

Capital Group U.S. Large Growth ETF

Growth

CGGG

Q4 fact sheet

Data as of December 31, 2025, unless otherwise noted.



Key information

Objective:

The fund's investment objective is to seek capital appreciation.

Distinguishing characteristics:

Seeks to invest in large growth companies in the United States.

Figures shown are past results and are not predictive of results in future periods. Current and future results may be lower or higher than those shown. Investing for short periods makes losses more likely. Prices and returns will vary, so investors may lose money. For current ETF information and month-end results, visit capitalgroup.com.

For Capital Group ETFs, market price returns are determined using the official closing price of the fund's shares and do not represent the returns you would receive if you traded shares at other times.

Calendar-year total returns (%)

■ CGGG (NAV) ■ CGGG (Market Price) ■ Russell 1000 Growth Index

n/a								
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2021

2022

2023

2024

2025

Investment results

Data for periods ended 12/31/2025 (%)	Cumulative total returns ^{3,4}			Average annual total returns ^{3,5,6}			
	3M	YTD	1Y	3Y	5Y	10Y	Lifetime
CGGG at net asset value (NAV)	0.56	–	–	–	–	–	11.60
CGGG at market price	0.56	–	–	–	–	–	11.64
Russell 1000 Growth Index	1.12	–	–	–	–	–	14.64
Morningstar Large Growth Category Average	0.55	–	–	–	–	–	10.79

Fund's annualized 30-day SEC yield: 0.14 (as of 12/31/2025)

Investments are not FDIC-insured, nor are they deposits of or guaranteed by a bank or any other entity, so they may lose value.

Investors should carefully consider investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. This and other important information is contained in the fund prospectuses and/or summary prospectuses, which can be obtained from a financial professional and should be read carefully before investing.

Capital Group exchange-traded funds (ETFs) are actively managed and do not seek to replicate a specific index. ETF shares are bought and sold through an exchange at the then current market price, not net asset value (NAV), and are not individually redeemed from the fund. Shares may trade at a premium or discount to their NAV when traded on an exchange. Brokerage commissions will reduce returns. There can be no guarantee that an active market for ETFs will develop or be maintained, or that the ETF's listing will continue or remain unchanged.

Nondiversified funds have the ability to invest a larger percentage of assets in the securities of a smaller number of issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, poor results by a single issuer could adversely affect fund results more than if the fund invested in a larger number of issuers. See the applicable prospectus for details.

There have been periods when the results lagged the index(es) and/or average(s). The indexes are unmanaged and, therefore, have no expenses. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.

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Key facts

Inception date	06/24/2025
CUSIP	14022A201
Assets (millions)	\$62.3
Morningstar category	Large Growth

Key statistics

Issuers (#)	39
One-year turnover (%) ¹	–
Price/book	4.9
Price/earnings	20.2

Expenses (%)

Expense ratio (gross) ²	0.39
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Risk measures

3 years
Standard deviation (%)
Beta
R-squared (%)

Asset mix (%)	
U.S. equities	98.9
Cash & equivalents ⁷	1.1
Total	100.0

Portfolios are managed, so holdings will change. Certain fixed income and/or cash and equivalents holdings may be held through mutual funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates that are not offered to the public.

Totals may not reconcile due to rounding.

Investment results assume all distributions are reinvested and reflect applicable fees and expenses.

1. Portfolio turnover is as of the most recent prospectus/characteristics statement, as applicable.
2. Expense ratios are as of each fund's prospectus/characteristics statement, as applicable, available at the time of publication. The expense ratio for Capital Group U.S. Large Growth ETF is estimated.
3. When applicable, returns for less than one year are not annualized, but calculated as cumulative total returns.
4. YTD (year-to-date return): For the period from January 1 of the current year to the date shown or from inception date if first offered after January 1 of the current year.
5. ETF market price returns since inception are calculated using NAV for the period until market price became available (generally a few days after inception).
6. Index and/or average lifetime is based on the fund inception date.
7. Includes cash, short-term securities, other assets less liabilities, accruals, derivatives and forwards. It may also include investments in money market or similar funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates that are not offered to the public.
8. Figures include convertible securities. The equity breakdown by revenue reflects the portfolio's publicly traded equity holdings and excludes cash (and fixed income securities, if applicable). Underlying revenue data were compiled by MSCI and account for disparities in the way companies report their revenues across geographic segments. MSCI breaks out each company's reported revenues into country-by-country estimates. MSCI provides revenue data figures based on a proprietary, standardized model. Revenue exposure at the portfolio and index level was calculated by using FactSet, which takes these company revenue exposures and multiplies by the company's weighting in the portfolio and index. In this breakdown, Israel has been included in Europe.
9. Reflects current team at the time of publication. Years of experience in investment industry and Capital Group are as of the most recent year end.

