RIRAX
Class C	CIBCX	Class 529-C	CIRCX	Class R-2	RIRBX
Class T	TCIBX	Class 529-E	CIREX	Class R-2E	RCEEX
Class F-1	CIBFX	Class 529-T	TCBBX	Class R-3	RIRCX
Class F-2	CAIFX	Class 529-F-1	CIRFX	Class R-4	RIREX
Class F-3	CFIHX	Class 529-F-2	FBCIX	Class R-5E	RIRHX
		Class 529-F-3	FWCBX	Class R-5	RIRFX
				Class R-6	RIRGX

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Statement of Additional Information Supplement

May 1, 2025



For the most recent statements of additional information of the following funds (as supplemented to date):

AMCAP Fund® (AMCAP)	Capital Income Builder® (CIB)
American Balanced Fund® (AMBAL)	Capital World Bond Fund® (WBF)
American Funds Corporate Bond Fund® (CBF)	Capital World Growth and Income Fund® (WGI)
American Funds® Developing World Growth and Income Fund (DWGI)	EuroPacific Growth Fund® (EUPAC)
American Funds Emerging Markets Bond Fund® (EMBF)	Fundamental Investors® (FI)
American Funds® Global Balanced Fund (GBAL)	The Growth Fund of America® (GFA)
American Funds® Global Insight Fund (GIF)	The Income Fund of America® (IFA)
American Funds Inflation Linked Bond Fund® (ILBF)	Intermediate Bond Fund of America® (IBFA)
American Funds® International Vantage Fund (IVE)	International Growth and Income Fund (IGI)
American Funds Mortgage Fund® (AFMF)	The Investment Company of America® (ICA)
American Funds® Multi-Sector Income Fund (MSI)	The New Economy Fund® (NEF)
American Funds® Strategic Bond Fund (SBF)	New Perspective Fund® (NPF)
American Funds® U.S Small and Mid Cap Equity Fund (SMID)	New World Fund® (NWF)
American High-Income Trust® (AHIT)	Short-Term Bond Fund of America® (STBF)
American Mutual Fund® (AMF)	SMALLCAP World Fund® (SCWF)
The Bond Fund of America® (BFA)	U.S. Government Securities Fund® (GVT)
	Washington Mutual Investors Fund (WMIF)

Changes apply to all funds unless otherwise noted.

1. The statement of additional information is amended to state that shares of Capital Group KKR Public-Private+ Funds (the “PPS Funds”) are eligible to be aggregated with shares of the American Funds to reduce sales charges paid on Class A and Class 529-A shares of the American Funds or Class A shares of the PPS Funds, unless otherwise provided in the statement of additional information. Class A-2 shares of PPS Funds are not eligible for aggregation with shares of the American Funds.

2. The statement of additional information is amended to state that, effective June 2, 2025, shares of Emerging Markets Equities Fund, Inc. (formerly known as Emerging Markets Growth Fund, Inc.) will be eligible to be aggregated with shares of the American Funds or the PPS Funds to reduce sales charges paid on Class A shares or Class 529-A shares of the American Funds or the PPS Funds (as applicable), unless otherwise provided in the statement of additional information. Class A-2 shares of PPS Funds are not eligible for aggregation with shares of the American Funds or Emerging Markets Equities Fund.

Keep this supplement with your statement of additional information.

Statement of Additional Information Supplement

April 25, 2025



For the most recent statement of additional information of the following funds:

American Balanced Fund® (AMBAL)	Capital Income Builder® (CIB)
American Funds Corporate Bond Fund® (CBF)	Capital World Bond Fund® (WBF)
American Funds Emerging Markets Bond Fund® (EMBF)	The Income Fund of America® (IFA)
American Funds® Global Balanced Fund (GBAL)	Intermediate Bond Fund of America® (IBFA)
American Funds Inflation Linked Bond Fund® (ILBF)	Limited Term Tax-Exempt Bond Fund of America® (LTEX)
American Funds Mortgage Fund® (AFMF)	New World Fund, Inc.® (NWF)
American Funds Short-Term Tax-Exempt Bond Fund® (STEX)	Short-Term Bond Fund of America® (STBF)
American Funds® Strategic Bond Fund (SBF)	The Tax-Exempt Bond Fund of America® (TEBF)
American Funds Tax-Exempt Fund of New York® (TEFNY)	The Tax-Exempt Fund of California® (TEFCA)
American High-Income Trust® (AHIT)	U.S. Government Securities Fund® (GVT)
American High-Income Municipal Bond Fund® (AHIM)	
The Bond Fund of America® (BFA)	

1. The second paragraph under the subheading "Swaps" in the "Description of certain securities, investment techniques and risks" section of the statement of additional information for AFMF, AHIM, AHIT, AMBAL, BFA, CBF, CIB, EMBF, GBAL, GVT, IBFA, IFA, ILBF, LTEX, NWF, SBF, STBF, STEX, TEBF, TECA, TEFNY and WBF are amended to read as follows:

Swaps can be traded on a swap execution facility ("SEF") and cleared through a central clearinghouse (cleared), traded OTC and cleared, or traded bilaterally and not cleared. For example, standardized interest rate swaps and standardized credit default swap indices are traded on SEFs and cleared. Other forms of swaps, such as total return swaps and certain types of interest rate swaps and credit default swap indices are entered into on a bilateral basis. Because clearing interposes a central clearinghouse as the ultimate counterparty to each participant's swap, and margin is required to be exchanged under the rules of the clearinghouse, central clearing is intended to decrease (but not eliminate) counterparty risk relative to uncleared bilateral swaps. To the extent the fund enters into bilaterally negotiated swaps, the fund will enter into swaps only with counterparties that meet certain credit standards and have agreed to specific collateralization procedures; however, if the counterparty's creditworthiness deteriorates rapidly and the counterparty defaults on its obligations under the swap or declares bankruptcy, the fund may lose any amount it expected to receive from the counterparty. In addition, bilateral swaps are subject to certain regulatory margin requirements that mandate the posting and collection of minimum margin amounts, which may result in the fund and its counterparties posting higher margin amounts for bilateral swaps than would otherwise be the case.

2. The paragraphs under the subheadings "Swaps - Credit default swap indices" in the "Description of certain securities, investment techniques and risks" section of the statement of additional information for AHIM, AHIT, AMBAL, BFA, CBF, CIB, EMBF, GBAL, IBFA, IFA, ILBF, LTEX, NWF, SBF, STEX, TEBF, TECA, TEFNY and WBF are amended to read as follows:

Credit default swap indices – In order to assume exposure to a diversified portfolio of credits or to hedge against existing credit risks, the fund may invest in credit default swap indices, including CDX and iTraxx indices (collectively referred to as "CDSIs"). Additionally, in order to assume exposure to the commercial mortgage-backed security sector or to hedge against existing credit and market risks within such sector, the fund may invest in mortgage-backed security credit default swap indices, including the CMBX index (collectively referred to as "CMBXIs").

A CDSI is based on a portfolio of credit default swaps with similar characteristics, such as credit default swaps on high-yield bonds. A CMBXI is a tradeable index referencing a basket of commercial mortgage-backed securities. In a typical CDSI or CMBXI transaction, one party – the protection buyer – is obligated to pay the other party – the protection seller – a stream of periodic payments over the term of the contract. If a credit event, such as a default or restructuring, occurs with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations, the protection seller must pay the protection buyer the loss on those credits. Also, if a restructuring credit event occurs in an iTraxx index, the fund as protection buyer may receive a single name credit default swap ("CDS") representing the relevant constituent.

The fund may enter into a CDSI or CMBXI transaction as either protection buyer or protection seller. If the fund is a protection buyer, it would pay the counterparty a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract and would not recover any of

those payments if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. However, if a credit event did occur, the fund, as a protection buyer, would have the right to deliver the referenced debt obligations or a specified amount of cash, depending on the terms of the applicable agreement, and to receive the par value of such debt obligations from the counterparty protection seller. As a protection seller, the fund would receive fixed payments throughout the term of the contract if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. If a credit event were to occur, however, the value of any deliverable obligation received by the fund, coupled with the periodic payments previously received by the fund, may be less than the full notional value that the fund, as a protection seller, pays to the counterparty protection buyer, effectively resulting in a loss of value to the fund. Furthermore, as a protection seller, the fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because it would have investment exposure to the notional amount of the swap.

The use of CDSI or CMBXI, like all other swaps, is subject to certain risks, including the risk that the fund's counterparty will default on its obligations. If such a default were to occur, any contractual remedies that the fund might have may be subject to applicable bankruptcy laws, which could delay or limit the fund's recovery. Thus, if the fund's counterparty to a CDSI or CMBXI transaction defaults on its obligation to make payments thereunder, the fund may lose such payments altogether or collect only a portion thereof, which collection could involve substantial costs or delays.

Additionally, when the fund invests in a CDSI or CMBXI as a protection seller, the fund will be indirectly exposed to the creditworthiness of issuers of the underlying reference obligations in the index. If the investment adviser to the fund does not correctly evaluate the creditworthiness of issuers of the underlying instruments on which the CDSI or CMBXI is based, the investment could result in losses to the fund.

Keep this supplement with your statement of additional information.

Certain investment limitations and guidelines

The following limitations and guidelines are considered at the time of purchase, under normal circumstances, and are based on a percentage of the fund's net assets (excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, collateral held in connection with securities lending activities) unless otherwise noted. This summary is not intended to reflect all of the fund's investment limitations.

Income producing securities

- The fund will invest at least 90% of its assets in income-producing securities.

Equity securities

- The fund will invest at least 50% of its assets in equity securities.

Debt instruments

- The fund may invest up to 5% of its assets in straight debt securities (i.e., debt securities that do not have equity conversion or purchase rights) rated Ba1 or below and BB+ or below by Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations designated by the fund's investment adviser, or unrated but determined by the fund's investment adviser to be of equivalent quality.
- The fund currently intends to consider the ratings from Moody's Investors Service, S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings. If agency ratings of a security differ, the security will be considered to have received the highest of these ratings, consistent with the fund's investment policies.

Investing outside the United States

- The fund may invest up to 50% of its assets outside the United States.
- For purposes of determining whether an investment is made in a particular country or geographic region, the fund's investment adviser will generally look to the domicile of the issuer in the case of equity securities or to the country to which the security is tied economically in the case of debt securities. In doing so, the fund's investment adviser will generally look to the determination of MSCI Inc. (MSCI) for equity securities and Bloomberg for debt securities. In certain limited circumstances (including when relevant data is unavailable or the nature of a holding warrants special considerations), the adviser may also take into account additional factors, as applicable, including where the issuer's securities are listed; where the issuer is legally organized, maintains principal corporate offices, conducts its principal operations, generates revenues and/or has credit risk exposure; and the source of guarantees, if any, of such securities.

* * * * *

The fund may experience difficulty liquidating certain portfolio securities during significant market declines or periods of heavy redemptions.

Description of certain securities, investment techniques and risks

The descriptions below are intended to supplement the material in the prospectus under “Investment objectives, strategies and risks.”

Market conditions – The value of, and the income generated by, the securities in which the fund invests may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to factors affecting certain issuers, particular industries or sectors, or the overall markets. Rapid or unexpected changes in market conditions could cause the fund to liquidate holdings at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value. The value of a particular holding may decrease due to developments related to that issuer, but also due to general market conditions, including real or perceived economic developments such as changes in interest rates, credit quality, inflation, or currency rates, or generally adverse investor sentiment. The value of a holding may also decline due to factors that negatively affect a particular industry or sector, such as labor shortages, increased production costs, or competitive conditions.

Global economies and financial markets are highly interconnected, and conditions and events in one country, region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Furthermore, local, regional and global events such as war, acts of terrorism, social unrest, natural disasters, the spread of infectious illness or other public health threats, or bank failures could also adversely impact issuers, markets and economies, including in ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen. The fund could be negatively impacted if the value of a portfolio holding were harmed by such conditions or events.

Significant market disruptions, such as those caused by pandemics, natural or environmental disasters, war, acts of terrorism, bank failures or other events, can adversely affect local and global markets and normal market operations. Market disruptions may exacerbate political, social, and economic risks. Additionally, market disruptions may result in increased market volatility; regulatory trading halts; closure of domestic or foreign exchanges, markets, or governments; or market participants operating pursuant to business continuity plans for indeterminate periods of time. Such events can be highly disruptive to economies and markets and significantly impact individual companies, sectors, industries, markets, currencies, interest and inflation rates, credit ratings, investor sentiment, and other factors affecting the value of the fund's investments and operation of the fund. These events could disrupt businesses that are integral to the fund's operations or impair the ability of employees of fund service providers to perform essential tasks on behalf of the fund.

Governmental and quasi-governmental authorities may take a number of actions designed to support local and global economies and the financial markets in response to economic disruptions. Such actions may include a variety of significant fiscal and monetary policy changes, including, for example, direct capital infusions into companies, new monetary programs and significantly lower interest rates. These actions have resulted in significant expansion of public debt and may result in greater market risk. Additionally, an unexpected or quick reversal of these policies, or the ineffectiveness of these policies, could negatively impact overall investor sentiment and further increase volatility in securities markets.

Equity securities — Equity securities represent an ownership position in a company. Equity securities held by the fund typically consist of common stocks. The prices of equity securities fluctuate based on, among other things, events specific to their issuers and market, economic and other conditions. For example, prices of these securities can be affected by financial contracts held by the issuer or third parties (such as derivatives) relating to the security or other assets or indices. Holders of equity securities are not creditors of the issuer. If an issuer liquidates, holders of equity securities are entitled to their pro rata share of the issuer's assets, if any, after creditors (including the holders of fixed income securities and senior equity securities) are paid.

There may be little trading in the secondary market for particular equity securities, which may adversely affect the fund's ability to value accurately or dispose of such equity securities. Adverse publicity and investor perceptions, whether or not based on fundamental analysis, may decrease the value and/or liquidity of equity securities.

Investing in smaller capitalization stocks — The fund may invest in the stocks of smaller capitalization companies. Investing in smaller capitalization stocks can involve greater risk than is customarily associated with investing in stocks of larger, more established companies. For example, smaller companies often have limited product lines, limited operating histories, limited markets or financial resources, may be dependent on one or a few key persons for management and can be more susceptible to losses. Also, their securities may be less liquid or illiquid (and therefore have to be sold at a discount from current prices or sold in small lots over an extended period of time), may be followed by fewer investment research analysts and may be subject to wider price swings, thus creating a greater chance of loss than securities of larger capitalization companies.

Debt instruments — Debt securities, also known as "fixed income securities," are used by issuers to borrow money. Bonds, notes, debentures, asset-backed securities (including those backed by mortgages), and loan participations and assignments are common types of debt securities. Generally, issuers pay investors periodic interest and repay the amount borrowed either periodically during the life of the security and/or at maturity. Some debt securities, such as zero coupon bonds, do not pay current interest, but are purchased at a discount from their face values and their values accrete over time to face value at maturity. Some debt securities bear interest at rates that are not fixed, but that vary with changes in specified market rates or indices. The market prices of debt securities fluctuate depending on such factors as interest rates, credit quality and maturity. In general, market prices of debt securities decline when interest rates rise and increase when interest rates fall. These fluctuations will generally be greater for longer-term debt securities than for shorter-term debt securities. Prices of these securities can also be affected by financial contracts held by the issuer or third parties (such as derivatives) relating to the security or other assets or indices. Borrowers that are in bankruptcy or restructuring may never pay off their indebtedness, or they may pay only a small fraction of the amount owed. Direct indebtedness of countries, particularly emerging markets, also involves a risk that the governmental entities responsible for the repayment of the debt may be unable, or unwilling, to pay interest and repay principal when due.

Lower rated debt securities, rated Ba1/BB+ or below by Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations, are described by the rating agencies as speculative and involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the issuer's creditworthiness than higher rated debt securities, or they may already be in default. Such securities are sometimes referred to as "junk bonds" or high yield bonds. The market prices of these securities may fluctuate more than higher quality securities and may decline significantly in periods of general economic difficulty. It may be more difficult to dispose of, and to determine the value of, lower rated debt securities. Investment grade bonds in the ratings categories A or Baa/BBB also may be more susceptible to changes in market or economic conditions than bonds rated in the highest rating categories.

Certain additional risk factors relating to debt securities are discussed below:

Sensitivity to interest rate and economic changes — Debt securities may be sensitive to economic changes, political and corporate developments, and interest rate changes. In addition, during an economic downturn or a period of rising interest rates, issuers that are highly leveraged may experience increased financial stress that could adversely affect their ability to meet projected business goals, to obtain additional financing and to service their principal and interest payment obligations. Periods of economic change and uncertainty also can be expected to result in increased volatility of market prices and yields of certain debt securities and derivative instruments. As discussed under "Market conditions" above in this statement of additional information, governments and quasi-governmental authorities may take actions to support local and global economies and financial markets during periods of economic crisis, including direct capital infusions into companies, new monetary programs and significantly lower interest rates. Such actions may expose fixed income markets to heightened volatility and may reduce liquidity for certain investments, which could cause the value of the fund's portfolio to decline.

Payment expectations — Debt securities may contain redemption or call provisions. If an issuer exercises these provisions in a lower interest rate market, the fund may have to replace the security with a lower yielding security, resulting in decreased income to investors. If the issuer of a debt security defaults on its obligations to pay interest or principal or is the subject of bankruptcy proceedings, the fund may incur losses or expenses in seeking recovery of amounts owed to it.

Liquidity and valuation — There may be little trading in the secondary market for particular debt securities, which may affect adversely the fund's ability to value accurately or dispose of such debt securities. Adverse publicity and investor perceptions, whether or not based on fundamental analysis, may decrease the value and/or liquidity of debt securities.

Credit ratings for debt securities provided by rating agencies reflect an evaluation of the safety of principal and interest payments, not market value risk. The rating of an issuer is a rating agency's view of past and future potential developments related to the issuer and may not necessarily reflect actual outcomes. There can be a lag between the time of developments relating to an issuer and the time a rating is assigned and updated. The investment adviser considers these ratings of securities as one of many criteria in making its investment decisions.

Bond rating agencies may assign modifiers (such as +/-) to ratings categories to signify the relative position of a credit within the rating category. Investment policies that are based on ratings categories should be read to include any security within that category, without giving consideration to the modifier except where otherwise provided. See the appendix to this statement of additional information for more information about credit ratings.

Securities with equity and debt characteristics — Certain securities have a combination of equity and debt characteristics. Such securities may at times behave more like equity than debt or vice versa.

Preferred stock — Preferred stock represents an equity interest in an issuer that generally entitles the holder to receive, in preference to common stockholders and the holders of certain other stocks, dividends and a fixed share of the proceeds resulting from a liquidation of the issuer. Preferred stocks may pay fixed or adjustable rates of return, and preferred stock dividends may be cumulative or non-cumulative and participating or non-participating. Cumulative dividend provisions require all or a portion of prior unpaid dividends to be paid before dividends can be paid to the issuer's common stockholders, while prior unpaid dividends on non-cumulative preferred stock are forfeited. Participating preferred stock may

be entitled to a dividend exceeding the issuer's declared dividend in certain cases, while non-participating preferred stock is entitled only to the stipulated dividend. Preferred stock is subject to issuer-specific and market risks applicable generally to equity securities. As with debt securities, the prices and yields of preferred stocks often move with changes in interest rates and the issuer's credit quality. Additionally, a company's preferred stock typically pays dividends only after the company makes required payments to holders of its bonds and other debt. Accordingly, the price of preferred stock will usually react more strongly than bonds and other debt to actual or perceived changes in the issuing company's financial condition or prospects. Preferred stock of smaller companies may be more vulnerable to adverse developments than preferred stock of larger companies.

Convertible securities — A convertible security is a debt obligation, preferred stock or other security that may be converted, within a specified period of time and at a stated conversion rate, into common stock or other equity securities of the same or a different issuer. The conversion may occur automatically upon the occurrence of a predetermined event or at the option of either the issuer or the security holder. Under certain circumstances, a convertible security may also be called for redemption or conversion by the issuer after a particular date and at predetermined price specified upon issue. If a convertible security held by the fund is called for redemption or conversion, the fund could be required to tender the security for redemption, convert it into the underlying common stock, or sell it to a third party.

The holder of a convertible security is generally entitled to participate in the capital appreciation resulting from a market price increase in the issuer's common stock and to receive interest paid or accrued until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion, convertible securities have characteristics similar to non-convertible debt or preferred securities, as applicable. Convertible securities rank senior to common stock in an issuer's capital structure and, therefore, normally entail less risk than the issuer's common stock. However, convertible securities may also be subordinate to any senior debt obligations of the issuer, and, therefore, an issuer's convertible securities may entail more risk than such senior debt obligations. Convertible securities usually offer lower interest or dividend yields than non-convertible debt securities of similar credit quality because of the potential for capital appreciation. In addition, convertible securities are often lower-rated securities.

Because of the conversion feature, the price of a convertible security will normally fluctuate in some proportion to changes in the price of the underlying asset, and, accordingly, convertible securities are subject to risks relating to the activities of the issuer and/or general market and economic conditions. The income component of a convertible security may cushion the security against declines in the price of the underlying asset but may also cause the price of the security to fluctuate based upon changes in interest rates and the credit quality of the issuer. As with a straight fixed income security, the price of a convertible security tends to increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. Like the price of a common stock, the price of a convertible security also tends to increase as the price of the underlying stock rises and to decrease as the price of the underlying stock declines.

Hybrid securities — A hybrid security is a type of security that also has equity and debt characteristics. Like equities, which have no final maturity, a hybrid security may be perpetual. On the other hand, like debt securities, a hybrid security may be callable at the option of the issuer on a date specified at issue. Additionally, like common equities, which may stop paying dividends at virtually any time without violating any contractual terms or conditions, hybrids typically allow for issuers to withhold payment of interest until a later date or to suspend coupon payments entirely without triggering an event of default. Hybrid securities are normally at the bottom of an issuer's debt capital structure because holders of an issuer's hybrid securities are structurally subordinated to the issuer's senior creditors. In bankruptcy, hybrid

security holders should only get paid after all senior creditors of the issuer have been paid but before any disbursements are made to the issuer's equity holders. Accordingly, hybrid securities may be more sensitive to economic changes than more senior debt securities. Such securities may also be viewed as more equity-like by the market when the issuer or its parent company experiences financial difficulties.

Contingent convertible securities, which are also known as contingent capital securities, are a form of hybrid security that are intended to either convert into equity or have their principal written down upon the occurrence of certain trigger events. One type of contingent convertible security has characteristics designed to absorb losses, by providing that the liquidation value of the security may be adjusted downward to below the original par value or written off entirely under certain circumstances. For instance, if losses have eroded the issuer's capital level below a specified threshold, the liquidation value of the security may be reduced in whole or in part. The write-down of the security's par value may occur automatically and would not entitle holders to institute bankruptcy proceedings against the issuer. In addition, an automatic write-down could result in a reduced income rate if the dividend or interest payment associated with the security is based on the security's par value. Such securities may, but are not required to, provide for circumstances under which the liquidation value of the security may be adjusted back up to par, such as an improvement in capitalization or earnings. Another type of contingent convertible security provides for mandatory conversion of the security into common shares of the issuer under certain circumstances. The mandatory conversion might relate, for example, to the issuer's failure to maintain a capital minimum. Since the common stock of the issuer may not pay a dividend, investors in such instruments could experience reduced yields (or no yields at all) and conversion would deepen the subordination of the investor, effectively worsening the investor's standing in the case of the issuer's insolvency. An automatic write-down or conversion event with respect to a contingent convertible security will typically be triggered by a reduction in the issuer's capital level, but may also be triggered by regulatory actions, such as a change in regulatory capital requirements, or by other factors.

Investing outside the United States — Securities of issuers domiciled outside the United States or with significant operations or revenues outside the United States, and securities tied economically to countries outside the United States, may lose value because of adverse political, social, economic or market developments (including social instability, regional conflicts, terrorism and war) in the countries or regions in which the issuers are domiciled, operate or generate revenue or to which the securities are tied economically. These issuers may also be more susceptible to actions of foreign governments such as the imposition of price controls, sanctions, or punitive taxes that could adversely impact the value of these securities. To the extent the fund invests in securities that are denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, these securities may also lose value due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates against the U.S. dollar and/or currencies of other countries. Securities markets in certain countries may be more volatile or less liquid than those in the United States. Investments outside the United States may also be subject to different accounting practices and different regulatory, legal, auditing, financial reporting and recordkeeping standards and practices, and may be more difficult to value, than those in the United States. In addition, the value of investments outside the United States may be reduced by foreign taxes, including foreign withholding taxes on interest and dividends. Further, there may be increased risks of delayed settlement of securities purchased or sold by the fund, which could impact the liquidity of the fund's portfolio. The risks of investing outside the United States may be heightened in connection with investments in emerging markets.

Additional costs could be incurred in connection with the fund's investment activities outside the United States. Brokerage commissions may be higher outside the United States, and the fund will bear certain expenses in connection with its currency transactions. Furthermore, increased custodian costs may be associated with maintaining assets in certain jurisdictions.

Investing in emerging markets — Investing in emerging markets may involve risks in addition to and greater than those generally associated with investing in the securities markets of developed countries. For instance, emerging market countries tend to have less developed political, economic and legal systems than those in developed countries. Accordingly, the governments of these countries may be less stable and more likely to intervene in the market economy, for example, by imposing capital controls, nationalizing a company or industry, placing restrictions on foreign ownership and on withdrawing sale proceeds of securities from the country, and/or imposing punitive taxes that could adversely affect the prices of securities. Information regarding issuers in emerging markets may be limited, incomplete or inaccurate, and such issuers may not be subject to regulatory, accounting, auditing, and financial reporting and recordkeeping standards comparable to those to which issuers in more developed markets are subject. The fund's rights with respect to its investments in emerging markets, if any, will generally be governed by local law, which may make it difficult or impossible for the fund to pursue legal remedies or to obtain and enforce judgments in local courts. In addition, the economies of these countries may be dependent on relatively few industries, may have limited access to capital and may be more susceptible to changes in local and global trade conditions and downturns in the world economy. Securities markets in these countries can also be relatively small and have substantially lower trading volumes. As a result, securities issued in these countries may be more volatile and less liquid, more vulnerable to market manipulation, and more difficult to value, than securities issued in countries with more developed economies and/or markets. Less certainty with respect to security valuations may lead to additional challenges and risks in calculating the fund's net asset value. Additionally, emerging markets are more likely to experience problems with the clearing and settling of trades and the holding of securities by banks, agents and depositories that are less established than those in developed countries.

In countries where direct foreign investment is limited or prohibited, the fund may invest in operating companies based in such countries through an offshore intermediary entity that, based on contractual agreements, seeks to replicate the rights and obligations of direct equity ownership in such operating company. Because the contractual arrangements do not in fact bestow the fund with actual equity ownership in the operating company, these investment structures may limit the fund's rights as an investor and create significant additional risks. For example, local government authorities may determine that such structures do not comply with applicable laws and regulations, including those relating to restrictions on foreign ownership. In such event, the intermediary entity and/or the operating company may be subject to penalties, revocation of business and operating licenses or forfeiture of foreign ownership interests, and the fund's economic interests in the underlying operating company and its rights as an investor may not be recognized, resulting in a loss to the fund and its shareholders. In addition, exerting control through contractual arrangements may be less effective than direct equity ownership, and a company may incur substantial costs to enforce the terms of such arrangements, including those relating to the distribution of the funds among the entities. These special investment structures may also be disregarded for tax purposes by local tax authorities, resulting in increased tax liabilities, and the fund's control over – and distributions due from – such structures may be jeopardized if the individuals who hold the equity interest in such structures breach the terms of the agreements. While these structures may be widely used to circumvent limits on foreign ownership in certain jurisdictions, there is no assurance that they will be upheld by local regulatory authorities or that disputes regarding the same will be resolved consistently.

Although there is no universally accepted definition, the investment adviser generally considers an emerging market to be a market that is in the earlier stages of its industrialization cycle with a low per capita gross domestic product ("GDP") and a low market capitalization to GDP ratio relative to those in the United States and the European Union, and would include markets commonly referred to as "frontier markets." For example, the investment adviser currently expects that most countries not designated as developed markets by MSCI Inc. ("MSCI") will be treated as emerging markets for equity securities, and that most countries designated as emerging markets by J.P. Morgan or, if not available, Bloomberg will be treated as emerging markets for debt securities.

Certain risk factors related to emerging markets

Currency fluctuations — Certain emerging markets' currencies have experienced and in the future may experience significant declines against the U.S. dollar. For example, if the U.S. dollar appreciates against foreign currencies, the value of the fund's emerging markets securities holdings would generally depreciate and vice versa. Further, the fund may lose money due to losses and other expenses incurred in converting various currencies to purchase and sell securities valued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, as well as from currency restrictions, exchange control regulation, governmental restrictions that limit or otherwise delay the fund's ability to convert or repatriate currencies and currency devaluations.

Government regulation — Certain emerging markets lack uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting and disclosure standards, have less governmental supervision of financial markets than in the United States, and may not honor legal rights or protections enjoyed by investors in the United States. Certain governments may be more unstable and present greater risks of nationalization or restrictions on foreign ownership of local companies. Repatriation of investment income, capital and the proceeds of sales by foreign investors may require governmental registration and/or approval in some emerging markets. While the fund will only invest in markets where these restrictions are considered acceptable by the investment adviser, a country could impose new or additional repatriation restrictions after the fund's investment. If this happened, the fund's response might include, among other things, applying to the appropriate authorities for a waiver of the restrictions or engaging in transactions in other markets designed to offset the risks of decline in that country. Such restrictions will be considered in relation to the fund's liquidity needs and other factors. Further, some attractive equity securities may not be available to the fund if foreign shareholders already hold the maximum amount legally permissible.

While government involvement in the private sector varies in degree among emerging markets, such involvement may in some cases include government ownership of companies in certain sectors, wage and price controls or imposition of trade barriers and other protectionist measures. With respect to any emerging market, there is no guarantee that some future economic or political crisis will not lead to price controls, forced mergers of companies, expropriation, or creation of government monopolies to the possible detriment of the fund's investments.

Fluctuations in inflation rates — Rapid fluctuations in inflation rates may have negative impacts on the economies and securities markets of certain emerging market countries.

Less developed securities markets — Emerging markets may be less well-developed and regulated than other markets. These markets have lower trading volumes than the securities markets of more developed countries and may be unable to respond effectively to increases in trading volume. Consequently, these markets may be substantially less liquid than those of more developed countries, and the securities of issuers located in these markets may have limited marketability. These factors may make prompt liquidation of substantial portfolio holdings difficult or impossible at times.

Settlement risks — Settlement systems in emerging markets are generally less well organized than those of developed markets. Supervisory authorities may also be unable to apply standards comparable to those in developed markets. Thus, there may be risks that settlement may be delayed and that cash or securities belonging to the fund may be in jeopardy because of failures of or defects in the systems. In particular, market practice may require that payment be made before receipt of the security being purchased or that delivery of a security be made before payment is received. In such cases, default by a broker or bank (the "counterparty")

through which the transaction is effected might cause the fund to suffer a loss. The fund will seek, where possible, to use counterparties whose financial status is such that this risk is reduced. However, there can be no certainty that the fund will be successful in eliminating this risk, particularly as counterparties operating in emerging markets frequently lack the standing or financial resources of those in developed countries. There may also be a danger that, because of uncertainties in the operation of settlement systems in individual markets, competing claims may arise with respect to securities held by or to be transferred to the fund.

Limited market information — The fund may encounter problems assessing investment opportunities in certain emerging markets in light of limitations on available information and different accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards. For example, due to jurisdictional limitations, the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB"), which regulates auditors of U.S. reporting companies, may be unable to inspect the audit work and practices of PCAOB-registered auditing firms in certain emerging markets. As a result, there is greater risk that financial records and information relating to an issuer's operations in emerging markets will be incomplete or misleading, which may negatively impact the fund's investments in such company. When faced with limited market information, the fund's investment adviser will seek alternative sources of information, and to the extent the investment adviser is not satisfied with the sufficiency or accuracy of the information obtained with respect to a particular market or security, the fund will not invest in such market or security.

Taxation — Taxation of dividends, interest and capital gains received by the fund varies among emerging markets and, in some cases, is comparatively high. In addition, emerging markets typically have less well-defined tax laws and procedures and such laws may permit retroactive taxation so that the fund could become subject in the future to local tax liability that it had not reasonably anticipated in conducting its investment activities or valuing its assets.

Fraudulent securities — Securities purchased by the fund may subsequently be found to be fraudulent or counterfeit, resulting in a loss to the fund.

Remedies — Emerging markets may offer less protection to investors than U.S. markets and, in the event of investor harm, there may be substantially less recourse available to the fund and its shareholders. In addition, as a matter of law or practicality, the fund and its shareholders - as well as U.S. regulators - may encounter substantial difficulties in obtaining and enforcing judgments and other actions against non-U.S. individuals and companies.

Investing through Stock Connect — The fund may invest in China A-shares of certain Chinese companies listed and traded on the Shanghai Stock Exchange ("SSE") and on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange ("SZSE", and together, the "Exchanges") through the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect Program and the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect Program, respectively (together, "Stock Connect"). Stock Connect is a securities trading and clearing program developed by the Exchange of Hong Kong, the Exchanges and the China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited. Stock Connect facilitates foreign investment in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") via brokers in Hong Kong. Persons investing through Stock Connect are subject to PRC regulations and Exchange listing rules, among others. These could include limitations on or suspension of trading. These regulations are relatively new and subject to changes which could adversely impact the fund's rights with respect to the securities. For example, a stock may be recalled from the scope of securities traded on the SSE or SZSE eligible for trading via Stock Connect for various reasons, and in such event the stock can be sold but is restricted from being bought. In such event, the investment adviser's ability to implement the fund's investment strategies may be adversely affected. As Stock Connect is still relatively new, investments made through Stock Connect are subject to relatively new trading, clearance and settlement procedures and there are no assurances that the necessary systems to run the program will function properly. In addition, Stock Connect is subject to aggregate and daily quota

limitations on purchases and permitted price fluctuations. As a result, the fund may experience delays in transacting via Stock Connect and there can be no assurance that a liquid market on the Exchanges will exist. Since Stock Connect only operates on days when both the Chinese and Hong Kong markets are open for trading, and banking services are available in both markets on the corresponding settlement days, the fund's ownership interest in securities traded through Stock Connect may not be reflected directly and the fund may be subject to the risk of price fluctuations in China A-shares when Stock Connect is not open to trading. Changes in Chinese tax rules may also adversely affect the fund's performance. The fund's shares are held in an omnibus account and registered in nominee name. Please also see the sections on risks relating to investing outside the United States and investing in emerging markets.

Synthetic local access instruments — Participation notes, market access warrants and other similar structured investment vehicles (collectively, "synthetic local access instruments") are instruments used by investors to obtain exposure to equity investments in local markets where direct ownership by foreign investors is not permitted or is otherwise restricted by local law. Synthetic local access instruments, which are generally structured and sold over-the-counter by a local branch of a bank or broker-dealer that is permitted to purchase equity securities in the local market, are designed to replicate exposure to one or more underlying equity securities. The price and performance of a synthetic local access instrument are normally intended to track the price and performance of the underlying equity assets as closely as possible. However, there can be no assurance that the results of synthetic local access instruments will replicate exactly the performance of the underlying securities due to transaction costs, taxes and other fees and expenses. The holder of a synthetic local access instrument may also be entitled to receive any dividends paid in connection with the underlying equity assets, but usually does not receive voting rights as it would if such holder directly owned the underlying assets.

Investments in synthetic local access instruments involve the same risks associated with a direct investment in the shares of the companies the instruments seek to replicate, including, in particular, the risks associated with investing outside the United States. Synthetic local access instruments also involve risks that are in addition to the risks normally associated with a direct investment in the underlying equity securities. For instance, synthetic local access instruments represent unsecured, unsubordinated contractual obligations of the banks or broker-dealers that issue them. Consequently, a purchaser of a synthetic local access instrument relies on the creditworthiness of such a bank or broker-dealer counterparty and has no rights under the instrument against the issuer of the underlying equity securities. Additionally, there is no guarantee that a liquid market for a synthetic local access instrument will exist or that the issuer of the instrument will be willing to repurchase the instrument when an investor wishes to sell it.

Depository receipts — Depository receipts are securities that evidence ownership interests in, and represent the right to receive, a security or a pool of securities that have been deposited with a bank or trust depository. The fund may invest in American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"), and other similar securities. For ADRs, the depository is typically a U.S. financial institution and the underlying securities are issued by a non-U.S. entity. For other depository receipts, the depository may be a non-U.S. or a U.S. entity, and the underlying securities may be issued by a non-U.S. or a U.S. entity. Depository receipts will not necessarily be denominated in the same currency as their underlying securities. Generally, ADRs are issued in registered form, denominated in U.S. dollars, and designed for use in the U.S. securities markets. Other depository receipts, such as EDRs and GDRs, may be issued in bearer form, may be denominated in either U.S. dollars or in non-U.S. currencies, and are primarily designed for use in securities markets outside the United States. ADRs, EDRs and GDRs can be sponsored by the issuing bank or trust company or the issuer of the underlying securities. Although the issuing bank or trust company may impose charges for the collection of dividends and the conversion of such securities into the underlying securities, generally no fees are imposed on the purchase or sale of these securities other than transaction fees ordinarily involved with trading stock. Such securities may be less liquid or

may trade at a lower price than the underlying securities of the issuer. Additionally, the issuers of securities underlying depositary receipts may not be obligated to timely disclose information that is considered material under the securities laws of the United States. Therefore, less information may be available regarding these issuers than about the issuers of other securities and there may not be a correlation between such information and the market value of the depositary receipts.

Currency transactions — The fund may enter into currency transactions on a spot (i.e., cash) basis at the prevailing rate in the currency exchange market to provide for the purchase or sale of a currency needed to purchase a security denominated in such currency. In addition, the fund may enter into forward currency contracts and may purchase and sell options on currencies to protect against changes in currency exchange rates, to increase exposure to a particular foreign currency, to shift exposure to currency fluctuations from one currency to another or to seek to increase returns. A forward currency contract is an obligation to purchase or sell a specific currency at a future date, which may be any fixed number of days from the date of the contract agreed upon by the parties, at a price set at the time of the contract. Some forward currency contracts, called non-deliverable forwards or NDFs, do not call for physical delivery of the currency and are instead settled through cash payments. Forward currency contracts are typically privately negotiated and traded in the interbank market between large commercial banks (or other currency traders) and their customers. Although forward contracts entered into by the fund will typically involve the purchase or sale of a currency against the U.S. dollar, the fund also may purchase or sell a non-U.S. currency against another non-U.S. currency.

The fund may also purchase or write put and call options on foreign currencies on exchanges or in the over-the-counter (“OTC”) market. A put option on a foreign currency gives the purchaser of the option the right to sell a foreign currency at the exercise price until the option expires. A call option on a foreign currency gives the purchaser of the option the right to purchase the currency at the exercise price until the option expires. Currency options, to the extent not exercised, will expire and the fund, as the purchaser, would experience a loss to the extent of the premium paid for the option. Instead of purchasing a call option to hedge against an anticipated increase in the dollar cost of securities to be acquired, the fund could write a put option on the relevant currency, which, if exchange rates move in the manner projected, will expire unexercised and allow the fund to hedge such increased cost up to the amount of the premium. As in the case of other types of options, however, writing a currency option will provide a hedge only up to the amount of the premium, and only if exchange rates move in the expected direction. If this does not occur, the option may be exercised and the fund would be required to purchase or sell the underlying currency at a loss that may not be offset by the amount of the premium. Through the writing of options on foreign currencies, the fund also may be required to forego all or a portion of the benefit that might otherwise have been obtained from favorable movements in exchange rates. OTC options are bilateral contracts that are individually negotiated and they are generally less liquid than exchange-traded options. Although this type of arrangement allows the purchaser or writer greater flexibility to tailor an option to its needs, OTC options generally involve credit risk to the counterparty, whereas for exchange-traded options, credit risk is mutualized through the involvement of the applicable clearing house. Currency options traded on exchanges may be subject to position limits, which may limit the ability of the fund to reduce currency risk using such options. To the extent that the U.S. options markets are closed while the markets for the underlying currencies remain open, substantial price and rate movements may take place in the currency markets that cannot be reflected in the U.S. options markets. See also “Options” for a general description of investment techniques and risks relating to options.

Currency exchange rates generally are determined by forces of supply and demand in the foreign exchange markets and the relative merits of investment in different countries as viewed from an international perspective. Currency exchange rates, as well as foreign currency transactions, can also be affected unpredictably by intervention by U.S. or foreign governments or central banks or by currency controls or political developments in the United States or abroad. Such intervention or other events could prevent the fund from entering into foreign currency transactions, force the fund to exit

such transactions at an unfavorable time or price or result in penalties to the fund, any of which may result in losses to the fund.

Generally, the fund will not attempt to protect against all potential changes in exchange rates and the use of forward contracts does not eliminate the risk of fluctuations in the prices of the underlying securities. If the value of the underlying securities declines or the amount of the fund's commitment increases because of changes in exchange rates, the fund may need to provide additional cash or securities to satisfy its commitment under the forward contract. The fund is also subject to the risk that it may be delayed or prevented from obtaining payments owed to it under the forward contract as a result of the insolvency or bankruptcy of the counterparty with which it entered into the forward contract or the failure of the counterparty to comply with the terms of the contract.

The realization of gains or losses on foreign currency transactions will usually be a function of the investment adviser's ability to accurately estimate currency market movements. Entering into forward currency transactions may change the fund's exposure to currency exchange rates and could result in losses to the fund if currencies do not perform as expected by the fund's investment adviser. For example, if the fund's investment adviser increases the fund's exposure to a foreign currency using forward contracts and that foreign currency's value declines, the fund may incur a loss. In addition, while entering into forward currency transactions could minimize the risk of loss due to a decline in the value of the hedged currency, it could also limit any potential gain that may result from an increase in the value of the currency. See also the "Derivatives" section under "Description of certain securities, investment techniques and risks" for a general description of investment techniques and risks relating to derivatives, including certain currency forwards and currency options.

Forward currency contracts may give rise to leverage, or exposure to potential gains and losses in excess of the initial amount invested. Leverage magnifies gains and losses and could cause the fund to be subject to more volatility than if it had not been leveraged, thereby resulting in a heightened risk of loss. Forward currency contracts are considered derivatives. Accordingly, under the SEC's rule applicable to the fund's use of derivatives, a fund's obligations with respect to these instruments will depend on the fund's aggregate usage of and exposure to derivatives, and the fund's usage of forward currency contracts is subject to written policies and procedures reasonably designed to manage the fund's derivatives risk.

Forward currency transactions also may affect the character and timing of income, gain, or loss recognized by the fund for U.S. tax purposes. The use of forward currency contracts could result in the application of the mark-to-market provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended (the "Code") and may cause an increase (or decrease) in the amount of taxable dividends paid by the fund.

Indirect exposure to cryptocurrencies – Cryptocurrencies are currencies which exist in a digital form and may act as a store of wealth, a medium of exchange or an investment asset. There are thousands of cryptocurrencies, such as bitcoin. Although the fund has no current intention of directly investing in cryptocurrencies, some issuers have begun to accept cryptocurrency for payment of services, use cryptocurrencies as reserve assets or invest in cryptocurrencies, and the fund may invest in securities of such issuers. The fund may also invest in securities of issuers which provide cryptocurrency-related services.

Cryptocurrencies are subject to fluctuations in value. Cryptocurrencies are not backed by any government, corporation or other identified body. Rather, the value of a cryptocurrency is determined by other factors, such as the perceived future prospects or the supply and demand for such cryptocurrency in the global market for the trading of cryptocurrency. Such trading markets are unregulated and may be more exposed to operational or technical issues as well as fraud or manipulation in comparison to established, regulated exchanges for securities, derivatives and traditional currencies. The value of a cryptocurrency may decline precipitously (including to zero) for a

variety of reasons, including, but not limited to, regulatory changes, a loss of confidence in its network or a change in user preference to other cryptocurrencies. An issuer that owns cryptocurrencies may experience custody issues, and may lose its cryptocurrency holdings through theft, hacking, or technical glitches in the applicable blockchain. The fund may experience losses as a result of the decline in value of its securities of issuers that own cryptocurrencies or which provide cryptocurrency-related services. If an issuer that owns cryptocurrencies intends to pay a dividend using such holdings or to otherwise make a distribution of such holdings to its stockholders, such dividends or distributions may face regulatory, operational and technical issues.

Factors affecting the further development of cryptocurrency include, but are not limited to: continued worldwide growth of, or possible cessation of or reversal in, the adoption and use of cryptocurrencies and other digital assets; the developing regulatory environment relating to cryptocurrencies, including the characterization of cryptocurrencies as currencies, commodities, or securities, the tax treatment of cryptocurrencies, and government and quasi-government regulation or restrictions on, or regulation of access to and operation of, cryptocurrency networks and the exchanges on which cryptocurrencies trade, including anti-money laundering regulations and requirements; perceptions regarding the environmental impact of a cryptocurrency; changes in consumer demographics and public preferences; general economic conditions; maintenance and development of open-source software protocols; the availability and popularity of other forms or methods of buying and selling goods and services; the use of the networks supporting digital assets, such as those for developing smart contracts and distributed applications; and general risks tied to the use of information technologies, including cyber risks. A hack or failure of one cryptocurrency may lead to a loss in confidence in, and thus decreased usage and/or value of, other cryptocurrencies.

Derivatives — In pursuing its investment objective, the fund may invest in derivative instruments. A derivative is a financial instrument, the value of which depends on, or is otherwise derived from, another underlying variable. Most often, the variable underlying a derivative is the price of a traded asset, such as a traditional cash security (e.g., a stock or bond), a currency or a commodity; however, the value of a derivative can be dependent on almost any variable, from the level of an index or a specified rate to the occurrence (or non-occurrence) of a credit event with respect to a specified reference asset. In addition to investing in forward currency contracts and currency options, as described under “Currency transactions,” the fund may take positions in futures contracts and options on futures contracts and swaps, each of which is a derivative instrument described in greater detail below.

Derivative instruments may be distinguished by the manner in which they trade: some are standardized instruments that trade on an organized exchange while others are individually negotiated and traded in the over-the-counter (“OTC”) market. Derivatives also range broadly in complexity, from simple derivatives to more complex instruments. As a general matter, however, all derivatives — regardless of the manner in which they trade or their relative complexities — entail certain risks, some of which are different from, and potentially greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in traditional cash securities.

As is the case with traditional cash securities, derivative instruments are generally subject to counterparty credit risk; however, in some cases, derivatives may pose counterparty risks greater than those posed by cash securities. The use of derivatives involves the risk that a loss may be sustained by the fund as a result of the failure of the fund's counterparty to make required payments or otherwise to comply with its contractual obligations. For some derivatives, though, the value of — and, in effect, the return on — the instrument may be dependent on both the individual credit of the fund's counterparty and on the credit of one or more issuers of any underlying assets. If the fund does not correctly evaluate the creditworthiness of its counterparty and, where applicable, of issuers of any underlying reference assets, the fund's investment in a derivative instrument may result in losses. Further, if a fund's counterparty were to default on its obligations, the fund's contractual remedies against such counterparty may be subject to applicable bankruptcy and insolvency laws, which could affect the

fund's rights as a creditor and delay or impede the fund's ability to receive the net amount of payments that it is contractually entitled to receive. Derivative instruments are subject to additional risks, including operational risk (such as documentation issues, settlement issues and systems failures) and legal risk (such as insufficient documentation, insufficient capacity or authority of a counterparty, and issues with the legality or enforceability of a contract).

The value of some derivative instruments in which the fund invests may be particularly sensitive to changes in prevailing interest rates, currency exchange rates or other market conditions. Like the fund's other investments, the ability of the fund to successfully utilize such derivative instruments may depend in part upon the ability of the fund's investment adviser to accurately forecast interest rates and other economic factors. The success of the fund's derivative investment strategy will also depend on the investment adviser's ability to assess and predict the impact of market or economic developments on the derivative instruments in which the fund invests, in some cases without having had the benefit of observing the performance of a derivative under all possible market conditions. If the investment adviser incorrectly forecasts such factors and has taken positions in derivative instruments contrary to prevailing market trends, or if the investment adviser incorrectly predicts the impact of developments on a derivative instrument, the fund could suffer losses.

Certain derivatives may also be subject to liquidity and valuation risks. The potential lack of a liquid secondary market for a derivative (and, particularly, for an OTC derivative, including swaps and OTC options) may cause difficulty in valuing or selling the instrument. If a derivative transaction is particularly large or if the relevant market is illiquid, as is often the case with many privately-negotiated OTC derivatives, the fund may not be able to initiate a transaction or to liquidate a position at an advantageous time or price. Particularly when there is no liquid secondary market for the fund's derivative positions, the fund may encounter difficulty in valuing such illiquid positions. The value of a derivative instrument does not always correlate perfectly with its underlying asset, rate or index, and many derivatives, and OTC derivatives in particular, are complex and often valued subjectively. Improper valuations can result in increased cash payment requirements to counterparties or a loss of value to the fund.

Because certain derivative instruments may obligate the fund to make one or more potential future payments, which could significantly exceed the value of the fund's initial investments in such instruments, derivative instruments may also have a leveraging effect on the fund's portfolio. Certain derivatives have the potential for unlimited loss, irrespective of the size of the fund's investment in the instrument. When a fund leverages its portfolio, investments in that fund will tend to be more volatile, resulting in larger gains or losses in response to market changes.

The fund's compliance with the SEC's rule applicable to the fund's use of derivatives may limit the ability of the fund to use derivatives as part of its investment strategy. The rule requires that a fund that uses derivatives in more than a limited manner, which is currently the case for the fund, adopt a derivatives risk management program, appoint a derivatives risk manager and comply with an outer limit on leverage based on value at risk, or "VaR". VaR is an estimate of an instrument's or portfolio's potential losses over a given time horizon (i.e., 20 trading days) and at a specified confidence level (i.e., 99%). VaR will not provide, and is not intended to provide, an estimate of an instrument's or portfolio's maximum potential loss amount. For example, a VaR of 5% with a specified confidence level of 99% would mean that a VaR model estimates that 99% of the time a fund would not be expected to lose more than 5% of its total assets over the given time period. However, 1% of the time, the fund would be expected to lose more than 5% of its total assets, and in such a scenario the VaR model does not provide an estimate of the extent of this potential loss. The derivatives rule may not be effective in limiting the fund's risk of loss, as measurements of VaR rely on historical data and may not accurately measure the degree of risk reflected in the fund's derivatives or other investments. A fund is generally required to satisfy the rule's outer limit on leverage by limiting the fund's VaR to 200% of the VaR of a designated reference portfolio that does not utilize derivatives each business day. If a fund does not have an appropriate designated reference portfolio in light of the fund's investments, investment

objectives and strategy, a fund must satisfy the rule's outer limit on leverage by limiting the fund's VaR to 20% of the value of the fund's net assets each business day.

Options — The fund may invest in option contracts, including options on futures and options on currencies, as described in more detail under “Futures and Options on Futures” and “Currency Transactions,” respectively. An option contract is a contract that gives the holder of the option, in return for a premium payment, the right to buy from (in the case of a call) or sell to (in the case of a put) the writer of the option the reference instrument underlying the option (or the cash value of the instrument underlying the option) at a specified exercise price. The writer of an option on a security has the obligation, upon exercise of the option, to cash settle or deliver the underlying currency or instrument upon payment of the exercise price (in the case of a call) or to cash settle or take delivery of the underlying currency or instrument and pay the exercise price (in the case of a put).

By purchasing a put option, the fund obtains the right (but not the obligation) to sell the currency or instrument underlying the option (or to deliver the cash value of the instrument underlying the option) at a specified exercise price, which is also referred to as the strike price. In return for this right, the fund pays the current market price, or the option premium, for the option. The fund may terminate its position in a put option by allowing the option to expire or by exercising the option. If the option is allowed to expire, the fund will lose the entire amount of the option premium paid. If the option is exercised, the fund completes the sale of the underlying instrument (or cash settles) at the strike price. The fund may also terminate a put option position by entering into opposing close-out transactions in advance of the option expiration date.

As a buyer of a put option, the fund can expect to realize a gain if the price of the underlying currency or instrument falls substantially. However, if the price of the underlying currency or instrument does not fall enough to offset the cost of purchasing the option, the fund can expect to suffer a loss, albeit a loss limited to the amount of the option premium plus any applicable transaction costs.

The features of call options are essentially the same as those of put options, except that the purchaser of a call option obtains the right (but not the obligation) to purchase, rather than sell, the underlying currency or instrument (or cash settle) at the specified strike price. The buyer of a call option typically attempts to participate in potential price increases of the underlying currency or instrument with risk limited to the cost of the option if the price of the underlying currency or instrument falls. At the same time, the call option buyer can expect to suffer a loss if the price of the underlying currency or instrument does not rise sufficiently to offset the cost of the option.

The writer of a put or call option takes the opposite side of the transaction from the option purchaser. In return for receipt of the option premium, the writer assumes the obligation to pay or receive the strike price for the option's underlying currency or instrument if the other party to the option chooses to exercise it. The writer may seek to terminate a position in a put option before exercise by entering into opposing close-out transactions in advance of the option expiration date. If the market for the relevant put option is not liquid, however, the writer must be prepared to pay the strike price while the option is outstanding, regardless of price changes.

If the price of the underlying currency or instrument rises, a put writer would generally expect to profit, although its gain would be limited to the amount of the premium it received. If the price of the underlying currency or instrument remains the same over time, it is likely that the writer would also profit because it should be able to close out the option at a lower price. This

is because an option's value decreases with time as the currency or instrument approaches its expiration date. If the price of the underlying currency or instrument falls, the put writer would expect to suffer a loss. This loss should be less than the loss from purchasing the underlying currency or instrument directly, however, because the premium received for writing the option should mitigate the effects of the decline.

Writing a call option obligates the writer to, upon exercise of the option, deliver the option's underlying currency or instrument in return for the strike price or to make a net cash settlement payment, as applicable. The characteristics of writing call options are similar to those of writing put options, except that writing call options is generally a profitable strategy if prices remain the same or fall. The potential gain for the option seller in such a transaction would be capped at the premium received.

Several risks are associated with transactions in options on currencies, securities and other instruments (referred to as the "underlying instruments"). For example, there may be significant differences between the underlying instruments and options markets that could result in an imperfect correlation between these markets, which could cause a given transaction not to achieve its objectives. When a put or call option on a particular underlying instrument is purchased to hedge against price movements in a related underlying instrument, for example, the price to close out the put or call option may move more or less than the price of the related underlying instrument.

Options prices can diverge from the prices of their underlying instruments for a number of reasons. Options prices are affected by such factors as current and anticipated short-term interest rates, changes in the volatility of the underlying instrument, and the time remaining until expiration of the contract, which may not affect security prices in the same way. Imperfect correlation may also result from differing levels of demand in the options markets and the markets for the underlying instruments, from structural differences in how options and underlying instruments are traded, or from imposition of daily price fluctuation limits or trading halts. The fund may purchase or sell options contracts with a greater or lesser value than the underlying instruments it wishes to hedge or intends to purchase in order to attempt to compensate for differences in volatility between the contract and the underlying instruments, although this may not be successful. If price changes in the fund's options positions are less correlated with its other investments, the positions may fail to produce anticipated gains or result in losses that are not offset by gains in other investments.

There is no assurance that a liquid market will exist for any particular options contract at any particular time. Options may have relatively low trading volumes and liquidity if their strike prices are not close to the current prices of the underlying instruments. In addition, exchanges may establish daily price fluctuation limits for exchange-traded options contracts and may halt trading if a contract's price moves upward or downward more than the limit in a given day. On volatile trading days when the price fluctuation limit is reached or a trading halt is imposed, it may be impossible to enter into new positions or to close out existing positions. If the market for a contract is not liquid because of price fluctuation limits or otherwise, it could prevent prompt liquidation of unfavorable positions and could potentially require the fund to hold a position until delivery or expiration regardless of changes in its value.

Combined positions involve purchasing and writing options in combination with each other, or in combination with futures or forward contracts, in order to adjust the risk and return profile of the fund's overall position. For example, purchasing a put option and writing a call option on the same underlying instrument could construct a combined position with risk and return characteristics similar to selling a futures contract (but with leverage embedded). Another possible combined position would involve writing a call option at one strike price and buying a call option at a lower strike price to reduce the risk of the written call option in the event of a

substantial price increase. Because such combined options positions involve multiple trades, they result in higher transaction costs and may be more difficult to open and close out.

Futures and options on futures — The fund may enter into futures contracts and options on futures contracts to seek to manage the fund's interest rate sensitivity by increasing or decreasing the duration of the fund or a portion of the fund's portfolio. A futures contract is an agreement to buy or sell a security or other financial instrument (the "reference asset") for a set price on a future date. An option on a futures contract gives the holder of the option the right to buy or sell a position in a futures contract from or to the writer of the option, at a specified price on or before the specified expiration date. Futures contracts and options on futures contracts are standardized, exchange-traded contracts, and, when such contracts are bought or sold, the fund will incur brokerage fees and will be required to maintain margin deposits.

Unlike when the fund purchases or sells a security, such as a stock or bond, no price is paid or received by the fund upon the purchase or sale of a futures contract. When the fund enters into a futures contract, the fund is required to deposit with its futures broker, known as a futures commission merchant ("FCM"), a specified amount of liquid assets in a segregated account in the name of the FCM at the applicable derivatives clearinghouse or exchange. This amount, known as initial margin, is set by the futures exchange on which the contract is traded and may be significantly modified during the term of the contract. The initial margin is in the nature of a performance bond or good faith deposit on the futures contract, which is returned to the fund upon termination of the contract, assuming all contractual obligations have been satisfied. Additionally, on a daily basis, the fund pays or receives cash, or variation margin, equal to the daily change in value of the futures contract. Variation margin does not represent a borrowing or loan by the fund but is instead a settlement between the fund and the FCM of the amount one party would owe the other if the futures contract expired. In computing daily net asset value, the fund will mark-to-market its open futures positions. A fund is also required to deposit and maintain margin with an FCM with respect to put and call options on futures contracts written by the fund. Such margin deposits will vary depending on the nature of the underlying futures contract (and related initial margin requirements), the current market value of the option, and other futures positions held by the fund. In the event of the bankruptcy or insolvency of an FCM that holds margin on behalf of the fund, the fund may be entitled to return of margin owed to it only in proportion to the amount received by the FCM's other customers, potentially resulting in losses to the fund. An event of bankruptcy or insolvency at a clearinghouse or exchange holding initial margin could also result in losses for the fund.

When the fund invests in futures contracts and options on futures contracts and deposits margin with an FCM, the fund becomes subject to so-called "fellow customer" risk – that is, the risk that one or more customers of the FCM will default on their obligations and that the resulting losses will be so great that the FCM will default on its obligations and margin posted by one customer, such as the fund, will be used to cover a loss caused by a different defaulting customer. Applicable Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") rules generally prohibit the use of one customer's funds to meet the obligations of another customer and limit the ability of an FCM to use margin posed by non-defaulting customers to satisfy losses caused by defaulting customers. As a general matter, an FCM is required to use its own funds to meet a defaulting customer's obligations. While a customer's loss would likely need to be substantial before non-defaulting customers would be exposed to loss on account of fellow customer risk, applicable CFTC rules nevertheless permit the commingling of margin and do not limit the mutualization of customer losses from investment losses, custodial failures, fraud or other causes. If the loss is so great that, notwithstanding the application of an FCM's own funds, there is a shortfall in the amount of customer funds required to be held in segregation, the FCM could default and be placed into bankruptcy. Under these circumstances, bankruptcy law provides that non-defaulting customers will share pro rata in any shortfall. A shortfall in

customer segregated funds may also make the transfer of the accounts of non-defaulting customers to another FCM more difficult.

Although certain futures contracts, by their terms, require actual future delivery of and payment for the reference asset, in practice, most futures contracts are usually closed out before the delivery date by offsetting purchases or sales of matching futures contracts. Closing out an open futures contract purchase or sale is effected by entering into an offsetting futures contract sale or purchase, respectively, for the same aggregate amount of the identical reference asset and the same delivery date. If the offsetting purchase price is less than the original sale price (in each case taking into account transaction costs, including brokerage fees), the fund realizes a gain; if it is more, the fund realizes a loss. Conversely, if the offsetting sale price is more than the original purchase price (in each case taking into account transaction costs, including brokerage fees), the fund realizes a gain; if it is less, the fund realizes a loss.

The fund may purchase and write call and put options on futures. A futures option gives the holder the right, in return for the premium paid, to assume a long position (call) or short position (put) in a futures contract at a specified exercise price at any time during the period of the option. Upon exercise of a call option, the holder acquires a long position in the futures contract, and the writer is assigned the opposite short position. The opposite is true in the case of a put option. A call option is "in the money" if the value of the futures contract that is the subject of the option exceeds the exercise price. A put option is "in the money" if the exercise price exceeds the value of the futures contract that is the subject of the option. See also "Options" above for a general description of investment techniques and risks relating to options.

The value of a futures contract tends to increase and decrease in tandem with the value of its underlying reference asset. Purchasing futures contracts will, therefore, tend to increase the fund's exposure to positive and negative price fluctuations in the reference asset, much as if the fund had purchased the reference asset directly. When the fund sells a futures contract, by contrast, the value of its futures position will tend to move in a direction contrary to the market for the reference asset. Accordingly, selling futures contracts will tend to offset both positive and negative market price changes, much as if the reference asset had been sold.

There is no assurance that a liquid market will exist for any particular futures or futures options contract at any particular time. Futures exchanges may establish daily price fluctuation limits for futures contracts and may halt trading if a contract's price moves upward or downward more than the limit in a given day. On volatile trading days, when the price fluctuation limit is reached and a trading halt is imposed, it may be impossible to enter into new positions or close out existing positions. If the market for a futures contract is not liquid because of price fluctuation limits or other market conditions, the fund may be prevented from promptly liquidating unfavorable futures positions and the fund could be required to continue to hold a position until delivery or expiration regardless of changes in its value, potentially subjecting the fund to substantial losses. Additionally, the fund may not be able to take other actions or enter into other transactions to limit or reduce its exposure to the position. Under such circumstances, the fund would remain obligated to meet margin requirements until the position is cleared. As a result, the fund's access to other assets posted as margin for its futures positions could also be impaired.

Although futures exchanges generally operate similarly in the United States and abroad, foreign futures exchanges may follow trading, settlement and margin procedures that are different than those followed by futures exchanges in the United States. Futures and futures options contracts traded outside the United States may not involve a clearing mechanism or related guarantees and may involve greater risk of loss than U.S.-traded contracts, including potentially greater risk of losses due to insolvency of a futures broker, exchange member, or

other party that may owe initial or variation margin to the fund. Margin requirements on foreign futures exchanges may be different than those of futures exchanges in the United States, and, because initial and variation margin payments may be measured in foreign currency, a futures or futures options contract traded outside the United States may also involve the risk of foreign currency fluctuations.

Swaps — The fund may enter into swaps, which are two-party contracts entered into primarily by institutional investors for a specified time period. In a typical swap, two parties agree to exchange the returns earned or realized from one or more underlying assets or rates of return.

Swaps can be traded on a swap execution facility ("SEF") and cleared through a central clearinghouse (cleared), traded OTC and cleared, or traded bilaterally and not cleared. For example, standardized interest rate swaps and credit default swap indices are traded on SEFs and cleared. Other forms of swaps, such as total return swaps, are entered into on a bilateral basis. Because clearing interposes a central clearinghouse as the ultimate counterparty to each participant's swap, and margin is required to be exchanged under the rules of the clearinghouse, central clearing is intended to decrease (but not eliminate) counterparty risk relative to uncleared bilateral swaps. To the extent the fund enters into bilaterally negotiated swaps, the fund will enter into swaps only with counterparties that meet certain credit standards and have agreed to specific collateralization procedures; however, if the counterparty's creditworthiness deteriorates rapidly and the counterparty defaults on its obligations under the swap or declares bankruptcy, the fund may lose any amount it expected to receive from the counterparty. In addition, bilateral swaps are subject to certain regulatory margin requirements that mandate the posting and collection of minimum margin amounts, which may result in the fund and its counterparties posting higher margin amounts for bilateral swaps than would otherwise be the case.

The term of a swap can be days, months or years and certain swaps may be less liquid than others. If a swap is particularly large or if the relevant market is illiquid, it may not be possible to initiate a transaction or liquidate a position at an advantageous time or price, which may result in significant losses.

Swaps can take different forms. The fund may enter into the following types of swaps:

Interest rate swaps — The fund may enter into interest rate swaps to seek to manage the interest rate sensitivity of the fund by increasing or decreasing the duration of the fund or a portion of the fund's portfolio. An interest rate swap is an agreement between two parties to exchange or swap payments based on changes in an interest rate or rates. Typically, one interest rate is fixed and the other is variable based on a designated short-term interest rate such as the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"), prime rate or other benchmark, or on an inflation index such as the U.S. Consumer Price Index (which is a measure that examines the weighted average of prices of a basket of consumer goods and services and measures changes in the purchasing power of the U.S. dollar and the rate of inflation). In other types of interest rate swaps, known as basis swaps, the parties agree to swap variable interest rates based on different designated short-term interest rates. Interest rate swaps generally do not involve the delivery of securities or other principal amounts. Rather, cash payments are exchanged by the parties based on the application of the designated interest rates to a notional amount, which is the predetermined dollar principal of the trade upon which payment obligations are computed. Accordingly, the fund's current obligation or right under the swap is generally equal to the net amount to be paid or received under the swap based on the relative value of the position held by each party.

In addition to the risks of entering into swaps discussed above, the use of interest rate swaps involves the risk of losses if interest rates change.

Total return swaps — The fund may enter into total return swaps in order to gain exposure to a market or security without owning or taking physical custody of such security or investing directly in such market. A total return swap is an agreement in which one party agrees to make periodic payments to the other party based on the change in market value of the assets underlying the contract during the specified term in exchange for periodic payments based on a fixed or variable interest rate or the total return from other underlying assets. The asset underlying the contract may be a single security, a basket of securities or a securities index. Like other swaps, the use of total return swaps involves certain risks, including potential losses if a counterparty defaults on its payment obligations to the fund or the underlying assets do not perform as anticipated. There is no guarantee that entering into a total return swap will deliver returns in excess of the interest costs involved and, accordingly, the fund's performance may be lower than would have been achieved by investing directly in the underlying assets.