Capital Client Group, Inc.

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Valuation Price-to-Book Ratio: Price-to-book ratio compares a stock's market value to the value of total assets less total liabilities (book value). Adjusted for stock splits. Price-to-cash-flow (P/C) ratio is the average price to cash flow ratio of the individual stocks within a fund. Price-to-earnings (P/E) ratio takes the current price of a stock divided by its earnings per share. The ratio reflects the cost of a given stock per dollar of current annual earnings and is the most common measure of a stock's expense. The higher the P/E, the more investors are paying, and therefore the more earnings growth they are expecting. **Russell 1000 Growth Index:** Russell 1000 Growth Index is a market capitalization-weighted index that represents the large-cap growth segment of the U.S. equity market and includes stocks from the Russell 1000 Index that have higher price-to-book ratios and higher expected growth values. This index is unmanaged, and its results include reinvested dividends and/or distributions but do not reflect the effect of sales charges, commissions, account fees, expenses or U.S. federal income taxes. **Yield Annualized 30-Day SEC:** The 30-day SEC yield reflects the rate at which the fund is earning income on its current portfolio of securities calculated according to the standardized SEC formula; when applicable, it reflects the maximum sales charge. If shown, a net yield reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements in effect during the period. Without waivers and/or reimbursements, the yield would be reduced. Gross yield does not adjust for any fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements in effect. **Valuation Price-to-Earnings Ratio:**

Price-to-earnings (P/E) ratio takes the current price of a stock divided by its earnings per share. The ratio reflects the cost of a given stock per dollar of current annual earnings and is the most common measure of a stock's expense. The higher the P/E, the more investors are paying, and therefore the more earnings growth they are expecting. **Morningstar Category:** In an effort to classify funds by what they own, as well as by their prospectus objectives and styles, Morningstar developed Morningstar Categories. While the prospectus objective identifies a fund's investment goals based on the wording in the fund prospectus, the Morningstar Category identifies funds based on their actual investment styles as measured by their underlying portfolio holdings (portfolio and other statistics over the past three years). **Portfolio turnover:** Portfolio turnover is the portion of a portfolio's holdings sold and replaced with new securities annually, usually expressed as a percentage of the portfolio's total assets. For example, a portfolio with a turnover of 25% holds assets for an average of about four years, while a portfolio with a turnover of 100% holds assets for one year.

Top equity holdings (%)	
NVIDIA	9.5
Microsoft	8.8
Alphabet	8.7
Broadcom	8.4
Apple	6.8
Amazon.com	5.9
Meta Platforms	4.6
Mastercard Inc	4.2
FTAI Aviation	3.5
Visa	3.2

Sector breakdown (%)	
Energy	—
Materials	—
Industrials	8.1
Consumer discretionary	16.0
Consumer staples	1.0
Health care	5.9
Financials	10.7
Information technology	42.6
Communication services	14.0
Utilities	0.6
Real estate	—

Equity portion breakdown (%) ⁸		
	By domicile	By revenue
United States	100.0	49.9
Canada	—	1.5
Europe & Middle East	—	14.2
Japan	—	2.2
Asia-Pacific ex. Japan	—	4.6
China	—	9.8
Emerging markets ex. China	—	12.3
Other	—	5.5
Total	100.0	100.0

Portfolio managers ⁹		
	Yrs with CG	Yrs of inv. industry exp
Eric Stern	34	36
Mark Casey	25	25
Peter Eliot	21	25