Credit default swap indices — In order to assume exposure to a diversified portfolio of credits or to hedge against existing credit risks, the fund may invest in credit default swap indices, including CDX and iTraxx indices (collectively referred to as "CDSIs"). A CDSI is based on a portfolio of credit default swaps with similar characteristics, such as credit default swaps on high-yield bonds. In a typical CDSI transaction, one party — the protection buyer — is obligated to pay the other party — the protection seller — a stream of periodic payments over the term of the contract. If a credit event, such as a default or restructuring, occurs with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations, the protection seller must pay the protection buyer the loss on those credits. Also, if a restructuring credit event occurs in an iTraxx index, the fund as protection buyer may receive a single name credit default swap ("CDS") representing the relevant constituent.

The fund may enter into a CDSI transaction as either protection buyer or protection seller. If the fund is a protection buyer, it would pay the counterparty a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract and would not recover any of those payments if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. However, if a credit event did occur, the fund, as a protection buyer, would have the right to deliver the referenced debt obligations or a specified amount of cash, depending on the terms of the applicable agreement, and to receive the par value of such debt obligations from the counterparty protection seller. As a protection seller, the fund would receive fixed payments throughout the term of the contract if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. If a credit event were to occur, however, the value of any deliverable obligation received by the fund, coupled with the periodic payments previously received by the fund, may be less than the full notional value that the fund, as a protection seller, pays to the counterparty protection buyer, effectively resulting in a loss of value to the fund. Furthermore, as a protection seller, the fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because it would have investment exposure to the notional amount of the swap.

The use of CDSI, like all other swaps, is subject to certain risks, including the risk that the fund's counterparty will default on its obligations. If such a default were to occur, any contractual remedies that the fund might have may be subject to applicable bankruptcy laws, which could delay or limit the fund's recovery. Thus, if the fund's counterparty to a CDSI transaction defaults on its obligation to make payments

thereunder, the fund may lose such payments altogether or collect only a portion thereof, which collection could involve substantial costs or delays.

Additionally, when the fund invests in a CDSI as a protection seller, the fund will be indirectly exposed to the creditworthiness of issuers of the underlying reference obligations in the index. If the investment adviser to the fund does not correctly evaluate the creditworthiness of issuers of the underlying instruments on which the CDSI is based, the investment could result in losses to the fund.

Obligations backed by the “full faith and credit” of the U.S. government — U.S. government obligations include the following types of securities:

U.S. Treasury securities — U.S. Treasury securities include direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, such as Treasury bills, notes and bonds. For these securities, the payment of principal and interest is unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. government, and thus they are of high credit quality.

Federal agency securities — The securities of certain U.S. government agencies and government-sponsored entities are guaranteed as to the timely payment of principal and interest by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. Such agencies and entities include, but are not limited to, the Federal Financing Bank (“FFB”), the Government National Mortgage Association (“Ginnie Mae”), the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (“VA”), the Federal Housing Administration (“FHA”), the Export-Import Bank of the United States (“Exim Bank”), the U.S. International Development Finance Corporation (“DFC”), the Commodity Credit Corporation (“CCC”) and the U.S. Small Business Administration (“SBA”).

Such securities are subject to variations in market value due to fluctuations in interest rates and in government policies, among other things, but, if held to maturity, are expected to be paid in full (either at maturity or thereafter). However, from time to time, a high national debt level, and uncertainty regarding negotiations to increase the U.S. government’s debt ceiling and periodic legislation to fund the government, could increase the risk that the U.S. government may default on its obligations and/or lead to a downgrade of the credit rating of the U.S. government. Such an event could adversely affect the value of investments in securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, cause the fund to suffer losses and lead to significant disruptions in U.S. and global markets. Regulatory or market changes or conditions could increase demand for U.S. government securities and affect the availability of such instruments for investment and the fund’s ability to pursue its investment strategies.

Other federal agency obligations — Additional federal agency securities are neither direct obligations of, nor guaranteed by, the U.S. government. These obligations include securities issued by certain U.S. government agencies and government-sponsored entities. However, they generally involve some form of federal sponsorship: some operate under a congressional charter; some are backed by collateral consisting of “full faith and credit” obligations as described above; some are supported by the issuer’s right to borrow from the Treasury; and others are supported only by the credit of the issuing government agency or entity. These agencies and entities include, but are not limited to: the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (“Freddie Mac”), the Federal National Mortgage Association (“Fannie Mae”), the Tennessee Valley Authority and the Federal Farm Credit Bank System.

In 2008, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae were placed into conservatorship by their new regulator, the Federal Housing Finance Agency (“FHFA”). Simultaneously, the U.S. Treasury made a commitment of indefinite duration to maintain the positive net worth of both firms. As conservator, the FHFA has the authority to repudiate any contract either firm has entered into prior to the FHFA’s appointment as conservator (or receiver should either firm go into default) if the FHFA, in its sole discretion determines

that performance of the contract is burdensome and repudiation would promote the orderly administration of Fannie Mae's or Freddie Mac's affairs. While the FHFA has indicated that it does not intend to repudiate the guaranty obligations of either entity, doing so could adversely affect holders of their mortgage-backed securities. For example, if a contract were repudiated, the liability for any direct compensatory damages would accrue to the entity's conservatorship estate and could only be satisfied to the extent the estate had available assets. As a result, if interest payments on Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac mortgage-backed securities held by the fund were reduced because underlying borrowers failed to make payments or such payments were not advanced by a loan servicer, the fund's only recourse might be against the conservatorship estate, which might not have sufficient assets to offset any shortfalls.

The FHFA, in its capacity as conservator, has the power to transfer or sell any asset or liability of Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. The FHFA has indicated it has no current intention to do this; however, should it do so a holder of a Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac mortgage-backed security would have to rely on another party for satisfaction of the guaranty obligations and would be exposed to the credit risk of that party.

Certain rights provided to holders of mortgage-backed securities issued by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac under their operative documents may not be enforceable against the FHFA, or enforcement may be delayed during the course of the conservatorship or any future receivership. For example, the operative documents may provide that upon the occurrence of an event of default by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, holders of a requisite percentage of the mortgage-backed security may replace the entity as trustee. However, under the Federal Housing Finance Regulatory Reform Act of 2008, holders may not enforce this right if the event of default arises solely because a conservator or receiver has been appointed.

Pass-through securities — The fund may invest in various debt obligations backed by pools of mortgages, corporate loans or other assets including, but not limited to, residential mortgage loans, home equity loans, mortgages on commercial buildings, consumer loans and equipment leases. Principal and interest payments made on the underlying asset pools backing these obligations are typically passed through to investors, net of any fees paid to any insurer or any guarantor of the securities. Pass-through securities may have either fixed or adjustable coupons. The risks of an investment in these obligations depend in part on the type of the collateral securing the obligations and the class of the instrument in which the fund invests. These securities include:

Mortgage-backed securities — These securities may be issued by U.S. government agencies and government-sponsored entities, such as Ginnie Mae, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, and by private entities. The payment of interest and principal on mortgage-backed obligations issued by U.S. government agencies may be guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government (in the case of Ginnie Mae), or may be guaranteed by the issuer (in the case of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac). However, these guarantees do not apply to the market prices and yields of these securities, which vary with changes in interest rates.

Mortgage-backed securities issued by private entities are structured similarly to those issued by U.S. government agencies. However, these securities and the underlying mortgages are not guaranteed by any government agencies and the underlying mortgages are not subject to the same underwriting requirements. These securities generally are structured with one or more types of credit enhancements such as insurance or letters of credit issued by private companies. Borrowers on the underlying mortgages are usually permitted to prepay their underlying mortgages. Prepayments can alter the effective maturity of these instruments. In addition, delinquencies, losses or defaults by borrowers can adversely affect the prices and volatility of these securities. Such delinquencies and losses can be exacerbated by declining or flattening housing and property values. This, along with other outside pressures, such as bankruptcies and financial difficulties experienced by mortgage loan originators, decreased

investor demand for mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities and increased investor demand for yield, can adversely affect the value and liquidity of mortgage-backed securities.

Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) — CMOs are also backed by a pool of mortgages or mortgage loans, which are divided into two or more separate bond issues. CMOs issued by U.S. government agencies are backed by agency mortgages, while privately issued CMOs may be backed by either government agency mortgages or private mortgages. Payments of principal and interest are passed through to each bond issue at varying schedules resulting in bonds with different coupons, effective maturities and sensitivities to interest rates. Some CMOs may be structured in a way that when interest rates change, the impact of changing prepayment rates on the effective maturities of certain issues of these securities is magnified. CMOs may be less liquid or may exhibit greater price volatility than other types of mortgage or asset-backed securities.

Commercial mortgage-backed securities — These securities are backed by mortgages on commercial property, such as hotels, office buildings, retail stores, hospitals and other commercial buildings. These securities may have a lower prepayment uncertainty than other mortgage-related securities because commercial mortgage loans generally prohibit or impose penalties on prepayments of principal. In addition, commercial mortgage-related securities often are structured with some form of credit enhancement to protect against potential losses on the underlying mortgage loans. Many of the risks of investing in commercial mortgage-backed securities reflect the risks of investing in the real estate securing the underlying mortgage loans, including the effects of local and other economic conditions on real estate markets, the ability of tenants to make rental payments and the ability of a property to attract and retain tenants. Commercial mortgage-backed securities may be less liquid or exhibit greater price volatility than other types of mortgage or asset-backed securities and may be more difficult to value.

Asset-backed securities — These securities are backed by other assets such as credit card, automobile or consumer loan receivables, retail installment loans or participations in pools of leases. Credit support for these securities may be based on the underlying assets and/or provided through credit enhancements by a third party. The values of these securities are sensitive to changes in the credit quality of the underlying collateral, the credit strength of the credit enhancement, changes in interest rates and at times the financial condition of the issuer. Obligors of the underlying assets also may make prepayments that can change effective maturities of the asset-backed securities. These securities may be less liquid and more difficult to value than other securities.

Collateralized bond obligations (CBOs) and collateralized loan obligations (CLOs) — A CBO is a trust typically backed by a diversified pool of fixed-income securities, which may include high risk, lower rated securities. A CLO is a trust typically collateralized by a pool of loans, which may include, among others, senior secured loans, senior unsecured loans, and subordinate corporate loans, including lower rated loans. CBOs and CLOs may charge management fees and administrative expenses.

For both CBOs and CLOs, the cash flows from the trust are split into two or more portions, called tranches, varying in risk and yield. The riskiest and highest yielding portion is the "equity" tranche which bears the bulk of any default by the bonds or loans in the trust and is constructed to protect the other, more senior tranches from default. Since they are partially protected from defaults, the more senior tranches typically have higher ratings and lower yields than the underlying securities in the trust and can be rated investment grade. Despite the protection from the equity tranche, the more senior tranches can still experience substantial losses due to actual defaults of the underlying assets, increased sensitivity to defaults due to impairment of the collateral or the more junior tranches, market anticipation of

defaults, as well as potential general aversions to CBO or CLO securities as a class. Normally, these securities are privately offered and sold, and thus, are not registered under the securities laws. CBOs and CLOs may be less liquid, may exhibit greater price volatility and may be more difficult to value than other securities.

Inflation-linked bonds — The fund may invest in inflation-linked bonds issued by governments, their agencies or instrumentalities and corporations.

The principal amount of an inflation-linked bond is adjusted in response to changes in the level of an inflation index, such as the Consumer Price Index for Urban Consumers ("CPURNSA"). If the index measuring inflation falls, the principal value or coupon of these securities will be adjusted downward. Consequently, the interest payable on these securities will be reduced. Also, if the principal value of these securities is adjusted according to the rate of inflation, the adjusted principal value repaid at maturity may be less than the original principal. In the case of U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities ("TIPS"), currently the only inflation-linked security that is issued by the U.S. Treasury, the principal amounts are adjusted daily based upon changes in the rate of inflation (as currently represented by the non-seasonally adjusted CPURNSA, calculated with a three-month lag). TIPS may pay interest semi-annually, equal to a fixed percentage of the inflation-adjusted principal amount. The interest rate on these bonds is fixed at issuance, but over the life of the bond this interest may be paid on an increasing or decreasing principal amount that has been adjusted for inflation. The current market value of TIPS is not guaranteed and will fluctuate. However, the U.S. government guarantees that, at maturity, principal will be repaid at the higher of the original face value of the security (in the event of deflation) or the inflation adjusted value.

Other non-U.S. sovereign governments also issue inflation-linked securities that are tied to their own local consumer price indexes and that offer similar deflationary protection. In certain of these non-U.S. jurisdictions, the repayment of the original bond principal upon the maturity of an inflation-linked bond is not guaranteed, allowing for the amount of the bond repaid at maturity to be less than par. Corporations also periodically issue inflation-linked securities tied to CPURNSA or similar inflationary indexes. While TIPS and non-U.S. sovereign inflation-linked securities are currently the largest part of the inflation-linked market, the fund may invest in corporate inflation-linked securities.

The value of inflation-linked securities is expected to change in response to the changes in real interest rates. Real interest rates, in turn, are tied to the relationship between nominal interest rates and the rate of inflation. If inflation were to rise at a faster rate than nominal interest rates, real interest rates would decline, leading to an increase in value of the inflation-linked securities. In contrast, if nominal interest rates were to increase at a faster rate than inflation, real interest rates might rise, leading to a decrease in value of inflation-linked securities. There can be no assurance, however, that the value of inflation-linked securities will be directly correlated to the changes in interest rates. If interest rates rise due to reasons other than inflation, investors in these securities may not be protected to the extent that the increase is not reflected in the security's inflation measure.

The interest rate for inflation-linked bonds is fixed at issuance as a percentage of this adjustable principal. Accordingly, the actual interest income may both rise and fall as the principal amount of the bonds adjusts in response to movements of the consumer price index. For example, typically interest income would rise during a period of inflation and fall during a period of deflation.

The market for inflation-linked securities may be less developed or liquid, and more volatile, than certain other securities markets. There is a limited number of inflation-linked securities currently available for the fund to purchase, making the market less liquid and more volatile than the U.S. Treasury and agency markets.

Equity-linked notes — The fund may purchase equity-linked notes to enhance the current income of its portfolio. Equity-linked notes are hybrid instruments that are specially designed to combine the characteristics of one or more reference securities — usually a single stock, a stock index or a basket of stocks — and a related equity derivative, such as a put or call option, in a single note form. For example, an equity-linked note that refers to the stock of an issuer may be the economic equivalent of holding a position in that stock and simultaneously selling a call option on that stock with a strike price greater than the current stock price. The holder of the note would be exposed to decreases in the price of the equity to the same extent as if it held the equity directly. However, if the stock appreciated in value, the noteholder would only benefit from stock price increases up to the strike price (i.e., the point at which the holder of the call option would be expected to exercise its right to buy the underlying stock). Additionally, the terms of an equity-linked note may provide for periodic interest payments to holders at either a fixed or floating rate.

As described in the example above, the return on an equity-linked note is generally tied to the performance of the underlying reference security or securities. In addition to any interest payments made during the term of the note, at maturity, the noteholder usually receives a return of principal based on the capital appreciation of the linked securities. Depending on the terms of the issuance, the maximum principal amount to be repaid on the equity-linked note may be capped. For example, in consideration for greater current income or yield, a noteholder may forego its participation in the capital appreciation of the underlying equity assets above a predetermined price limit. Alternatively, if the linked securities have depreciated in value, or if their price fluctuates outside of a preset range, the noteholder may receive only the principal amount of the note, or may lose the principal invested in the equity-linked note entirely.

The price of an equity-linked note is derived from the value of the underlying linked securities. The level and type of risk involved in the purchase of an equity-linked note by the fund is similar to the risk involved in the purchase of the underlying linked securities. However, the value of an equity-linked note is also dependent on the individual credit of the issuer of the note, which, in the case of an unsecured note, will generally be a major financial institution, and, in the case of a collateralized note, will generally be a trust or other special purpose vehicle or finance subsidiary established by a major financial institution for the limited purpose of issuing the note. An investment in an equity-linked note bears the risk that the issuer of the note will default or become bankrupt. In such an event, the fund may have difficulty being repaid, or may fail to be repaid, the principal amount of, or income from, its investment. Like other structured products, equity-linked notes are frequently secured by collateral consisting of a combination of debt or related equity securities to which payments under the notes are linked. If so secured, the fund would look to this underlying collateral for satisfaction of claims in the event that the issuer of an equity-linked note defaulted under the terms of the note. However, depending on the law of the jurisdictions in which an issuer is organized and in which the note is issued, in the event of default, the fund may incur substantial expenses in seeking recovery under an equity-linked note, and may have limited legal recourse in attempting to do so.

Equity-linked notes are often privately placed and may not be rated, in which case the fund will be more dependent than would otherwise be the case on the ability of the investment adviser to evaluate the creditworthiness of the issuer, the underlying security, any collateral features of the note, and the potential for loss due to market and other factors. Ratings of issuers of equity-linked notes refer only to the creditworthiness of the issuer and strength of related collateral arrangements or other credit supports, and do not take into account, or attempt to rate, any potential risks of the underlying equity securities. The fund's successful use of equity-linked notes will usually depend on the investment adviser's ability to accurately forecast movements in the prices of the underlying securities. Should the prices of the underlying securities move in an unexpected manner, or should the structure of a note respond to market conditions differently than anticipated, the fund may not achieve the anticipated benefits of the investment in the equity-linked note, and the fund may realize losses, which could be significant and could include the fund's entire principal investment in the note.

Equity-linked notes are generally designed for the over-the-counter institutional investment market, and the secondary market for equity-linked notes may be limited. The lack of a liquid secondary market may have an adverse effect on the ability of the fund to accurately value and/or sell the equity-linked notes in its portfolio.

Real estate investment trusts — Real estate investment trusts ("REITs"), which primarily invest in real estate or real estate-related loans, may issue equity or debt securities. Equity REITs own real estate properties, while mortgage REITs hold construction, development and/or long-term mortgage loans. The values of REITs may be affected by changes in the value of the underlying property of the trusts, the creditworthiness of the issuer, property taxes, interest rates, tax laws and regulatory requirements, such as those relating to the environment. Both types of REITs are dependent upon management skill and the cash flows generated by their holdings, the real estate market in general and the possibility of failing to qualify for any applicable pass-through tax treatment or failing to maintain any applicable exemptive status afforded under relevant laws.

Variable and floating rate obligations — The interest rates payable on certain securities and other instruments in which the fund may invest may not be fixed but may fluctuate based upon changes in market interest rates or credit ratings. Variable and floating rate obligations bear coupon rates that are adjusted at designated intervals, based on the then current market interest rates or credit ratings. The rate adjustment features tend to limit the extent to which the market value of the obligations will fluctuate. When the fund holds variable or floating rate securities, a decrease in market interest rates will adversely affect the income received from such securities and the net asset value of the fund's shares.

Cash and cash equivalents — The fund may hold cash or invest in cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include, but are not limited to: (a) shares of money market or similar funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates; (b) shares of other money market funds; (c) commercial paper; (d) short-term bank obligations (for example, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances (time drafts on a commercial bank where the bank accepts an irrevocable obligation to pay at maturity)) or bank notes; (e) savings association and savings bank obligations (for example, bank notes and certificates of deposit issued by savings banks or savings associations); (f) securities of the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities that mature, or that may be redeemed, in one year or less; and (g) higher quality corporate bonds and notes that mature, or that may be redeemed, in one year or less.

Commercial paper — The fund may purchase commercial paper. Commercial paper refers to short-term promissory notes issued by a corporation to finance its current operations. Such securities normally have maturities of thirteen months or less and, though commercial paper is often unsecured, commercial paper may be supported by letters of credit, surety bonds or other forms of collateral. Maturing commercial paper issuances are usually repaid by the issuer from the proceeds of new commercial paper issuances. As a result, investment in commercial paper is subject to rollover risk, or the risk that the issuer cannot issue enough new commercial paper to satisfy its outstanding commercial paper. Like all fixed income securities, commercial paper prices are susceptible to fluctuations in interest rates. If interest rates rise, commercial paper prices will decline and vice versa. However, the short-term nature of a commercial paper investment makes it less susceptible to volatility than many other fixed income securities because interest rate risk typically increases as maturity lengths increase. Commercial paper tends to yield smaller returns than longer-term corporate debt because securities with shorter maturities typically have lower effective yields than those with longer maturities. As with all fixed income securities, there is a chance that the issuer will default on its commercial paper obligations and commercial paper may become illiquid or suffer from reduced liquidity in these or other situations.

Commercial paper in which the fund may invest includes commercial paper issued in reliance on the exemption from registration afforded by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"). Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper has substantially the same price and liquidity

characteristics as commercial paper generally, except that the resale of Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper is limited to institutional investors who agree that they are purchasing the paper for investment purposes and not with a view to public distribution. Technically, such a restriction on resale renders Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper a restricted security under the 1933 Act. In practice, however, Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper typically can be resold as easily as any other unrestricted security held by the fund. Accordingly, Section 4(a)(2) commercial paper has been generally determined to be liquid under procedures adopted by the fund's board of trustees.

Forward commitment, when issued and delayed delivery transactions — The fund may enter into commitments to purchase or sell securities at a future date. When the fund agrees to purchase such securities, it assumes the risk of any decline in value of the security from the date of the agreement. If the other party to such a transaction fails to deliver or pay for the securities, the fund could miss a favorable price or yield opportunity, or could experience a loss.

The fund may enter into roll transactions, such as a mortgage dollar roll where the fund sells mortgage-backed securities for delivery in the current month and simultaneously contracts to repurchase substantially similar (same type, coupon, and maturity) securities on a specified future date, at a pre-determined price. During the period between the sale and repurchase (the "roll period"), the fund forgoes principal and interest paid on the mortgage-backed securities. The fund is compensated by the difference between the current sales price and the lower forward price for the future purchase (often referred to as the "drop"), if any, as well as by the interest earned on the cash proceeds of the initial sale. The fund could suffer a loss if the contracting party fails to perform the future transaction and the fund is therefore unable to buy back the mortgage-backed securities it initially sold. The fund also takes the risk that the mortgage-backed securities that it repurchases at a later date will have less favorable market characteristics than the securities originally sold (e.g., greater prepayment risk). These transactions are accounted for as purchase and sale transactions, which contribute to the fund's portfolio turnover rate.

With to be announced ("TBA") transactions, the particular securities (i.e., specified mortgage pools) to be delivered or received are not identified at the trade date, but are "to be announced" at a later settlement date. However, securities to be delivered must meet specified criteria, including face value, coupon rate and maturity, and be within industry-accepted "good delivery" standards.

The fund will not use these transactions for the purpose of leveraging. Although these transactions will not be entered into for leveraging purposes, the fund temporarily could be in a leveraged position (because it may have an amount greater than its net assets subject to market risk). Should market values of the fund's portfolio securities decline while the fund is in a leveraged position, greater depreciation of its net assets would likely occur than if it were not in such a position. After a transaction is entered into, the fund may still dispose of or renegotiate the transaction. Additionally, prior to receiving delivery of securities as part of a transaction, the fund may sell such securities.

Under the SEC's rule applicable to the fund's use of derivatives, when issued, forward-settling and nonstandard settlement cycle securities, as well as TBAs and roll transactions, will be treated as derivatives unless the fund intends to physically settle these transactions and the transactions will settle within 35 days of their respective trade dates.

Unfunded commitment agreements — The fund may enter into unfunded commitment agreements to make certain investments, including unsettled bank loan purchase transactions. Under the SEC's rule applicable to the fund's use of derivatives, unfunded commitment agreements are not derivatives transactions. The fund will only enter into such unfunded commitment agreements if the fund reasonably believes, at the time it enters into such agreement, that it will have sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its obligations with respect to all of its unfunded commitment agreements as they come due.

Repurchase agreements — The fund may enter into repurchase agreements, or “repos”, under which the fund buys a security and obtains a simultaneous commitment from the seller to repurchase the security at a specified time and price. Because the security purchased constitutes collateral for the repurchase obligation, a repo may be considered a loan by the fund that is collateralized by the security purchased. Repos permit the fund to maintain liquidity and earn income over periods of time as short as overnight.

The seller must maintain with a custodian collateral equal to at least the repurchase price, including accrued interest. In tri-party repos and centrally cleared or “sponsored” repos, a third-party custodian, either a clearing bank in the case of tri-party repos or a central clearing counterparty in the case of centrally cleared repos, facilitates repo clearing and settlement, including by providing collateral management services. In bilateral repos, the parties themselves are responsible for settling transactions.

The fund will only enter into repos involving securities of the type in which it could otherwise invest. If the seller under the repo defaults, the fund may incur a loss if the value of the collateral securing the repo has declined and may incur disposition costs and delays in connection with liquidating the collateral. If bankruptcy proceedings are commenced with respect to the seller, realization of the collateral by the fund may be delayed or limited.

Restricted or illiquid securities — The fund may purchase securities subject to restrictions on resale. Restricted securities may only be sold pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “1933 Act”), or in a registered public offering. Restricted securities held by the fund are often eligible for resale under Rule 144A, an exemption under the 1933 Act allowing for resales to “Qualified Institutional Buyers.” Where registration is required, the holder of a registered security may be obligated to pay all or part of the registration expense and a considerable period may elapse between the time it decides to seek registration and the time it may be permitted to sell a security under an effective registration statement. Difficulty in selling such securities may result in a loss to the fund or cause it to incur additional administrative costs.

Some fund holdings (including some restricted securities) may be deemed illiquid if the fund expects that a reasonable portion of the holding cannot be sold in seven calendar days or less without the sale significantly changing the market value of the investment. The determination of whether a holding is considered illiquid is made by the fund’s adviser under a liquidity risk management program adopted by the fund’s board and administered by the fund’s adviser. The fund may incur significant additional costs in disposing of illiquid securities.

Cybersecurity risks — With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the fund has become potentially more susceptible to operational and information security risks through breaches in cybersecurity. In general, a breach in cybersecurity can result from either a deliberate attack or an unintentional event. Cybersecurity breaches may involve, among other things, “ransomware” attacks, injection of computer viruses or malicious software code, or the use of vulnerabilities in code to gain unauthorized access to digital information systems, networks or devices that are used directly or indirectly by the fund or its service providers through “hacking” or other means. Cybersecurity risks also include the risk of losses of service resulting from external attacks that do not require unauthorized access to the fund’s systems, networks or devices. For example, denial-of-service attacks on the investment adviser’s or an affiliate’s website could effectively render the fund’s network services unavailable to fund shareholders and other intended end-users. Any such cybersecurity breaches or losses of service may, among other things, cause the fund to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption or lose operational capacity, or may result in the misappropriation, unauthorized release or other misuse of the fund’s assets or sensitive information (including shareholder personal information or other confidential information), the inability of fund shareholders to transact business, or the destruction of the fund’s physical infrastructure, equipment or operating systems. These, in turn, could cause the fund to violate applicable privacy and other laws

and incur or suffer regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional costs (including compliance costs) associated with corrective measures and/or financial loss. While the fund and its investment adviser have established business continuity plans and risk management systems designed to prevent or reduce the impact of cybersecurity attacks, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems due in part to the ever-changing nature of technology and cybersecurity attack tactics, and there is a possibility that certain risks have not been adequately identified or prepared for.

In addition, cybersecurity failures by or breaches of the fund's third-party service providers (including, but not limited to, the fund's investment adviser, transfer agent, custodian, administrators and other financial intermediaries) may disrupt the business operations of the service providers and of the fund, potentially resulting in financial losses, the inability of fund shareholders to transact business with the fund and of the fund to process transactions, the inability of the fund to calculate its net asset value, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, rules and regulations, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensatory costs and/or additional compliance costs associated with implementation of any corrective measures. The fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result of any such cybersecurity breaches, and there can be no assurance that the fund will not suffer losses relating to cybersecurity attacks or other informational security breaches affecting the fund's third-party service providers in the future, particularly as the fund cannot control any cybersecurity plans or systems implemented by such service providers.

Cybersecurity risks may also impact issuers of securities in which the fund invests, which may cause the fund's investments in such issuers to lose value.

Inflation/Deflation risk — The fund may be subject to inflation and deflation risk. Inflation risk is the risk that the present value of assets or income from investments will be less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the present value of the fund's assets can decline. Deflation risk is the risk that prices throughout the economy decline over time. Deflation or inflation may have an adverse effect on the creditworthiness of issuers and may make issuer default more likely, which may result in a decline in the value of the fund's assets.

Interfund borrowing and lending — Pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the fund may lend money to, and borrow money from, other funds advised by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates. The fund will borrow through the program only when the costs are equal to or lower than the costs of bank loans. The fund will lend through the program only when the returns are higher than those available from an investment in repurchase agreements. Interfund loans and borrowings normally extend overnight, but can have a maximum duration of seven days. Loans may be called on one day's notice. The fund may have to borrow from a bank at a higher interest rate if an interfund loan is called or not renewed. Any delay in repayment to a lending fund could result in a lost investment opportunity or additional borrowing costs.

Affiliated investment companies — The fund may purchase shares of certain other investment companies managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates ("Central Funds"). The risks of owning another investment company are similar to the risks of investing directly in the securities in which that investment company invests. Investments in other investment companies could allow the fund to obtain the benefits of a more diversified portfolio than might otherwise be available through direct investments in a particular asset class, and will subject the fund to the risks associated with the particular asset class or asset classes in which an underlying fund invests. However, an investment company may not achieve its investment objective or execute its investment strategy effectively, which may adversely affect the fund's performance. Any investment in another investment company will be consistent with the fund's objective(s) and applicable regulatory limitations. Central Funds do not charge management fees. As a result, the fund does not bear additional management fees when investing in Central Funds, but the fund does bear its proportionate share of Central Fund expenses.

Securities lending activities – The fund may lend portfolio securities to brokers, dealers or other institutions that provide cash or U.S. Treasury securities as collateral in an amount at least equal to the value of the securities loaned. While portfolio securities are on loan, the fund will continue to receive the equivalent of the interest and the dividends or other distributions paid by the issuer on the securities, as well as a portion of the interest on the investment of the collateral. Additionally, although the fund will not have the right to vote on securities while they are on loan, the fund has a right to consent on corporate actions and a right to recall each loan to vote on proposals, including proposals involving material events affecting securities loaned. The fund has delegated the decision to lend portfolio securities to the investment adviser. The adviser also has the discretion to consent on corporate actions and to recall securities on loan to vote. In the event the adviser deems a corporate action or proxy vote material, as determined by the adviser based on factors relevant to the fund, it will use reasonable efforts to recall the securities and consent to or vote on the matter.

Securities lending involves risks, including the risk that the loaned securities may not be returned in a timely manner or at all, which would interfere with the fund's ability to vote proxies or settle transactions, and/or the risk of a counterparty default. Additionally, the fund may lose money from the reinvestment of collateral received on loaned securities in investments that decline in value, default or do not perform as expected. The fund will make loans only to parties deemed by the fund's adviser to be in good standing and when, in the adviser's judgment, the income earned would justify the risks.

JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JPMorgan") serves as securities lending agent for the fund. As the securities lending agent, JPMorgan administers the fund's securities lending program pursuant to the terms of a securities lending agent agreement entered into between the fund and JPMorgan. Under the terms of the agreement, JPMorgan is responsible for making available to approved borrowers securities from the fund's portfolio. JPMorgan is also responsible for the administration and management of the fund's securities lending program, including the preparation and execution of an agreement with each borrower governing the terms and conditions of any securities loan, ensuring that securities loans are properly coordinated and documented, ensuring that loaned securities are valued daily and that the corresponding required collateral is delivered by the borrowers, arranging for the investment of collateral received from borrowers, and arranging for the return of loaned securities to the fund in accordance with the fund's instructions or at loan termination. As compensation for its services, JPMorgan receives a portion of the amount earned by the fund for lending securities.

The following table sets forth, for the fund's most recently completed fiscal year, the fund's dollar amount of income and fees and/or other compensation related to its securities lending activities. Net income from securities lending activities may differ from the amount reported in the fund's Form N-CSR, which reflects estimated accruals.

Gross income from securities lending activities	\$18,587,000
Fees paid to securities lending agent from a revenue split	197,000
Fees paid for any cash collateral management service (including fees deducted from a pooled cash collateral reinvestment vehicle) not included in the revenue split	0
Administrative fees not included in the revenue split	0
Indemnification fees not included in the revenue split	0
Rebates (paid to borrower)	14,643,000
Other fees not included in the revenue split	0
Aggregate fees/compensation for securities lending activities	14,840,000
Net income from securities lending activities	3,747,000

* * * * *

Portfolio turnover — Portfolio changes will be made without regard to the length of time particular investments may have been held. Short-term trading profits are not the fund's objective, and changes in its investments are generally accomplished gradually, though short-term transactions may occasionally be made. Higher portfolio turnover may involve correspondingly greater transaction costs in the form of dealer spreads or brokerage commissions. It may also result in the realization of net capital gains, which are taxable when distributed to shareholders, unless the shareholder is exempt from taxation or his or her account is tax-favored.

Fixed income securities are generally traded on a net basis and usually neither brokerage commissions nor transfer taxes are involved. Transaction costs are usually reflected in the spread between the bid and asked price.

The fund's portfolio turnover rates for each of the fiscal years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 were 56% and 106%, respectively. The fund's portfolio turnover rate excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 was 32% and 34%, respectively. See "Forward commitment, when issued and delayed delivery transactions" above for more information on mortgage dollar rolls. Variations in turnover rates are due to changes in trading activity during the period. The portfolio turnover rate would equal 100% if each security in a fund's portfolio were replaced once per year.

Fund policies

All percentage limitations in the following fund policies are considered at the time securities are purchased and are based on the fund's net assets (excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, collateral held in connection with securities lending activities) unless otherwise indicated. None of the following policies involving a maximum percentage of assets will be considered violated unless the excess occurs immediately after, and is caused by, an acquisition by the fund. In managing the fund, the fund's investment adviser may apply more restrictive policies than those listed below.

Fundamental policies — The fund has adopted the following policies, which may not be changed without approval by holders of a majority of its outstanding shares. Such majority is currently defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), as the vote of the lesser of (a) 67% or more of the voting securities present at a shareholder meeting, if the holders of more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities are present in person or by proxy, or (b) more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities.

1. Except as permitted by (i) the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, or other successor law governing the regulation of registered investment companies, or interpretations or modifications thereof by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), SEC staff or other authority of competent jurisdiction, or (ii) exemptive or other relief or permission from the SEC, SEC staff or other authority of competent jurisdiction, the fund may not:

- a. Borrow money;
- b. Issue senior securities;
- c. Underwrite the securities of other issuers;
- d. Purchase or sell real estate or commodities;
- e. Make loans; or
- f. Purchase the securities of any issuer if, as a result of such purchase, the fund's investments would be concentrated in any particular industry.

2. The fund may not invest in companies for the purpose of exercising control or management.

Nonfundamental policies — The following policy may be changed without shareholder approval:

The fund may not acquire securities of open-end investment companies or unit investment trusts registered under the 1940 Act in reliance on Sections 12(d)(1)(F) or 12(d)(1)(G) of the 1940 Act.

Additional information about the fund's policies — The information below is not part of the fund's fundamental or nonfundamental policies. This information is intended to provide a summary of what is currently required or permitted by the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, or by the interpretive guidance thereof by the SEC or SEC staff, for particular fundamental policies of the fund. Information is also provided regarding the fund's current intention with respect to certain investment practices permitted by the 1940 Act.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1a, the fund may borrow money in amounts of up to 33-1/3% of its total assets from banks for any purpose. Additionally, the fund may borrow up to 5% of its total assets from banks or other lenders for temporary purposes (a loan is presumed to be for temporary purposes if it is repaid within 60 days and is not extended or renewed). The percentage limitations in this policy are considered at the time of borrowing and thereafter.

For purposes of fundamental policies 1a and 1e, the fund may borrow money from, or loan money to, other funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates to the extent permitted by applicable law and an exemptive order issued by the SEC.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1b, a senior security does not include any promissory note or evidence of indebtedness if such loan is for temporary purposes only and in an amount not exceeding 5% of the value of the total assets of the fund at the time the loan is made (a loan is presumed to be for temporary purposes if it is repaid within 60 days and is not extended or renewed). Further, the fund is permitted to enter into derivatives and certain other transactions, notwithstanding the prohibitions and restrictions on the issuance of senior securities under the 1940 Act, in accordance with current SEC rules and interpretations.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1c, the policy will not apply to the fund to the extent the fund may be deemed an underwriter within the meaning of the 1933 Act in connection with the purchase and sale of fund portfolio securities in the ordinary course of pursuing its investment objective and strategies.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1e, the fund may not lend more than 33-1/3% of its total assets, provided that this limitation shall not apply to the fund's purchase of debt obligations.

For purposes of fundamental policy 1f, the fund may not invest more than 25% of its total assets in the securities of issuers in a particular industry. This policy does not apply to investments in securities of the U.S. government, its agencies or government sponsored enterprises or repurchase agreements with respect thereto. For purposes of this policy, with respect to a private activity municipal bond the principal and interest payments of which are derived primarily from the assets and revenues of a non-governmental entity, the fund will look to such non-governmental entity to determine the industry to which the investment should be allocated.

Management of the fund

Board of trustees and officers

Independent trustees¹

The fund's nominating and governance committee and board select independent trustees with a view toward constituting a board that, as a body, possesses the qualifications, skills, attributes and experience to appropriately oversee the actions of the fund's service providers, decide upon matters of general policy and represent the long-term interests of fund shareholders. In doing so, they consider the qualifications, skills, attributes and experience of the current board members, with a view toward maintaining a board that is diverse in viewpoint, experience, education and skills.

The fund seeks independent trustees who have high ethical standards and the highest levels of integrity and commitment, who have inquiring and independent minds, mature judgment, good communication skills, and other complementary personal qualifications and skills that enable them to function effectively in the context of the fund's board and committee structure and who have the ability and willingness to dedicate sufficient time to effectively fulfill their duties and responsibilities.

Each independent trustee has a significant record of accomplishments in governance, business, not-for-profit organizations, government service, academia, law, accounting or other professions. Although no single list could identify all experience upon which the fund's independent trustees draw in connection with their service, the following table summarizes key experience for each independent trustee. These references to the qualifications, attributes and skills of the trustees are pursuant to the disclosure requirements of the SEC, and shall not be deemed to impose any greater responsibility or liability on any trustee or the board as a whole. Notwithstanding the accomplishments listed below, none of the independent trustees is considered an "expert" within the meaning of the federal securities laws with respect to information in the fund's registration statement.

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee ²)	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years	Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee ³	Other directorships ⁴ held by trustee during the past five years	Other Relevant Experience
John G. Freund, MD, 1953 Trustee (2016)	Founder and former Managing Director, Skyline Ventures (a venture capital investor in health care companies); Co-Founder of Intuitive Surgical, Inc. (1995 - 2000); Co-Founder and former CEO of Arixia Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (2016 - 2020)	15	Collegium Pharmaceutical, Inc.; SI – Bone, Inc.; Sutro Biopharma, Inc. Former director of Proteon Therapeutics, Inc. (until 2020); Tetraphase Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (until 2020)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Experience in investment banking and senior management at multiple venture capital firms, a medical device company and a biopharmaceutical company · Corporate board experience · MD, MBA
Pedro J. Greer Jr., 1956 Trustee (2016)	Physician; Professor and Founding Dean, College of Medicine, Roseman University of Health Sciences; former Chairman/Associate Dean, Florida International University	6	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Development of health delivery systems; domestically and internationally reforming medical education · MD
Merit E. Janow, 1958 Trustee (2001)	Dean Emerita and Professor of Practice, International Economic Law & International Affairs, Columbia University, School of International and Public Affairs	110	Aptiv (autonomous and green vehicle technology); Mastercard Incorporated Former director of Trimble Inc. (software, hardware and services technology) (until 2021)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Service with Office of the U.S. Trade Representative and U.S. Department of Justice · Corporate board experience · Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable, educational and nonprofit organizations · Experience as corporate lawyer · JD
Earl Lewis Jr., 1955 Trustee (2017)	Professor and Director, University of Michigan	6	Former director of 2U, Inc. (educational technology company) (until 2024)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Senior academic leadership positions at multiple universities · Service on advisory and trustee boards for educational and nonprofit organizations · PhD, history

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee ²)	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years	Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee ³	Other directorships ⁴ held by trustee during the past five years	Other Relevant Experience
Christopher E. Stone, 1956 Chair of the Board (Independent and Non-Executive) (2009)	Professor of Practice of Public Integrity, University of Oxford, Blavatnik School of Government	12	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable, international jurisprudence and nonprofit organizations · Former professor, practice of criminal justice · Former president of a large complex of global philanthropies · JD, MPhil, criminology
Kathy J. Williams, 1955 Trustee (2021)	Board Chair, Above and Beyond Teaching	12	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Experience in international and government affairs in the transportation field · Experience as chief operating officer · Service as Board Commissioner for county human rights and juvenile justice delinquency prevention commissions · Service on advisory and trustee boards for charitable, educational and nonprofit organizations · MBA
Amy Zegart, PhD, 1967 Trustee (2021)	Senior Fellow and Associate Director, Stanford Institute for Human-Centered Artificial Intelligence, Stanford University	9	Kratos Defense & Security Solutions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Senior academic leadership positions · Corporate board experience · Author · Consultant · PhD, Political Science

Interested trustee(s)^{5,6}

Interested trustees have similar qualifications, skills and attributes as the independent trustees. Interested trustees are senior executive officers and/or directors of Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates. Such management roles with the fund's service providers also permit the interested trustees to make a significant contribution to the fund's board.

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as a trustee/officer²)	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years and positions held with affiliated entities or the Principal Underwriter of the fund	Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by trustee³	Other directorships⁴ held by trustee during the past five years
Winnie Kwan, 1972 Co-President and Trustee (2017)	Partner – Capital Research Global Investors, Capital International, Inc.*	5	None
Sung Lee, 1966 Trustee (2019)	Partner – Capital Research Global Investors, Capital Group Investment Management Pte. Ltd.*	5	None

Other officers⁶

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as an officer²)	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years and positions held with affiliated entities or the Principal Underwriter of the fund
Aline Avzaradel, 1978 Co-President (2020)	Partner – Capital International Investors, Capital Research and Management Company; Director, Capital Research and Management Company
David A. Hoag, 1965 Co-President (2006)	Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Research and Management Company
Donald H. Rolfe, 1972 Principal Executive Officer (2008)	Senior Vice President and Senior Counsel – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company; Secretary, Capital Research and Management Company
Michael W. Stockton, 1967 Executive Vice President (2013)	Senior Vice President – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company
Alfonso Barroso, 1971 Senior Vice President (2019)	Partner – Capital Research Global Investors, Capital Research Company*; Director, Capital Research and Management Company; Director, The Capital Group Companies, Inc.*
Grant L. Cambridge, 1962 Senior Vice President (2014)	Partner – Capital International Investors, Capital Research and Management Company
Charles E. Ellwein, 1968 Senior Vice President (2022)	Partner – Capital Research Global Investors, Capital Research and Management Company; Director, Capital Research and Management Company
Saurav Jain, 1980 Senior Vice President (2025)	Partner – Capital International Investors, Capital Group Investment Management Pte. Ltd.*
James B. Lovelace, 1956 Senior Vice President (1992)	Partner – Capital Research Global Investors, Capital Research and Management Company
Fergus N. MacDonald, 1969 Senior Vice President (2019)	Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Research and Management Company; Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Bank and Trust Company*
Caroline Randall, 1974 Senior Vice President (2015)	Partner – Capital Research Global Investors, Capital Research Company*; Director, The Capital Group Companies, Inc.*

Name, year of birth and position with fund (year first elected as an officer²)	Principal occupation(s) during the past five years and positions held with affiliated entities or the Principal Underwriter of the fund
William L. Robbins, 1968 Senior Vice President (2024)	Partner – Capital International Investors, Capital Research and Management Company; Chair and Director, Capital Group International, Inc.*
Steven T. Watson, 1955 Senior Vice President (1998–2006; 2017)	Partner – Capital International Investors, Capital International, Inc.*; Director, Capital International, Inc.*
Philip Winston, 1955 Senior Vice President (2019)	Partner – Capital International Investors, Capital International, Inc.*; Partner – Capital International Investors, Capital International Limited*; Senior Vice President, Capital International Limited*
Brian Wong, 1982 Senior Vice President (2025)	Partner – Capital Fixed Income Investors, Capital Research and Management Company
M. Taylor Hinshaw, 1973 Vice President (2010)	Partner – Capital Research Global Investors, Capital Research and Management Company; Director, Capital Research and Management Company
Jennifer L. Butler, 1966 Secretary (2013)	Assistant Vice President – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company
Gregory F. Niland, 1971 Treasurer (2016)	Vice President – Investment Operations, Capital Research and Management Company
Marilyn Paramo, 1982 Assistant Secretary (2023)	Associate – Legal and Compliance Group, Capital Research and Management Company
Sandra Chuon, 1972 Assistant Treasurer (2019)	Vice President – Investment Operations, Capital Research and Management Company
W. Michael Pattie, 1981 Assistant Treasurer (2020)	Assistant Vice President – Investment Operations, Capital Research and Management Company

* Company affiliated with Capital Research and Management Company.

¹ The term independent trustee refers to a trustee who is not an “interested person” of the fund within the meaning of the 1940 Act.

² Trustees and officers of the fund serve until their resignation, removal or retirement.

³ Funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates.

⁴ This includes all directorships/trusteeships (other than those in the American Funds or other funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates) that are held by each trustee as a director/trustee of a public company or a registered investment company. Unless otherwise noted, all directorships/trusteeships are current.

⁵ The term interested trustee refers to a trustee who is an “interested person” of the fund within the meaning of the 1940 Act, on the basis of his or her affiliation with the fund's investment adviser, Capital Research and Management Company, or affiliated entities (including the fund's principal underwriter).

⁶ All of the trustees and/or officers listed, with the exception of Brian Wong, are officers and/or directors/trustees of one or more of the other funds for which Capital Research and Management Company serves as investment adviser.

The address for all trustees and officers of the fund is 333 South Hope Street, 55th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90071, Attention: Secretary.

Fund shares owned by trustees as of December 31, 2023:

Name	Dollar range^{1,2} of fund shares owned	Aggregate dollar range¹ of shares owned in all funds overseen by trustee in same family of investment companies as the fund	Dollar range^{1,2} of independent trustees deferred compensation³ allocated to fund	Aggregate dollar range^{1,2} of independent trustees deferred compensation³ allocated to all funds overseen by trustee in same family of investment companies as the fund
Independent trustees				
John G. Freund	None	Over \$100,000	N/A	Over \$100,000
Pedro J. Greer Jr.	None	None	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
Merit E. Janow	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000	N/A	Over \$100,000
Earl Lewis Jr.	\$10,001 – \$50,000	\$50,001 – \$100,000	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
Christopher E. Stone	Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000	N/A	Over \$100,000
Kathy J. Williams	None	Over \$100,000	\$50,001 – \$100,000	Over \$100,000
Amy Zegart	\$10,001 – \$50,000	Over \$100,000	N/A	N/A
Interested trustees				
Winnie Kwan	Over \$100,000		Over \$100,000	
Sung Lee	None		Over \$100,000	

¹ Ownership disclosure is made using the following ranges: None; \$1 – \$10,000; \$10,001 – \$50,000; \$50,001 – \$100,000; and Over \$100,000. The amounts listed for interested trustees include shares owned through The Capital Group Companies, Inc. retirement plan and 401(k) plan.

² N/A indicates that the listed individual, as of December 31, 2023, was not a trustee of a particular fund, did not allocate deferred compensation to the fund or did not participate in the deferred compensation plan.

³ Eligible trustees may defer their compensation under a nonqualified deferred compensation plan. Amounts deferred by the trustee accumulate at an earnings rate determined by the total return of one or more American Funds as designated by the trustee.

Trustee compensation — No compensation is paid by the fund to any officer or trustee who is a director, officer or employee of the investment adviser or its affiliates. Except for the independent trustees listed in the “Board of trustees and officers — Independent trustees” table under the “Management of the fund” section in this statement of additional information, all other officers and trustees of the fund are directors, officers or employees of the investment adviser or its affiliates. The board typically meets either individually or jointly with the boards of one or more other such funds with substantially overlapping board membership (in each case referred to as a “board cluster”). The fund typically pays each independent trustee an annual retainer fee based primarily on the total number of board clusters which that independent trustee serves. Board and committee chairs receive additional fees for their services.

The fund and the other funds served by each independent trustee each pay a portion of these fees.

No pension or retirement benefits are accrued as part of fund expenses. Generally, independent trustees may elect, on a voluntary basis, to defer all or a portion of their fees through a deferred compensation plan in effect for the fund. The fund also reimburses certain expenses of the independent trustees.

Trustee compensation earned during the fiscal year ended October 31, 2024:

Name	Aggregate compensation (including voluntarily deferred compensation ¹) from the fund	Total compensation (including voluntarily deferred compensation ¹) from all funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates
John G. Freund ²	\$ 67,597	\$507,150
Pedro J. Greer Jr. ²	112,287	279,750
Merit E. Janow ²	67,597	564,444
Earl Lewis Jr. ²	108,271	269,750
Christopher E. Stone ²	78,307	456,575
Kathy J. Williams ²	74,555	381,500
Amy Zegart	74,555	344,750

¹ Amounts may be deferred by eligible trustees under a nonqualified deferred compensation plan adopted by the fund in 1993. Deferred amounts accumulate at an earnings rate determined by the total return of one or more American Funds as designated by the trustees. Compensation shown in this table for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2024 does not include earnings on amounts deferred in previous fiscal years. See footnote 2 to this table for more information.

² Since the deferred compensation plan’s adoption, the total amount of deferred compensation accrued by the fund (plus earnings thereon) through the end of the 2024 fiscal year for participating trustees is as follows: John G. Freund (\$762,976), Pedro J. Greer Jr. (\$435,330), Merit E. Janow (\$55,210), Earl Lewis Jr. (\$573,990), Christopher E. Stone (\$281,693) and Kathy J. Williams (\$129,935). Amounts deferred and accumulated earnings thereon are not funded and are general unsecured liabilities of the fund until paid to the trustees.

Fund organization and the board of trustees — The fund, an open-end, diversified management investment company, was organized as a Maryland corporation on June 8, 1987, and reorganized as a Delaware statutory trust on July 1, 2010. All fund operations are supervised by the fund’s board of trustees which meets periodically and performs duties required by applicable state and federal laws.

Delaware law charges trustees with the duty of managing the business affairs of the trust. Trustees are considered to be fiduciaries of the trust and owe duties of care and loyalty to the trust and its shareholders.

Independent board members are paid certain fees for services rendered to the fund as described above. They may elect to defer all or a portion of these fees through a deferred compensation plan in effect for the fund.

The fund has several different classes of shares. Shares of each class represent an interest in the same investment portfolio. Each class has pro rata rights as to voting, redemption, dividends and liquidation, except that each class bears different distribution expenses and may bear different transfer agent fees and other expenses properly attributable to the particular class as approved by the board of trustees and set forth in the fund's rule 18f-3 Plan. Each class' shareholders have exclusive voting rights with respect to the respective class' rule 12b-1 plans adopted in connection with the distribution of shares and on other matters in which the interests of one class are different from interests in another class. Shares of all classes of the fund vote together on matters that affect all classes in substantially the same manner. Each class votes as a class on matters that affect that class alone. Note that 529 college savings plan account owners invested in Class 529 shares are not shareholders of the fund and, accordingly, do not have the rights of a shareholder, such as the right to vote proxies relating to fund shares. As the legal owner of the fund's Class 529 shares, Commonwealth Savers PlanSM (formerly, Virginia529) will vote any proxies relating to the fund's Class 529 shares. In addition, the trustees have the authority to establish new series and classes of shares, and to split or combine outstanding shares into a greater or lesser number, without shareholder approval.

The fund does not hold annual meetings of shareholders. However, significant matters that require shareholder approval, such as certain elections of board members or a change in a fundamental investment policy, will be presented to shareholders at a meeting called for such purpose. Shareholders have one vote per share owned.

The fund's declaration of trust and by-laws, as well as separate indemnification agreements with independent trustees, provide in effect that, subject to certain conditions, the fund will indemnify its officers and trustees against liabilities or expenses actually and reasonably incurred by them relating to their service to the fund. However, trustees are not protected from liability by reason of their willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of their office.

Removal of trustees by shareholders — At any meeting of shareholders, duly called and at which a quorum is present, shareholders may, by the affirmative vote of the holders of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast, remove any trustee from office and may elect a successor or successors to fill any resulting vacancies for the unexpired terms of removed trustees. In addition, the trustees of the fund will promptly call a meeting of shareholders for the purpose of voting upon the removal of any trustees when requested in writing to do so by the record holders of at least 10% of the outstanding shares.

Leadership structure — The board's chair is currently an independent trustee who is not an "interested person" of the fund within the meaning of the 1940 Act. The board has determined that an independent chair facilitates oversight and enhances the effectiveness of the board. The independent chair's duties include, without limitation, generally presiding at meetings of the board, approving board meeting schedules and agendas, leading meetings of the independent trustees in executive session, facilitating communication with committee chairs, and serving as the principal independent trustee contact for fund management and counsel to the independent trustees and the fund.

Risk oversight — Day-to-day management of the fund, including risk management, is the responsibility of the fund's contractual service providers, including the fund's investment adviser, principal underwriter/distributor and transfer agent. Each of these entities is responsible for specific portions of the fund's operations, including the processes and associated risks relating to the fund's investments, integrity of cash movements, financial reporting, operations and compliance. The board of trustees oversees the service providers' discharge of their responsibilities, including the processes they use to

manage relevant risks. In that regard, the board receives reports regarding the operations of the fund's service providers, including risks. For example, the board receives reports from investment professionals regarding risks related to the fund's investments and trading. The board also receives compliance reports from the fund's and the investment adviser's chief compliance officers addressing certain areas of risk.

Committees of the fund's board, which are comprised of independent board members, none of whom is an "interested person" of the fund within the meaning of the 1940 Act, as well as joint committees of independent board members of funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company, also explore risk management procedures in particular areas and then report back to the full board. For example, the fund's audit committee oversees the processes and certain attendant risks relating to financial reporting, valuation of fund assets, and related controls. Similarly, a joint review and advisory committee oversees certain risk controls relating to the fund's transfer agency services.

Not all risks that may affect the fund can be identified or processes and controls developed to eliminate or mitigate their effect. Moreover, it is necessary to bear certain risks (such as investment-related risks) to achieve the fund's objectives. As a result of the foregoing and other factors, the ability of the fund's service providers to eliminate or mitigate risks is subject to limitations.

Committees of the board of trustees — The fund has an audit committee comprised of John G. Freund, Pedro J. Greer Jr., Earl Lewis Jr. and Amy Zegart. The committee provides oversight regarding the fund's accounting and financial reporting policies and practices, its internal controls and the internal controls of the fund's principal service providers. The committee acts as a liaison between the fund's independent registered public accounting firm and the full board of trustees. The audit committee held five meetings during the 2024 fiscal year.

The fund has a contracts committee comprised of all of its independent board members. The committee's principal function is to request, review and consider the information deemed necessary to evaluate the terms of certain agreements between the fund and its investment adviser or the investment adviser's affiliates, such as the Investment Advisory and Service Agreement, Principal Underwriting Agreement, Administrative Services Agreement and Plans of Distribution adopted pursuant to rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act, that the fund may enter into, renew or continue, and to make its recommendations to the full board of trustees on these matters. The contracts committee held one meeting during the 2024 fiscal year.

The fund has a nominating and governance committee comprised of Merit E. Janow, Christopher E. Stone and Kathy J. Williams. The committee periodically reviews such issues as the board's composition, responsibilities, committees, compensation and other relevant issues, and recommends any appropriate changes to the full board of trustees. The committee also coordinates annual self-assessments of the board and evaluates, selects and nominates independent trustee candidates to the full board of trustees. While the committee normally is able to identify from its own and other resources an ample number of qualified candidates, it will consider shareholder suggestions of persons to be considered as nominees to fill future vacancies on the board. Such suggestions must be sent in writing to the nominating and governance committee of the fund, addressed to the fund's secretary, and must be accompanied by complete biographical and occupational data on the prospective nominee, along with a written consent of the prospective nominee for consideration of his or her name by the committee. The nominating and governance committee held two meetings during the 2024 fiscal year.

Proxy voting procedures and principles — The fund's investment adviser, in consultation with the fund's board, has adopted Proxy Voting Procedures and Principles (the "Principles") with respect to voting proxies of securities held by the fund and other funds advised by the investment adviser or its affiliates. The complete text of these principles is available at capitalgroup.com. Proxies are voted by a

committee of the appropriate equity investment division of the investment adviser under authority delegated by the funds' boards. The boards of funds advised by Capital Research and Management Company and its affiliates, including American Funds and Capital Group exchange-traded funds, have established a Joint Proxy Committee ("JPC") composed of independent board members from each applicable fund board. The JPC's role is to facilitate appropriate oversight of the proxy voting process and provide valuable input on corporate governance and related matters.

The Principles provide an important framework for analysis and decision-making by all funds. However, they are not exhaustive and do not address all potential issues. The Principles provide a certain amount of flexibility so that all relevant facts and circumstances can be considered in connection with every vote. As a result, each proxy received is voted on a case-by-case basis considering the specific circumstances of each proposal. The voting process reflects the funds' understanding of the company's business, its management and its relationship with shareholders over time. In all cases, the investment objectives and policies of the funds managed by the investment adviser remain the focus.

The investment adviser seeks to vote all U.S. proxies; however, in certain circumstances it may be impracticable or impossible to do so, including when securities are out on loan as part of a securities lending program. Proxies for companies outside the United States are also voted, subject to local market conditions and provided there is sufficient time and information available. Certain regulators have granted investment limit relief to the investment adviser and its affiliates, conditioned upon limiting its voting power to specific voting ceilings. To comply with these voting ceilings, the investment adviser will scale back its votes across all funds and clients on a pro-rata basis based on assets.

After a proxy statement is received, the investment adviser's stewardship and engagement team prepares a summary of the proposals contained in the proxy statement.

For proxies of securities managed by a particular equity investment division of the investment adviser, the initial voting recommendation is made either by one or more of the division's investment analysts familiar with the company and industry or, for routine matters, by a member of the investment adviser's stewardship and engagement team and reviewed by the applicable analyst(s). Depending on the vote, a second recommendation may be made by a proxy coordinator (an investment analyst or other individual with experience in corporate governance and proxy voting matters) within the appropriate investment division, based on knowledge of these Principles and familiarity with proxy-related issues. The proxy summary and voting recommendations are made available to the proxy voting committee of the applicable investment division for a final voting decision. In cases where a fund is co-managed and a security is held by more than one of the investment adviser's equity investment divisions, the divisions may develop different voting recommendations for individual ballot proposals. If this occurs, and if permitted by local market conventions, the fund's position will generally be voted proportionally by divisional holding, according to their respective decisions. Otherwise, the outcome will be determined by the equity investment division or divisions with the larger position in the security as of the record date for the shareholder meeting.

In addition to its proprietary proxy voting, governance and executive compensation research, Capital Research and Management Company may utilize research provided by Institutional Shareholder Services, Glass-Lewis & Co. or other third-party advisory firms on a case-by-case basis. It does not, as a policy, follow the voting recommendations provided by these firms. It periodically assesses the information provided by the advisory firms and reports to the JPC, as appropriate.

From time to time, the investment adviser may vote proxies issued by, or on proposals sponsored or publicly supported by, (a) a client with substantial assets managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates, (b) an entity with a significant business relationship with The Capital Group Companies, Inc.

or its affiliates, or (c) a company with a director of an American Fund on its board (each referred to as an "Interested Party"). Other persons or entities may also be deemed an Interested Party if facts or circumstances appear to give rise to a potential conflict.

The investment adviser has developed procedures to identify and address instances when a vote could appear to be influenced by such a relationship. Each equity investment division of the investment adviser has established a Special Review Committee ("SRC") of senior investment professionals and legal and compliance professionals with oversight of potentially conflicted matters.

If a potential conflict is identified according to the procedure above, the SRC will take appropriate steps to address the conflict of interest, which may include engaging an independent third party to review the proxy, using Capital Group's Principles, and provide an independent voting recommendation to the investment adviser for vote execution. The investment adviser will generally follow the third party's recommendation, except when it believes the recommendation is inconsistent with the investment adviser's fiduciary duty to its clients. Occasionally, it may not be feasible to engage the third party to review the matter due to compressed timeframes or other operational issues. In this case, the SRC will take appropriate steps to address the conflict of interest, including reviewing the proxy after being provided with a summary of any relevant communications with the Interested Party, the rationale for the voting decision, information on the organization's relationship with the Interested Party and any other pertinent information.

Information regarding how the fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the 12-month period ended June 30 of each year will be available on or about September 1 of such year (a) without charge, upon request by calling American Funds Service Company at (800) 421-4225, (b) on the Capital Group website and (c) on the SEC's website at sec.gov.

The following summary sets forth the general positions of the investment adviser on various proposals. A copy of the full Principles is available upon request, free of charge, by calling American Funds Service Company or visiting the Capital Group website.

Director matters — The election of a company's slate of nominees for director generally is supported. Votes may be withheld for some or all of the nominees if this is determined to be in the best interest of shareholders or if, in the opinion of the investment adviser, such nominee has not fulfilled his or her fiduciary duty. In making this determination, the investment adviser considers, among other things, a nominee's potential conflicts of interest, track record in shareholder protection and value creation as well as their capacity for full engagement on board matters. The investment adviser generally supports diversity of experience among board members, and the separation of the chairman and CEO positions.

Governance provisions — Proposals to declassify a board (elect all directors annually) are supported based on the belief that this increases the directors' sense of accountability to shareholders. Proposals for cumulative voting generally are supported in order to promote management and board accountability and an opportunity for leadership change. Proposals designed to make director elections more meaningful, either by requiring a majority vote or by requiring any director receiving more withhold votes than affirmative votes to tender his or her resignation, generally are supported.

Shareholder rights — Proposals to repeal an existing poison pill generally are supported. (There may be certain circumstances, however, when a proxy voting committee of a fund or an investment division of the investment adviser believes that a company needs to maintain anti-takeover protection.) Proposals to eliminate the right of shareholders to act by written consent or to take away a shareholder's right to call a special meeting typically are not supported.

Compensation and benefit plans — Option plans are complicated, and many factors are considered in evaluating a plan. Each plan is evaluated based on protecting shareholder interests and a knowledge of the company and its management. Considerations include the pricing (or repricing) of options awarded under the plan and the impact of dilution on existing shareholders from past and future equity awards. Compensation packages should be structured to attract, motivate and retain existing employees and qualified directors; in addition, they should be aligned with the long-term success of the company and the enhancement of shareholder value.

Routine matters — The ratification of auditors, procedural matters relating to the annual meeting and changes to company name are examples of items considered routine. Such items generally are voted in favor of management's recommendations unless circumstances indicate otherwise.

“ESG” shareholder proposals — The investment adviser believes environmental and social issues present investment risks and opportunities that can shape a company's long-term financial sustainability. Shareholder proposals, including those relating to social and environmental issues, are evaluated in terms of their materiality to the company and its ability to generate long-term value in light of the company's specific operating context. The investment adviser generally supports transparency and standardized disclosure, particularly that which leverages existing regulatory reporting or industry standard practices. With respect to environmental matters, this includes disclosures aligned with industry standards and sustainability reports more generally. With respect to social matters, the investment adviser expects companies to be able to articulate a strategy or plan to advance diversity and equity within the workforce, including the company's management and board, subject to local norms and expectations. To that end, disclosure of data relating to workforce diversity and equity that is consistent with broadly applicable standards is generally supported.

Principal fund shareholders — The following table identifies those investors who own of record, or are known by the fund to own beneficially, 5% or more of any class of its shares as of the opening of business on December 1, 2024. Unless otherwise indicated, the ownership percentages below represent ownership of record rather than beneficial ownership.

Name and Address	Ownership	Ownership Percentage	
Edward D. Jones & Co. For the benefit of its customers St. Louis, MO	Record	Class A	37.63%
		Class F-3	32.14%
		Class 529-A	16.78%
		Class 529-C	5.08%
Wells Fargo Clearing Services, LLC Special custody account for the exclusive benefit of customers St. Louis, MO	Record	Class A	6.15%
		Class C	11.15%
		Class F-1	12.59%
		Class F-2	5.81%
Pershing, LLC Jersey City, NJ	Record	Class A	5.17%
		Class C	7.78%
		Class F-1	9.02%
		Class F-2	8.58%
		Class F-3	15.62%
Raymond James Omnibus for mutual funds house account St. Petersburg, FL	Record	Class C	9.87%
		Class F-2	16.51%
		Class 529-C	8.23%
		Class 529-F-2	7.46%
LPL Financial Omnibus customer account San Diego, CA	Record	Class C	7.02%
		Class F-1	6.85%
		Class F-2	14.54%
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC For the exclusive benefit of its customers New York, NY	Record	Class C	6.49%
		Class F-2	10.17%
		Class 529-A	8.24%
		Class 529-C	16.60%
		Class 529-E	6.85%
National Financial Services, LLC For the exclusive benefit of our customers Omnibus account Jersey City, NJ	Record	Class C	5.10%
		Class F-1	10.19%
		Class F-2	13.84%
		Class F-3	17.17%
Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. Special custody account for exclusive benefit of customers Account 1 San Francisco, CA	Record	Class F-1	10.83%

Name and Address	Ownership	Ownership Percentage	
Voya Institutional Trust Company Windsor, CT	Record	Class F-1	7.03%
UBS Wm USA Weehawken, NJ	Record	Class F-1 Class F-2	5.37% 5.61%
MLPF&S For the sole benefit of its customers Jacksonville, FL	Record	Class F-2	5.95%
Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. Special custody account for exclusive benefit of customers Account 2 San Francisco, CA	Record	Class F-3	16.15%
Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. Special custody account for exclusive benefit of customers Account 3 San Francisco, CA	Record	Class F-3	10.50%
Capital Research & Management Co Corporate Account Irvine, CA	Record	Class 529-F-1 Class 529-F-3	100.00% 100.00%
Talcott Resolution Life Ins Co Separate Account DC 401K Hartford, CT	Record Beneficial	Class R-1 Class R-3	32.09% 6.43%
Matrix Trust Company as agent for Advisor Trust, Inc. Aspire-Investlink Denver, CO	Record Beneficial	Class R-1 Class R-3	24.67% 10.85%
Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company 401K Springfield, MA	Record Beneficial	Class R-1	7.56%
Hartford Hartford, CT	Record	Class R-2-E	18.42%
John Hancock Life Ins Co USA Boston, MA	Record	Class R-5	43.76%
National Financial Services, LLC Jersey City, NJ	Record	Class R-5	13.60%

Name and Address	Ownership	Ownership Percentage	
American Funds 2030 Target Date Retirement Fund Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	11.23%
American Funds 2035 Target Date Retirement Fund Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	10.78%
American Funds Growth & Income Portfolio Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	10.43%
American Funds 2025 Target Date Retirement Fund Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	9.64%
American Funds 2040 Target Date Retirement Fund Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	7.63%
American Funds Income Portfolio Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	6.69%
American Funds 2045 Target Date Retirement Fund Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	6.47%
American Funds 2020 Target Date Retirement Fund Norfolk, VA	Record	Class R-6	5.32%

Because Class T and Class 529-T shares are not currently offered to the public, Capital Research and Management Company, the fund's investment adviser, owns 100% of the fund's outstanding Class T and Class 529-T shares.

As of December 1, 2024, the officers and trustees of the fund, as a group, owned beneficially or of record less than 1% of the outstanding shares of the fund.

Unless otherwise noted, references in this statement of additional information to Class F shares, Class R shares or Class 529 shares refer to all F share classes, all R share classes or all 529 share classes, respectively.

Investment adviser — Capital Research and Management Company, the fund's investment adviser, founded in 1931, maintains research facilities in the United States and abroad (Geneva, Hong Kong, London, Los Angeles, Mumbai, New York, San Francisco, Singapore, Tokyo, Toronto and Washington, D.C.). These facilities are staffed with experienced investment professionals. The investment adviser is located at 333 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, CA 90071. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of The

Capital Group Companies, Inc., a holding company for several investment management subsidiaries. Capital Research and Management Company manages equity assets through three equity investment divisions and fixed income assets through its fixed income investment division, Capital Fixed Income Investors. The three equity investment divisions — Capital World Investors, Capital Research Global Investors and Capital International Investors — make investment decisions independently of one another. Portfolio managers in Capital International Investors rely on a research team that also provides investment services to institutional clients and other accounts advised by affiliates of Capital Research and Management Company. The investment adviser, which is deemed under the Commodity Exchange Act (the “CEA”) to be the operator of the fund, has claimed an exclusion from the definition of the term commodity pool operator under the CEA with respect to the fund and, therefore, is not subject to registration or regulation as such under the CEA with respect to the fund.

The investment adviser has adopted policies and procedures that address issues that may arise as a result of an investment professional's management of the fund and other funds and accounts. Potential issues could involve allocation of investment opportunities and trades among funds and accounts, use of information regarding the timing of fund trades, investment professional compensation and voting relating to portfolio securities. The investment adviser believes that its policies and procedures are reasonably designed to address these issues.

Compensation of investment professionals — As described in the prospectus, the investment adviser uses a system of multiple portfolio managers in managing fund assets. In addition, Capital Research and Management Company's investment analysts may make investment decisions with respect to a portion of a fund's portfolio within their research coverage.

Portfolio managers and investment analysts are paid competitive salaries by Capital Research and Management Company. In addition, they may receive bonuses based on their individual portfolio results. Investment professionals also may participate in profit-sharing plans. The relative mix of compensation represented by bonuses, salary and profit-sharing plans will vary depending on the individual's portfolio results, contributions to the organization and other factors.

To encourage a long-term focus, bonuses based on investment results are calculated by comparing pretax total investment returns to relevant benchmarks over the most recent one-, three-, five- and eight-year periods, with increasing weight placed on each succeeding measurement period. For portfolio managers, benchmarks may include measures of the marketplaces in which the fund invests and measures of the results of comparable mutual funds. For investment analysts, benchmarks may include relevant market measures and appropriate industry or sector indexes reflecting their areas of expertise. Capital Research and Management Company makes periodic subjective assessments of analysts' contributions to the investment process and this is an element of their overall compensation. The investment results of each of the fund's portfolio managers may be measured against one or more benchmarks, depending on his or her investment focus, such as Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index, custom indices of global securities screened by yield that align to the investment objectives and strategies of the fund, and a custom average consisting of funds that disclose investment objectives and strategies comparable to those of the fund. From time to time, Capital Research and Management Company may adjust or customize these benchmarks to better reflect the investment objective of the fund and/or the universe of comparably managed funds of competitive investment management firms.

Portfolio manager fund holdings and other managed accounts — As described below, portfolio managers may personally own shares of the fund. In addition, portfolio managers may manage portions of other mutual funds or accounts advised by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates.

The following table reflects information as of October 31, 2024:

Portfolio manager	Dollar range of fund shares owned ¹	Number of other registered investment companies (RICs) for which portfolio manager is a manager (assets of RICs in billions) ²		Number of other pooled investment vehicles (PIVs) for which portfolio manager is a manager (assets of PIVs in billions) ²		Number of other accounts for which portfolio manager is a manager (assets of other accounts in billions) ^{2,3}	
Aline Avzaradel	Over \$1,000,000	4	\$352.7	6	\$4.82	None	
Alfonso Barroso	Over \$1,000,000	5	\$156.1	5	\$3.07	None	
Grant L. Cambridge	Over \$1,000,000	5	\$257.3	10	\$5.80	2	\$0.24
Charles E. Ellwein	Over \$1,000,000	5	\$149.5	3	\$2.36	None	
David A. Hoag	Over \$1,000,000	8	\$440.3	4	\$23.37	None	
Saurav Jain	\$100,001 - \$500,000	4	\$5.9	5	\$1.51	2	\$0.24
Winnie Kwan	\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	6	\$94.3	3	\$1.30	None	
James B. Lovelace	Over \$1,000,000	5	\$267.6	6	\$4.02	None	
Fergus N. MacDonald	\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	9	\$163.9	6	\$3.51	None	
Caroline Randall	\$100,001 - \$500,000	2	\$128.7	2	\$0.76	None	
William L. Robbins	\$100,001 - \$500,000	7	\$438.7	5	\$25.02	1,416	\$26.87
Steven T. Watson	Over \$1,000,000	9	\$175.5	11	\$22.29	723 ⁴	\$35.65
Philip Winston	\$100,001 - \$500,000	9	\$20.5	15	\$7.27	825 ⁵	\$31.93
Brian Wong	\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	1	\$1.4	2	\$0.76	None	

¹ Ownership disclosure is made using the following ranges: None; \$1 – \$10,000; \$10,001 – \$50,000; \$50,001 – \$100,000; \$100,001 – \$500,000; \$500,001 – \$1,000,000; and Over \$1,000,000.

² Indicates other RIC(s), PIV(s) or other accounts managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates for which the portfolio manager also has significant day to day management responsibilities. Assets noted are the total net assets of the RIC(s), PIV(s) or other accounts and are not the total assets managed by the individual, which is a substantially lower amount. No RIC, PIV or other account has an advisory fee that is based on the performance of the RIC, PIV or other account, unless otherwise noted.

³ Personal brokerage accounts of portfolio managers and their families are not reflected.

⁴ The advisory fee of two of these accounts (representing \$0.28 billion in total assets) is based partially on their investment results.

⁵ The advisory fee of three of these accounts (representing \$2.58 billion in total assets) is based partially on their investment results.

The fund's investment adviser has adopted policies and procedures to mitigate material conflicts of interest that may arise in connection with a portfolio manager's management of the fund, on the one hand, and investments in the other pooled investment vehicles and other accounts, on the other hand, such as material conflicts relating to the allocation of investment opportunities that may be suitable for both the fund and such other accounts.

Investment Advisory and Service Agreement — The Investment Advisory and Service Agreement (the "Agreement") between the fund and the investment adviser will continue in effect until January 31, 2026, unless sooner terminated, and may be renewed from year to year thereafter, provided that any such renewal has been specifically approved at least annually by (a) the board of trustees, or by the vote of a majority (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the outstanding voting securities of the fund, and (b) the vote of a majority of trustees who are not parties to the Agreement or interested persons (as defined in the 1940 Act) of any such party, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The Agreement provides that the investment adviser has no liability to the fund for its acts or omissions in the performance of its obligations to the fund not involving willful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of its obligations under the Agreement. The Agreement also provides that either party has the right to terminate it, without penalty, upon 60 days' written notice to the other party, and that the Agreement automatically terminates in the event of its assignment (as defined in the 1940 Act). In addition, the Agreement provides that the investment adviser may delegate all, or a portion of, its investment management responsibilities to one or more subsidiary advisers approved by the fund's board, pursuant to an agreement between the investment adviser and such subsidiary. Any such subsidiary adviser will be paid solely by the investment adviser out of its fees.

In addition to providing investment advisory services, the investment adviser furnishes the services and pays the compensation and travel expenses of persons to perform the fund's executive, administrative, clerical and bookkeeping functions, and provides suitable office space, necessary small office equipment and utilities, general purpose accounting forms, supplies and postage used at the fund's offices. The fund pays all expenses not assumed by the investment adviser, including, but not limited to: custodian, stock transfer and dividend disbursing fees and expenses; shareholder recordkeeping and administrative expenses; costs of the designing, printing and mailing of reports, prospectuses, proxy statements and notices to its shareholders; taxes; expenses of the issuance and redemption of fund shares (including stock certificates, registration and qualification fees and expenses); expenses pursuant to the fund's plans of distribution (described below); legal and auditing expenses; compensation, fees and expenses paid to independent trustees; association dues; costs of stationery and forms prepared exclusively for the fund; and costs of assembling and storing shareholder account data.

Under the Agreement, the investment adviser receives a management fee based on the following annualized rates and daily net asset levels:

Rate	Net asset level	
	In excess of	Up to
0.240%	\$ 0	\$ 1,000,000,000
0.200	1,000,000,000	2,000,000,000
0.180	2,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
0.165	3,000,000,000	5,000,000,000
0.155	5,000,000,000	8,000,000,000
0.150	8,000,000,000	13,000,000,000
0.145	13,000,000,000	17,000,000,000
0.140	17,000,000,000	21,000,000,000
0.135	21,000,000,000	27,000,000,000
0.130	27,000,000,000	34,000,000,000
0.125	34,000,000,000	44,000,000,000
0.120	44,000,000,000	55,000,000,000
0.117	55,000,000,000	71,000,000,000
0.114	71,000,000,000	89,000,000,000
0.112	89,000,000,000	115,000,000,000
0.110	115,000,000,000	

Management fees are paid monthly and accrued daily.

The Agreement also provides for fees based on monthly gross investment income at the following annualized rates:

Rate	Monthly gross income	
	In excess of	Up to
3.00%	\$ 0	\$100,000,000
2.50	100,000,000	

For the purposes of such computations under the Agreement, the fund's gross investment income is determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and does not reflect any net realized gains or losses on the sale of portfolio securities.

For the fiscal years ended October 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the investment adviser earned from the fund management fees of \$240,969,000, \$234,098,000 and \$233,758,000, respectively.

Administrative services — The investment adviser and its affiliates provide certain administrative services for shareholders of the fund's Class A, C, T, F, R and 529 shares. Administrative services are provided by the investment adviser and its affiliates to help assist third parties providing non-distribution services to fund shareholders. These services include providing in-depth information on the fund and market developments that impact fund investments. Administrative services also include, but are not limited to, coordinating, monitoring and overseeing third parties that provide services to fund shareholders.

These services are provided pursuant to an Administrative Services Agreement (the "Administrative Agreement") between the fund and the investment adviser relating to the fund's Class A, C, T, F, R and 529 shares. The Administrative Agreement will continue in effect until January 31, 2026, unless sooner renewed or terminated, and may be renewed from year to year thereafter, provided that any such renewal has been specifically approved by the vote of a majority of the members of the fund's board who are not parties to the Administrative Agreement or interested persons (as defined in the 1940 Act) of any such party. The fund may terminate the Administrative Agreement at any time by vote of a majority of independent board members. The investment adviser has the right to terminate the Administrative Agreement upon 60 days' written notice to the fund. The Administrative Agreement automatically terminates in the event of its assignment (as defined in the 1940 Act).

The Administrative Services Agreement between the fund and the investment adviser provides the fund the ability to charge an administrative services fee of .05% for all share classes. The fund's investment adviser receives an administrative services fee at the annual rate of .03% of the average daily net assets of the fund attributable to each of the share classes (which could be increased as noted above) for its provision of administrative services. Administrative services fees are paid monthly and accrued daily.

During the 2024 fiscal year, administrative services fees were:

	Administrative services fee
Class A	\$18,404,000
Class C	316,000
Class T	—*
Class F-1	614,000
Class F-2	4,046,000
Class F-3	1,719,000
Class 529-A	670,000
Class 529-C	19,000
Class 529-E	18,000
Class 529-T	—*
Class 529-F-1	—*
Class 529-F-2	56,000
Class 529-F-3	—*
Class R-1	17,000
Class R-2	103,000
Class R-2E	11,000
Class R-3	186,000
Class R-4	132,000
Class R-5E	29,000
Class R-5	78,000
Class R-6	4,901,000

*Amount less than \$1,000.

Principal Underwriter and plans of distribution — Capital Client Group, Inc. (the "Principal Underwriter") is the principal underwriter of the fund's shares. The Principal Underwriter is located at 333 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, CA 90071; 6455 Irvine Center Drive, Irvine, CA 92618; 3500 Wiseman Boulevard, San Antonio, TX 78251; and 12811 North Meridian Street, Carmel, IN 46032.

The Principal Underwriter receives revenues relating to sales of the fund's shares, as follows:

- For Class A and 529-A shares, the Principal Underwriter receives commission revenue consisting of the balance of the Class A and 529-A sales charge remaining after the allowances by the Principal Underwriter to investment dealers.
- For Class C and 529-C shares, the Principal Underwriter receives any contingent deferred sales charges that apply during the first year after purchase.

In addition, the fund reimburses the Principal Underwriter for advancing immediate service fees to qualified dealers and financial professionals upon the sale of Class C and 529-C shares. The fund also reimburses the Principal Underwriter for service fees (and, in the case of Class 529-E shares, commissions) paid on a quarterly basis to intermediaries, such as qualified dealers or financial professionals, in connection with investments in Class T, F-1, 529-E, 529-T, 529-F-1, R-1, R-2, R-2E, R-3 and R-4 shares.

To the extent the fund serves as an underlying investment for certain variable annuity products, the Principal Underwriter may receive compensation from the variable annuity's sponsoring insurance company. These payments generally cover expenses associated with the education and training efforts that the Principal Underwriter provides to the insurance company's sales force.

Commissions, revenue or service fees retained by the Principal Underwriter after allowances or compensation to dealers were:

	Fiscal year	Commissions, revenue or fees retained	Allowance or compensation to dealers
Class A	2024	\$3,225,000	\$13,526,000
	2023	3,916,000	16,384,000
	2022	5,457,000	23,074,000
Class C	2024	122,000	662,000
	2023	180,000	841,000
	2022	244,000	1,267,000
Class 529-A	2024	288,000	1,087,000
	2023	319,000	1,192,000
	2022	361,000	1,350,000
Class 529-C	2024	10,000	106,000
	2023	8,000	115,000
	2022	7,000	138,000

Plans of distribution — The fund has adopted plans of distribution (the “Plans”) pursuant to rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. The Plans permit the fund to expend amounts to finance any activity primarily intended to result in the sale of fund shares, provided the fund’s board of trustees has approved the category of expenses for which payment is being made.

Each Plan is specific to a particular share class of the fund. As the fund has not adopted a Plan for Class F-2, F-3, 529-F-2, 529-F-3, R-5E, R-5 or R-6, no 12b-1 fees are paid from Class F-2, F-3, 529-F-2, 529-F-3, R-5E, R-5 or R-6 share assets and the following disclosure is not applicable to these share classes.

Payments under the Plans may be made for service-related and/or distribution-related expenses. Service-related expenses include paying service fees to qualified dealers. Distribution-related expenses include commissions paid to qualified dealers. The amounts actually paid under the Plans for the past fiscal year, expressed as a percentage of the fund’s average daily net assets attributable to the applicable share class, are disclosed in the prospectus under “Fees and expenses of the fund.” Further information regarding the amounts available under each Plan is in the “Plans of Distribution” section of the prospectus.

Following is a brief description of the Plans:

Class A and 529-A — For Class A and 529-A shares, up to .25% of the fund’s average daily net assets attributable to such shares is reimbursed to the Principal Underwriter for paying service-related expenses, and the balance available under the applicable Plan may be paid to the Principal Underwriter for distribution-related expenses. The fund may annually expend up to .30% for Class A shares and up to .50% for Class 529-A shares under the applicable Plan; however, for Class 529-A shares, the board of trustees has approved payments to the Principal Underwriter of up to .30% of the fund’s average daily net assets, in the aggregate, for paying service- and distribution-related expenses.

Distribution-related expenses for Class A and 529-A shares include dealer commissions and wholesaler compensation paid on sales of shares of \$1 million or more purchased without a sales charge. Commissions on these “no load” purchases (which are described in further detail under the “Sales Charges” section of this statement of additional information) in excess of the Class A and 529-A Plan limitations and not reimbursed to the Principal Underwriter during the most recent fiscal quarter are recoverable for 15 months, provided that the reimbursement of

such commissions does not cause the fund to exceed the annual expense limit. After 15 months, these commissions are not recoverable.

Class T and 529-T — For Class T and 529-T shares, the fund may annually expend up to .50% under the applicable Plan; however, the fund's board of trustees has approved payments to the Principal Underwriter of up to .25% of the fund's average daily net assets attributable to Class T and 529-T shares for paying service-related expenses.

Other share classes — The Plans for each of the other share classes that have adopted Plans provide for payments to the Principal Underwriter for paying service-related and distribution-related expenses of up to the following amounts of the fund's average daily net assets attributable to such shares:

Share class	Service related payments ¹	Distribution related payments ¹	Total allowable under the Plans ²
Class C	0.25%	0.75%	1.00%
Class F-1	0.25	—	0.50
Class 529-C	0.25	0.75	1.00
Class 529-E	0.25	0.25	0.75
Class 529-F-1	0.25	—	0.50
Class R-1	0.25	0.75	1.00
Class R-2	0.25	0.50	1.00
Class R-2E	0.25	0.35	0.85
Class R-3	0.25	0.25	0.75
Class R-4	0.25	—	0.50

1 Amounts in these columns represent the amounts approved by the board of trustees under the applicable Plan.

2 The fund may annually expend the amounts set forth in this column under the current Plans with the approval of the board of trustees.

Payment of service fees — For purchases of less than \$1 million, payment of service fees to investment dealers generally begins accruing immediately after establishment of an account in Class A, C, 529-A or 529-C shares. For purchases of \$1 million or more, payment of service fees to investment dealers generally begins accruing 12 months after establishment of an account in Class A or 529-A shares. Service fees are not paid on certain investments made at net asset value including accounts established by registered representatives and their family members as described in the “Sales charges” section of the prospectus.

During the 2024 fiscal year, 12b-1 expenses accrued and paid, and if applicable, unpaid, were:

	12b-1 expenses	12b-1 unpaid liability outstanding
Class A	\$152,247,000	\$12,783,000
Class C	10,446,000	968,000
Class T	—	—
Class F-1	5,025,000	616,000
Class 529-A	5,172,000	453,000
Class 529-C	616,000	55,000
Class 529-E	296,000	29,000
Class 529-T	—	—
Class 529-F-1	—	—
Class R-1	553,000	51,000
Class R-2	2,566,000	382,000
Class R-2E	218,000	33,000
Class R-3	3,087,000	442,000
Class R-4	1,097,000	153,000

Approval of the Plans — As required by rule 12b-1 and the 1940 Act, the Plans (together with the Principal Underwriting Agreement) have been approved by the full board of trustees and separately by a majority of the independent trustees of the fund who have no direct or indirect financial interest in the operation of the Plans or the Principal Underwriting Agreement. In addition, the selection and nomination of independent trustees of the fund are committed to the discretion of the independent trustees during the existence of the Plans.

Potential benefits of the Plans to the fund and its shareholders include enabling shareholders to obtain advice and other services from a financial professional at a reasonable cost, the likelihood that the Plans will stimulate sales of the fund benefiting the investment process through growth or stability of assets and the ability of shareholders to choose among various alternatives in paying for sales and service. The Plans may not be amended to materially increase the amount spent for distribution without shareholder approval. Plan expenses are reviewed quarterly by the board of trustees and the Plans must be renewed annually by the board of trustees.

A portion of the fund's 12b-1 expense is paid to financial professionals to compensate them for providing ongoing services. If you have questions regarding your investment in the fund or need assistance with your account, please contact your financial professional. If you need a financial professional, please call Capital Client Group, Inc. at (800) 421-4120 for assistance.

Fee to Commonwealth Savers Plan — Class 529 shares are offered to certain American Funds by Commonwealth Savers Plan through CollegeAmerica and Class ABLE shares are offered to certain American Funds by Commonwealth Savers Plan through ABLEAmerica, a tax-advantaged savings program for individuals with disabilities. As compensation for its oversight and administration of the CollegeAmerica and ABLEAmerica savings plans, Commonwealth Savers Plan is entitled to receive a quarterly fee based on the combined net assets invested in Class 529 shares and Class ABLE shares

across all American Funds. The quarterly fee is accrued daily and calculated at the annual rate of .09% on the first \$20 billion of net assets invested in American Funds Class 529 shares and Class ABLE shares, .05% on net assets between \$20 billion and \$75 billion and .03% on net assets over \$75 billion. The fee for any given calendar quarter is accrued and calculated on the basis of average net assets of American Funds Class 529 and Class ABLE shares for the last month of the prior calendar quarter. Commonwealth Savers Plan is currently waiving that portion of its fee attributable to Class ABLE shares. Such waiver is expected to remain in effect until the earlier of (a) the date on which total net assets invested in Class ABLE shares reach \$300 million and (b) June 30, 2028.

Other compensation to dealers — As of March 31, 2024, the top dealers (or their affiliates) that Capital Client Group, Inc. anticipates will receive additional compensation (as described in the prospectus) include:

Osaic

- American Portfolios Advisors, Inc.
- American Portfolios Financial Services, Inc.
- Ladenburg Thalmann & Co Inc.
- Osaic Institutions, Inc.
- Osaic Wealth, Inc.
- Securities America, Inc.
- Triad Advisors LLC
- Woodbury Financial Services, Inc.

Ameriprise

- Ameriprise Financial Services LLC
- Ameriprise Financial Services, Inc.

Atria Wealth Solutions

- Cadaret, Grant & Co., Inc.
- CUSO Financial Services, L.P.
- Grove Point Investments LLC
- NEXT Financial Group, Inc.
- SCF Securities, Inc.
- Sorrento Pacific Financial, LLC
- Western International Securities, Inc.

Avantax Investment Services, Inc.

Cambridge

- Cambridge Investment Research Advisors, Inc.
- Cambridge Investment Research, Inc.

Cetera Financial Group

- Cetera Advisor Networks LLC
- Cetera Advisors LLC
- Cetera Financial Specialists LLC
- Cetera Investment Services LLC

Charles Schwab Network

- Charles Schwab & Co., Inc.
- Charles Schwab Trust Bank

Commonwealth

- Commonwealth Financial Network

Edward Jones

Equitable Advisors

- Equitable Advisors LLC

Fidelity

- Fidelity Investments
- Fidelity Retirement Network
- National Financial Services LLC

J.P. Morgan Chase Banc One

- J.P. Morgan Securities LLC
- JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.

Janney Montgomery Scott

- Janney Montgomery Scott LLC

Kestra

- Kestra Investment Services LLC

Lincoln Network
 Lincoln Financial Advisors Corporation
 Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

LPL Group
 LPL Financial LLC
 Private Advisor Group, LLC

Merrill
 Bank of America Private Bank
 Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated

MML Investors Services
 MML Distributors LLC
 MML Investors Services, LLC

Morgan Stanley Wealth Management

Northwestern Mutual
 Northwestern Mutual Investment Services, LLC

Raymond James Group
 Raymond James & Associates, Inc.
 Raymond James Financial Services Inc.

RBC
 RBC Capital Markets LLC

Robert W. Baird
 Robert W. Baird & Co, Incorporated

Stifel, Nicolaus & Co
 Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated

UBS
 UBS Financial Services, Inc.

Wells Fargo Network
 Wells Fargo Advisors Financial Network, LLC
 Wells Fargo Advisors LLC
 Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.
 Wells Fargo Clearing Services LLC
 Wells Fargo Community Bank Advisors
 Wells Fargo Securities, LLC

Execution of portfolio transactions

The investment adviser places orders with broker-dealers for the fund's portfolio transactions. Purchases and sales of equity securities on a securities exchange or an over-the-counter market are effected through broker-dealers who receive commissions for their services. Generally, commissions relating to securities traded on foreign exchanges will be higher than commissions relating to securities traded on U.S. exchanges and may not be subject to negotiation. Equity securities may also be purchased from underwriters at prices that include underwriting fees. Purchases and sales of fixed income securities are generally made with an issuer or a primary market maker acting as principal with no stated brokerage commission. The price paid to an underwriter for fixed income securities includes underwriting fees. Prices for fixed income securities in secondary trades usually include undisclosed compensation to the market maker reflecting the spread between the bid and ask prices for the securities.

In selecting broker-dealers, the investment adviser strives to obtain "best execution" (the most favorable total price reasonably attainable under the circumstances) for the fund's portfolio transactions, taking into account a variety of factors. These factors include the size and type of transaction, the nature and character of the markets for the security to be purchased or sold, the cost, quality, likely speed and reliability of execution and settlement, the broker-dealer's or execution venue's ability to offer liquidity and anonymity and the trade-off between market impact and opportunity costs. The investment adviser considers these factors, which involve qualitative judgments, when selecting broker-dealers and execution venues for fund portfolio transactions. The investment adviser views best execution as a process that should be evaluated over time as part of an overall relationship with particular broker-dealer firms. The investment adviser and its affiliates negotiate commission rates with broker-dealers based on what they believe is reasonably necessary to obtain best execution. They seek, on an ongoing basis, to determine what the reasonable levels of commission rates for execution services are in the marketplace, taking various considerations into account, including the extent to which a broker-dealer has put its own capital at risk, historical commission rates and commission rates that other institutional investors are paying. The fund does not consider the investment adviser as having an obligation to obtain the lowest commission rate available for a portfolio transaction to the exclusion of price, service and qualitative considerations. Brokerage commissions are only a small part of total execution costs and other factors, such as market impact and speed of execution, contribute significantly to overall transaction costs.

The investment adviser may execute portfolio transactions with broker-dealers who provide certain brokerage and/or investment research services to it but only when in the investment adviser's judgment the broker-dealer is capable of providing best execution for that transaction. The investment adviser makes decisions for procurement of research separately and distinctly from decisions on the choice of brokerage and execution services. The receipt of these research services permits the investment adviser to supplement its own research and analysis and makes available the views of, and information from, individuals and the research staffs of other firms. Such views and information may be provided in the form of written reports, telephone contacts and meetings with securities analysts. These services may include, among other things, reports and other communications with respect to individual companies, industries, countries and regions, economic, political and legal developments, as well as scheduling meetings with corporate executives and seminars and conferences related to relevant subject matters. Research services that the investment adviser receives from broker-dealers may be used by the investment adviser in servicing the fund and other funds and accounts that it advises; however, not all such services will necessarily benefit the fund.

The investment adviser bears the cost of all third-party investment research services for all client accounts it advises. However, in order to compensate certain U.S. broker-dealers for research consumed, and valued, by the investment adviser's investment professionals, the investment adviser continues to operate a limited commission sharing arrangement with commissions on equity trades for certain registered investment companies it advises. The investment adviser voluntarily reimburses such

registered investment companies for all amounts collected into the commission sharing arrangement. In order to operate the commission sharing arrangement, the investment adviser may cause such registered investment companies to pay commissions in excess of what other broker-dealers might have charged for certain portfolio transactions in recognition of brokerage and/or investment research services. In this regard, the investment adviser has adopted a brokerage allocation procedure consistent with the requirements of Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Section 28(e) permits the investment adviser and its affiliates to cause an account to pay a higher commission to a broker-dealer to compensate the broker-dealer or another service provider for certain brokerage and/or investment research services provided to the investment adviser and its affiliates, if the investment adviser and each affiliate makes a good faith determination that such commissions are reasonable in relation to the value of the services provided by such broker-dealer to the investment adviser and its affiliates in terms of that particular transaction or the investment adviser's overall responsibility to the fund and other accounts that it advises. Certain brokerage and/or investment research services may not necessarily benefit all accounts paying commissions to each such broker-dealer; therefore, the investment adviser and its affiliates assess the reasonableness of commissions in light of the total brokerage and investment research services provided to the investment adviser and its affiliates. Further, investment research services may be used by all investment associates of the investment adviser and its affiliates, regardless of whether they advise accounts with trading activity that generates eligible commissions.

In accordance with their internal brokerage allocation procedure, the investment adviser and its affiliates periodically assess the brokerage and investment research services provided by each broker-dealer and each other service provider from which they receive such services. As part of its ongoing relationships, the investment adviser and its affiliates routinely meet with firms to discuss the level and quality of the brokerage and research services provided, as well as the value and cost of such services. In valuing the brokerage and investment research services the investment adviser and its affiliates receive from broker-dealers and other research providers in connection with its good faith determination of reasonableness, the investment adviser and its affiliates take various factors into consideration, including the quantity, quality and usefulness of the services to the investment adviser and its affiliates. Based on this information and applying their judgment, the investment adviser and its affiliates set an annual research budget.

Research analysts and portfolio managers periodically participate in a research poll to determine the usefulness and value of the research provided by individual broker-dealers and research providers. Based on the results of this research poll, the investment adviser and its affiliates may, through commission sharing arrangements with certain broker-dealers, direct a portion of commissions paid to a broker-dealer by the fund and other registered investment companies managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates to be used to compensate the broker-dealer and/or other research providers for research services they provide. While the investment adviser and its affiliates may negotiate commission rates and enter into commission sharing arrangements with certain broker-dealers with the expectation that such broker-dealers will be providing brokerage and research services, none of the investment adviser, any of its affiliates or any of their clients incurs any obligation to any broker-dealer to pay for research by generating trading commissions. The investment adviser and its affiliates negotiate prices for certain research that may be paid through commission sharing arrangements or by themselves with cash.

When executing portfolio transactions in the same equity security for the funds and accounts, or portions of funds and accounts, over which the investment adviser, through its equity investment divisions, has investment discretion, each investment division within the adviser and its affiliates normally aggregates its respective purchases or sales and executes them as part of the same transaction or series of transactions. When executing portfolio transactions in the same fixed income security for the fund and the other funds or accounts over which it or one of its affiliated companies has investment discretion, the investment adviser normally aggregates such purchases or sales and executes them as part of the same transaction or series of transactions. The objective of aggregating

purchases and sales of a security is to allocate executions in an equitable manner among the funds and other accounts that have concurrently authorized a transaction in such security. The investment adviser and its affiliates serve as investment adviser for certain accounts that are designed to be substantially similar to another account. This type of account will often generate a large number of relatively small trades when it is rebalanced to its reference fund due to differing cash flows or when the account is initially started up. The investment adviser may not aggregate program trades or electronic list trades executed as part of this process. Non-aggregated trades performed for these accounts will be allocated entirely to that account. This is done only when the investment adviser believes doing so will not have a material impact on the price or quality of other transactions.

The investment adviser currently owns a minority interest in IEX Group and alternative trading systems, Luminex ATS and Level ATS (through a minority interest in their common parent holding company). The investment adviser, or brokers with which the investment adviser places orders, may place orders on these or other exchanges or alternative trading systems in which it, or one of its affiliates, has an ownership interest, provided such ownership interest is less than five percent of the total ownership interests in the entity. The investment adviser is subject to the same best execution obligations when trading on any such exchange or alternative trading systems.

Purchase and sale transactions may be effected directly among and between certain funds or accounts advised by the investment adviser or its affiliates, including the fund. The investment adviser maintains cross-trade policies and procedures and places a cross-trade only when such a trade is in the best interest of all participating clients and is not prohibited by the participating funds' or accounts' investment management agreement or applicable law.

The investment adviser may place orders for the fund's portfolio transactions with broker-dealers who have sold shares of the funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliated companies; however, it does not consider whether a broker-dealer has sold shares of the funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliated companies when placing any such orders for the fund's portfolio transactions.

Purchases and sales of futures contracts for the fund will be effected through executing brokers and FCMs that specialize in the types of futures contracts that the fund expects to hold. The investment adviser will use reasonable efforts to choose executing brokers and FCMs capable of providing the services necessary to obtain the most favorable price and execution available. The full range and quality of services available will be considered in making these determinations. The investment adviser will monitor the executing brokers and FCMs used for purchases and sales of futures contracts for their ability to execute trades based on many factors, such as the sizes of the orders, the difficulty of executions, the operational facilities of the firm involved and other factors.

Forward currency contracts are traded directly between currency traders (usually large commercial banks) and their customers. The cost to the fund of engaging in such contracts varies with factors such as the currency involved, the length of the contract period and the market conditions then prevailing. Because such contracts are entered into on a principal basis, their prices usually include undisclosed compensation to the market maker reflecting the spread between the bid and ask prices for the contracts. The fund may incur additional fees in connection with the purchase or sale of certain contracts.

Brokerage commissions (net of any reimbursements described below) paid on portfolio transactions for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 amounted to \$20,567,000, \$14,562,000 and \$16,035,000, respectively. The investment adviser is reimbursing the fund for all amounts collected into the commission sharing arrangement. For the fiscal years ended October 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the investment adviser reimbursed the fund \$662,000, \$547,000 and \$502,000, respectively, for commissions paid to broker-dealers through a commission sharing arrangement to compensate such broker-dealers for research services. Changes in the dollar amount of brokerage

commissions paid by the fund over the last three fiscal years resulted from changes in the volume of trading activity and/or the amount of commissions used to pay for research services through a commission sharing arrangement.

The fund is required to disclose information regarding investments in the securities of its “regular” broker-dealers (or parent companies of its regular broker-dealers) that derive more than 15% of their revenue from broker-dealer, underwriter or investment adviser activities. A regular broker-dealer is (a) one of the 10 broker-dealers that received from the fund the largest amount of brokerage commissions by participating, directly or indirectly, in the fund’s portfolio transactions during the fund’s most recently completed fiscal year; (b) one of the 10 broker-dealers that engaged as principal in the largest dollar amount of portfolio transactions of the fund during the fund’s most recently completed fiscal year; or (c) one of the 10 broker-dealers that sold the largest amount of securities of the fund during the fund’s most recently completed fiscal year. At the end of the fund’s most recently completed fiscal year, the fund’s regular broker-dealers included Bank of America, N.A., Citigroup Inc., Goldman Sachs Group, Inc., J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, UBS Group AG and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC. At the end of the fund’s most recently completed fiscal year, the fund held debt securities of Bank of America, N.A. in the amount of \$14,321,000, Citigroup Inc. in the amount of \$15,825,000, Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. in the amount of \$46,333,000, and UBS Group AG in the amount of \$18,122,000. The fund held debt and equity securities of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC in the amount of \$1,607,608,000, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC in the amount of \$1,093,646,000 and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC in the amount of \$306,357,000.

Disclosure of portfolio holdings

The fund's investment adviser, on behalf of the fund, has adopted policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of information about fund portfolio securities. These policies and procedures have been reviewed by the fund's board of trustees, and compliance will be periodically assessed by the board in connection with reporting from the fund's Chief Compliance Officer.

Under these policies and procedures, the fund's complete list of portfolio holdings available for public disclosure, dated as of the end of each calendar quarter, is permitted to be posted on the Capital Group website no earlier than the 10th day after such calendar quarter. In practice, the publicly disclosed portfolio is typically posted on the Capital Group website within 30 days after the end of the calendar quarter. The publicly disclosed portfolio may exclude certain securities when deemed to be in the best interest of the fund as permitted by applicable regulations. In addition, the fund's list of top 10 portfolio holdings measured by percentage of net assets, dated as of the end of each calendar month, is permitted to be posted on the Capital Group website no earlier than the 10th day after such month for equity securities, and no earlier than the 30th day after such month for fixed income securities. The fund's list of top 10 portfolio holdings for equity and fixed income securities is permitted to be posted no earlier than the 10th day after the final month of each calendar quarter. For multi-asset funds, the fund's list of top 10 portfolio holdings for equity and fixed income securities is permitted to be posted each month, based on the same timeframes described above. Such portfolio holdings information may be disclosed to any person pursuant to an ongoing arrangement to disclose portfolio holdings information to such person no earlier than one day after the day on which the information is posted on the Capital Group website. The investment adviser may disclose individual holdings more frequently on the Capital Group website if it determines it is in the best interest of the fund.

Certain intermediaries are provided additional information about the fund's management team, including information on the fund's portfolio securities they have selected. This information is provided to larger intermediaries that require the information to make the fund available for investment on the firm's platform. Intermediaries receiving the information are required to keep it confidential and use it only to analyze the fund.

The fund's custodian, outside counsel, auditor, financial printers, proxy voting and class action claims processing service providers, pricing information vendors, consultants or agents operating under a contract with the investment adviser or its affiliates, co-litigants (such as in connection with a bankruptcy proceeding related to a fund holding) and certain other third parties described below, each of which requires portfolio holdings information for legitimate business and fund oversight purposes, may receive fund portfolio holdings information earlier. See the "General information" section in this statement of additional information for further information about the fund's custodian, outside counsel and auditor.

The fund's portfolio holdings, dated as of the end of each calendar month, are made available to up to 20 key broker-dealer relationships and up to 10 key global consulting firms with research departments to help them evaluate the fund for eligibility on approved lists or in model portfolios. These firms include certain of those listed under the "Other compensation to dealers" section of this statement of additional information and certain broker-dealer firms that offer trading platforms for registered investment advisers. Monthly holdings may be provided to these intermediaries no earlier than the 10th day after the end of the calendar month. In practice, monthly holdings are provided within 30 days after the end of the calendar month. Holdings may also be disclosed more frequently to certain statistical and data collection agencies including Morningstar, Lipper, Inc., Value Line, Vickers Stock Research, Bloomberg and Thomson Financial Research. Intermediaries receiving the information are required to keep it confidential and use it only to analyze the fund.

Affiliated persons of the fund, including officers of the fund and employees of the investment adviser and its affiliates, who receive portfolio holdings information are subject to restrictions and limitations on the use and handling of such information pursuant to applicable codes of ethics, including requirements not to trade in securities based on confidential and proprietary investment information, to maintain the confidentiality of such information, and to pre-clear securities trades and report securities transactions activity, as applicable. For more information on these restrictions and limitations, please see the "Code of ethics" section in this statement of additional information and the Code of Ethics. Third-party service providers of the fund and other entities, as described in this statement of additional information, receiving such information are subject to confidentiality obligations and obligations that would prohibit them from trading in securities based on such information. When portfolio holdings information is disclosed other than through the Capital Group website to persons not affiliated with the fund, such persons will be bound by agreements (including confidentiality agreements) or fiduciary or other obligations that restrict and limit their use of the information to legitimate business uses only. None of the fund, its investment adviser or any of their affiliates receives compensation or other consideration in connection with the disclosure of information about portfolio securities.

Subject to board policies, the authority to disclose a fund's portfolio holdings, and to establish policies with respect to such disclosure, resides with the appropriate investment-related committees of the fund's investment adviser. In exercising their authority, the committees determine whether disclosure of information about the fund's portfolio securities is appropriate and in the best interest of fund shareholders. The investment adviser has implemented policies and procedures to address conflicts of interest that may arise from the disclosure of fund holdings. For example, the investment adviser's code of ethics specifically requires, among other things, the safeguarding of information about fund holdings and contains prohibitions designed to prevent the personal use of confidential, proprietary investment information in a way that would conflict with fund transactions. In addition, the investment adviser believes that its current policy of not selling portfolio holdings information and not disclosing such information to unaffiliated third parties until such holdings have been made public on the Capital Group website (other than to certain fund service providers and other third parties for legitimate business and fund oversight purposes) helps reduce potential conflicts of interest between fund shareholders and the investment adviser and its affiliates.

The fund's investment adviser and its affiliates provide investment advice to individuals and financial intermediaries that have investment objectives that may be substantially similar to those of the fund. These clients also may have portfolios consisting of holdings substantially similar to those of the fund and generally have access to current portfolio holdings information for their accounts. These clients do not owe the fund's investment adviser or the fund a duty of confidentiality with respect to disclosure of their portfolio holdings.

Price of shares

Shares are purchased at the offering price or sold at the net asset value price next determined after the purchase or sell order is received by the fund or the Transfer Agent provided that your request contains all information and legal documentation necessary to process the transaction. The Transfer Agent may accept written orders for the sale of fund shares on a future date. These orders are subject to the Transfer Agent's policies, which generally allow shareholders to provide a written request to sell shares at the net asset value on a specified date no more than five business days after receipt of the order by the Transfer Agent. Any request to sell shares on a future date will be rejected if the request is not in writing, if the requested transaction date is more than five business days after the Transfer Agent receives the request or if the request does not contain all information and legal documentation necessary to process the transaction.

The offering or net asset value price is effective for orders received prior to the time of determination of the net asset value and, in the case of orders placed with dealers or their authorized designees, accepted by the Principal Underwriter, the Transfer Agent, a dealer or any of their designees. In the case of orders sent directly to the fund or the Transfer Agent, an investment dealer should be indicated. The dealer is responsible for promptly transmitting purchase and sell orders to the Principal Underwriter.

Prices that appear in newspapers and websites do not always indicate prices at which you will be purchasing and redeeming shares of the fund, since such prices generally reflect the previous day's closing price, while purchases and redemptions are made at the next calculated price. The price you pay for shares, the offering price, is based on the net asset value per share, which is calculated once daily as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange, normally 4 p.m. New York time, each day the New York Stock Exchange is open. If the New York Stock Exchange makes a scheduled (e.g., the day after Thanksgiving) or an unscheduled close prior to 4 p.m. New York time, the net asset value of the fund will be determined at approximately the time the New York Stock Exchange closes on that day. If on such a day market quotations and prices from third-party pricing services are not based as of the time of the early close of the New York Stock Exchange but are as of a later time (up to approximately 4 p.m. New York time), for example because the market remains open after the close of the New York Stock Exchange, those later market quotations and prices will be used in determining the fund's net asset value.

Orders in good order received after the New York Stock Exchange closes (scheduled or unscheduled) will be processed at the net asset value (plus any applicable sales charge) calculated on the following business day. The New York Stock Exchange is currently closed on weekends and on the following holidays: New Year's Day; Martin Luther King Jr. Day; Presidents' Day; Good Friday; Memorial Day; Juneteenth National Independence Day; Independence Day; Labor Day; Thanksgiving Day; and Christmas Day. Each share class of the fund has a separately calculated net asset value (and share price).

Orders received by the investment dealer or authorized designee, the Transfer Agent or the fund after the time of the determination of the net asset value will be entered at the next calculated offering price. Note that investment dealers or other intermediaries may have their own rules about share transactions and may have earlier cut-off times than those of the fund. For more information about how to purchase through your intermediary, contact your intermediary directly.

All portfolio securities of funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company (other than American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund) are valued, and the net asset values per share for each share class are determined, as indicated below. The fund follows standard industry practice by typically reflecting changes in its holdings of portfolio securities on the first business day following a portfolio trade.

Equity securities, including depositary receipts, exchange-traded funds, and certain convertible preferred stocks that trade on an exchange or market, are generally valued at the official closing price of, or the last reported sale price on, the exchange or market on which such securities are traded, as of the close of business on the day the securities are being valued or, lacking any sales, at the last available bid price. Prices for each security are taken from the principal exchange or market on which the security trades.

Exchange-traded options and futures are generally valued at the official closing price for options and official settlement price for futures on the exchange or market on which such instruments are traded, as of the close of business on the day such instruments are being valued.

Fixed income securities, including short-term securities, are generally valued at evaluated prices obtained from third-party pricing vendors. Vendors value such securities based on one or more inputs that may include, among other things, benchmark yields, transactions, bids, offers, quotations from dealers and trading systems, new issues, underlying equity of the issuer, interest rate volatilities, spreads and other relationships observed in the markets among comparable securities and proprietary pricing models such as yield measures calculated using factors such as cash flows, prepayment information, default rates, delinquency and loss assumptions, financial or collateral characteristics or performance, credit enhancements, liquidation value calculations, specific deal information and other reference data.

Forward currency contracts are valued based on the spot and forward exchange rates obtained from a third-party pricing vendor.

Futures contracts are generally valued at the official settlement price of, or the last reported sale price on, the principal exchange or market on which such instruments are traded, as of the close of business on the day the contracts are being valued or, lacking any sales, at the last available bid price.

Swaps, including interest rate swaps, total return swaps and positions in credit default swap indices, are generally valued using evaluated prices obtained from third-party pricing vendors who calculate these values based on market inputs that may include yields of the indices referenced in the instrument and the relevant curve, dealer quotes, default probabilities and recovery rates, other reference data, and terms of the contract.

Options are valued using market quotations or valuations provided by one or more pricing vendors. Similar to futures, options may also be valued at the official settlement price if listed on an exchange.

Securities and other assets for which representative market quotations are not readily available or are considered unreliable by the investment adviser are valued at fair value as determined in good faith under fair value guidelines adopted by the investment adviser and approved by the fund's board. Subject to board oversight, the fund's board has designated the fund's investment adviser to make fair valuation determinations, which are directed by a valuation committee established by the fund's investment adviser. The board receives regular reports describing fair valued securities and the valuation methods used.

As a general principle, these guidelines consider relevant company, market and other data and considerations to determine the price that the fund might reasonably expect to receive if such fair valued securities were sold in an orderly transaction. Fair valuations may differ materially from valuations that would have been used had greater market activity occurred. The investment adviser's valuation committee considers relevant indications of value that are reasonably and timely available to it in determining the fair value to be assigned to a particular security, such as the type and cost of the security, restrictions on resale of the security, relevant financial or business developments of the issuer, actively traded similar or related securities and transactions, dealer or broker quotes, conversion or

exchange rights on the security, related corporate actions, significant events occurring after the close of trading in the security and changes in overall market conditions. The valuation committee employs additional fair value procedures to address issues related to equity securities that trade principally in markets outside the United States. Such securities may trade in markets that open and close at different times, reflecting time zone differences. If significant events occur after the close of a market (and before the fund's net asset values are next determined) which affect the value of equity securities held in the fund's portfolio, appropriate adjustments from closing market prices may be made to reflect these events. Events of this type could include, for example, earthquakes and other natural disasters or significant price changes in other markets (e.g., U.S. stock markets).

Certain short-term securities, such as variable rate demand notes or repurchase agreements involving securities fully collateralized by cash or U.S. government securities, are valued at par.

Assets and liabilities, including investment securities, denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars are translated into U.S. dollars, prior to the next determination of the net asset value of the fund's shares, at the exchange rates obtained from a third-party pricing vendor.

Each class of shares represents interests in the same portfolio of investments and is identical in all respects to each other class, except for differences relating to distribution, service and other charges and expenses, certain voting rights, differences relating to eligible investors, the designation of each class of shares, conversion features and exchange privileges. Expenses attributable to the fund, but not to a particular class of shares, are borne by each class pro rata based on the relative aggregate net assets of the classes. Expenses directly attributable to a class of shares are borne by that class of shares. Liabilities attributable to particular share classes, such as liabilities for repurchase of fund shares, are deducted from total assets attributable to such share classes.

Net assets so obtained for each share class are then divided by the total number of shares outstanding of that share class, and the result, rounded to the nearest cent, is the net asset value per share for that class.

Taxes and distributions

Disclaimer: Some of the following information may not apply to certain shareholders, including those holding fund shares in a tax-favored account, such as a retirement plan or education savings account. Shareholders should consult their tax advisors about the application of federal, state and local tax law in light of their particular situation.

Taxation as a regulated investment company — The fund intends to qualify each year as a “regulated investment company” under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), so that it will not be liable for federal tax on income and capital gains distributed to shareholders. In order to qualify as a regulated investment company, and avoid being subject to federal income taxes, the fund intends to distribute substantially all of its net investment income and realized net capital gains on a fiscal year basis, and intends to comply with other tests applicable to regulated investment companies under Subchapter M.

The Code includes savings provisions allowing the fund to cure inadvertent failures of certain qualification tests required under Subchapter M. However, should the fund fail to qualify under Subchapter M, the fund would be subject to federal, and possibly state, corporate taxes on its taxable income and gains.

Amounts not distributed by the fund on a timely basis in accordance with a calendar year distribution requirement may be subject to a nondeductible 4% excise tax. Unless an applicable exception applies, to avoid the tax, the fund must distribute during each calendar year an amount equal to the sum of (a) at least 98% of its ordinary income (not taking into account any capital gains or losses) for the calendar year, (b) at least 98.2% of its capital gains in excess of its capital losses for the twelve month period ending on October 31, and (c) all ordinary income and capital gains for previous years that were not distributed during such years and on which the fund paid no U.S. federal income tax.

Dividends paid by the fund from ordinary income or from an excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss are taxable to shareholders as ordinary income dividends. Shareholders of the fund that are individuals and meet certain holding period requirements with respect to their fund shares may be eligible for reduced tax rates on “qualified dividend income,” if any, distributed by the fund to such shareholders.

The fund may declare a capital gain distribution consisting of the excess of net realized long-term capital gains over net realized short-term capital losses. Net capital gains for a fiscal year are computed by taking into account any capital loss carryforward of the fund.

The fund may retain a portion of net capital gain for reinvestment and may elect to treat such capital gain as having been distributed to shareholders of the fund. Shareholders may receive a credit for the tax that the fund paid on such undistributed net capital gain and would increase the basis in their shares of the fund by the difference between the amount of includible gains and the tax deemed paid by the shareholder.

Distributions of net capital gain that the fund properly reports as a capital gain distribution generally will be taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of the length of time the shares of the fund have been held by a shareholder. Any loss realized upon the redemption of shares held at the time of redemption for six months or less from the date of their purchase will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any capital gain distributions (including any undistributed amounts treated as distributed capital gains, as described above) during such six-month period.

Capital gain distributions by the fund result in a reduction in the net asset value of the fund's shares. Investors should consider the tax implications of buying shares just prior to a capital gain distribution.

The price of shares purchased at that time includes the amount of the forthcoming distribution. Those purchasing just prior to a distribution will subsequently receive a partial return of their investment capital upon payment of the distribution, which will be taxable to them.

Individuals (and certain other non-corporate entities) are generally eligible for a 20% deduction with respect to taxable ordinary REIT dividends through 2025. Applicable Treasury regulations allow the fund to pass through to its shareholders such taxable ordinary REIT dividends. Accordingly, individual (and certain other non-corporate) shareholders of the fund that have received such taxable ordinary REIT dividends may be able to take advantage of this 20% deduction with respect to any such amounts passed through.

Redemptions and exchanges of fund shares — Redemptions of shares, including exchanges for shares of other American Funds, may result in federal, state and local tax consequences (gain or loss) to the shareholder.

Any loss realized on a redemption or exchange of shares of the fund will be disallowed to the extent substantially identical shares are reacquired within the 61-day period beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after the shares are disposed of. Any loss disallowed under this rule will be added to the shareholder's tax basis in the new shares purchased.

If a shareholder exchanges or otherwise disposes of shares of the fund within 90 days of having acquired such shares, and if, as a result of having acquired those shares, the shareholder subsequently pays a reduced or no sales charge for shares of the fund, or of a different fund acquired before January 31st of the year following the year the shareholder exchanged or otherwise disposed of the original fund shares, the sales charge previously incurred in acquiring the fund's shares will not be taken into account (to the extent such previous sales charges do not exceed the reduction in sales charges) for the purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss on the exchange, but will be treated as having been incurred in the acquisition of such other fund(s).

Tax consequences of investing in non-U.S. securities — Dividend and interest income received by the fund from sources outside the United States may be subject to withholding and other taxes imposed by such foreign jurisdictions. Tax conventions between certain countries and the United States, however, may reduce or eliminate these foreign taxes. Some foreign countries impose taxes on capital gains with respect to investments by foreign investors.

If more than 50% of the value of the total assets of the fund at the close of the taxable year consists of securities of foreign corporations, the fund may elect to pass through to shareholders the foreign taxes paid by the fund. If such an election is made, shareholders may claim a credit or deduction on their federal income tax returns for, and will be required to treat as part of the amounts distributed to them, their pro rata portion of qualified taxes paid by the fund to foreign countries. The application of the foreign tax credit depends upon the particular circumstances of each shareholder.

Foreign currency gains and losses, including the portion of gain or loss on the sale of debt securities attributable to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, are generally taxable as ordinary income or loss. These gains or losses may increase or decrease the amount of dividends payable by the fund to shareholders. A fund may elect to treat gain and loss on certain foreign currency contracts as capital gain and loss instead of ordinary income or loss.

If the fund invests in stock of certain passive foreign investment companies (PFICs), the fund intends to mark-to-market these securities and recognize any gains at the end of its fiscal and excise tax years. Deductions for losses are allowable only to the extent of any previously recognized gains. Both gains and losses will be treated as ordinary income or loss, and the fund is required to distribute any

resulting income. If the fund is unable to identify an investment as a PFIC security and thus does not make a timely mark-to-market election, the fund may be subject to adverse tax consequences.

Tax consequences of investing in derivatives — The fund may enter into transactions involving derivatives, such as futures, swaps, options and forward contracts. Special tax rules may apply to these types of transactions that could defer losses to the fund, accelerate the fund's income, alter the holding period of certain securities or change the classification of capital gains. These tax rules may therefore impact the amount, timing and character of fund distributions.

Discount — Certain bonds acquired by the fund, such as zero coupon bonds, may be treated as bonds that were originally issued at a discount. Original issue discount represents interest for federal income tax purposes and is generally defined as the difference between the price at which a bond was issued (or the price at which it was deemed issued for federal income tax purposes) and its stated redemption price at maturity. Original issue discount is treated for federal income tax purposes as tax exempt income earned by a fund over the term of the bond, and therefore is subject to the distribution requirements of the Code. The annual amount of income earned on such a bond by a fund generally is determined on the basis of a constant yield to maturity which takes into account the semiannual compounding of accrued interest (including original issue discount). Certain bonds acquired by the fund may also provide for contingent interest and/or principal. In such a case, rules similar to those for original issue discount bonds would require the accrual of income based on an assumed yield that may exceed the actual interest payments on the bond.

Some of the bonds may be acquired by a fund on the secondary market at a discount which exceeds the original issue discount, if any, on such bonds. This additional discount constitutes market discount for federal income tax purposes. Any gain recognized on the disposition of any bond having market discount generally will be treated as taxable ordinary income to the extent it does not exceed the accrued market discount on such bond (unless a fund elects to include market discount in income in the taxable years to which it is attributable). Realized accrued market discount on obligations that pay tax-exempt interest is nonetheless taxable. Generally, market discount accrues on a daily basis for each day the bond is held by a fund at a constant rate over the time remaining to the bond's maturity. In the case of any debt instrument having a fixed maturity date of not more than one year from date of issue, the gain realized on disposition will be treated as short-term capital gain. Some of the bonds acquired by a fund with a fixed maturity date of one year or less from the date of their issuance may be treated as having original issue discount or, in certain cases, "acquisition discount" (generally, the excess of a bond's stated redemption price at maturity over its acquisition price). A fund will be required to include any such original issue discount or acquisition discount in taxable ordinary income. The rate at which such acquisition discount and market discount accrues, and is thus included in a fund's investment company taxable income, will depend upon which of the permitted accrual methods the fund elects.

Other tax considerations — After the end of each calendar year, individual shareholders holding fund shares in taxable accounts will receive a statement of the federal income tax status of all distributions. Shareholders of the fund also may be subject to state and local taxes on distributions received from the fund.

For fund shares acquired on or after January 1, 2012, the fund is required to report cost basis information for redemptions, including exchanges, to both shareholders and the IRS.

Shareholders may obtain more information about cost basis online at capitalgroup.com/costbasis.

Under the backup withholding provisions of the Code, the fund generally will be required to withhold federal income tax on all payments made to a shareholder if the shareholder either does not furnish the fund with the shareholder's correct taxpayer identification number or fails to certify that the

shareholder is not subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding also applies if the IRS notifies the shareholder or the fund that the taxpayer identification number provided by the shareholder is incorrect or that the shareholder has previously failed to properly report interest or dividend income.

The foregoing discussion of U.S. federal income tax law relates solely to the application of that law to U.S. persons (i.e., U.S. citizens and legal residents and U.S. corporations, partnerships, trusts and estates). Each shareholder who is not a U.S. person should consider the U.S. and foreign tax consequences of ownership of shares of the fund, including the possibility that such a shareholder may be subject to U.S. withholding taxes.

Unless otherwise noted, all references in the following pages to Class A, C, T or F shares also refer to the corresponding Class 529-A, 529-C, 529-T or 529-F shares. Class 529 shareholders should also refer to the applicable program description for information on policies and services specifically relating to these accounts. Shareholders holding shares through an eligible retirement plan should contact their plan's administrator or recordkeeper for information regarding purchases, sales and exchanges.

Purchase and exchange of shares

Purchases by individuals — As described in the prospectus, you may generally open an account and purchase fund shares by contacting a financial professional or investment dealer authorized to sell the fund's shares. You may make investments by any of the following means:

Contacting your financial professional — Deliver or mail a check to your financial professional.

By mail — For initial investments, you may mail a check, made payable to the fund, directly to the address indicated on the account application. Please indicate an investment dealer on the account application. You may make additional investments by filling out the "Account Additions" form at the bottom of a recent transaction confirmation and mailing the form, along with a check made payable to the fund, using the envelope provided with your confirmation.

The amount of time it takes for us to receive regular U.S. postal mail may vary and there is no assurance that we will receive such mail on the day you expect. Mailing addresses for regular U.S. postal mail can be found in the prospectus. To send investments or correspondence to us via overnight mail or courier service, use either of the following addresses:

American Funds

12711 North Meridian Street

Carmel, IN 46032-9181

American Funds

5300 Robin Hood Road

Norfolk, VA 23513-2407

By telephone — Calling American Funds Service Company. Please see the "Shareholder account services and privileges" section of this statement of additional information for more information regarding this service.

By Internet — Using capitalgroup.com. Please see the "Shareholder account services and privileges" section of this statement of additional information for more information regarding this service.

By wire — If you are making a wire transfer, instruct your bank to wire funds to:

Wells Fargo Bank

ABA Routing No. 121000248

Account No. 4600-076178

Your bank should include the following information when wiring funds:

For credit to the account of:

American Funds Service Company

(fund's name)

For further credit to:

(shareholder's fund account number)

(shareholder's name)

You may contact American Funds Service Company at (800) 421-4225 if you have questions about making wire transfers.

Other purchase information — Class 529 shares may be purchased only through CollegeAmerica by investors establishing qualified higher education savings accounts. Class 529-E shares may be purchased only by investors participating in CollegeAmerica through an eligible employer plan. American Funds state tax-exempt funds are qualified for sale only in certain jurisdictions, and tax-exempt funds in general should not serve as retirement plan investments. In addition, the fund and the Principal Underwriter reserve the right to reject any purchase order.

Class R-5 and R-6 shares may be made available to certain charitable foundations organized and maintained by The Capital Group Companies, Inc. or its affiliates. Class R-6 shares are also available to corporate investment accounts established by The Capital Group Companies, Inc. and its affiliates.

Class R-5 and R-6 shares may also be made available to Commonwealth Savers Plan for use in the Virginia Education Savings Trust and the Virginia Prepaid Education Program and other registered investment companies approved by the fund's investment adviser or distributor. Class R-6 shares are also available to other post employment benefits plans.

Class F-2 shares may be made available to other registered investment companies approved by the fund.

Purchase minimums and maximums — All investments are subject to the purchase minimums and maximums described in the prospectus. As noted in the prospectus, purchase minimums may be waived or reduced in certain cases.

In the case of American Funds non-tax-exempt funds, the initial purchase minimum of \$25 may be waived for the following account types:

- Payroll deduction retirement plan accounts (such as, but not limited to, 403(b), 401(k), SIMPLE IRA, SARSEP and deferred compensation plan accounts); and
- Employer-sponsored CollegeAmerica accounts.

The following account types may be established without meeting the initial purchase minimum:

- Retirement accounts that are funded with employer contributions; and
- Accounts that are funded with monies set by court decree.

The following account types may be established without meeting the initial purchase minimum, but shareholders wishing to invest in two or more funds must meet the normal initial purchase minimum of each fund:

- Accounts that are funded with (a) transfers of assets, (b) rollovers from retirement plans, (c) rollovers from 529 college savings plans or (d) required minimum distribution automatic exchanges; and
- American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund accounts registered in the name of clients of Capital Group Private Client Services.

Certain accounts held on the fund's books, known as omnibus accounts, contain multiple underlying accounts that are invested in shares of the fund. These underlying accounts are maintained by entities such as financial intermediaries and are subject to the applicable initial purchase minimums as described in the prospectus and this statement of additional information. However, in the case where the entity maintaining these accounts aggregates the accounts' purchase orders for fund shares, such accounts are not required to meet the fund's minimum amount for subsequent purchases.

Exchanges — With the exception of Class T shares, for which rights of exchange are not generally available, you may only exchange shares without a sales charge into other American Funds within the same share class; however, Class A, C, T or F shares may also generally be exchanged without a sales charge for the corresponding 529 share class. Clients of Capital Group Private Client Services may exchange the shares of the fund for those of any other fund(s) managed by Capital Research and Management Company or its affiliates.

Notwithstanding the above, exchanges from Class A shares of American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund may be made to Class C shares of other American Funds for dollar cost averaging purposes.

Exchange purchases are subject to the minimum investment requirements of the fund purchased and no sales charge generally applies. However, exchanges of shares from American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund are subject to applicable sales charges, unless the American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund shares were acquired by an exchange from a fund having a sales charge, or by reinvestment or cross-reinvestment of dividends or capital gain distributions.

Exchanges of Class F shares generally may only be made through fee-based programs of investment firms that have special agreements with the fund's distributor and certain registered investment advisors.

You may exchange shares of other classes by contacting your financial professional by calling American Funds Service Company at (800) 421-4225 or using capitalgroup.com, or faxing (see "American Funds Service Company service areas" in the prospectus for the appropriate fax numbers) the Transfer Agent. For more information, see "Shareholder account services and privileges" in this statement of additional information. **These transactions have the same tax consequences as ordinary sales and purchases.**

Shares held in employer-sponsored retirement plans may be exchanged into other American Funds by contacting your plan administrator or recordkeeper. Exchange redemptions and purchases are

processed simultaneously at the share prices next determined after the exchange order is received (see “Price of shares” in this statement of additional information).

Conversion — Class C shares of the fund automatically convert to Class A shares in the month of the 8-year anniversary of the purchase date. Class 529-C shares of the fund automatically convert to Class 529-A shares in the month of the 5-year anniversary of the purchase date. The board of trustees of the fund reserves the right at any time, without shareholder approval, to amend the conversion features of the Class C and Class 529-C shares, including without limitation, providing for conversion into a different share class or for no conversion. In making its decision, the board of trustees will consider, among other things, the effect of any such amendment on shareholders.

Frequent trading of fund shares — As noted in the prospectus, certain redemptions may trigger a restriction under the fund’s “frequent trading policy.” Under this policy, systematic redemptions will not trigger a restriction and systematic purchases will not be prevented if the entity maintaining the shareholder account is able to identify the transaction as a systematic redemption or purchase. For purposes of this policy, systematic redemptions include, for example, regular periodic automatic redemptions and statement of intention escrow share redemptions. Systematic purchases include, for example, regular periodic automatic purchases and automatic reinvestments of dividends and capital gain distributions. Generally, purchases and redemptions will not be considered “systematic” unless the transaction is prescheduled for a specific date.

Potentially abusive activity — American Funds Service Company will monitor for the types of activity that could potentially be harmful to the American Funds — for example, short-term trading activity in multiple funds. When identified, American Funds Service Company will request that the shareholder discontinue the activity. If the activity continues, American Funds Service Company will freeze the shareholder account to prevent all activity other than redemptions of fund shares.

Moving between share classes

If you wish to “move” your investment between share classes (within the same fund or between different funds), we generally will process your request as an exchange of the shares you currently hold for shares in the new class or fund. Below is more information about how sales charges are handled for various scenarios.

Exchanging Class C shares for Class A or Class T shares — If you exchange Class C shares for Class A or Class T shares, you are still responsible for paying any Class C contingent deferred sales charges and applicable Class A or Class T sales charges.

Exchanging Class C shares for Class F shares — If you are part of a qualified fee-based program or approved self-directed platform and you wish to exchange your Class C shares for Class F shares to be held in the program, you are still responsible for paying any applicable Class C contingent deferred sales charges.

Exchanging Class F shares for Class A shares — You can exchange Class F shares held in a qualified fee-based program for Class A shares without paying an initial Class A sales charge if you are leaving or have left the fee-based program. Your financial intermediary can also convert Class F-1 shares to Class A shares without a sales charge if they are held in a brokerage account and they were initially transferred to the account or converted from Class C shares. You can exchange Class F shares received in a conversion from Class C shares for Class A shares at any time without paying an initial Class A sales charge if you notify American Funds Service Company of the conversion when you make your request. If you have already redeemed your Class F shares, the foregoing requirements apply and you must purchase Class

A shares within 90 days after redeeming your Class F shares to receive the Class A shares without paying an initial Class A sales charge.

Exchanging Class A or Class T shares for Class F shares — If you are part of a qualified fee-based program or approved self-directed platform and you wish to exchange your Class A or Class T shares for Class F shares to be held in the program, any Class A or Class T sales charges (including contingent deferred sales charges) that you paid or are payable will not be credited back to your account.

Exchanging Class A shares for Class R shares — Provided it is eligible to invest in Class R shares, a retirement plan currently invested in Class A shares may exchange its shares for Class R shares. Any Class A sales charges that the retirement plan previously paid will not be credited back to the plan's account. No contingent deferred sales charge will be assessed as part of the share class conversion.

Moving between Class F shares — If you are part of a qualified fee-based program that offers Class F shares, you may exchange your Class F shares for any other Class F shares to be held in the program. For example, if you hold Class F-2 shares, you may exchange your shares for Class F-1 or Class F-3 shares to be held in the program.

Moving between other share classes — If you desire to move your investment between share classes and the particular scenario is not described in this statement of additional information, please contact American Funds Service Company at (800) 421-4225 for more information.

Non-reportable transactions — Automatic conversions described in the prospectus will be non-reportable for tax purposes. In addition, an exchange of shares from one share class of a fund to another share class of the same fund will be treated as a non-reportable exchange for tax purposes, provided that the exchange request is received in writing by American Funds Service Company and processed as a single transaction. However, a movement between a 529 share class and a non-529 share class of the same fund will be reportable.

Sales charges

Class A purchases

Purchases by certain 403(b) plans

A 403(b) plan may not invest in American Funds Class A or C shares unless such plan was invested in Class A or C shares before January 1, 2009.

Participant accounts of a 403(b) plan that invested in American Funds Class A or C shares and were treated as an individual-type plan for sales charge purposes before January 1, 2009, may continue to be treated as accounts of an individual-type plan for sales charge purposes. Participant accounts of a 403(b) plan that invested in American Funds Class A or C shares and were treated as an employer-sponsored plan for sales charge purposes before January 1, 2009, may continue to be treated as accounts of an employer-sponsored plan for sales charge purposes. Participant accounts of a 403(b) plan that was established on or after January 1, 2009, are treated as accounts of an employer-sponsored plan for sales charge purposes.

Purchases by SEP plans and SIMPLE IRA plans

Participant accounts in a Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) plan or a Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees of Small Employers IRA (SIMPLE IRA) will be aggregated at the plan level for Class A sales charge purposes if an employer adopts a prototype plan produced by Capital Client Group, Inc. or (a) the employer or plan sponsor submits all contributions for all participating employees in a single contribution transmittal or the contributions are identified as related to the same plan; (b) each transmittal is accompanied by checks or wire transfers and generally must be submitted through the transfer agent's automated contribution system if held on the fund's books; and (c) if the fund is expected to carry separate accounts in the name of each plan participant and (i) the employer or plan sponsor notifies the funds' transfer agent or the intermediary holding the account that the separate accounts of all plan participants should be linked and (ii) all new participant accounts are established by submitting the appropriate documentation on behalf of each new participant. Participant accounts in a SEP or SIMPLE plan that are eligible to aggregate their assets at the plan level may not also aggregate the assets with their individual accounts.

Other purchases

In addition, American Funds Class A and Class 529-A shares may be offered at net asset value to companies exchanging securities with the fund through a merger, acquisition or exchange offer and to certain individuals meeting the criteria described above who invested in Class A and Class 529-A shares before Class F-2 and Class 529-F-2 shares were made available under this privilege.

Transfers to CollegeAmerica — A transfer from the Virginia Prepaid Education ProgramSM or the Virginia Education Savings TrustSM to a CollegeAmerica account will be made with no sales charge. No commission will be paid to the dealer on such a transfer. Investment dealers will be compensated solely with an annual service fee that begins to accrue immediately.

Class F-2 and Class 529-F-2 purchases

If requested, American Funds Class F-2 and Class 529-F-2 shares will be sold to:

- (1) current or retired directors, trustees, officers and advisory board members of, and certain lawyers who provide services to the funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company, current or retired employees of The Capital Group Companies, Inc. and its affiliated companies, certain family members of the above persons, and trusts or plans primarily for such persons; and
- (2) The Capital Group Companies, Inc. and its affiliated companies.

Once an account in Class F-2 or Class 529-F-2 is established under this privilege, additional investments can be made in Class F-2 or Class 529-F-2 for the life of the account. Depending on the financial intermediary holding your account, these privileges may be unavailable. Investors should consult their financial intermediary for further information.

Moving between accounts — American Funds investments by certain account types may be moved to other account types without incurring additional Class A sales charges. These transactions include:

- redemption proceeds from a non-retirement account (for example, a joint tenant account) used to purchase fund shares in an IRA or other individual-type retirement account;
- required minimum distributions from an IRA or other individual-type retirement account used to purchase fund shares in a non-retirement account; and
- death distributions paid to a beneficiary's account that are used by the beneficiary to purchase fund shares in a different account.

Investors may not move investments from a Capital Bank & Trust Company SIMPLE IRA Plus to a Capital Bank & Trust Company SIMPLE IRA unless it is part of a plan transfer or to a current employer's Capital Bank & Trust Company SIMPLE IRA plan.

These privileges are generally available only if your account is held directly with the fund's transfer agent or if the financial intermediary holding your account has the systems, policies and procedures to support providing the privileges on its systems. Investors should consult their financial intermediary for further information.

Loan repayments — Repayments on loans taken from a retirement plan are not subject to sales charges if American Funds Service Company is notified of the repayment.

Dealer commissions and compensation — Commissions (up to 1.00%) are paid to dealers who initiate and are responsible for certain Class A share purchases not subject to initial sales charges. These purchases consist of *a*) purchases of \$1 million or more, and *b*) purchases by employer-sponsored defined contribution-type retirement plans investing \$1 million or more or with 100 or more eligible employees. Commissions on such investments (other than IRA rollover assets that roll over at no sales charge under the fund's IRA rollover policy as described in the prospectus) are paid to dealers at the following rates: 1.00% on amounts of less than \$10 million, .50% on amounts of at least \$10 million but less than \$25 million and .25% on amounts of at least \$25 million. Commissions are based on cumulative investments over the life of the account with no adjustment for redemptions, transfers, or market declines. For example, if a shareholder has accumulated investments in excess of \$10 million (but less than \$25 million) and subsequently redeems all or a portion of the account(s), purchases following the redemption will generate a dealer commission of .50%.

A dealer concession of up to 1% may be paid by the fund under its Class A plan of distribution to reimburse the Principal Underwriter in connection with dealer and wholesaler compensation paid by it with respect to investments made with no initial sales charge.

Sales charge reductions and waivers

Reducing your Class A sales charge — As described in the prospectus, there are various ways to reduce your sales charge when purchasing Class A shares. Additional information about Class A sales charge reductions is provided below.

Statement of intention — By establishing a statement of intention (the "Statement"), you enter into a nonbinding commitment to purchase shares of American Funds (excluding American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund) over a 13-month period and receive the same sales charge (expressed as a percentage of your purchases) as if all shares had been purchased at once, unless the Statement is upgraded as described below.

The Statement period starts on the date on which your first purchase made toward satisfying the Statement is processed. Your accumulated holdings (as described in the paragraph below titled "Rights of accumulation") eligible to be aggregated as of the day immediately before the start of the Statement period may be credited toward satisfying the Statement.

You may revise the commitment you have made in your Statement upward at any time during the Statement period. If your prior commitment has not been met by the time of the revision, the Statement period during which purchases must be made will remain unchanged. Purchases made from the date of the revision will receive the reduced sales charge, if any, resulting from the revised Statement. If your prior commitment has been met by the time of the revision, your original Statement will be considered met and a new Statement will be established.

The Statement will be considered completed if the shareholder dies within the 13-month Statement period. Commissions to dealers will not be adjusted or paid on the difference between the Statement amount and the amount actually invested before the shareholder's death.

When a shareholder elects to use a Statement, shares equal to 5% of the dollar amount specified in the Statement may be held in escrow in the shareholder's account out of the initial purchase (or subsequent purchases, if necessary) by the Transfer Agent. All dividends and any capital gain distributions on shares held in escrow will be credited to the shareholder's account in shares (or paid in cash, if requested). If the intended investment is not completed within the specified Statement period the investments made during the statement period will be adjusted to reflect the difference between the sales charge actually paid and the sales charge which would have been paid if the total of such purchases had been made at a single time. Any dealers assigned to the shareholder's account at the time a purchase was made during the Statement period will receive a corresponding commission adjustment if appropriate.

In addition, if you currently have individual holdings in American Legacy variable annuity contracts or variable life insurance policies that were established on or before March 31, 2007, you may continue to apply purchases under such contracts and policies to a Statement.

Shareholders purchasing shares at a reduced sales charge under a Statement indicate their acceptance of these terms and those in the prospectus with their first purchase.

The Statement period may be extended in cases where the fund's distributor determines it is appropriate to do so; for example in periods when there are extenuating circumstances such as a natural disaster that may limit an individual's ability to meet the investment required under the Statement.

Aggregation — Qualifying investments for aggregation include those made by you and your “immediate family” as defined in the prospectus, if all parties are purchasing shares for their own accounts and/or:

- individual-type employee benefit plans, such as an IRA, single-participant Keogh-type plan, or a participant account of a 403(b) plan that is treated as an individual-type plan for sales charge purposes (see “Purchases by certain 403(b) plans” under “Sales charges” in this statement of additional information);
- SEP plans and SIMPLE IRA plans established after November 15, 2004, by an employer adopting any plan document other than a prototype plan produced by Capital Client Group, Inc.;
- business accounts solely controlled by you or your immediate family (for example, you own the entire business);
- trust accounts established by you or your immediate family (for trusts with only one primary beneficiary, upon the trustor’s death the trust account may be aggregated with such beneficiary’s own accounts; for trusts with multiple primary beneficiaries, upon the trustor’s death the trustees of the trust may instruct American Funds Service Company to establish separate trust accounts for each primary beneficiary; each primary beneficiary’s separate trust account may then be aggregated with such beneficiary’s own accounts);
- endowments or foundations established and controlled by you or your immediate family; or
- 529 accounts, which will be aggregated at the account owner level (Class 529-E accounts may only be aggregated with an eligible employer plan).

Individual purchases by a trustee(s) or other fiduciary(ies) may also be aggregated if the investments are:

- for a single trust estate or fiduciary account, including employee benefit plans other than the individual-type employee benefit plans described above;
- made for two or more employee benefit plans of a single employer or of affiliated employers as defined in the 1940 Act, excluding the individual-type employee benefit plans described above;
- for a diversified common trust fund or other diversified pooled account not specifically formed for the purpose of accumulating fund shares;
- for nonprofit, charitable or educational organizations, or any endowments or foundations established and controlled by such organizations, or any employer-sponsored retirement plans established for the benefit of the employees of such organizations, their endowments, or their foundations;
- for participant accounts of a 403(b) plan that is treated as an employer-sponsored plan for sales charge purposes (see “Purchases by certain 403(b) plans” under “Sales charges” in this statement of additional information), or made for participant accounts of two or more such plans, in each case of a single employer or affiliated employers as defined in the 1940 Act; or
- for a SEP or SIMPLE IRA plan established after November 15, 2004, by an employer adopting a prototype plan produced by Capital Client Group, Inc.

Purchases made for nominee or street name accounts (securities held in the name of an investment dealer or another nominee such as a bank trust department instead of the

customer) may not be aggregated with those made for other accounts and may not be aggregated with other nominee or street name accounts unless otherwise qualified as described above.

Joint accounts may be aggregated with other accounts belonging to the primary owner and/or his or her immediate family. The primary owner of a joint account is the individual responsible for taxes on the account.

Concurrent purchases — As described in the prospectus, you may reduce your Class A sales charge by combining purchases of all classes of shares in American Funds. Shares of American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund purchased through an exchange, reinvestment or cross-reinvestment from a fund having a sales charge also qualify. However, direct purchases of American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund Class A shares are excluded. If you currently have individual holdings in American Legacy variable annuity contracts or variable life insurance policies that were established on or before March 31, 2007, you may continue to combine purchases made under such contracts and policies to reduce your Class A sales charge.

Rights of accumulation — Subject to the limitations described in the aggregation policy, you may take into account your accumulated holdings in all share classes of American Funds to determine your sales charge on investments in accounts eligible to be aggregated. Direct purchases of American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund Class A shares are excluded. Subject to your investment dealer's or recordkeeper's capabilities, your accumulated holdings will be calculated as the higher of (a) the current value of your existing holdings (the "market value") as of the day prior to your American Funds investment or (b) the amount you invested (including reinvested dividends and capital gains, but excluding capital appreciation) less any withdrawals (the "cost value"). Depending on the entity on whose books your account is held, the value of your holdings in that account may not be eligible for calculation at cost value. For example, accounts held in nominee or street name may not be eligible for calculation at cost value and instead may be calculated at market value for purposes of rights of accumulation.

The value of all of your holdings in accounts established in calendar year 2005 or earlier will be assigned an initial cost value equal to the market value of those holdings as of the last business day of 2005. Thereafter, the cost value of such accounts will increase or decrease according to actual investments or withdrawals. You must contact your financial professional or American Funds Service Company if you have additional information that is relevant to the calculation of the value of your holdings.

When determining your American Funds Class A sales charge, if your investment is not in an employer-sponsored retirement plan, you may also continue to take into account the market value (as of the day prior to your American Funds investment) of your individual holdings in various American Legacy variable annuity contracts and variable life insurance policies that were established on or before March 31, 2007. An employer-sponsored retirement plan may also continue to take into account the market value of its investments in American Legacy Retirement Investment Plans that were established on or before March 31, 2007.

You may not purchase Class C or 529-C shares if such combined holdings cause you to be eligible to purchase Class A or 529-A shares at the \$1 million or more sales charge discount rate (i.e., at net asset value).

If you make a gift of American Funds Class A shares, upon your request, you may purchase the shares at the sales charge discount allowed under rights of accumulation of all of your American Funds and applicable American Legacy accounts.

Reducing your Class T sales charge — As described in the prospectus, the initial sales charge you pay each time you buy Class T shares may differ depending upon the amount you invest and may be reduced for larger purchases. Additionally, Class T shares acquired through reinvestment of dividends or capital gain distributions are not subject to an initial sales charge. Sales charges on Class T shares are applied on a transaction-by-transaction basis, and, accordingly, Class T shares are not eligible for any other sales charge waivers or reductions, including through the aggregation of Class T shares concurrently purchased by other related accounts or in other American Funds. The sales charge applicable to Class T shares may not be reduced by establishing a statement of intention, and rights of accumulation are not available for Class T shares.

CDSC waivers for Class A and C shares — As noted in the prospectus, a contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") will be waived for redemptions due to death or post-purchase disability of a shareholder (this generally excludes accounts registered in the names of trusts and other entities). In the case of joint tenant accounts, if one joint tenant dies, a surviving joint tenant, at the time he or she notifies the Transfer Agent of the other joint tenant's death and removes the decedent's name from the account, may redeem shares from the account without incurring a CDSC. Redemptions made after the Transfer Agent is notified of the death of a joint tenant will be subject to a CDSC.

In addition, a CDSC will be waived for the following types of transactions, if they do not exceed 12% of the value of an "account" (defined below) annually (the "12% limit"):

- Required minimum distributions taken from retirement accounts in accordance with IRS regulations.
- Redemptions through an automatic withdrawal plan ("AWP") (see "Automatic withdrawals" under "Shareholder account services and privileges" in this statement of additional information). For each AWP payment, assets that are not subject to a CDSC, such as shares acquired through reinvestment of dividends and/or capital gain distributions, will be redeemed first and will count toward the 12% limit. If there is an insufficient amount of assets not subject to a CDSC to cover a particular AWP payment, shares subject to the lowest CDSC will be redeemed next until the 12% limit is reached. Any dividends and/or capital gain distributions taken in cash by a shareholder who receives payments through an AWP will also count toward the 12% limit. In the case of an AWP, the 12% limit is calculated at the time an automatic redemption is first made, and is recalculated at the time each additional automatic redemption is made. Shareholders who establish an AWP should be aware that the amount of a payment not subject to a CDSC may vary over time depending on fluctuations in the value of their accounts. This privilege may be revised or terminated at any time.

For purposes of this paragraph, "account" means your investment in the applicable class of shares of the particular fund from which you are making the redemption.

The CDSC on American Funds Class A shares may be waived in cases where the fund's transfer agent determines the benefit to the fund of collecting the CDSC would be outweighed by the cost of applying it.

CDSC waivers are allowed only in the cases listed here and in the prospectus. For example, CDSC waivers will not be allowed on redemptions of Class 529-C shares due to termination of CollegeAmerica; a determination by the Internal Revenue Service that CollegeAmerica does not qualify as a qualified tuition program under the Code; proposal or enactment of law that eliminates or

limits the tax-favored status of CollegeAmerica; or elimination of the fund by Commonwealth Savers Plan as an option for additional investment within CollegeAmerica.

Selling shares

The methods for selling (redeeming) shares are described more fully in the prospectus. If you wish to sell your shares by contacting American Funds Service Company directly, any such request must be signed by the registered shareholders. To contact American Funds Service Company via overnight mail or courier service, see "Purchase and exchange of shares."

A signature guarantee may be required for certain redemptions. In such an event, your signature may be guaranteed by a domestic stock exchange or the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, bank, savings association or credit union that is an eligible guarantor institution. The Transfer Agent reserves the right to require a signature guarantee on any redemptions.

Additional documentation may be required for sales of shares held in corporate, partnership or fiduciary accounts. You must include with your written request any shares you wish to sell that are in certificate form.

If you sell Class A or C shares and request a specific dollar amount to be sold, we will sell sufficient shares so that the sale proceeds, after deducting any applicable CDSC, equals the dollar amount requested.

If you hold multiple American Funds and a CDSC applies to the shares you are redeeming, the CDSC will be calculated based on the applicable class of shares of the particular fund from which you are making the redemption.

Redemption proceeds will not be mailed until sufficient time has passed to provide reasonable assurance that checks or drafts (including certified or cashier's checks) for shares purchased have cleared (normally seven business days from the purchase date). Except for delays relating to clearance of checks for share purchases or in extraordinary circumstances (and as permissible under the 1940 Act), the fund typically expects to pay redemption proceeds one business day following receipt and acceptance of a redemption order. Interest will not accrue or be paid on amounts that represent uncashed distribution or redemption checks.

Shareholder account services and privileges

The following services and privileges are generally available to all shareholders. However, certain services and privileges described in the prospectus and this statement of additional information may not be available for Class 529 shareholders or if your account is held with an investment dealer or through an employer-sponsored retirement plan.

Automatic investment plan — An automatic investment plan enables you to make monthly or quarterly investments in American Funds through automatic debits from your bank account. To set up a plan, you must fill out an account application and specify the amount that you would like to invest and the date on which you would like your investments to occur. The plan will begin within 30 days after your account application is received. Your bank account will be debited on the day or a few days before your investment is made, depending on the bank's capabilities. The Transfer Agent will then invest your money into the fund you specified on or around the date you specified. If the date you specified falls on a weekend or holiday, your money will be invested on the following business day. However, if the following business day falls in the next month, your money will be invested on the business day immediately preceding the weekend or holiday. If your bank account cannot be debited due to insufficient funds, a stop-payment or the closing of the account, the plan may be terminated and the related investment reversed. You may change the amount of the investment or discontinue the plan at any time by contacting the Transfer Agent.

Automatic reinvestment — Dividends and capital gain distributions are reinvested in additional shares of the same class and fund at net asset value unless you indicate otherwise on the account application. You also may elect to have dividends and/or capital gain distributions paid in cash by informing the fund, the Transfer Agent or your investment dealer. Dividends and capital gain distributions paid to retirement plan shareholders or shareholders of the 529 share classes will be automatically reinvested.

If you have elected to receive dividends and/or capital gain distributions in cash, and the postal or other delivery service is unable to deliver checks to your address of record, or you do not respond to mailings from American Funds Service Company with regard to uncashed distribution checks, your distribution option may be automatically converted to having all dividends and other distributions reinvested in additional shares.

Cross-reinvestment of dividends and distributions — For all share classes, except Class T shares and the 529 classes of shares, you may cross-reinvest dividends and capital gains (distributions) into other American Funds in the same share class at net asset value, subject to the following conditions:

- (1) the aggregate value of your account(s) in the fund(s) paying distributions equals or exceeds \$5,000 (this is waived if the value of the account in the fund receiving the distributions equals or exceeds that fund's minimum initial investment requirement);
- (2) if the value of the account of the fund receiving distributions is below the minimum initial investment requirement, distributions must be automatically reinvested; and
- (3) if you discontinue the cross-reinvestment of distributions, the value of the account of the fund receiving distributions must equal or exceed the minimum initial investment requirement. If you do not meet this requirement within 90 days of notification, the fund has the right to automatically redeem the account.

Depending on the financial intermediary holding your account, your reinvestment privileges may be unavailable or differ from those described in this statement of additional information. Investors should consult their financial intermediary for further information.

Automatic exchanges — For all share classes other than Class T shares, you may automatically exchange shares of the same class in amounts of \$50 or more among any American Funds on any day (or preceding business day if the day falls on a nonbusiness day) of each month you designate.

Automatic withdrawals — Depending on the type of account, for all share classes except R shares, you may automatically withdraw shares from any of the American Funds. You can make automatic withdrawals of \$50 or more. You can designate the day of each period for withdrawals and request that checks be sent to you or someone else. Withdrawals may also be electronically deposited to your bank account. The Transfer Agent will withdraw your money from the fund you specify on or around the date you specify. If the date you specified falls on a weekend or holiday, the redemption will take place on the previous business day. However, if the previous business day falls in the preceding month, the redemption will take place on the following business day after the weekend or holiday. You should consult with your financial professional or intermediary to determine if your account is eligible for automatic withdrawals.

Withdrawal payments are not to be considered as dividends, yield or income. Generally, automatic investments may not be made into a shareholder account from which there are automatic withdrawals. Withdrawals of amounts exceeding reinvested dividends and distributions and increases in share value would reduce the aggregate value of the shareholder's account. The Transfer Agent arranges for the redemption by the fund of sufficient shares, deposited by the shareholder with the Transfer Agent, to provide the withdrawal payment specified.

Redemption proceeds from an automatic withdrawal plan are not eligible for reinvestment without a sales charge.

Account statements — Your account is opened in accordance with your registration instructions. Transactions in the account, such as additional investments, will be reflected on regular confirmation statements from the Transfer Agent. Dividend and capital gain reinvestments, purchases through automatic investment plans and certain retirement plans, as well as automatic exchanges and withdrawals, will be confirmed at least quarterly.

American Funds Service Company and capitalgroup.com — You may check your share balance, the price of your shares or your most recent account transaction or redeem or exchange shares by calling American Funds Service Company at (800) 421-4225 or using capitalgroup.com. Redemptions and exchanges through American Funds Service Company and capitalgroup.com are subject to the conditions noted above and in "Telephone and Internet purchases, redemptions and exchanges" below. You will need your fund number (see the list of American Funds under the "General information — fund numbers" section in this statement of additional information), personal identification number (generally the last four digits of your Social Security number or other tax identification number associated with your account) and account number.

Generally, all shareholders are automatically eligible to use these services. However, if you are not currently authorized to do so, please contact American Funds Service Company for assistance. Once you establish this privilege, you, your financial professional or any person with your account information may use these services.

Telephone and Internet purchases, redemptions and exchanges — By using the telephone or the Internet (including capitalgroup.com), or fax purchase, redemption and/or exchange options, you agree to hold the fund, the Transfer Agent, any of its affiliates or mutual funds managed by such affiliates, and each of their respective directors, trustees, officers, employees and agents harmless from any losses, expenses, costs or liabilities (including attorney fees) that may be incurred in connection with the exercise of these privileges. Generally, all shareholders are automatically eligible to use these services. However, you may elect to opt out of these services by writing the Transfer Agent (you may

also reinstate them at any time by writing the Transfer Agent). If the Transfer Agent does not employ reasonable procedures to confirm that the instructions received from any person with appropriate account information are genuine, it and/or the fund may be liable for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. In the event that shareholders are unable to reach the fund by telephone because of technical difficulties, market conditions or a natural disaster, redemption and exchange requests may be made in writing only.

Redemption of shares — The fund's declaration of trust permits the fund to direct the Transfer Agent to redeem the shares of any shareholder for their then current net asset value per share if at such time the shareholder of record owns shares having an aggregate net asset value of less than the minimum initial investment amount required of new shareholders as set forth in the fund's current registration statement under the 1940 Act, and subject to such further terms and conditions as the board of trustees of the fund may from time to time adopt.

While payment of redemptions normally will be in cash, the fund's declaration of trust permits payment of the redemption price wholly or partly with portfolio securities or other fund assets under conditions and circumstances determined by the fund's board of trustees. For example, redemptions could be made in this manner if the board determined that making payments wholly in cash over a particular period would be unfair and/or harmful to other fund shareholders.

Share certificates — Shares are credited to your account. The fund does not issue share certificates.

General information

Custodian of assets — Securities and cash owned by the fund, including proceeds from the sale of shares of the fund and of securities in the fund's portfolio, are held by JP Morgan Chase Bank N.A., 270 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017-2070, as custodian. If the fund holds securities of issuers outside the United States, the custodian may hold these securities pursuant to subcustodial arrangements in banks outside the United States or branches of U.S. banks outside the United States.

Transfer agent services — American Funds Service Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of the investment adviser, maintains the records of shareholder accounts, processes purchases and redemptions of the fund's shares, acts as dividend and capital gain distribution disbursing agent, and performs other related shareholder service functions. The principal office of American Funds Service Company is located at 6455 Irvine Center Drive, Irvine, CA 92618. Transfer agent fees are paid according to a fee schedule, based on the number of accounts serviced or a percentage of fund assets, contained in a Shareholder Services Agreement between the fund and American Funds Service Company.

In the case of certain shareholder accounts, third parties who may be unaffiliated with the investment adviser provide transfer agency and shareholder services in place of American Funds Service Company. These services are rendered under agreements with American Funds Service Company or its affiliates and the third parties receive compensation according to such agreements. Compensation for transfer agency and shareholder services, whether paid to American Funds Service Company or such third parties, is ultimately paid from fund assets and is reflected in the expenses of the fund as disclosed in the prospectus.

During the 2024 fiscal year, transfer agent fees, gross of any payments made by American Funds Service Company to third parties, were:

	Transfer agent fee
Class A	\$46,354,000
Class C	815,000
Class T	—*
Class F-1	2,933,000
Class F-2	14,484,000
Class F-3	48,000
Class 529-A	1,572,000
Class 529-C	45,000
Class 529-E	20,000
Class 529-T	—*
Class 529-F-1	—*
Class 529-F-2	79,000
Class 529-F-3	—*
Class R-1	52,000
Class R-2	1,166,000
Class R-2E	74,000
Class R-3	899,000
Class R-4	432,000
Class R-5E	146,000
Class R-5	117,000
Class R-6	136,000

*Amount less than \$1,000.

Independent registered public accounting firm — PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 601 South Figueroa Street, Los Angeles, CA 90017, serves as the fund's independent registered public accounting firm, providing audit services, preparation of tax returns and review of certain documents to be filed with the SEC. The financial statements and financial highlights of the fund included in this statement of additional information that are from the fund's Form N-CSR for the most recent fiscal year have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing herein. Such financial statements and financial highlights are included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing. The selection of the fund's independent registered public accounting firm is reviewed and determined annually by the board of trustees.

Independent legal counsel — O'Melveny & Myers LLP, 400 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, CA 90071, serves as independent legal counsel ("counsel") for the fund and for independent trustees in their capacities as such. Certain legal matters in connection with the shares offered by the prospectus have been passed upon for the fund by O'Melveny & Myers LLP. Counsel does not provide legal services to the fund's investment adviser or any of its affiliated companies or control persons. A determination with respect to the independence of the fund's counsel will be made at least annually by the independent trustees of the fund, as prescribed by applicable 1940 Act rules.

Prospectuses, reports to shareholders and proxy statements — The fund's fiscal year ends on October 31. Shareholders are provided updated summary prospectuses annually and at least semi-annually with reports showing the fund's expenses, key statistics, holdings information and investment results (annual report only). Shareholders may request a copy of the fund's current prospectus at no cost by calling (800) 421-4225 or by sending an email request to prospectus@americanfunds.com. Shareholders may also access the fund's current summary prospectus, prospectus, statement of additional information and shareholder reports at capitalgroup.com/prospectus. The fund's annual financial statements are audited by the fund's independent registered public accounting firm, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP. In addition, shareholders may also receive proxy statements for the fund. In an effort to reduce the volume of mail shareholders receive from the fund when a household owns more than one account, the Transfer Agent has taken steps to eliminate duplicate mailings of summary prospectuses, shareholder reports and proxy statements. To receive additional copies of a summary prospectus, report or proxy statement, shareholders should contact the Transfer Agent.

Shareholders may also elect to receive updated summary prospectuses, annual reports and semi-annual reports electronically by signing up for electronic delivery on our website, capitalgroup.com. Shareholders who elect to receive documents electronically will receive such documents in electronic form and will not receive documents in paper form by mail. A shareholder who elects electronic delivery is able to cancel this service at any time and return to receiving updated summary prospectuses and other reports in paper form by mail.

Summary prospectuses, prospectuses, annual reports and semi-annual reports that are mailed to shareholders by the Capital Group organization are printed with ink containing soy and/or vegetable oil on paper containing recycled fibers.

Codes of ethics — The fund and Capital Research and Management Company and its affiliated companies, including the fund's Principal Underwriter, have adopted codes of ethics that allow for personal investments, including securities in which the fund may invest from time to time. These codes include a ban on acquisitions of securities pursuant to an initial public offering; restrictions on acquisitions of private placement securities; preclearance and reporting requirements; review of duplicate confirmation statements; annual recertification of compliance with codes of ethics; blackout periods on personal investing for certain investment personnel; ban on short-term trading profits for investment personnel; limitations on service as a director of publicly traded companies; disclosure of personal securities transactions; and policies regarding political contributions.

Determination of net asset value, redemption price and maximum offering price per share for Class A shares — October 31, 2024

Net asset value and redemption price per share (Net assets divided by shares outstanding)	\$72.42
Maximum offering price per share (100/94.25 of net asset value per share, which takes into account the fund's current maximum sales charge)	\$76.84

Other information — The fund reserves the right to modify the privileges described in this statement of additional information at any time.

The fund's financial statements, including the investment portfolio and the report of the fund's independent registered public accounting firm contained in the fund's Form N-CSR, are included in this statement of additional information.

Fund numbers — Here are the fund numbers for use when making share transactions:

Fund	Fund numbers					
	Class A	Class C	Class T	Class F-1	Class F-2	Class F-3
Stock and stock/fixed income funds						
AMCAP Fund®	002	302	43002	402	602	702
American Balanced Fund®	011	311	43011	411	611	711
American Funds® Developing World Growth and Income Fund	30100	33100	43100	34100	36100	37100
American Funds® Global Balanced Fund	037	337	43037	437	637	737
American Funds® Global Insight Fund	30122	33122	43122	34122	36122	37122
American Funds® International Vantage Fund	30123	33123	43123	34123	36123	37123
American Mutual Fund®	003	303	43003	403	603	703
Capital Income Builder®	012	312	43012	412	612	712
Capital World Growth and Income Fund®	033	333	43033	433	633	733
EuroPacific Growth Fund®	016	316	43016	416	616	716
Fundamental Investors®	010	310	43010	410	610	710
The Growth Fund of America®	005	305	43005	405	605	705
The Income Fund of America®	006	306	43006	406	606	706
International Growth and Income Fund	034	334	43034	434	634	734
The Investment Company of America®	004	304	43004	404	604	704
The New Economy Fund®	014	314	43014	414	614	714
New Perspective Fund®	007	307	43007	407	607	707
New World Fund®	036	336	43036	436	636	736
SMALLCAP World Fund®	035	335	43035	435	635	735
Washington Mutual Investors Fund	001	301	43001	401	601	701
Fixed income funds						
American Funds Emerging Markets Bond Fund®	30114	33114	43114	34114	36114	37114
American Funds Corporate Bond Fund®	032	332	43032	432	632	732
American Funds Inflation Linked Bond Fund®	060	360	43060	460	660	760
American Funds Mortgage Fund®	042	342	43042	442	642	742
American Funds® Multi-Sector Income Fund	30126	33126	43126	34126	36126	37126
American Funds Short-Term Tax-Exempt Bond Fund®	039	N/A	43039	439	639	739
American Funds® Strategic Bond Fund	30112	33112	43112	34112	36112	37112
American Funds Tax-Exempt Fund of New York®	041	341	43041	441	641	741
American High-Income Municipal Bond Fund®	040	340	43040	440	640	740
American High-Income Trust®	021	321	43021	421	621	721
The Bond Fund of America®	008	308	43008	408	608	708
Capital World Bond Fund®	031	331	43031	431	631	731
Intermediate Bond Fund of America®	023	323	43023	423	623	723
Limited Term Tax-Exempt Bond Fund of America®	043	343	43043	443	643	743
Short-Term Bond Fund of America®	048	348	43048	448	648	748
The Tax-Exempt Bond Fund of America®	019	319	43019	419	619	719
The Tax-Exempt Fund of California®	020	320	43020	420	620	720
U.S. Government Securities Fund®	022	322	43022	422	622	722
Money market fund						
American Funds® U.S. Government Money Market Fund	059	359	43059	459	659	759

Fund	Fund numbers								
	Class 529-A	Class 529-C	Class 529-E	Class 529-T	Class 529-F-1	Class 529-F-2	Class 529-F-3	Class ABLE-A	Class ABLE-F-2
Stock and stock/fixed income funds									
AMCAP Fund	1002	1302	1502	46002	1402	1602	1702	N/A	N/A
American Balanced Fund	1011	1311	1511	46011	1411	1611	1711	N/A	N/A
American Funds Developing World Growth and Income Fund	10100	13100	15100	46100	14100	16100	17100	N/A	N/A
American Funds Global Balanced Fund	1037	1337	1537	46037	1437	1637	1737	N/A	N/A
American Funds Global Insight Fund	10122	13122	15122	46122	14122	16122	17122	N/A	N/A
American Funds International Vantage Fund	10123	13123	15123	46123	14123	16123	17123	N/A	N/A
American Mutual Fund	1003	1303	1503	46003	1403	1603	1703	N/A	N/A
Capital Income Builder	1012	1312	1512	46012	1412	1612	1712	N/A	N/A
Capital World Growth and Income Fund	1033	1333	1533	46033	1433	1633	1733	N/A	N/A
EuroPacific Growth Fund	1016	1316	1516	46016	1416	1616	1716	N/A	N/A
Fundamental Investors	1010	1310	1510	46010	1410	1610	1710	N/A	N/A
The Growth Fund of America	1005	1305	1505	46005	1405	1605	1705	N/A	N/A
The Income Fund of America	1006	1306	1506	46006	1406	1606	1706	N/A	N/A
International Growth and Income Fund	1034	1334	1534	46034	1434	1634	1734	N/A	N/A
The Investment Company of America	1004	1304	1504	46004	1404	1604	1704	N/A	N/A
The New Economy Fund	1014	1314	1514	46014	1414	1614	1714	N/A	N/A
New Perspective Fund	1007	1307	1507	46007	1407	1607	1707	N/A	N/A
New World Fund	1036	1336	1536	46036	1436	1636	1736	N/A	N/A
SMALLCAP World Fund	1035	1335	1535	46035	1435	1635	1735	N/A	N/A
Washington Mutual Investors Fund	1001	1301	1501	46001	1401	1601	1701	N/A	N/A
Fixed income funds									
American Funds Emerging Markets Bond Fund	10114	13114	15114	46114	14114	16114	17114	N/A	N/A
American Funds Corporate Bond Fund	1032	1332	1532	46032	1432	1632	1732	N/A	N/A
American Funds Inflation Linked Bond Fund	1060	1360	1560	46060	1460	1660	1760	N/A	N/A
American Funds Mortgage Fund	1042	1342	1542	46042	1442	1642	1742	N/A	N/A
American Funds Multi-Sector Income Fund	10126	13126	15126	46126	14126	16126	17126	N/A	N/A
American Funds Strategic Bond Fund	10112	13112	15112	46112	14112	16112	17112	N/A	N/A
American High-Income Trust	1021	1321	1521	46021	1421	1621	1721	N/A	N/A
The Bond Fund of America	1008	1308	1508	46008	1408	1608	1708	N/A	N/A
Capital World Bond Fund	1031	1331	1531	46031	1431	1631	1731	N/A	N/A
Intermediate Bond Fund of America	1023	1323	1523	46023	1423	1623	1723	N/A	N/A
Short-Term Bond Fund of America	1048	1348	1548	46048	1448	1648	1748	N/A	N/A
U.S. Government Securities Fund	1022	1322	1522	46022	1422	1622	1722	N/A	N/A
Money market fund									
American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund	1059	1359	1559	46059	1459	1659	1759	48059	60059

Fund	Fund numbers							
	Class R-1	Class R-2	Class R-2E	Class R-3	Class R-4	Class R-5E	Class R-5	Class R-6
Stock and stock/fixed income funds								
AMCAP Fund	2102	2202	4102	2302	2402	2702	2502	2602
American Balanced Fund	2111	2211	4111	2311	2411	2711	2511	2611
American Funds Developing World Growth and Income Fund	21100	22100	41100	23100	24100	27100	25100	26100
American Funds Global Balanced Fund	2137	2237	4137	2337	2437	2737	2537	2637
American Funds Global Insight Fund	21122	22122	41122	23122	24122	27122	25122	26122
American Funds International Vantage Fund	21123	22123	41123	23123	24123	27123	25123	26123
American Mutual Fund	2103	2203	4103	2303	2403	2703	2503	2603
Capital Income Builder	2112	2212	4112	2312	2412	2712	2512	2612
Capital World Growth and Income Fund	2133	2233	4133	2333	2433	2733	2533	2633
EuroPacific Growth Fund	2116	2216	4116	2316	2416	2716	2516	2616
Fundamental Investors	2110	2210	4110	2310	2410	2710	2510	2610
The Growth Fund of America	2105	2205	4105	2305	2405	2705	2505	2605
The Income Fund of America	2106	2206	4106	2306	2406	2706	2506	2606
International Growth and Income Fund	2134	2234	41034	2334	2434	27034	2534	2634
The Investment Company of America	2104	2204	4104	2304	2404	2704	2504	2604
The New Economy Fund	2114	2214	4114	2314	2414	2714	2514	2614
New Perspective Fund	2107	2207	4107	2307	2407	2707	2507	2607
New World Fund	2136	2236	4136	2336	2436	2736	2536	2636
SMALLCAP World Fund	2135	2235	4135	2335	2435	2735	2535	2635
Washington Mutual Investors Fund	2101	2201	4101	2301	2401	2701	2501	2601
Fixed income funds								
American Funds Emerging Markets Bond Fund	21114	22114	41114	23114	24114	27114	25114	26114
American Funds Corporate Bond Fund	2132	2232	4132	2332	2432	2732	2532	2632
American Funds Inflation Linked Bond Fund	2160	2260	4160	2360	2460	2760	2560	2660
American Funds Mortgage Fund	2142	2242	4142	2342	2442	2742	2542	2642
American Funds Multi-Sector Income Fund	21126	22126	41126	23126	24126	27126	25126	26126
American Funds Strategic Bond Fund	21112	22112	41112	23112	24112	27112	25112	26112
American High-Income Trust	2121	2221	4121	2321	2421	2721	2521	2621
The Bond Fund of America	2108	2208	4108	2308	2408	2708	2508	2608
Capital World Bond Fund	2131	2231	4131	2331	2431	2731	2531	2631
Intermediate Bond Fund of America	2123	2223	4123	2323	2423	2723	2523	2623
Short-Term Bond Fund of America	2148	2248	4148	2348	2448	2748	2548	2648
U.S. Government Securities Fund	2122	2222	4122	2322	2422	2722	2522	2622
Money market fund								
American Funds U.S. Government Money Market Fund	2159	2259	4159	2359	2459	2759	2559	2659

Fund	Fund numbers					
	Class A	Class C	Class T	Class F-1	Class F-2	Class F-3
American Funds Target Date Retirement Series®						
American Funds® 2070 Target Date Retirement Fund	30187	33187	43187	34187	36187	37187
American Funds® 2065 Target Date Retirement Fund	30185	33185	43185	34185	36185	37185
American Funds 2060 Target Date Retirement Fund®	083	383	43083	483	683	783
American Funds 2055 Target Date Retirement Fund®	082	382	43082	482	682	782
American Funds 2050 Target Date Retirement Fund®	069	369	43069	469	669	769
American Funds 2045 Target Date Retirement Fund®	068	368	43068	468	668	768
American Funds 2040 Target Date Retirement Fund®	067	367	43067	467	667	767
American Funds 2035 Target Date Retirement Fund®	066	366	43066	466	36066	766
American Funds 2030 Target Date Retirement Fund®	065	365	43065	465	665	765
American Funds 2025 Target Date Retirement Fund®	064	364	43064	464	664	764
American Funds 2020 Target Date Retirement Fund®	063	363	43063	463	663	763
American Funds 2015 Target Date Retirement Fund®	062	362	43062	462	662	762
American Funds 2010 Target Date Retirement Fund®	061	361	43061	461	661	761

Fund	Fund numbers							
	Class R-1	Class R-2	Class R-2E	Class R-3	Class R-4	Class R-5E	Class R-5	Class R-6
American Funds Target Date Retirement Series®								
American Funds® 2070 Target Date Retirement Fund	21187	22187	41187	23187	24187	27187	25187	26187
American Funds® 2065 Target Date Retirement Fund	21185	22185	41185	23185	24185	27185	25185	26185
American Funds 2060 Target Date Retirement Fund®	2183	2283	4183	2383	2483	2783	2583	2683
American Funds 2055 Target Date Retirement Fund®	2182	2282	4182	2382	2482	2782	2582	2682
American Funds 2050 Target Date Retirement Fund®	2169	2269	4169	2369	2469	2769	2569	2669
American Funds 2045 Target Date Retirement Fund®	2168	2268	4168	2368	2468	2768	2568	2668
American Funds 2040 Target Date Retirement Fund®	2167	2267	4167	2367	2467	2767	2567	2667
American Funds 2035 Target Date Retirement Fund®	2166	2266	4166	2366	2466	2766	2566	2666
American Funds 2030 Target Date Retirement Fund®	2165	2265	4165	2365	2465	2765	2565	2665
American Funds 2025 Target Date Retirement Fund®	2164	2264	4164	2364	2464	2764	2564	2664
American Funds 2020 Target Date Retirement Fund®	2163	2263	4163	2363	2463	2763	2563	2663
American Funds 2015 Target Date Retirement Fund®	2162	2262	4162	2362	2462	2762	2562	2662
American Funds 2010 Target Date Retirement Fund®	2161	2261	4161	2361	2461	2761	2561	2661

Fund	Fund numbers						
	Class 529-A	Class 529-C	Class 529-E	Class 529-T	Class 529-F-1	Class 529-F-2	Class 529-F-3
American Funds College Target Date Series®							
American Funds® College 2042 Fund	10144	13144	15144	46144	14144	16144	17144
American Funds® College 2039 Fund	10136	13136	15136	46136	14136	16136	17136
American Funds® College 2036 Fund	10125	13125	15125	46125	14125	16125	17125
American Funds College 2033 Fund®	10103	13103	15103	46103	14103	16103	17103
American Funds College 2030 Fund®	1094	1394	1594	46094	1494	1694	1794
American Funds College 2027 Fund®	1093	1393	1593	46093	1493	1693	1793
American Funds College Enrollment Fund®	1088	1388	1588	46088	1488	1688	1788

Fund	Fund numbers					
	Class A	Class C	Class T	Class F-1	Class F-2	Class F-3
American Funds® Portfolio Series						
American Funds® Global Growth Portfolio	055	355	43055	455	655	755
American Funds® Growth Portfolio	053	353	43053	453	653	753
American Funds® Growth and Income Portfolio	051	351	43051	451	651	751
American Funds® Moderate Growth and Income Portfolio	050	350	43050	450	650	750
American Funds® Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	047	347	43047	447	647	747
American Funds® Tax-Aware Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	046	346	43046	446	646	746
American Funds® Preservation Portfolio	045	345	43045	445	645	745
American Funds® Tax-Exempt Preservation Portfolio	044	344	43044	444	644	744

Fund	Fund numbers							
	Class 529-A	Class 529-C	Class 529-E	Class 529-T	Class 529-F-1	Class 529-F-2	Class 529-F-3	Class ABLE-A
American Funds Global Growth Portfolio	1055	1355	1555	46055	1455	1655	1755	48055
American Funds Growth Portfolio	1053	1353	1553	46053	1453	1653	1753	48053
American Funds Growth and Income Portfolio	1051	1351	1551	46051	1451	1651	1751	48051
American Funds Moderate Growth and Income Portfolio	1050	1350	1550	46050	1450	1650	1750	48050
American Funds Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	1047	1347	1547	46047	1447	1647	1747	48047
American Funds Tax-Aware Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
American Funds Preservation Portfolio	1045	1345	1545	46045	1445	1645	1745	48045
American Funds Tax-Exempt Preservation Portfolio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Fund	Fund numbers							
	Class R-1	Class R-2	Class R-2E	Class R-3	Class R-4	Class R-5E	Class R-5	Class R-6
American Funds Global Growth Portfolio	2155	2255	4155	2355	2455	2755	2555	2655
American Funds Growth Portfolio	2153	2253	4153	2353	2453	2753	2553	2653
American Funds Growth and Income Portfolio	2151	2251	4151	2351	2451	2751	2551	2651
American Funds Moderate Growth and Income Portfolio	2150	2250	4150	2350	2450	2750	2550	2650
American Funds Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	2147	2247	4147	2347	2447	2747	2547	2647
American Funds Tax-Aware Conservative Growth and Income Portfolio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
American Funds Preservation Portfolio	2145	2245	4145	2345	2445	2745	2545	2645
American Funds Tax-Exempt Preservation Portfolio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Fund	Fund numbers					
	Class A	Class C	Class T	Class F-1	Class F-2	Class F-3
American Funds® Retirement Income Portfolio Series						
American Funds® Retirement Income Portfolio – Conservative	30109	33109	43109	34109	36109	37109
American Funds® Retirement Income Portfolio – Moderate	30110	33110	43110	34110	36110	37110
American Funds® Retirement Income Portfolio – Enhanced	30111	33111	43111	34111	36111	37111

Fund	Fund numbers							
	Class R-1	Class R-2	Class R-2E	Class R-3	Class R-4	Class R-5E	Class R-5	Class R-6
American Funds Retirement Income Portfolio – Conservative	21109	22109	41109	23109	24109	27109	25109	26109
American Funds Retirement Income Portfolio – Moderate	21110	22110	41110	23110	24110	27110	25110	26110
American Funds Retirement Income Portfolio – Enhanced	21111	22111	41111	23111	24111	27111	25111	26111

Appendix

The following descriptions of debt security ratings are based on information provided by Moody's Investors Service, S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings, Inc.

Description of bond ratings

Moody's Long-term rating scale

Aaa

Obligations rated Aaa are judged to be of the highest quality, subject to the lowest level of credit risk.

Aa

Obligations rated Aa are judged to be of high quality and are subject to very low credit risk.

A

Obligations rated A are considered upper-medium grade and are subject to low credit risk.

Baa

Obligations rated Baa are judged to be medium-grade and subject to moderate credit risk and as such may possess certain speculative characteristics.

Ba

Obligations rated Ba are judged to be speculative and are subject to substantial credit risk.

B

Obligations rated B are considered speculative and are subject to high credit risk.

Caa

Obligations rated Caa are judged to be speculative and of poor standing and are subject to very high credit risk.

Ca

Obligations rated Ca are highly speculative and are likely in, or very near, default, with some prospect of recovery of principal and interest.

C

Obligations rated C are the lowest rated and are typically in default, with little prospect for recovery of principal or interest.

Note: Moody's appends numerical modifiers 1, 2, and 3 to each generic rating classification from Aa through Caa. The modifier 1 indicates that the obligation ranks in the higher end of its generic rating category; the modifier 2 indicates a mid-range ranking; and the modifier 3 indicates a ranking in the lower end of that generic rating category. Additionally, a "(hyb)" indicator is appended to all ratings of hybrid securities issued by banks, insurers, finance companies and securities firms.

S&P Global Ratings
Long-term issue credit ratings

AAA

An obligation rated AAA has the highest rating assigned by S&P Global Ratings. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is extremely strong.

AA

An obligation rated AA differs from the highest-rated obligations only to a small degree. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is very strong.

A

An obligation rated A is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher-rated categories. However, the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is still strong.

BBB

An obligation rated BBB exhibits adequate protection parameters. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to weaken the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

BB, B, CCC, CC, and C

Obligations rated BB, B, CCC, CC, and C are regarded as having significant speculative characteristics. BB indicates the least degree of speculation and C the highest. While such obligations will likely have some quality and protective characteristics, these may be outweighed by large uncertainties or major exposures to adverse conditions.

BB

An obligation rated BB is less vulnerable to nonpayment than other speculative issues. However, it faces major ongoing uncertainties or exposure to adverse business, financial, or economic conditions which could lead to the obligor's inadequate capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

B

An obligation rated B is more vulnerable to nonpayment than obligations rated BB, but the obligor currently has the capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation. Adverse business, financial, or economic conditions will likely impair the obligor's capacity or willingness to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

CCC

An obligation rated CCC is currently vulnerable to nonpayment and is dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions for the obligor to meet its financial commitments on the obligation. In the event of adverse business, financial, or economic conditions, the obligor is not likely to have the capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

CC

An obligation rated CC is currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment. The CC rating is used when a default has not occurred, but S&P Global Ratings expects default to be a virtual certainty, regardless of the anticipated time to default.

C

An obligation rated C is currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment, and the obligation is expected to have lower relative seniority or lower ultimate recovery compared with obligations that are rated higher.

D

An obligation rated D is in default or in breach of an imputed promise. For non-hybrid capital instruments, the D rating category is used when payments on an obligation are not made on the date due, unless S&P Global Ratings believes that such payments will be made within the next five business days in the absence of a stated grace period or within the earlier of the stated grace period or the next 30 calendar days. The D rating also will be used upon the filing of a bankruptcy petition or the taking of similar action and where default on an obligation is a virtual certainty, for example due to automatic stay provisions. A rating on an obligation is lowered to D if it is subject to a distressed debt restructuring.

Plus (+) or minus (–)

The ratings from AA to CCC may be modified by the addition of a plus or minus sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

NR

Indicates that a rating has not been assigned or is no longer assigned.

Fitch Ratings, Inc.
Long-term credit ratings

AAA

Highest credit quality. AAA ratings denote the lowest expectation of default risk. They are assigned only in case of exceptionally strong capacity for payment of financial commitments. This capacity is highly unlikely to be adversely affected by foreseeable events.

AA

Very high credit quality. AA ratings denote expectations of very low default risk. They indicate very strong capacity for payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.

A

High credit quality. A ratings denote expectations of low default risk. The capacity for payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be more vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions than is the case for higher ratings.

BBB

Good credit quality. BBB ratings indicate that expectations of default risk are low. The capacity for payment of financial commitments is considered adequate but adverse changes in circumstances and economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.

BB

Speculative. BB ratings indicate an elevated vulnerability to default risk, particularly in the event of adverse changes in business or economic conditions over time; however, business or financial flexibility exists which supports the servicing of financial commitments.

B

Highly speculative. B ratings indicate that material default risk is present, but a limited margin of safety remains. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is vulnerable to deterioration in the business and economic environment.

CCC

Substantial credit risk. Default is a real possibility.

CC

Very high levels of credit risk. Default of some kind appears probable.

C

Exceptionally high levels of credit risk. Default is imminent or inevitable, or the issuer is in standstill. Conditions that are indicative of a C category rating for an issuer include:

- The issuer has entered into a grace or cure period following nonpayment of a material financial obligation;
- The issuer has entered into a temporary negotiated waiver or standstill agreement following a payment default on a material financial obligation; or
- Fitch Ratings otherwise believes a condition of RD or D to be imminent or inevitable, including through the formal announcement of a distressed debt exchange.

RD

Restricted default. RD ratings indicate an issuer that in Fitch Ratings' opinion has experienced an uncured payment default on a bond, loan or other material financial obligation but which has not entered into bankruptcy filings, administration, receivership, liquidation or other formal winding up procedure, and which has not otherwise ceased operating. This would include:

- The selective payment default on a specific class or currency of debt;
- The uncured expiry of any applicable grace period, cure period or default forbearance period following a payment default on a bank loan, capital markets security or other material financial obligation;
- The extension of multiple waivers or forbearance periods upon a payment default on one or more material financial obligations, either in series or in parallel; or
- Execution of a distressed debt exchange on one or more material financial obligations.

D

Default. D ratings indicate an issuer that in Fitch Ratings' opinion has entered into bankruptcy filings, administration, receivership, liquidation or other formal winding up procedure, or which has otherwise ceased business.

Default ratings are not assigned prospectively to entities or their obligations; within this context, nonpayment on an instrument that contains a deferral feature or grace period will generally not be considered a default until after the expiration of the deferral or grace period, unless a default is otherwise driven by bankruptcy or other similar circumstance, or by a distressed debt exchange.

Imminent default typically refers to the occasion where a payment default has been intimated by the issuer, and is all but inevitable. This may, for example, be where an issuer has missed a scheduled payment, but (as is typical) has a grace period during which it may cure the payment default. Another alternative would be where an issuer has formally announced a distressed debt exchange, but the date of the exchange still lies several days or weeks in the immediate future.

In all cases, the assignment of a default rating reflects the agency's opinion as to the most appropriate rating category consistent with the rest of its universe of ratings, and may differ from the definition of default under the terms of an issuer's financial obligations or local commercial practice.

Note: The modifiers "+" or "-" may be appended to a rating to denote relative status within major rating categories. Such suffixes are not added to the AAA long-term rating category, or to categories below B.

Description of commercial paper ratings

Moody's

Global short-term rating scale

P-1

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-1 have a superior ability to repay short-term debt obligations.

P-2

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-2 have a strong ability to repay short-term debt obligations.

P-3

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-3 have an acceptable ability to repay short-term obligations.

NP

Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Not Prime do not fall within any of the Prime rating categories.

S&P Global Ratings

Commercial paper ratings (highest three ratings)

A-1

A short-term obligation rated A-1 is rated in the highest category by S&P Global Ratings. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is strong. Within this category, certain obligations are designated with a plus sign (+). This indicates that the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on these obligations is extremely strong.

A-2

A short-term obligation rated A-2 is somewhat more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than obligations in higher rating categories. However, the obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation is satisfactory.

A-3

A short-term obligation rated A-3 exhibits adequate protection parameters. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to weaken an obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitments on the obligation.

Investment portfolio October 31, 2024

Common stocks 78.34%

		Shares	Value (000)
Financials			
13.97%	JPMorgan Chase & Co.	7,044,502	\$ 1,563,316
	Morgan Stanley	9,173,498	1,066,419
	BlackRock, Inc.	971,324	952,898
	Zurich Insurance Group AG	1,501,218	890,190
	ING Groep NV	38,875,926	659,907
	Münchener Rückversicherungs-Gesellschaft AG	1,285,232	658,489
	PNC Financial Services Group, Inc.	3,259,918	613,745
	DBS Group Holdings, Ltd.	19,861,331	571,593
	Intact Financial Corp.	2,773,111	529,587
	Apollo Asset Management, Inc.	2,300,773	329,609
	Great-West Lifeco, Inc.	9,332,931	313,165
	American International Group, Inc.	3,905,131	296,321
	Power Corporation of Canada, subordinate voting shares	9,081,623	287,056
	Wells Fargo & Co.	4,333,457	281,328
	Truist Financial Corp.	6,354,944	273,580
	Kaspi.kz JSC (GDR) ¹	2,447,140	269,528
	AIA Group, Ltd.	33,750,112	268,556
	B3 SA - Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão	138,633,128	254,681
	Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, SA	25,402,408	253,004
	CME Group, Inc., Class A	1,071,314	241,431
	Blackstone, Inc.	1,387,835	232,809
	East West Bancorp, Inc.	2,348,111	228,917
	Hana Financial Group, Inc.	5,195,821	224,043
	360 ONE WAM, Ltd.	15,880,000	205,589
	Euronext NV	1,707,856	188,434
	Swedbank AB, Class A	9,268,200	188,187
	Mizuho Financial Group, Inc.	8,963,500	187,173
	KB Financial Group, Inc.	2,745,514	178,102
	Bank Central Asia Tbk PT	263,745,200	172,102
	TPG, Inc., Class A	2,462,595	166,668
	NatWest Group PLC	34,551,694	163,479
	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The) (CAD denominated)	2,876,611	159,021
	Principal Financial Group, Inc.	1,826,000	150,462
	State Street Corp.	1,455,059	135,030
	Webster Financial Corp.	2,520,603	130,567
	BNP Paribas SA	1,860,462	127,094
	Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk PT	294,880,000	125,749
	3i Group PLC	3,010,039	123,208
	UniCredit SpA	2,575,710	114,112
	National Bank of Canada	1,170,101	111,602
	Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB, Class A	7,875,000	111,276
	EFG International AG	7,785,720	106,728
	Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing, Ltd.	2,608,100	104,213
	Resona Holdings, Inc.	13,669,900	91,044
	Banco Santander, SA	18,170,300	88,857
	Western Union Co.	7,516,724	80,880
	Deutsche Bank AG	4,273,404	72,766
	United Overseas Bank, Ltd.	2,930,000	70,561
	DNB Bank ASA	3,076,075	63,562
	Patria Investments, Ltd., Class A	5,108,139	59,459
	Citizens Financial Group, Inc.	1,230,400	51,825
	Sampo OYJ, Class A	1,115,364	49,523
	Houlihan Lokey, Inc., Class A	281,141	48,573
	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (CAD denominated)	762,416	47,699
	Vontobel Holding AG	724,483	47,250
	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.	163,691	39,586
	Fukuoka Financial Group, Inc.	1,559,000	35,593
	Bank of Montreal ²	355,338	32,381
	Tokio Marine Holdings, Inc.	697,400	24,799
	Sberbank of Russia PJSC ³	19,327,472	— ⁴
			<u>15,113,326</u>

Common stocks (continued)

		Shares	Value (000)
Information technology 10.92%	Broadcom, Inc.	26,119,771	\$ 4,434,353
	Microsoft Corp.	4,771,960	1,939,086
	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	53,839,820	1,693,064
	Texas Instruments, Inc.	4,303,508	874,301
	Accenture PLC, Class A	1,893,610	652,955
	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	8,408,498	355,389
	Seagate Technology Holdings PLC	3,166,339	317,805
	SAP SE	1,332,167	311,369
	KLA Corp.	451,503	300,805
	HCL Technologies, Ltd.	8,080,344	168,188
	Tokyo Electron, Ltd.	1,092,000	162,363
	MediaTek, Inc.	3,740,000	146,398
	TDK Corp.	11,321,735	133,778
	Analog Devices, Inc.	536,200	119,632
	GlobalWafers Co., Ltd.	8,307,893	107,351
	Intel Corp.	2,357,608	50,736
	Capgemini SE ²	181,938	31,365
	BE Semiconductor Industries NV	116,511	12,345
			<u>11,811,283</u>
Health care 10.38%	AbbVie, Inc.	13,409,073	2,733,708
	Gilead Sciences, Inc.	16,398,881	1,456,549
	Abbott Laboratories	11,893,783	1,348,398
	Amgen, Inc.	3,674,347	1,176,379
	AstraZeneca PLC	7,020,662	998,141
	Sanofi	8,112,648	855,965
	Medtronic PLC	6,290,658	561,441
	UnitedHealth Group, Inc.	733,944	414,311
	Bristol-Myers Squibb Co.	6,326,577	352,833
	Roche Holding AG, nonvoting non-registered shares	974,235	302,572
	Merck & Co., Inc.	2,368,677	242,363
	Takeda Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	7,303,550	203,446
	EssilorLuxottica SA	668,296	157,146
	GSK PLC	7,744,348	141,480
	EBOS Group, Ltd.	5,200,670	113,397
	Novartis AG	817,699	88,723
	CVS Health Corp.	1,440,382	81,324
	Endo, Inc. ⁵	892	22
	Endo, Inc., 1L 6.875% Escrow ^{3,5}	225,000	— ⁴
			<u>11,228,198</u>
Industrials 9.36%	RTX Corp.	15,584,247	1,885,538
	Siemens AG	3,670,182	712,445
	Volvo AB, Class B	25,782,911	669,286
	BAE Systems PLC	30,860,672	497,643
	Union Pacific Corp.	2,099,945	487,334
	Deutsche Post AG	11,734,830	471,393
	Paychex, Inc.	3,099,793	431,894
	Mitsubishi Corp.	21,380,552	390,061
	Honeywell International, Inc.	1,889,108	388,552
	FedEx Corp.	1,395,975	382,288
	RELX PLC	8,179,345	375,940
	Carrier Global Corp.	4,722,870	343,447
	Canadian National Railway Co. (CAD denominated)	2,908,111	314,026
	Automatic Data Processing, Inc.	865,609	250,369
	Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc.	1,182,315	249,303
	SGS SA	2,230,085	236,735
	Marubeni Corp.	15,791,600	234,513
	Singapore Technologies Engineering, Ltd.	63,643,165	218,186
	UL Solutions, Inc., Class A	3,590,800	186,578
	Robert Half, Inc.	2,347,202	159,868
	Trinity Industries, Inc. ⁶	4,493,726	154,045
	Airbus SE, non-registered shares	945,100	144,023
	Bureau Veritas SA	3,936,765	124,578
	ITOCHU Corp.	2,345,100	115,677
	Schneider Electric SE	436,261	112,863

Common stocks (continued)

		Shares	Value (000)
Industrials (continued)	Logista Integral SA, non-registered shares	3,664,824	\$ 112,064
	Trelleborg AB, Class B	3,239,000	108,269
	Northrop Grumman Corp.	202,200	102,924
	Transurban Group ⁵	10,156,371	84,846
	General Dynamics Corp.	224,400	65,437
	Sulzer AG	401,509	62,277
	PACCAR, Inc.	543,833	56,711
			<u>10,129,113</u>
Consumer staples 8.40%	Philip Morris International, Inc.	23,836,139	3,163,056
	British American Tobacco PLC	28,506,438	992,753
	British American Tobacco PLC (ADR)	3,041,264	106,383
	Mondelez International, Inc., Class A	11,993,465	821,312
	Imperial Brands PLC	18,287,284	551,084
	PepsiCo, Inc.	2,348,087	389,970
	ITC, Ltd.	64,671,320	373,595
	General Mills, Inc.	5,183,723	352,597
	Nestlé SA	3,376,637	319,296
	Danone SA	3,393,556	242,468
	Altria Group, Inc.	4,407,100	240,011
	Carlsberg A/S, Class B	1,849,873	204,123
	Kimberly-Clark Corp.	1,457,945	195,627
	Sysco Corp.	2,092,705	156,848
	Asahi Group Holdings, Ltd.	12,732,600	152,823
	WH Group, Ltd.	162,569,000	125,934
	Procter & Gamble Co.	590,675	97,568
	Molson Coors Beverage Co., Class B, restricted voting shares	1,694,153	92,281
	Suntory Beverage & Food, Ltd. ²	2,276,900	76,797
	Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV	1,157,903	68,946
	Dollar General Corp.	768,000	61,471
	Kao Corp.	1,291,400	57,178
	Lamb Weston Holdings, Inc.	694,337	53,943
	Pernod Ricard SA	405,107	50,584
	Coca-Cola Co.	769,382	50,248
	Unilever PLC	667,874	40,876
	Scandinavian Tobacco Group A/S	2,058,240	30,951
	Tsingtao Brewery Co., Ltd., Class H	1,850,000	11,915
			<u>9,080,638</u>
Utilities 6.32%	Dominion Energy, Inc.	10,300,919	613,214
	SSE PLC	26,746,211	606,717
	Iberdrola, SA, non-registered shares	38,428,976	569,936
	Engie SA	32,598,751	546,173
	DTE Energy Co.	4,387,067	544,961
	E.ON SE	38,536,227	520,483
	Edison International	6,105,040	503,055
	Pinnacle West Capital Corp.	4,726,754	415,056
	Duke Energy Corp.	3,522,920	406,087
	Sempra	4,454,162	371,344
	National Grid PLC	28,035,448	352,355
	CenterPoint Energy, Inc.	11,384,886	336,196
	Southern Co. (The)	3,632,707	330,685
	Entergy Corp.	1,304,454	201,903
	AES Corp.	9,949,432	164,066
	Atmos Energy Corp.	1,178,769	163,590
	SembCorp Industries, Ltd.	20,005,900	76,152
	Power Assets Holdings, Ltd.	9,434,000	62,775
	Power Grid Corporation of India, Ltd.	13,168,417	49,997
			<u>6,834,745</u>
Energy 5.36%	Exxon Mobil Corp.	9,787,949	1,143,037
	Canadian Natural Resources, Ltd. (CAD denominated)	26,427,701	898,733
	TC Energy Corp. (CAD denominated)	19,115,306	889,078
	EOG Resources, Inc.	3,862,221	471,036
	TotalEnergies SE	7,374,838	461,285

Common stocks (continued)

		Shares	Value (000)
Energy (continued)	Shell PLC (GBP denominated)	11,384,856	\$ 378,719
	Shell PLC (ADR)	738,100	49,859
	ConocoPhillips	3,021,406	330,965
	BP PLC	58,638,545	285,004
	South Bow Corp. (CAD denominated) ⁵	8,372,487	209,079
	Chevron Corp.	1,357,158	201,972
	EQT Corp.	5,351,033	195,527
	Cenovus Energy, Inc.	5,038,647	80,971
	Cenovus Energy, Inc. (CAD denominated)	2,646,502	42,558
	DT Midstream, Inc.	760,862	68,592
	Schlumberger NV	1,315,399	52,708
	Neste OYJ	2,559,201	41,031
	Constellation Oil Services Holding SA, Class B-1 ^{3,5}	259,950	99
			<u>5,800,253</u>
Consumer discretionary 4.43%	McDonald's Corp.	3,244,494	947,749
	Home Depot, Inc.	2,151,860	847,295
	LVMH Moët Hennessy-Louis Vuitton SE	732,149	485,804
	Industria de Diseño Textil, SA	5,440,660	310,028
	YUM! Brands, Inc.	2,341,511	307,113
	Midea Group Co., Ltd., Class A	29,138,406	292,551
	Restaurant Brands International, Inc.	3,193,243	222,090
	Darden Restaurants, Inc.	1,369,610	219,165
	Tractor Supply Co.	775,925	206,016
	Starbucks Corp.	1,759,683	171,921
	Vail Resorts, Inc.	940,068	155,760
	NEXT PLC	1,102,670	139,805
	Galaxy Entertainment Group, Ltd.	21,218,000	93,451
	Hasbro, Inc.	920,000	60,380
	Las Vegas Sands Corp.	1,120,787	58,113
	Compagnie Financière Richemont SA, Class A	389,551	56,828
	Evolution AB	556,410	52,547
	Amadeus IT Group SA, Class A, non-registered shares	576,225	41,825
	OPAP SA	1,967,863	33,517
	Jumbo SA	1,061,844	28,234
	International Game Technology PLC	1,310,302	26,625
	Inchcape PLC	2,546,035	23,643
	Aristocrat Leisure, Ltd.	311,918	12,516
			<u>4,792,976</u>
Real estate 4.15%	VICI Properties, Inc. REIT ⁶	53,499,275	1,699,137
	Extra Space Storage, Inc. REIT	2,398,846	391,731
	American Tower Corp. REIT	1,763,657	376,611
	Prologis, Inc. REIT	2,894,617	326,918
	Welltower, Inc. REIT	2,153,334	290,442
	Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. REIT	6,504,656	278,985
	Link REIT	36,397,496	169,690
	Public Storage REIT	468,002	154,001
	Equinix, Inc. REIT	126,200	114,600
	CTP NV	6,244,020	104,155
	CK Asset Holdings, Ltd.	24,301,734	99,538
	UDR, Inc. REIT	2,082,192	87,848
	Digital Realty Trust, Inc. REIT	486,300	86,673
	Mindspace Business Parks REIT	19,429,410	86,095
	Sun Communities, Inc. REIT	430,663	57,140
	Embassy Office Parks REIT	10,653,487	50,086
	Longfor Group Holdings, Ltd.	27,189,658	44,488
	SBA Communications Corp. REIT, Class A	166,130	38,122
	POWERGRID Infrastructure Investment Trust REIT	26,405,500	28,367
	Kimco Realty Corp. REIT	295,754	7,015
			<u>4,491,642</u>

Common stocks (continued)

		Shares	Value (000)
Communication services 2.67%	Comcast Corp., Class A	10,382,695	\$ 453,412
	Singapore Telecommunications, Ltd.	157,596,800	372,972
	Koninklijke KPN NV	85,753,263	335,087
	Verizon Communications, Inc.	6,636,206	279,583
	Publicis Groupe SA ²	2,286,774	243,835
	T-Mobile US, Inc.	1,028,291	229,473
	América Móvil, SAB de CV, Class B (ADR)	12,941,765	203,703
	Deutsche Telekom AG	5,552,750	168,143
	TELUS Corp.	9,222,944	145,795
	SoftBank Corp.	109,140,430	137,612
	WPP PLC	10,114,646	106,538
	Omnicom Group, Inc.	931,500	94,082
	HKT Trust and HKT, Ltd., units	73,257,460	91,016
	Telkom Indonesia (Persero) Tbk PT, Class B	175,000,000	31,235
			<u>2,892,486</u>
Materials 2.38%	Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.	2,159,228	670,505
	Rio Tinto PLC	9,536,916	616,993
	Smurfit Westrock PLC	7,547,818	388,713
	Linde PLC	777,829	354,807
	Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd.	3,880,700	143,637
	Eastman Chemical Co.	994,793	104,543
	Vale SA (ADR), ordinary nominative shares	6,898,935	73,818
	Celanese Corp.	462,236	58,228
	Barrick Gold Corp.	2,491,653	48,139
	Evonik Industries AG	2,108,724	46,410
	UPM-Kymmene OYJ	1,191,859	34,929
	Antofagasta PLC	1,209,489	27,297
	BASF SE	167,546	8,138
			<u>2,576,157</u>
	Total common stocks (cost: \$59,006,881,000)		<u>84,750,817</u>

Preferred securities 0.01%

Financials 0.01%	CoBank, ACB, Class E, 6.118% perpetual noncumulative preferred shares ¹	13,000	10,530
	Total preferred securities (cost: \$13,000,000)		<u>10,530</u>

Convertible stocks 0.11%

Utilities 0.11%	NextEra Energy, Inc., noncumulative convertible preferred units, 6.926% 9/1/2025	2,636,200	117,970
	Total convertible stocks (cost: \$112,784,000)		<u>117,970</u>

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments 15.58%

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments		15.58%		Principal amount (000)		
Mortgage-backed obligations 6.59%						
Federal agency mortgage-backed obligations 5.96%	Fannie Mae Pool #394854	6.50%	5/1/2027 ⁷	USD	2	2
	Fannie Mae Pool #256821	6.50%	7/1/2027 ⁷		8	8
	Fannie Mae Pool #257145	6.50%	3/1/2028 ⁷		1	1
	Fannie Mae Pool #AX9959	3.50%	12/1/2029 ⁷		129	125
	Fannie Mae Pool #BA2999	3.50%	11/1/2030 ⁷		137	133
	Fannie Mae Pool #659096	6.50%	8/1/2032 ⁷		1	1
	Fannie Mae Pool #683351	5.50%	2/1/2033 ⁷		58	59
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA1299	3.50%	3/1/2033 ⁷		67	65
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA3438	3.50%	8/1/2033 ⁷		183	178
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA3658	3.50%	5/1/2034 ⁷		269	258
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA4490	3.50%	8/1/2034 ⁷		363	349
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM2499	2.50%	2/1/2035 ⁷		63,678	58,791
	Fannie Mae Pool #887695	6.00%	6/1/2036 ⁷		974	1,012
	Fannie Mae Pool #894308	6.00%	10/1/2036 ⁷		152	155
	Fannie Mae Pool #902164	6.00%	11/1/2036 ⁷		803	834
	Fannie Mae Pool #902503	6.00%	11/1/2036 ⁷		498	516
	Fannie Mae Pool #903076	6.00%	12/1/2036 ⁷		1,040	1,080

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Federal agency mortgage-backed obligations (continued)	Fannie Mae Pool #AD0249 5.50% 4/1/2037 ⁷	USD 77	\$ 78
	Fannie Mae Pool #AS9772 3.50% 6/1/2037 ⁷	28	27
	Fannie Mae Pool #966172 7.00% 7/1/2037 ⁷	120	121
	Fannie Mae Pool #256845 6.50% 8/1/2037 ⁷	49	51
	Fannie Mae Pool #256960 6.50% 11/1/2037 ⁷	256	266
	Fannie Mae Pool #257137 7.00% 3/1/2038 ⁷	17	18
	Fannie Mae Pool #963269 5.50% 5/1/2038 ⁷	815	822
	Fannie Mae Pool #963341 5.50% 5/1/2038 ⁷	247	249
	Fannie Mae Pool #963454 5.50% 6/1/2038 ⁷	796	802
	Fannie Mae Pool #963796 5.50% 6/1/2038 ⁷	238	238
	Fannie Mae Pool #929964 6.00% 9/1/2038 ⁷	380	395
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS2490 5.50% 10/1/2038 ⁷	27	27
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM3708 5.50% 10/1/2038 ⁷	16	16
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS2101 5.50% 10/1/2038 ⁷	5	5
	Fannie Mae Pool #970772 5.50% 11/1/2038 ⁷	29	29
	Fannie Mae Pool #AE0392 5.50% 12/1/2039 ⁷	52	52
	Fannie Mae Pool #AL4324 6.50% 5/1/2040 ⁷	5	6
	Fannie Mae Pool #AL0152 6.00% 6/1/2040 ⁷	2,779	2,883
	Fannie Mae Pool #AE8073 4.00% 12/1/2040 ⁷	164	157
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4364 2.00% 6/1/2041 ⁷	77,218	65,076
	Fannie Mae Pool #AL1571 5.00% 6/1/2041 ⁷	2,077	2,084
	Fannie Mae Pool #AL0913 6.00% 7/1/2041 ⁷	1,943	2,016
	Fannie Mae Pool #AJ0257 4.00% 9/1/2041 ⁷	55	53
	Fannie Mae Pool #AJ4154 4.00% 11/1/2041 ⁷	175	167
	Fannie Mae Pool #AB4050 4.00% 12/1/2041 ⁷	329	313
	Fannie Mae Pool #AJ4189 4.00% 12/1/2041 ⁷	191	182
	Fannie Mae Pool #AJ9165 4.00% 1/1/2042 ⁷	4,707	4,478
	Fannie Mae Pool #890407 4.00% 2/1/2042 ⁷	462	441
	Fannie Mae Pool #AL2745 4.00% 3/1/2042 ⁷	1,311	1,250
	Fannie Mae Pool #AO6721 4.00% 6/1/2042 ⁷	8,483	8,054
	Fannie Mae Pool #AO1820 4.00% 6/1/2042 ⁷	808	770
	Fannie Mae Pool #890445 4.00% 7/1/2042 ⁷	1,015	967
	Fannie Mae Pool #AS0831 4.50% 10/1/2043 ⁷	314	304
	Fannie Mae Pool #AW4156 4.00% 5/1/2044 ⁷	1,760	1,656
	Fannie Mae Pool #AW4026 4.00% 6/1/2044 ⁷	1,779	1,687
	Fannie Mae Pool #AX2782 4.00% 9/1/2044 ⁷	2,413	2,268
	Fannie Mae Pool #AY1313 4.00% 3/1/2045 ⁷	4,449	4,185
	Fannie Mae Pool #AS6840 4.00% 3/1/2046 ⁷	4,839	4,552
	Fannie Mae Pool #AL8522 3.50% 5/1/2046 ⁷	763	697
	Fannie Mae Pool #BC8719 4.00% 6/1/2046 ⁷	1,837	1,727
	Fannie Mae Pool #BC8720 4.00% 6/1/2046 ⁷	1,516	1,426
	Fannie Mae Pool #AS7598 4.00% 7/1/2046 ⁷	4,627	4,346
	Fannie Mae Pool #BD1967 4.00% 7/1/2046 ⁷	1,652	1,553
	Fannie Mae Pool #BD5477 4.00% 7/1/2046 ⁷	35	33
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA2691 4.50% 7/1/2046 ⁷	846	820
	Fannie Mae Pool #AS7759 4.00% 8/1/2046 ⁷	10,644	10,013
	Fannie Mae Pool #AS7760 4.00% 8/1/2046 ⁷	4,704	4,425
	Fannie Mae Pool #AS7939 4.00% 9/1/2046 ⁷	6,845	6,435
	Fannie Mae Pool #AL9190 4.00% 9/1/2046 ⁷	1,253	1,177
	Fannie Mae Pool #BC4712 4.00% 10/1/2046 ⁷	3,707	3,485
	Fannie Mae Pool #BC4801 4.00% 11/1/2046 ⁷	2,703	2,541
	Fannie Mae Pool #BM3288 3.50% 12/1/2046 ⁷	20	18
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA2907 4.00% 2/1/2047 ⁷	23	22
	Fannie Mae Pool #AS9313 4.00% 3/1/2047 ⁷	3,797	3,565
	Fannie Mae Pool #BE3229 4.00% 3/1/2047 ⁷	1,568	1,466
	Fannie Mae Pool #BD7165 4.00% 4/1/2047 ⁷	22	20
	Fannie Mae Pool #AS9454 4.00% 4/1/2047 ⁷	14	13
	Fannie Mae Pool #BM4187 4.50% 5/1/2047 ⁷	13,179	12,792
	Fannie Mae Pool #BH2491 4.00% 6/1/2047 ⁷	1,986	1,864
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA3058 4.00% 7/1/2047 ⁷	2,487	2,330
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA0243 4.50% 8/1/2047 ⁷	12,686	12,256
	Fannie Mae Pool #BJ1668 4.00% 12/1/2047 ⁷	2,138	2,014
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA3211 4.00% 12/1/2047 ⁷	459	431
	Fannie Mae Pool #BJ2751 4.50% 5/1/2048 ⁷	6,209	5,982
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA2033 4.00% 7/1/2048 ⁷	9,092	8,519
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA2157 4.00% 8/1/2048 ⁷	17,706	16,589
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0320 5.50% 1/1/2049 ⁷	10,424	10,614

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Federal agency mortgage-backed obligations (continued)	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0572 5.50% 4/1/2049 ⁷	USD21,652	\$ 21,878
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM2675 4.00% 6/1/2049 ⁷	5,089	4,768
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM1262 4.00% 7/1/2049 ⁷	14,792	13,860
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA4819 4.00% 12/1/2049 ⁷	7,186	6,733
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS5313 3.50% 1/1/2050 ⁷	192,212	174,371
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA5216 3.00% 2/1/2050 ⁷	14,126	12,402
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA5226 3.00% 2/1/2050 ⁷	5,791	5,084
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM2676 4.00% 3/1/2050 ⁷	4,928	4,618
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS3189 4.00% 4/1/2050 ⁷	34,030	31,915
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA6079 2.50% 6/1/2050 ⁷	18	15
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA6309 3.00% 7/1/2050 ⁷	28,866	25,515
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA6349 3.00% 7/1/2050 ⁷	11,479	10,050
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA6740 3.00% 8/1/2050 ⁷	6,631	5,838
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA7048 3.00% 9/1/2050 ⁷	3,829	3,353
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA7052 3.00% 9/1/2050 ⁷	1,072	939
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA7381 3.00% 10/1/2050 ⁷	10,547	9,194
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM4897 3.00% 11/1/2050 ⁷	5,699	5,036
	Fannie Mae Pool #CA8046 3.00% 12/1/2050 ⁷	22,359	19,758
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM5166 3.00% 12/1/2050 ⁷	7,051	6,170
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS5929 2.50% 1/1/2051 ⁷	1,000	829
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM5509 3.00% 1/1/2051 ⁷	11,341	9,927
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB0191 3.00% 4/1/2051 ⁷	14,330	12,438
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB0193 3.00% 4/1/2051 ⁷	1,758	1,530
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM7556 3.50% 5/1/2051 ⁷	25	22
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM7909 3.00% 6/1/2051 ⁷	1,321	1,150
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM8477 3.00% 8/1/2051 ⁷	9,967	8,718
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4465 2.00% 11/1/2051 ⁷	2,772	2,209
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM9632 3.00% 11/1/2051 ⁷	38,298	33,371
	Fannie Mae Pool #FM9631 3.00% 11/1/2051 ⁷	16,475	14,358
	Fannie Mae Pool #BU7607 2.50% 12/1/2051 ⁷	1,000	829
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB2414 3.00% 12/1/2051 ⁷	18,857	16,541
	Fannie Mae Pool #BQ7006 2.00% 1/1/2052 ⁷	1,780	1,417
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS0972 3.50% 1/1/2052 ⁷	18,825	17,157
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4547 2.00% 2/1/2052 ⁷	866	688
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB3888 2.50% 2/1/2052 ⁷	37	31
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS0647 3.00% 2/1/2052 ⁷	12,274	10,755
	Fannie Mae Pool #BV4119 2.50% 3/1/2052 ⁷	315	263
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS0752 3.00% 3/1/2052 ⁷	46,393	40,361
	Fannie Mae Pool #BV6656 3.00% 3/1/2052 ⁷	35	30
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB3179 3.50% 3/1/2052 ⁷	24,888	22,415
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS1598 2.00% 4/1/2052 ⁷	1,540	1,223
	Fannie Mae Pool #BV3853 2.50% 4/1/2052 ⁷	1,386	1,154
	Fannie Mae Pool #BV4659 2.50% 4/1/2052 ⁷	473	394
	Fannie Mae Pool #BV7717 2.50% 4/1/2052 ⁷	452	377
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB3354 2.50% 4/1/2052 ⁷	409	338
	Fannie Mae Pool #BV8463 2.50% 4/1/2052 ⁷	190	159
	Fannie Mae Pool #BV8126 2.50% 4/1/2052 ⁷	189	158
	Fannie Mae Pool #BV9644 2.50% 5/1/2052 ⁷	351	293
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS2009 3.00% 5/1/2052 ⁷	41	35
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4626 4.00% 6/1/2052 ⁷	2,596	2,402
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4711 5.50% 7/1/2052 ⁷	47	47
	Fannie Mae Pool #BW5402 5.50% 7/1/2052 ⁷	42	41
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB4145 5.50% 7/1/2052 ⁷	42	41
	Fannie Mae Pool #BV8976 5.00% 8/1/2052 ⁷	4,387	4,282
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB4418 5.50% 8/1/2052 ⁷	98	97
	Fannie Mae Pool #BW9206 5.50% 8/1/2052 ⁷	54	55
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB4421 5.50% 8/1/2052 ⁷	29	29
	Fannie Mae Pool #BW9049 4.50% 9/1/2052 ⁷	127	121
	Fannie Mae Pool #BW7372 5.50% 9/1/2052 ⁷	91	91
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX1322 5.50% 9/1/2052 ⁷	58	57
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS3056 2.00% 10/1/2052 ⁷	2,310	1,833
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4785 5.00% 10/1/2052 ⁷	46	45
	Fannie Mae Pool #BW1289 5.50% 10/1/2052 ⁷	10,405	10,337
	Fannie Mae Pool #BW1243 5.50% 10/1/2052 ⁷	9,104	9,046
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX1223 5.50% 10/1/2052 ⁷	1,762	1,753
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX1488 5.50% 10/1/2052 ⁷	429	432
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB5020 5.50% 10/1/2052 ⁷	378	375

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Federal agency mortgage-backed obligations (continued)	Fannie Mae Pool #BW9929 5.50% 10/1/2052 ⁷	USD 50	\$ 50
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4820 6.50% 10/1/2052 ⁷	33	34
	Fannie Mae Pool #BW9488 5.00% 11/1/2052 ⁷	445	432
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX4398 5.50% 11/1/2052 ⁷	922	928
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX1298 5.50% 11/1/2052 ⁷	99	98
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX3689 5.00% 12/1/2052 ⁷	27	26
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4842 5.50% 12/1/2052 ⁷	14,212	14,118
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX3716 5.50% 12/1/2052 ⁷	507	504
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX3726 5.50% 12/1/2052 ⁷	393	390
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX2464 5.50% 12/1/2052 ⁷	229	228
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX2476 5.50% 12/1/2052 ⁷	32	32
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS5520 4.50% 1/1/2053 ⁷	21,288	20,226
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4868 5.00% 1/1/2053 ⁷	61	59
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX5626 5.50% 1/1/2053 ⁷	4,143	4,114
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX6633 5.50% 1/1/2053 ⁷	1,229	1,219
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX0856 5.50% 1/1/2053 ⁷	33	33
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX5592 5.50% 1/1/2053 ⁷	32	32
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4894 6.00% 1/1/2053 ⁷	43,635	43,962
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX4106 5.00% 2/1/2053 ⁷	462	451
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS3864 5.00% 2/1/2053 ⁷	23	22
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX5722 5.00% 2/1/2053 ⁷	22	21
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4919 5.50% 2/1/2053 ⁷	23,146	22,962
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX4108 5.50% 2/1/2053 ⁷	245	243
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX7384 5.50% 2/1/2053 ⁷	108	107
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX6545 6.00% 2/1/2053 ⁷	33,842	34,117
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX4771 5.00% 3/1/2053 ⁷	356	346
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX6752 5.00% 3/1/2053 ⁷	247	240
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB5986 5.00% 3/1/2053 ⁷	92	90
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX8385 5.00% 3/1/2053 ⁷	55	54
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS4152 5.50% 3/1/2053 ⁷	5,654	5,614
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX7555 5.50% 3/1/2053 ⁷	3,901	3,871
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS4191 5.50% 3/1/2053 ⁷	2,996	2,990
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4978 5.00% 4/1/2053 ⁷	4,704	4,577
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB6599 5.00% 4/1/2053 ⁷	491	478
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX9041 5.00% 4/1/2053 ⁷	94	92
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4979 5.50% 4/1/2053 ⁷	47,018	46,620
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA4980 6.00% 4/1/2053 ⁷	25,166	25,340
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX8415 6.00% 4/1/2053 ⁷	1,120	1,131
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5027 4.00% 5/1/2053 ⁷	548	506
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS4563 5.00% 5/1/2053 ⁷	2,811	2,738
	Fannie Mae Pool #BY2258 5.00% 5/1/2053 ⁷	224	218
	Fannie Mae Pool #BW5282 5.00% 5/1/2053 ⁷	185	180
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5010 5.50% 5/1/2053 ⁷	33,642	33,360
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5011 6.00% 5/1/2053 ⁷	92,433	93,071
	Fannie Mae Pool #BY3392 5.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	37,160	36,149
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5038 5.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	36,335	35,352
	Fannie Mae Pool #BY6853 5.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	542	527
	Fannie Mae Pool #BY3975 5.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	385	375
	Fannie Mae Pool #BY2311 5.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	114	111
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5039 5.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	141,010	139,819
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS5192 5.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	18,312	18,186
	Fannie Mae Pool #BY4218 5.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	982	974
	Fannie Mae Pool #BY5242 5.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	41	41
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5040 6.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	53,417	53,785
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB6485 6.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	36,130	36,415
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB6486 6.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	21,666	21,908
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB6465 6.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	16,321	16,445
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS4933 6.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	5,599	5,649
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB6491 6.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	6,712	6,873
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB6490 6.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	2,396	2,455
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB6468 6.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	1,781	1,823
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS7823 2.00% 7/1/2053 ⁷	972	774
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5070 4.50% 7/1/2053 ⁷	8,017	7,618
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5071 5.00% 7/1/2053 ⁷	11,347	11,038
	Fannie Mae Pool #BU4112 5.00% 7/1/2053 ⁷	95	92
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5072 5.50% 7/1/2053 ⁷	182,620	181,045
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5073 6.00% 7/1/2053 ⁷	29,199	29,401

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Federal agency mortgage-backed obligations (continued)	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5106 5.00% 8/1/2053 ⁷	USD119,861	\$ 116,560
	Fannie Mae Pool #BX7614 5.00% 8/1/2053 ⁷	246	240
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5108 6.00% 8/1/2053 ⁷	135,311	136,245
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB7018 4.00% 9/1/2053 ⁷	33	31
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5138 5.50% 9/1/2053 ⁷	1,358	1,346
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB7104 5.50% 9/1/2053 ⁷	106	106
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5139 6.00% 9/1/2053 ⁷	2,631	2,649
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS5749 6.50% 9/1/2053 ⁷	214,311	219,293
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB7139 6.50% 9/1/2053 ⁷	81,313	83,425
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5177 4.00% 10/1/2053 ⁷	1,555	1,438
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5165 5.50% 10/1/2053 ⁷	551	546
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5166 6.00% 10/1/2053 ⁷	960	966
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5167 6.50% 10/1/2053 ⁷	2,510	2,564
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS6838 5.50% 11/1/2053 ⁷	912	904
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5191 6.00% 11/1/2053 ⁷	60,452	60,894
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB7426 6.50% 11/1/2053 ⁷	4,128	4,238
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB7510 6.50% 11/1/2053 ⁷	1,404	1,445
	Fannie Mae Pool #BY1448 4.00% 12/1/2053 ⁷	699	647
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB7626 6.50% 12/1/2053 ⁷	3,423	3,521
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5218 7.00% 12/1/2053 ⁷	29,295	30,458
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB8089 7.00% 12/1/2053 ⁷	6,000	6,238
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS6873 6.50% 1/1/2054 ⁷	20,925	21,421
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS6767 6.50% 1/1/2054 ⁷	1,447	1,489
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS6809 5.50% 2/1/2054 ⁷	190	188
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS7503 6.00% 2/1/2054 ⁷	2,010	2,023
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB8151 5.50% 3/1/2054 ⁷	5,043	5,003
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB8148 5.50% 3/1/2054 ⁷	2,020	2,014
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB8163 6.00% 3/1/2054 ⁷	734	745
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB8168 6.00% 3/1/2054 ⁷	7	7
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5295 6.00% 3/1/2054 ⁷	2	2
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5298 7.00% 3/1/2054 ⁷	46,925	48,789
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB8337 5.50% 4/1/2054 ⁷	2,543	2,526
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5329 6.50% 4/1/2054 ⁷	8,981	9,172
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5355 6.50% 5/1/2054 ⁷	3,006	3,070
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS8153 6.00% 6/1/2054 ⁷	3,860	3,920
	Fannie Mae Pool #DB6878 6.00% 6/1/2054 ⁷	1,401	1,411
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS8223 6.00% 6/1/2054 ⁷	451	455
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS8219 6.00% 6/1/2054 ⁷	389	395
	Fannie Mae Pool #BU4699 5.50% 7/1/2054 ⁷	1,176	1,169
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS8467 5.50% 7/1/2054 ⁷	295	294
	Fannie Mae Pool #BU4700 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	5,534	5,605
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5421 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	4,698	4,730
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB8858 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	3,659	3,706
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB8855 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	2,898	2,940
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS8318 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	2,671	2,705
	Fannie Mae Pool #DB6901 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	884	890
	Fannie Mae Pool #DB7039 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	329	333
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS8619 6.50% 7/1/2054 ⁷	218	224
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5422 6.50% 7/1/2054 ⁷	153	156
	Fannie Mae Pool #DB6906 6.50% 7/1/2054 ⁷	84	86
	Fannie Mae Pool #DB7783 5.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	27	27
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5445 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	8,821	8,880
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS8757 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	1,365	1,383
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS8758 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	1,143	1,154
	Fannie Mae Pool #BU4916 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	714	721
	Fannie Mae Pool #BU4968 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	662	666
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS8756 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	548	556
	Fannie Mae Pool #DB7687 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	170	172
	Fannie Mae Pool #DB7690 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	141	143
	Fannie Mae Pool #DC0296 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	124	126
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB9071 6.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	1,671	1,716
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5446 6.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	77	79
	Fannie Mae Pool #BU4946 5.50% 9/1/2054 ⁷	309	306
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB9210 5.50% 9/1/2054 ⁷	89	89
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB9146 5.50% 9/1/2054 ⁷	52	52
	Fannie Mae Pool #FS8866 6.00% 9/1/2054 ⁷	1,881	1,908
	Fannie Mae Pool #CB9159 6.00% 9/1/2054 ⁷	154	156

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Federal agency mortgage-backed obligations (continued)	Fannie Mae Pool #DC1873 6.00% 9/1/2054 ⁷	USD 11	\$ 11
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5496 5.00% 10/1/2054 ⁷	3,101	3,015
	Fannie Mae Pool #BU5049 6.50% 10/1/2054 ⁷	1,672	1,725
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5500 7.00% 10/1/2054 ⁷	139	145
	Fannie Mae Pool #BU5165 5.50% 11/1/2054 ⁷	7,465	7,426
	Fannie Mae Pool #MA5547 7.00% 11/1/2054 ⁷	373	387
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0133 4.00% 8/1/2056 ⁷	425	394
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0142 5.50% 8/1/2056 ⁷	33,277	33,996
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0145 3.50% 3/1/2057 ⁷	27,273	24,257
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0339 5.00% 1/1/2059 ⁷	31,036	30,600
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0342 5.50% 1/1/2059 ⁷	22,241	22,282
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0379 3.50% 4/1/2059 ⁷	64,534	57,314
	Fannie Mae Pool #BM6737 4.50% 11/1/2059 ⁷	51,196	49,126
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0497 3.00% 7/1/2060 ⁷	22,668	19,187
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0548 3.00% 7/1/2061 ⁷	17,041	14,416
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0647 3.00% 6/1/2062 ⁷	18,980	16,155
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0762 3.00% 9/1/2063 ⁷	8,544	7,227
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0765 3.50% 9/1/2063 ⁷	36,497	32,091
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0784 3.50% 12/1/2063 ⁷	3,847	3,382
	Fannie Mae Pool #BF0786 4.00% 12/1/2063 ⁷	672	617
	Fannie Mae, Series 2001-25, Class ZA, 6.50% 6/25/2031 ⁷	124	124
	Fannie Mae, Series 2006-65, Class PF, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 0.394%) 5.251% 7/25/2036 ^{7,8}	412	407
	Fannie Mae, Series 2001-50, Class BA, 7.00% 10/25/2041 ⁷	17	17
	Fannie Mae, Series 2002-W3, Class A5, 7.50% 11/25/2041 ⁷	33	34
	Fannie Mae, Series 2017-M7, Class A2, Multi Family, 2.961% 2/25/2027 ^{7,8}	2,353	2,273
	Fannie Mae, Series 2006-51, Class PO, principal only, 0% 3/25/2036 ⁷	160	152
	Fannie Mae, Series 2006-32, Class OA, principal only, 0% 5/25/2036 ⁷	387	328
	Fannie Mae, Series 2006-56, Class OG, principal only, 0% 7/25/2036 ⁷	52	45
	Fannie Mae, Series 2006-96, Class OP, principal only, 0% 10/25/2036 ⁷	91	81
	Freddie Mac Pool #ZK3460 3.50% 8/1/2026 ⁷	8	7
	Freddie Mac Pool #RD5008 3.50% 9/1/2029 ⁷	87	85
	Freddie Mac Pool #ZS7148 3.50% 4/1/2030 ⁷	5	5
	Freddie Mac Pool #V62089 3.50% 6/1/2033 ⁷	199	192
	Freddie Mac Pool #ZS8716 3.50% 9/1/2033 ⁷	155	150
	Freddie Mac Pool #G18723 3.50% 2/1/2034 ⁷	2,506	2,428
	Freddie Mac Pool #ZT1799 3.50% 3/1/2034 ⁷	364	351
	Freddie Mac Pool #QN3000 1.50% 8/1/2035 ⁷	176	153
	Freddie Mac Pool #ZA2505 3.50% 5/1/2038 ⁷	243	230
	Freddie Mac Pool #A76884 5.00% 5/1/2038 ⁷	147	147
	Freddie Mac Pool #G04697 5.50% 9/1/2038 ⁷	675	682
	Freddie Mac Pool #SC0297 5.50% 10/1/2038 ⁷	13	13
	Freddie Mac Pool #A87873 5.00% 8/1/2039 ⁷	2,622	2,618
	Freddie Mac Pool #G06789 6.00% 5/1/2040 ⁷	29	30
	Freddie Mac Pool #RB5071 2.00% 9/1/2040 ⁷	1,720	1,457
	Freddie Mac Pool #G06061 4.00% 10/1/2040 ⁷	425	405
	Freddie Mac Pool #SC0149 2.00% 3/1/2041 ⁷	11,001	9,289
	Freddie Mac Pool #Q00232 4.50% 4/1/2041 ⁷	3,838	3,760
	Freddie Mac Pool #Q00850 4.50% 5/1/2041 ⁷	135	132
	Freddie Mac Pool #RB0544 2.00% 6/1/2041 ⁷	5,265	4,439
	Freddie Mac Pool #G06841 5.50% 6/1/2041 ⁷	1,320	1,333
	Freddie Mac Pool #G08456 5.00% 7/1/2041 ⁷	92	92
	Freddie Mac Pool #G60546 4.00% 12/1/2042 ⁷	3,461	3,303
	Freddie Mac Pool #Q21442 4.50% 8/1/2043 ⁷	288	279
	Freddie Mac Pool #760014 3.206% 8/1/2045 ^{7,8}	479	473
	Freddie Mac Pool #G60138 3.50% 8/1/2045 ⁷	12,570	11,584
	Freddie Mac Pool #G60279 4.00% 10/1/2045 ⁷	3,555	3,350
	Freddie Mac Pool #Q41088 4.00% 6/1/2046 ⁷	8,185	7,710
	Freddie Mac Pool #Q41905 4.00% 7/1/2046 ⁷	2,989	2,815
	Freddie Mac Pool #Q42626 4.00% 8/1/2046 ⁷	3,151	2,968
	Freddie Mac Pool #T65389 3.50% 9/1/2046 ⁷	48	43
	Freddie Mac Pool #Q44227 4.00% 9/1/2046 ⁷	771	725
	Freddie Mac Pool #Q49716 4.50% 8/1/2047 ⁷	335	323
	Freddie Mac Pool #ZS4735 3.50% 9/1/2047 ⁷	2,364	2,145
	Freddie Mac Pool #K39018 6.50% 10/1/2047 ⁷	48	48
	Freddie Mac Pool #G08793 4.00% 12/1/2047 ⁷	14,443	13,550
	Freddie Mac Pool #Q52596 4.50% 12/1/2047 ⁷	281	271

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Federal agency mortgage-backed obligations (continued)	Freddie Mac Pool #SI2002 4.00% 3/1/2048 ⁷	USD 736	\$ 690
	Freddie Mac Pool #Q55986 4.50% 5/1/2048 ⁷	5,152	4,971
	Freddie Mac Pool #ZT1704 4.50% 1/1/2049 ⁷	125,786	121,977
	Freddie Mac Pool #QA5741 3.00% 12/1/2049 ⁷	2,711	2,381
	Freddie Mac Pool #QA5125 3.50% 12/1/2049 ⁷	1,193	1,084
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA3384 3.00% 8/1/2050 ⁷	1,145	1,003
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA3506 3.00% 9/1/2050 ⁷	12,335	10,784
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA5267 3.00% 5/1/2051 ⁷	7,584	6,597
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD3095 2.50% 7/1/2051 ⁷	1,000	829
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA5901 3.00% 9/1/2051 ⁷	7,211	6,275
	Freddie Mac Pool #QD1841 2.00% 11/1/2051 ⁷	2,241	1,784
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA6347 3.00% 11/1/2051 ⁷	8,365	7,279
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8182 2.00% 12/1/2051 ⁷	845	673
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD7551 3.00% 1/1/2052 ⁷	63,244	55,308
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA6531 3.50% 1/1/2052 ⁷	25	23
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD0902 2.50% 2/1/2052 ⁷	1,012	838
	Freddie Mac Pool #QE0849 2.50% 2/1/2052 ⁷	164	136
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA6805 3.00% 2/1/2052 ⁷	13,479	11,707
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8199 2.00% 3/1/2052 ⁷	1,741	1,385
	Freddie Mac Pool #QD8010 2.00% 3/1/2052 ⁷	971	773
	Freddie Mac Pool #QD8820 2.00% 3/1/2052 ⁷	89	71
	Freddie Mac Pool #QE1005 2.50% 4/1/2052 ⁷	982	819
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8205 2.50% 4/1/2052 ⁷	70	58
	Freddie Mac Pool #QE1130 4.00% 4/1/2052 ⁷	182	169
	Freddie Mac Pool #QD9477 4.00% 4/1/2052 ⁷	149	138
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8212 2.50% 5/1/2052 ⁷	50	41
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8213 3.00% 5/1/2052 ⁷	72,573	62,558
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8220 3.00% 6/1/2052 ⁷	36,703	31,665
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA7556 4.50% 6/1/2052 ⁷	71,379	67,894
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8225 3.00% 7/1/2052 ⁷	17,699	15,269
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD7556 3.00% 8/1/2052 ⁷	773	673
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8251 5.50% 8/1/2052 ⁷	45	44
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8242 3.00% 9/1/2052 ⁷	9,621	8,297
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD1584 4.50% 9/1/2052 ⁷	15,725	15,222
	Freddie Mac Pool #QE9222 5.00% 9/1/2052 ⁷	51,149	49,841
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA7938 5.00% 9/1/2052 ⁷	2,939	2,867
	Freddie Mac Pool #QE8785 5.50% 9/1/2052 ⁷	2,196	2,179
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD1831 5.50% 10/1/2052 ⁷	2,191	2,180
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF1113 5.50% 10/1/2052 ⁷	1,571	1,565
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF3150 5.50% 10/1/2052 ⁷	1,249	1,250
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF1433 5.50% 10/1/2052 ⁷	36	36
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF4229 5.00% 11/1/2052 ⁷	871	847
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF4983 5.00% 11/1/2052 ⁷	67	65
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD2948 5.50% 11/1/2052 ⁷	31,793	31,566
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF3380 5.50% 11/1/2052 ⁷	3,880	3,860
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF2409 5.50% 11/1/2052 ⁷	1,920	1,911
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF2472 5.50% 11/1/2052 ⁷	1,197	1,191
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8280 6.50% 11/1/2052 ⁷	22	22
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD2602 3.00% 12/1/2052 ⁷	2,434	2,100
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD4116 4.50% 12/1/2052 ⁷	17,941	17,064
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8276 5.00% 12/1/2052 ⁷	21,520	20,952
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF4765 5.00% 12/1/2052 ⁷	45	44
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF6034 5.50% 12/1/2052 ⁷	98	98
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF4188 5.50% 12/1/2052 ⁷	90	90
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF6796 5.50% 1/1/2053 ⁷	154	153
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8297 4.00% 2/1/2053 ⁷	4,028	3,725
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8299 5.00% 2/1/2053 ⁷	572	556
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF7811 5.00% 2/1/2053 ⁷	127	124
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF7483 5.50% 2/1/2053 ⁷	11,077	10,991
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF7073 5.50% 2/1/2053 ⁷	4,146	4,116
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF8331 5.50% 2/1/2053 ⁷	3,571	3,544
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF9106 5.50% 2/1/2053 ⁷	1,047	1,038
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD2402 6.00% 2/1/2053 ⁷	16,237	16,501
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8301 6.00% 2/1/2053 ⁷	79	80
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8305 4.00% 3/1/2053 ⁷	798	738
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF9075 5.00% 3/1/2053 ⁷	454	441
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF8333 5.00% 3/1/2053 ⁷	220	214

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Federal agency mortgage-backed obligations (continued)	Freddie Mac Pool #QF8351 5.50% 3/1/2053 ⁷	USD2,918	\$ 2,899
	Freddie Mac Pool #QF8462 5.50% 3/1/2053 ⁷	331	328
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD2716 5.00% 4/1/2053 ⁷	4,462	4,346
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG3296 5.00% 4/1/2053 ⁷	552	537
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG0978 5.00% 4/1/2053 ⁷	490	477
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG0650 5.00% 4/1/2053 ⁷	65	63
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG0159 5.00% 4/1/2053 ⁷	58	57
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG1385 5.00% 4/1/2053 ⁷	43	42
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8316 5.50% 4/1/2053 ⁷	48,089	47,672
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG1023 5.50% 4/1/2053 ⁷	11,465	11,382
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG0657 5.50% 4/1/2053 ⁷	3,488	3,461
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8323 5.00% 5/1/2053 ⁷	3,910	3,805
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD3236 5.00% 5/1/2053 ⁷	477	464
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG1997 5.00% 5/1/2053 ⁷	392	382
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG1876 5.00% 5/1/2053 ⁷	79	77
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8324 5.50% 5/1/2053 ^{7,9}	243,098	241,065
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD3369 5.50% 5/1/2053 ⁷	1,290	1,280
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8325 6.00% 5/1/2053 ⁷	207,780	209,278
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG3376 6.00% 5/1/2053 ⁷	822	831
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD2979 6.50% 5/1/2053 ⁷	2,541	2,623
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8329 5.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	1,546	1,505
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG5481 5.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	279	271
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG4328 5.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	89	86
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG5286 5.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	63	61
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8331 5.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	100,682	99,862
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD3505 6.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	37,242	37,499
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD3175 6.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	9,758	9,846
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9279 6.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	7,473	7,573
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9283 6.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	6,966	7,054
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9281 6.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	4,792	4,825
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9284 6.00% 6/1/2053 ⁷	3,333	3,426
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9294 6.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	5,263	5,379
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9292 6.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	4,755	4,864
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9289 6.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	4,266	4,405
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9288 6.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	4,232	4,376
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9287 6.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	3,019	3,130
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9290 6.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	2,268	2,341
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9291 6.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	1,656	1,696
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9295 6.50% 6/1/2053 ⁷	1,225	1,281
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8341 5.00% 7/1/2053 ⁷	918	893
	Freddie Mac Pool #QG6844 5.00% 7/1/2053 ⁷	251	244
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8342 5.50% 7/1/2053 ⁷	216	214
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD3356 6.00% 7/1/2053 ⁷	11,724	11,805
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD3432 6.00% 7/1/2053 ⁷	352	358
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD3512 6.00% 8/1/2053 ⁷	166	167
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8362 5.50% 9/1/2053 ⁷	1,873	1,857
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD3825 6.50% 9/1/2053 ^{7,9}	234,913	240,333
	Freddie Mac Pool #RA9865 6.50% 9/1/2053 ⁷	49,303	50,719
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8367 5.50% 10/1/2053 ⁷	20,072	19,900
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD4053 6.00% 10/1/2053 ⁷	355	358
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8369 6.50% 10/1/2053 ⁷	126,406	129,277
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD4977 5.00% 11/1/2053 ⁷	71,134	69,175
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8372 5.50% 11/1/2053 ⁷	1,473	1,460
	Freddie Mac Pool #QH3557 6.50% 11/1/2053 ⁷	3,463	3,562
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ0326 6.50% 11/1/2053 ⁷	483	496
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ0668 6.00% 1/1/2054 ⁷	7,008	7,063
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD4795 6.00% 1/1/2054 ⁷	4,771	4,809
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD4693 6.50% 1/1/2054 ⁷	548	561
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ0854 6.50% 1/1/2054 ⁷	23	24
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8401 5.50% 2/1/2054 ⁷	347	344
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8402 6.00% 2/1/2054 ⁷	4,988	5,022
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8408 5.50% 3/1/2054 ⁷	13,389	13,270
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1216 5.50% 4/1/2054 ⁷	1,433	1,426
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1215 5.50% 4/1/2054 ⁷	1,082	1,073
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD5303 6.00% 4/1/2054 ⁷	3,610	3,658
	Freddie Mac Pool #QI3333 6.00% 4/1/2054 ⁷	198	200
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD5373 7.00% 4/1/2054 ⁷	546	568

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Federal agency mortgage-backed obligations (continued)	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1512 5.50% 5/1/2054 ⁷	USD26,130	\$ 26,060
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD5692 6.00% 5/1/2054 ⁷	266	270
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8435 4.00% 6/1/2054 ⁷	533	492
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1855 5.00% 6/1/2054 ⁷	7,207	7,014
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1768 5.50% 6/1/2054 ⁷	909	905
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8440 6.50% 6/1/2054 ⁷	510	521
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1797 6.50% 6/1/2054 ⁷	95	97
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1725 6.50% 6/1/2054 ⁷	36	37
	Freddie Mac Pool #QI8872 5.50% 7/1/2054 ⁷	575	572
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1964 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	7,869	8,024
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1973 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	5,663	5,741
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1975 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	5,383	5,453
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8447 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	4,363	4,393
	Freddie Mac Pool #QI8874 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	2,226	2,253
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD5813 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	1,506	1,527
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD5873 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	636	642
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD5896 6.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	380	384
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ1986 6.50% 7/1/2054 ⁷	375	384
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8448 6.50% 7/1/2054 ⁷	151	154
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD5986 6.50% 7/1/2054 ⁷	123	127
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD5853 7.00% 7/1/2054 ⁷	133	138
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2200 5.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	2,003	1,987
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2201 5.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	1,374	1,368
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2206 5.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	1,365	1,356
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2243 5.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	1,149	1,142
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2202 5.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	459	457
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2203 5.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	205	204
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD6286 5.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	30	30
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8454 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	5,219	5,254
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2212 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	2,074	2,101
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2211 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	1,915	1,943
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2216 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	1,666	1,682
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2213 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	1,326	1,345
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2245 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	1,262	1,277
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD6029 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	862	874
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2210 6.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	557	561
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2223 6.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	1,427	1,470
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8455 6.50% 8/1/2054 ⁷	38	39
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8456 7.00% 8/1/2054 ⁷	15,582	16,198
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2422 5.50% 9/1/2054 ⁷	29,677	29,436
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2415 5.50% 9/1/2054 ⁷	12,317	12,284
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2408 5.50% 9/1/2054 ⁷	10,906	10,841
	Freddie Mac Pool #QJ3044 5.50% 9/1/2054 ⁷	601	595
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2409 6.00% 9/1/2054 ⁷	41,917	42,431
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2314 6.00% 9/1/2054 ⁷	2,938	2,974
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2312 6.00% 9/1/2054 ⁷	1,636	1,660
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2308 6.00% 9/1/2054 ⁷	1,553	1,573
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2306 6.00% 9/1/2054 ⁷	1,396	1,418
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2309 6.00% 9/1/2054 ⁷	953	962
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD6288 6.50% 9/1/2054 ⁷	2,051	2,108
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2474 6.50% 9/1/2054 ⁷	1,697	1,737
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2411 6.50% 9/1/2054 ⁷	1,122	1,149
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2470 6.50% 9/1/2054 ⁷	628	642
	Freddie Mac Pool #RJ2625 5.50% 10/1/2054 ⁷	247	246
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD6733 6.50% 10/1/2054 ⁷	465	476
	Freddie Mac Pool #SD8471 6.50% 10/1/2054 ⁷	99	101
	Freddie Mac, Series 2122, Class QM, 6.25% 2/15/2029 ⁷	277	278
	Freddie Mac, Series K136, Class A2, 2.127% 11/25/2031 ⁷	2,000	1,708
	Freddie Mac, Series K050, Class A2, Multi Family, 3.334% 8/25/2025 ⁷	11,250	11,129
	Freddie Mac, Series K055, Class A2, Multi Family, 2.673% 3/25/2026 ⁷	3,492	3,406
	Freddie Mac, Series K064, Class A2, Multi Family, 3.224% 3/25/2027 ^{7,8}	4,390	4,268
	Freddie Mac, Series K066, Class A2, Multi Family, 3.117% 6/25/2027 ⁷	4,360	4,216
	Freddie Mac, Series K067, Class A2, Multi Family, 3.194% 7/25/2027 ⁷	4,810	4,649
	Freddie Mac, Series K068, Class A2, Multi Family, 3.244% 8/25/2027 ⁷	2,350	2,273
	Freddie Mac, Series K069, Class A2, Multi Family, 3.187% 9/25/2027 ^{7,8}	8,860	8,552
	Freddie Mac, Series K516, Class A2, Multi Family, 5.477% 1/25/2029 ⁷	750	775
	Freddie Mac, Series K156, Class A2, Multi Family, 4.43% 2/25/2033 ^{7,8}	13,801	13,566

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Federal agency mortgage-backed obligations (continued)	Freddie Mac, Series 3135, Class OP, principal only, 0% 4/15/2026 ⁷	USD 17	\$ 16
	Freddie Mac, Series 3117, Class OG, principal only, 0% 2/15/2036 ⁷	37	32
	Freddie Mac, Series 3136, Class OP, principal only, 0% 4/15/2036 ⁷	547	432
	Freddie Mac, Series 3147, Class OD, principal only, 0% 4/15/2036 ⁷	207	184
	Freddie Mac, Series 3155, Class FO, principal only, 0% 5/15/2036 ⁷	372	309
	Freddie Mac, Series 3149, Class MO, principal only, 0% 5/15/2036 ⁷	69	61
	Freddie Mac, Series 3149, Class AO, principal only, 0% 5/15/2036 ⁷	61	52
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2017-3, Class MT, 3.00% 7/25/2056 ⁷	7,826	6,786
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2017-3, Class HT, 3.25% 7/25/2056 ⁷	1,569	1,372
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2017-2, Class MA, 3.00% 8/25/2056 ⁷	7,611	7,117
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2017-2, Class HA, 3.00% 8/25/2056 ^{7,8}	7,326	6,890
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2018-1, Class HT, 3.00% 5/25/2057 ⁷	8,320	7,067
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2017-4, Class HT, 3.25% 6/25/2057 ^{7,8}	12,079	10,797
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2017-4, Class MT, 3.50% 6/25/2057 ⁷	6,858	6,142
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2017-4, Class M45T, 4.50% 6/25/2057 ⁷	12,175	11,640
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2018-3, Class MA, 3.50% 8/25/2057 ⁷	9,904	9,498
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2018-2, Class MT, 3.50% 11/25/2057 ⁷	8,499	7,544
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2019-1, Class MT, 3.50% 7/25/2058 ⁷	3,954	3,500
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2019-1, Class MA, 3.50% 7/25/2058 ⁷	1,113	1,063
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2019-2, Class MT, 3.50% 8/26/2058 ⁷	3,325	2,943
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2019-3, Class MT, 3.50% 10/25/2058 ⁷	2,044	1,812
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, Series 2019-4, Class MA, 3.00% 2/25/2059 ⁷	25,285	23,436
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Loan Structured Transaction Trust, Series 2018-1, Class A1, 3.50% 6/25/2028 ⁷	545	525
	Freddie Mac Seasoned Loan Structured Transaction Trust, Series 2019-3, Class A1C, 2.75% 11/25/2029 ⁷	31,754	29,593
	Government National Mortgage Assn. 3.50% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	500	452
	Government National Mortgage Assn. 4.50% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	1,400	1,336
	Government National Mortgage Assn. 5.00% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	2,450	2,393
	Government National Mortgage Assn. 5.50% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	732	728
	Government National Mortgage Assn. 5.50% 12/1/2054 ^{7,10}	1,167	1,159
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #736682 4.50% 12/15/2037 ⁷	378	369
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #738938 6.50% 2/20/2039 ⁷	69	71
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #783690 6.00% 9/20/2039 ⁷	663	696
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #783689 5.50% 2/20/2040 ⁷	842	859
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #783539 5.00% 10/20/2040 ⁷	609	599
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #783688 5.00% 6/20/2041 ⁷	818	828
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #005198 6.50% 9/20/2041 ⁷	337	348
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #783687 4.50% 12/20/2041 ⁷	835	810
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA2894 4.50% 6/20/2045 ⁷	906	883
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA3246 4.50% 11/20/2045 ⁷	1,262	1,230
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA5077 3.50% 3/20/2048 ⁷	3,578	3,267
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA5468 5.00% 9/20/2048 ⁷	341	338
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA5530 5.00% 10/20/2048 ⁷	83	83
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA5652 4.50% 12/20/2048 ⁷	462	447
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA5711 4.50% 1/20/2049 ⁷	782	757
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA5712 5.00% 1/20/2049 ⁷	958	946
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA5764 4.50% 2/20/2049 ⁷	1,677	1,622
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA5878 5.00% 4/20/2049 ⁷	9,641	9,535
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA6042 5.00% 7/20/2049 ⁷	5,957	5,910
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA8044 3.50% 5/20/2052 ⁷	768	694
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA8199 3.50% 8/20/2052 ⁷	229	207

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Federal agency mortgage-backed obligations (continued)	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA8267 4.00% 9/20/2052 ⁷	USD252,690	\$ 235,558
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA8346 4.00% 10/20/2052 ⁷	24,523	22,845
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA8567 4.00% 1/20/2053 ⁷	17,955	16,727
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA8723 4.00% 3/20/2053 ⁷	11,678	10,879
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA8947 5.00% 6/20/2053 ⁷	16,923	16,562
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA9015 4.50% 7/20/2053 ⁷	11,367	10,860
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA9016 5.00% 7/20/2053 ⁷	92,468	90,479
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #MA9776 4.00% 7/20/2054 ⁷	7,082	6,597
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #773426 4.70% 9/20/2061 ⁷	10	10
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #795485 4.651% 7/20/2062 ⁷	8	7
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #AG8088 4.778% 3/20/2064 ⁷	1	1
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #AG8117 4.913% 4/20/2064 ⁷	2	2
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #AG8193 4.848% 9/20/2064 ⁷	1	1
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #AG8207 4.777% 11/20/2064 ⁷	1	1
	Government National Mortgage Assn. Pool #AG8244 4.777% 1/20/2065 ⁷	1	1
	Government National Mortgage Assn., Series 2005-7, Class AO, principal only, 0% 2/16/2035 ⁷	290	255
	Government National Mortgage Assn., Series 2007-8, Class LO, principal only, 0% 3/20/2037 ⁷	305	250
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 2.50% 11/1/2039 ^{7,10}	85,957	78,483
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 2.50% 10/1/2054 ^{7,10}	— ⁴	— ⁴
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 2.00% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	7,345	5,823
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 2.50% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	7,234	5,986
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 3.00% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	1	1
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 3.50% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	55,062	49,232
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 4.00% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	26,239	24,245
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 4.50% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	47,509	45,108
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 5.00% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	16,845	16,370
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 5.50% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	5,945	5,889
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 6.00% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	7,000	7,046
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 6.50% 11/1/2054 ^{7,10}	5,816	5,937
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 3.50% 12/1/2054 ^{7,10}	16,566	14,813
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 4.50% 12/1/2054 ^{7,10}	11,936	11,330
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 6.50% 12/1/2054 ^{7,10}	21,197	21,633
	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 7.00% 12/1/2054 ^{7,10}	296,383	306,895
			<u>6,450,052</u>
Commercial mortgage-backed securities 0.41%	ARES Commercial Mortgage Trust., Series 24-IND, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.69%) 6.496% 7/15/2041 ^{1,7,8}	447	448
	Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-BNK48, Class A5, 5.053% 9/15/2034 ⁷	9,461	9,418
	Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2023-5YR1, Class B, 6.624% 3/15/2056 ^{7,8}	5,216	5,180
	Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-5YR9, Class A3, 5.614% 8/15/2057 ⁷	637	652
	Benchmark Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-V7, Class AS, 6.533% 6/15/2029 ⁷	1,718	1,790
	Benchmark Mortgage Trust, Series 2023-B38, Class A4, 5.525% 4/15/2056 ⁷	6,364	6,542
	Benchmark Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-V7, Class A3, 6.228% 5/15/2056 ^{7,8}	652	681
	Benchmark Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-V5, Class AM, 6.417% 1/10/2057 ⁷	504	522
	Benchmark Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-V5, Class C, 7.205% 1/10/2057 ^{7,8}	69	71
	Benchmark Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-V8, Class A3, 6.189% 7/15/2057 ⁷	993	1,038
	Benchmark Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-V9, Class A3, 5.602% 8/15/2057 ⁷	291	297
	BMO Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-C10, Class A5, 5.478% 11/15/2057 ^{7,8}	999	1,027
	BMO Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-C10, Class AS, 5.729% 11/15/2057 ^{7,8}	132	136
	BMO Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-C10, Class C, 5.979% 11/15/2057 ^{7,8}	224	224
	BMO Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-C10, Class B, 6.079% 11/15/2057 ^{7,8}	193	198
	BMP Trust, Series 2024-MF23, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.372%) 6.176% 6/15/2041 ^{1,7,8}	1,996	1,999
	Boca Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-BOCA, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.921%) 6.725% 8/15/2041 ^{1,7,8}	4,000	4,024
	Boca Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-BOCA, Class B, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.34%) 7.144% 8/15/2041 ^{1,7,8}	1,000	1,002
	Boca Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-BOCA, Class B, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.839%) 7.643% 8/15/2041 ^{1,7,8}	2,000	2,006
	BPR Trust, Series 2022-OANA, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.898%) 6.702% 4/15/2037 ^{1,7,8}	31,327	31,517
	BX Trust, Series 2024-FNX, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.442%) 6.228% 11/15/2026 ^{1,7,8}	2,689	2,692

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Commercial mortgage-backed securities (continued)	BX Trust, Series 2022-CSMO, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.115%) 6.919% 6/15/2027 ^{1,7,8}	USD31,020	\$ 31,243
	BX Trust, Series 2024-CNYN, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.442%) 6.246% 4/15/2029 ^{1,7,8}	2,887	2,891
	BX Trust, Series 24-VLT4, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.491%) 6.295% 7/15/2029 ^{1,7,8}	750	752
	BX Trust, Series 2024-KING, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.541%) 6.345% 5/15/2034 ^{1,7,8}	442	443
	BX Trust, Series 2021-VOLT, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 0.814%) 5.618% 9/15/2036 ^{1,7,8}	55,444	55,160
	BX Trust, Series 2021-ARIA, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.014%) 5.817% 10/15/2036 ^{1,7,8}	26,562	26,404
	BX Trust, Series 2021-ARIA, Class C, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.76%) 6.564% 10/15/2036 ^{1,7,8}	3,984	3,956
	BX Trust, Series 2021-ARIA, Class D, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.01%) 6.814% 10/15/2036 ^{1,7,8}	1,380	1,373
	BX Trust, Series 2022-IND, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.491%) 6.295% 4/15/2037 ^{1,7,8}	11,237	11,247
	BX Trust, Series 2021-SOAR, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 0.784%) 5.588% 6/15/2038 ^{1,7,8}	10,167	10,126
	BX Trust, Series 2021-SOAR, Class C, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.214%) 6.018% 6/15/2038 ^{1,7,8}	862	856
	BX Trust, Series 2021-SOAR, Class D, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.514%) 6.318% 6/15/2038 ^{1,7,8}	3,272	3,252
	BX Trust, Series 2021-ACNT, Class B, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.364%) 6.168% 11/15/2038 ^{1,7,8}	1,739	1,731
	BX Trust, Series 2021-ACNT, Class C, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.614%) 6.418% 11/15/2038 ^{1,7,8}	342	341
	BX Trust, Series 2021-ACNT, Class D, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.964%) 6.768% 11/15/2038 ^{1,7,8}	977	973
	BX Trust, Series 2024-AIRC, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.691%) 6.495% 8/15/2039 ^{1,7,8}	5,878	5,897
	BX Trust, Series 2022-PSB, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.451%) 7.255% 8/15/2039 ^{1,7,8}	7,676	7,705
	BX Trust, Series 2024-BIO2, Class A, 5.594% 8/13/2041 ^{1,7,8}	3,613	3,594
	CALI Mortgage Trust, Series 24-SUN, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.89%) 6.695% 7/15/2041 ^{1,7,8}	1,135	1,138
	CART, Series 2024-DFW1, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.642%) 6.942% 8/15/2026 ^{1,7,8}	1,475	1,478
	Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2023-SMRT, Class A, 6.015% 10/12/2040 ^{1,7,8}	22,540	22,989
	DATA 2023-CNTR Mortgage Trust, Series 2023-CNTR, Class A, 5.919% 8/12/2043 ^{1,7,8}	52,520	53,859
	DC Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2023-DC, Class D, 7.379% 9/10/2040 ^{1,7,8}	1,031	1,042
	DC Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2023-DC, Class C, 7.379% 9/10/2040 ^{1,7,8}	680	702
	ELM Trust 2024, Series 2024-ELM, Class A10, 5.801% 6/10/2039 ^{1,7,8}	4,599	4,651
	ELM Trust 2024, Series 2024-ELM, Class A15, 5.801% 6/10/2039 ^{1,7,8}	4,579	4,630
	ELM Trust 2024, Series 2024-ELM, Class B10, 5.995% 6/10/2039 ^{1,7,8}	880	890
	Extended Stay America Trust, Series 2021-ESH, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.194%) 5.998% 7/15/2038 ^{1,7,8}	9,329	9,336
	Extended Stay America Trust, Series 2021-ESH, Class C, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.814%) 6.618% 7/15/2038 ^{1,7,8}	1,068	1,069
	Extended Stay America Trust, Series 2021-ESH, Class D, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.364%) 7.168% 7/15/2038 ^{1,7,8}	1,118	1,121
	FS Commercial Trust, Series 2023-4SZN, Class A, 7.066% 11/10/2039 ^{1,7}	3,231	3,363
	FS Trust, Series 2024-HULA, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.811%) 6.615% 8/15/2039 ^{1,7,8}	4,000	4,011
	FS Trust, Series 2024-HULA, Class D, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.94%) 7.743% 8/15/2039 ^{1,7,8}	1,000	1,004
	Great Wolf Trust, Series 2024-WLF2, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.691%) 6.495% 5/15/2041 ^{1,7,8}	3,164	3,172
	GS Mortgage Securities Trust, Series 2024-70P, Class A, 5.487% 3/10/2041 ^{1,7,8}	3,831	3,809
	Hawaii Hotel Trust, Series 2019-MAUI, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.264%) 6.251% 5/17/2038 ^{1,7,8}	35,000	34,965
	Hilton USA Trust, Series 2024-ORL, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.541%) 6.404% 5/15/2037 ^{1,7,8}	1,500	1,501
	HTL Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-T53, Class A, 6.072% 5/10/2039 ^{1,7,8}	591	596

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Commercial mortgage-backed securities (continued)	JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust, Series 2022-OPO, Class C, 3.377% 1/5/2039 ^{1,7}	USD 871	\$ 772
	JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust, Series 2022-OPO, Class C, 3.565% 1/5/2039 ^{1,7,8}	219	192
	JW Commercial Mortgage Trust 2024-MRCO, Series 2024-BERY, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.593%) 6.343% 11/15/2039 ^{1,7,8}	1,151	1,151
	Multifamily Connecticut Avenue Securities, Series 2023-01, Class M7, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 4.00%) 8.857% 11/25/2053 ^{1,7,8}	309	324
	Multifamily Connecticut Avenue Securities, Series 2023-01, Class M10, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 6.50%) 11.357% 11/25/2053 ^{1,7,8}	1,350	1,524
	SDR Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-DSNY, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.392%) 6.196% 5/15/2039 ^{1,7,8}	2,832	2,820
	SDR Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-DSNY, Class B, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.741%) 6.545% 5/15/2039 ^{1,7,8}	486	482
	SHR Trust, Series 2024-LXRY, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.95%) 6.754% 10/15/2041 ^{1,7,8}	3,000	3,010
	SREIT Trust, Series 2021-MFP, Class A, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 0.845%) 5.649% 11/15/2038 ^{1,7,8}	34,504	34,377
	SREIT Trust, Series 2021-MFP, Class C, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.443%) 6.247% 11/15/2038 ^{1,7,8}	993	985
			<u>440,371</u>
Collateralized mortgage-backed obligations (privately originated) 0.22%	Angel Oak Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-7, Class A1, 5.621% 5/25/2069 (6.621% on 7/1/2028) ^{1,7,11}	2,417	2,419
	Arroyo Mortgage Trust, Series 2021-1R, Class A1, 1.175% 10/25/2048 ^{1,7,8}	10,067	8,836
	Bear Stearns ARM Trust, Series 2003-8, Class IIIA, 3.809% 1/25/2034 ^{7,8}	281	220
	BRAVO Residential Funding Trust, Series 2024-NQM1, Class A1, 5.943% 12/1/2063 (6.943% on 1/1/2028) ^{1,7,11}	1,130	1,134
	BRAVO Residential Funding Trust, Series 2022-R1, Class A, 3.125% 1/29/2070 (6.125% on 1/29/2025) ^{1,7,11}	3,002	2,964
	Cascade Funding Mortgage Trust, Series 2023-HB12, Class M1, 4.25% 4/25/2033 ^{1,7,8}	675	654
	Cascade Funding Mortgage Trust, Series 2023-HB12, Class A, 4.25% 4/25/2033 ^{1,7,8}	192	189
	Cascade Funding Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-HB15, Class A, 4.00% 8/25/2034 ^{1,7,8}	424	416
	Cascade Funding Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-RM5, Class A, 4.00% 10/25/2054 ^{1,7,8}	2,047	1,980
	Cascade Funding Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-R1, Class A1, 4.00% 10/25/2054 ^{1,7}	1,130	1,097
	CIM Trust, Series 2022-R2, Class A1, 3.75% 12/25/2061 ^{1,7,8}	14,094	13,094
	COLT Funding, LLC, Series 2024-INV3, Class A1, 5.443% 9/25/2069 (6.443% on 8/1/2028) ^{1,7,11}	975	974
	Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2023-R05, Class 1M1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.90%) 6.757% 6/25/2043 ^{1,7,8}	11,270	11,394
	Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust, Series 2024-R04, Class 1M1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.10%) 5.957% 5/25/2044 ^{1,7,8}	258	258
	CS First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp., Series 2002-30, Class IA1, 7.50% 11/25/2032 ⁷	78	79
	CS First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp., Series 2002-34, Class IA1, 7.50% 12/25/2032 ⁷	67	70
	CS First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp., Series 2003-21, Class VA1, 6.50% 7/25/2033 ⁷	63	63
	Finance of America Structured Securities Trust, Series 2019-JR1, Class A, 2.00% 3/25/2069 ^{1,7}	7,301	8,112
	Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2022-DNA3, Class M1A, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 2.00%) 6.857% 4/25/2042 ^{1,7,8}	4,613	4,667
	Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2022-DNA6, Class M1A, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 2.15%) 7.007% 9/25/2042 ^{1,7,8}	1,560	1,576
	Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2022-DNA6, Class M1B, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 3.70%) 8.557% 9/25/2042 ^{1,7,8}	5,838	6,158
	Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2024-DNA3, Class M1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.00%) 6.027% 10/25/2044 ^{1,7,8}	793	795
	Freddie Mac Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, Series 2024-DNA3, Class A1, (30-day Average USD-SOFR + 1.05%) 6.077% 10/25/2044 ^{1,7,8}	863	865
	GCAT Trust, Series 2024-NQM2, Class A1, 6.085% 6/25/2059 (7.359% on 5/1/2028) ^{1,7,11}	155	156
	Home Partners of America Trust, Series 2022-1, Class A, 3.93% 4/17/2039 ^{1,7}	9,146	8,935
	Imperial Fund Mortgage Trust, Series 2022-NQM7, Class A1, 7.369% 11/25/2067 (8.369% on 11/1/2026) ^{1,7,11}	13,467	13,620
	JP Morgan Mortgage Trust, Series 2021-6, Class A6, 2.50% 10/25/2051 ^{1,7,8}	729	672

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Mortgage-backed obligations (continued)			
Collateralized mortgage-backed obligations (privately originated) (continued)	JP Morgan Mortgage Trust, Series 2021-7, Class A6, 2.50% 11/25/2051 ^{1,7,8}	USD 772	\$ 708
	JP Morgan Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-INV1, Class A4, 6.00% 4/25/2055 ^{1,7,8}	442	442
	Legacy Mortgage Asset Trust, Series 2022-GS1, Class A1, 4.00% 2/25/2061 (7.00% on 4/25/2025) ^{1,7,11}	13,756	13,624
	Legacy Mortgage Asset Trust, Series 2021-GS2, Class A1, 4.75% 4/25/2061 (5.75% on 4/25/2025) ^{1,7,11}	1,695	1,693
	Legacy Mortgage Asset Trust, Series 2021-GS5, Class A1, 2.25% 7/25/2067 (5.25% on 11/25/2024) ^{1,7,11}	6,973	6,965
	Mill City Mortgage Trust, Series 2018-1, Class A1, 3.25% 5/25/2062 ^{1,7,8}	69	68
	Morgan Stanley Residential Mortgage Loan Trust, Series 2024-NQM2, Class A1, 6.386% 5/25/2069 (7.386% on 5/1/2028) ^{1,7,11}	335	338
	Onslow Bay Financial, LLC, Series 2022-NQM6, Class A1, 4.70% 7/25/2062 (5.70% on 6/1/2026) ^{1,7,11}	354	349
	Onslow Bay Financial, LLC, Series 2024-NQM4, Class A1, 6.067% 1/25/2064 (7.067% on 2/1/2028) ^{1,7,11}	8,404	8,453
	Onslow Bay Financial, LLC, Series 2024-NQM7, Class A1, 6.243% 3/25/2064 (7.243% on 4/1/2028) ^{1,7,11}	7,644	7,706
	Onslow Bay Financial, LLC, Series 2024-NQM8, Class A1, 6.233% 5/25/2064 (7.233% on 5/1/2028) ^{1,7,11}	591	596
	Progress Residential Trust, Series 2024-SFR5, Class A, 3.00% 8/9/2029 ^{1,7,11}	3,419	3,114
	Progress Residential Trust, Series 2024-SFR2, Class A, 3.30% 4/17/2041 ^{1,7}	15,026	13,962
	Progress Residential Trust, Series 2024-SFR3, Class A, 3.00% 6/17/2041 ^{1,7}	2,671	2,443
	Reverse Mortgage Investment Trust, Series 2021-HB1, Class A, 1.259% 11/25/2031 ^{1,7,8}	929	922
	Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2015-5, Class B1, 4.042% 5/25/2055 ^{1,7,8}	400	391
	Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2016-2, Class M1, 3.00% 8/25/2055 ^{1,7,8}	1,424	1,392
	Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2017-5, Class A1, 5.452% 2/25/2057 ^{1,7,8}	175	181
	Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2017-4, Class A1, 2.75% 6/25/2057 ^{1,7,8}	387	375
	Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2017-3, Class A1, 2.75% 7/25/2057 ^{1,7,8}	58	58
	Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2017-6, Class A1, 2.75% 10/25/2057 ^{1,7,8}	539	525
	Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2018-1, Class A1, 3.00% 1/25/2058 ^{1,7,8}	1,284	1,260
	Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2018-2, Class A1, 3.25% 3/25/2058 ^{1,7,8}	615	603
	Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2018-5, Class A1A, 3.25% 7/25/2058 ^{1,7,8}	172	169
	Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2020-4, Class A1, 1.75% 10/25/2060 ^{1,7}	54,418	48,725
	Towd Point Mortgage Trust, Series 2024-3, Class A1A, 5.16% 7/25/2065 ^{1,7,8}	388	383
	Treehouse Park Improvement Association No.1 9.75% 12/1/2033 ^{1,3}	6,473	6,327
	Tricon Residential Trust, Series 2021-SFR1, Class A, 1.943% 7/17/2038 ^{1,7}	19,490	18,581
	Tricon Residential Trust, Series 2024-SFR2, Class A, 4.75% 6/17/2040 ^{1,7}	944	934
	Tricon Residential Trust, Series 2023-SFR2, Class A, 5.00% 12/17/2040 ^{1,7}	2,684	2,668
	Verus Securitization Trust, Series 2024-4, Class A1, 6.218% 6/25/2069 (7.218% on 5/1/2028) ^{1,7,11}	241	243
	Verus Securitization Trust, Series 24-R1, Class A1, 5.218% 09/25/2069 (6.218% on 10/01/2028) ^{1,7,11}	807	812
			<u>236,407</u>
Total mortgage-backed obligations			<u>7,126,830</u>
U.S. Treasury bonds & notes 5.51%			
U.S. Treasury 5.51%	U.S. Treasury 7.50% 11/15/2024 ⁹	331,274	331,702
	U.S. Treasury 4.50% 11/30/2024	23,500	23,494
	U.S. Treasury 4.25% 12/31/2024	500	500
	U.S. Treasury 7.625% 2/15/2025 ⁹	250,000	252,361
	U.S. Treasury 4.25% 5/31/2025	5,000	4,995
	U.S. Treasury 3.00% 7/15/2025	45,000	44,604
	U.S. Treasury 4.75% 7/31/2025	2,000	2,005
	U.S. Treasury 6.875% 8/15/2025	145,145	148,487
	U.S. Treasury 4.50% 11/15/2025	15,350	15,378
	U.S. Treasury 4.00% 12/15/2025	90,000	89,730
	U.S. Treasury 3.875% 1/15/2026	6,500	6,472
	U.S. Treasury 4.25% 1/31/2026	182,000	181,977
	U.S. Treasury 4.00% 2/15/2026	10,000	9,970
	U.S. Treasury 6.00% 2/15/2026	206,000	210,836
	U.S. Treasury 4.375% 7/31/2026	875,000	877,700
	U.S. Treasury 6.75% 8/15/2026	35,000	36,627
	U.S. Treasury 4.625% 9/15/2026	42,602	42,948
	U.S. Treasury 4.625% 10/15/2026	25,100	25,316
	U.S. Treasury 4.625% 11/15/2026	3,000	3,027
	U.S. Treasury 6.50% 11/15/2026	178,000	187,129

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
U.S. Treasury bonds & notes (continued)			
U.S. Treasury (continued)	U.S. Treasury 4.00% 1/15/2027	USD1,016	\$ 1,013
	U.S. Treasury 2.25% 2/15/2027	75	72
	U.S. Treasury 6.625% 2/15/2027	65,000	68,816
	U.S. Treasury 2.625% 5/31/2027	6,500	6,264
	U.S. Treasury 2.75% 7/31/2027	400,000	385,812
	U.S. Treasury 3.75% 8/15/2027	353,000	349,567
	U.S. Treasury 6.375% 8/15/2027	54,937	58,250
	U.S. Treasury 3.375% 9/15/2027	894	876
	U.S. Treasury 3.875% 10/15/2027	485	482
	U.S. Treasury 6.125% 11/15/2027 ⁹	296,294	313,307
	U.S. Treasury 3.875% 12/31/2027	123,463	122,556
	U.S. Treasury 4.125% 7/31/2028	207,000	206,770
	U.S. Treasury 2.875% 8/15/2028	148,319	141,726
	U.S. Treasury 4.00% 1/31/2029	10,733	10,667
	U.S. Treasury 4.50% 5/31/2029	325,100	329,862
	U.S. Treasury 3.625% 8/31/2029	11,047	10,801
	U.S. Treasury 3.50% 9/30/2029	1,525	1,482
	U.S. Treasury 6.25% 5/15/2030	198,563	218,792
	U.S. Treasury 4.25% 6/30/2031	20,000	20,031
	U.S. Treasury 3.75% 8/31/2031	8,283	8,052
	U.S. Treasury 1.875% 2/15/2032	100,000	85,269
	U.S. Treasury 2.875% 5/15/2032	278,476	254,055
	U.S. Treasury 3.875% 8/15/2034	69,985	67,716
	U.S. Treasury 4.50% 8/15/2039	25,000	25,225
	U.S. Treasury 4.75% 2/15/2041 ⁹	136,000	140,728
	U.S. Treasury 4.00% 11/15/2042	12,950	12,078
	U.S. Treasury 4.75% 11/15/2043	27,016	27,660
	U.S. Treasury 4.625% 5/15/2044	27,000	27,139
	U.S. Treasury 4.125% 8/15/2044	21,122	19,828
	U.S. Treasury 3.00% 5/15/2047	108,296	83,625
	U.S. Treasury 3.00% 2/15/2049 ⁹	112,916	86,160
	U.S. Treasury 1.375% 8/15/2050 ⁹	38,101	19,709
	U.S. Treasury 2.00% 8/15/2051	37,789	22,884
	U.S. Treasury 2.25% 2/15/2052 ⁹	207,137	132,996
	U.S. Treasury 3.00% 8/15/2052 ⁹	136,283	103,374
	U.S. Treasury 4.00% 11/15/2052	19,585	17,994
	U.S. Treasury 4.75% 11/15/2053	60,200	62,758
	U.S. Treasury 4.625% 5/15/2054	22,252	22,770
	U.S. Treasury 4.25% 8/15/2054	3,000	2,886
	Total U.S. Treasury bonds & notes		5,965,310

Corporate bonds, notes & loans 2.57%

Financials 0.45%	ACE Capital Trust II, junior subordinated, 9.70% 4/1/2030	7,210	8,809
	AIB Group PLC 5.75% 2/16/2029 (1-year EUR Mid-Swap + 2.85% on 2/16/2028) ¹¹	EUR2,000	2,340
	AIB Group PLC 6.608% 9/13/2029 (USD-SOFR + 2.33% on 9/13/2028) ^{1,11}	USD 450	473
	AIB Group PLC 2.875% 5/30/2031 (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 3.30% on 5/30/2026) ¹¹	EUR1,000	1,073
	Alpha Bank SA 6.875% 6/27/2029 (1-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 3.793% on 6/27/2028) ¹¹	1,345	1,629
	Alpha Bank SA 5.00% 5/12/2030 (1-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 2.432% on 5/12/2029) ¹¹	420	477
	Alpha Bank SA 5.50% 6/11/2031 (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 5.823% on 6/11/2026) ¹¹	3,000	3,307
	American Express Co. 5.532% 4/25/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.09% on 4/25/2029) ¹¹	USD1,500	1,539
	AmWINS Group, Inc. 6.375% 2/15/2029 ¹	935	940
	Aon Corp. 3.90% 2/28/2052	3,000	2,311
	Athene Global Funding 4.86% 8/27/2026 ¹	2,500	2,496
	Bangkok Bank Public Co., Ltd. 3.733% 9/25/2034 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.90% on 9/25/2029) ¹¹	1,500	1,371
	Bank of America Corp. 5.819% 9/15/2029 (USD-SOFR + 1.57% on 9/15/2028) ¹¹	950	981
	Bank of America Corp. 2.884% 10/22/2030 (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.19% on 10/22/2029) ¹¹	763	693
	Bank of America Corp. 1.922% 10/24/2031 (USD-SOFR + 1.37% on 10/24/2030) ¹¹	5,479	4,594
	Bank of America Corp. 2.299% 7/21/2032 (USD-SOFR + 1.22% on 7/21/2031) ¹¹	1,200	1,008
	Bank of America Corp. 5.468% 1/23/2035 (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.65% on 1/23/2034) ¹¹	2,524	2,562

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Financials (continued)	Bank of America Corp. 3.846% 3/8/2037 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.00% on 3/8/2032) ¹¹	USD5,000	\$ 4,483
	Bank of New York Mellon Corp. 5.06% 7/22/2032 (USD-SOFR + 1.23% on 7/22/2031) ¹¹	1,779	1,787
	BBVA Bancomer, SA 8.45% 6/29/2038 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 4.661% on 6/29/2033) ^{1,11}	1,410	1,484
	BlackRock Funding, Inc. 5.00% 3/14/2034	1,000	1,007
	BlackRock Funding, Inc. 5.25% 3/14/2054	2,055	2,025
	Block, Inc. 2.75% 6/1/2026	5,000	4,819
	Block, Inc. 6.50% 5/15/2032 ¹	6,835	6,965
	Boost Newco Borrower, LLC 7.50% 1/15/2031 ¹	11,000	11,607
	Boost Newco Borrower, LLC, Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.50%) 7.104% 1/31/2031 ^{8,12}	3,000	3,003
	BPCE SA 5.975% 1/18/2027 (USD-SOFR + 2.10% on 1/18/2026) ^{1,11}	2,000	2,019
	BPCE SA 6.714% 10/19/2029 (USD-SOFR + 2.27% on 10/19/2028) ^{1,11}	3,500	3,683
	BPCE SA 5.936% 5/30/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.85% on 5/30/2034) ^{1,11}	4,202	4,278
	CaixaBank, SA 6.208% 1/18/2029 (USD-SOFR + 2.70% on 1/18/2028) ^{1,11}	2,325	2,396
	CaixaBank, SA 5.00% 7/19/2029 (3-month EUR-EURIBOR + 1.65% on 7/19/2028) ¹¹	EUR2,000	2,303
	CaixaBank, SA 5.673% 3/15/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.78% on 3/15/2029) ^{1,11}	USD1,350	1,373
	CaixaBank, SA 6.037% 6/15/2035 (USD-SOFR + 2.26% on 9/15/2034) ^{1,11}	925	949
	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce 4.508% 9/11/2027 (USD-SOFR + 0.93% on 9/11/2026) ¹¹	3,000	2,990
	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce 4.631% 9/11/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.335% on 9/11/2029) ¹¹	1,272	1,253
	Capital One Financial Corp. 5.468% 2/1/2029 (USD-SOFR + 2.08% on 2/1/2028) ¹¹	793	803
	Capital One Financial Corp. 6.312% 6/8/2029 (USD-SOFR + 2.64% on 6/8/2028) ¹¹	700	727
	Capital One Financial Corp. 5.70% 2/1/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.905% on 2/1/2029) ¹¹	1,741	1,776
	Capital One Financial Corp. 5.463% 7/26/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.56% on 7/26/2029) ¹¹	599	604
	Capital One Financial Corp. 6.377% 6/8/2034 (USD-SOFR + 2.86% on 6/8/2033) ¹¹	1,750	1,838
	Capital One Financial Corp. 6.051% 2/1/2035 (USD-SOFR + 2.26% on 2/1/2034) ¹¹	4,069	4,191
	Charles Schwab Corp. (The) 5.853% 5/19/2034 (USD-SOFR + 2.50% on 5/19/2033) ¹¹	538	560
	Chubb INA Holdings, LLC 4.65% 8/15/2029	3,000	3,004
	Chubb INA Holdings, LLC 5.00% 3/15/2034	1,000	1,000
	Chubb INA Holdings, LLC 4.35% 11/3/2045	3,230	2,829
	Citigroup, Inc. 5.174% 2/13/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.364% on 2/13/2029) ¹¹	1,350	1,359
	Citigroup, Inc. 3.057% 1/25/2033 (USD-SOFR + 1.351% on 1/25/2032) ¹¹	8,537	7,421
	Citigroup, Inc. 6.27% 11/17/2033 (USD-SOFR + 2.338% on 11/17/2032) ¹¹	1,721	1,833
	Citigroup, Inc., Series CC, 7.125% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.693% on 5/15/2029) ¹¹	3,000	3,090
	Citigroup, Inc., Series T, 7.00% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (10-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.757% on 8/15/2034) ¹¹	2,000	2,122
	Citizens Financial Group, Inc. 5.841% 1/23/2030 (USD-SOFR + 2.01% on 1/23/2029) ¹¹	2,120	2,166
	Citizens Financial Group, Inc. 5.718% 7/23/2032 (USD-SOFR + 1.91% on 7/23/2031) ¹¹	495	500
	Coinbase Global, Inc. 3.375% 10/1/2028 ¹	6,700	5,962
	Coinbase Global, Inc. 3.625% 10/1/2031 ¹	3,525	2,943
	Corebridge Global Funding 5.35% 6/24/2026 ¹	2,500	2,526
	Corebridge Global Funding 5.20% 6/24/2029 ¹	3,000	3,023
	Danske Bank AS 6.259% 9/22/2026 (1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.18% on 9/22/2025) ^{1,11}	3,000	3,032
	Deutsche Bank AG 6.72% 1/18/2029 (USD-SOFR + 3.18% on 1/18/2028) ¹¹	1,700	1,772
	Deutsche Bank AG 6.819% 11/20/2029 (USD-SOFR + 2.51% on 11/20/2028) ¹¹	2,968	3,130
	Deutsche Bank AG 4.999% 9/11/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.70% on 9/11/2029) ¹¹	6,850	6,746
	Deutsche Bank AG 7.079% 2/10/2034 (USD-SOFR + 3.65% on 2/10/2033) ¹¹	2,000	2,099
	Deutsche Bank AG 5.403% 9/11/2035 (USD-SOFR + 2.05% on 9/11/2034) ¹¹	4,650	4,516
	Eurobank SA 5.875% 11/28/2029 (1-year EUR Mid-Swap + 2.83% on 11/28/2028) ¹¹	EUR3,100	3,638
	Eurobank SA 4.875% 4/30/2031 (5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 2.165% on 4/30/2030) ¹¹	8,502	9,693
	Fifth Third Bancorp 4.895% 9/6/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.486% on 9/6/2029) ¹¹	USD 175	173
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 3.814% 4/23/2029 (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.42% on 4/23/2028) ¹¹	1,337	1,289
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 6.484% 10/24/2029 (USD-SOFR + 1.77% on 10/24/2028) ¹¹	4,774	5,038
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 2.60% 2/7/2030	1,594	1,425
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 5.727% 4/25/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.265% on 4/25/2029) ¹¹	2,500	2,571
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 4.692% 10/23/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.135% on 10/23/2029) ¹¹	8,164	8,060
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 2.65% 10/21/2032 (USD-SOFR + 1.264% on 10/21/2031) ¹¹	5,619	4,794

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Financials (continued)	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 3.102% 2/24/2033 (USD-SOFR + 1.41% on 2/24/2032) ¹¹	USD12,500	\$ 10,919
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 5.851% 4/25/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.552% on 4/25/2034) ¹¹	1,550	1,607
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 5.33% 7/23/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.55% on 7/23/2034) ¹¹	2,000	1,999
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 5.016% 10/23/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.42% on 10/23/2034) ¹¹	3,000	2,930
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 2.908% 7/21/2042 (USD-SOFR + 1.40% on 7/21/2041) ¹¹	61	44
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 3.436% 2/24/2043 (USD-SOFR + 1.632% on 2/24/2042) ¹¹	666	515
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. 7.50% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.809% on 5/10/2029) ¹¹	3,000	3,153
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc., Series Y, 6.125% junior subordinated perpetual bonds non-cumulative depositary (10-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.40% on 11/10/2034) ¹¹	2,000	1,989
	HSBC Holdings PLC 5.597% 5/17/2028 (USD-SOFR + 1.06% on 5/17/2027) ¹¹	2,000	2,030
	HSBC Holdings PLC 4.583% 6/19/2029 (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.796% on 6/19/2028) ¹¹	6,000	5,901
	HSBC Holdings PLC 2.206% 8/17/2029 (USD-SOFR + 1.285% on 8/17/2028) ¹¹	776	699
	HSBC Holdings PLC 2.871% 11/22/2032 (USD-SOFR + 1.41% on 11/22/2031) ¹¹	4,128	3,540
	HSBC Holdings PLC 6.254% 3/9/2034 (USD-SOFR + 2.39% on 3/9/2033) ¹¹	2,000	2,120
	HSBC Holdings PLC 6.332% 3/9/2044 (USD-SOFR + 2.65% on 3/9/2043) ¹¹	650	704
	Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. 5.25% 6/15/2031	274	280
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 5.546% 12/15/2025 (USD-SOFR + 1.07% on 12/15/2024) ¹¹	4,000	4,001
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 5.04% 1/23/2028 (USD-SOFR + 1.19% on 1/23/2027) ¹¹	1,849	1,859
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 5.571% 4/22/2028 (USD-SOFR + 0.93% on 4/22/2027) ¹¹	4,850	4,937
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 4.323% 4/26/2028 (USD-SOFR + 1.56% on 4/26/2027) ¹¹	768	760
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 4.979% 7/22/2028 (USD-SOFR + 0.93% on 7/22/2027) ¹¹	4,000	4,020
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 4.505% 10/22/2028 (USD-SOFR + 0.86% on 10/22/2027) ¹¹	2,128	2,113
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 5.581% 4/22/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.16% on 4/22/2029) ¹¹	5,000	5,130
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 4.995% 7/22/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.125% on 7/22/2029) ¹¹	4,000	4,014
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 2.963% 1/25/2033 (USD-SOFR + 1.26% on 1/25/2032) ¹¹	10,763	9,403
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 6.254% 10/23/2034 (USD-SOFR + 1.81% on 10/23/2033) ¹¹	1,300	1,397
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 5.766% 4/22/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.49% on 4/22/2034) ¹¹	4,350	4,529
	JPMorgan Chase & Co. 5.294% 7/22/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.46% on 7/22/2034) ¹¹	2,116	2,129
	KBC Groep NV 5.796% 1/19/2029 (1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.10% on 1/19/2028) ^{1,11}	800	817
	Keybank National Assn. 4.70% 1/26/2026	3,000	2,990
	Lloyds Banking Group PLC 4.375% 3/22/2028	5,375	5,279
	Lloyds Banking Group PLC 5.679% 1/5/2035 (1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.75% on 1/5/2034) ¹¹	2,000	2,027
	M&T Bank Corp. 6.082% 3/13/2032 (USD-SOFR + 2.26% on 3/13/2031) ¹¹	29	30
	Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. 5.00% 3/15/2035	1,636	1,630
	Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. 5.40% 3/15/2055	1,697	1,690
	Mastercard, Inc. 4.875% 5/9/2034	700	701
	Mastercard, Inc. 4.55% 1/15/2035	1,009	981
	Metropolitan Life Global Funding I 5.05% 6/11/2027 ¹	3,000	3,041
	Morgan Stanley 5.652% 4/13/2028 (USD-SOFR + 1.01% on 4/13/2027) ¹¹	5,000	5,101
	Morgan Stanley 4.968% 7/14/2028 (USD-SOFR + 0.93% on 7/14/2027) ¹¹	1,100	1,106
	Morgan Stanley 5.164% 4/20/2029 (USD-SOFR + 1.59% on 4/20/2028) ¹¹	367	370
	Morgan Stanley 5.656% 4/18/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.26% on 4/18/2029) ¹¹	2,667	2,739
	Morgan Stanley 5.042% 7/19/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.215% on 7/19/2029) ¹¹	2,309	2,317
	Morgan Stanley 5.424% 7/21/2034 (USD-SOFR + 1.88% on 7/21/2033) ¹¹	1,340	1,354
	Morgan Stanley 6.627% 11/1/2034 (USD-SOFR + 2.05% on 11/1/2033) ¹¹	3,538	3,880
	Morgan Stanley 5.831% 4/19/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.58% on 4/19/2034) ¹¹	2,037	2,118
	Morgan Stanley 5.32% 7/19/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.555% on 7/19/2034) ¹¹	1,975	1,983
	Morgan Stanley 5.948% 1/19/2038 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.43% on 1/19/2033) ¹¹	2,000	2,038
	Morgan Stanley 5.942% 2/7/2039 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.80% on 2/7/2039) ¹¹	3,673	3,728
	Morgan Stanley Bank, NA 4.654% 10/18/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.10% on 10/18/2029) ¹¹	500	493
	MSCI, Inc. 4.00% 11/15/2029 ¹	5,000	4,743
	Nasdaq, Inc. 5.55% 2/15/2034	1,000	1,022
	National Australia Bank, Ltd. 5.181% 6/11/2034 ¹	961	976
	Navient Corp. 6.75% 6/15/2026	2,000	2,040

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Financials (continued)	Navient Corp. 5.00% 3/15/2027	USD5,000	\$ 4,920
	Navient Corp. 4.875% 3/15/2028	4,000	3,815
	Navient Corp. 9.375% 7/25/2030	690	752
	Navient Corp. 5.625% 8/1/2033	6,450	5,573
	New York Life Global Funding 4.55% 1/28/2033 ¹	421	411
	Northwestern Mutual Global Funding 4.11% 9/12/2027 ¹	3,000	2,972
	OneMain Finance Corp. 6.625% 5/15/2029	10,000	10,000
	OneMain Finance Corp. 7.50% 5/15/2031	2,335	2,390
	OneMain Finance Corp. 7.125% 11/15/2031	3,905	3,953
	Oxford Finance, LLC 6.375% 2/1/2027 ¹	2,415	2,381
	Piraeus Bank SA 8.25% 1/28/2027 (1-year EUR Mid-Swap + 5.715% on 1/28/2026) ¹¹	EUR1,000	1,161
	Piraeus Bank SA 3.875% 11/3/2027 (1-year EUR Mid-Swap + 3.948% on 11/3/2026) ¹¹	2,000	2,201
	Piraeus Bank SA 7.25% 7/13/2028 (1-year EUR Mid-Swap + 3.692% on 7/13/2027) ¹¹	2,000	2,382
	Piraeus Bank SA 6.75% 12/5/2029 (1-year EUR Mid-Swap + 3.837% on 12/5/2028) ¹¹	1,090	1,314
	Piraeus Bank SA 5.00% 4/16/2030		
	(1-year EUR-ICE Swap EURIBOR + 2.245% on 4/16/2029) ¹¹	720	816
	PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. 5.582% 6/12/2029		
	(USD-SOFR + 1.841% on 6/12/2028) ¹¹	USD 950	971
	PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. 4.812% 10/21/2032		
	(USD-SOFR + 1.289% on 10/21/2031) ¹¹	5,000	4,904
	PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. 6.037% 10/28/2033		
	(USD-SOFR + 2.14% on 10/28/2032) ¹¹	3,000	3,152
	PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. 6.875% 10/20/2034		
	(USD-SOFR + 2.284% on 10/20/2033) ¹¹	7,800	8,671
	PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. 5.676% 1/22/2035		
	(USD-SOFR + 1.902% on 1/22/2034) ¹¹	46	47
	PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. 5.401% 7/23/2035		
	(USD-SOFR + 1.599% on 7/23/2034) ¹¹	5,355	5,397
	Royal Bank of Canada 4.522% 10/18/2028 (USD-SOFR + 0.86% on 10/18/2027) ¹¹	3,000	2,985
	Royal Bank of Canada 4.65% 10/18/2030 (USD-SOFR + 1.08% on 10/18/2029) ¹¹	3,907	3,867
	Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB 0.75% 11/3/2031		
	(5-year EUR Mid-Swap + 0.88% on 11/3/2026) ¹¹	EUR4,700	4,823
	Standard Chartered PLC 2.608% 1/12/2028		
	(1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.18% on 1/12/2027) ^{1,11}	USD1,000	950
	Standard Chartered PLC 5.905% 5/14/2035		
	(1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.45% on 5/14/2034) ^{1,11}	397	407
	SVB Financial Group, Series E, 4.70% junior subordinated perpetual depository shares		
	(5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 3.064% on 11/15/2031) ^{11,13}	2,690	8
	Synchrony Financial 5.935% 8/2/2030 (USD-SOFR index + 2.13% on 8/2/2029) ¹¹	1,968	2,000
	Synchrony Financial 2.875% 10/28/2031	1,250	1,044
	Synchrony Financial 7.25% 2/2/2033	1,500	1,537
	Truist Financial Corp. 4.873% 1/26/2029 (USD-SOFR + 1.435% on 1/26/2028) ¹¹	2,000	1,993
	Truist Financial Corp. 5.153% 8/5/2032 (USD-SOFR + 1.571% on 8/5/2031) ¹¹	3,862	3,835
	Truist Financial Corp. 5.122% 1/26/2034 (USD-SOFR + 1.60% on 1/26/2033) ¹¹	1,000	980
	Truist Financial Corp. 5.867% 6/8/2034 (USD-SOFR + 2.361% on 6/8/2033) ¹¹	840	864
	Truist Financial Corp. 5.711% 1/24/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.922% on 1/24/2034) ¹¹	1,358	1,383
	U.S. Bancorp 3.15% 4/27/2027	4,000	3,874
	U.S. Bancorp 5.85% 10/21/2033 (USD-SOFR + 2.09% on 10/21/2032) ¹¹	2,000	2,076
	U.S. Bancorp 4.839% 2/1/2034 (USD-SOFR + 1.60% on 2/1/2033) ¹¹	4,150	4,018
	U.S. Bancorp 5.836% 6/12/2034 (USD-SOFR + 2.26% on 6/10/2033) ¹¹	375	388
	U.S. Bancorp 5.678% 1/23/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.86% on 1/23/2034) ¹¹	1,600	1,641
	UBS Group AG 2.193% 6/5/2026 (USD-SOFR + 2.044% on 6/5/2025) ^{1,11}	1,000	982
	UBS Group AG 6.246% 9/22/2029		
	(1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.80% on 9/22/2028) ^{1,11}	3,500	3,656
	UBS Group AG 5.428% 2/8/2030		
	(1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 1.52% on 2/8/2029) ^{1,11}	750	761
	UBS Group AG 5.617% 9/13/2030		
	(1-year USD-ICE SOFR Swap + 1.34% on 9/13/2029) ^{1,11}	3,500	3,575
	UBS Group AG 4.194% 4/1/2031 (USD-SOFR + 3.73% on 4/1/2030) ^{1,11}	5,104	4,875
	UBS Group AG 6.301% 9/22/2034		
	(1-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.00% on 9/22/2033) ^{1,11}	4,000	4,273
	Wells Fargo & Co. 5.707% 4/22/2028 (USD-SOFR + 1.07% on 4/22/2027) ¹¹	6,543	6,671
	Wells Fargo & Co. 3.35% 3/2/2033 (USD-SOFR + 1.50% on 3/2/2032) ¹¹	10,000	8,888
	Wells Fargo & Co. 5.557% 7/25/2034 (USD-SOFR + 1.99% on 7/25/2033) ¹¹	1,886	1,919
	Wells Fargo & Co. 6.491% 10/23/2034 (USD-SOFR + 2.06% on 10/23/2033) ¹¹	3,785	4,091
	Wells Fargo & Co. 5.499% 1/23/2035 (USD-SOFR + 1.78% on 1/23/2034) ¹¹	354	359
			<u>488,102</u>

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Energy 0.39%	3R Lux SARL 9.75% 2/5/2031 ¹	USD 785	\$ 813
	Al Candelaria (Spain), S.L.U. 7.50% 12/15/2028 ¹	330	327
	Al Candelaria (Spain), S.L.U. 5.75% 6/15/2033 ¹	1,495	1,208
	Antero Resources Corp. 7.625% 2/1/2029 ¹	1,000	1,026
	Apache Corp. 4.25% 1/15/2030	16,930	15,954
	Apache Corp. 5.10% 9/1/2040	648	560
	Apache Corp. 5.25% 2/1/2042	427	370
	Apache Corp. 5.35% 7/1/2049	1,615	1,342
	Archrock Partners, LP 6.625% 9/1/2032 ¹	1,105	1,111
	Ascent Resources Utica Holdings, LLC 6.625% 10/15/2032 ¹	1,000	991
	Baytex Energy Corp. 8.50% 4/30/2030 ¹	275	280
	Baytex Energy Corp. 7.375% 3/15/2032 ¹	2,080	2,021
	Borr IHC, Ltd. 10.00% 11/15/2028 ¹	2,543	2,614
	Borr IHC, Ltd. 10.375% 11/15/2030 ¹	3,171	3,274
	Cenovus Energy, Inc. 5.25% 6/15/2037	395	379
	Cenovus Energy, Inc. 5.40% 6/15/2047	2,910	2,705
	Cheniere Energy Partners, LP 4.50% 10/1/2029	1,000	964
	Cheniere Energy Partners, LP 5.95% 6/30/2033	2,000	2,058
	Civitas Resources, Inc. 5.00% 10/15/2026 ¹	3,070	3,018
	Civitas Resources, Inc. 8.375% 7/1/2028 ¹	2,515	2,602
	Civitas Resources, Inc. 8.625% 11/1/2030 ¹	1,225	1,288
	Civitas Resources, Inc. 8.75% 7/1/2031 ¹	1,210	1,269
	CNX Resources Corp. 7.25% 3/1/2032 ¹	1,170	1,206
	Constellation Oil Services Holding SA 3.00% Cash 12/31/2026 ¹⁴	262	250
	Crescent Energy Finance, LLC 9.25% 2/15/2028 ¹	3,538	3,715
	Crescent Energy Finance, LLC 7.625% 4/1/2032 ¹	2,280	2,253
	Crescent Energy Finance, LLC 7.375% 1/15/2033 ¹	1,395	1,354
	Diamondback Energy, Inc. 5.20% 4/18/2027	2,000	2,021
	Diamondback Energy, Inc. 5.15% 1/30/2030	1,045	1,052
	Diamondback Energy, Inc. 5.40% 4/18/2034	2,992	2,988
	Diamondback Energy, Inc. 5.75% 4/18/2054	1,698	1,651
	Diamondback Energy, Inc. 5.90% 4/18/2064	1,123	1,089
	DT Midstream, Inc. 4.375% 6/15/2031 ¹	4,000	3,683
	Ecopetrol SA 7.75% 2/1/2032	1,500	1,463
	Ecopetrol SA 8.875% 1/13/2033	1,440	1,480
	Ecopetrol SA 8.375% 1/19/2036	1,220	1,193
	Enbridge Energy Partners, LP 7.375% 10/15/2045	5,459	6,350
	Energiean Israel Finance, Ltd. 5.875% 3/30/2031 ¹	3,000	2,566
	Eni SpA 5.50% 5/15/2034 ¹	2,910	2,927
	Eni SpA 5.95% 5/15/2054 ¹	2,227	2,214
	Enterprise Products Operating, LLC 4.95% 2/15/2035	935	920
	EQM Midstream Partners, LP 6.00% 7/1/2025 ¹	2,500	2,505
	EQM Midstream Partners, LP 4.125% 12/1/2026	2,000	1,958
	EQM Midstream Partners, LP 7.50% 6/1/2027 ¹	2,000	2,046
	EQM Midstream Partners, LP 6.50% 7/1/2027 ¹	1,255	1,285
	EQM Midstream Partners, LP 4.50% 1/15/2029 ¹	2,290	2,206
	EQM Midstream Partners, LP 6.375% 4/1/2029 ¹	1,005	1,021
	EQM Midstream Partners, LP 6.50% 7/15/2048	4,000	4,029
	EQT Corp. 7.00% 2/1/2030 ¹¹	15,000	16,062
	Equinor ASA 3.625% 9/10/2028	13,165	12,778
	Equinor ASA 3.25% 11/18/2049	7,583	5,435
	Equinor ASA 3.70% 4/6/2050	500	389
	Expand Energy Corp. 5.50% 2/1/2026 ¹	6,000	5,994
	Expand Energy Corp. 8.375% 9/15/2028	320	329
	Expand Energy Corp. 5.375% 2/1/2029	3,705	3,653
	Expand Energy Corp. 5.875% 2/1/2029 ¹	5,420	5,418
	Expand Energy Corp. 5.375% 3/15/2030	975	960
	Expand Energy Corp. 4.75% 2/1/2032	550	517
	Exxon Mobil Corp. 2.61% 10/15/2030	20,000	17,924
	Exxon Mobil Corp. 3.452% 4/15/2051	2,000	1,468
	GreenSaif Pipelines Bidco SARL 5.853% 2/23/2036 ¹	500	501
	Gulfport Energy Operating Corp. 6.75% 9/1/2029 ¹	445	448
	Harbour Energy PLC 5.50% 10/15/2026 ¹	4,000	3,987
	Hess Midstream Operations, LP 5.625% 2/15/2026 ¹	1,000	998
	Hess Midstream Operations, LP 5.50% 10/15/2030 ¹	4,000	3,912
	Hilcorp Energy I, LP 6.25% 11/1/2028 ¹	1,000	977
	Hilcorp Energy I, LP 5.75% 2/1/2029 ¹	665	639

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)			
Energy (continued)	Hilcorp Energy I, LP 6.00% 4/15/2030 ¹	USD3,260	\$ 3,112
	Hilcorp Energy I, LP 6.00% 2/1/2031 ¹	450	427
	Hilcorp Energy I, LP 6.25% 4/15/2032 ¹	5,125	4,813
	Hilcorp Energy I, LP 8.375% 11/1/2033 ¹	1,045	1,093
	Hilcorp Energy I, LP 6.875% 5/15/2034 ¹	2,000	1,916
	Kinder Morgan, Inc. 5.00% 2/1/2029	1,000	1,001
	Kinder Morgan, Inc. 5.20% 6/1/2033	1,000	985
	Kinder Morgan, Inc. 5.40% 2/1/2034	1,000	997
	Kinetik Holdings, LP 6.625% 12/15/2028 ¹	2,655	2,714
	Kinetik Holdings, LP 5.875% 6/15/2030 ¹	2,000	1,986
	Kraken Oil & Gas Partners, LLC 7.625% 8/15/2029 ¹	375	371
	Leviathan Bond, Ltd. 6.75% 6/30/2030 ¹	1,390	1,279
	Matador Resources Co. 6.875% 4/15/2028 ¹	950	968
	Matador Resources Co. 6.50% 4/15/2032 ¹	2,090	2,071
	Matador Resources Co. 6.25% 4/15/2033 ¹	2,125	2,085
	MEG Energy Corp. 5.875% 2/1/2029 ¹	4,000	3,925
	Modec Finance BV 7.84% 7/15/2026 ^{3,15}	2,000	2,011
	Murphy Oil Corp. 6.375% 7/15/2028	2,000	2,025
	Murphy Oil Corp. 6.00% 10/1/2032	810	780
	Murphy Oil USA, Inc. 3.75% 2/15/2031 ¹	2,000	1,779
	Nabors Industries, Inc. 7.375% 5/15/2027 ¹	1,000	1,002
	Nabors Industries, Inc. 9.125% 1/31/2030 ¹	1,120	1,158
	Nabors Industries, Inc. 8.875% 8/15/2031 ¹	1,530	1,448
	New Fortress Energy, Inc. 6.75% 9/15/2025 ¹	9,000	8,988
	New Fortress Energy, Inc. 6.50% 9/30/2026 ¹	9,985	9,257
	New Fortress Energy, Inc. 8.75% 3/15/2029 ¹	3,465	2,896
	NGPL PipeCo, LLC 7.768% 12/15/2037 ¹	2,000	2,271
	Noble Finance II, LLC 8.00% 4/15/2030 ¹	4,200	4,260
	Occidental Petroleum Corp. 6.125% 1/1/2031	5,000	5,157
	Occidental Petroleum Corp. 4.625% 6/15/2045	1,000	795
	Occidental Petroleum Corp. 4.40% 4/15/2046	2,000	1,538
	Occidental Petroleum Corp. 4.40% 8/15/2049	6,000	4,464
	Oleoducto Central SA 4.00% 7/14/2027 ¹	1,065	1,012
	ONEOK, Inc. 5.65% 11/1/2028	500	514
	ONEOK, Inc. 4.35% 3/15/2029	360	351
	ONEOK, Inc. 6.05% 9/1/2033	330	344
	ONEOK, Inc. 3.95% 3/1/2050	4,000	2,944
	ONEOK, Inc. 7.15% 1/15/2051	2,319	2,594
	ONEOK, Inc. 6.625% 9/1/2053	605	652
	Permian Resources Operating, LLC 5.875% 7/1/2029 ¹	3,000	2,960
	Permian Resources Operating, LLC 9.875% 7/15/2031 ¹	840	929
	Permian Resources Operating, LLC 7.00% 1/15/2032 ¹	6,665	6,804
	Permian Resources Operating, LLC 6.25% 2/1/2033 ¹	2,075	2,061
	Petroleos Mexicanos 4.25% 1/15/2025	11,500	11,443
	Petroleos Mexicanos 6.875% 10/16/2025	13,500	13,544
	Petroleos Mexicanos 4.50% 1/23/2026	3,532	3,440
	Petroleos Mexicanos 6.875% 8/4/2026	6,000	6,003
	Petroleos Mexicanos 6.50% 3/13/2027	4,000	3,928
	Petroleos Mexicanos 8.75% 6/2/2029	14,784	14,990
	Petroleos Mexicanos 6.84% 1/23/2030	1,853	1,712
	Petroleos Mexicanos 6.70% 2/16/2032	2,837	2,525
	Petroleos Mexicanos 10.00% 2/7/2033	2,750	2,917
	Raizen Fuels Finance SA 6.45% 3/5/2034 ¹	515	526
	Raizen Fuels Finance SA 6.95% 3/5/2054 ¹	424	430
	Range Resources Corp. 4.75% 2/15/2030 ¹	445	419
	Sabine Pass Liquefaction, LLC 5.625% 3/1/2025	2,084	2,085
	Saudi Arabian Oil Co. 5.25% 7/17/2034 ¹	3,000	3,006
	Saudi Arabian Oil Co. 5.75% 7/17/2054 ¹	8,990	8,690
	Saudi Arabian Oil Co. 5.875% 7/17/2064 ¹	4,250	4,094
	South Bow USA Infrastructure Holdings, LLC 4.911% 9/1/2027 ¹	905	901
	South Bow USA Infrastructure Holdings, LLC 5.026% 10/1/2029 ¹	1,026	1,010
	South Bow USA Infrastructure Holdings, LLC 5.584% 10/1/2034 ¹	6,344	6,271
	South Bow USA Infrastructure Holdings, LLC 6.176% 10/1/2054 ¹	4,316	4,275
	Sunoco, LP 6.00% 4/15/2027	1,000	1,002
	Sunoco, LP 7.00% 9/15/2028 ¹	2,000	2,057
	Sunoco, LP 7.00% 5/1/2029 ¹	1,215	1,254
	Sunoco, LP 4.50% 5/15/2029	1,700	1,618

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)			
Energy (continued)	Sunoco, LP 7.25% 5/1/2032 ¹	USD1,080	\$ 1,125
	Talos Production, Inc. 9.00% 2/1/2029 ¹	235	242
	Talos Production, Inc. 9.375% 2/1/2031 ¹	145	149
	Targa Resources Corp. 5.50% 2/15/2035	606	605
	TotalEnergies Capital SA 5.15% 4/5/2034	500	505
	TotalEnergies Capital SA 4.724% 9/10/2034	1,364	1,332
	TransCanada Pipelines, Ltd. 4.10% 4/15/2030	11,939	11,428
	TransCanada Pipelines, Ltd. (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.472%) 7.59% 5/16/2067 ⁸	1,000	929
	USA Compression Partners, LP 7.125% 3/15/2029 ¹	1,020	1,040
	Vallourec SA 7.50% 4/15/2032 ¹	1,685	1,767
	Venture Global Calcasieu Pass, LLC 3.875% 8/15/2029 ¹	3,000	2,768
	Venture Global Calcasieu Pass, LLC 6.25% 1/15/2030 ¹	3,161	3,233
	Venture Global Calcasieu Pass, LLC 4.125% 8/15/2031 ¹	3,485	3,179
	Venture Global Calcasieu Pass, LLC 3.875% 11/1/2033 ¹	5,000	4,347
	Weatherford International, Ltd. 8.625% 4/30/2030 ¹	4,240	4,386
	Western Midstream Operating, LP 3.10% 2/1/2025 ¹¹	2,016	2,004
	Western Midstream Operating, LP 3.95% 6/1/2025	1,520	1,511
	Wildfire Intermediate Holdings, LLC 7.50% 10/15/2029 ¹	665	647
			<u>424,062</u>
Health care 0.32%	AbbVie, Inc. 4.80% 3/15/2029	2,000	2,017
	AbbVie, Inc. 4.95% 3/15/2031	1,155	1,167
	AbbVie, Inc. 5.05% 3/15/2034	8,825	8,894
	AbbVie, Inc. 5.35% 3/15/2044	925	928
	AbbVie, Inc. 5.40% 3/15/2054	5,600	5,646
	AbbVie, Inc. 5.50% 3/15/2064	1,275	1,287
	Amgen, Inc. 5.507% 3/2/2026	2,000	2,000
	Amgen, Inc. 5.15% 3/2/2028	2,899	2,939
	Amgen, Inc. 4.05% 8/18/2029	750	728
	Amgen, Inc. 5.25% 3/2/2030	2,950	3,010
	Amgen, Inc. 4.20% 3/1/2033	8,000	7,527
	Amgen, Inc. 5.25% 3/2/2033	7,885	7,969
	Amgen, Inc. 5.60% 3/2/2043	6,000	6,010
	Amgen, Inc. 4.40% 5/1/2045	2,000	1,709
	Amgen, Inc. 4.875% 3/1/2053	4,893	4,389
	Amgen, Inc. 5.65% 3/2/2053	5,033	5,067
	Amgen, Inc. 5.75% 3/2/2063	4,743	4,754
	Astrazeneca Finance, LLC 4.875% 3/3/2028	3,000	3,032
	Astrazeneca Finance, LLC 4.90% 2/26/2031	625	632
	Astrazeneca Finance, LLC 5.00% 2/26/2034	3,325	3,351
	Bausch Health Companies, Inc. 5.50% 11/1/2025 ¹	8,000	7,861
	Bausch Health Companies, Inc., Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 5.25%) 10.035% 2/1/2027 ^{8,12}	3,000	2,945
	Baxter International, Inc. 2.272% 12/1/2028	1,342	1,209
	Baxter International, Inc. 2.539% 2/1/2032	2,681	2,255
	Baxter International, Inc. 3.132% 12/1/2051	2,500	1,612
	Bayer US Finance, LLC 6.50% 11/21/2033 ¹	1,726	1,813
	Bayer US Finance, LLC 6.875% 11/21/2053 ¹	1,241	1,315
	Bristol-Myers Squibb Co. 5.10% 2/22/2031	1,750	1,781
	Bristol-Myers Squibb Co. 5.20% 2/22/2034	12,550	12,779
	Bristol-Myers Squibb Co. 5.50% 2/22/2044	325	331
	Bristol-Myers Squibb Co. 5.55% 2/22/2054	6,625	6,706
	Bristol-Myers Squibb Co. 5.65% 2/22/2064	3,275	3,296
	Catalent Pharma Solutions, Inc. 5.00% 7/15/2027 ¹	1,000	995
	Catalent Pharma Solutions, Inc. 3.50% 4/1/2030 ¹	4,000	3,874
	Catalent Pharma Solutions, Inc., Term Loan B4, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 3.00%) 7.745% 2/22/2028 ^{8,12}	576	577
	Centene Corp. 2.45% 7/15/2028	10,355	9,328
	Centene Corp. 3.375% 2/15/2030	5,344	4,795
	Centene Corp. 3.00% 10/15/2030	2,590	2,245
	Centene Corp. 2.625% 8/1/2031	3,950	3,289
	Cigna Group (The) 5.25% 2/15/2034	4,000	3,989
	Cigna Group (The) 4.80% 8/15/2038	1,000	927
	CVS Health Corp. 5.40% 6/1/2029	2,000	2,020
	CVS Health Corp. 5.25% 1/30/2031	2,000	1,988

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)			
Health care (continued)	CVS Health Corp. 5.55% 6/1/2031	USD 2,017	\$ 2,033
	CVS Health Corp. 5.25% 2/21/2033	650	639
	CVS Health Corp. 5.70% 6/1/2034	9,416	9,463
	CVS Health Corp. 6.00% 6/1/2044	10,000	9,830
	CVS Health Corp. 5.625% 2/21/2053	4,000	3,718
	CVS Health Corp. 5.875% 6/1/2053	533	513
	CVS Health Corp. 6.05% 6/1/2054	7,377	7,289
	CVS Health Corp. 6.00% 6/1/2063	410	397
	DaVita, Inc. 4.625% 6/1/2030 ¹	1,000	921
	DaVita, Inc. 3.75% 2/15/2031 ¹	1,000	870
	DaVita, Inc. 6.875% 9/1/2032 ¹	2,000	2,012
	Elevance Health, Inc. 2.375% 1/15/2025	1,534	1,525
	Elevance Health, Inc. 4.75% 2/15/2030	368	366
	Elevance Health, Inc. 4.95% 11/1/2031	2,594	2,576
	Elevance Health, Inc. 5.20% 2/15/2035	4,689	4,673
	Elevance Health, Inc. 5.70% 2/15/2055	1,130	1,137
	Gilead Sciences, Inc. 1.65% 10/1/2030	300	252
	Gilead Sciences, Inc. 5.25% 10/15/2033	350	357
	Gilead Sciences, Inc. 2.80% 10/1/2050	935	603
	Gilead Sciences, Inc. 5.55% 10/15/2053	1,253	1,285
	HCA, Inc. 4.125% 6/15/2029	8,450	8,141
	Humana, Inc. 5.375% 4/15/2031	850	853
	Humana, Inc. 5.95% 3/15/2034	2,500	2,565
	Humana, Inc. 5.75% 4/15/2054	3,333	3,207
	IQVIA, Inc. 6.50% 5/15/2030 ¹	3,000	3,084
	Johnson & Johnson 4.90% 6/1/2031	2,000	2,034
	Johnson & Johnson 4.95% 6/1/2034	1,294	1,324
	Laboratory Corp. of America Holdings 4.55% 4/1/2032	3,000	2,882
	Laboratory Corp. of America Holdings 4.80% 10/1/2034	1,309	1,262
	Laboratory Corp. of America Holdings 4.70% 2/1/2045	6,900	6,096
	Medline Borrower, LP 6.25% 4/1/2029 ¹	460	469
	Medline Borrower, LP, Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.25%) 6.935% 10/23/2028 ^{8,12}	3,000	3,003
	Molina Healthcare, Inc. 4.375% 6/15/2028 ¹	6,000	5,763
	Molina Healthcare, Inc. 3.875% 5/15/2032 ¹	5,000	4,437
	Owens & Minor, Inc. 6.625% 4/1/2030 ¹	2,000	1,910
	Owens & Minor, Inc., Term Loan B-1, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 3.75%) 8.535% 3/29/2029 ^{8,12}	4,992	5,007
	Perrigo Finance Unlimited Co. 6.125% 9/30/2032	1,290	1,275
	Pfizer Investment Enterprises Pte., Ltd. 4.65% 5/19/2030	2,228	2,225
	Pfizer Investment Enterprises Pte., Ltd. 4.75% 5/19/2033	4,885	4,814
	Pfizer Investment Enterprises Pte., Ltd. 5.11% 5/19/2043	3,000	2,913
	Pfizer Investment Enterprises Pte., Ltd. 5.30% 5/19/2053	4,740	4,642
	Pfizer Investment Enterprises Pte., Ltd. 5.34% 5/19/2063	2,000	1,926
	Roche Holdings, Inc. 5.593% 11/13/2033 ¹	1,218	1,280
	Roche Holdings, Inc. 4.592% 9/9/2034 ¹	3,853	3,763
	Shire Acquisitions Investments Ireland DAC 3.20% 9/23/2026	582	569
	Sterigenics-Nordion Holdings, LLC 7.375% 6/1/2031 ¹	810	831
	Tenet Healthcare Corp. 6.75% 5/15/2031	3,000	3,069
	Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV 7.125% 1/31/2025	2,500	2,500
	Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV 4.75% 5/9/2027	1,500	1,459
	Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV 6.75% 3/1/2028	25,305	25,900
	Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV 5.125% 5/9/2029	7,815	7,596
	Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV 7.875% 9/15/2029	2,863	3,092
	Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV 8.125% 9/15/2031	2,553	2,859
	Teva Pharmaceutical Finance Netherlands III BV 4.10% 10/1/2046	16,718	11,804
	UnitedHealth Group, Inc. 4.80% 1/15/2030	750	754
	UnitedHealth Group, Inc. 5.15% 7/15/2034	8,500	8,567
	UnitedHealth Group, Inc. 5.50% 7/15/2044	3,500	3,542
			<u>348,862</u>
Communication services 0.27%	América Móvil, SAB de CV 4.70% 7/21/2032	2,500	2,426
	América Móvil, SAB de CV 8.46% 12/18/2036	MXN147,200	6,196
	AT&T, Inc. 2.55% 12/1/2033	USD 5,181	4,216
	AT&T, Inc. 3.50% 9/15/2053	1,227	856
	Carnival Holdings Bermuda, Ltd. 10.375% 5/1/2028 ¹	1,000	1,074

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)			
Communication services (continued)	CCO Holdings, LLC 5.125% 5/1/2027 ¹	USD8,000	\$ 7,839
	CCO Holdings, LLC 5.00% 2/1/2028 ¹	6,000	5,812
	CCO Holdings, LLC 6.375% 9/1/2029 ¹	1,525	1,511
	CCO Holdings, LLC 4.75% 3/1/2030 ¹	1,475	1,343
	CCO Holdings, LLC 4.50% 8/15/2030 ¹	3,950	3,531
	CCO Holdings, LLC 4.75% 2/1/2032 ¹	3,000	2,597
	CCO Holdings, LLC 4.50% 6/1/2033 ¹	22,425	18,671
	CCO Holdings, LLC 4.25% 1/15/2034 ¹	21,575	17,257
	Charter Communications Operating, LLC 3.50% 3/1/2042	5,675	3,838
	Charter Communications Operating, LLC 3.70% 4/1/2051	4,000	2,500
	Charter Communications Operating, LLC 3.90% 6/1/2052	5,000	3,217
	Comcast Corp. 2.65% 2/1/2030	18,000	16,224
	Comcast Corp. 5.30% 6/1/2034	5,911	6,018
	Comcast Corp. 5.65% 6/1/2054	720	731
	Connect Finco SARL 9.00% 9/15/2029 ¹	6,000	5,707
	DIRECTV Financing, LLC 5.875% 8/15/2027 ¹	4,000	3,856
	Discovery Communications, LLC 4.90% 3/11/2026	3,000	2,984
	DISH Network Corp. 11.75% 11/15/2027 ¹	1,925	2,028
	Embarq Corp. 7.995% 6/1/2036	725	312
	Frontier Communications Holdings, LLC 5.875% 11/1/2029	731	715
	Frontier Communications Holdings, LLC 6.00% 1/15/2030 ¹	8,000	7,838
	Gray Television, Inc. 7.00% 5/15/2027 ¹	5,000	4,870
	Gray Television, Inc. 10.50% 7/15/2029 ¹	6,370	6,622
	Gray Television, Inc., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 5.25%) 10.094% 6/4/2029 ^{8,12}	1,626	1,581
	Meta Platforms, Inc. 4.30% 8/15/2029	800	794
	Meta Platforms, Inc. 4.75% 8/15/2034	5,339	5,283
	Meta Platforms, Inc. 4.45% 8/15/2052	5,500	4,835
	Meta Platforms, Inc. 5.40% 8/15/2054	3,090	3,106
	Meta Platforms, Inc. 5.55% 8/15/2064	3,000	3,043
	Netflix, Inc. 4.90% 8/15/2034	500	499
	Paramount Global 6.875% 4/30/2036	2,000	1,996
	Paramount Global 4.375% 3/15/2043	3,000	2,163
	Paramount Global 4.95% 5/19/2050	5,000	3,730
	SBA Tower Trust 1.631% 11/15/2026 ¹	22,469	20,938
	Sirius XM Radio, Inc. 3.125% 9/1/2026 ¹	1,825	1,752
	Sirius XM Radio, Inc. 5.00% 8/1/2027 ¹	3,175	3,113
	Sirius XM Radio, Inc. 4.00% 7/15/2028 ¹	8,775	8,206
	Sirius XM Radio, Inc. 5.50% 7/1/2029 ¹	325	316
	Sirius XM Radio, Inc. 4.125% 7/1/2030 ¹	460	412
	Sirius XM Radio, Inc. 3.875% 9/1/2031 ¹	2,850	2,451
	T-Mobile USA, Inc. 3.50% 4/15/2025	6,550	6,508
	T-Mobile USA, Inc. 3.75% 4/15/2027	10,000	9,792
	T-Mobile USA, Inc. 3.875% 4/15/2030	8,975	8,527
	T-Mobile USA, Inc. 2.875% 2/15/2031	15,000	13,300
	T-Mobile USA, Inc. 3.50% 4/15/2031	10,000	9,179
	T-Mobile USA, Inc. 3.00% 2/15/2041	4,200	3,087
	T-Mobile USA, Inc. 3.30% 2/15/2051	5,000	3,456
	T-Mobile USA, Inc. 3.40% 10/15/2052	7,200	5,008
	Univision Communications, Inc. 7.375% 6/30/2030 ¹	2,515	2,417
	Verizon Communications, Inc. 2.55% 3/21/2031	10,265	8,914
	Verizon Communications, Inc. 2.355% 3/15/2032	11,186	9,329
	Verizon Communications, Inc. 2.875% 11/20/2050	1,163	742
	Verizon Communications, Inc. 5.50% 2/23/2054	471	469
	Verizon Communications, Inc. 2.987% 10/30/2056	2,326	1,440
	WarnerMedia Holdings, Inc. 3.755% 3/15/2027	2,000	1,926
	WMG Acquisition Corp. 3.75% 12/1/2029 ¹	2,000	1,854
			<u>290,955</u>
Consumer discretionary 0.26%	1011778 B.C. Unlimited Liability Co. 3.875% 1/15/2028 ¹	2,000	1,908
	Advance Auto Parts, Inc. 5.90% 3/9/2026	500	504
	Advance Auto Parts, Inc. 5.95% 3/9/2028	2,623	2,646
	Advance Auto Parts, Inc. 3.90% 4/15/2030	6,146	5,475
	Advance Auto Parts, Inc. 3.50% 3/15/2032	4,342	3,575
	Allwyn Entertainment Financing (UK) PLC 7.875% 4/30/2029 ¹	1,200	1,244
	American Honda Finance Corp. 5.05% 7/10/2031	500	502

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Consumer discretionary (continued)	Bath & Body Works, Inc. 7.50% 6/15/2029	USD1,000	\$ 1,033
	Caesars Entertainment, Inc. 6.50% 2/15/2032 ¹	2,000	2,029
	Carnival Corp. 4.00% 8/1/2028 ¹	7,000	6,678
	Carnival Corp. 6.00% 5/1/2029 ¹	2,990	2,997
	Carnival Corp. 7.00% 8/15/2029 ¹	8,965	9,383
	Carnival Corp. 10.50% 6/1/2030 ¹	545	588
	Carnival Corp., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.75%) 7.435% 8/8/2027 ^{8,12}	2,672	2,683
	Daimler Trucks Finance North America, LLC 1.625% 12/13/2024 ¹	18,450	18,373
	Daimler Trucks Finance North America, LLC 5.125% 9/25/2029 ¹	858	863
	Daimler Trucks Finance North America, LLC 5.375% 6/25/2034 ¹	2,266	2,285
	Ford Motor Co. 4.75% 1/15/2043	11,575	9,392
	Ford Motor Co. 5.291% 12/8/2046	12,290	10,759
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 2.30% 2/10/2025	21,580	21,389
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 5.125% 6/16/2025	17,381	17,339
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 4.134% 8/4/2025	1,755	1,740
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 3.375% 11/13/2025	2,010	1,972
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.95% 3/6/2026	200	204
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.95% 6/10/2026	2,200	2,249
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 2.70% 8/10/2026	3,790	3,618
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 5.85% 5/17/2027	4,000	4,039
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 4.95% 5/28/2027	19,230	19,019
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 2.90% 2/16/2028	1,000	919
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.80% 5/12/2028	200	207
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.798% 11/7/2028	1,780	1,850
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 2.90% 2/10/2029	8,995	8,035
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 7.20% 6/10/2030	6,450	6,812
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 6.054% 11/5/2031	1,686	1,686
	Ford Motor Credit Co., LLC 7.122% 11/7/2033	278	294
	Ford Otomotiv Sanayi AS 7.125% 4/25/2029 ¹	1,148	1,169
	General Motors Financial Co., Inc. 5.80% 1/7/2029	750	768
	General Motors Financial Co., Inc. 4.90% 10/6/2029	603	595
	General Motors Financial Co., Inc. 5.45% 9/6/2034	4,016	3,955
	Genting New York, LLC 7.25% 10/1/2029 ¹	990	1,006
	Grand Canyon University 4.375% 10/1/2026	2,250	2,252
	Great Canadian Gaming Corp. 8.75% 11/15/2029 ¹	840	840
	Hanesbrands, Inc. 4.875% 5/15/2026 ¹	1,000	989
	Hanesbrands, Inc., Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 3.75%) 8.435% 3/8/2030 ^{8,12}	569	570
	Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc. 5.95% 6/11/2029 ¹	2,670	2,678
	Hilton Domestic Operating Co., Inc. 4.00% 5/1/2031 ¹	1,000	912
	Home Depot, Inc. 2.95% 6/15/2029	4,775	4,458
	Home Depot, Inc. 5.40% 6/25/2064	1,480	1,481
	Hyundai Capital America 5.45% 6/24/2026 ¹	830	838
	Hyundai Capital America 5.275% 6/24/2027 ¹	3,073	3,103
	Hyundai Capital America 4.30% 9/24/2027 ¹	3,000	2,957
	Hyundai Capital America 6.10% 9/21/2028 ¹	750	777
	Lithia Motors, Inc. 3.875% 6/1/2029 ¹	2,000	1,837
	McDonald's Corp. 3.70% 1/30/2026	7,015	6,942
	McDonald's Corp. 2.125% 3/1/2030	4,136	3,630
	McDonald's Corp. 4.45% 3/1/2047	2,100	1,813
	McDonald's Corp. 5.15% 9/9/2052	1,000	951
	Melco Resorts Finance, Ltd. 4.875% 6/6/2025 ¹	6,000	5,937
	Melco Resorts Finance, Ltd. 4.875% 6/6/2025	1,000	989
	Melco Resorts Finance, Ltd. 5.25% 4/26/2026 ¹	2,000	1,963
	Newell Brands, Inc. 6.375% 5/15/2030	2,330	2,346
	Newell Brands, Inc. 6.625% 5/15/2032	720	724
	Newell Brands, Inc., 6.875% 4/1/2036	455	453
	QVC, Inc. 4.45% 2/15/2025	2,000	1,986
	Royal Caribbean Cruises, Ltd. 4.25% 7/1/2026 ¹	2,825	2,773
	Royal Caribbean Cruises, Ltd. 5.625% 9/30/2031 ¹	7,555	7,529
	Royal Caribbean Cruises, Ltd. 6.00% 2/1/2033 ¹	3,325	3,347
	Sands China, Ltd. 5.125% 8/8/2025	8,000	7,985
	Sands China, Ltd. 5.40% 8/8/2028	500	498
	Sands China, Ltd. 2.85% 3/8/2029	10,000	8,974
	Sonic Automotive, Inc. 4.625% 11/15/2029 ¹	1,215	1,117
	Sonic Automotive, Inc. 4.875% 11/15/2031 ¹	2,250	2,025

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)			
Consumer discretionary (continued)	Tapestry, Inc. 7.85% 11/27/2033	USD1,464	\$ 1,496
	Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. 4.375% 8/15/2028 ¹	2,000	1,905
	Wynn Macau, Ltd. 5.50% 1/15/2026 ¹	3,000	2,968
	Wynn Macau, Ltd. 5.125% 12/15/2029 ¹	1,000	930
	YUM! Brands, Inc. 4.75% 1/15/2030 ¹	3,000	2,906
	YUM! Brands, Inc. 3.625% 3/15/2031	3,000	2,720
			<u>280,381</u>
Industrials 0.25%	ADT Security Corp. 4.125% 8/1/2029 ¹	1,000	936
	Ambipar Lux SARL 9.875% 2/6/2031 ¹	649	664
	Amentum Escrow Corp., Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 2.25%) 6.935% 9/29/2031 ^{8,12}	5,285	5,290
	Amentum Holdings, Inc. 7.25% 8/1/2032 ¹	800	829
	Automatic Data Processing, Inc. 4.45% 9/9/2034	1,948	1,885
	Avis Budget Car Rental, LLC, Term Loan B, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.75%) 6.55% 8/6/2027 ^{8,12}	5,969	5,946
	BAE Systems PLC 5.00% 3/26/2027 ¹	3,000	3,020
	BAE Systems PLC 5.125% 3/26/2029 ¹	678	685
	BAE Systems PLC 5.25% 3/26/2031 ¹	346	352
	BAE Systems PLC 5.30% 3/26/2034 ¹	2,699	2,731
	BAE Systems PLC 5.50% 3/26/2054 ¹	575	581
	BNSF Funding Trust I, junior subordinated, 6.613% 12/15/2055 (3-month USD-LIBOR + 2.35% on 1/15/2026) ^{11,16}	6,700	6,813
	Boeing Company (The) 4.875% 5/1/2025	4,500	4,490
	Boeing Company (The) 3.25% 2/1/2028	500	470
	Boeing Company (The) 6.298% 5/1/2029 ¹	228	236
	Boeing Company (The) 5.15% 5/1/2030	4,221	4,168
	Boeing Company (The) 3.625% 2/1/2031	2,488	2,249
	Boeing Company (The) 6.388% 5/1/2031 ¹	1,894	1,983
	Boeing Company (The) 3.60% 5/1/2034	5,000	4,208
	Boeing Company (The) 6.528% 5/1/2034 ¹	44,591	47,034
	Boeing Company (The) 5.705% 5/1/2040	13,000	12,513
	Boeing Company (The) 5.805% 5/1/2050	9,304	8,782
	Boeing Company (The) 6.858% 5/1/2054 ¹	1,581	1,696
	Boeing Company (The) 5.93% 5/1/2060	4,000	3,732
	Boeing Company (The) 7.008% 5/1/2064 ¹	1,187	1,279
	Burlington Northern Santa Fe, LLC 5.50% 3/15/2055	424	434
	Canadian Pacific Railway Co. 3.10% 12/2/2051	11,682	7,918
	Carrier Global Corp. 2.722% 2/15/2030	12,472	11,215
	Carrier Global Corp. 2.70% 2/15/2031	205	180
	Carrier Global Corp. 5.90% 3/15/2034	785	825
	Carrier Global Corp. 3.377% 4/5/2040	1,000	790
	Carrier Global Corp. 3.577% 4/5/2050	759	568
	Carrier Global Corp. 6.20% 3/15/2054	580	638
	CSX Corp. 2.40% 2/15/2030	6,636	5,926
	Fortress Transportation and Infrastructure Investors, LLC 5.875% 4/15/2033 ¹	3,000	2,927
	GFL Environmental, Inc. 5.125% 12/15/2026 ¹	1,500	1,486
	Herc Holdings, Inc. 6.625% 6/15/2029 ¹	1,755	1,797
	Hertz Corp. (The) 12.625% 7/15/2029 ¹	865	918
	Honeywell International, Inc. 4.50% 1/15/2034	350	341
	Honeywell International, Inc. 5.00% 3/1/2035	400	402
	Honeywell International, Inc. 5.25% 3/1/2054	300	300
	Howmet Aerospace, Inc. 5.90% 2/1/2027	1,000	1,025
	Howmet Aerospace, Inc. 6.75% 1/15/2028	2,000	2,120
	Howmet Aerospace, Inc. 5.95% 2/1/2037	1,607	1,698
	Icahn Enterprises, LP 6.25% 5/15/2026	3,000	2,951
	Icahn Enterprises, LP 5.25% 5/15/2027	3,000	2,798
	Icahn Enterprises, LP 9.75% 1/15/2029	2,000	2,001
	IRB Infrastructure Developers, Ltd. 7.11% 3/11/2032 ¹	1,140	1,161
	LATAM Airlines Group SA 7.875% 4/15/2030 ¹	455	456
	Mileage Plus Holdings, LLC 6.50% 6/20/2027 ¹	2,087	2,110
	Moog, Inc. 4.25% 12/9/2027 ¹	4,625	4,413
	Movida Europe SA 7.85% 4/11/2029 ¹	2,500	2,372
	Norfolk Southern Corp. 4.45% 3/1/2033	447	433
	Norfolk Southern Corp. 5.35% 8/1/2054	5,721	5,638
	Otis Worldwide Corp. 2.056% 4/5/2025	15,629	15,437

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)			
Industrials (continued)	Prime Security Services Borrower, LLC 5.75% 4/15/2026 ¹	USD1,000	\$ 1,001
	Regal Rexnord Corp. 6.30% 2/15/2030	2,500	2,590
	Regal Rexnord Corp. 6.40% 4/15/2033	2,500	2,613
	RTX Corp. 3.125% 5/4/2027	12,375	11,932
	RTX Corp. 6.10% 3/15/2034	1,214	1,301
	SkyMiles IP, Ltd. 4.75% 10/20/2028 ¹	1,840	1,820
	SkyMiles IP, Ltd., Term Loan, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 3.75%) 9.032% 10/20/2027 ^{8,12}	736	751
	Spirit AeroSystems, Inc. 9.375% 11/30/2029 ¹	15,000	16,196
	Spirit AeroSystems, Inc., Term Loan, (3-month CME Term SOFR + 4.25%) 9.085% 1/15/2027 ^{8,12}	12,867	12,948
	United Airlines, Inc. 4.375% 4/15/2026 ¹	1,080	1,062
	United Airlines, Inc. 4.625% 4/15/2029 ¹	875	838
	United Rentals (North America), Inc. 5.50% 5/15/2027	1,000	999
	United Rentals (North America), Inc. 4.875% 1/15/2028	3,000	2,939
	Waste Management, Inc. 4.95% 3/15/2035	1,308	1,300
	XPO, Inc. 6.25% 6/1/2028 ¹	3,000	3,051
			<u>265,191</u>
Utilities 0.24%	Aegea Finance SARL 9.00% 1/20/2031 ¹	1,495	1,595
	AES Panama Generation Holdings, SRL 4.375% 5/31/2030 ¹	1,057	934
	Alabama Power Co. 5.85% 11/15/2033	825	873
	Alfa Desarrollo SpA 4.55% 9/27/2051 ¹	2,819	2,122
	Alliant Energy Finance, LLC 3.60% 3/1/2032 ¹	750	668
	AmeriGas Partners, LP 5.50% 5/20/2025	455	454
	Berkshire Hathaway Energy Co. 4.60% 5/1/2053	2,000	1,720
	Commonwealth Edison Co. 2.95% 8/15/2027	2,450	2,355
	Consumers Energy Co. 3.60% 8/15/2032	850	783
	Consumers Energy Co. 4.625% 5/15/2033	2,025	1,991
	Consumers Energy Co. 3.10% 8/15/2050	10,000	7,060
	DTE Electric Co. 3.65% 3/1/2052	1,500	1,140
	DTE Energy Co. 4.95% 7/1/2027	1,075	1,081
	Edison International 4.70% 8/15/2025	2,000	1,995
	Edison International 4.125% 3/15/2028	1,632	1,594
	Edison International 5.25% 11/15/2028	3,025	3,049
	Edison International 5.25% 3/15/2032	350	350
	Edison International 5.00% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 3.901% on 3/15/2027) ¹¹	3,000	2,927
	Electricité de France SA 4.50% 9/21/2028 ¹	680	669
	Electricité de France SA 5.65% 4/22/2029 ¹	600	616
	Electricité de France SA 9.125% junior subordinated perpetual bonds (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 5.411% on 6/15/2033) ^{11,11}	2,750	3,122
	Emera, Inc. 6.75% 6/15/2076 (3-month USD-LIBOR + 5.44% on 6/15/2026) ^{11,16}	15,349	15,426
	Empresas Publicas de Medellin ESP 4.25% 7/18/2029	1,713	1,512
	Empresas Publicas de Medellin ESP 4.375% 2/15/2031 ¹	920	782
	Enel Finance International NV 5.125% 6/26/2029 ¹	1,350	1,357
	Enfragen Energia Sur SA 5.375% 12/30/2030	800	692
	Entergy Louisiana, LLC 5.15% 9/15/2034	32	32
	Eversource Energy 5.50% 1/1/2034	3,025	3,048
	Exelon Corp. 4.45% 4/15/2046	8,115	6,924
	FIEMEX Energia - Banco Actinver SA Institucion de Banca Multiple 7.25% 1/31/2041 ¹	865	869
	FirstEnergy Corp. 2.05% 3/1/2025	502	497
	FirstEnergy Corp. 1.60% 1/15/2026	2,600	2,500
	FirstEnergy Corp. 2.65% 3/1/2030	1,393	1,238
	FirstEnergy Corp. 2.25% 9/1/2030	5,347	4,610
	FirstEnergy Corp. 3.40% 3/1/2050	2,000	1,407
	FirstEnergy Corp., Series B, 3.90% 7/15/2027	25,785	25,188
	Florida Power & Light Co. 5.10% 4/1/2033	2,115	2,131
	Florida Power & Light Co. 5.30% 4/1/2053	1,368	1,358
	Georgia Power Co. 4.95% 5/17/2033	2,075	2,070
	Light Servicos De Eletricidade SA 4.375% 6/18/2026 ¹³	1,300	777
	MidAmerican Energy Co. 5.35% 1/15/2034	450	462
	MidAmerican Energy Co. 5.85% 9/15/2054	3,900	4,135
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 3.15% 1/1/2026	1,365	1,335
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 2.95% 3/1/2026	12,987	12,639
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 3.30% 3/15/2027	1,250	1,205

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)			
Utilities (continued)	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 3.00% 6/15/2028	USD 676	\$ 634
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 4.65% 8/1/2028	1,500	1,486
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 5.55% 5/15/2029	3,000	3,059
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 4.55% 7/1/2030	1,100	1,068
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 2.50% 2/1/2031	19,190	16,472
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 6.40% 6/15/2033	2,100	2,236
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 5.80% 5/15/2034	4,225	4,348
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 4.95% 7/1/2050	20,353	17,867
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 3.50% 8/1/2050	15,750	11,005
	Pacific Gas and Electric Co. 5.90% 10/1/2054	3,000	3,002
	PacifiCorp 5.45% 2/15/2034	1,850	1,864
	PacifiCorp 3.30% 3/15/2051	650	437
	PacifiCorp 5.35% 12/1/2053	2,650	2,504
	PacifiCorp 5.50% 5/15/2054	5,259	5,066
	PacifiCorp 5.80% 1/15/2055	6,675	6,683
	PG&E Corp. 5.00% 7/1/2028	4,595	4,485
	PG&E Corp. 5.25% 7/1/2030	6,890	6,720
	PG&E Corp., junior subordinated, 7.375% 3/15/2055 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 3.883% on 3/15/2030) ¹¹	3,750	3,883
	Public Service Company of Colorado 5.35% 5/15/2034	1,877	1,912
	Public Service Company of Colorado 5.75% 5/15/2054	1,700	1,773
	Public Service Electric and Gas Co. 3.20% 5/15/2029	4,000	3,774
	Public Service Electric and Gas Co. 3.20% 8/1/2049	3,300	2,348
	Southern California Edison Co. 5.20% 6/1/2034	4,100	4,114
	Southern California Edison Co. 3.60% 2/1/2045	2,102	1,590
	Southern California Edison Co. 4.00% 4/1/2047	6,667	5,372
	Southern California Edison Co. 4.125% 3/1/2048	6,667	5,431
	Southern California Edison Co. 3.65% 2/1/2050	300	224
	Southern California Edison Co. 2.95% 2/1/2051	2,870	1,877
	Union Electric Co. 5.125% 3/15/2055	350	333
	Wisconsin Electric Power Co. 4.60% 10/1/2034	800	775
	Wisconsin Electric Power Co. 5.05% 10/1/2054	750	717
	Xcel Energy, Inc. 2.60% 12/1/2029	1,525	1,366
	Xcel Energy, Inc. 4.60% 6/1/2032	425	408
	Xcel Energy, Inc. 5.45% 8/15/2033	3,100	3,129
	Xcel Energy, Inc. 3.50% 12/1/2049	350	247
			<u>257,501</u>
Materials 0.11%	Alcoa Nederland Holding BV 4.125% 3/31/2029 ¹	2,000	1,883
	Ardagh Metal Packaging Finance PLC 6.00% 6/15/2027 ¹	530	529
	Ardagh Metal Packaging Finance PLC 3.25% 9/1/2028 ¹	1,470	1,326
	Ball Corp. 6.00% 6/15/2029	2,000	2,034
	BHP Billiton Finance (USA), Ltd. 4.90% 2/28/2033	665	664
	BHP Billiton Finance (USA), Ltd. 5.25% 9/8/2033	1,301	1,323
	BHP Billiton Finance (USA), Ltd. 5.50% 9/8/2053	793	806
	Braskem Idesa SAPI 7.45% 11/15/2029 ¹	2,002	1,590
	Braskem Netherlands Finance BV 4.50% 1/10/2028	600	563
	Braskem Netherlands Finance BV 8.50% 1/12/2031 ¹	740	767
	Braskem Netherlands Finance BV 8.50% 1/12/2031	400	415
	Braskem Netherlands Finance BV 7.25% 2/13/2033	2,750	2,668
	Braskem Netherlands Finance BV 7.25% 2/13/2033 ¹	1,270	1,232
	Braskem Netherlands Finance BV 8.00% 10/15/2034 ¹	575	574
	Celanese US Holdings, LLC 6.35% 11/15/2028	2,314	2,395
	Celanese US Holdings, LLC 6.379% 7/15/2032	1,624	1,686
	Celanese US Holdings, LLC 6.70% 11/15/2033	1,149	1,222
	Cleveland-Cliffs, Inc. 5.875% 6/1/2027	6,000	6,001
	Consolidated Energy Finance SA 6.50% 5/15/2026 ¹	1,000	987
	Consolidated Energy Finance SA 5.625% 10/15/2028 ¹	1,000	816
	Consolidated Energy Finance SA 12.00% 2/15/2031 ¹	3,080	3,008
	Dow Chemical Co. (The) 5.15% 2/15/2034	584	581
	Dow Chemical Co. (The) 5.55% 11/30/2048	526	509
	Dow Chemical Co. (The) 6.90% 5/15/2053	231	263
	Dow Chemical Co. (The) 5.60% 2/15/2054	1,867	1,832
	Eastman Chemical Co. 5.625% 2/20/2034	1,324	1,338
	EIDP, Inc. 4.80% 5/15/2033	1,250	1,231
	First Quantum Minerals, Ltd. 6.875% 10/15/2027 ¹	26,656	26,497

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)			
Materials (continued)	FMG Resources (August 2006) Pty, Ltd. 4.375% 4/1/2031 ¹	USD2,500	\$ 2,278
	Glatfelter Corp. 7.25% 11/15/2031 ¹	2,000	1,985
	International Flavors & Fragrances, Inc. 2.30% 11/1/2030 ¹	2,600	2,228
	Methanex Corp. 5.125% 10/15/2027	3,000	2,922
	Mineral Resources, Ltd. 8.125% 5/1/2027 ¹	1,000	1,008
	Mineral Resources, Ltd. 8.00% 11/1/2027 ¹	4,075	4,182
	Mineral Resources, Ltd. 9.25% 10/1/2028 ¹	1,370	1,444
	NOVA Chemicals Corp. 5.25% 6/1/2027 ¹	1,000	982
	NOVA Chemicals Corp. 4.25% 5/15/2029 ¹	6,500	5,928
	Novelis Corp. 3.25% 11/15/2026 ¹	1,000	963
	Novelis Corp. 3.875% 8/15/2031 ¹	1,000	879
	OCI NV 6.70% 3/16/2033 ¹	5,195	5,185
	Owens-Brockway Glass Container, Inc. 7.375% 6/1/2032 ¹	1,525	1,494
	Sasol Financing USA, LLC 8.75% 5/3/2029 ¹	3,500	3,602
	Sasol Financing USA, LLC 8.75% 5/3/2029 ¹⁵	750	772
	Sealed Air Corp. 6.125% 2/1/2028 ¹	7,000	7,079
	Sherwin-Williams Co. 3.45% 6/1/2027	5,851	5,685
	Stillwater Mining Co. 4.00% 11/16/2026 ¹⁵	900	851
	Vale Overseas, Ltd. 6.40% 6/28/2054	708	712
	Warrior Met Coal, Inc. 7.875% 12/1/2028 ¹	2,000	2,082
			<u>117,001</u>
Consumer staples 0.10%	Albertsons Companies, Inc. 3.50% 3/15/2029 ¹	2,000	1,850
	Albertsons Companies, Inc. 4.875% 2/15/2030 ¹	3,000	2,925
	Altria Group, Inc. 4.40% 2/14/2026	1,173	1,167
	Altria Group, Inc. 6.875% 11/1/2033	750	825
	Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide, Inc. 4.75% 1/23/2029	15,000	15,072
	Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide, Inc. 5.00% 6/15/2034	500	503
	BAT Capital Corp. 4.70% 4/2/2027	7,862	7,854
	BAT Capital Corp. 3.557% 8/15/2027	7,650	7,421
	BAT Capital Corp. 6.343% 8/2/2030	728	769
	BAT Capital Corp. 5.834% 2/20/2031	3,701	3,820
	BAT Capital Corp. 6.421% 8/2/2033	2,038	2,171
	BAT Capital Corp. 6.00% 2/20/2034	2,830	2,930
	BAT Capital Corp. 5.65% 3/16/2052	713	662
	BAT Capital Corp. 7.081% 8/2/2053	2,843	3,152
	Campbell Soup Co. 4.75% 3/23/2035	2,389	2,297
	Campbell Soup Co. 5.25% 10/13/2054	938	893
	Coca-Cola Co. 5.00% 5/13/2034	163	166
	Coca-Cola Co. 4.65% 8/14/2034	1,279	1,260
	Coca-Cola Co. 5.30% 5/13/2054	250	252
	Coca-Cola Co. 5.20% 1/14/2055	1,498	1,492
	Coca-Cola Consolidated, Inc. 5.45% 6/1/2034	2,858	2,909
	Conagra Brands, Inc. 5.30% 11/1/2038	739	713
	Constellation Brands, Inc. 4.35% 5/9/2027	1,919	1,904
	Constellation Brands, Inc. 4.75% 5/9/2032	1,000	981
	Coty, Inc. 5.00% 4/15/2026 ¹	3,500	3,485
	Coty, Inc. 6.625% 7/15/2030 ¹	1,060	1,082
	General Mills, Inc. 5.241% 11/18/2025	2,500	2,500
	H.J. Heinz Co. 4.375% 6/1/2046	2,000	1,677
	Imperial Brands Finance PLC 5.875% 7/1/2034 ¹	3,000	3,028
	Kroger Co. 5.50% 9/15/2054	1,043	1,014
	Lamb Weston Holdings, Inc. 4.125% 1/31/2030 ¹	2,000	1,858
	Lamb Weston Holdings, Inc. 4.375% 1/31/2032 ¹	2,000	1,834
	Minerva Luxembourg SA 8.875% 9/13/2033 ¹	1,725	1,812
	NBM US Holdings, Inc. 6.625% 8/6/2029 ¹⁵	1,683	1,680
	Performance Food Group, Inc. 5.50% 10/15/2027 ¹	1,000	992
	Performance Food Group, Inc. 4.25% 8/1/2029 ¹	1,000	937
	Philip Morris International, Inc. 1.75% 11/1/2030	2,000	1,673
	Philip Morris International, Inc. 5.375% 2/15/2033	2,000	2,028
	Philip Morris International, Inc. 5.25% 2/13/2034	2,487	2,494
	Philip Morris International, Inc. 4.90% 11/1/2034	3,701	3,616
	Post Holdings, Inc. 6.25% 2/15/2032 ¹	1,441	1,459

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)			
Consumer staples (continued)	Post Holdings, Inc. 6.375% 3/1/2033 ¹	USD5,000	\$ 4,959
	Reynolds American, Inc. 4.45% 6/12/2025	7,045	7,021
	Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc. 3.45% 6/1/2026	3,370	3,244
			<u>112,381</u>
Information technology 0.10%	Accenture Capital, Inc. 4.05% 10/4/2029	600	587
	Accenture Capital, Inc. 4.25% 10/4/2031	813	788
	Accenture Capital, Inc. 4.50% 10/4/2034	1,449	1,401
	Acuris Finance US, Inc. 9.00% 8/1/2029 ¹	1,675	1,648
	Amphenol Corp. 5.00% 1/15/2035	2,665	2,649
	Amphenol Corp. 5.375% 11/15/2054	256	254
	Broadcom, Inc. 5.05% 7/12/2027	2,000	2,020
	Broadcom, Inc. 5.05% 7/12/2029	3,569	3,601
	Broadcom, Inc. 5.15% 11/15/2031	2,511	2,534
	Broadcom, Inc. 4.55% 2/15/2032	492	476
	Broadcom, Inc. 3.469% 4/15/2034 ¹	1,500	1,310
	Broadcom, Inc. 4.80% 10/15/2034	495	479
	Cisco Systems, Inc. 5.05% 2/26/2034	750	762
	CrowdStrike Holdings, Inc. 3.00% 2/15/2029	3,000	2,730
	Gen Digital, Inc. 6.75% 9/30/2027 ¹	2,000	2,036
	Intel Corp. 5.15% 2/21/2034	1,617	1,580
	Intel Corp. 5.60% 2/21/2054	927	858
	ION Trading Technologies SARL 9.50% 5/30/2029 ¹	790	804
	Lenovo Group, Ltd. 5.875% 4/24/2025	38,190	38,291
	Match Group Holdings II, LLC 4.125% 8/1/2030 ¹	1,000	910
	Microchip Technology, Inc. 5.05% 3/15/2029	2,725	2,736
	NCR Atleos Corp. 9.50% 4/1/2029 ¹	1,000	1,101
	Oracle Corp. 3.95% 3/25/2051	3,029	2,311
	Roper Technologies, Inc. 4.90% 10/15/2034	2,425	2,370
	Texas Instruments, Inc. 4.85% 2/8/2034	700	702
	UKG, Inc. 6.875% 2/1/2031 ¹	925	948
	Unisys Corp. 6.875% 11/1/2027 ¹	1,000	979
	Viasat, Inc. 5.625% 9/15/2025 ¹	16,325	16,128
	Viasat, Inc. 5.625% 4/15/2027 ¹	11,425	10,679
			<u>103,672</u>
Real estate 0.08%	Boston Properties, LP 2.45% 10/1/2033	614	478
	Boston Properties, LP 6.50% 1/15/2034	2,395	2,536
	Boston Properties, LP 5.75% 1/15/2035	6,855	6,792
	Corp. Inmobiliaria Vesta, SAB de CV 3.625% 5/13/2031 ¹	980	864
	Equinix, Inc. 2.90% 11/18/2026	6,572	6,350
	Equinix, Inc. 0.25% 3/15/2027	EUR1,420	1,450
	Equinix, Inc. 1.00% 3/15/2033	1,580	1,403
	ERP Operating, LP 4.65% 9/15/2034	USD2,274	2,185
	FibraSOMA 4.375% 7/22/2031 ¹	2,753	2,315
	Forestar Group, Inc. 3.85% 5/15/2026 ¹	1,000	976
	Forestar Group, Inc. 5.00% 3/1/2028 ¹	2,000	1,916
	GLP Capital, LP 4.00% 1/15/2030	2,500	2,324
	Highwoods Realty, LP 7.65% 2/1/2034	2,000	2,244
	Howard Hughes Corp. (The) 5.375% 8/1/2028 ¹	5,130	4,992
	Howard Hughes Corp. (The) 4.125% 2/1/2029 ¹	335	309
	Iron Mountain, Inc. 4.875% 9/15/2027 ¹	3,000	2,950
	Iron Mountain, Inc. 5.00% 7/15/2028 ¹	2,410	2,351
	Kennedy-Wilson, Inc. 4.75% 3/1/2029	3,150	2,891
	Kennedy-Wilson, Inc. 4.75% 2/1/2030	310	278
	Kennedy-Wilson, Inc. 5.00% 3/1/2031	2,315	2,047
	Kilroy Realty, LP 6.25% 1/15/2036	1,048	1,057
	Ladder Capital Finance Holdings LLLP 5.25% 10/1/2025 ¹	1,000	997
	Ladder Capital Finance Holdings LLLP 4.25% 2/1/2027 ¹	1,000	969
	Ladder Capital Finance Holdings LLLP 4.75% 6/15/2029 ¹	1,360	1,297
	Ladder Capital Finance Holdings LLLP 7.00% 7/15/2031 ¹	995	1,033
	MPT Operating Partnership, LP 3.50% 3/15/2031	1,500	1,064
	Pebblebrook Hotel, LP 6.375% 10/15/2029 ¹	575	575
	Prologis, LP 5.00% 3/15/2034	1,430	1,418
	Prologis, LP 5.25% 3/15/2054	270	261

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Corporate bonds, notes & loans (continued)			
Real estate (continued)	RLJ Lodging Trust, LP 3.75% 7/1/2026 ¹	USD1,000	\$ 969
	Service Properties Trust 5.25% 2/15/2026	2,000	1,942
	Service Properties Trust 4.75% 10/1/2026	380	359
	Service Properties Trust 4.95% 2/15/2027	558	520
	Service Properties Trust 5.50% 12/15/2027	12,000	11,375
	Service Properties Trust 3.95% 1/15/2028	5,110	4,391
	Service Properties Trust 8.375% 6/15/2029	3,000	2,935
	Service Properties Trust 4.95% 10/1/2029	1,042	834
	Service Properties Trust 4.375% 2/15/2030	60	45
	Service Properties Trust 8.625% 11/15/2031 ¹	4,095	4,331
	VICI Properties, LP 5.75% 2/1/2027 ¹	1,500	1,512
	VICI Properties, LP 3.875% 2/15/2029 ¹	1,815	1,709
	WEA Finance, LLC 3.50% 6/15/2029 ¹	2,083	1,916
			89,160
Total corporate bonds, notes & loans			2,777,268
Asset-backed obligations 0.74%			
	ACHV ABS Trust, Series 2024-3AL, Class A, 5.01% 12/26/2031 ^{1,7}	1,289	1,292
	Affirm, Inc., Series 2023-B, Class A, 6.82% 9/15/2028 ^{1,7}	1,000	1,015
	Affirm, Inc., Series 2023-X1, Class A, 7.11% 11/15/2028 ^{1,7}	177	178
	Affirm, Inc., Series 2024-X1, Class A, 6.27% 5/15/2029 ^{1,7}	174	174
	Allegro CLO, Ltd., Series 2019-1, Class ARR, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.13%) 5.747% 4/20/2032 ^{1,7,8}	640	640
	American Credit Acceptance Receivables Trust, Series 2024-2, Class B, 6.10% 12/13/2027 ^{1,7}	410	413
	American Credit Acceptance Receivables Trust, Series 2024-4, Class B, 4.80% 11/13/2028 ^{1,7}	1,731	1,727
	American Credit Acceptance Receivables Trust, Series 2023-2, Class D, 6.47% 8/13/2029 ^{1,7}	473	480
	American Credit Acceptance Receivables Trust, Series 2024-4, Class C, 4.91% 8/12/2031 ^{1,7}	1,869	1,860
	AmeriCredit Automobile Receivables Trust, Series 2024-1, Class A3, 5.43% 1/18/2029 ⁷	372	376
	Ares CLO, Ltd., Series 2019-52, Class A1R, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.312%) 5.943% 4/22/2031 ^{1,7,8}	771	773
	Auxilior Term Funding, LLC, Series 24-1, Class A2, 5.84% 3/15/2027 ^{1,7}	259	261
	Avant Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2024-2A, Class A, 5.38% 5/15/2029 ^{1,7}	2,500	2,484
	Avis Budget Rental Car Funding (AESOP), LLC, Series 2020-1A, Class A, 2.33% 8/20/2026 ^{1,7}	12,814	12,623
	Avis Budget Rental Car Funding (AESOP), LLC, Series 2020-2, Class A, 2.02% 2/20/2027 ^{1,7}	9,090	8,806
	Avis Budget Rental Car Funding (AESOP), LLC, Series 2020-2A, Class B, 2.96% 2/20/2027 ^{1,7}	1,383	1,347
	Avis Budget Rental Car Funding (AESOP), LLC, Series 2023-6, Class A, 5.81% 12/20/2029 ^{1,7}	29,522	30,378
	AXIS Equipment Finance Receivables, LLC, Series 2023-1, Class A2, 6.09% 12/20/2029 ^{1,7}	1,042	1,055
	AXIS Equipment Finance Receivables, LLC, Series 2024-2, Class A2, 5.19% 7/21/2031 ^{1,7}	504	508
	Bankers Healthcare Group Securitization Trust, Series 2020-A, Class B, 3.59% 9/17/2031 ^{1,7}	1,346	1,335
	Bankers Healthcare Group Securitization Trust, Series 2020-A, Class C, 5.17% 9/17/2031 ^{1,7}	2,000	1,979
	Benefit Street Partners CLO, Ltd., Series 2019-19, Class AR, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.18%) 5.836% 1/15/2033 ^{1,7,8}	1,480	1,482
	Blackbird Capital II Aircraft Lease, Ltd. / Blackbird Capital II Aircraft Lease US, LLC, Series 2021-1, Class B, 3.446% 7/15/2046 ^{1,7}	344	310
	Blue Owl Asset Leasing Trust, Series 2024-1A, Class A2, 5.05% 3/15/2029 ^{1,7}	835	835
	Bluemountain CLO, Ltd., Series 2018-22, Class A1, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.342%) 5.998% 7/15/2031 ^{1,7,8}	892	894
	Bridgecrest Lending Auto Securitization Trust, Series 2024-1, Class C, 5.65% 4/16/2029 ⁷	247	249
	Bridgecrest Lending Auto Securitization Trust, Series 2024-1, Class D, 6.03% 11/15/2029 ⁷	479	487
	Bridgecrest Lending Auto Securitization Trust, Series 2024-3, Class D, 5.83% 5/15/2030 ⁷	1,729	1,749
	Business Jet Securities, LLC, Series 2024-2A, Class A, 5.364% 9/15/2039 ^{1,7}	1,449	1,426

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

Asset-backed obligations (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Capteris Equipment Finance, Series 2024-1, Class A2, 5.58% 7/20/2032 ^{1,7}	USD 473	\$ 477
CarMax Select Receivables Trust, Series 2024-A, Class A2A, 5.78% 9/15/2027 ⁷	3,074	3,092
Castlelake Aircraft Securitization Trust, Series 2021-1, Class A, 2.868% 5/11/2037 ^{1,7}	2,542	2,287
Castlelake Aircraft Securitization Trust, Series 2017-1R, Class A, 2.741% 8/15/2041 ^{1,7}	172	162
CF Hippolyta, LLC, Series 2020-1, Class A1, 1.69% 7/15/2060 ^{1,7}	35,762	34,653
CF Hippolyta, LLC, Series 2020-1, Class A2, 1.99% 7/15/2060 ^{1,7}	5,692	5,110
CF Hippolyta, LLC, Series 2021-1, Class A1, 1.53% 3/15/2061 ^{1,7}	26,816	25,137
CF Hippolyta, LLC, Series 2022-1, Class A1, 5.97% 8/15/2062 ^{1,7}	44,524	44,498
Clarus Capital Funding, LLC, Series 2024-1A, Class A2, 4.71% 8/20/2032 ^{1,7}	1,337	1,331
CLI Funding V, LLC, Series 2020-2A, Class B, 3.56% 9/15/2045 ^{1,7}	207	193
CLI Funding VI, LLC, Series 2020-2A, Class A, 2.03% 9/15/2045 ^{1,7}	438	402
CLI Funding VI, LLC, Series 2020-1A, Class A, 2.08% 9/18/2045 ^{1,7}	592	542
CLI Funding VI, LLC, Series 2020-1A, Class B, 3.62% 9/18/2045 ^{1,7}	387	361
ClickLease Equipment Receivables 2024-1 Trust, Series 2024-1, Class A, 6.86% 2/15/2030 ^{1,7}	81	81
CPS Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-C, Class B, 5.68% 12/15/2028 ^{1,7}	202	204
CPS Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-A, Class C, 5.74% 4/15/2030 ^{1,7}	100	101
CPS Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-A, Class D, 6.13% 4/15/2030 ^{1,7}	100	102
Crockett Partners Equipment Co. II, LLC, Series 2024-1C, Class A, 6.05% 1/20/2031 ^{1,7}	623	627
Crossroads Asset Trust, Series 2024-A, Class A2, 5.90% 8/20/2030 ^{1,7}	402	406
CWHEQ Revolving Home Equity Loan Trust, Series 2005-D, Class 2A, FSA insured, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 0.304%) 5.108% 11/15/2035 ^{7,8}	14	13
CWHEQ Revolving Home Equity Loan Trust, Series 2006-F, Class 2A1A, FSA insured, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 0.254%) 5.058% 7/15/2036 ^{7,8}	986	908
CWHEQ Revolving Home Equity Loan Trust, Series 2006-I, Class 2A, FSA insured, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 0.254%) 5.058% 1/15/2037 ^{7,8}	1,210	1,142
CWHEQ Revolving Home Equity Loan Trust, Series 2007-B, Class A, FSA insured, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 0.264%) 5.068% 2/15/2037 ^{7,8}	2,488	2,314
Dell Equipment Finance Trust, Series 2024-2, Class A3, 4.59% 8/22/2030 ^{1,7}	244	244
Discover Card Execution Note Trust, Series 2023-A1, Class A, 4.31% 3/15/2028 ⁷	28,213	28,116
DLLAD, LLC, Series 2024-1, Class A3, 5.30% 7/20/2029 ^{1,7}	3,681	3,744
Dryden Senior Loan Fund, CLO, Series 2014-36, Class AR3, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.282%) 5.938% 4/15/2029 ^{1,7,8}	498	498
Exeter Automobile Receivables Trust, Series 2024-4A, Class B, 5.29% 8/15/2030 ⁷	323	325
Exeter Automobile Receivables Trust, Series 2024-4A, Class D, 5.81% 12/16/2030 ⁷	745	752
Exeter Automobile Receivables Trust, Series 2024-4A, Class E, 7.65% 2/17/2032 ^{1,7}	1,480	1,487
First National Master Note Trust, Series 2024-1, Class A, 5.34% 5/15/2030 ⁷	316	320
FirstKey Homes Trust, Series 2020-SFR2, Class A, 1.266% 10/19/2037 ^{1,7}	7,263	7,042
Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust, Series 2018-1, Class A, 3.19% 7/15/2031 ^{1,7}	40,645	40,508
Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust, Series 2020-1, Class A, 2.04% 8/15/2031 ^{1,7}	9,089	9,015
Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust, Series 2023-2, Class A, 5.28% 2/15/2036 ^{1,7}	15,564	15,884
Ford Credit Floorplan Master Owner Trust, Series 2023-1, Class A1, 4.92% 5/15/2028 ^{1,7}	16,177	16,245
Ford Credit Floorplan Master Owner Trust, Series 2024-3, Class A1, 4.30% 9/15/2029 ^{1,7}	20,420	20,193
GCI Funding I, LLC, Series 2020-1, Class A, 2.82% 10/18/2045 ^{1,7}	36,518	33,832
GCI Funding I, LLC, Series 2021-1, Class A, 2.38% 6/18/2046 ^{1,7}	4,001	3,613
Global SC Finance V SRL, Series 2019-1A, Class B, 4.81% 9/17/2039 ^{1,7}	1,593	1,532
Global SC Finance V SRL, Series 2020-1A, Class A, 2.17% 10/17/2040 ^{1,7}	830	781
Global SC Finance V SRL, Series 2020-1A, Class B, 3.55% 10/17/2040 ^{1,7}	228	215
GLS Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-4A, Class A2, 4.76% 10/15/2027 ^{1,7}	1,908	1,908
GLS Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-2, Class A3, 5.64% 1/18/2028 ^{1,7}	149	150
GLS Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-4A, Class A3, 4.75% 7/17/2028 ^{1,7}	111	111
GLS Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-1, Class E, 7.94% 10/15/2030 ^{1,7}	915	933
GLS Auto Select Receivables Trust, Series 2024-4A, Class A2, 4.43% 12/17/2029 ^{1,7}	3,278	3,260
GM Financial Automobile Leasing Trust, Series 2024-2, Class A3, 5.39% 7/20/2027 ⁷	261	264
GM Financial Revolving Receivables Trust, Series 2023-1, Class A, 5.12% 4/11/2035 ^{1,7}	25,200	25,549
GM Financial Revolving Receivables Trust, Series 2022-1, Class A, 5.91% 10/11/2035 ^{1,7}	16,218	16,798
Greatamerica Leasing Receivables Funding, LLC, Series 2024-2, Class A2, 5.28% 3/15/2027 ^{1,7}	739	744
Greatamerica Leasing Receivables Funding, LLC, Series 2023-1, Class A3, 5.15% 7/15/2027 ^{1,7}	556	560
Greatamerica Leasing Receivables Funding, LLC, Series 2024-2, Class A3, 5.00% 9/15/2028 ^{1,7}	801	808
Hertz Vehicle Financing III, LLC, Series 2021-A, Class B, 9.44% 6/25/2025 ^{1,3,7}	1,780	1,780
Hertz Vehicle Financing III, LLC, Series 2022-1A, Class C, 2.63% 6/25/2026 ^{1,7}	1,164	1,145
Hertz Vehicle Financing III, LLC, Series 2022-2A, Class C, 2.95% 6/26/2028 ^{1,7}	2,012	1,860
Hertz Vehicle Financing, LLC, Series 2021-1A, Class A, 1.21% 12/26/2025 ^{1,7}	4,335	4,317
Hertz Vehicle Financing, LLC, Series 2021-1A, Class B, 1.56% 12/26/2025 ^{1,7}	1,626	1,618

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

Asset-backed obligations (continued)

Principal amount
(000)

Value
(000)

Hertz Vehicle Financing, LLC, Series 2021-1A, Class C, 2.05% 12/26/2025 ^{1,7}	USD 260	\$ 258
Hertz Vehicle Financing, LLC, Series 2021-2A, Class A, 1.68% 12/27/2027 ^{1,7}	14,098	13,215
Hertz Vehicle Financing, LLC, Series 2021-2A, Class B, 2.12% 12/27/2027 ^{1,7}	5,267	4,915
Hertz Vehicle Financing, LLC, Series 2021-2A, Class C, 2.52% 12/27/2027 ^{1,7}	826	766
Hertz Vehicle Financing, LLC, Series 2024-1A, Class D, 9.22% 1/25/2029 ^{1,7}	262	263
Hertz Vehicle Financing, LLC, Series 2024-2A, Class D, 9.41% 1/27/2031 ^{1,7}	250	251
Horizon Aircraft Finance, Series 2024-1, Class A, 5.375% 9/15/2049 ^{1,7}	4,009	3,912
HPEFS Equipment Trust, Series 2024-2, Class A3, 5.36% 10/20/2031 ^{1,7}	273	276
ICG US CLO, Ltd., Series 2014-3A, Class A1RR, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.292%) 5.917% 4/25/2031 ^{1,7,8}	761	762
Juniper Valley Park CLO, Ltd., Series 2023-1, Class AR, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.25%) 5.867% 7/20/2036 ^{1,7,8}	750	751
KKR Financial CLO, Ltd., Series 9, Class AR2, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.212%) 5.868% 7/15/2030 ^{1,7,8}	295	295
Kubota Credit Owner Trust, Series 2024-2, Class A2, 5.45% 4/15/2027 ^{1,7}	6,206	6,254
LAD Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-2, Class A3, 5.61% 8/15/2028 ^{1,7}	132	133
LAD Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-3A, Class A3, 4.52% 3/15/2029 ^{1,7}	119	119
Mercedes-Benz Auto Lease Trust, Series 2024-A, Class A3, 5.32% 1/18/2028 ⁷	477	484
Mercury Financial Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2024-2A, Class A, 6.56% 7/20/2029 ^{1,7}	410	414
Mission Lane Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2023-A, Class A, 7.23% 7/17/2028 ^{1,7}	5,560	5,604
Mission Lane Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2024-A, Class A1, 6.20% 8/15/2029 ^{1,7}	156	157
Navient Student Loan Trust, Series 2021-A, Class A, 0.84% 5/15/2069 ^{1,7}	1,566	1,409
Navient Student Loan Trust, Series 2021-C, Class A, 1.06% 10/15/2069 ^{1,7}	11,638	10,413
Navigator Aircraft ABS, Ltd., Series 2021-1, Class A, 2.771% 11/15/2046 ^{1,7}	1,087	993
Navigator Aircraft ABS, Ltd., Series 2021-1, Class B, 3.571% 11/15/2046 ^{1,7}	742	677
Nelnet Student Loan Trust, Series 2021-A, Class APT1, 1.36% 4/20/2062 ^{1,7}	12,092	11,112
Nelnet Student Loan Trust, Series 2021-B, Class AFX, 1.42% 4/20/2062 ^{1,7}	28,225	26,118
Nelnet Student Loan Trust, Series 2021-CA, Class C, 3.36% 4/20/2062 ^{1,7}	1,328	1,100
Nelnet Student Loan Trust, Series 2021-CA, Class D, 4.44% 4/20/2062 ^{1,7}	1,889	1,543
Nelnet Student Loan Trust, Series 2021-C, Class AFL, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 0.854%) 5.614% 4/20/2062 ^{1,7,8}	14,324	14,224
New Economy Assets Phase 1 Issuer, LLC, Series 2021-1, Class A1, 1.91% 10/20/2061 ^{1,7}	93,915	85,913
NMEF Funding, LLC, Series 2024-A, Class A2, 5.15% 12/15/2031 ^{1,7}	1,749	1,752
OnDeck Asset Securitization Trust, LLC, Series 2024-2A, Class A, 4.98% 10/17/2031 ^{1,7}	801	789
OnDeck Asset Securitization Trust, LLC, Series 2024-2A, Class B, 5.42% 10/17/2031 ^{1,7}	145	143
OnDeck Asset Securitization Trust, LLC, Series 2024-2A, Class C, 7.03% 10/17/2031 ^{1,7}	100	99
OnDeck Asset Securitization Trust, LLC, Series 2024-1, Class A, 6.27% 6/17/2031 ^{1,7}	4,284	4,335
Oportun Funding, LLC, Series 2021-B, Class A, 1.47% 5/8/2031 ^{1,7}	4,095	3,970
Option One Mortgage Loan Trust, Series 2007-FXD2, Class IIA6, 5.68% 3/25/2037 ⁷	504	440
Palmer Square Loan Funding Ltd, Series 2024-2A, Class A1N, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.00%) 5.571% 1/15/2033 ^{1,7,8}	754	755
PEAC Solutions Receivables, LLC, Series 2024-1A, Class A2, 5.79% 6/21/2027 ^{1,7}	346	349
PEAC Solutions Receivables, LLC, Series 2024-2A, Class A3, 4.65% 10/20/2031 ^{1,7}	78	77
PFS Financing Corp., Series 2023-B, Class A, 5.27% 5/15/2028 ^{1,7}	15,258	15,380
PK ALIFT Loan Funding 3, LP, Series 2024-1, Class A1, 5.842% 9/15/2039 ^{1,7}	697	704
PK ALIFT Loan Funding 3, LP, Series 2024-1, Class AF, (1-month USD CME Term SOFR + 0%) 6.797% 9/15/2039 ^{1,7,8}	292	293
PK ALIFT Loan Funding, Series 2024-2, Class A, 5.052% 10/15/2039 ^{1,7}	1,068	1,051
Porsche Innovative Lease Owner Trust, Series 2024-1, Class A2A, 4.84% 1/20/2027 ^{1,7}	1,784	1,787
Reach Financial, LLC, Series 2024-2, Class A, 5.88% 7/15/2031 ^{1,7}	122	123
Santander Drive Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2022-5, Class B, 4.43% 3/15/2027 ⁷	344	344
Santander Drive Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-3, Class A2, 5.91% 6/15/2027 ⁷	985	989
Santander Drive Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-4, Class A2, 5.41% 7/15/2027 ⁷	13,113	13,154
Santander Drive Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2022-7, Class B, 5.95% 1/17/2028 ⁷	137	138
Santander Drive Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2023-1, Class B, 4.98% 2/15/2028 ⁷	3,000	3,001
Santander Drive Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2023-4, Class A3, 5.73% 4/17/2028 ⁷	3,000	3,020
Santander Drive Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2022-5, Class C, 4.74% 10/15/2028 ⁷	484	484
Santander Drive Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2024-5, Class A3, 4.62% 11/15/2028 ⁷	232	232
Santander Drive Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2022-3, Class C, 4.49% 8/15/2029 ⁷	1,000	996
Santander Drive Auto Receivables Trust, Series 2022-7, Class C, 6.69% 3/17/2031 ⁷	249	256
SCF Equipment Leasing, LLC, Series 2024-1A, Class A2, 5.88% 11/20/2029 ^{1,7}	236	238
SFS Auto Receivables Securitization Trust, Series 2023-1, Class A2A, 5.89% 3/22/2027 ^{1,7}	1,998	2,003
SMB Private Education Loan Trust, Series 2021-A, Class APT2, 1.07% 1/15/2053 ^{1,7}	3,674	3,259
SOLRR Aircraft Aviation Holding, Ltd., Series 2021-1, Class A, 2.636% 10/15/2046 ^{1,7}	597	544

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)

	Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Asset-backed obligations (continued)		
Sound Point CLO, Ltd., Series 2014-1R, Class A, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.412%) 6.044% 7/18/2031 ^{1,7,8}	USD 755	\$ 756
Stonepeak Infrastructure Partners, Series 2021-1A, Class B, 3.821% 2/28/2033 ^{1,7}	660	610
Subway Funding, LLC, Series 2024-3, Class A2I, 5.246% 7/30/2054 ^{1,7}	1,274	1,254
Subway Funding, LLC, Series 2024-3A, Class A2II, 5.566% 7/30/2054 ^{1,7}	1,504	1,474
Subway Funding, LLC, Series 2024-3, Class A23, 5.914% 7/30/2054 ^{1,7}	1,560	1,529
SuttonPark Structured Settlements, Series 2021-1, Class A, 1.95% 9/15/2075 ^{1,7}	1,118	1,071
Sycamore Tree CLO, Ltd., Series 2024-5, Class A1, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.42%) 6.037% 4/20/2036 ^{1,7,8}	3,000	3,001
Textainer Marine Containers, Ltd., Series 2020-2A, Class A, 2.10% 9/20/2045 ^{1,7}	246	228
Textainer Marine Containers, Ltd., Series 2020-2A, Class B, 3.34% 9/20/2045 ^{1,7}	720	675
Toyota Auto Loan Extended Note Trust, Series 2020-1, Class A, 1.35% 5/25/2033 ^{1,7}	5,335	5,233
Toyota Auto Loan Extended Note Trust, Series 2021-1, Class A, 1.07% 2/27/2034 ^{1,7,8}	19,538	18,648
Toyota Auto Loan Extended Note Trust, Series 2023-1, Class A, 4.93% 6/25/2036 ^{1,7}	24,543	24,810
Trinitas CLO, Ltd., Series 2018-9A, Class ARRR, (3-month USD CME Term SOFR + 1.20%) 5.817% 1/20/2032 ^{1,7,8}	544	545
Triton Container Finance VIII, LLC, Series 2020-1, Class A, 2.11% 9/20/2045 ^{1,7}	1,306	1,189
Triton Container Finance VIII, LLC, Series 2020-1, Class B, 3.74% 9/20/2045 ^{1,7}	522	488
United Auto Credit Securitization Trust, Series 2024-1, Class A, 6.17% 8/10/2026 ^{1,7}	139	140
Verdant Receivables, LLC, Series 2024-1, Class A2, 5.68% 12/12/2031 ^{1,7}	165	167
Verizon Master Trust, Series 2022-7, Class A1A, 5.23% 11/22/2027 (5.98% on 11/20/2024) ^{7,11}	4,849	4,849
Volvo Financial Equipment, LLC, Series 2024-1A, Class A2, 4.56% 5/17/2027 ^{1,7}	1,072	1,070
Westlake Automobile Receivables Trust, Series 2024-3A, Class A2A, 4.82% 8/15/2027 ^{1,7}	23,333	23,324
Westlake Automobile Receivables Trust, Series 2022-2A, Class C, 4.85% 9/15/2027 ^{1,7}	3,250	3,246
Westlake Automobile Receivables Trust, Series 2024-3A, Class A3, 4.71% 4/17/2028 ^{1,7}	4,547	4,539
Wheels Fleet Lease Funding, LLC, Series 2024-3A, Class A1, 4.80% 9/18/2039 ^{1,7}	1,030	1,030
Wheels Fleet Lease Funding, LLC, Series 24-2A, Class A1, 4.87% 6/21/2039 ^{1,7}	401	402
Wingspire Equipment Finance, LLC, Series 2024-1A, Class A2, 4.99% 9/20/2032 ^{1,7}	582	583
World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2024-A, Class A, 5.47% 2/17/2031 ⁷	539	548
World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust, Series 2024-B, Class A, 4.62% 5/15/2031 ⁷	658	656
Total asset-backed obligations		802,531

Bonds & notes of governments & government agencies outside the U.S. 0.10%

British Columbia (Province of) 4.20% 7/6/2033	42,426	41,234
Colombia (Republic of) 8.00% 4/20/2033	2,500	2,573
Colombia (Republic of) 7.50% 2/2/2034	1,290	1,280
Colombia (Republic of) 8.00% 11/14/2035	1,485	1,505
Colombia (Republic of) 7.75% 11/7/2036	320	315
Colombia (Republic of) 8.375% 11/7/2054	360	351
MIC Capital Management (RSC) Seven, Ltd. 5.084% 5/22/2053 ¹	215	203
New South Wales Treasury Corp. 4.25% 2/20/2036	AUD1,500	896
Panama (Republic of) 3.16% 1/23/2030	USD 900	778
Panama (Republic of) 6.875% 1/31/2036	2,690	2,656
Panama (Republic of) 6.853% 3/28/2054	650	601
Panama (Republic of) 4.50% 4/1/2056	3,585	2,308
Panama (Republic of) 4.50% 1/19/2063	690	438
Peru (Republic of) 2.783% 1/23/2031	12,640	10,988
Peru (Republic of) 5.875% 8/8/2054	640	634
Qatar (State of) 4.50% 4/23/2028 ¹	7,070	7,115
Qatar (State of) 5.103% 4/23/2048 ¹	4,800	4,747
Romania 3.50% 4/3/2034	EUR1,770	1,657
Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of) 3.628% 4/20/2027 ¹	USD5,000	4,892
Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of) 3.625% 3/4/2028 ¹	11,435	11,065
United Mexican States 6.00% 5/7/2036	1,820	1,770
United Mexican States 5.00% 4/27/2051	2,370	1,873
United Mexican States 6.338% 5/4/2053	3,995	3,722
United Mexican States 6.40% 5/7/2054	1,000	940
United Mexican States 3.75% 4/19/2071	2,550	1,487
Total bonds & notes of governments & government agencies outside the U.S.		106,028

Bonds, notes & other debt instruments (continued)		Principal amount (000)	Value (000)
Municipals 0.04%			
California 0.00%	Golden State Tobacco Securitization Corp., Enhanced Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2021-B, 2.746% 6/1/2034	USD 1,580	\$ 1,351 1,351
Illinois 0.02%	G.O. Bonds, Pension Funding, Series 2003, 5.10% 6/1/2033	21,162	21,161 21,161
Massachusetts 0.01%	Educational Fncg. Auth., Education Loan Rev. Bonds, Series 2024-A, 6.352% 7/1/2049	7,100	7,326 7,326
Ohio 0.00%	Cleveland-Cuyahoga Port Auth., Federal Lease Rev. Bonds (VA Cleveland Health Care Center Project), Series 2021, 4.425% 5/1/2031	4,740	4,232 4,232
Texas 0.01%	Grand Parkway Transportation Corp., Grand Parkway System Toll Rev. Ref. Bonds, Series 2020-B, 3.236% 10/1/2052	8,155	5,967 5,967
Total municipals			40,037
Federal agency bonds & notes 0.03%			
	Bank Gospodarstwa Krajowego 6.25% 7/9/2054 ¹	1,560	1,594
	Fannie Mae 2.125% 4/24/2026 ⁹	37,230	36,149
	Korea Gas Corp. 5.00% 7/8/2029 ¹	289	293
Total federal agency bonds & notes			38,036
Preferred securities 0.00%			
	Wells Fargo & Co. 6.85% 12/31/2079 (5-year UST Yield Curve Rate T Note Constant Maturity + 2.767% on 9/15/2029) ¹¹	3,000	3,100 3,100
Total preferred securities			3,100
Total bonds, notes & other debt instruments (cost: \$17,327,874,000)			16,859,140
Investment funds 2.37%			
	Capital Group Central Corporate Bond Fund ⁶	304,461,356	2,560,520 2,560,520
Total Investment funds (cost: \$3,026,074,000)			2,560,520
Short-term securities 3.69%			
Money market investments 3.69%			
	Capital Group Central Cash Fund 4.87% ^{6,17}	39,875,980	3,987,598 3,987,598
Money market investments purchased with collateral from securities on loan 0.00%			
	Capital Group Central Cash Fund 4.87% ^{6,17,18}	7,833	783
	Invesco Short-Term Investments Trust – Government & Agency Portfolio, Institutional Class 4.77% ^{17,18}	571,615	572
	BlackRock Liquidity Funds – FedFund, Institutional Shares 4.76% ^{17,18}	100,000	100
	Dreyfus Treasury Obligations Cash Management, Institutional Shares 4.72% ^{17,18}	100,000	100
	Fidelity Investments Money Market Government Portfolio, Class I 4.70% ^{17,18}	100,000	100
	Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund, Institutional Shares 4.70% ^{17,18}	100,000	100

Short-term securities (continued)

	Shares	Value (000)
Money market investments purchased with collateral from securities on loan (continued)		
Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds – Government Portfolio, Institutional Class 4.78% ^{17,18}	100,000	\$ 100
RBC Funds Trust – U.S. Government Money Market Fund, RBC Institutional Class 1 4.77% ^{17,18}	100,000	100
State Street Institutional U.S. Government Money Market Fund, Premier Class 4.82% ^{17,18}	76,621	77
		<u>2,032</u>
Total short-term securities (cost: \$3,989,983,000)		<u>3,989,630</u>
Total investment securities 100.10% (cost: \$83,476,596,000)		108,288,607
Other assets less liabilities (0.10)%		(112,132)
Net assets 100.00%		<u>\$ 108,176,475</u>

Futures contracts

Contracts	Type	Number of contracts	Expiration date	Notional amount (000)	Value and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 10/31/2024 (000)
3 Month SOFR Futures	Long	2,208	3/19/2025	USD527,822	\$ 1,263
3 Month SOFR Futures	Long	5,863	9/17/2025	1,409,392	11,341
2 Year U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Long	26,281	1/6/2025	5,412,449	(41,906)
5 Year U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Long	39,959	12/31/2024	4,284,979	(97,229)
10 Year Australian Treasury Bond Futures	Short	14	12/16/2024	(1,030)	47
10 Year U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Long	3,517	12/31/2024	388,519	(7,073)
10 Year Ultra U.S. Treasury Note Futures	Short	2,842	12/31/2024	(323,278)	12,883
20 Year U.S. Treasury Bond Futures	Long	727	12/31/2024	85,763	(4,830)
30 Year Ultra U.S. Treasury Bond Futures	Long	3,071	12/31/2024	385,794	(26,150)
					<u>\$ (151,654)</u>

Forward currency contracts

Contract amount		Counterparty	Settlement date	Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 10/31/2024 (000)
Currency purchased (000)	Currency sold (000)			
USD 1,081	EUR 975	JPMorgan Chase	11/7/2024	\$ 20
EUR 975	USD 1,059	Morgan Stanley	11/7/2024	2
USD 937	AUD 1,360	Bank of America	11/8/2024	42
USD 28,651	EUR 25,941	Barclays Bank PLC	11/14/2024	417
USD 6,232	EUR 5,670	Citibank	11/21/2024	59
USD 228	EUR 207	Goldman Sachs	11/22/2024	2
USD 123	EUR 114	BNP Paribas	11/22/2024	(1)
USD 1,133	EUR 1,042	Bank of New York Mellon	11/22/2024	(2)
USD 362	EUR 335	HSBC Bank	11/26/2024	(2)
USD 1,273	EUR 1,177	HSBC Bank	11/26/2024	(9)
USD 1,060	EUR 975	Morgan Stanley	12/9/2024	(2)
				<u>\$ 526</u>

Swap contracts

Interest rate swaps

Centrally cleared interest rate swaps

Receive		Pay		Expiration date	Notional amount (000)	Value at 10/31/2024 (000)	Upfront premium paid (received) (000)	Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 10/31/2024 (000)
Rate	Payment frequency	Rate	Payment frequency				(000)	(000)
SOFR	Annual	3.41%	Annual	12/20/2029	USD634,000	\$ 11,157	\$—	\$ 11,157
SOFR	Annual	3.045%	Annual	7/27/2050	65,600	7,262	—	7,262
						<u>\$ 18,419</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$ 18,419</u>

Credit default swaps

Centrally cleared credit default swaps on credit indices — buy protection

Reference index	Financing rate paid	Payment frequency	Expiration date	Notional amount (000)	Value at 10/31/2024 (000)	Upfront premium paid (received) (000)	Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) at 10/31/2024 (000)
CDX.NA.IG.43	1.00%	Quarterly	12/20/2029	USD67,477	\$ (1,435)	\$ (1,522)	\$ 87
CDX.NA.HY.43	5.00%	Quarterly	12/20/2029	20,000	(1,377)	(1,415)	38
CDX.EM.42	1.00%	Quarterly	12/20/2029	20,000	604	600	4
					<u>\$ (2,208)</u>	<u>\$ (2,337)</u>	<u>\$ 129</u>

Investments in affiliates⁶

	Value at 11/1/2023 (000)	Additions (000)	Reductions (000)	Net realized gain (loss) (000)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) (000)	Value at 10/31/2024 (000)	Dividend or interest income (000)
Common stocks 1.71%							
Financials 0.00%							
360 ONE WAM, Ltd. ¹⁹	\$ 119,387	\$ —	\$ 26,063	\$ 9,224	\$ 103,041	\$ —	\$ 3,072
Industrials 0.14%							
Trinity Industries, Inc.	160,641	—	95,918	30,586	58,736	154,045	7,328
Real estate 1.57%							
VICI Properties, Inc. REIT	1,250,650	315,685	41,844	(1,527)	176,173	1,699,137	82,202
POWERGRID Infrastructure Investment Trust REIT ¹⁹	69,780	—	37,157	(9,890)	5,634	—	7,203
						<u>1,699,137</u>	
Total common stocks						<u>1,853,182</u>	
Investment funds 2.37%							
Capital Group Central Corporate Bond Fund	2,265,745	111,326	13,332	338	196,443	2,560,520	111,327
Short-term securities 3.69%							
Money market investments 3.69%							
Capital Group Central Cash Fund 4.87% ¹⁷	5,118,998	13,578,056	14,709,349	1,150	(1,257)	3,987,598	233,909
Money market investments purchased with collateral from securities on loan 0.00%							
Capital Group Central Cash Fund 4.87% ^{17,18}	1,676		893 ²⁰			783	— ²¹
Total short-term securities						<u>3,988,381</u>	
Total 7.77%				<u>\$ 29,881</u>	<u>\$ 538,770</u>	<u>\$ 8,402,083</u>	<u>\$ 445,041</u>

Restricted securities¹⁵

	Acquisition date(s)	Cost (000)	Value (000)	Percent of net assets
Modec Finance BV 7.84% 7/15/2026 ³	7/28/2023	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,011	.00% ²²
NBM US Holdings, Inc. 6.625% 8/6/2029	4/1/2020-4/3/2020	1,571	1,680	.00 ²²
Stillwater Mining Co. 4.00% 11/16/2026	2/9/2024-6/24/2024	835	851	.00 ²²
Sasol Financing USA, LLC 8.75% 5/3/2029	4/9/2024-4/15/2024	766	772	.00 ²²
Total		\$ 5,172	\$ 5,314	.00%²²

¹Acquired in a transaction exempt from registration under Rule 144A or, for commercial paper, Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933. May be resold in the U.S. in transactions exempt from registration, normally to qualified institutional buyers. The total value of all such securities was \$2,547,144,000, which represented 2.35% of the net assets of the fund.

²All or a portion of this security was on loan. The total value of all such securities was \$30,509,000, which represented .03% of the net assets of the fund. Refer to Note 5 for more information on securities lending.

³Value determined using significant unobservable inputs.

⁴Amount less than one thousand.

⁵Security did not produce income during the last 12 months.

⁶Affiliate of the fund or part of the same "group of investment companies" as the fund, as defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

⁷Principal payments may be made periodically. Therefore, the effective maturity date may be earlier than the stated maturity date.

⁸Coupon rate may change periodically. Reference rate and spread are as of the most recent information available. Some coupon rates are determined by the issuer or agent based on current market conditions; therefore, the reference rate and spread are not available.

⁹All or a portion of this security was pledged as collateral. The total value of pledged collateral was \$145,237,000, which represented .13% of the net assets of the fund.

¹⁰Purchased on a TBA basis.

¹¹Step bond; coupon rate may change at a later date.

¹²Loan participations and assignments; may be subject to legal or contractual restrictions on resale. The total value of all such loans was \$44,304,000, which represented .04% of the net assets of the fund.

¹³Scheduled interest and/or principal payment was not received.

¹⁴Payment in kind; the issuer has the option of paying additional securities in lieu of cash. Payment methods and rates are as of the most recent payment when available.

¹⁵Restricted security, other than Rule 144A securities or commercial paper issued pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933. The total value of all such restricted securities was \$5,314,000, which represented less than .01% of the net assets of the fund.

¹⁶Securities referencing LIBOR are expected to transition to an alternative reference rate by the security's next scheduled coupon reset date.

¹⁷Rate represents the seven-day yield at 10/31/2024.

¹⁸Security purchased with cash collateral from securities on loan. Refer to Note 5 for more information on securities lending.

¹⁹Affiliated issuer during the reporting period but no longer an affiliate at 10/31/2024. Refer to the investment portfolio for the security value at 10/31/2024.

²⁰Represents net activity. Refer to Note 5 for more information on securities lending.

²¹Dividend income is included with securities lending income in the fund's statement of operations and is not shown in this table.

²²Amount less than .01%.

Key to abbreviation(s)

ADR = American Depositary Receipts

Assn. = Association

AUD = Australian dollars

Auth. = Authority

CAD = Canadian dollars

CLO = Collateralized Loan Obligations

CME = CME Group

DAC = Designated Activity Company

EUR = Euros

EURIBOR = Euro Interbank Offered Rate

Fncg. = Financing

G.O. = General Obligation

GBP = British pounds

GDR = Global Depositary Receipts

ICE = Intercontinental Exchange, Inc.

LIBOR = London Interbank Offered Rate

MXN = Mexican pesos

Ref. = Refunding

REIT = Real Estate Investment Trust

Rev. = Revenue

RSC = Restricted Scope Company

SOFR = Secured Overnight Financing Rate

TBA = To be announced

USD = U.S. dollars

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

Financial statements

Statement of assets and liabilities at October 31, 2024

(dollars in thousands)

Assets:

Investment securities, at value (includes \$30,509 of investment securities on loan):		
Unaffiliated issuers (cost: \$75,043,127)	\$ 99,886,524	
Affiliated issuers (cost: \$8,433,469)	<u>8,402,083</u>	\$ 108,288,607
Cash		1,336
Cash denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars (cost: \$15,060)		15,060
Unrealized appreciation on open forward currency contracts		542
Receivables for:		
Sales of investments	632,228	
Sales of fund's shares	35,428	
Dividends and interest	434,532	
Securities lending income	196	
Variation margin on futures contracts	730	
Variation margin on centrally cleared swap contracts	1,040	
Other	<u>1,030</u>	<u>1,105,184</u>
		109,410,729

Liabilities:

Collateral for securities on loan		2,032
Unrealized depreciation on open forward currency contracts		16
Payables for:		
Purchases of investments	1,060,089	
Repurchases of fund's shares	52,627	
Investment advisory services	17,769	
Services provided by related parties	18,747	
Trustees' deferred compensation	3,467	
Variation margin on futures contracts	8,124	
Variation margin on centrally cleared swap contracts	148	
Non-U.S. taxes	70,489	
Other	<u>746</u>	<u>1,232,206</u>
Commitments and contingencies*		

Net assets at October 31, 2024

\$ 108,176,475

Net assets consist of:

Capital paid in on shares of beneficial interest	\$ 80,447,408
Total distributable earnings (accumulated loss)	<u>27,729,067</u>

Net assets at October 31, 2024

\$ 108,176,475

* Refer to Note 5 for further information on unfunded commitments and expense reimbursements.

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

Financial statements (continued)

Statement of assets and liabilities at October 31, 2024 (continued)

(dollars and shares in thousands, except per-share amounts)

Shares of beneficial interest issued and outstanding (no stated par value) — unlimited shares authorized (1,494,035 total shares outstanding)

	Net assets	Shares outstanding	Net asset value per share
Class A	\$ 63,194,659	872,660	\$ 72.42
Class C	964,112	13,274	72.63
Class T	12	—*	72.39
Class F-1	2,068,265	28,560	72.42
Class F-2	13,745,923	190,000	72.35
Class F-3	6,152,828	84,992	72.39
Class 529-A	2,282,791	31,536	72.39
Class 529-C	57,807	796	72.62
Class 529-E	60,666	838	72.42
Class 529-T	16	—*	72.40
Class 529-F-1	14	—*	72.37
Class 529-F-2	199,969	2,761	72.43
Class 529-F-3	15	—*	72.40
Class R-1	54,855	756	72.50
Class R-2	346,581	4,784	72.44
Class R-2E	37,956	527	72.06
Class R-3	629,405	8,689	72.43
Class R-4	442,359	6,110	72.40
Class R-5E	105,464	1,459	72.29
Class R-5	268,126	3,701	72.44
Class R-6	17,564,652	242,592	72.40

* Amount less than one thousand.

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

Financial statements (continued)

Statement of operations for the year ended October 31, 2024

(dollars in thousands)

Investment income:

Income:

Dividends (net of non-U.S. taxes of \$85,217;
also includes \$445,041 from affiliates)

\$ 3,333,402

Interest from unaffiliated issuers (net of non-U.S. taxes of \$(6))

771,806

Securities lending income (net of fees)

3,621

\$ 4,108,829

Fees and expenses*:

Investment advisory services

240,969

Distribution services

181,323

Transfer agent services

69,372

Administrative services

31,319

529 plan services

1,430

Reports to shareholders

2,303

Registration statement and prospectus

817

Trustees' compensation

1,372

Auditing and legal

351

Custodian

4,405

Other

212

533,873

Net investment income

3,574,956

Net realized gain (loss) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation):

Net realized gain (loss) on:

Investments (net of non-U.S. taxes of \$35,281):

Unaffiliated issuers

2,736,026

Affiliated issuers

29,881

Futures contracts

82,749

Forward currency contracts

(199)

Swap contracts

(15,127)

Currency transactions

(1,647)

2,831,683

Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on:

Investments (net of non-U.S. taxes of \$64,508):

Unaffiliated issuers

15,361,958

Affiliated issuers

538,770

Futures contracts

(32,726)

Forward currency contracts

526

Swap contracts

(4,958)

Currency translations

(228)

15,863,342

Net realized gain (loss) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation)

18,695,025

Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations

\$ 22,269,981

* Additional information related to class-specific fees and expenses is included in the notes to financial statements.

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

Financial statements (continued)

Statements of changes in net assets

	(dollars in thousands)	
	Year ended October 31,	
	2024	2023
Operations:		
Net investment income	\$ 3,574,956	\$ 3,460,032
Net realized gain (loss)	2,831,683	1,019,355
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	<u>15,863,342</u>	<u>(1,006,410)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	22,269,981	3,472,977
Distributions paid to shareholders	(3,674,418)	(3,563,235)
Net capital share transactions	<u>(4,838,212)</u>	<u>(2,004,053)</u>
Total increase (decrease) in net assets	13,757,351	(2,094,311)
Net assets:		
Beginning of year	94,419,124	96,513,435
End of year	<u>\$ 108,176,475</u>	<u>\$ 94,419,124</u>

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

Notes to financial statements

1. Organization

Capital Income Builder (the “fund”) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), as an open-end, diversified management investment company. The fund seeks to provide a level of current income that exceeds the average yield on U.S. stocks generally and a growing stream of income over the years. Growth of capital is a secondary objective.

The fund has 21 share classes consisting of six retail share classes (Classes A, C, T, F-1, F-2 and F-3), seven 529 college savings plan share classes (Classes 529-A, 529-C, 529-E, 529-T, 529-F-1, 529-F-2 and 529-F-3) and eight retirement plan share classes (Classes R-1, R-2, R-2E, R-3, R-4, R-5E, R-5 and R-6). The 529 college savings plan share classes can be used to save for college education. The retirement plan share classes are generally offered only through eligible employer-sponsored retirement plans. The fund’s share classes are described further in the following table:

Share class	Initial sales charge	Contingent deferred sales charge upon redemption	Conversion feature
Classes A and 529-A	Up to 5.75% for Class A; up to 3.50% for Class 529-A	None (except 1.00% for certain redemptions within 18 months of purchase without an initial sales charge)	None
Classes C and 529-C	None	1.00% for redemptions within one year of purchase	Class C converts to Class A after eight years and Class 529-C converts to Class 529-A after five years
Class 529-E	None	None	None
Classes T and 529-T*	Up to 2.50%	None	None
Classes F-1, F-2, F-3, 529-F-1, 529-F-2 and 529-F-3	None	None	None
Classes R-1, R-2, R-2E, R-3, R-4, R-5E, R-5 and R-6	None	None	None

*Class T and 529-T shares are not available for purchase.

Holders of all share classes have equal pro rata rights to the assets, dividends and liquidation proceeds of the fund. Each share class has identical voting rights, except for the exclusive right to vote on matters affecting only its class. Share classes have different fees and expenses (“class-specific fees and expenses”), primarily due to different arrangements for distribution, transfer agent and administrative services. Differences in class-specific fees and expenses will result in differences in net investment income and, therefore, the payment of different per-share dividends by each share class.

2. Significant accounting policies

The fund is an investment company that applies the accounting and reporting guidance issued in Topic 946 by the U.S. Financial Accounting Standards Board. The fund’s financial statements have been prepared to comply with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”). These principles require the fund’s investment adviser to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Subsequent events, if any, have been evaluated through the date of issuance in the preparation of the financial statements. The fund follows the significant accounting policies described in this section, as well as the valuation policies described in the next section on valuation.

Security transactions and related investment income — Security transactions are recorded by the fund as of the date the trades are executed with brokers. Realized gains and losses from security transactions are determined based on the specific identified cost of the securities. In the event a security is purchased with a delayed payment date, the fund will segregate liquid assets sufficient to meet its payment obligations. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date and interest income is recognized on an accrual basis. Market discounts, premiums and original issue discounts on fixed-income securities are amortized daily over the expected life of the security.

Class allocations — Income, fees and expenses (other than class-specific fees and expenses), realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation and depreciation are allocated daily among the various share classes based on their relative net assets. Class-specific fees and expenses, such as distribution, transfer agent and administrative services, are charged directly to the respective share class.

Distributions paid to shareholders — Income dividends and capital gain distributions are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Currency translation — Assets and liabilities, including investment securities, denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rates supplied by one or more pricing vendors on the valuation date. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expenses are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rates on the dates of such transactions. The effects of changes in exchange rates on investment securities are included with the net realized gain or loss and net unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments in the fund's statement of operations. The realized gain or loss and unrealized appreciation or depreciation resulting from all other transactions denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars are disclosed separately.

3. Valuation

Capital Research and Management Company ("CRMC"), the fund's investment adviser, values the fund's investments at fair value as defined by U.S. GAAP. The net asset value per share is calculated once daily as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange, normally 4 p.m. New York time, each day the New York Stock Exchange is open.

Methods and inputs — The fund's investment adviser uses the following methods and inputs to establish the fair value of the fund's assets and liabilities. Use of particular methods and inputs may vary over time based on availability and relevance as market and economic conditions evolve.

Equity securities, including depositary receipts, are generally valued at the official closing price of, or the last reported sale price on, the exchange or market on which such securities are traded, as of the close of business on the day the securities are being valued or, lacking any sales, at the last available bid price. Prices for each security are taken from the principal exchange or market on which the security trades.

Fixed-income securities, including short-term securities, are generally valued at evaluated prices obtained from third-party pricing vendors. Vendors value such securities based on one or more of the inputs described in the following table. The table provides examples of inputs that are commonly relevant for valuing particular classes of fixed-income securities in which the fund is authorized to invest. However, these classifications are not exclusive, and any of the inputs may be used to value any other class of fixed-income security.

Fixed-income class	Examples of standard inputs
All	Benchmark yields, transactions, bids, offers, quotations from dealers and trading systems, new issues, spreads and other relationships observed in the markets among comparable securities; and proprietary pricing models such as yield measures calculated using factors such as cash flows, financial or collateral performance and other reference data (collectively referred to as "standard inputs")
Corporate bonds, notes & loans; convertible securities	Standard inputs and underlying equity of the issuer
Bonds & notes of governments & government agencies	Standard inputs and interest rate volatilities
Mortgage-backed; asset-backed obligations	Standard inputs and cash flows, prepayment information, default rates, delinquency and loss assumptions, collateral characteristics, credit enhancements and specific deal information
Municipal securities	Standard inputs and, for certain distressed securities, cash flows or liquidation values using a net present value calculation based on inputs that include, but are not limited to, financial statements and debt contracts

Securities with both fixed-income and equity characteristics, or equity securities traded principally among fixed-income dealers, are generally valued in the manner described for either equity or fixed-income securities, depending on which method is deemed most appropriate by the fund's investment adviser. The Capital Group Central Corporate Bond Fund ("CCBF"), a fund within the Capital Group Central Fund Series II, and Capital Group Central Cash Fund ("CCF"), a fund within the Capital Group Central Fund Series (collectively the "Central Funds"), are each valued based upon a floating net asset value, which fluctuates with changes in the value of each fund's portfolio securities. The underlying securities are valued based on the policies and procedures in the Central Funds' statements of additional information. Exchange-traded futures are generally valued at the official settlement price of the exchange or market on which such instruments are traded, as of the close of business on the day the futures are being valued. Forward currency contracts are valued based on the spot and forward exchange rates obtained from a third-party pricing vendor. Swaps are generally valued using evaluated prices obtained from third-party pricing vendors who calculate these values based on market inputs that may include the yields of the indices referenced in the instrument and the relevant curve, dealer quotes, default probabilities and recovery rates, and terms of the contract.

Securities and other assets for which representative market quotations are not readily available or are considered unreliable by the fund's investment adviser are fair valued as determined in good faith under fair valuation guidelines adopted by the fund's investment adviser and approved by the board of trustees as further described. The investment adviser follows fair valuation guidelines, consistent with U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission rules and guidance, to consider relevant principles and factors when making fair value determinations. The investment adviser considers relevant indications of value that are reasonably and timely available to it in determining the fair value to be assigned to a particular security, such as the type and cost of the security, restrictions on resale of the security, relevant financial or business developments of the issuer, actively traded similar or related securities, dealer or broker quotes, conversion or exchange rights on the security, related corporate actions, significant events occurring after the close of trading in the security, and changes in overall market conditions. In addition, the closing prices of equity securities that trade in markets outside U.S. time zones may be adjusted to reflect significant events that occur after the close of local trading but before the net asset value of each share class of the fund is determined. Fair valuations of investments that are not actively trading involve judgment and may differ materially from valuations that would have been used had greater market activity occurred.

Processes and structure — The fund's board of trustees has designated the fund's investment adviser to make fair value determinations, subject to board oversight. The investment adviser has established a Joint Fair Valuation Committee (the "Committee") to administer, implement and oversee the fair valuation process and to make fair value decisions. The Committee regularly reviews its own fair value decisions, as well as decisions made under its standing instructions to the investment adviser's valuation team. The Committee reviews changes in fair value measurements from period to period, pricing vendor information and market data, and may, as deemed appropriate, update the fair valuation guidelines to better reflect the results of back testing and address new or evolving issues. Pricing decisions, processes and controls over security valuation are also subject to additional internal reviews facilitated by the investment adviser's global risk management group. The Committee reports changes to the fair valuation guidelines to the board of trustees. The fund's board and audit committee also regularly review reports that describe fair value determinations and methods.

Classifications — The fund's investment adviser classifies the fund's assets and liabilities into three levels based on the inputs used to value the assets or liabilities. Level 1 values are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical securities. Level 2 values are based on significant observable market inputs, such as quoted prices for similar securities and quoted prices in inactive markets. Certain securities trading outside the U.S. may transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 due to valuation adjustments resulting from significant market movements following the close of local trading. Level 3 values are based on significant unobservable inputs that reflect the investment adviser's determination of assumptions that market participants might reasonably use in valuing the securities. The valuation levels are not necessarily an indication of the risk or liquidity associated with the underlying investment. For example, U.S. government securities are reflected as Level 2 because the inputs used to determine fair value may not always be quoted prices in an active market. The tables on the following page present the fund's valuation levels as of October 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

	Investment securities			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Common stocks:				
Financials	\$ 8,908,557	\$ 6,204,769	—*	\$ 15,113,326
Information technology	8,689,673	3,121,610	—	11,811,283
Health care	8,367,328	2,860,870	—*	11,228,198
Industrials	5,458,314	4,670,799	—	10,129,113
Consumer staples	5,781,315	3,299,323	—	9,080,638
Utilities	4,050,157	2,784,588	—	6,834,745
Energy	4,634,115	1,166,039	99	5,800,253
Consumer discretionary	3,222,227	1,570,749	—	4,792,976
Real estate	3,909,223	582,419	—	4,491,642
Communication services	1,406,048	1,486,438	—	2,892,486
Materials	1,698,753	877,404	—	2,576,157
Preferred securities	—	10,530	—	10,530
Convertible stocks	117,970	—	—	117,970
Bonds, notes & other debt instruments:				
Mortgage-backed obligations	—	7,120,503	6,327	7,126,830
U.S. Treasury bonds & notes	—	5,965,310	—	5,965,310
Corporate bonds, notes & loans	—	2,775,257	2,011	2,777,268
Asset-backed obligations	—	800,751	1,780	802,531
Bonds & notes of governments & government agencies outside the U.S.	—	106,028	—	106,028
Municipals	—	40,037	—	40,037
Federal agency bonds & notes	—	38,036	—	38,036
Preferred securities	—	3,100	—	3,100
Investment funds	2,560,520	—	—	2,560,520
Short-term securities	3,989,630	—	—	3,989,630
Total	<u>\$ 62,793,830</u>	<u>\$ 45,484,560</u>	<u>\$ 10,217</u>	<u>\$ 108,288,607</u>

	Other investments [†]			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Unrealized appreciation on futures contracts	\$ 25,534	\$ —	\$—	\$ 25,534
Unrealized appreciation on open forward currency contracts	—	542	—	542
Unrealized appreciation on centrally cleared interest rate swaps	—	18,419	—	18,419
Unrealized appreciation on centrally cleared credit default swaps	—	129	—	129
Liabilities:				
Unrealized depreciation on futures contracts	(177,188)	—	—	(177,188)
Unrealized depreciation on open forward currency contracts	—	(16)	—	(16)
Total	<u>\$ (151,654)</u>	<u>\$ 19,074</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$ (132,580)</u>

*Amount less than one thousand.

[†]Futures contracts, forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and credit default swaps are not included in the fund's investment portfolio.

4. Risk factors

Investing in the fund may involve certain risks including, but not limited to, those described below.

Market conditions — The prices of, and the income generated by, the common stocks, bonds and other securities held by the fund may decline — sometimes rapidly or unpredictably — due to various factors, including events or conditions affecting the general economy or particular industries or companies; overall market changes; local, regional or global political, social or economic instability; governmental, governmental agency or central bank responses to economic conditions; changes in inflation rates; and currency exchange rate, interest rate and commodity price fluctuations. These risks may be heightened in the case of smaller capitalization stocks.

Economies and financial markets throughout the world are highly interconnected. Economic, financial or political events, trading and tariff arrangements, wars, terrorism, cybersecurity events, natural disasters, public health emergencies (such as the spread of infectious disease), bank failures and other circumstances in one country or region, including actions taken by governmental or quasi-governmental authorities in response to any of the foregoing, could have impacts on global economies or markets. As a result, whether or not the fund invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries affected, the value and liquidity of the fund's investments may be negatively affected by developments in other countries and regions.

Issuer risks — The prices of, and the income generated by, securities held by the fund may decline in response to various factors directly related to the issuers of such securities, including reduced demand for an issuer's goods or services, poor management performance, major litigation, investigations or other controversies related to the issuer, changes in the issuer's financial condition or credit rating, changes in government regulations affecting the issuer or its competitive environment and strategic initiatives such as mergers, acquisitions or dispositions and the market response to any such initiatives. An individual security may also be affected by factors relating to the industry or sector of the issuer or the securities markets as a whole, and conversely an industry or sector or the securities markets may be affected by a change in financial condition or other event affecting a single issuer.

Investing in income-oriented stocks — The value of the fund's securities and income provided by the fund may be reduced by changes in the dividend policies of, and the capital resources available for dividend payments at, the companies in which the fund invests.

Investing in debt instruments — The prices of, and the income generated by, bonds and other debt securities held by the fund may be affected by factors such as the interest rates, maturities and credit quality of these securities.

Rising interest rates will generally cause the prices of bonds and other debt securities to fall. Also, when interest rates rise, issuers of debt securities that may be prepaid at any time, such as mortgage- or other asset-backed securities, are less likely to refinance existing debt securities, causing the average life of such securities to extend. A general change in interest rates may cause investors to sell debt securities on a large scale, which could also adversely affect the price and liquidity of debt securities and could also result in increased redemptions from the fund. Falling interest rates may cause an issuer to redeem, call or refinance a debt security before its stated maturity, which may result in the fund having to reinvest the proceeds in lower yielding securities. Longer maturity debt securities generally have greater sensitivity to changes in interest rates and may be subject to greater price fluctuations than shorter maturity debt securities.

Bonds and other debt securities are also subject to credit risk, which is the possibility that the credit strength of an issuer or guarantor will weaken or be perceived to be weaker, and/or an issuer of a debt security will fail to make timely payments of principal or interest and the security will go into default. Changes in actual or perceived creditworthiness may occur quickly. A downgrade or default affecting any of the fund's securities could cause the value of the fund's shares to decrease. Lower quality debt securities generally have higher rates of interest and may be subject to greater price fluctuations than higher quality debt securities. Credit risk is gauged, in part, by the credit ratings of the debt securities in which the fund invests. However, ratings are only the opinions of the rating agencies issuing them and are not guarantees as to credit quality or an evaluation of market risk. The fund's investment adviser relies on its own credit analysts to research issuers and issues in assessing credit and default risks.

Investing outside the U.S. — Securities of issuers domiciled outside the U.S. or with significant operations or revenues outside the U.S., and securities tied economically to countries outside the U.S., may lose value because of adverse political, social, economic or market developments (including social instability, regional conflicts, terrorism and war) in the countries or regions in which the issuers are domiciled, operate or generate revenue or to which the securities are tied economically. These securities may also lose value due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates against the U.S. dollar and/or currencies of other countries. Issuers of these securities may be more susceptible to actions of foreign governments, such as nationalization, currency blockage or the imposition of price controls, sanctions, or punitive taxes, each of which could adversely impact the value of these securities. Securities markets in certain countries may be more volatile and/or less liquid than those in the U.S. Investments outside the U.S. may also be subject to different regulatory, legal, accounting, auditing, financial reporting and recordkeeping requirements, and may be more difficult to value, than those in the U.S. In addition, the value of investments outside the U.S. may be reduced by foreign taxes, including foreign withholding taxes on interest and dividends. Further, there may be increased risks of delayed settlement of securities purchased or sold by the fund, which could impact the liquidity of the fund's portfolio. The risks of investing outside the U.S. may be heightened in connection with investments in emerging markets.

Management — The investment adviser to the fund actively manages the fund's investments. Consequently, the fund is subject to the risk that the methods and analyses, including models, tools and data, employed by the investment adviser in this process may be flawed or incorrect and may not produce the desired results. This could cause the fund to lose value or its investment results to lag relevant benchmarks or other funds with similar objectives.

5. Certain investment techniques

Securities lending — The fund has entered into securities lending transactions in which the fund earns income by lending investment securities to brokers, dealers or other institutions. Each transaction involves three parties: the fund, acting as the lender of the securities, a borrower, and a lending agent that acts as an intermediary.

Securities lending transactions are entered into by the fund under a securities lending agent agreement with the lending agent. The lending agent facilitates the exchange of securities between the fund and approved borrowers, ensures that securities loans are properly coordinated and documented, marks-to-market the value of collateral daily, secures additional collateral from a borrower if it falls below preset terms, and may reinvest cash collateral on behalf of the fund according to agreed parameters. The lending agent provides indemnification to the fund against losses resulting from a borrower default. Although risk is mitigated by the collateral and indemnification, the fund could experience a delay in recovering its securities and a potential loss of income or value if a borrower fails to return securities, collateral investments decline in value or the lending agent fails to perform.

The borrower is required to post highly liquid assets, such as cash or U.S. government securities, as collateral for the loan in an amount at least equal to the value of the securities loaned. Investments made with cash collateral are recognized as assets in the fund's investment portfolio. The same amount is recorded as a liability in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities. While securities are on loan, the fund will continue to receive the equivalent of the interest, dividends or other distributions paid by the issuer, as well as a portion of the interest on the investment of the collateral. Additionally, although the fund does not have the right to vote on securities while they are on loan, the fund has a right to consent on corporate actions and a right to recall loaned securities to vote. A borrower is obligated to return loaned securities at the conclusion of a loan or, during the pendency of a loan, on demand from the fund.

As of October 31, 2024, the total value of securities on loan was \$30,509,000, and the total value of collateral received was \$32,777,000. Collateral received includes cash of \$2,032,000 and U.S. government securities of \$30,745,000. Investment securities purchased from cash collateral are disclosed in the fund's investment portfolio as short-term securities. Securities received as collateral are not recognized as fund assets. The contractual maturity of cash collateral received under the securities lending agreement is classified as overnight and continuous.

Mortgage dollar rolls — The fund has entered into mortgage dollar roll transactions of TBA securities in which the fund sells a TBA mortgage-backed security to a counterparty and simultaneously enters into an agreement with the same counterparty to buy back a similar TBA security on a specific future date at a predetermined price. Mortgage dollar rolls are accounted for as purchase and sale transactions and may result in an increase to the fund's portfolio turnover rate. Portfolio turnover rates excluding and including mortgage dollar rolls are presented at the end of the fund's financial highlights table.

Loan transactions — The fund has entered into loan transactions in which the fund acquires a loan either through an agent, by assignment from another holder, or as a participation interest in another holder's portion of a loan. The loan is often administered by a financial institution that acts as agent for the holders of the loan, and the fund may be required to receive approval from the agent and/or borrower prior to the sale of the investment. The loan's interest rate and maturity date may change based on the terms of the loan, including potential early payments of principal.

Unfunded commitments — The fund has participated in transactions that involve unfunded commitments, which may obligate the fund to purchase new or additional bonds if certain contingencies are met. As of October 31, 2024, the fund's maximum exposure of unfunded bond commitments was \$15,631,000, which would represent 0.01% of the net assets of the fund should such commitments become due.

Futures contracts — The fund has entered into futures contracts, which provide for the future sale by one party and purchase by another party of a specified amount of a specific financial instrument for a specified price, date, time and place designated at the time the contract is made. Futures contracts are used to strategically manage the fund's interest rate sensitivity by increasing or decreasing the duration of the fund or a portion of the fund's portfolio.

Upon entering into futures contracts, and to maintain the fund's open positions in futures contracts, the fund is required to deposit with a futures broker, known as a futures commission merchant ("FCM"), in a segregated account in the name of the FCM an amount of cash, U.S. government securities or other liquid securities, known as initial margin. The margin required for a particular futures contract is set by the exchange on which the contract is traded to serve as collateral, and may be significantly modified from time to time by the exchange during the term of the contract.

On a daily basis, the fund pays or receives variation margin based on the increase or decrease in the value of the futures contracts and records variation margin on futures contracts in the statement of assets and liabilities. Futures contracts may involve a risk of loss in excess of the variation margin shown on the fund's statement of assets and liabilities. The fund records realized gains or losses at the time the futures contract is closed or expires. Net realized gains or losses and net unrealized appreciation or depreciation from futures contracts are recorded in the fund's statement of operations. The average month-end notional amount of futures contracts while held was \$11,965,076,000.

Forward currency contracts — The fund has entered into forward currency contracts, which represent agreements to exchange currencies on specific future dates at predetermined rates. The fund's investment adviser uses forward currency contracts to manage the fund's exposure to changes in exchange rates. Upon entering into these contracts, risks may arise from the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts and from possible movements in exchange rates.

On a daily basis, the fund's investment adviser values forward currency contracts and records unrealized appreciation or depreciation for open forward currency contracts in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities. Realized gains or losses are recorded at the time the forward currency contract is closed or offset by another contract with the same broker for the same settlement date and currency.

Closed forward currency contracts that have not reached their settlement date are included in the respective receivables or payables for closed forward currency contracts in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities. Net realized gains or losses from closed forward currency contracts and net unrealized appreciation or depreciation from open forward currency contracts are recorded in the fund's statement of operations. The average month-end notional amount of open forward currency contracts while held was \$25,803,000.

Swap contracts — The fund has entered into swap agreements, which are two-party contracts entered into primarily by institutional investors for a specified time period. In a typical swap transaction, two parties agree to exchange the returns earned or realized from one or more underlying assets or rates of return. Swap agreements can be traded on a swap execution facility (SEF) and cleared through a central clearinghouse (cleared), traded over-the-counter (OTC) and cleared, or traded bilaterally and not cleared. Because clearing interposes a central clearinghouse as the ultimate counterparty to each participant's swap, and margin is required to be exchanged under the rules of the clearinghouse, central clearing is intended to decrease (but not eliminate) counterparty risk relative to uncleared bilateral swaps. To the extent the fund enters into bilaterally negotiated swap transactions, the fund will enter into swap agreements only with counterparties that meet certain credit standards and subject to agreed collateralized procedures. The term of a swap can be days, months or years and certain swaps may be less liquid than others.

Upon entering into a centrally cleared swap contract, the fund is required to deposit cash, U.S. government securities or other liquid securities, which is known as initial margin. Generally, the initial margin required for a particular swap is set and held as collateral by the clearinghouse on which the contract is cleared. The amount of initial margin required may be significantly modified from time to time by the clearinghouse during the term of the contract.

On a daily basis, interest accruals related to the exchange of future payments are recorded as a receivable and payable in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities for centrally cleared swaps and as unrealized appreciation or depreciation in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities for bilateral swaps. For centrally cleared swaps, the fund also pays or receives a variation margin based on the increase or decrease in the value of the swaps, including accrued interest as applicable, and records variation margin in the statement of assets and liabilities. The fund records realized gains and losses on both the net accrued interest and any gain or loss recognized at the time the swap is closed or expires. Net realized gains or losses, as well as any net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, from swaps are recorded in the fund's statement of operations.

Swap agreements can take different forms. The fund has entered into the following types of swap agreements:

Interest rate swaps — The fund has entered into interest rate swaps, which seek to manage the interest rate sensitivity of the fund by increasing or decreasing the duration of the fund or a portion of the fund's portfolio. An interest rate swap is an agreement between two parties to exchange or swap payments based on changes in an interest rate or rates. Typically, one interest rate is fixed and the other is variable based on a designated short-term interest rate such as the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), prime rate or other benchmark, or on an inflation index such as the U.S. Consumer Price Index (which is a measure that examines the weighted average of prices of a basket of consumer goods and services and measures changes in the purchasing power of the U.S. dollar and the rate of inflation). In other types of interest rate swaps, known as basis swaps, the parties agree to swap variable interest rates based on different designated short-term interest rates. Interest rate swaps generally do not involve the delivery of securities or other principal amounts. Rather, cash payments are exchanged by the parties based on the application of the designated interest rates to a notional amount, which is the predetermined dollar principal of the trade upon which payment obligations are computed. Accordingly, the fund's current obligation or right under the swap agreement is generally equal to the net amount to be paid or received under the swap agreement based on the relative value of the position held by each party. The average month-end notional amount of interest rate swaps while held was \$2,121,722,000.

Credit default swap indices — The fund has entered into centrally cleared credit default swap indices, including CDX and iTraxx indices (collectively referred to as "CDSI"), in order to assume exposure to a diversified portfolio of credits or to hedge against existing credit risks. A CDSI is based on a portfolio of credit default swaps with similar characteristics, such as credit default swaps on high-yield bonds. In a typical CDSI transaction, one party (the protection buyer) is obligated to pay the other party (the protection seller) a stream of periodic payments over the term of the contract. If a credit event, such as a default or restructuring, occurs with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations, the protection seller must pay the protection buyer the loss on those credits.

The fund may enter into a CDSI transaction as either protection buyer or protection seller. If the fund is a protection buyer, it would pay the counterparty a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract and would not recover any of those payments if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. However, if a credit event did occur, the fund, as a protection buyer, would have the right to deliver the referenced debt obligations or a specified amount of cash, depending on the terms of the applicable agreement, and to receive the par value of such debt obligations from the counterparty protection seller. As a protection seller, the fund would receive fixed payments throughout the term of the contract if no credit events were to occur with respect to any of the underlying reference obligations. If a credit event were to occur, however, the value of any deliverable obligation received by the fund, coupled with the periodic payments previously received by the fund, may be less than the full notional value that the fund, as a protection seller, pays to the counterparty protection buyer, effectively resulting in a loss of value to the fund. Furthermore, as a protection seller, the fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because it would have investment exposure to the notional amount of the swap transaction. The average month-end notional amount of credit default swaps while held was \$74,026,000.

The following tables identify the location and fair value amounts on the fund's statement of assets and liabilities and the effect on the fund's statement of operations resulting from the fund's use of futures contracts, forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and credit default swaps as of, or for the year ended, October 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

Contracts	Risk type	Assets		Liabilities	
		Location on statement of assets and liabilities	Value	Location on statement of assets and liabilities	Value
Futures	Interest	Unrealized appreciation*	\$ 25,534	Unrealized depreciation*	\$ 177,188
Forward currency	Currency	Unrealized appreciation on open forward currency contracts	542	Unrealized depreciation on open forward currency contracts	16
Swap (centrally cleared)	Interest	Unrealized appreciation*	18,419	Unrealized depreciation*	—
Swap (centrally cleared)	Credit	Unrealized appreciation*	129	Unrealized depreciation*	—
			<u>\$ 44,624</u>		<u>\$ 177,204</u>

Refer to the end of the tables for footnotes.

Contracts	Risk type	Net realized gain (loss)		Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	
		Location on statement of operations	Value	Location on statement of operations	Value
Futures	Interest	Net realized gain (loss) on futures contracts	\$ 82,749	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on futures contracts	\$ (32,726)
Forward currency	Currency	Net realized gain (loss) on forward currency contracts	(199)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on forward currency contracts	526
Swap	Interest	Net realized gain (loss) on swap contracts	(13,632)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on swap contracts	(5,279)
Swap	Credit	Net realized gain (loss) on swap contracts	(1,495)	Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on swap contracts	321
			<u>\$ 67,423</u>		<u>\$ (37,158)</u>

*Includes cumulative appreciation/depreciation on futures contracts, centrally cleared interest rate swaps and centrally cleared credit default swaps as reported in the applicable tables following the fund's investment portfolio. Only current day's variation margin is reported within the fund's statement of assets and liabilities.

Collateral — The fund receives or pledges highly liquid assets, such as cash or U.S. government securities, as collateral due to securities lending and its use of futures contracts, forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps, credit default swaps and future delivery contracts. For securities lending, the fund receives collateral in exchange for lending investment securities. The lending agent may reinvest cash collateral from securities lending transactions according to agreed parameters. Cash collateral reinvested by the lending agent, if any, is disclosed in the fund's investment portfolio. For futures contracts, centrally cleared interest rate swaps and centrally cleared credit default swaps, the fund pledges collateral for initial and variation margin by contract. For forward currency contracts, the fund either receives or pledges collateral based on the net gain or loss on unsettled contracts by counterparty. For future delivery contracts, the fund either receives or pledges collateral based on the net gain or loss on unsettled contracts by certain counterparties. The purpose of the collateral is to cover potential losses that could occur in the event that either party cannot meet its contractual obligation. Non-cash collateral pledged by the fund, if any, is disclosed in the fund's investment portfolio, and cash collateral pledged by the fund, if any, is held in a segregated account with the fund's custodian, which is reflected as pledged cash collateral in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities.

Rights of offset — The fund has entered into enforceable master netting agreements with certain counterparties for forward currency contracts, where on any date amounts payable by each party to the other (in the same currency with respect to the same transaction) may be closed or offset by each party's payment obligation. If an early termination date occurs under these agreements following an event of default or termination event, all obligations of each party to its counterparty are settled net through a single payment in a single currency ("close-out netting"). For financial reporting purposes, the fund does not offset financial assets and financial liabilities that are subject to these master netting arrangements in the statement of assets and liabilities.

The following table presents the fund's forward currency contracts by counterparty that are subject to master netting agreements but that are not offset in the fund's statement of assets and liabilities. The net amount column shows the impact of offsetting on the fund's statement of assets and liabilities as of October 31, 2024, if close-out netting was exercised (dollars in thousands):

Counterparty	Gross amounts recognized in the statement of assets and liabilities	Gross amounts not offset in the statement of assets and liabilities and subject to a master netting agreement			Net amount
		Available to offset	Non-cash collateral*	Cash collateral*	
Assets:					
Bank of America	\$ 42	\$—	\$ —	\$—	\$ 42
Barclays Bank PLC	417	—	(417)	—	—
Citibank	59	—	—	—	59
Goldman Sachs	2	—	—	—	2
JPMorgan Chase	20	—	—	—	20
Morgan Stanley	2	(2)	—	—	—
Total	\$ 542	\$ (2)	\$ (417)	\$—	\$ 123
Liabilities:					
Bank of New York Mellon	\$ 2	\$—	\$ —	\$—	\$ 2
BNP Paribas	1	—	—	—	1
HSBC Bank	11	—	—	—	11
Morgan Stanley	2	(2)	—	—	—
Total	\$ 16	\$ (2)	\$ —	\$—	\$ 14

*Collateral is shown on a settlement basis.

6. Taxation and distributions

Federal income taxation — The fund complies with the requirements under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies and intends to distribute substantially all of its net taxable income and net capital gains each year. The fund is not subject to income taxes to the extent such distributions are made. Therefore, no federal income tax provision is required.

As of and during the year ended October 31, 2024, the fund did not have a liability for any unrecognized tax benefits. The fund recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense in the statement of operations. During the year, the fund did not incur any significant interest or penalties.

The fund's tax returns are generally not subject to examination by federal, state and, if applicable, non-U.S. tax authorities after the expiration of each jurisdiction's statute of limitations, which is typically three years after the date of filing but can be extended in certain jurisdictions.

Non-U.S. taxation — Dividend and interest income are recorded net of non-U.S. taxes paid. The fund may file withholding tax reclaims in certain jurisdictions to recover a portion of amounts previously withheld. As a result of rulings from European courts, the fund filed for additional reclaims related to prior years ("EU reclaims"). These reclaims are recorded when the amount is known and there are no significant uncertainties on collectability. During the year ended October 31, 2024, the fund recognized \$28,280,000 in EU reclaims (net of \$1,867,000 in fees and the effect of realized gain or loss from currency translations) and \$15,114,000 in interest related to European court rulings, which is included in dividend income and interest income, respectively, in the fund's statement of operations. Gains realized by the fund on the sale of securities in certain countries, if any, may be subject to non-U.S. taxes. The fund generally records an estimated deferred tax liability based on unrealized gains to provide for potential non-U.S. taxes payable upon the sale of these securities.

Distributions — Distributions determined on a tax basis may differ from net investment income and net realized gains for financial reporting purposes. These differences are due primarily to different treatment for items such as currency gains and losses; short-term capital gains and losses; capital losses related to sales of certain securities within 30 days of purchase; unrealized appreciation of certain investments in securities outside the U.S.; cost of investments sold; non-U.S. taxes on capital gains; amortization of premiums and discounts and income on certain investments. The fiscal year in which amounts are distributed may differ from the year in which the net investment income and net realized gains are recorded by the fund for financial reporting purposes. The fund may also designate a portion of the amount paid to redeeming shareholders as a distribution for tax purposes.

During the year ended October 31, 2024, the fund reclassified \$179,401,000 from total distributable earnings to capital paid in on shares of beneficial interest to align financial reporting with tax reporting.

As of October 31, 2024, the tax basis components of distributable earnings, unrealized appreciation (depreciation) and cost of investments were as follows (dollars in thousands):

Undistributed ordinary income	\$ 1,000,943
Undistributed long-term capital gains	2,463,211
Gross unrealized appreciation on investments	27,577,278
Gross unrealized depreciation on investments	(3,245,794)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	24,331,484
Cost of investments	83,826,880

Distributions paid were characterized for tax purposes as follows (dollars in thousands):

Share class	Year ended October 31, 2024			Year ended October 31, 2023		
	Ordinary income	Long-term capital gains	Total distributions paid	Ordinary income	Long-term capital gains	Total distributions paid
Class A	\$ 2,045,281	\$ 66,909	\$ 2,112,190	\$ 2,090,021	\$—	\$ 2,090,021
Class C	27,975	1,257	29,232	37,104	—	37,104
Class T	—*	—*	—*	—*	—	—*
Class F-1	67,159	2,276	69,435	72,440	—	72,440
Class F-2	484,883	15,225	500,108	489,016	—	489,016
Class F-3	207,871	6,096	213,967	202,392	—	202,392
Class 529-A	73,807	2,451	76,258	76,435	—	76,435
Class 529-C	1,623	73	1,696	2,005	—	2,005
Class 529-E	1,845	66	1,911	1,994	—	1,994
Class 529-T	1	—*	1	1	—	1
Class 529-F-1	—*	—*	—*	1	—	1
Class 529-F-2	6,603	200	6,803	6,178	—	6,178
Class 529-F-3	—*	—*	—*	1	—	1
Class R-1	1,432	62	1,494	1,547	—	1,547
Class R-2	8,857	377	9,234	9,509	—	9,509
Class R-2E	1,055	40	1,095	1,120	—	1,120
Class R-3	18,694	679	19,373	19,667	—	19,667
Class R-4	14,569	484	15,053	15,211	—	15,211
Class R-5E	3,353	99	3,452	3,165	—	3,165
Class R-5	9,361	281	9,642	9,691	—	9,691
Class R-6	586,678	16,796	603,474	525,737	—	525,737
Total	<u>\$ 3,561,047</u>	<u>\$ 113,371</u>	<u>\$ 3,674,418</u>	<u>\$ 3,563,235</u>	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$ 3,563,235</u>

*Amount less than one thousand.

7. Fees and transactions with related parties

CRMC, the fund's investment adviser, is the parent company of Capital Client Group, Inc. ("CCG"), the principal underwriter of the fund's shares, and American Funds Service Company® ("AFS"), the fund's transfer agent. CRMC, CCG and AFS are considered related parties to the fund.

Investment advisory services — The fund has an investment advisory and service agreement with CRMC that provides for monthly fees accrued daily. These fees are based on a series of decreasing annual rates beginning with 0.240% on the first \$1 billion of daily net assets and decreasing to 0.110% on such assets in excess of \$115 billion. The agreement also provides for monthly fees, accrued daily, based on a series of decreasing rates beginning with 3.00% on the first \$100,000,000 of the fund's monthly gross income and decreasing to 2.50% on such income in excess of \$100,000,000. For the year ended October 31, 2024, the investment advisory services fees were \$240,969,000, which were equivalent to an annualized rate of 0.231% of average daily net assets.

Class-specific fees and expenses — Expenses that are specific to individual share classes are accrued directly to the respective share class. The principal class-specific fees and expenses are further described below:

Distribution services — The fund has plans of distribution for all share classes, except Class F-2, F-3, 529-F-2, 529-F-3, R-5E, R-5 and R-6 shares. Under the plans, the board of trustees approves certain categories of expenses that are used to finance activities primarily intended to sell fund shares and service existing accounts. The plans provide for payments, based on an annualized percentage of average daily net assets, ranging from 0.30% to 1.00% as noted in this section. In some cases, the board of trustees has limited the amounts that may be paid to less than the maximum allowed by the plans. All share classes with a plan may use up to 0.25% of average daily net assets to pay service fees, or to compensate CCG for paying service fees, to firms that have entered into agreements with CCG to provide certain shareholder services. The remaining amounts available to be paid under each plan are paid to dealers to compensate them for their sales activities.

Share class	Currently approved limits	Plan limits
Class A	0.30%	0.30%
Class 529-A	0.30	0.50
Classes C, 529-C and R-1	1.00	1.00
Class R-2	0.75	1.00
Class R-2E	0.60	0.85
Classes 529-E and R-3	0.50	0.75
Classes T, F-1, 529-T, 529-F-1 and R-4	0.25	0.50

For Class A and 529-A shares, distribution-related expenses include the reimbursement of dealer and wholesaler commissions paid by CCG for certain shares sold without a sales charge. These share classes reimburse CCG for amounts billed within the prior 15 months but only to the extent that the overall annual expense limits are not exceeded. As of October 31, 2024, there were no unreimbursed expenses subject to reimbursement for Class A or 529-A shares.

Transfer agent services — The fund has a shareholder services agreement with AFS under which the fund compensates AFS for providing transfer agent services to each of the fund's share classes. These services include recordkeeping, shareholder communications and transaction processing. Under this agreement, the fund also pays sub-transfer agency fees to AFS. These fees are paid by AFS to third parties for performing transfer agent services on behalf of fund shareholders.

Administrative services — The fund has an administrative services agreement with CRMC under which the fund compensates CRMC for providing administrative services to all share classes. Administrative services are provided by CRMC and its affiliates to help assist third parties providing non-distribution services to fund shareholders. These services include providing in-depth information on the fund and market developments that impact fund investments. Administrative services also include, but are not limited to, coordinating, monitoring and overseeing third parties that provide services to fund shareholders. The agreement provides the fund the ability to charge an administrative services fee at the annual rate of 0.05% of the average daily net assets attributable to each share class of the fund. Currently the fund pays CRMC an administrative services fee at the annual rate of 0.03% of the average daily net assets attributable to each share class of the fund for CRMC's provision of administrative services.

529 plan services — Each 529 share class is subject to service fees to compensate the Commonwealth Savers Plan (formerly, Virginia529) for its oversight and administration of the CollegeAmerica 529 college savings plan. The fees are based on the combined net assets invested in Class 529 and ABLE shares of the American Funds. Class ABLE shares are offered on other American Funds by Commonwealth Savers Plan through ABLEAmerica®, a tax-advantaged savings program for individuals with disabilities. Commonwealth Savers Plan is not considered a related party to the fund.

The quarterly fees are based on a series of decreasing annual rates beginning with 0.09% on the first \$20 billion of the combined net assets invested in the American Funds and decreasing to 0.03% on such assets in excess of \$75 billion. The fees for any given calendar quarter are accrued and calculated on the basis of the average net assets of Class 529 and ABLE shares of the American Funds for the last month of the prior calendar quarter. For the year ended October 31, 2024, the 529 plan services fees were \$1,430,000, which were equivalent to 0.056% of the average daily net assets of each 529 share class.

For the year ended October 31, 2024, class-specific expenses under the agreements were as follows (dollars in thousands):

Share class	Distribution services	Transfer agent services	Administrative services	529 plan services
Class A	\$ 152,247	\$ 46,354	\$ 18,404	Not applicable
Class C	10,446	815	316	Not applicable
Class T	—	—*	—*	Not applicable
Class F-1	5,025	2,933	614	Not applicable
Class F-2	Not applicable	14,484	4,046	Not applicable
Class F-3	Not applicable	48	1,719	Not applicable
Class 529-A	5,172	1,572	670	\$ 1,256
Class 529-C	616	45	19	35
Class 529-E	296	20	18	34
Class 529-T	—	—*	—*	—*
Class 529-F-1	—	—*	—*	—*
Class 529-F-2	Not applicable	79	56	105
Class 529-F-3	Not applicable	—*	—*	—*
Class R-1	553	52	17	Not applicable
Class R-2	2,566	1,166	103	Not applicable
Class R-2E	218	74	11	Not applicable
Class R-3	3,087	899	186	Not applicable
Class R-4	1,097	432	132	Not applicable
Class R-5E	Not applicable	146	29	Not applicable
Class R-5	Not applicable	117	78	Not applicable
Class R-6	Not applicable	136	4,901	Not applicable
Total class-specific expenses	<u>\$ 181,323</u>	<u>\$ 69,372</u>	<u>\$ 31,319</u>	<u>\$ 1,430</u>

*Amount less than one thousand.

Trustees' deferred compensation — Trustees who are unaffiliated with CRMC may elect to defer the cash payment of part or all of their compensation. These deferred amounts, which remain as liabilities of the fund, are treated as if invested in shares of the fund or other American Funds. These amounts represent general, unsecured liabilities of the fund and vary according to the total returns of the selected funds. Trustees' compensation of \$1,372,000 in the fund's statement of operations reflects \$583,000 in current fees (either paid in cash or deferred) and a net increase of \$789,000 in the value of the deferred amounts.

Affiliated officers and trustees — Officers and certain trustees of the fund are or may be considered to be affiliated with CRMC, CCG and AFS. No affiliated officers or trustees received any compensation directly from the fund.

Investments in CCBF and CCF — The fund holds shares of CCBF, a corporate bond fund, and CCF, an institutional prime money market fund, which are both managed by CRMC. CCBF seeks to provide maximum total return consistent with capital preservation and prudent risk management by investing primarily in corporate debt instruments. CCBF is used as an investment vehicle for the fund's corporate bond investments. CCF invests in high-quality, short-term money market instruments. CCF is used as the primary investment vehicle for the fund's short-term instruments. Both CCBF and CCF shares are only available for purchase by CRMC, its affiliates, and other funds managed by CRMC or its affiliates, and are not available to the public. CRMC does not receive an investment advisory services fee from either CCBF or CCF.

Security transactions with related funds — The fund purchased investment securities from, and sold investment securities to, other funds managed by CRMC (or funds managed by certain affiliates of CRMC) under procedures adopted by the fund's board of trustees. The funds involved in such transactions are considered related by virtue of having a common investment adviser (or affiliated investment advisers), common trustees and/or common officers. Each transaction was executed at the current market price of the security and no brokerage commissions or fees were paid in accordance with Rule 17a-7 of the 1940 Act. During the year ended October 31, 2024, the fund engaged in such purchase and sale transactions with related funds in the amounts of \$1,179,755,000 and \$1,174,395,000, respectively, which generated \$191,959,000 of net realized gains from such sales.

Interfund lending — Pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the SEC, the fund, along with other CRMC-managed funds (or funds managed by certain affiliates of CRMC), may participate in an interfund lending program. The program provides an alternate credit facility that permits the funds to lend or borrow cash for temporary purposes directly to or from one another, subject to the conditions of the exemptive order. The fund did not lend or borrow cash through the interfund lending program at any time during the year ended October 31, 2024.

8. Indemnifications

The fund's organizational documents provide board members and officers with indemnification against certain liabilities or expenses in connection with the performance of their duties to the fund. In the normal course of business, the fund may also enter into contracts that provide general indemnifications. The fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown since it is dependent on future claims that may be made against the fund. The risk of material loss from such claims is considered remote. Insurance policies are also available to the fund's board members and officers.

9. Capital share transactions

Capital share transactions in the fund were as follows (dollars and shares in thousands):

Share class	Sales*		Reinvestments of distributions		Repurchases*		Net increase (decrease)	
	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares
Year ended October 31, 2024								
Class A	\$ 1,931,498	28,435	\$ 2,063,842	30,538	\$ (7,600,428)	(111,854)	\$ (3,605,088)	(52,881)
Class C	77,400	1,135	28,949	429	(436,691)	(6,442)	(330,342)	(4,878)
Class T	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Class F-1	52,752	774	68,565	1,015	(330,729)	(4,877)	(209,412)	(3,088)
Class F-2	2,559,546	37,657	481,455	7,136	(4,368,562)	(64,563)	(1,327,561)	(19,770)
Class F-3	1,048,829	15,395	211,687	3,129	(1,167,591)	(17,226)	92,925	1,298
Class 529-A	155,961	2,290	76,233	1,129	(394,660)	(5,790)	(162,466)	(2,371)
Class 529-C	12,479	184	1,691	25	(31,739)	(467)	(17,569)	(258)
Class 529-E	5,328	79	1,911	28	(13,290)	(196)	(6,051)	(89)
Class 529-T	—	—	1	— [†]	—	—	1	— [†]
Class 529-F-1	—	—	— [†]	— [†]	—	—	— [†]	— [†]
Class 529-F-2	35,183	515	6,801	101	(40,207)	(590)	1,777	26
Class 529-F-3	—	—	1	— [†]	—	—	1	— [†]
Class R-1	6,703	98	1,494	22	(15,847)	(232)	(7,650)	(112)
Class R-2	38,977	572	9,226	137	(79,726)	(1,173)	(31,523)	(464)
Class R-2E	5,176	76	1,094	17	(7,495)	(111)	(1,225)	(18)
Class R-3	71,402	1,048	19,314	286	(140,702)	(2,065)	(49,986)	(731)
Class R-4	44,625	657	15,044	222	(100,941)	(1,481)	(41,272)	(602)
Class R-5E	22,218	327	3,451	51	(20,232)	(298)	5,437	80
Class R-5	24,451	362	9,632	142	(46,929)	(689)	(12,846)	(185)
Class R-6	2,056,985	30,469	603,387	8,913	(1,795,734)	(26,198)	864,638	13,184
Total net increase (decrease)	<u>\$ 8,149,513</u>	<u>120,073</u>	<u>\$ 3,603,778</u>	<u>53,320</u>	<u>\$ (16,591,503)</u>	<u>(244,252)</u>	<u>\$ (4,838,212)</u>	<u>(70,859)</u>

Refer to the end of the table for footnotes.

Share class	Sales*		Reinvestments of distributions		Repurchases*		Net increase (decrease)	
	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares
Year ended October 31, 2023								
Class A	\$ 2,372,607	37,304	\$ 2,040,553	32,467	\$ (6,889,939)	(108,694)	\$ (2,476,779)	(38,923)
Class C	104,178	1,633	36,718	582	(517,625)	(8,116)	(376,729)	(5,901)
Class T	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Class F-1	50,164	787	71,390	1,136	(314,234)	(4,956)	(192,680)	(3,033)
Class F-2	2,420,771	38,124	471,217	7,506	(2,774,165)	(43,840)	117,823	1,790
Class F-3	1,012,221	16,062	200,288	3,189	(1,008,600)	(15,905)	203,909	3,346
Class 529-A	166,882	2,622	76,412	1,216	(358,725)	(5,628)	(115,431)	(1,790)
Class 529-C	13,450	211	2,002	32	(32,943)	(515)	(17,491)	(272)
Class 529-E	5,068	79	1,993	32	(12,585)	(197)	(5,524)	(86)
Class 529-T	—	—	— [†]	— [†]	—	—	— [†]	— [†]
Class 529-F-1	—	—	— [†]	— [†]	—	—	— [†]	— [†]
Class 529-F-2	34,154	537	6,175	98	(29,439)	(461)	10,890	174
Class 529-F-3	—	—	— [†]	— [†]	—	—	— [†]	— [†]
Class R-1	7,225	114	1,547	25	(13,324)	(210)	(4,552)	(71)
Class R-2	44,925	706	9,498	151	(81,917)	(1,291)	(27,494)	(434)
Class R-2E	7,134	114	1,120	18	(12,315)	(196)	(4,061)	(64)
Class R-3	76,780	1,206	19,611	312	(141,713)	(2,226)	(45,322)	(708)
Class R-4	46,237	728	15,206	242	(87,792)	(1,383)	(26,349)	(413)
Class R-5E	18,697	295	3,165	50	(19,810)	(313)	2,052	32
Class R-5	24,471	385	9,683	154	(52,348)	(823)	(18,194)	(284)
Class R-6	1,368,319	21,535	525,724	8,369	(922,164)	(14,503)	971,879	15,401
Total net increase (decrease)	<u>\$ 7,773,283</u>	<u>122,442</u>	<u>\$ 3,492,302</u>	<u>55,579</u>	<u>\$ (13,269,638)</u>	<u>(209,257)</u>	<u>\$ (2,004,053)</u>	<u>(31,236)</u>

*Includes exchanges between share classes of the fund.

[†]Amount less than one thousand.

10. Investment transactions

The fund engaged in purchases and sales of investment securities, excluding short-term securities and U.S. government obligations, if any, of \$53,322,556,000 and \$59,200,965,000, respectively, during the year ended October 31, 2024.

Financial highlights

	Income (loss) from investment operations ¹				Dividends and distributions									
	Net asset value, beginning of year	Net investment income (loss)	Net gains (losses) on securities (both realized and unrealized)	Total from investment operations	Dividends (from net investment income)	Distributions (from capital gains)	Total dividends and distributions	Net asset value, end of year	Total return ^{2,3}	Net assets, end of year (in millions)	Ratio of expenses to average net assets before reimbursement ⁴	Ratio of expenses to average net assets after reimbursement ^{3,4}	Ratio of net income (loss) to average net assets ³	
Year ended	of year	(loss)		operations	(income)	(gains)	distributions	of year						
Class A:														
10/31/2024	\$ 60.34	\$ 2.28	\$ 12.14	\$ 14.42	\$ (2.27)	\$ (.07)	\$ (2.34)	\$ 72.42	24.21%	\$ 63,195	.59%	.59%	3.34%	
10/31/2023	60.47	2.13	(.05)	2.08	(2.21)	—	(2.21)	60.34	3.34	55,851	.60	.60	3.36	
10/31/2022	69.09	1.98	(8.33)	(6.35)	(2.27)	—	(2.27)	60.47	(9.42)	58,325	.59	.59	3.00	
10/31/2021	56.52	2.07	12.33	14.40	(1.83)	—	(1.83)	69.09	25.67	67,634	.59	.59	3.12	
10/31/2020	61.99	1.96	(4.74)	(2.78)	(2.09)	(.60)	(2.69)	56.52	(4.55)	56,666	.61	.61	3.31	
Class C:														
10/31/2024	60.51	1.78	12.16	13.94	(1.75)	(.07)	(1.82)	72.63	23.28	964	1.34	1.34	2.61	
10/31/2023	60.63	1.66	(.06)	1.60	(1.72)	—	(1.72)	60.51	2.56	1,098	1.35	1.35	2.60	
10/31/2022	69.23	1.49	(8.34)	(6.85)	(1.75)	—	(1.75)	60.63	(10.07)	1,458	1.33	1.33	2.25	
10/31/2021	56.63	1.57	12.36	13.93	(1.33)	—	(1.33)	69.23	24.72	2,047	1.34	1.34	2.37	
10/31/2020	62.07	1.52	(4.73)	(3.21)	(1.63)	(.60)	(2.23)	56.63	(5.26)	2,083	1.35	1.35	2.55	
Class T:														
10/31/2024	60.32	2.44	12.14	14.58	(2.44)	(.07)	(2.51)	72.39	24.52 ⁵	— ⁶	.34 ⁵	.34 ⁵	3.58 ⁵	
10/31/2023	60.46	2.30	(.07)	2.23	(2.37)	—	(2.37)	60.32	3.60 ⁵	— ⁶	.34 ⁵	.34 ⁵	3.61 ⁵	
10/31/2022	69.08	2.14	(8.32)	(6.18)	(2.44)	—	(2.44)	60.46	(9.18) ⁵	— ⁶	.33 ⁵	.33 ⁵	3.26 ⁵	
10/31/2021	56.52	2.23	12.33	14.56	(2.00)	—	(2.00)	69.08	25.96 ⁵	— ⁶	.34 ⁵	.34 ⁵	3.37 ⁵	
10/31/2020	62.00	2.11	(4.75)	(2.64)	(2.24)	(.60)	(2.84)	56.52	(4.31) ⁵	— ⁶	.35 ⁵	.35 ⁵	3.57 ⁵	
Class F-1:														
10/31/2024	60.35	2.23	12.13	14.36	(2.22)	(.07)	(2.29)	72.42	24.14	2,068	.66	.66	3.28	
10/31/2023	60.48	2.10	(.06)	2.04	(2.17)	—	(2.17)	60.35	3.26	1,910	.66	.66	3.30	
10/31/2022	69.09	1.94	(8.33)	(6.39)	(2.22)	—	(2.22)	60.48	(9.46)	2,097	.64	.64	2.95	
10/31/2021	56.51	2.02	12.35	14.37	(1.79)	—	(1.79)	69.09	25.61	2,555	.65	.65	3.06	
10/31/2020	61.98	1.93	(4.74)	(2.81)	(2.06)	(.60)	(2.66)	56.51	(4.61)	3,033	.65	.65	3.26	
Class F-2:														
10/31/2024	60.29	2.42	12.13	14.55	(2.42)	(.07)	(2.49)	72.35	24.48	13,746	.38	.38	3.56	
10/31/2023	60.42	2.27	(.05)	2.22	(2.35)	—	(2.35)	60.29	3.56	12,646	.38	.38	3.58	
10/31/2022	69.03	2.12	(8.32)	(6.20)	(2.41)	—	(2.41)	60.42	(9.21)	12,566	.37	.37	3.23	
10/31/2021	56.47	2.22	12.32	14.54	(1.98)	—	(1.98)	69.03	25.95	13,182	.37	.37	3.34	
10/31/2020	61.95	2.09	(4.75)	(2.66)	(2.22)	(.60)	(2.82)	56.47	(4.35)	10,126	.38	.38	3.54	
Class F-3:														
10/31/2024	60.32	2.50	12.13	14.63	(2.49)	(.07)	(2.56)	72.39	24.60	6,153	.27	.27	3.66	
10/31/2023	60.46	2.34	(.07)	2.27	(2.41)	—	(2.41)	60.32	3.67	5,049	.27	.27	3.69	
10/31/2022	69.08	2.19	(8.33)	(6.14)	(2.48)	—	(2.48)	60.46	(9.12)	4,858	.26	.26	3.33	
10/31/2021	56.50	2.29	12.33	14.62	(2.04)	—	(2.04)	69.08	26.09	5,275	.27	.27	3.45	
10/31/2020	61.98	2.15	(4.74)	(2.59)	(2.29)	(.60)	(2.89)	56.50	(4.24)	4,102	.28	.28	3.64	
Class 529-A:														
10/31/2024	60.32	2.26	12.13	14.39	(2.25)	(.07)	(2.32)	72.39	24.18	2,283	.63	.63	3.31	
10/31/2023	60.45	2.11	(.06)	2.05	(2.18)	—	(2.18)	60.32	3.30	2,045	.64	.64	3.32	
10/31/2022	69.06	1.96	(8.32)	(6.36)	(2.25)	—	(2.25)	60.45	(9.45)	2,158	.61	.61	2.98	
10/31/2021	56.49	2.04	12.33	14.37	(1.80)	—	(1.80)	69.06	25.61	2,534	.63	.63	3.08	
10/31/2020	61.96	1.93	(4.73)	(2.80)	(2.07)	(.60)	(2.67)	56.49	(4.59)	2,164	.65	.65	3.27	

Refer to the end of the table for footnotes.

Financial highlights (continued)

Year ended	Income (loss) from investment operations ¹				Dividends and distributions				Total return ^{2,3}	Net assets, end of year (in millions)	Ratio of expenses to average net assets before reimbursement ⁴	Ratio of expenses to average net assets after reimbursement ^{3,4}	Ratio of net income (loss) to average net assets ³
	Net asset value, beginning of year	Net investment income (loss)	Net gains (losses) on securities (both realized and unrealized)	Total from investment operations	Dividends (from net investment income)	Distributions (from capital gains)	Total dividends and distributions	Net asset value, end of year					
Class 529-C:													
10/31/2024	\$ 60.50	\$ 1.75	\$ 12.17	\$ 13.92	\$ (1.73)	\$ (.07)	\$ (1.80)	\$ 72.62	23.23%	\$ 58	1.38%	1.38%	2.57%
10/31/2023	60.61	1.62	(.05)	1.57	(1.68)	—	(1.68)	60.50	2.52	64	1.41	1.41	2.55
10/31/2022	69.21	1.45	(8.34)	(6.89)	(1.71)	—	(1.71)	60.61	(10.13)	80	1.38	1.38	2.19
10/31/2021	56.61	1.55	12.36	13.91	(1.31)	—	(1.31)	69.21	24.70	117	1.37	1.37	2.33
10/31/2020	62.02	1.50	(4.73)	(3.23)	(1.58)	(.60)	(2.18)	56.61	(5.29)	127	1.38	1.38	2.52
Class 529-E:													
10/31/2024	60.35	2.10	12.13	14.23	(2.09)	(.07)	(2.16)	72.42	23.90	61	.85	.85	3.08
10/31/2023	60.48	1.97	(.07)	1.90	(2.03)	—	(2.03)	60.35	3.04	56	.87	.87	3.10
10/31/2022	69.09	1.80	(8.32)	(6.52)	(2.09)	—	(2.09)	60.48	(9.65)	61	.85	.85	2.74
10/31/2021	56.51	1.89	12.35	14.24	(1.66)	—	(1.66)	69.09	25.35	75	.85	.85	2.86
10/31/2020	61.98	1.81	(4.75)	(2.94)	(1.93)	(.60)	(2.53)	56.51	(4.80)	68	.86	.86	3.05
Class 529-T:													
10/31/2024	60.34	2.42	12.12	14.54	(2.41)	(.07)	(2.48)	72.40	24.47 ⁵	— ⁶	.39 ⁵	.39 ⁵	3.54 ⁵
10/31/2023	60.47	2.27	(.06)	2.21	(2.34)	—	(2.34)	60.34	3.57 ⁵	— ⁶	.40 ⁵	.40 ⁵	3.57 ⁵
10/31/2022	69.08	2.12	(8.32)	(6.20)	(2.41)	—	(2.41)	60.47	(9.22) ⁵	— ⁶	.37 ⁵	.37 ⁵	3.22 ⁵
10/31/2021	56.52	2.19	12.33	14.52	(1.96)	—	(1.96)	69.08	25.89 ⁵	— ⁶	.40 ⁵	.40 ⁵	3.31 ⁵
10/31/2020	62.00	2.08	(4.75)	(2.67)	(2.21)	(.60)	(2.81)	56.52	(4.37) ⁵	— ⁶	.41 ⁵	.41 ⁵	3.51 ⁵
Class 529-F-1:													
10/31/2024	60.31	2.36	12.12	14.48	(2.35)	(.07)	(2.42)	72.37	24.37 ⁵	— ⁶	.47 ⁵	.47 ⁵	3.46 ⁵
10/31/2023	60.44	2.22	(.06)	2.16	(2.29)	—	(2.29)	60.31	3.47 ⁵	— ⁶	.47 ⁵	.47 ⁵	3.49 ⁵
10/31/2022	69.05	2.06	(8.32)	(6.26)	(2.35)	—	(2.35)	60.44	(9.30) ⁵	— ⁶	.46 ⁵	.46 ⁵	3.13 ⁵
10/31/2021	56.50	2.10	12.39	14.49	(1.94)	—	(1.94)	69.05	25.84 ⁵	— ⁶	.44 ⁵	.44 ⁵	3.17 ⁵
10/31/2020	61.97	2.08	(4.74)	(2.66)	(2.21)	(.60)	(2.81)	56.50	(4.36) ⁵	— ⁶	.41 ⁵	.41 ⁵	3.51 ⁵
Class 529-F-2:													
10/31/2024	60.36	2.43	12.13	14.56	(2.42)	(.07)	(2.49)	72.43	24.49	200	.37	.37	3.57
10/31/2023	60.49	2.28	(.06)	2.22	(2.35)	—	(2.35)	60.36	3.58	165	.37	.37	3.59
10/31/2022	69.11	2.13	(8.33)	(6.20)	(2.42)	—	(2.42)	60.49	(9.20)	155	.36	.36	3.24
10/31/2021	56.52	2.22	12.34	14.56	(1.97)	—	(1.97)	69.11	25.97	155	.38	.38	3.34
10/31/2020 ^{7,8}	56.52	—	—	—	—	—	—	56.52	—	110	—	—	—
Class 529-F-3:													
10/31/2024	60.34	2.46	12.12	14.58	(2.45)	(.07)	(2.52)	72.40	24.55	— ⁶	.32	.32	3.60
10/31/2023	60.47	2.30	(.05)	2.25	(2.38)	—	(2.38)	60.34	3.60	— ⁶	.33	.33	3.62
10/31/2022	69.09	2.15	(8.33)	(6.18)	(2.44)	—	(2.44)	60.47	(9.17)	— ⁶	.32	.32	3.27
10/31/2021	56.52	2.24	12.34	14.58	(2.01)	—	(2.01)	69.09	26.00	— ⁶	.38	.33	3.38
10/31/2020 ^{7,8}	56.52	—	—	—	—	—	—	56.52	—	— ⁶	—	—	—
Class R-1:													
10/31/2024	60.42	1.76	12.13	13.89	(1.74)	(.07)	(1.81)	72.50	23.27	55	1.36	1.36	2.58
10/31/2023	60.54	1.65	(.06)	1.59	(1.71)	—	(1.71)	60.42	2.54	52	1.37	1.37	2.59
10/31/2022	69.14	1.48	(8.33)	(6.85)	(1.75)	—	(1.75)	60.54	(10.11)	57	1.34	1.34	2.25
10/31/2021	56.56	1.56	12.34	13.90	(1.32)	—	(1.32)	69.14	24.70	69	1.36	1.36	2.35
10/31/2020	62.00	1.50	(4.72)	(3.22)	(1.62)	(.60)	(2.22)	56.56	(5.29)	62	1.38	1.38	2.53

Refer to the end of the table for footnotes.

Financial highlights (continued)

Year ended	Income (loss) from investment operations ¹							Dividends and distributions					
	Net asset value, beginning of year	Net investment income (loss)	Net gains (losses) on securities (both realized and unrealized)	Total from investment operations	Dividends (from net investment income)	Distributions (from capital gains)	Total dividends and distributions	Net asset value, end of year	Total return ^{2,3}	Net assets, end of year (in millions)	Ratio of expenses to average net assets before reimbursement ⁴	Ratio of expenses to average net assets after reimbursement ^{3,4}	Ratio of net income (loss) to average net assets ³
Class R-2:													
10/31/2024	\$ 60.38	\$ 1.76	\$ 12.12	\$ 13.88	\$ (1.75)	\$ (.07)	\$ (1.82)	\$ 72.44	23.27%	\$ 346	1.36%	1.36%	2.58%
10/31/2023	60.50	1.65	(.05)	1.60	(1.72)	—	(1.72)	60.38	2.55	317	1.37	1.37	2.59
10/31/2022	69.10	1.47	(8.32)	(6.85)	(1.75)	—	(1.75)	60.50	(10.10)	344	1.35	1.35	2.24
10/31/2021	56.53	1.56	12.33	13.89	(1.32)	—	(1.32)	69.10	24.72	419	1.36	1.36	2.35
10/31/2020	61.98	1.50	(4.73)	(3.23)	(1.62)	(.60)	(2.22)	56.53	(5.30)	379	1.38	1.38	2.53
Class R-2E:													
10/31/2024	60.07	1.95	12.06	14.01	(1.95)	(.07)	(2.02)	72.06	23.62	38	1.07	1.07	2.87
10/31/2023	60.20	1.82	(.05)	1.77	(1.90)	—	(1.90)	60.07	2.84	33	1.08	1.08	2.88
10/31/2022	68.78	1.66	(8.29)	(6.63)	(1.95)	—	(1.95)	60.20	(9.85)	37	1.06	1.06	2.53
10/31/2021	56.27	1.74	12.29	14.03	(1.52)	—	(1.52)	68.78	25.08	46	1.07	1.07	2.64
10/31/2020	61.72	1.67	(4.72)	(3.05)	(1.80)	(.60)	(2.40)	56.27	(5.03)	40	1.09	1.09	2.83
Class R-3:													
10/31/2024	60.36	2.06	12.13	14.19	(2.05)	(.07)	(2.12)	72.43	23.82	629	.91	.91	3.02
10/31/2023	60.49	1.93	(.06)	1.87	(2.00)	—	(2.00)	60.36	3.00	569	.92	.92	3.04
10/31/2022	69.09	1.77	(8.32)	(6.55)	(2.05)	—	(2.05)	60.49	(9.70)	613	.91	.91	2.68
10/31/2021	56.52	1.85	12.34	14.19	(1.62)	—	(1.62)	69.09	25.26	748	.92	.92	2.80
10/31/2020	61.98	1.77	(4.74)	(2.97)	(1.89)	(.60)	(2.49)	56.52	(4.87)	673	.93	.93	2.98
Class R-4:													
10/31/2024	60.33	2.26	12.13	14.39	(2.25)	(.07)	(2.32)	72.40	24.19	442	.62	.62	3.32
10/31/2023	60.46	2.12	(.06)	2.06	(2.19)	—	(2.19)	60.33	3.32	405	.62	.62	3.34
10/31/2022	69.07	1.96	(8.32)	(6.36)	(2.25)	—	(2.25)	60.46	(9.43)	431	.61	.61	2.98
10/31/2021	56.50	2.05	12.34	14.39	(1.82)	—	(1.82)	69.07	25.65	547	.62	.62	3.10
10/31/2020	61.97	1.95	(4.74)	(2.79)	(2.08)	(.60)	(2.68)	56.50	(4.58)	475	.62	.62	3.29
Class R-5E:													
10/31/2024	60.24	2.39	12.12	14.51	(2.39)	(.07)	(2.46)	72.29	24.44	105	.42	.42	3.51
10/31/2023	60.38	2.25	(.07)	2.18	(2.32)	—	(2.32)	60.24	3.51	83	.42	.42	3.54
10/31/2022	68.98	2.08	(8.30)	(6.22)	(2.38)	—	(2.38)	60.38	(9.24)	81	.41	.41	3.18
10/31/2021	56.43	2.18	12.32	14.50	(1.95)	—	(1.95)	68.98	25.90	78	.42	.42	3.29
10/31/2020	61.91	2.07	(4.75)	(2.68)	(2.20)	(.60)	(2.80)	56.43	(4.40)	55	.42	.42	3.51
Class R-5:													
10/31/2024	60.36	2.47	12.14	14.61	(2.46)	(.07)	(2.53)	72.44	24.55	268	.31	.31	3.62
10/31/2023	60.50	2.31	(.07)	2.24	(2.38)	—	(2.38)	60.36	3.64	235	.32	.32	3.64
10/31/2022	69.11	2.16	(8.32)	(6.16)	(2.45)	—	(2.45)	60.50	(9.16)	252	.30	.30	3.28
10/31/2021	56.53	2.25	12.34	14.59	(2.01)	—	(2.01)	69.11	26.02	309	.31	.31	3.40
10/31/2020	62.01	2.13	(4.75)	(2.62)	(2.26)	(.60)	(2.86)	56.53	(4.28)	274	.32	.32	3.59
Class R-6:													
10/31/2024	60.33	2.50	12.13	14.63	(2.49)	(.07)	(2.56)	72.40	24.60	17,565	.27	.27	3.67
10/31/2023	60.47	2.34	(.07)	2.27	(2.41)	—	(2.41)	60.33	3.67	13,841	.27	.27	3.68
10/31/2022	69.08	2.19	(8.32)	(6.13)	(2.48)	—	(2.48)	60.47	(9.11)	12,940	.26	.26	3.33
10/31/2021	56.51	2.28	12.34	14.62	(2.05)	—	(2.05)	69.08	26.07	14,277	.27	.27	3.45
10/31/2020	61.99	2.16	(4.75)	(2.59)	(2.29)	(.60)	(2.89)	56.51	(4.24)	12,651	.27	.27	3.65

Refer to the end of the table for footnotes.

Financial highlights (continued)

Portfolio turnover rate for all share classes ^{9,10}	Year ended October 31,				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions	32%	34%	27%	41%	55%
Including mortgage dollar roll transactions	56%	106%	87%	72%	118%

¹Based on average shares outstanding.

²Total returns exclude any applicable sales charges, including contingent deferred sales charges.

³This column reflects the impact, if any, of certain reimbursements from CRMC. During one of the years shown, CRMC reimbursed a portion of transfer agent services fees for Class 529-F-3 shares.

⁴Ratios do not include expenses of any Central Funds. The fund indirectly bears its proportionate share of the expenses of any Central Funds.

⁵All or a significant portion of assets in this class consisted of seed capital invested by CRMC and/or its affiliates. Fees for distribution services are not charged or accrued on these seed capital assets. If such fees were paid by the fund on seed capital assets, fund expenses would have been higher and net income and total return would have been lower.

⁶Amount less than \$1 million.

⁷Based on operations for a period that is less than a full year.

⁸Class 529-F-2 and 529-F-3 shares began investment operations on October 30, 2020.

⁹Refer to Note 5 for more information on mortgage dollar rolls.

¹⁰Rates do not include the fund's portfolio activity with respect to any Central Funds.

Refer to the notes to financial statements.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Trustees and Shareholders of Capital Income Builder

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the investment portfolio, of Capital Income Builder (the "Fund") as of October 31, 2024, the related statement of operations for the year ended October 31, 2024, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period ended October 31, 2024, including the related notes, and the financial highlights for each of the periods indicated therein (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of October 31, 2024, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period ended October 31, 2024 and the financial highlights for each of the periods indicated therein in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Fund's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Fund in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of October 31, 2024, by correspondence with the custodian, transfer agent and brokers; when replies were not received from brokers, we performed other auditing procedures. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Los Angeles, California
December 11, 2024

We have served as the auditor of one or more investment companies in The Capital Group group of investment companies since 1934.

